The Montrose Democrat.

horses and silver mounted carriages working people, I do set forth in capitals.—We hope the Farmers, Mechanics and others will think of these things, and being warned in time, to dream (not reality,) will be armed. You may not see these circulars—they will be kept out of the way of those to whom they are entrusted. But the few generous Whigs will have committed their secrets, and will recite to you enchanting tales of night with dazzling diadems, embowered with pearls and set with precious stones. When they do so and tell you what great things Johnston will do and what Bigler will not do, just place your thumb on your nose and shake your fingers at them, which they will understand to mean high wages—good times—roast beef, TWO DOLLARS A DAY. This will be understood by INSQUATULATE.

Democrats of Susquehanna!

To the Polls! To the Polls!! To the Polls!!! We are not to make an attempt to excite the people of this county needlessly. We tell the Democrats that there has not been an election for the last twenty-five years so important to you in its results as this. If you neglect now, you cannot hope to succeed for a long term of years. We cannot find an opponent such a man as Wm. Bigler in the State, and if we cannot succeed with him, with whom can we succeed? We *can* elect him if we turn out our vote. *Pennsylvania must be redeemed.*

THE DEMOCRATS TO THE POLLS!

Every man of you; see that you are not caught asleep this time. Depend upon it that your opponents will be there, in all their force.—You can spend one day in a year to look after the affairs of your Commonwealth, if you cannot then you are not fit to be trusted with the governing of yourselves. If you expect to be governed you must pay some attention. If you would have your country prospers you must see that you have the right kind of men at the helm,—men of your own choosing, and who will administer the government in accordance with your principles.

MONEY AND BRIBERY

are at work against you. We know of a Whig in this county offering *fifty dollars* towards accomplishing their work, to a man who refused it with disdain. This is the last desperate struggle with the Whigs, and every Democrat must

AROUSE HIMSELF,

go to the polls early, vote yourself and then go to work like men who have principles and mean to maintain them. Look, and if your neighbor is not there

START AFTER HIM

and bring him there with your team. You have greater and stronger horses than the Whigs, for they are used to work;—*make them extract day.* If your neighbor has not to

WORK FOR HIM

like he goes to vote. Let not one vote be lost. If be indifferent, tell him the importance of his vote, that we were defeated three years ago by two hundred votes,

AND HE MUST GO.

There is no time to be lost in inactivity.—Rally young *men!* RALLY OLD MEN! RALLY FROM EVERY VALE AND HILL SIDE EVERY WORK SHOP AND FIELD! Be on hand TUESDAY NEXT.

IF IT STORMS

take your covered carriages, and carry your neighbors, or if you havn't any carriages take the lumber wagon and your umbrellas, and if you cant do that,

GO ANY HOW!

only that you get there, for the Whigs will surely be on hand if it rains. They have got carriages. YOU MUST GO ON ACCOUNT OF THE STATE TICKET if for nothing else.—One strong pull all together and we are safe.

To Campaign Subscribers.

We invite all our campaign subscribers to continue with us still longer. We will try to make the paper useful to you, and the terms as easy as possible. Those who wish to do so, will please inform us by letter or by giving their names to the persons who acted as agents in getting the paper for them, that they may be forwarded to us before the issue of the next paper, in order that they may not miss a number. Will our friends take a little interest in this matter?

Facts for the People.

Keep it before the people, that Hon. Wm. Jessup turned his back upon General Jackson because he vetoed the United States Bank Bill, and that he has been a bank man ever since.

Keep it before the people, that he was the first mover in the Susquehanna *Bank* operation,—the first to get the concern into existence.

Keep it before the people, that after he had got the Charter he was the first man to propose a departure from the law, and admit paper payment for Stock instead of specie.

Keep it before the people, that his object in avoiding specie payment, was to introduce $10,000 Towanda money for the purpose of forming the "Surplus Stock Company," and that the Towanda money was returned to the Bank the next day, thus perpetrating a fraud upon the public and the *bona fide* Stockholders.

Keep it before the people, that he managed to bid off over $90,000 of the Stock, giving this Company notes for it, and after the Bank started CANCELLED *those notes at the Bank*, leaving the concern without capital, to perpetrate a swindle on community of over $205,000.

Keep it before the tax-payers of Pennsylvania, that he wrote a letter in 1845 to the Treasury Department at Harrisburg, *declaring that "the Bank was established on a specie basis, able to meet all its liabilities, and that the Cashier, Mr. St. John, was a man of integrity;"*—that on that recommendation the money was taken at the Treasury, *a large amount being on hand now which is wholly lost to the State.*

Keep it before the tax-payers of Susquehanna, that $300 of the same money is in the county Treasury utterly worthless.

Keep it before the people, that his object in getting on to the Supreme Bench, is *to ward off suits that are about to be commenced against the "Surplus Stock Company" for the redemption of the money.*

Keep it before the people, that he opposed the Amendment to the Constitution for the election of Judges so that he might hold his seat on the Bench *in defiance of the people's will*,—that to accomplish this he, through his

Keep these facts before the people, and let them act at the ballot-box as men who know their rights and mean to defend them against usurpation and outrage.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER.

That the public Treasury has been robbed within the last three years of more money, by Whig Galphanisms, than would pay a liberal compensation to one thousand laboring men for *two years'* services.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That the Whig German State Printer has been detected in taking $2,300 from the Treasury on a false account and compelled to make restitution.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Gov. Johnston sympathises with and sustains John Strohm, who voted to **starve** our troops in *Mexico*.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Governor Johnston is a *Native American*; that he has lent his official influence to sustain the whole phalanx of Native American Custom House officers, while, at the same time, he is *cheating* the foreigners by pretending to be friendly to some of their societies.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Gov. Johnston was in the Legislature in 1841 and voted for a law allowing BANKS *to suspend payment on their own notes*, and at the same time to *sue the people* and collect debts from them on execution.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Col. Bigler was in the Senate in 1842 and voted for the law *compelling* BANKS to pay their debts, as well as individuals, or forfeit their charters.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Col. William Bigler is a *self made man*—that he has risen by his own industry and integrity of character to stations of honor and public trust; and that he now occupies a high position as a statesman, patriot and philanthrophist.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Governor Johnston, when a candidate for Governor in 1848, was decidedly opposed to any man being elected more than ONE TERM, and this was one of his principal themes and strong points he urged in his own favor.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Gov. Johnston defends the extravagance of Ritner's administration, and declares that the State debt was not increased under it a single dollar, while the official records prove that the debts contracted during that administration reach nearly TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That William Bigler was a poor orphan boy, compelled to labor for his own livelihood and to sustain a widowed mother. He comes from the 'common' people, is of the people, and knows and appreciates their wants, and will devote his talents and energies to the greatest good for the greatest number.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Gov. Johnston is a wealthy nabob, living in splendor and magnificence, and has no feeling in common or sympathy for the laboring man and mechanic.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That the money illegally drawn from the State Treasury by Gov. Johnston for travel fees, and sixteen days' services before he was Governor, amounts to $161 50, which would pay the interest on $3,230 of the State debt for a year.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER,

That Gov. Johnston, when in the Legislature in 1841, *opposed* the law that abolished IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

MORE BROKEN BANKS.

The latest news gives the following as the names and number of Banks which have failed since our last issue:

Farmers' Bank, at Mina.
James Bank.
Bank New Rochelle.
Western Bank, White Creek.
Lumberman's Bank.
*People's Bank, Patterson, N. J.
*Commercial Bank, Perth Amboy.
*Bank of Salisbury, Md.
*Banks that failed previous to our last issue.

For the Democrat.

MACON, Georgia, Sept. 18, 1851.

Messrs. S. B. & E. B. CHASE:—At a time when articles on politics so naturally and justly engross the columns of your paper, I hardly know whether I am justified for intruding upon you with an epistle like the one I am about to produce: yet should you discover an empty space in one of your numbers, it might not be improper to insert it.

Though I may be forgotten by many of my old associates, I am nevertheless a native of *Bridgewater*, and have frequented your pleasant and flourishing little town—Montrose. I was born among you,—drew my first breath in your midst—breathed the same air that you breathed, have played marble upon your pavements,—gunned in your woods, and fished in your streams. The scenes of my childhood home with all their varied hues, are yet fresh in my memory.

I have of late, been traversing some of the southern States. I am now in Macon, Geo., together with my friend P. S. Bower, formerly of your State.

Here, at this time, politics are all the rage.—The two candidates for Governor, were, previous to the late revolution in politics, both Democrats. Mr. Cobb who has always proved himself to be so warm a friend to that party, is now supported by the Whig party, under the name of "the Constitutional Union Party." This new fangled concern is nothing more or less than that "same old coon," with a change of apparel. From what I can see and learn it would seem that the present political contest is different from any that has taken place within the memory of the present generation. Instead of party being arrayed against party, and men contending for power or principle, a few ambitious politicians of all parties and of every principle, or no principle, have arrayed themselves against the people. And the people, or at least a portion of them are something like the Tailor, who, finding himself in danger of being drowned, prayed both to the "good Lord and good Devil" for he didn't know which would get possession of him.

The people encourage all politicians for they do not know what will result from the election of any of them. While I am speaking of politics I would like to say a word to the people of the "Old Keystone."

Friends of Democracy:—If you love your principles, I would exhort you to stand by them in this hour of trial. But a few weeks intervene between this and the time you will be called upon to exercise the greatest privilege known to freemen, passionate [illegible] results of this election.

The Democrats of Pennsylvania have been "cut out" of their Governor by the party supporting the claims of Wm. F. Johnston. Shall such be the case again? Shall the same triumph over Col. Wm. Bigler, that man of virtue and worth? I hope not. You have but to go to work in the right spirit, and with unrelaxed energy, and victory will perch upon your standard of Democracy. My heart is with you, and I shall pray for your success, good night, it is getting late, I will resume to-morrow evening. I am anxious to hear from Pennsylvania, and in the morning I expect the *Democrat*. Yours, A. W. BURROWS.

The Ten hour Law.

Keep it before the people that a resolution was offered in the last Senate of Pennsylvania and supported by all the Whig members, backed by Gov. Johnston and his friends, favoring the repeal of the TEN HOUR LAW, so as to allow heartless parents and guardians the privilege of compelling poor sickly children to work MORE THAN TEN HOURS in the dirty and unhealthy factories of our cities. Think of this ye philanthropists—you who have hearts of flesh and sympathise with unfortunate women and children—you who breathe the pure air of heaven in your fields and upon the high hills reflect upon this fact, and then vote for the rights of those who the heartlessness of Whig legislators would bind in chains of slavery, and hurry to early graves for the sake of the *penny a day.*

Look upon your cheerful and healthy children and imagine if you can that you could go down to your grave happy, believing that they are to fall into the hands of a soulless guardian who would take advantage of such laws. Remember the Whig Senators voted for this change in the law.

Slander Nailed!!

The following letter fully nailed the slander in reference to Judge Woodward which was started by Gov. Johnston's organ at Harrisburg, Edited by his father and reiterated in the Register last week. The Governor also reiterated the silly falsehood in his speech here Saturday.

To the Public.

John Adams, one of Gov. Johnston's clerks, has undertaken to play the part of an eavesdropper, and has *fabricated* a conversation between the Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD and my self, which I deem proper to notice.

In his letter to the *Daily American* of yesterday, Adams says,—

"On entering Buehler's hotel, my attention was immediately attracted by a conversation in an adjoining room, which I could not, by any possibility, avoid overhearing, between Judge Woodward and Richard M'Allister, Esq., United States Slave Commissioner at this place. I heard him (Judge Woodward) say, that while *hundreds* of Democrats were going over to Gov. Johnston, he had seen but *one single Whig* who would *oppose him* on account of the agitation about slavery, and that *he* was but recently from a sister State; that something must be done to counteract this movement or else all would be lost! He said that the best thing they could do would be to get up a *Panic* and frighten the people about a dissolution of the Union! That in the present condition of things it could easily be done, &c. M'Allister said "yes, I concur with the Judge—*We must get up an alarm!! And frighten the community on this slavery question!!!*" Judge Woodward continued and said: "*I don't know that there is any cause for alarm; but it is better to raise a false alarm than that Johnston should be elected!!!*

"This is the substance of what I heard; and the sentences marked with inverted commas, are word for word, in the language of the parties."

I pronounce this statement to be an unqualified falsehood. No such conversation took place. Woodward, myself or by any one of the gentlemen present. No honorable man would attempt to detail a *private conversation*, heard under such circumstances, much less to fabricate one. No one but a miserable hirelong, anxious to serve the desperate fortunes of his master, on the eve of an election, would have been guilty of so gross and premeditated a violation of truth and common decency.

At the conversation between Judge W. and myself, the following gentlemen were present during the entire interview:—Gen. John M. Bickel, Col. A. Dimock, O. Barrett, Esq., to whom I confidently appeal for a confirmation of my denial.

RICHARD M'ALLISTER.

Harrisburg, Oct. 2, 1851.

Payment of the State Debt.

Governor Johnston's organs make a great hue and cry about his having paid off $659,122 98 of the State debt, by purchasing State stock to that amount with the revenues set apart for the sinking fund. It is true that this amount of State stocks has been purchased and cancelled, but Gov. Johnston did not do it, nor had he any hand in doing it. It was the act of Gen. Bickel, the Democratic State Treasuer, and Mr. Banks, the Democratic Auditor General. The proof of this is found in the Governor's proclamation, which certifies positively that these stocks were purchased by the commissioners of the sinking fund. He is not one of the commissioners but the Democratic officers we have named are, and Gov. Johnston certifies that *they* paid what has been paid on the State debt. Will the Whigs deny this? Just look at the proclamation and see if it is not so. Has not Gov. Johnston borrowed $400,000 at an interest of six per cent? This purchase of State stocks would have reduced the State debt precisely the amount paid; but the *loan* of $400,000, keeps the debt almost as large as it was before the sinking fund was established.—*Investigator.*

GEN. CLOVER AT HOME.—At a great Democratic mass meeting in Clarion, on Court week, the following resolution was declarations [illegible] region—the home of his childhood.

Resolved, That the selection of Seth Clover as a candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner, meets with our hearty approbation, that we have entire confidence in his honesty and fitness, and regard insinuations insulting to the citizens who have heretofore honored him with their votes for important and responsible trusts.

Reduction of the State Debt.

Nett reduction from Dec. 1844, to Dec. 1848, (under Shunk's administration,) $360,277 67

Nett reduction from Dec. 1848, to 1st Sept. 1851, (under Johnston's administration,) 358,478 54

So certifies the Auditor General over his seal of office, on the 10th Sept., 1851, after the cancellation of stocks purchased by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund; and all the sophistry of Gov. Johnston, with the aid of his brother, Secretary and clerks, cannot alter the facts or change the result.

After having printed columns of falsehoods on this subject, and exhausted all their large type and broad seals to display the Governors proclamation, the veil is torn off by the *official records of the accountant department*, and the disgraceful fact stares them in the face, that Johnston's administration with several hundred thousand dollars increase of revenue from the public works—almost a million more from other sources added to nearly a *quarter of million* INCREASED *taxation* has actually paid less of the State debt, than was paid in a corresponding period of time under Gov. Shunk.

Who was it Restored the Credit of the State.

The strong card of Gov. Johnston is the sinking fund. It is paraded all over the State on hand-bills, that Gov. Johnston has paid several hundred thousand dollars of the State debt, and that, therefore, he ought to be re-elected. If Gov. Johnston had done this by his own exertions, and in contrast with Democratic administrations, he would be entitled to much consideration from the people. But this sinking fund excitement is a MERE TRICK. The great mass are supposed by Gov. Johnston to be lazy and ignorant. The fartherest that they will do is to read a large proclamation, printed in large types, setting forth that Gov. Johnston has paid the State debt, into the truth or falsehood of which they will make no inquiry.

The history of the matter is, that the State become involved in a debt of $40,000,000 THROUGH THE RECKLESS EXPENDITURES OF GOV RITNER'S ADMINISTRATION. The treasury was plundered by a set of unprincipled Whig politicians.

In consequence of the wasteful expenditures of a Whig administration, entailed upon succeeding administrations and posterity, the State became bankrupt and unable to meet the accruing interest on the State debt. The cry of repudiation was raised, and the credit of Pennsylvania became a bye-word of reproach across the water.

It was during this disastrous state of affairs, and during Gov. Shunk's administration, that THE CREDIT OF THE STATE WAS REDEEMED; several hundred thousand dollars of the State debt was paid, and our financial affairs were placed in such a solvent condition that it was seriously in the power of a Whig administration to disarrange them.

Gov. Johnston has only carried out the policy successfully commenced under a Democratic administration.

HON JAMES CAMPBELL.—The following paragraph is from the Harrisburg *Keystone*, of April 4, 1842:

THE NEW JUDGE.—The nomination of James Campbell, Esq., by Gov. Porter, if we Judge from the expression of the public press, gives general Satisfaction in the city and County of Philadelphia.

The *Pennsylvania Inquirer*, (a leading whig paper,) says—"James Campbell, Esq., will be perceived, has been nominated to the Senate as the successor of Judge Randal, on the bench of Common Pleas. Although politically opposed to him we cheerfully accord to him the high merit of honesty and capacity and trust he will be confirmed by a liberal vote.

POSTSCRIPT

From the Bradford Reporter "Extra," Oct. 7.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS Of the 13th Judicial District

The fair prospect of unanimity in action, and harmony in feeling, amongst the Democracy of this District, is suddenly and shamelessly disturbed by a scheme, worthy in every feature, of the desperate men who have contrived it. After a full and fair canvass in the primary meetings in each county,—carried out in the regular democratic conventions of the three counties—and these conventions again represented in a meeting of conferees appointed for that purpose—the voice of the people was expressed in the *unanimous* nomination of the HON. DAVID WILMOT as a candidate of the democracy, for the office of President Judge of this district. This nomination, was hailed by the people, as proper and judicious in every respect; and from the time it was made, down almost to the present moment, public opinion seemed to have subsided [illegible] ascertained. The Whig party has made no opposing nomination. But, as in the trying days of the American Revolution, there was found an Arnold, to blacken the holy cause of human freedom, by treason the most sordid and shameless—so in the present struggle of the democracy, traitors have entered upon a nefarious plot, to defeat our candidates, and destroy the harmonious action of the party.

DAVID M. BULL and VICTOR E. PIOLLET, with one or two kindred spirits, claiming to be democrats, have openly approached the leaders of the Whig party with a proposition to sell and sacrifice the whole democratic ticket, [in Bradford county at least,] to gratify their own malignant hatred, of perhaps, a single individual. Seizing a period when they knew Mr. Elwell was absent, and likely to remain absent, until the day of election, they have had tickets printed for him, as an opposing candidate to Mr. Wilmot; although they KNOW that Mr. E. has signified in the most positive manner, and in a letter read to the Sullivan County convention, his determination not to be a candidate for the office of Judge,—yet these men have thus dared *in his absence* and *unauthorized by him*, to have tickets privately printed, which are to be circulated on the eve of the election, amongst the Whigs, and such *bogus* democrats as can be seduced to favor their plot of distraction and defeat.

We understand, also, that appropriate handbills, are in preparation, to be circulated amongst the people, perhaps pretending that Mr. Elwell has consented to be a candidate; thus exhibiting a wanton recklessness in regard to his reputation as a democrat, and his honor as a man, in their dastardly efforts to defeat David Wilmot, the chosen candidate of the people.

To name these malignants, and to expose their plan of operations, must surely be enough to cover them with renewed evidences of how thoroughly they are scorned by the democracy of this district. They have again, and again, been discarded and disgraced by the sterling and true men of our party;—until to act with them, is sure to bring upon their unfortunate associates, the doom of suspicion and contempt. Let no man, then, who regards honesty and fairness in political action—who wishes to see his principles and his party triumph—give the slightest aid to the plots of these traitors. On the contrary, let us all rally as of old, for our regularly nominated candidates. *Compromise no man: but sustain by a united vote, our* WHOLE TICKET.

From the North Branch Democrat "Extra." October 7th.

A Base and Cowardly Plot Exposed!!

We have just received information from the most reliable sources, which satisfy us beyond doubt, that a bold scheme has been concocted and matured by the Whigs of Bradford, Susquehanna and Sullivan counties, to defeat, not only Col. BIGLER, but the Democratic county ticket of these counties. The plot was conceived in this Borough, a place ever fertile with schemes of fraud on the eve of an election, to defeat the Democratic ticket.

Our information assures us that WILLIAM ELWELL Esq. is made a candidate for the President Judge of this Judicial district. That he is already announced as a candidate in each of the counties of the district; and that votes for him will be distributed in every election district. The votes are being printed at the Whig office in this borough; and that during this week handbills and extras are to issue, as if by authority of Mr. Elwell, announcing him as a candidate: all of which is wholly unwarrantable, and without authority whatever from Mr. Elwell. It is a fraud, a base fraud. Mr. Elwell has for several days been absent from this place on a visit to New York and Philadelphia, and is not expected to return until a day or two before the election. Advantage has been taken of his absence, and a scheme devised to defeat the democracy, of which he has no knowledge; the mere suggestion of which he would repel.

Mr. Elwell, publicly and privately declined being a candidate; although repeatedly urged; and on no occasion has he ever signified any determination, other than to support the whole Democratic ticket.—This attempt therefore, to make him a party to a scheme to defeat our ticket, is the most [illegible] is to be rung from county to county from town to town. The Whigs will improve the opportunity by offering the friends of Mr. Wilmot, to vote for him, if they will vote for Wm. F. Johnston, or the Whig county ticket, or both. By raising this alarm on the eve of the election, Whigs flatter themselves they can make these exchanges in their favor. It is alleged that certain disappointed Democrats are concerned in this scheme, who have promised the Whigs to vote their entire county ticket, in return for their support of Mr. Elwell. If this be the case, a more insane course towards Mr. Elwell could not be devised, or more suicidal to Colonel Bigler. Mr. Elwell cannot possibly be elected, and, therefore, the parties to the plot, whigs and Democrats, have but one intention, and this the defeat either of Col. Bigler, or of our county ticket.—The defeat of more or less of our whole ticket is intended by this conspiracy. The Whigs are not parties in a transaction of this kind, unless they are to be benefitted.

We caution the Democracy against this attempt to perpetrate a fraud on them—as palpable a fraud as ever was detected. Mr. Elwell is not a candidate; his name is being used without his consent or knowledge; nor would he accept of an office at the expense of betraying and defeating the Democracy. We urgently appeal to every Democrat to stand by the WHOLE TICKET. It has been settled and agreed upon with unanimity. What other schemes may be devised between this and the election we know not. Our opponents are desperate, and will hesitate at no means, fair or foul, to defeat us. Repel as fabrications every effort to prejudice you against any of our ticket. Rally to its support one and all—rally for the ticket the WHOLE ticket.

Mr. Elwell's Letter.

The following letter from Mr. ELWELL to Michael Meylert, Esq., announcing his purpose not to be a candidate for Judge, was read before the Sullivan County Convention.

Honorable, upright men! what think you, after reading this letter, of the effort to make use of Mr. Elwell's name as a candidate for Judge? Is a man bound in conscience and honor, by his deliberate acts, and solemn declarations?

One of the strongest evidences of Mr. Wilmot's high integrity of character, one of the principal reasons for his hold upon the confidence and affections of the people, is to be found in the inflexible firmness with which he has upon all occasions stood by his word, and public declarations. When did he ever lay down a line of conduct for himself, and depart from it? His defamers and malignant persecutors know his integrity in this respect, and if they were not incapable of manly feeling, would honor him for it. How was it last fall, when these same men hung upon his tracks; and when, to ward off their malice and falsehood, he declared his willingness to decline, if a proper and suitable candidate was presented for the support of the Democratic party! Notwithstanding the sore disappointment of his friends, and the determination expressed by many of them still to vote for him, he stood with manly firmness upon his word. His integrity he preserved unsullied, and preferred the temporary denunciation of many of his friends, rather than forfeit his word, or leave room for suspicion upon his honor. How does his conduct contrast with the effort now making to thrust Mr. Elwell into the field, after his solemn and public letter of declination? Who is the man of faith, of integrity and honor? Upon whom can the people rely? Read the folowing letter, fellow-citizens, and then judge, justly and impartially:—*Bradford Reporter:*

September 5, 1851.

DEAR SIR:—Since you left on yesterday morning, I made up my mind not to be a candidate for Judge. I send this message, in order that you may act understandingly in your County Convention and in arranging your county ticket. I will fully explain at sight.—Please give my thanks to my friends in that county, and tell them not to condemn me for the step now taken. I believe they are genuine democrats, and will appreciate the motive that has induced my action. I hope to see them face to face on the 23d September, at your court, when I hope to satisfy them I have acted rightly.

Mr. Wilmot will now be elected Judge, without opposition, and I have no doubt we shall be treated fairly.

Yours Truly, WM. ELWELL.

Michael Meylert, Esq.

Conference.

There will be a Conference of the North Branch Association of Universalists, in the township of Durell, near Standing Stone, Oct. 22 and 23.

There will be service Tuesday evening at the school house in Standing Stone.

Friends from a distance will call on Br. Jonathan Stevens in Durell and on Asa Stevens, Standing Stone. All are invited to attend.

A Card.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

AT THE URGENT SOLICITATION of a large number of friends, I hereby offer myself as a CANDIDATE for the office of

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

to be supported at the *ensuing General Election* And, in doing so, I embrace the opportunity to saying, that, if elected, I pledge myself to the faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of said office. JOHN BOYLE,

New Milford, Aug. 20, 1851.

A Card.

To the Voters of Susquehanna County.

IN view of the fact that there are no Whig nominations for County Offices in the present Canvass, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for

REPRESENTATIVE

in the Legislature of this Commonwealth. In making this announcement it may be proper to state that I AM A WHIG in principle, but that my humble efforts, if elected, shall always be directed towards the interests of my constituents, whose servant I shall hold myself to be, and it shall be my pride as it will be my duty, at all times to represent faithfully those whom I shall have the honor to serve. HORACE SMITH.

Jessup, Sept. 2, 1851.

TREASURER,

at the ensuing election, and pledge myself if elected to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

C. M. SIMMONS.

A CARD.

To the Voters of Susquehanna County.

AT THE SOLICITATION of many friends, I offer myself as an Independent Candidate for the office of

REGISTER & RECORDER,

at the ensuing election, and pledging myself if elected, to discharge the duties of the office, faithfully and to the best of my ability. THOMAS NICHOLSON.

A Card.

TO THE VOTERS OF SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

AT THE SOLICITATION of many friends, I offer myself as a CANDIDATE for the office of

SHERIFF

at the *ensuing Election*, and respectfully solicit your suffrages, pledging myself if elected, to discharge the duties of the office, to the best of my abilities. G. P. ELDRED.

Montrose, Aug. 29 1851.

A Card.

To the Electors of Susquehanna County.

IN compliance with the wishes of many friends I offer myself as a candidate, for the office of

PROTHONOTARY,

at the ensuing election, and pledge myself if elected to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity. WILLIAM C. TIFFANY.

Hurford, Sept. 8th, 1851.

Married:

In Dimock on the 28th ult., by Rev. A. O. Warren, Mr. CHAS. J. LATHROP, and Miss LURA E. LATHROP.

New Advertisements.

Valuable Farm for Sale

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, situated in Brooklyn town-ship, Susquehanna County, near the *Lackawanna* and *Western Railroad*, containing 90 acres of land, with 45 acres under improvement, well watered with springs. Said farm has good buildings thereon, and three large orchards; and altogether is a very desirable location for any one wishing to purchase a good farm.

TERMS.—$500 down, and the balance in yearly payments with annual interest. Also for sale at

AUCTION.

On Saturday the 29th day of November next, the following property, to wit: 4 yearling steers, 3 calves, plows, harrows, and a general assortment of farming utensils, grain, household furniture, &c., &c.

TERMS—All sums over $5, 6 months credit will be given: over $20, 1 year's credit with good security.

Brooklyn Oct. 8, 1851—41w3 PETER HERKIMER.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration of the estate of James Clark, dec'd, late of the township of Great Bend, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all indebted to the estate to call and settle the same without delay, and all persons having demands against the estate will please present them duly attested for settlement. DAVID THOMAS, Adm'r.

Great Bend, Oct. 4, 1851—41*

The Latest News By Express.

THE subscribers would inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just returned from New York with a large and extensive stock of GOODS, embracing every article in the

BOOT & SHOE LINE

that is called for in this market; and having made arrangements with the manufactures to forward additional supplies, whenever wanted, and at such prices as will enable us to sell much lower than ever before sold in Montrose. Being practical shoemakers, our opinion is that we know the wants of the people better than those who are in other business. We would therefore deem it only necessary to say, instead of giving a list of work and prices, that

Competion is defied,
Inspection solicited,
And satisfaction guaranted!

IMPORTANT TO SHOEMAKERS.

We keep also on hand hemlock tanned sole leather; French and American Calf Skins, Morocco Linings, Bindings, Shoe-nails, Pegs, Sand-stones, Shoe-knives, Peg-floats, Hammers, Pincers, Rasps, Tacks, Kit and French Shoe Tools of every description, Boot Crimps, Wax, Shoe-thread, Bootwebb, Heel-ball, Blacking, &c.

Shoemakers are respectfully solicited to examine our stock before purchasing, as our tools and findings are all selected by one who understands the business. Store directly opposite Searle Heirs. Don't forget the place.

A. MERRIMAN.
G. W. PATRICK.

The subscriber would also thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage he has received for the last four years, hopping that he may still merit a share of their patronage, as he intends to keep his Eating Saloon and Grocery as heretofore.

Sept. 18, '51—tf A. MERIMAN.

PUBLIC VENDUE.

THE following property will be sold at public vendue at the house of the late Jasper Loomis, dec'd, in the township of Auburn, Susq'a. co., on Saturday, Nov. 1st, 1851, to commence at ten o'clock, A. M.: 1 span of 6 years old mares, 1 span of matched yearling Colts; 2 double wagons, 1 two horse harness, 1 one horse harness, 1 saddle and bridle, 1 sleigh, a full set of Farming utensils, 5 yearlings, 6 calves, a quantity of sheep, 1 cow, 65 tons of hay, 250 bushels of corn, 25 bushels of beans, 10 bushels of Timothy seed; 200 bushels of oats.

TERMS.—A credit will be given, with good security and interest, as follows: For all sums more than $5 and not more than $50, 3 months time. All sums more than $50 and not more than $100, 6 months, and all sums more than $100, 9 months. NEWTON LANE.

ALSO, at the same and place, and upon the same terms the following property belonging to the estate of the late Jasper Loomis, deceased, to wit: 1 cow, 1 one horse wagon, 1 horse rake, 1 cooking stove, 1 straw cutter, 1 one horse harness, 1 bureau, 1 secretary, 1 settee, 2 beds, two bedsteads, one table, 4 chairs, 1 stand, 1 clock, one looking glass, and a quantity of Cherry lumber.

SARAH TUTTLE, Executrix.

Auburn, Sept 30, 1851—40w3.

Pamphlet Laws.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Pamphlet Laws of the Session of 1851, are this day received; and are ready for distribution to those entitled to receive them.

F. M. WILLIAMS, Proth'y.

Proth's office, Montrose, Sept 22, 1851

Adjourned Court.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Adjourned Court of Common Pleas of Susquehanna County, will be held in the Court House, at Montrose, on Monday, the 13th day of October next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

F. M. WILLIAMS, Proth'y.

Proth'ys office, Montrose, Oct. 1, 1851—40w2

ESTRAYED.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 19th of August last, a two years old steer, of a dark red color with the tip of the tail white. The owner can have the same by calling upon the subscriber, proving property, and paying charges. AMOS BURDICK.

Dimock, Sept. 30, 1851—40w3*

LOST!!

AT the Funeral of Mr. Shafer's daughter, a "muffered" red Box Coat. Any person having possession of this coat will confer a favor by returning it to

W. W. SMITH.

Montrose, Oct. 1, 1851—40w2.

SPRINGVILLE ACADEMY.

THE Fall term of this Institution will commence on Monday the 22d day of September, last, under the care of

Rev. A. H. Sloat, A. M.

The year will comprise four Academic terms of twelve weeks each.

PRICES OF TUITION.

The Primary Department, embracing Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geography, and Gram mar, $4 50. The higher branches of the English Department, $5 00. Musical Department, [illegible] French and Drawing, each, [illegible]

Those who wish to prepare for College, Teaching, or the active duties of life, will have full every necessary help.

CARPETING, matts and matting [illegible]