THE DEMOCRAT.

Thursday, December 27, 1849.

The Last Number.

This is the last number of the "Democrat" that will be issued in 1849, and the last also, of the sixth volume. We embrace this opportunity to return briefly, our thanks for the very generous patronage that has been heretofore extended to us, and cordially solicit its continuance. Our seventh volume will commence next week, and it shall be our constant aim to make it an acceptable journal both to the party, of which it is an organ, and to the public.

Trusting, therefore, that all our present patrons will cheerfully travel with us through the coming year, and that many of them will exert themselves to induce others to join them, we here cut short our remarks upon this topic by wishing them, one and all, a HAPPY NEW YEAR.

CROWDED OUT —"The Message" has crowded out several articles designed for this day's paper, and among them is the second Bank *expose* of Mr Case, which was published in the last *Register*. and is in type, together with an Editorial article upon the same subject, showing that the Bank has *for years* been doing an illegitimate, not to say fraudulent, business, and that, too, with the express *knowledge, sanction,* and *approval* of its PATRONS AND DIRECTORS! And yet these men come before the people and beg to be exonerated from all blame or censure in connection with the late failure, and get editions, stop their papers and advertising patronage, if an editor, in the fearless discharge of his duties to the public, dares even hint that they have done wrong!

The Message.

This document, the first annual message of the "Second Washington," was received by us yesterday morning, and is now laid before our readers in its "full length and proportions" As a State paper it is exceedingly tame, and will illy bear criticism. On the leading question of the day—or what seems to be so considered, at least —the slavery question, while *attempting* to be non-committal, the foxy General is most manifestly shown his hand The free soilers, and in fact all who hold to the sentiments of the North, are "whistled off" with perfect and unmistable coolness.

—But the lateness of its reception compels us to forbear further criticisms and comments this week.

A Speaker at Last!

After sixty-two unsuccessful ballotings, occupying just three weeks, the House of Representatives at Washington succeeded on Saturday last in electing a Speaker—Howell Cobb, of Georgia, the original Democratic nominee—by a plurality vote. At the exercises of the two great parties on the night previous it was agreed that, if, after three ballots were held the next day, no candidate should have a majority of all the votes, then on the succeeding ballot the one having the highest number of votes should be elected Speaker. This proposition was agreed to by a majority of the House, and accordingly on the fourth ballot, on the next day, Mr Cobb had 112 votes, while Mr. Winthrop, the next highest candidate, had but 100. Mr Cobb was then declared elected and was duly installed into the Chair.

On Monday, two branches of Congress having "got organized," the President sent in his Message, with accompanying Documents, which was read and ordered to be printed, since which we have no accounts of any business being done. The House having adjourned over Christmas.

The remaining offices of the House had not been elected at last advices

But we have no room for further particulars of Congressional doings this week, except what may be found on our first page

THE U. S. SENATE —In the Senate but very little business has yet been done The Committees have been formed, all of which were elected soon after the southern mould One distinguishing feature, which caused a good deal of a struggle in the Democratic caucus, is the overslaughing of Mr. Benton, as chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations. Wm R King, of Ala. has been substituted in his place, to greatly Calhoun and Atchison & Co., and Benton is placed third on the Committee.

A proposition to admit "Father Mathew," (who was at the time in the Senate Hall,) within the bar, caused a protracted controversy, in which the slavery question was dragged in on Thursday Several flaming speeches were made against it by the Calhounites, on the ground, chiefly, that Father Mathew had some time or another expressed himself inimical to the "peculiar institution." Messrs. Case, Clay, Houston and others, sustained the proposition, and it was finally adopted—ayes 33, nos 14.

On Monday Mr Bradbury, Democrat, of Maine, offered a resolution requiring the President to lay before the Senate all charges which had been preferred or filed in any of the Departments against individuals who had been removed from office since the 5th of March last, with a specification, if any, in which the officers had had opportunity to be heard, and a statement of the number of removals made by each Department. It was laid over under the rule.

Later from California.

The Empire City arrived at New York on Monday with half a month's later news from California. She brought 235 passengers, and a half a million in gold dust, besides what belonged to passengers.

The news from the mines is pretty much the same as per last steamer, only a trifle more discouraging. Fears are entertained of famine in the interior of California. The rainy season had set in, and it was feared that the communication between those in the mines and the river towns, where supplies could always be had, would be cut off, in consequence of the state of the roads and passes.

This would also apply to the emigrants across the mountains. Provisions had risen very high in San Francisco.

There was a good deal of sickness, dysentery and fevers, in San Francisco and the interior towns and settlements.

The overland trains which left the U. S. last spring and summer, across the mountains, had all arrived safe in California. They were subjected to many privations and hardships, but met their fate with heroic fortitude.

An Election in San Francisco was held November 13—3166 votes were polled. Returns from the country were incomplete, but the California papers say that Burnett is probably elected Governor, and John McDougal, Lieut. Governor—Redman M. Price and George W Wright probably chosen for Congress

The Alta Californian of the 15th says:

"The Regular Democratic Ticket for State Senators and Assemblymen is elected by a large majority, and it is therefore certain that Mr. King will get no support from the District of San Francisco. Under these circumstances, we regard it as certain, that he will not be returned to the United States Senate."

In Sacramento City the same (Democratic) ticket has also succeeded, which shows California to be "all right."

MEETING THE PRESS —*One* Mercantile firm in this Village (our readers can easily guess what one) has discontinued its newspaper and advertising patronage with this office on account of our course in relation to the Bank exposure O, shocking! What will become of the "Immutate Organ," if "The Family" frowns upon it thus! But seriously we are not surprised at this step, on the contrary we anticipated it. It was hardly to be expected that by advocating the cause of the *people* against the Bank gentry and speculators of this place, we should fail to incur the displeasure and vengeance of the latter "A wounded lord always flutters," is an old and true saying But we "counted the cost," and resolved to brook all their ire, and their puny attempts to "muzzle the press" by discontinuing their patronage; nor shall we now back out even though the whole Town should follow the example of the firm alluded to. We are sure we "are right," and we shall "go ahead"

Correspondence of the Democrat.

MR HUNTER, ON, SIR—A week honorary having appeared in Jessup not in our honorable judge I propose to take cognizance of the same for the benefit of inter alias But in doing so I am well aware that the hazard is apparently as great, as was that of the stripling of Israel when he met the "defied son of Anak" I have no telescope I have a good pair of specticles, and with them, and the knowledge I have of practical astronomy and philosophy, I think I can calculate and record some of his august dimensions, that he may hereafter be known by the generations that shall succeed us, as he wheels his erratic course in his eccentric orbit, among the constellations What magnitude to assign, I am really at a loss his luminous powers being so great, and the first magnitude being already filled, and in the presence, too, of whose transcendent blaze, all the constellations disappear He is, however, not of the celestial, but terrestrial kind; and, if we may judge of his matchless eloquence and delation, the profundity of his erudition, and the unchangeable fund of his legal lore, Socrates, Plato, Demosthenes, Cicero, Lycurgus, Solon, Scipio, Tullis, and the seven wise masters to boot, are completely outshone, and most standingly and perpetually eclipsed by our modern Eccalapius in Horace, as it does appear from the immutable production of his "rusty pen," as has been evinced in a recent "Democrat"

From the second view, however, of his transcendent scroll, I am reminded of the young *scoolfolo* school master, who passed through his examination so slick as to teach nowhere In fact I see but a single loop on which to hang, and but a single point for inspiration He says I, although of the committee, have no right to advise, admonish, counsel, direct, or tender in any way, with the teacher of my children, if I understand him — He tells us I ought to address with the law, and inconsistent with what is monstrous with shell Does not the law say that I, as committee, shall visit the school once in every six? Why, pray? and for what? if not to advise or counsel? Well, for one thing, it not to advise or counsel, I might in the school room—to look into the management of the teacher and give counsel and instruction in the art of teaching And yet to be the law requires it and gratory act, so much as the teacher and my children, for the time being, are taken from my hands and placed beyond my control, by the appointing and contracting power, to be judged with the directory, as has been shown What shall the legislature do in it will—and in a set of agents to turn a grievance opinion may more than appoint and contract with a youthful Homer of six teen to teach my children, and say what books shall be used, how much read, what studies pursued, whether Greek, Latin, Chemistry, Botany, Logic, Law or Divinity, Politics or Pettifoggery; and that I shall furnish book feed and lodge the numerous ignoramus, and then drop into myself and be a cipher—have no right to say or do any thing more! Monstrous absurdity in a free state. Our fathers fought and bled in opposition to taxation without representation And I dreamed not of the advocate of that abominable British principle, that I, as a peaceable citizen of our county; may be less by Epicurus or Horace Wherefore? pay my money, whether exerted from me, or voluntarily paid, *I have a right.* But our paragon of science and management says, nay! He thus may do with the interest of the Russias, but it will not do in a republic He had better compile and connect hence if with Nicholas; and who may, for aught I know, grant him a pension and patent for his new-fangled notions of theory and practice. I cannot and shall not sit in silence and look approbation upon public robbery. I shall on such occasions trample indignantly upon all those forms and systems under which usurpation and oppression entrench themselves, nor will I fail to drag the thief before the bar of public sentiment, when he commits a trespass on my rights whenever may commit the villainy, or partake of the plunder

That stock of levity, army and setire which is natural to me, and which I would fain keep under, has, I confess, gotten a little the start of me, having been unexpectedly excited. Several anecdotes which are put in point, naturally rush upon my recollection: a few of which I will now insert, for the pastime of my incognito friend "one of the board," alias, Escalapus.

A young Irish sportsman, desiring to obtain a tree-peck, shot *both* eyes and fired at it That he had killed he was certain. He went to the spot, where, after peering among the grass some time, he saw poor croaker. Dragging him from his domicil, he exclaimed in ecstacy:—"I knowed you was pretty before I shot all the feathers off you." On a certain time a stallworth bully, with a beetle jist and brawny arm on which he counted not a little, (having gotten rather tight,) with all his force struck at his assailant, at the same time staggering back against a fence which kindly prevented a fall. Righting himself up, he said to the by-standers, "did you see what h—ll of a lick I give him" But the fact was, his own fist and arm had well nigh capsized himself, without reaching his foe. We have all heard of the greenhorn who, having been monstrously kicked by his own gun, declared, if he ever used it again, he would load and fire it "t'other way.—Having discharged his loaded noddle, it is proposed that he "a school director," load herself with more appropriate ammunition, or load and fire "t'other" way, that he may not sustain injury from the recoil of his own phoderous fuel.

He would fain have others believe, as he imagines, that I am "supernatural." Ha—ha—ha— Well, my limbs do not resist my will: my mind grapples the surly mathematics with as firm a grasp, and solves their intricacies with all the ease it ever did; and my head still wears its auburn locks, without the tinge of the hoar frost upon my ear locks, either from that beverage which is decocted in the d—l—s—t—n kettle, or from the use of tea, coffee or chocolate, as of either I use none, and have not in thirty years. The annual solicitations of my neighbors to resume my old avocation, saves me the trouble of refuting the addle headed conjecture of one who scarcely knows me. Of one thing, however, I am well satisfied, viz that there are men who stand in offices' way and count consequence among men of note, from the bearing of an unwieldsome and thankless office, by which to prop up a tottering reputation; and thus appear like mummychogs and wigglers in the wake of a sturgeon.

May my *friend* "a school director" receive the with the same good humor with which it has been indited, and take no umbrage where none is designed to be given, by one whose only wish is to do the public a benefit S A. NEWTON.

PROFESSOR WEBSTER —Hon. Franklin Dexter has ceased his visits upon Professor Webster It is rumored that the Hon. Rufus Choate will be employed as senior counsel. Mrs Webster, with three of her daughters, visited her husband a few days since, for the first and only time since his imprisonment The scene was a most interesting and affecting one Yesterday, Judge Fay, of Cambridge, visited the Professor, and was for some time under lock and key in private consultation with him The Professor, has been making arrangements to have the series of lectures continued at the College, which he commenced before the unhappy circumstances occurred which resulted in his imprisonment His cell is on the floor with the other prisoners who are committed for offences of a similar character. He is lively and free to chat, and seems very much interested in the perusal of books devoted to the science of which he is Professor Many individuals have been admitted to see him and converse with him in private as well as public —*Boston Times*, Dec 20

The Boston papers state that the trial will not take place earlier than May next — We conceive this to be a judicious decision for by that time the excitement will have cooled, and the question of guilt or innocence can be much better discussed and determined

DR PARKMAN — Rev. Thomas Whittemore, in the *Trumpet* of last week, says: "Dr Dr Parkman we can speak with freedom We have known him intimately for a long time He was a very rich man but what stranger would have supposed, to have seen his humble demeanor, his rapid pedestrian motions, and his accustomed habit of doing duties for which some who cannot even pay their debts would employ a servant He was careful and rigid in the management of his property, but not mean Where a man dealt honorably by him, he was a very accommodating creditor — He was kind to the needy, but be fulfilled, as far as possible, the divine injunction, 'Let not your left hand know what your right hand doeth' We have heard repeated confessions from persons whom he has assisted; but never a word from himself on that topic We saw him on the day of his disappearance, making his way towards the Medical College. It was probably the last time he walked down Cambridge street — He gave us his accustomed salutation He was frequently at the 'Trumpet' office, and up among the printers, leaving some matter for our columns There was the case on the very day of the murder, and probably not one hour [illegible] who translated for our columns the sermon preached by M Coquerell in Paris, the Sabbath after the execution which drove Louis Philippe from his throne He was not a sectarian We never asked him his particular opinions in regard to specified points of theology. He worshipped with the Unitarians His grandfather was a clergyman in Westboro', Mass His father a princely merchant, stood in high estimation among the Congregational clergymen of Massachusetts, to whom his house was always open. In all his dinner parties he had a proportion of clergymen."

Disastrous Fire.

About one o'clock P. M on Saturday, a fire broke out in the upper story of Woodcock's great sugar refinery,—situated between Montgomery and Clinton street, and fronting on the East river,—which, despite the efforts of the fire police, destroyed property to the value of about half a million of dollars. Within ten minutes the two upper stories of the building which is nine stories high, and contained valuable machinery, sugar moulds, &c, as I in the refining processes, were all destroyed, with several thousand boxes of raw sugar, including a cargo of 1200 boxes received only the day before.

The immense quantity of sugar in the warehouse at the time—estimated at $250,000 worth—caused the flames to burn with such irresistible power, that although the hose was placed at each story, and a heavy shower of rain was falling at the time, it was with the utmost difficulty the adjacent dwelling houses, and the Tobacco Inspection establishment were rescued from destruction. Several frame dwellings were considerably injured. Two small houses, Nos 577 and 580 Water street, and the office of Mr. Duryea's Mahogany Yard, sustained much damage. About half past two o'clock a large portion of the walls of the building fell in with a terrible crash, which tended to check the progress of the flames. The immense heat and gases which were exuded from the burning mass, nearly proved fatal to some of the intrepid firemen in their hazardous attempts to intercept the progress of the conflagration. The amount of insurance on the premises is said to be small.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a stone used in the drying room of the eighth story. Upwards of 400 workmen have been thrown out of employment by this calamity.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

The Insane Asylum at Harrisburg is progressing rapidly. The Keystone says of it: The work upon this immense structure has been expedited with an energy almost unprecedented. In April the corner stone was laid, and on the first of this month the roof was nearly completed. This is rapid progress upon a building presenting a front of five hundred feet, averaging about four stories high. A few pleasant days will serve to complete the wing towers and the dome upon the centre. The design of the building presents a combined variety, which gives to the whole a most imposing effect. It will be, when finished, a gem in architecture.

Constitution of California.

The Baltimore Sun, sums up the beauties of the new California Constitution, as follows:

"It embraces the best features of that of the State of New York, and is creditable to the territory. Besides the absolute exclusion of slavery, it provides that all officers, judicial and executive, are to be elected by the people; the principle of Home Exemption is established, to be hereafter carried out by the Legislature; the property of married women is secured to them independent of their husbands. — Duelling unfits a man not only to hold office, but even to vote. The Legislature is subject to very stringent limitations against the contraction of public debts, as it is not to go over $300,000, except in case of invasion, and all issuing of paper money, as has been before stated, by corporations and individuals, is forbidden In regard to the right of suffrage though restricted to white male citizens of the United States and Mexico, it can be given to Indians or the descendants of Indians in certain specified cases, by a vote of two thirds of the Legislature. Provision is made for establishing a free school system, and there is no imprisonment for debt No lottery is to be authorized, nor the sale of lottery tickets allowed"

OREGON — MR. THURSTON." — Being present in the session of Congress, we were a witness of the sensation produced, and a sharer of the singular emotions excited, when the clerk, in calling the roll of members, by States and Territories, uttered the words "Oregon—Mr Thurston," (the name of the delegate) and the answer was promptly given, "Here!" Yes,—Oregon had indeed come! That far off region, which scarcely a dozen years ago, seemed almost like an appendage of another planet, answered "Here," by its representative, in the Capitol at Washington!

It was as the mighty Atlantic calling in a thundering tone to the equally mighty Pacific, "I greet you to-day," and the latter, responding in the roar of its surges, "I reciprocate your greeting" Thought could but be busy with the past, as well as with the present and the future. It ranged rapidly from the Rock of Plymouth to the Falls of Willamette—from December 1620 to December 1849, and coming down to the assemblage in the Hall as to a focal point, it there found tangible and living evidences that the Young Giant of the West already stands with a foot on either ocean! —*Wilmington (N C) Chronicle.*

RELIEF TO FATHER MATHEW.—The St. Augustine temperance beneficial society of Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening last, presented Father Mathew with a sum of $300, the voluntary subscription of the members, which was acknowledged in a warm and eloquent letter in which he says:

"My embarrassments were contracted in the temperance cause, especially by my efforts to lighten the pecuniary burdens of the several temperance societies throughout Ireland, during the recent afflicting periods of distress; and it will prove consoling to our countrymen, in that dear native land, to learn that you, in whose veins flow the richest and purest blood of Ireland, have not repudiated the claim, but with true Irish generosity have nobly contributed to liquidate it."

[illegible] wing gages are preparing to the public for coming financial embarrassment. It is now stated that there will be a heavy deficit in the revenue for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1850, and June 30, 1851. Not content with this, they have undertaken to throw the odium of the deficiency over their shoulders onto the last administration We have no heart to trample upon the fallen. The present administration is flattened out so straight, that it is a work of supererogation to hammer at it any more. It can never get up again — *Democratic Union.*

AN AFFLICTED FAMILY.—The wife of Professor Webster, of Boston, who now occupies so much uncovitable space in the public eye, is a niece of Mr. Prescott, the celebrated historian. It is stated that, on the morning of Webster's arrest, his daughters had issued invitations for a large party to take place during the present week.— They were not at home at the time of arrest, and were not informed of it until the next morning.

HARRISBURG COTTON MILL.—This massive pile, was commenced in June, and into the walls of which have been laid about one million brick, is now enclosed under a permanent slate roof, glazed, and in readiness for the inside finishers, who will have everything prepared for machinery by the opening of navigation.

The Miraculous River.—A California letter in the New York Tribune, says that rumors from the South state that the river which miraculously opened in the Great Desert, is again disappearing. It was this which fortunately revived, and perhaps saved many of the overland emigrants.

Married.

In Jackson, on the 20th inst, by Wm. T. Chase, Esq., Mr WILLIAM RICE of Gibson, to Miss EMELINE PERRY of Jackson.

In Bath, Dec. 16th, by the Rev H H. Gray, Mr. JOHN CORNELTON, to Miss ANNA HEWES.

Fancy Dying.

GENTLEMEN and Ladies having garments of any description that are faded, or that they wish to have colored, are informed that their wishes can be gratified by leaving them at the quarters of the subscriber, in the basement room under Baldwin's Saddler's Shop

Montrose, Dec. 25, 1849 1 MASON TENANEY

Proclamation!

I HAVE resolved to sell Goods hereafter principally for ready pay. For cash down, I can and will sell cheaper than they can be afforded at credit houses. I will then have no losses from bad debts to make up, and no time and money lost in keeping books and collecting debts to lose, or to make provision for in the price of the Goods.

In doing a credit business all those losses must be made up by the cash of those who do PAY. Therefore, those who have cash to pay will save a portion of it by calling at Turrell's. Those now indebted must cash up immediately.

Montrose, Jan 1, 1850. ABEL TURRELL.

Elopement.—WHEREAS, my wife Emma has left my house without just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.

Franklin Dec. 24, 1849 HENRY WEBSTER.

Register's Notice

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the Estate of George Little, dec'd. (Chas. Avery, Adm'r.) that the accountant has settled his account in the Register's Office, in and for the county of Susquehanna, and that the same will be presented to the Judges of the Orphan's Court, at Montrose on Monday the 21st day of January next, for confirmation and allowance.

Register's Office, Montrose, December 20th, 1849 C. L. BROWN, Reg'r

Sale Adjourned.

THE sale of the Farm, &c , advertised in this paper, by the undersigned for the past four weeks, is adjourned to Wednesday, January 23, 1850 F. J. CLEMONS.

Cash For Poultry & Eggs.

THE undersigned will pay cash for any amount of Poultry and Eggs that may be delivered to them before the first of April next. For Eggs they will pay 12½ cts per dozen, and for poultry, the market price.

Montrose, Dec , 19, 1849. A. E. HAWLEY & Co

NEW CABINET SHOP!

THE undersigned having opened a shop a few rods south of this Village, on the Wilkesbarre Turnpike, (opposite the residence of Henry Drinker,) is prepared to execute all kinds of CABINET WORK in the best style, and on the shortest notice. Most kinds of Furniture constantly on hand A liberal share of public patronage is solicited

Montrose, Dec 12, 1849 ROBT A SMITH.

VALUABLE PROPERTY For Sale or Rent.

THE undersigned, desirous of relinquishing care in old age, offers for sale a large, new and commodious Dwelling House, attached to which is a good Stage-house, a Barn, and other out-buildings—all new—together with from 2 to 3 acres of land, situated at Dimock's Corners, Susquehanna county, Pa., on the Milk-shake Turnpike 8 miles south of the flourishing village of Montrose, and 20 miles from the Erie R R To a man wishing to engage in Mercantile business—no place in the counties of county can be for greater inducements An indisputable title will be given Terms moderate. Hint sold before the 1st of April it will be rented

For further particulars address G. Hempstead, Montrose or the undersigned South Middletown, Orange county, N Y.

Dec 10 1849 S A THOMPSON

GREAT BARGAINS!

Valuable Village Lots for Sale.

THE New York & Erie Railroad Company having determined to dispose of a portion of their property in the Village of Susquehanna county, Pa. will offer at Public Sale, a splendid lot of No 1 and 2 Buffalo Robes, just rec'd and will be sold at not low prices by H BURRITT

New Milford, Nov 1 1849

NEW FALL GOODS

JUST received and for sale cheap Call and examine and judge for yourselves H J WEBB

Nov 1, 1849

READY MADE CLOTHING!

JUST received and on hand a new supply of Broadcloth Pilot Cloth and Beaver Cloth, Black and Fancy Cassimeres Fancy cloth and satinett do, Satin, fancy silk, and Velvet Vests Also a large and well assorted Cassimere Coats, Shirts Bosoms and Collars, &c

Hats and Caps.

A general assortment of fur, silk, Brush and Wool Hats Also—Cloth and Glazed Caps—

Books—Writing, Wall and Curtain Paper just received Cheap and Letter Paper by the ream Also, School Books by the dozen or single

An assortment of Note paper, Note and Letter Envelopes, Ink, Ink stands, Pens, Pencils, Pen Holders &c Also, a large assortment of shell and Buffalo Back Combs Hair pins and Brushes Writing Fluid, Blacking, Blacking Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Cologne, Lavender Water, Perfumery, Soap, Razors, Razor Straps, Knives and Forks, Spectacles, Gold Pens, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Thimbles, Tooth Picks, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Fancy Boxes, Dolls, Toys, Tin Ware, Plated Spoons, Butter Knives, Sugar Tongs, Pocket Books, Wallets, Purses, Gold Pens, Gold Pencils, Gold Lockets, Gold Rings, Ear Rings, Breast Pins, Gold Chains, Cords and Keys of all sorts

JEWELRY —Ladies's and Gentlemen's Gold Roman Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, gold and silver Pencils and Pen Cases, Studs, Slides, gold Beads, etc, etc, too numerous to mention.

SILVER WARE —Silver Table, Tea and Desert Spoons, sugar Shovels and Tongs, salt Spoons, Butter Knives, Thimbles, etc. Also—Silver plated and German silver Spoons, Britannia ware etc.

SPECTACLES —Ladies and Gentlemen's silver framed Spectacles, silver plated, German silver, steel, etc., and Camo long and short

STEEL GOODS —Steel Beads, bag and purse Clasps Rings, Tassels Slides, etc

YANKEE NOTIONS —A great variety of small but useful and fancy Articles too tedious to mention, such as Combs of every kind, tuck and nail Brushes, sun spectacles and tweezers, Fobs, pocket Mirrors, youth's Toilet sets, Jewelboxes, Pocket Books, Pins, Needles, Sewing Tools, Chemical Pumps to Raincoatings, Keys, etc

PISTOLS, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder flasks, Gunmounts, gun Caps, Pills and Hints, Safety Fuse, etc

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS —Violins and Accordeons, (the best assortment ever introduced into the county,) at wholesale and retail; also Violin Bows, Strings Bridges, Pegs, Tail Pieces, Rosin; Base viol stringsand Bows, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionets, Reeds, Tuning Forks, Instruction Books for the Violin, Accordeon, Flute Clarionett, Piccolo, etc

THE NNES—Aliminal Suspenders and shoulder Braces in great variety, and most approved patterns.

MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS —All the varieties usually called for by Physicians.

LIQUORS —Choice Liquors for medicinal purposes, such as Brandy Rum, Gin, Wines, etc, (a variety of each.) Alcohol, Whiskey, etc, etc

PERFUMERY —Extracts, Cologne, Rose Water, scented Bags smelling Salts, Toilet Articles, Fancy Soaps, (Sa Murray, Bear's oil) Tricopherous Hair Tonic, Hair Dye, etc.

STATIONERY —Foolscap and Letter Paper, Quills, Black Sand, Ink Envelopes, Wafers, and Stamps, Sealing Wax and Wafers, Tissue Paper, Pen Holders, Pocket and Table Ink Stands, Business and Friendship Cards, Pencils, Slates, Water Colors &c &c.

KNIVES, Razors, Whips, Candle Wick, Twine, Blue Thread, Bellows, Spool Stands, Whale Bone, Fan Sticks, Tongs, Candlesticks, Lamps, Oil Stands, Sponge, Primer Polish for scouring, Rotten Stone and Bath Brick for sale. Blue & Lead, Patent Falls, Tube, Checkers Pins, Half Bank, etc. Are before, Crochies, Candy, Hemlock Gum, Window Sash Oil Cloth, Carpeting, Sand Paper, Buckets, Tin-ware, Ploughs, &c. &c

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c., a complete assortment in this department.

In short a whole newspaper might be filled in the vain attempt to enumerate the one half of the articles kept for sale at TURRELL'S This is the right place to buy goods, and to buy them cheap The best kind of DRUGS are kept here, and from the variety and quality of them, great bargains are offered Physicians in want of their drugs or medicines will do well to call and examine the quality and prices of goods.

Montrose, Dec. 1849. ABEL TURRELL

NEW GOODS.

J. LYONS

HE now opening a handsome assortment of

DRY GOODS

Crockery & Hardware,

GROCERIES, DYE-STUFFS,

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Paper Hangings, Lamp Oil &c.

which he offers to his friends & the public at his usual low prices.

WANTED 300 yds. flannel, Butter, Cheese, Lard, &c.

BUFFALO Robes—a superb article.

J & J

Auditor's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Orphan's Court to be an Auditor, to the settlement of the accounts of Dennis Dunn and John F. Dunn, Executors of the Estate of Zebulon Dunn, deceased, would hereby give notice that he will attend to the duties of the said appointment at his office in Montrose on Wednesday the second day of January A. D 1850, at 1 o'clock P M

A CHAMBERLIN, Auditor

Nov 29, 1849

NEW GOODS.

WE are now receiving a large and fashionable assortment of Fall and Winter

GOODS,

Embracing almost every article called for, which we are anxious to dispose of for cash or most kinds of farm produce.

MILLS & KNAPP

Boots & Shoes—Mens, and boys, Boots & Shoes, of all description.

M. & K.

Dress Goods—DELAINES, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Merinos Ginghams, & a great variety of other descriptions of dress goods

M & K.

NEW GOODS.

ABEL TURRELL,

IS now receiving his Fall and Winter supply of GOODS, (embracing nearly every thing wanted in this market) which will be sold *extremely* LOW for CASH or ready pay. My assortment may be classed in part as follows:

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Stove-ware, Glass-ware, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, Trusses, Medical Instruments, Liquors, Perfumery, Mixture, Stationery, Brushes, Yankee Notions, &c. &c.

Thankful for the liberal patronage and substantial encouragement he has received, I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

A few of the articles kept for sale are named below

GROCERIES —A good variety of Sugars, fine flavored Teas, good and cheap Molasses, Allspice, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Saleratus, Rice, Rice Mackerel, Codfish, Zante Currants, Raisins, Arrow Root, Mace, Mustard, Nutmegs, Cloves, ground Mustard, (also Mustard Seed) Extract of Lemon Cream, soda Crackers, Starch, Sago and Cocoanut Soap Candles, all sorts of Tobacco and Snuff, Vinegar, etc.

DRY GOODS —Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Cordurroy, Moleskin, Sheep's Gray Kentucky Jeans, Flannels, Silk, Thread, Twist, Buttons etc. and every thing necessary to make up garments Calicoes, Ginghams, Muslin de Laines, Alpacas, Plaids, Brogans, Coatings across Check, Bed Tick, Drillings, Satin and Lead Diaper, sheeting, Shirting Brown and bleached, tea penders, Umbrellas, silk Cravats, Pocket Hdk's, Comforters, Shawls, Gloves, Mittens, Hosiery, Cotton Yarn, Batting, Wadding, colored Cambric Cloth Fringe, Gimp, Edging, Purse Twist, and all sorts of Notions

HARDWARE —Nails, Door and Window-blind Fastenings, Hutts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Faucets, Files, Rasps, Screw Plates, Coffee Mills, Cut and Card Tacks, Cotton Nippers, Clothes and Hat Pins, Knives, Balls for Guns and Rifles, Powder Flasks, Percussion Caps, Patent Balances, Tinpans, Hooks, Tacks Shoe Nails, Cork Screws, Tinned Bells, etc, too numerous to mention

CUTLERY.—Pocket knives, Table Knives and Forks, Bread and Shoe Knives, Razors, Hunting Knives, Augers, Gimlets, common Axes, Shovels and Spades

PAINT —Pure White Lead ground in Oil and dry Red Lead Venetian Red Spanish Brown, Lamp Black, Yellow Ochre, Paris Green, Chrome Green, Imperial Green, Chrome Yellow, ground Vermilion, Prussian Blue, Vermilion, Chrome Yellow, Terra de Sienna, Umber, Black Drop, Pale Yellow, Rose Pink, Black Smalt, Cremnitz, Red Sandders, Sugar of Lead, Litharge, etc.

OIL —Linseed Oil, a variety of Lamp Oils, Lard Oil, Olive Oil, Tanner's Oil, Castor Oil, and all the Essential Oils.

VARNISH —Furniture, Coach, Leather and Mastich Varnish, etc

PT TURPENTINE, Camphene, Rosin, Spanish Whiting, Putty, Glue, Gum Shellac, Copal Gum, Emery, Red and White Chalk, Black Bricks, Pumice tone, at cole, Burgundy Pitch, etc

BRUSHES —Paint Varnish, Counter, Clothes, Hair flesh, cough, nail, stipling, graining, marking, artist, sash, tool, horse white-wash, scrub and shoe Brushes, etc

DYE STUFFS —Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Nic-wood, Dyer Ne, Cumwood, Fustic, Copperas, Alumn, Blue Vitriol, Sumatra, Cochineal, Muriate of Tin, Red Tartar, Bitartrate of Logwood, etc

ACIDS —Nitric, Sulphuric, Muriatic, &c.

Patent Medicines of every description, at wholesale and retail, A variety of spice Jars, and Tincture Bottles, Glass Syringes, Funnels, Stoppers, Nursing Bottles, Tumers, Tumblers, Lamps Umbrella sticks, Preserve Dishes, Pail covers, Lamp Chimneys, Tea Kettles, Sauce Pans, Tea Pots, Tea Boxes, Carboys, Mirrors and Mirror Plates, Bordeaux, Window Glass, etc

STONE WARE —Jugs of all sizes, Butter Pots, Cream Pots, Preserve Jars, Pitchers, Stone Tubes, Spittoons, &c

CLOCKS & WATCHES of nearly every description, good and cheap. Clock Faces, Verges and Keys Watch guard Chains, Cords and Keys of all sorts

SILVER SPOONS —Table, Tea and Desert Spoons, sugar Shovels and Tongs, salt Spoons, Butter Knives, Thimbles, etc. Also—Silver plated and German silver Spoons, Britannia ware etc.

SPECTACLES —Ladies and Gentlemen's silver framed Spectacles, silver plated, German silver, steel, etc., and Camo long and short

STEEL GOODS —Steel Beads, bag and purse Clasps Rings, Tassels Slides, etc

YANKEE NOTIONS —A great variety of small but useful and fancy Articles too tedious to mention, such as Combs of every kind, tuck and nail Brushes, sun spectacles and tweezers, Fobs, pocket Mirrors, youth's Toilet sets, Jewelboxes, Pocket Books, Pins, Needles, Sewing Tools, Chemical Pumps to Raincoatings, Keys, etc

PISTOLS, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder flasks, Gunmounts, gun Caps, Pills and Hints, Safety Fuse, etc

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS —Violins and Accordeons, (the best assortment ever introduced into the county,) at wholesale and retail; also Violin Bows, Strings Bridges, Pegs, Tail Pieces, Rosin; Base viol stringsand Bows, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionets, Reeds, Tuning Forks, Instruction Books for the Violin, Accordeon, Flute Clarionett, Piccolo, etc

THE NNES—Aliminal Suspenders and shoulder Braces in great variety, and most approved patterns.

MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS —All the varieties usually called for by Physicians.

LIQUORS —Choice Liquors for medicinal purposes, such as Brandy Rum, Gin, Wines, etc, (a variety of each.) Alcohol, Whiskey, etc, etc

PERFUMERY —Extracts, Cologne, Rose Water, scented Bags smelling Salts, Toilet Articles, Fancy Soaps, (Sa Murray, Bear's oil) Tricopherous Hair Tonic, Hair Dye, etc.

STATIONERY —Foolscap and Letter Paper, Quills, Black Sand, Ink Envelopes, Wafers, and Stamps, Sealing Wax and Wafers, Tissue Paper, Pen Holders, Pocket and Table Ink Stands, Business and Friendship Cards, Pencils, Slates, Water Colors &c &c.

KNIVES, Razors, Whips, Candle Wick, Twine, Blue Thread, Bellows, Spool Stands, Whale Bone, Fan Sticks, Tongs, Candlesticks, Lamps, Oil Stands, Sponge, Primer Polish for scouring, Rotten Stone and Bath Brick for sale. Blue & Lead, Patent Falls, Tube, Checkers Pins, Half Bank, etc. Are before, Crochies, Candy, Hemlock Gum, Window Sash Oil Cloth, Carpeting, Sand Paper, Buckets, Tin-ware, Ploughs, &c. &c

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c., a complete assortment in this department.

In short a whole newspaper might be filled in the vain attempt to enumerate the one half of the articles kept for sale at TURRELL'S This is the right place to buy goods, and to buy them cheap The best kind of DRUGS are kept here, and from the variety and quality of them, great bargains are offered Physicians in want of their drugs or medicines will do well to call and examine the quality and prices of goods.

Montrose, Dec. 1849. ABEL TURRELL

NEW GOODS.

J. LYONS

HE now opening a handsome assortment of

DRY GOODS

Crockery & Hardware,

GROCERIES, DYE-STUFFS,

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Paper Hangings, Lamp Oil &c.

which he offers to his friends & the public at his usual low prices.

WANTED 300 yds. flannel, Butter, Cheese, Lard, &c.

BUFFALO Robes—a superb article.

J & J

Joiners' Tools—

A GOOD assortment including Moulding Planes, solid Box Wood Planes, &c. &c.

T BURROWS & CO.

Cloths and Cassimeres.

WE have a large stock of good quality, that has been purchased at extremely low prices, and cannot fail to please purchasers as to prices both quality and style.

T BURROWS & CO

Gibson, Nov 20, 1849

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscribers have just returned from the City with a fresh supply of Goods for the Winter trade which added to their former stock makes their assortment as complete as can be found in any establishment in the County. Thankful for the liberal patronage they enjoy to receive a share of the same, we respect fully solicit a continuance of the same, assuring their customers and the public generally, that we still adhere to our old motto— *Not to be sold!!*

BENTLEY & READ.

Montrose, Dec. 1 1849

BROADCLOTHS, Kerseymeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys, Merinoes, Alpacas, Lustres, Cashmeres, De Laines, Gingham, Prints, Long Shawls, Hosiery, Bonnet Satins and Ribbons, a great variety of other articles of Domestic Goods,