

Late From California.

Arrival of the Empire City.

The steamship Empire City, from Charles, via Kingston, arrived at New York on Thursday, with advices from California to the 2d of August.

The intelligence is of much interest, apart from the mere business of gold gathering, to which the accounts do not vary essentially from those hitherto received.

The following summaries and extracts will inform our readers of all that they will care to know.

The Empire City left Charles on the 1st of September, and Jamaica on the 5th. She brings \$603,153, in gold dust.

Among the passengers in the Empire City are many emigrants who return in bad health, with constitutions much impaired.

The steamer Oregon, to sail from Panama on the 28th of August, had about 250 passengers engaged.

On her way to Panama, the California passed the steamer Panama; she had gone into Mazatlan on her way to San Francisco, with 300 passengers—all well.

The California, in her passage, lost nine passengers, mostly cabin, by fever. Among them were Mr. Ira Payne, late of Brooklyn, Miller, and a Mr. Emmons, brother of Lieut. Emmons, of the Warren.

The Mormon Mining Association have nearly completed their works. Shares of the Company are now selling at \$50,000 each. Very rich deposits of gold have been found in the North Fork of the American River, at a place known as Smith's Bar. The digging has been attended with great good fortune.

There is a story told of a Baltimorean, who recently arrived in this country, having taken upwards of \$6000 in gold dust, in one week, from one spot, and this unaided, with the help of men calling themselves Americans. The report is generally credited.

Of three individuals thus exiled, whom we have seen, one is an old resident of California, and a naturalized citizen of the U. States. Another is a native Peruvian and naturalized citizen of the United States, who, to our knowledge, perished his life away in this country, fighting under the American flag, and who was severely beaten by the enemy because he refused to bear arms against us.

We have learned of one that hostility has been commenced against those only who speak the Spanish language and who cannot speak English, and not only are the English, French, Dutch, Indians, Portuguese, &c., reported to have been molested, but we are informed that they actually composed a part of the expelling force.

SAN FRANCISCO OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, July 18—Prepared for the Alta California by J. R. & M. —American men per lb. \$12 1/2; Calf, flour in 100 lb. bags, 50c; pickled bread per lb. 10 1/2; Oregon men basted, 60c; Provision— Pork, old prime, \$1 1/2; Salt pork, mts. \$1 1/2; 16c; pickled meat, \$1 1/2; Bacon, 16c; ham, 16c; Cider, 16c; Butter, 16c; Soap, 13c; Lard, 16c; Brown sugar, 9d; Coffee, 5d; Sassafras oil, per gallon, 30c; 3d; lassos, per gallon, 20c; Tea, packed by tea bags, 7d; Tobacco, 16c; Salt, 16c; Dried fish, 16c; Stale bacon, 16c; Tea, 16c; Dried fish, 16c.

At Sacramento city the mercury ranged about midday at the sweltering point of 145° in the shade.

Provisions are plenty in the mines, and our informant states, without doubt correctly, that good may be obtained in Sacramento City at San Francisco prices.

Business in the former place is brisk, and improvements are rapidly going forward.

Town property, which there is no longer a demand for \$1000, now readily commands from \$100 to \$1500.

There had been no arrivals from Philadelphia or San Francisco, since last report.

The average passage of vessels from Atlantic ports to San Francisco is 188 days.

The Alta California of Aug. 2, "for the steamer," is mainly filled with an account of an attack, by an armed party of Americans, on the 16th of July, upon the Chilian and other foreigners in San Francisco, with the consequent proceedings of the citizens.

On Tuesday, July 17, a grand jury was organized for the occasion, and soon brought in an indictment against the prisoners, charging them with conspiracy, riot, and assault with intent to kill.

Finally, Samuel Roberts was found guilty on all the charges except that of conspiracy. John Gurley, David Gale, John E. Baker, William Mickle, Augustus S. St. John, James H. Harrison, and Geo. Batchelder, were found guilty on some of the charges; and John Powers, Gus. Childs, and Cyrus Leathery were acquitted.

Sentences.—S. Roberts and T. R. Saunders, ten years in penitentiary at hard labor.

John Conley, fine of \$1000 and one year penitentiary.

David Gale, fine of \$500 and six months penitentiary.

Wm. Mickle, fine of \$250 and \$2500 bond.

In the month of July arrived at San Francisco 304 persons, of whom about 3000 were Americans.

Parties of the overland immigrants were coming in at Sacramento and other northern outposts.

From the Alta California.

PIONEER COMPANIES ARRIVED.—The advance companies of the Rocky Mountain Emigration are entering the country by the northern route. A few members of the first party are in this place. A letter from the Sacramento city dated July 24, contains the following intelligence:

"Emigrants from Missouri, over the mountains, are arriving daily. The first party of packers have been here five or six days, and reports four wagons in Pleasant Valley, about 100 miles above and five or six thousand wagons on the way and not far behind."

LAURENCE PIRSON OR GOLD.—We were shown last week, at the store of Messrs. Gross, Hobson & Co., the largest specimen of gold we have yet seen. It is an irregular-shaped boulder, composed of gold and quartz, and measures 8 inches in length by an average thickness of 23 inches, and varies in width from 6 inches to 8 inches. About three-fourths of its bulk is quartz, which we should think constitutes one quarter of its weight.

The weight of the piece is 14 lbs. and 62 ounces Troy, which, at \$16 the ounce, would give \$2,540 as its intrinsic value were it all gold. Deducting one quarter for the stone

it contains, and its value is \$2,130. The specimen has been purchased of Don Francisco Leon, of Mazatlan, for \$8,560, and it is supposed to be intended for the cabinet of Queen Victoria.

From the Alta California, July 19.—THE END OF REVOLUTION.—A few weeks since we felt called upon to vindicate, in our columns, the cause taken by the citizens of San Francisco, in creating a Legislative Assembly, and attempting to establish a form of government for the general welfare of this district. We then narrated its rise and progress; we now have to record its downfall. By the fat of the people—those who made it—it has died. The resignations which we published last week, and those which we now give, settle the question beyond doubt.

DISSOLUTION.—The new Baptist church on Washington street will be dedicated to the service of God on Sunday next.

PLACER INTELLIGENCE.—We have a few days later intelligence from the American River gold washings, from Yuba and the Feather rivers. The news is unimportant. Many of the deposits of the Rio Americano have been fully exhausted; but new discoveries every day occur, and since the floods have abated, the researchers have in many instances proved flattening success.

From the Placer Times, July 90.

A movement has taken place in the Gold region, which from its probable results calls not only for the intervention of the civil and military authorities, but seems to require an earnest expression of the feelings from all those citizens of the United States who have a regard to the honor of their country and who are resolved to maintain it.

We allude to the terrible explosion of certain foreigners and naturalized citizens of the United States from the placers of the Middle Park and neighborhood of the American River, and who are evidently Americans. The report is generally credited.

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SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Europa.

The steamship Europa arrived at Halifax about 8 o'clock on the 10th inst., with 130 passengers. The unsatisfactory news from Hungary is confirmed. We subjoin all the news of interest.

Hungarian Affairs.

The latest intelligence within our reach from Hungary is embraced in advices from Vienna of the 26th inst.

The news from that quarter continues vague and unsatisfactory, and as full of contradictions as ever.

BONAPARTES IN LUCK.—A Mr. M. T. Mc Clellan writes to his friends at his old residence, Independence, Miss., that he and his family expect to leave the Mines in the Spring, with a clear capital of \$10,000. Some others, who went there poor, he says, have left, to his knowledge, with \$10,000 and more, to buy land throughout the section of country to which he refers.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER NEW WORLD has resumed her station on the day line between New York and Albany. This magnificent boat performs the trip in eight hours, making some dozen landings. Her trials up to date are as follows:—

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