DEATH OF THE OLD YEAR.

BY ALFRED TENNYSON.

Full knee-deep lies the winter snow,
And the winter winds are wearily sighing;
Toll ye the church-bell sad and slow,
And tread softly and speak low,
For the old year lies a-dying.
Old year you must not die;
You came to us so readily,
You lived with us so steadily,
Old Year, you shall not die.

He lieth still: he doth not move:
He will not see the dawn of day.
He hath no other life above,
He gave me a friend, and a true, true love,
And the New Year will take 'em away.
Old year, you must not go;
So long as you have been with us,
Such joy as you have seen with us,
Old Year, you shall not go.

He frothed his bumpers to the brim;
A jollier year we shall not see;
But, though his eyes are waxing dim,
And though his foes speak ill of him,
He was a friend to me.
Old year, you shall not die;
We did so laugh and cry with you,
I've half a mind to die with you,
Old Year, if you must die.

He was full of joke and jest,
But all his merry quips are o'er;
To see him die, across the waste,
His son and heir doth ride post-haste,
But he'll be dead before.
Every one for his own.
The night is starry and cold, my friend,
And the New Year, blithe and bold, my friend,
Comes up to take his own.

How hard he breathes! over the snow
I heard just now the crowing cock.
The shadows flicker to and fro;
The cricket chirps: the light burns low:
'Tis wearily twelve o'clock.
Shake hands before you die.
Old year, we'll dearly rue for you:
What is it we can do for you?
Speak out before you die.

His face is growing sharp and thin.
Alack! our friend is gone.
Close up his eyes: tie up his chin:
Step from the corpse, and let him in
That standeth there alone,
And waiteth at the door.
There's a new foot on the floor, my friend,
And a new face at the door, my friend,
A new face at the door.

What Chicago is Thankful For.

The following Thanksgiving of the *Chicago Press and Tribune* is catholic and comprehensive:

"What we should be thankful for.—For life and liberty here and the hope of Heaven hereafter; for the existence of the Republican party, by which that liberty is assured, and the path heavenward left perfectly free to all men, subject only to the laws of existence and renewed vitality of free principles, which ever must precede the highest development of christianity; for our Republican victories in all the North, and especially for our popular majority in Illinois, and for the prospect of a Republican triumph in the nation in 1860; for the judgment of the Almighty upon the perversity and wickedness of James Buchanan; for the small crop of the year, and for the promise of more in the year to come; for the chastening rod which has taught the vanity of riches; for the necessity which has impelled men to seek bread by labor and gain by economy; for the success of our public and private schools, and the more powerful influence of our churches; for abundant food and cheap fuel; for our Protestant emigrants and for moderate rents and the low price of beefsteaks; for the rapid improvement of our city sidewalks and the crooked walks of our citizens; for our Republican Common Council; for a Republican Mayor; for such water as we get; for sewerage by-and-by; for the Nicholson pavement; for more gas lamps on unfrequented streets; for the moderation of our dearly beloved brethren of the Irish persuasion since last Thanksgiving day; for the new position of † John, Archbishop of New York, that Protestantism has robbed 'the church' of its paupers; for the hope of their restoration; for the abdication of O'Regan and the Chirique schism; for the material prosperity of Chicago released from Irish rule; for the leniency of creditors and the promptness of debtors; for a large circulation and a good run of advertisers; for such prices as wheat will bring; for such a market as it can command; for the prospect that corn will rule high, and that corner lots will feel its influence; for the success of the sorghum experiment and the hope of more sugar; for the partial repentance of Douglas, and our anti-Lecompton majority in the next Congress; for the probable alteration of the Tariff, and for home made iron and less imported brass; for the labor of Mr. Hudley, the friend of the poor and fatherless, and for the Divine impulses which impel man to give to the charity that he directs; for that 'one touch of Nature which makes us all akin;' for philanthropic and human effort everywhere; for the invention of *Lager* as a substitute for whiskey, and for the prospect that the world will sometime grow wise enough to discard both; for such a currency as our banks will give us, and for such stray pieces of gold as we can get; for the decline in the rapacity of shavers and the want of borrowers; for any rate of interest less than two per cent a month, with bullion for collateral; for the steam plow, and the prospective disenthralment of all mankind; for the sewing machine and the Paraguay expedition, which will further demonstrate the imbecility of our venerable Chief Magistrate; for the subsidence of the potato rot, and for the improvement in the virtue of Congressmen; for the treaty with Japan and the discovery of gold on the Platte; for the decline in the vanity of the female sex; for the fashion which makes calico admissible where necessity demands that it should be worn; for the less scandal in sewing societies and 'scandal bees;' for the Old Dominion Coffee-pot and the preservation of the sausage making art; for the mud, snow, and rain which give life to the rubber and umbrella trade; for Pro-Slavery doctrines in the pulpit and for the opposition truths to which they lead; for every grief and sorrow, for every death and disaster whereby the littleness and meanness of human ambition are demonstrated; for every ennobling Christian thought and impulse whereby man's relationship to God is established; for every act of humanity and justice in which His Love and His Mercy are acknowledged; for every charitable deed with which Heaven is pleased; for this world as it is with all its woes and wisdom, its crimes, casualties, curses, charity, and Christianity—the good with the bad—let us be truly, devotedly, and unfeignedly thankful; content with the assurance that in Divine Mercy all things are ordained for the best.

Card Playing.—"To dribble away life," says Walter Scott, "in exchanging bits of painted pasteboard round a green table, for the paltry concern of a few shillings, can only be excused in folly or superannuation. It is like riding on a rocking horse, where your utmost exertion never carries you a foot forward; it is a kind of mental tread mill, where you are perpetually climbing, but never rise an inch."

Children.—The real object of education is to give children resources that will endure as long as life endures; habits that time will annihilate, not destroy; occupations that will render sickness tolerable, solitude pleasant, age venerable, life more dignified and useful, and death less terrible.—*Rev. Sidney Smith.*

From the Genesee Farmer.

Improving Permanent Grass Lands.

Having had some experience in the improvement of permanent grass lands, I will state my method of proceeding.

I have had no experience with any other than meadow lands, and these being too moist to plow, have been allowed to remain as permanent meadow. I have been particular in stating the nature of the soil, for the reason that the same management might not answer on different soils. Land intended for permanent meadow, should first have all stones, sticks, and other obstructions, removed from the surface, in order to render it perfectly smooth; and if the field is knolly, it should be leveled. It requires much labor to prepare a piece of permanent meadow, but it pays well in the end, in the convenience of getting over it, and saving of labor in harvesting the crop, and better appearance of the field.

When a permanent meadow begins to fail, and the crop is light, and the field must be renovated, the best way is to give it a good dressing of wood ashes, leached or unleached. If the unleached are used, it will require considerable less than if leached are used. I have tried lime and plaster, but not with so good an effect as when ashes were used. Ashes have a good effect for several years, tho' I have found that after the third application the benefit in a measure ceases, and the crop is not materially increased. The application of ashes must be changed for some other means of improvement, or perhaps the field will be rendered unprofitable. My way has been to draw from fifteen to twenty-five loads of stable manure per acre, spread it evenly upon the surface, harrow it well, and then sow a peck of grass and ten pounds of clover seed to each acre, and harrow again well.—After harrowing, pick up all sticks, stones, or whatever may be brought to the surface, thus leaving it smooth and clean. After this treatment there will be a fine crop of grass, and the crop will continue good for many years. In the course of the first three years after spreading the manure, a top dressing of plaster will increase the crop.

With the above management, permanent meadow lands can be improved from year to year; but of all other means, the spreading of manure upon the surface and harrowing well, with the sowing of grass seed with each application of manure, is the best. Ashes, plaster, &c., tend to increase the action of the manure, besides their own individual action.

I have never received much benefit from the application of ashes or plaster upon poor soils; but when applied upon lands recently manured, the effect has been wonderful. In fact, the two seem intended to go together, as they each develop the force of the other, and render the application of both more profitable than that of either separate.

E. P. R.

Corn Stalks—Cutting, Curing, and Feeding.

"On the best method of cutting, curing, and preserving, and the most economical way of feeding corn stalks."

My plan is to cut twenty-four hills to the shock. I use a stay post with two arms, made from a light piece of wood, two and a half inches square, four feet long, with a pointed socket on the end. I bore two inch holes crosswise through it, near the top, put a couple of good rods two and a half feet long through the standard, making four arms. Set the post in the ground, cut the corn, and set an equal number of hills in each square. Bind the tops, withdraw the arms, reach in the hand, turn the post a little, and lift it out from the shock. By this operation I have no hills of green corn to hinder the curing process; no hills to cut off when husking and drawing in. Stocks set up in this manner stand firmer than any other way I ever tried. I usually cut up corn the last of September and the first of October, husking as soon as dry enough, in the field, putting four shocks into one, until finished: I draw in on a damp day, and instead of packing or laying down in the mow, I stand them up, as closely packed as possible, butts down, and never have a mouldy corn stalk. I cut them for feeding, cutting a whole day at a time, sprinkling them occasionally with weak brine.—When feeding milch cows, I put on a little bran, or mix in a few turnips or carrots. I have no waste, no long stalks in my manure, and my stock do full as well as on hay, especially my cows. They give milk of better quality than when running out on late frosted feed, or fed on dry hay. Some say cut stalks make their cattles' mouths sore. I never feed cut stalks in hard, frozen weather, but only when it is warm and moderate; and never had cattle troubled with sore mouth. I also feed them moist, and change to hay when cold, or cattle seem tired of them. I never confine cattle to one kind of feed more than five or six days at one time, if possible to change.

DAYTON SIGLER.

—*Genesee Farmer.*

Clover.—Where clover can be mown more than once in a season, each time that it is cut the roots penetrate to a greater depth in the sod and subsoil, in search of food; it is therefore evident that this plant does not receive all its support from the active surface soil, but a portion of it from a greater depth in the subsoil than most of the ordinary farm crops. Besides this, I have been led to believe from experience and observation, that the roots of clover not only obtain a portion of their food from a greater depth in the earth than is penetrated by the plough, but that those roots in thus penetrating the subsoil in search of food, actually bring up something which in their decay strengthens and enriches the soil for future crops.—*Gent.*

Onion Experience Wanted.—We will pay ten dollars cash for the best plain, practical directions on raising onions, written by an experienced onion grower. The article not to exceed ten or twelve pages of foolscap paper, and to embrace the various items—from the selection of seed to the marketing of the crop—all written out so *plainly* as to be useful to those who have little or no experience in the cultivation of this crop. Practical directions and hints are more important than finished style. We can attend to the latter item. A selection from the essays offered will be made on Feb. 1st, and the article published in the March *Agriculturist.*—Editor *American Agriculturist*, New York.

Treatment of Frosted Feet.—To cure the intolerable itching that follows frost-bitten toes, it is necessary to totally exclude the air from the affected part. If it is not accompanied with swelling, gum-shellach, dissolved in alcohol, applied so as to form a complete coat, is the easiest remedy that I know of. It dries soon, and does not adhere to the stockings, and generally last until they are well. If the flesh becomes swollen and painful, plasters of good sticking salve are of great service, but if highly inflamed, any mild poultice that will exclude the oxygen of the air from the diseased part, and keep it moist, allowing the recuperative powers of nature to do the rest. Burns and scalds may be treated successfully in the same manner. So says a correspondent of the *Country Gentleman.*

☞ To prevent turnips sprouting in warm cellars in Winter, cut off all the fibrous roots and a portion of the tap root. The tops sho'd also be cut close. This will not prevent them from heating and decaying, if placed in large piles.

B.

1858. J. DICKERMAN, Jr. 1858.

HARDWARE AND STOVE EMPORIUM IN FULL BLAST!

THE UNDERSIGNED would take this opportunity to inform his friends and customers that he has recently made large additions to his former extensive stock of

Hardware, Stoves, Stove Pipe, Stove Trimmings, Zinc, &c.,

and that he is prepared to supply the wants of the community in that line at unusually low prices. He flatters himself that his facilities for manufacturing his own Wares, Stoves, &c., give him a decided advantage over any who purchase and transport at a heavy expense their entire stock.

He would say to those who wish to purchase STOVES of any description, STOVE PIPE, or TRIMMINGS, of any kind, and pay for them, he is prepared to give them great bargains; but to those who want to purchase on a year's credit and then let it run two years more, he had rather they would call on some one else, even if they have to pay seventy-five per cent more than an article is worth. In the line o

Shelf Hardware,

his assortment is the largest and best selected in Susquehanna County; purchased as his stock has been mostly of manufacturers, he is enabled to offer inducements to those country merchants who buy small bills, rarely to be found this side of the big city. We can offer special inducements to Carpenters and Joiners who are in want either of Tools or Building Materials. Blacksmiths can find ANVILS, VICES, BELLOWS, and, in fact, almost any thing in their line, by calling on us, *Cheap for Cash!*

Our stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Hats and Caps, Yankee Notions, &c.

is as large as the times will admit of. They were purchased at a low figure, and will be sold at prices to correspond with the times.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

We have just opened about one-and-a-half cords ready made clothing. Every body says they are cheap. Some say they are *very* cheap, and a number have ventured to say they are *dog* cheap. Certain it is that a small pile of money will buy a large pile of clothing.

We would add, in this connection, for the information of all concerned and the "rest of mankind," that we are tired and sick of the credit system; we have suffered enough by it already, and are determined to rid ourselves of the whole "critter." Believing that the nimble sixpence is the true system, we are resolved to adopt it and are offering our goods at prices to correspond.

Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

J. DICKERMAN, Jr.

New Milford, Nov. 17, 1858.

Cash for Pork!

THE highest market price paid for PORK in the Hog.

J. DICKERMAN, Jr.

New Milford, Nov. 17, 1858.

ABEL TURRELL

HAS just returned from New-York, with a large and choice variety of

GOODS,

which he offers to his customers and the public, at low prices, for Cash. His stock comprises;

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
PAINTS,
OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
DYE STUFFS,
CROCKERY, GROCERIES,
MIRRORS, GLASS WARE,
CLOCKS,
WALL PAPER,
WINDOW PAPER,
WINDOW OIL SHADES,
FANCY GOODS,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
JEWELRY,
PERFUMERY,
DRY GOODS,
WOODEN WARE, HARD WARE,
BROOMS, STONE WARE,
BRUSHES,
JAPANNED WARE,
BIRD CAGES,
WHIPS, CANARY SEED,
UMBRELLAS, POCKET KNIVES,
GUNS,
PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,
TURPENTINE,
CAMPHENE,
BURNING FLUID,
ALCOHOL,
LIQUORS,
(For Medicinal Purposes, only.)
TRUSSES,
SUPPORTERS,
SHOULDER BRACES,
PORT MONIAES,
SPECTACLES,
SILVER & PLATED SPOONS, FORKS, &c.,
GOLD PENS,
STATIONERY,
VIOLIN STRINGS, BOWS, &c.,

And all of the most popular

PATENT MEDICINES.

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto received, he hopes to merit a continuance and large increase of the same. ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Nov. 10, 1858.

To the Public!

SOME Merchants publish a few low prices, or the prices of a few low priced articles, as an inducement to persons to make their purchases of them, under the presumption that every thing is equally low. Without occupying space in the public papers to enumerate prices; I wish it distinctly understood, that I will sell GOODS as *low* for the quality, as they can be bought in any other Store in this place or County. Baits and Hooks not used. Purchasers will generally find good qualities of articles at

TURRELL'S,

and in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,* and *Dye Stuffs*, the *very best*, and the assortments full. The

FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT

is also extensive. Also, choice *Family Groceries, Crockery, Wall Paper, Jewelry, Perfumery, &c., &c.* In short, nearly every thing usually kept in country stores. As I deal in many departments of trade, and have more articles than I can well enumerate in the limits of a Newspaper, I shall not attempt it; neither will it be necessary, under these circumstances, to fill a column with useless repetitions and blanks.—The people are invited to call and examine for themselves. ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Nov. 10, 1858.

To Musicians.

PARTICULAR attention is called to the choice variety of Violin, Guitar, and Bass Viol Strings, some of the best qualities in market. Also a good selection of Violins, Bows, Pegs, Bridges, Tail Pieces, Finger Boards, Rosin, &c., Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, Drum Sticks, Tuning Forks, Instruction Books, &c. Call in at the Variety Store of

ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Nov. 3, 1858

Lamps and Materials for Lights.

BURNING FLUID, CAMPHENE, LAMP OIL, CANDLES, &c., of best qualities, constantly on hand, and at prices as cheap as the cheapest. Customers may rely upon getting *Fluid* and *Camphene*, new and good, as I sell so fast they never get stale. Also, Cans and Lamps: ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Nov. 24, 1858.

Lithographs, A new supply. A. TURRELL.

Montrose, Dec. 1, 1858.

The Blind Shall See.

A LARGE new supply of **Spectacles**, just received. Call and try, to aid the eye, at

Nov. 24, '58. TURRELL'S.

ARTIST'S MATERIALS.

PAINTS IN TUBES, BRUSHES,
TIN, COPPER, AND SILVER FOIL,
GLASS SLABS AND MULLERS,
LITHOGRAPHS, &c., at the Store of

ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Jan. 6, 1858.

HERNIA TRUSSES. ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS. SHOULDER BRACES.

JUST received a large assortment of the above articles, at reduced prices. The most difficult cannot fail to be suited in size, quality, and price.

Nov. 24, 1858. ABEL TURRELL.

Soda & Sweet crackers.

A FRESH LOT, Just received, and for sale by

Oct. 13. J. LYONS & SON.

NEW MILFORD

Shawl and Dress Goods EMPORIUM!

NEW FALL GOODS

FOR CASH & PROMPT 6 MONTHS' BUYERS.

H. BURRITT

HAS now in Store, and is making large additions to his Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods

To which he would invite the attention of buyers; embracing the most desirable varieties of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, including the New Styles of Rich Fall Prints and Plaids, in Delaines, Ducal Plaids, Plain and Plaid Merinos, Mohair Cloths, Ginghams, Silks; Broche, Cashmere, Silk and Wool Shawls, Rich Ribbons, Bonnets and Flowers, Net Hoods, Ladies' Cloths, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, &c., with a full assortment of other Staple and Fancy Goods, including

GROCERIES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, STOVES, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, CARPETING, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, PAINTED WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPER, CLOCKS, DRUGS, OILS, PAINTS, BUFFALO ROBES, &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ The entire Stock being large and bought for CASH, will give superior opportunity for Choice Selections, and be sold at the lowest figures to CASH and PROMPT SIX MONTHS' BUYERS.

N. B.—Flour and Salt constantly on hand.

New Milford, October 6, 1858.

NEW STOVES.

H. BURRITT is just receiving a large stock of

NEW STOVES,

including a full assortment of ELEVATED OVEN LARGE OVEN, AND FLAT-TOP PREMIUM COOK STOVES, FOR

WOOD or COAL,

WITH A SUPERIOR VARIETY OF

Parlor, Office, and Shop Stoves,

for WOOD or COAL: Also

Stove Pipe, Zinc, Sheet Iron Stove Tubes, &c., &c.

HIS ASSORTMENT will INCLUDE the MOST

SELECT and DESIRABLE STOVES

in market, and will be sold on the most favorable terms, &c., to which he would invite the particular attention of

CASH BUYERS.

New Milford, November, 3, 1858.

THE MONTROSE

General Finding Store

IS NOW FURNISHED WITH

NEW GOODS

DIRECT from NEW YORK CITY for Spring trade

DRESS GOODS

of many kinds, Prints, Gingham, Muslin Delaine, Challi, Moire Antique, and different grades of Black Silk.

Sheeting

by the yard or piece. A good assortment of Carpets, Oil Cloth, and Matting, Looking Glasses, Wall Paper,

CARPENTERS TOOLS,

Planes, Saws, Mill Saws, Cross Cut and Drag Saw.

Our stock of

HARDWARE

consists of everything in the line of Cutlery, Housekeeping articles, Builders and Mechanics Hardware, Farming Articles, Scales and Balances, &c., &c., Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Ropes and Cordage,

Crockery & Groceries.

In fact every thing a reasonable person can want.

We thank the Public for past favors and solicit a further patronage. **M. S. Wilson & Son.**

Montrose, May 19, 1858.

1858. NEW ARRIVAL 1859.

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods.

NOW ready for inspection, a full and complete assortment of

Dry Goods,

suitable for the season, in all the new designs and styles, in fact everything appertaining to the Trade, at low prices. Our stock of

DRESS GOODS,

consists of Prints, Chintz and Ginghams, Plain Berages, plain and figured Delaines, plain all Wool Delaines, fine Black Bombazine and Alpacca, Challies, and Black and Fancy Silks at all prices, Shawls, Dusters, Bonnets, Ruches, Flowers and Wreaths, Hair Rolls, Bonnet and Taffetta Ribbons, Steel, Brass, and Reel Hoops, Berlin Skirting, Kid, Lisle Thread, and Silk Gloves, Gauntletts, Linen and Cotton Hose, WHITE GOODS, Bard, and Jac. Muslins, Laces, Insertions, Embroideries, Collars and Sleeves, Dimity & Dimity Bands.

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Needles, Pins, Fancy Soaps, Hair Oils, Perfumery, Port Monnaies, Hair Brushes, Rubber Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Bonnet Combs, Rubber Hair Pins, Silver and Steel Thimbles.

Black and Brown Cloths,

A large stock of BROADCLOTHS, Black, Brown and Mixed Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades, Denims and Satinetts.

A general assortment of

HARDWARE,

such as Cast Iron Boot Jacks, Barn Door Rollers, and Hinges, Shovels and Tongs, Patent Gate Pulleys, Door Locks and Hinges, Padlocks, Trunk and Till Locks, Window Fastenings, Curtain Bands, Augur Bits, Gimlets, Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cast Steel Shears, Scissors, Plastering and Brick Trowels, Wrenches, Spring Balls, Albatta Spoons, Dinner Bells, House Bells and Satures, Barn Shovels, Grind Stones, &c.

Boots & Shoes.

Mens Calf Skin and Cowhide Boots, Ladies Congress Gaiters, Boots, Buskins and Kid Slippers. Also,

Groceries, Crockery, and Glassware, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.,

our usual large stock—all of which we will sell on our usual terms, viz: CASH, PRODUCE, or APPROVED CREDIT.

We also have on hand a superior quality of

BROOMS—OF HOME MANUFACTURE,

which we will dispose of at Wholesale or Retail, at fair prices.

Satisfied that our Stock has been well selected as to quality and styles, we have no hesitation in inviting our friends to call and examine. POST BROTHERS.

Grain and Butter Wanted.

Hemlock and Pine Lumber, Flour, Bran Chops, at reasonable prices may be found at our *STEAM MILL.* POST BROTHERS.

Montrose, September 29, 1858.

MONEY FOUND!!

THE man who lost FIVE DOLLARS by purchasing a second rate coat, when he could have got a first rate one for the same price, can have the damage repaired when he wants a new coat, by calling upon the subscriber.

The Fall Styles are now on hand, and I am prepared as usual to accommodate the public with substantial work, and *ne plus ultra* fits. I keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Skill, Industry, and Good Temper,

and can confidently promise to serve my customers, both in work and price, in a manner that shall be entirely satisfactory. Call in, gentlemen and young America, and get your cold weather rigs.

☞ Shop at the old stand, opposite the *Republican* Steam Printing Office, two doors west of Searle's Hotel: Cutting done as usual. JOHN GROVER.

Montrose, September 29, 1858.–3m

REMOVAL. New Firm. New Store.

Public Avenue, just below J. Etheridge's.

A. BALDWIN would respectfully announce to the public that he has associated himself with WM. L. ALLEN, in the

FLOUR, FEED, AND GROCERY BUSINESS.

Also, that they have removed into their newly fitted up building on Public Avenue, just below J. Etheridge's Drug Store, where can always be found the choicest brands of

Family Flour, Meal, Feed, Pork, Hams, Fish, Dipped Candles, Timothy, Clover, Field, and Garden Seeds.

Also a general assortment of

Groceries, such as **Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Tea, Coffee, &c. &c.**

Thankful for past favors, would solicit a continuance of the same, under the new firm, pledging ourselves to do the fair thing, hoping by each bargain to be enre of another.

Being under a different Administration, it is very desirable to have all old accounts settled, and commence anew, under the **Ready Pay System.**

BALDWIN & ALLEN.

A. Baldwin,.....Wm. L. Allen.

Montrose, Oct. 20, 1858.–tc

THE QUAKER CITY

Insurance Comp. of Phil.

Capital and Surplus, $300,000. Chartered Capital, $500,000.

Office, Franklin Buildings, No. 408 Walnut St.

FIRE INSURANCE on Stores, Dwellings, Public Buildings and Merchandise generally. MARINE INSURANCE on Vessels, Cargo and Freight to and from all ports of the World. Also Inland Insurance on Goods to and from all parts of the Union.

Statement of the Business and Condition of the Quaker City Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, for Six Months, ending June 30th, 1858.

Capital and Surplus, January 1st, 1858	$377,619 87
Interest received and accrued from Jan. 1st to July 1st	6,925 85
Premiums received	113,624 37
Salvage and Re-Insurance	4,677 24
	$502,847 33
LOSSES, EXPENSES,	
To Losses paid	$[illegible]
Div., Re-Ins., Rent, Commissions and Expenses	29,591 04—398,546 18
Balance remaining with the Company, July 1st	$104,251 35
ASSETS.	
Bonds, Mortgages, Stocks, Coupon Bonds, Loans on Collateral and Call Loans, &c	$183,755 50
Bills Receivable	20,811 79
Cash on hand and in Bank, and due from Agents	79,314 06
	$303,881 35
Capital	200,000 00
Surplus	$104,251 35

Officers.

GEORGE H. HART, President. E. P. ROSS, Vice-President. H. H. COGGSWELL, Sec. & Treas. S. H. BUTLER, Assist. Treas.

Directors.

George H. Hart, E. P. Ross, A. G. Cattell, Hon. H. M. Fuller, J. Edwards, J. G. Dale, E. W. Hallet, F. S. Perkins, C. G. Imbert, A. R. Chambers, J. L. Pomeroy, H. H. Cogswell, and S. Jones, M. D.

WM. D. LUSK, *Agent.*

MONTROSE, September 15, 1858.–1y

OH YES! OH YES!

HERE WE COME.

BOYD & WEBSTER,

HAVING purchased of S. A. Woodruff his Stock in Trade, are prepared to accommodate all who will favor us with their custom, at "live and let live" prices.

STOVE AND PIPE,
TIN, COPPER,
AND SHEET IRON WARE

of every description usually found in the country.

Also, WINDOW SASH,
PANEL DOORS,
WINDOW BLINDS,
LATH,
PINE LUMBER,

and BUILDING MATERIALS generally.

Designs for Country buildings, with specifications and estimates of cost, &c., furnished to such as may desire them, at moderate prices.

Persons about building in the County will find it to their interest to call on us. Come and see us, we intend always to keep the latch-string out.

Tin shop in their new building, corner of Main and Turnpike streets, a few rods south of Searle's hotel.

Carpenter shop near the Methodist Church.

N. B. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Wm. H. Boyd, A. L. Webster. } BOYD & WEBSTER.

Montrose, March 3, 1858.–1y

J. Higginbotham, WATCH FINISHER,

—AND—

General Repairer,

OF the Best English, Swiss, and Chinese Duplex Watches, Patent and Detached Levers, Repeaters, Lepines, &c., &c.

Truly proud of the flattering encomiums bestowed on him as an honest and superior

WATCH JOBBER,

and grateful to all who have employed him, and doubly so to those that have continued to be his steady customers since his commencement in Montrose, (now nearly three years,) and encouraged by those who already know his abilities, he now informs those who do not, that early in life he was taught the art of

Finishing New Watches,

by Atkin, late of Lord Street, Liverpool, who was a first rate MAKER and REPAIRER of the best watches. After having worked for him upwards of nine years, (seven of which as an indentured apprentice,) he then commenced for himself, and latterly in New York, where he has been employed by some of the first and most respectable establishments in Broadway, Maiden Lane, Bowery, &c., and was by them classed a first rate workman.

N. B. He has always on hand a well assorted stock of Watch Wheels, Cylinders, Watch Jewels, Mainsprings, Watch Hands, and Watch Glasses, which will be carefully fitted, right away, and for prices less than they can be had in the City.

☞ Shop in Bentley, Read, & Co's Store. Phœnix Block, Montrose, Aug. 18, 1858.

NEW GOODS.

WE are now receiving a LARGE and DESIRABLE STOCK of

Fall & Winter Goods,

which have been purchased at low figures, and which we will sell for very small profits, for

Cash or Ready Pay.

We can present **Great Inducements** to those who wish to **PAY DOWN** for what they buy. We cordially invite such to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B. *Highest Prices* paid for all kinds of produce in exchange for goods.

McKENZIE & ELDRIDGE.

Brooklyn, Oct. 27, 1858.

STEAM GRIST AND SAW MILL.

POST BROTHERS having purchased the above establishment, will keep constantly on hand *Superfine and Fine Flour, Corn Meal of superior quality, also Chop and Bran* at the lowest cash prices. Custom work will be done with despatch, and in all *cases warranted.*

Montrose, July, 1858.–tf

To the Sneezing Public.

DURNO'S CELEBRATED CATARRH SNUFF, An Infallible Remedy, for sale by R. Thayer, Montrose; S. D. Tompkins, Brooklyn; William H. Thayer, Dimock. Montrose, May 26, 1858.

GODDARD, WARFIELD'S & DR. L. L. ALLEN'S

PATENT DEVICES,

For Lowering and Raising

CARRIAGE TOPS.

BY the use of this improvement, the Carriage top can be raised or lowered from either the right or the left, the outside or the inside, thereby obviating the difficulty heretofore existing of springing the joint and then the one on the opposite side, as well as the extreme care necessary to prevent the top from falling so heavily as to break the bows, props, &c. This is effected by means of a small lever in connection with the hollow prop, to which an arm each or holder is attached. The top may also be raised or lowered with PERFECT EASE, by means of the lower lever, which is usually placed at the right hand side of the seat, the weight of the top being nearly balanced by two spiral springs attached to the through or connecting rod, which goes it down while in the act of falling, and assists in raising it. The cost for materials, &c., on a carriage is but trifling, considering the great utility.

The undersigned having purchased the exclusive right of the above Patent, in the counties of Susquehanna, Bradford, Luzerne, and Wyoming, will sell rights in said territory, and will manufacture Carriages with the improvement attached, at his shop, in Montrose.

N. E. ROGERS.

MONTROSE, September 15, 1858.–1y

Something New in Montrose.

BLACKSMITHING AND CARRIAGE-MAKING BY STEAM!

HAWLEY & LATHROP, having removed into their new building on Turnpike Street, near L. Searle's hotel, are manufacturing and will keep on hand

Carriages, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs, &c.

They have provided themselves with a **Steam Engine** and all the necessary machinery and conveniences for doing work with dispatch; and being both practical mechanics of long experience and employing none but

GOOD WORKMEN,

they are prepared to do all kinds of work in the

Blacksmithing and Carriage Making Line,

in their usual prompt and

Workmanlike Manner,

and by being at all times on hand ready and willing to answer any order for work, and by using

Good Materials,

and by MODERATE CHARGES, hope to receive a large share of public patronage.

We would tender our thanks to our old customers, and invite all in want of work to give us a call and see for themselves.

Montrose, August 11, 1858.–1y

Ready Made Clothing,

HATS, CAPS, &C.

A LARGE and well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, and HATS, CAPS, &c., consisting of every variety and shade, and warranted to be made in every particular as good as custom work, and a prices that cannot fail to suit for ready pay, may be found at the store of F. B. Chandler, for sale by

Montrose, May 6, '58.–tf S. LANGDON.

RIGHT IN TOWN:

EXTENSION TABLES

MANUFACTURED BY

SMITH BROTHERS,

of all SIZES and PRICES to suit the TIMES, of

Walnut, Cherry, and Mahogany,

and warranted to work right up to the ☞le.

Montrose, June 9, 1858.

HIGHLY Important Information

TO ALL GENTLEMEN WHO WEAR CLOTHES.

I HAVE recently made arrangements at considerable expense for doing work in the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

on very short notice, in a neat, durable, and fashionable manner, and at

REDUCED PRICES,

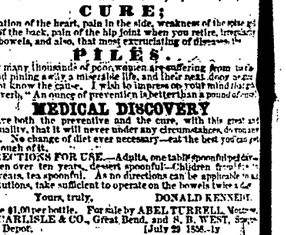
I will furnish garments to order, if desired, or render the customer whatever assistance he may need in selecting materials of the best quality and at the

Lowest Market Price.

All my work will be warranted as to fit, finish, and durability. No customer need take his work from the shop unless it suits him.

Being permanently and exclusively engaged in this business, it shall be my great aim to please the public and thus secure their patronage. P. LINES.

Montrose, June 10, 1858.–tf



A FORTY HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE, IN GOOD ORDER.

3 FEET eight inch stroke, 14 inch Cylinder, ballance wheel, three tons. Is a strong well built machine. Suitable for a Coal Shaft or Tannery, and will be sold *very low.* Address,

POST BROTHERS.

Jan. 14, 1857. Montrose, Pa.

Valuable Lands For Sale.

FOR SALE IN ONE BODY, about 5500 acres of Land on the waters of Spring Brook, a branch of the Lackawanna river in Luzerne County, Penn'a. about midway between the thriving towns of Scranton and Pittston. These lands are covered with valuable timber, and being situate in the most extensive mineral region in Pennsylvania—known to contain iron ore—and believed to abound in coal, and being also in the immediate vicinity of several railroads made and now in progress—offer to the capitalist an opportunity for the investment of money that seldom occurs. For further information apply to N. P. Hosack, Esq., No. 11, Wall street New York, or to the subscriber, at Montrose, Susquehanna county, Pa., the attorney in fact of the owners.

April 6, 1854. HENRY DRINKER.

SOAP MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand for sale at his establishment in Montrose, the best quality of *SOFT SOAP*, manufactured from the lye of wood ashes and grease, in the old fashioned way, and not by any patent process.

For those that furnish the grease, he manufactures the soap for $1,50 a barrel. Warranted in all cases to be a good article, or the Soap may be returned and the money refunded.

PRICES.

Per barrel	$5,00
Half Barrel	2,50
Gallon	25

Wholesale dealers will be furnished—if delivered at the Ashery in Montrose—at the rate of ten barrels for $45, or at Scranton at ten barrels for $50.

JOHN HENRY WARES.

Montrose, March 7, 1856.–tf

CABINET MANUFACTORY.

A. A. HALL

MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Furniture, is now prepared to fill all orders or Bedsteads of all kinds at wholesale or retail, on short notice. Retail prices range from $2 upwards, according to style. He also keeps on hand Ready-made Coffins; and as he has an elegant Hearse, he is prepared to attend funerals on short notice.

New Milford, Dec. 7, 1856.–49y1

LIME AND PLASTER.

THE subscribers are now burning and will keep constantly on hand, Lime of a very superior quality at Montrose Depot, and will sell it in any quantities at a fair price. Persons wishing a large quantity can be supplied upon a reasonable notice.

Superior ground Plaster will be kept constantly on hand hereafter. I. L. POST.
H. DRINKER.
W. JESSUP.
L. SEARLE.

Montrose Depot, April

WM. B. SIMPSON, WATCH REPAIRER,

MONTROSE, PA.

Shop in Boyd & Webster's new building, corner of Main and Turnpike streets.

HAVING worked for the past nine years with the most skillful workmen, he feels confident that he can do the most difficult jobs on short notice.

All work Warranted to give Satisfaction.

Jewelry repaired neatly and on reasonable terms.

W. B. Simpson has worked for me for some time, and I can recommend him as a careful and skillful workman, competent to do as good work as can be done in the country, and worthy of confidence.

Towanda, June 16, 1858. Wm. A. Chamberlin.

Refers to Wm. Elwell, R. W. Beird, E. D. Montanye, E. O. Goodrich, B. Kingsbury, Towanda; J. S. Bentley, L. Searle, O. D. Lathrop, J. Whitenight, Montrose.

Montrose, Sept. 15, 1858.–tf

"Pro bono publico,"

A NEW AND SUPERIOR LOT OF **Books and Stationery,** just received at the

Montrose Book Store,

which will be sold extremely low for cash.

School Books.—*A large Assortment.* We design to keep on hand a supply of all the School Books used in the county, (*provided they are not changed oftener than once a week,*) and will sell them