RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth-Resolved by the Senate and House of Represent free of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the following amendments her proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth

article thereof. PIRST AMENDMENT. There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS. Section 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted,

and to no other purpose whatever.

Secretor 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no oth-

SECTION S. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whaterer shall be created by, or on behalf of the state. Section 4. To provide for the payment of the pres ent debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, afforesant, the regulature shall be as to the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the sa : e, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war,

Section 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, he pledged, or loaned to; any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, associa-tion, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution,

SECOND AMENDMENT. There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:-ARTICLE BIL.

OF NEW COUNTIES. No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over me-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors there of; nor shall any new county be established, contain ing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT. From section two of the first article of the consti delphia, and of each county respectively; "from section five, same article, strike out the words," of Philadelphia and the of several counties;" from sec.

Philadelphia and the of several counties; from sec.

Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Vocghley, Wagonseller, Westbrook, Willisseven, same article, strike out the words, "neither ton, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, which is the county of Philadelphia peans? seven, same article, strike out the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike out "section four, same article," and in lieu thereof insert the

"Section 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the num-ber of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divicounties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at feast two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous terfitory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereol."

houn, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent. Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Heins, Hills, Hills, Hoffman, Hoffman, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jocobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kaufiman, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmout, M'Ilvain, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Thiladelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Renmer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Cambria,) Swither, Walter, Warner, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—S3.

The legislature, at its first session, after the adop-tion of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to re main unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four. FOURTH AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional section to the first ar ficle of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:
Secrion 26. The legislature shall have the power

to aller, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorpora-tion hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857. Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, Year 24, mays 7; on the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23,

[Extract from the Journal.] GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 29, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first smendment, year 78, nays 12; on the second amendment, yeas 57, nays 34; on the third amendment yeas 72, mays 22; ou the fourth amendment, yeas 83,

[Extract from the Journal.]

JACOB ZIEGLER, Clerk. Filed in Secretary's office, May 2, 1857.

A. G. CURTIN,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857. Pennsulvania. 28 I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution propo-sing amendments to the Constitution of the Common-wealth," with the vote in each branch of the Legisla-

ture upon the final passage thereof, as appears from the originals on file in this office. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand IL s. land caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth. IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consider-

On the question, will the Senate agree to the first amendment? The year and navs were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow,

YEAS-Messra. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Ely, E. ans, Fetter, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, Speaker-24. NAYS-Messra Crabb, Cresswell, Finney, Gregg,

Harris, Penrose and Souther-7. So the question was determined in the affirmative On the question.

On the question.

Will the Semile agree to the second amendment?

The year and navs were taken greeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow,

YEAR-Messee. Brewer, Browne, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, ed, he hopes to me Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Sliuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Tag. Montrose, June 10, 1857.

# RRQ Rose

So the question was determined in the affirmative On the question, Will the Senate agree to the third amendment? The yeas and nave were taken agreeably to the rovisions of the Constitution, and were as follow,

YEAR-Mensis, Brewer, Browne, Crabb, Cresawell, Riy, Rvans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scoffeld, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—24. NATS-Mesers. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and Penrose

So the question was decided in the affirmative. On the question, Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the

YEAR-Messes, Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Cresswell, Elv, Evans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shu-man, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and NAYS-Messrs, Crabb, Finney, Jordan and Penrose

So the question was determined in the affirmative. IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

April 29, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Continuous of the Commonwealth being under consider Will the flowe agree to the first amendment? The geas and nays were taken agreeably to the

YEAR-Messis, Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, YRIS—Measts. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Cahoun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fansold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Helns, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks.) Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johos, Johnson, Kauffman, Korr, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Munma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Bamsey, (York.) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) South, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Varvoorhis, Vickers, Vocghley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman, and Getz, ii, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz,

SPEAKER-78. NAYS—Messrs, Backus, Benson, Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Lebo, Struth-ers, Thorn, Warner and Wintrode, 12. expenses of government, and unless in case of the said sinking invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of the question, and under the sum of five millions will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and mays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows,

to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

Section 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

Yeas—Messrs, Anderson, Backliouse, Ball, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Ent. Fausold, Foster, Gildea, Hamel, Hatper, Heins, Hilestand, Hillegas, Hoffman, Gerks, Honsekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Knight, Leisenting, Longaker, Lovett, Mancar, Haugle, M'livain, Moonhead, Musselman, Nichola, Sicholson, Nuncher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownail, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Roberts, Rapp, Shaw, Sloan, Tolan, Vail, Voeghley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaken—57. YEAR-Messrs, Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Bock,

NATS-Mesers, Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Benson, Hishop, Brown, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Evster, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hill, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Jacobs, Kerr, Lebo, M'Calmont, Mumma, Reed, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Struthers, Thorn, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Wagonseller, Warner, Wintrode, Witherow and

Wright—34.
So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question,
Will the the House agree to the third amendment? Will the the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nava were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, vist:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck,
Benson, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase,
Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold,
Foster, Gibboney, Hausel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand,
Hill, Hillegas, Hollman, (Berka) Hollman, (Lebanon,)
Housekeeper, Imbrie, Insees, Jacobs, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Mangie, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson,
Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,)
Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloau, Smith, Cambria,)

SPEAKER-72.

NAYS—Messra. Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Bishop, Carty, Dock, Gildea, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Jenk-ins, Knight, Leisenring, M'Ilyain, Ramsey, (Philadel-phia.) Roberta, Struthers, Thorn, Walter, Warner, harton and Wintrode-22.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. Will the House agree to the fourth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro-isions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs, Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Back-us, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Cal-houn, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford,

So the question was determined in the affirmative SECRETARY'S OFFICE

MARRISBURG, June 22, 1857. I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1857. Witness my hand and the seal of said office, [L. 8] this twenty-second day of June, one thousand

ers, Thorn, Wintrode and Wright-

eight hundred and fifty-seven. A. G. CERTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

APEL TURBLE.

HAS just returned from New-York, with a large and choice variety of GOODS, bought for Cash, and selected with much care, from over thirty of the best Houses in New-York, which he offers to his customers and the public, at low prices, for Cash. His stock\_comprises; DRUGS,

MEDICINES PAINTS. OILS, WINDOW GLASS, WE STUF DYE STUFFS GLASS WARE,

CROCKERY, MIRRORS WALL PAPER. WINDOW PAPER WINDOW OIL SHADES, FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. JEWELRY, PERFUNERY, HARD WARE, STONE WARE WOODEN WARE, RECOMS.

JAPANNED WARE, BIRD CAGES. CANARY SEED. POCKET KNIVES, WHIPS. UMBRELLAS, GUNS, PISTOLS, AMMUNITION,

CAMPHENE BURNING FLUID. **ALCOHOL** LIQUORS (For Medicinal Purposes, only.) TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, SHOULDER BRACES,

PORT MONIAES, SPECTACLES,
SILVER & PLATED SPOONS, FORKS, &c., GOLD PENS, STATIONERY, VIOLIN STRINGS, BOWS, &c.

And all of the most popular PATENT MEDICINES. Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto received, he hopes to merit a continuance and large in-

NAYS—Messis. Coffey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg, Har-Krillinger, Penrose and Scofield—8.

HAWLEY & GUILD'S.

7

SMYTH'S



THIS INVENTION claims superiority over every other, in the following respects: In the invariable scientific principle involved, and upon which it acts; in its undertaing accuracy; in its lightness and strength; in its wonderful capacity, convenience of form, and applicability to every purpose for which of form, and applicability to every purpose for which Scales of any kind are required; in its perfect simplicity, in the absence of any complication liable to variation, or to get out of order; and, finally, in the important fact, that this scale can be afforded at about one-third the cost of any other Platform Scale, of like capacity and accuracy in use. And possessing in an eminent degree, all these merits, this Invention is conceded to be one of the most useful and valuable ever brought before the public., And coming, as it does, within the reach of an, it cannot but find an unprecedented sale and undivided market among farmers, housekeepers, mechanics, merchanis, &c. eregryhere, to the exclusion of every other

veighing apparatus.
The invention of the Scales and the many invaluaole improvements which we have made within the past few months, have brought them to such a decree of accuracy, that they may be safely relied up-

Manufactured and for sale only by

R. H. KATON & CO.

HARFORD, Susq. Co., Pa., May 13, 1857. OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

IMPORTANT INVENTION.—For some five years past, Mr. D. M. Smyth, of Pennsylvania, (now of this State) an ingenious and scientific mechanic, has concentrated his mind and means upon an invention at length perfectly successful, and for which letters patent have fust been issued by the Government of the United States. This invention is known as "Smyth's Self-Acting Bent-Lever Platform Scale," and as this is the first public notice of this useful and valuable improvement, we shall take the liberty of expressing ourselves freely upon its merits. The platform of the scale is about 12 by 18 inches, and the whole scale is about 8 inches high and weighs entire only about 25 pounds, while it has the extraordinary capacity o zo pounds, while it has the extraordinary capacity of weighing any object from one ounce to four hundred pounds. Its form is compact and convenient, and is applicable to every purpose for which scales of any kind are required. Under the platform and attached to the leverage is suspended a weighted arm or pendulum. To this pendulum is attached an indicator,

which, together with the pendulum, the instant any object is placed upon the platform moves from its centre of gravity to the point indicating the exact weight. The scientific principle upon which it acts admits of no inaccuracy or change, and a given pres-sure or weight upon the platform must always carry the weighted arm and indicator to the same point.— The principle beyond doubt is the correct one, and that it has been properly applied in this instance, the lucky inventor has left no room for doubt. He seems to have attained perfection itself—at least so far as latform Scales are concerned, and to have combined in a remarkable degree an invariable scientific prin-ciple, "known of all men," with compactness, con-venience, strength of form, durability and accuracy. But the great and important feature in this Scale is the fact that beyond all these merits it possesses the additional one of being cheap, and within the reach of every family.—Albany Eve. Jour., Jan. 28, 1856.

We have examined this new Platform Scale and concur in all that is said by the Journal. The principle is at once simple and beautiful and ensures. perfect accuracy, while the price will be three times less than of the scales now used .- Albany Express.

SATTH'S PATENT PLATFORM SCALE.-We have examined this new invention. Nothing can be simpler or more completely developed than the principle upon which its acts. The platform which sustains the weight lifts a pendulum, suspended and loaded at the end, through an arc of a circle; and the indicato points out, upon the graduated circumference, the exact weight. In other platform scales the measure of avoirdupois has to be ascertained by moving loose weight on a beam, as on a steelyard, till it hits the precise point. Smyth's invention is a self-work-ing one, and indicates at once, and to the minutest fraction, the figure. By attaching the weight on the end of the pendulum, the scale becomes multiplied by fives or tens: by releasing the weight it gives ounces instead of pounds. For household purposes it is as cheap and far better than steelyards; and is finding the way to all well regulated kitchens where the receipt book, with its prescriptions of weights and proportions, is used .- Atlas and Argus.

A NEW IDEA-If anyhody doubts that this is an ir ventive age, they should call and examine Smyth's Self-Acting Bent-Lever Platform Scales. For simplicity of design, and economy of space, they take prece-dence of any scales that have yet been invented.— There is one peculiarity about this scale; it possess Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, Spraker-83. NATS-Messra. Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Struth-

> valuable invention was on exhibition at our State Fair just closed. Nothing in its department received more attention or was more generally admired or ap-proved. This scale, possessing the extraordinary merits conceded to it at the East, cannot but be exceedingly valuable, and must, we think, come int reneral use.

The Albany Evening Journal publishes the above and adds: This scale (Smyth's) was also exhibited at the State Fair at Watertown, and not only received every attention given it in Obio, but carried off the first and highest premium awarded—a diploma and silver medal.—Cleveland (Ohio) Journal.

"SETTIN'S SELF-ACTING BENT-LEVER PLATFORM SCALE."—The fundamental principle of every inaportant invention has been very simple. In its simplicity is the elements of its worth, its usefulness and adaptability. Inventions of complicated movement and visionary theories have never performed the object sought to be obtained, for with adaptability, accuracy and durability must be combined cheapness.

All of thus a dasiloratures are involved in the inventions. All of these desideratums are involved in the inven-tion recently patented and known as "Smyth's Self-Acting Bent-Lever Platform Scales." The scale in question, from its construction on the principle of gravitation, is never liable to be out of order. It must perform its work thoroughly, because the laws of has ture govern it. In size the scale is a pigmy, but for capacity it is wonderful, weighing any object from one ounce up to four hundred pounds. It can be regulated by any one who looks at it but for a moreover As their cost is but a trifle, they will speedily be as indispensably necessary in the household calendar as any other useful article of daily use.—Eve. Transcript.

IMPORTANT AND VALUABLE INVESTION. - Among others, we have been favored with an examinati of the new and valuable invention (recently patenti-ed,) known as Smyth's Self-Acting Bent-Lever Plat-ferm Scale." Mr. D. M. Smyth, the ingenious in-ventor, has spent some five years in the perfection of his work, and that he has attained perfection there seems but little doubt. This scale is constructthere seems but fittle doubt. This scale is construc-ed upon a scientific principle which knows no varia-tion or change, and hence its accuracy is beyond-question. Its capacity and strength is unprecedent-ed, while its form and the principle involved make it convenient and applicable to all purposes requiring scales of any description. It is free from any complication hable to variation or to get out of order.

The great and important feature, however, of the scales made under this invention, is the fact that they scales made under this invention, is the fact that they can be afforded at about one-fourth the cost of any other platform scale of like capacity and accuracy in the world. The scale we have seen (a sort of pocket edition as compared with other platform scales,) has the wonderful capacity of weighing any object, from one ounce up to four hundred pounds. Possessing the extraordinary merits and advantages conceded to this invention, it cannot but be exceedingly valuable, and the scales made under it, brought as they will be, within the reach of every family, must meet with an unprecedented sale, and come into immeet with an unprecedented sale, and come into im mediate and general use, as well to the benefit of the public, as to those so fortunate as to secure the exclusive right of manufacturing and vending them.

LIME AND PLASTER. THE subscribers are now burning and will keep constantly on hand, Limo of a very superior quality at Montrose Depot, and will sell it in any quantities at a fair price. Persons wishing a large ABEL TURRELL. Superior ground Plaster will be kept constantly on hand hereafter, I. L. POST. I. L. POST.

HAWLEY & GUILDE. | Montrose Depot, April 8. | W. JESSUP. | L. SEARLE.

EVERY PARMER

Self-Acting Bent-Lever PURCHASE

Smyth's Patent improved scales.

**BECEIVED THE FIRST AND** HIGHEST PREMIUM -A Diploma and Silver Medal-

BHT TA STATEFAIR AT WATERTOWN, N. Y.

THESE SCALES ARE MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE ONLY BY

R. M. FATON, & CO., HARFORD, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PA

EVERY

SMYTH'S PATENT IMPROVED SCALES.

Smyth's Patent Improved Scales RECEIVED THE IRS

Highest Premium, A DIPLOMA & SILVER MEDAL.

WATERTOWN, NEW YORK.

HESE SCALES ARE MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE ONLY BY R. H. EATON & CO.,

Harford, Susquehanna County, P.

Every Farmer SHOULD PURCHASE ONE OF Sumth's Patent Improved Scales.

There is one peculiarity about this scale; it possesses very little machinery, and can never make a mistake so long as the laws of gravitation continue. Smyth's scale has another advantage—its small cost.

Patent Improved Scales

Patent Improved Scales RECEIVED THE FIRST AND BIGHERY PRESIDE

A DIPLOMA AND SILVER MEDAL-

State Fair at Watertown, New York. THESE SCALES ARE MANUFACTURED

AND FOR SALE ONLY BY

SMYTH'S PATENT IMPROVED SCALES.

SMYTH'S PATENT IMPROVED SCALES

PREMIUM A DIPLOMA AND SILVER MEDAL-AT THE STATE FAIR AT

THESE SCALES ARE MANUFACTURED

THE MUTUAL.

Fire & Live Stock Insurance Company OF PHILADELPHIA,

Make Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, or Buildings, Furniture and Merchandise general. ly. Also, on Horses and Cattle, against death from any cause. LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED. E SMYTH'S PATENT IMPROVED SCALES

DIRECTORS: B. R. Miller, Henry Jones, F. S. Hoeckley, J. R. Flanigen, J. Crosadale, Saml. J. Randall, Chas. Flanigen, of Wilmington, Del. WM. M. CARTERET, Sec. B. R. MILLER, Pres't. BILLINGS STROUD, Agent.

Montrose, July 1, 1857.-1y Manusacturer's Insurance Company. CHARTER PERPETUAL. Granted by the State of Pennsylvania.

FIRE, MARINE, & INLAND TRANSPORTATION. THIS Company was organized with a Cash Capital, and the Directors have determined to adapt the business to its available resources—to observe prudence in conducting its affairs, with a prompt adjust-ment of losses.

CAPITAL, \$500,000.

A.S. LIPPINCOTT, Pres't. Ww. A. RHODES, Vice Pres't. ALPRED WEEKS, Secretary, DIRECTORS.—Aaron S. Lippincott, Wm. B. Thomas, Charles Wise, J. Rinaldo Sauk, Wm. A Rhodes, William Neal, Alfred Weeks, John P. Simons,

Charles J. Field, James P. Smyth. OFFICE, No. 10 Merchants' Exchange, Phil. A. N. BULLARD, Agent. Montrose, Pa., May 13, 1857.-17

Lycoming Co. Mutual Insurance Company

Capital,-\$2,200,000.

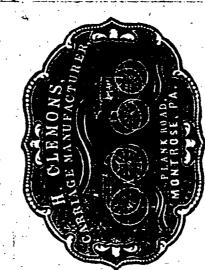
IT is one of the best Companies in the State. It I was incorporated in 1840, its Charter perpetual. It has insured, since it went into operation, thirty millions of property, and paid over six hundred thousand dollars losses. About twelve thousand has been paid in this County. Applications received at the store of B. R. Lyons Co., Lanesboro, and at Montrose.

B. R. LYONS, Agent.

Montrose, Jan. 1857...

CABINET MANUFACTORY. MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Furniture, is now prepared to fill all orders for Bedsteads of all kinds at wholesale or retail, on short notice. Retail prices range from \$2 upwards, according to style. He also keeps on hand Ready-made Coffins; and as he has an elegant

Hearse, he is prepared to attend funerals on shor New Milford, Dec. 17, 1856.



## Farm for Sale!!

ONE of the best and cheapest FARMS on Rock River, Ill., for sale. It contains

125 acres. all under fence, 100 under plow, all the timber necessary for use convenient; a small stream of living water runs through the place, good new house, well,

orchard, &c. It will turn off \$2,000 worth of grain per annum, or is well arranged for a stock or dairy farm. Is only one mile from Como, a town of 800 inhabitants, which contains first rate grist and saw mills, plow, wagon, and blacksmith shops, &c.&c. It is only two miles from R. R. Depot, and four miles roin Sterling, the county seat.

TERMS. 84000:

\$1200 to \$1500 down, remainder in nine annual pay ments, with six per cent. interest. Apply to G. C. LYMAN, Sterling, Whiteside County, Illinois,
Several thousand acres of Pinc Lands,
Wisconsin, and prairie in Iona isconsin, and prairie in Iowa, for sale, on time May 20, 1857.-tf.

SOAP MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand for sale at his establishment in Montrose, the best quality of SOFT SOAP, manufactured from the lye of ood ashes and grease, in the old fashioned way, and not by any patent process.

For those that furnish the grease, he manufactures the soap for \$1,50 a barrel. Warranted in all cases o be a good article, or the Soap may be returned and

the money refunded. PRICES. Gallon 25
Wholesale dealers will be furnished—if delivered it the Ashery in Montrose at the rate of ten barrels or \$45, or at Scranton at ten barrels for \$50. JOHN HENRY WARES.

Montrose, March 17,1856. STEAM GRIST AND SAW MILL. DOST BROTHERS having purchased the above establishment will keep constantly on haed Su-perfine and Fine Flour, Corn Meal of superior qual-ity, also Chop and Bran at the lowest cash prices.— Custom work will be done with despatch, and in all cases warranted. Montrose, July, 1853.

NEW MILFORD STOVE EMPORIUM In Full Blast. Two Hundred and Seventy-Five Stoves for , sale by Diekerman & Garratt.

WE are in receipt of the largest stock of Stoves ever offered in Northern Pennsylvania, consisting of Cooking, Parlor, and Six-plate, both for wood and coal; also, a full assortment of large sizes, for Stores and Churches. Would call particular attention to the Jeffersonia Elevated Oven, the most perfect and heaviest plate store in market. Among our assortment of large store in market. Among our assortment of large oven, would mention the Empire State improved, as being very heavy plates, perfect finish, and a superior baker. Farmers of Susquehanna county, you have been in the habit of purchasing light stoves and light trimming, and paying as much as you ought to for heavy plates and heavy trimming.

We manufacture our furniture, and will sell at manufacturer's prices. Let these who makes profit.

ufacturer's prices. Let those who par a maker profit compete with us if they can. Jobbing comfected with the tin trade, done as usual on short notice.

DICKERMAN & GARRATT.

New Milford, Sept. 18, 1855.

Valuable Lands For Sale. COR SALE IN ONE BODY, about 5500 acres of Land on the waters of Spring Brook, a branch of the Lackawanna river in Luzerne County, Penn'a., about midway between the thriving towns of Scrandout midway between the thriving towns ton and Pittston. These lands are covered with valuable timber, and being situate in the most extensive mineral region in Pennsylvania-known to contain iron ore-and believed to abound in coal, and being also in the immediate vicinity of several railroads made and now in progress—offer to the capitalist an opportunity for the investment of money that seldom occurs. For further information apply to N. P. Hosack, Esq., No. 11, Wall street New York, or to the subscriber, at Montrose, Susquehanna county, Pa., the attorney in fact of the owners.

April 6, 1854.

HENRY DRINKER.

April 6, 1854.

April 6, 1854.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the find the farmers and all others interested, that we have associated ourselves together under the firm of motion of the firm of a the old stand of N. E. Mott, where we are presented in the farmers and all others interested, that we have associated ourselves together under the firm of motion of the farmers and all others interested, that we have associated ourselves together under the firm of motion of the farmers and all others interested, that we have associated ourselves together under the firm of motion of the farmers and all others interested, that we have associated ourselves together under the firm of motion of further information apply to N. P. Hosack, Esq., No. 11, Wall street New York, or to the subscriber, at Montrose, Susquehanna county, Pa., the attorney in fact of the owners.

April 6, 1854.

HENRY DRINKER.

Cu'tivator teeth, and all kinds of castings for Farmers.

≥ 25 WITNESSES

The Forger Convicted. NO. 86 WALNUT STREET, ABOVE FOURTH. JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR,
Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker

and Publisher, and Author of A series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle when, for 10 successive nights, over Greeted him with Rounds of Applause, while se exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their Frauds, and the surest and Shortest Means of Protecting them! The Bank Note Engravers all say that he is the

greatest Judge of Paper Money living. GREATEST DISCOVERY of the Present Century for Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes. Describing Every Genuine Bill in Existence,

and exhibiting at a glance every Coun-terfeit in Circulation! Arranged so admirably, that REFERENCE is EASY and DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS. EASY and DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.

But so simplified and arranged, that the Merchant,
Banker and Business Man can see all at a Glance.

English, French and German.

Thus Each may read the name in his

own Native Tongue. Most Perfect Bank Note List Published. Also a List of All the Private Bankers in Amer

A Complete Summary of the FINANCE OF

A Complete Summary of the Finance of Europe & America will be published in each e dition, together with all the Important NEWS OF THE DAY. Also A SERIES OF TALES

From an Old Manuscript, found in the East. It furnishes the Most Complete History of ORIES and describing the Perplexing Postulais in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that Country have

een so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the Most Entertaining ever offered to the Public. Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, a \$1 a year. All letters must be addressed to ONE JOHN S. DYE, Broker, Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall Street, N.Y. apl30n16v3y1

AYER'S Cathartic Pills, (SUGAR COATED).

CLEANSE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE SICK Invalids, Fathers, Mothers, Physicians, Philauthropists, rend their Effects, and judge of their Virtues. FOR THE CURE OF .

FOR THE CURE OF
Hendache, Sick Hendache, Foul StomachFITHEREN, PA., May I, 1855.
Da. J. C. Ark. Sir: I have leven repealedly cured of the
norst headache any body can have by a deee or two of your
Fills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleane
at once. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is
worth knowing.

FOR W. PREBLE, Cerk of Stamer Carion.

EP. W. PREBLE, Cerk of Scamer Carion.

Billous Disorders and Liver Complaints.

DEPERTRENT OF THE INTERIOR, WASHINGTON, D.C., Feb., 1856

Siz: 1 have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best catherite we employ. Their regulating action on the heer is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable reacely for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilions disease so destinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Finternally yours,

ALONZO BALL, M. P., Physician of the Marine Hogsial.

Diseasers, Relax, and Worms. ALONZO BALL, M. P., Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Relaxy, and Worms.

Post Office, Hartasia, Liv. Co., Mich., Nov. 16, 1885.

Dr. Atta: Your Fills are the perfection of medicine. They have done my wife mere good than I can fell you. She had been sick and pining away for mouthle. Went off to be doctored at great expense, but got no better. She then commenced taking your Pills, which soon cured her, by expelling large quantities of worms (dead) from her body. They afterwards cured her, and our two children of bloody dysentery. One of our neighborhad it bad, and my wife cured him with two does of your Fills, while others around us guid from five to twenty dollars doctors bills, and lost much time, without being cured entirely even then. Such a medicine as yours, which is actually good and houest, will be prized here. GEO. J. GRIFFIN, Praimacter

Indigestion and Impurity of the Blood. From Rev. J. 7. Hence, Period of Advent Courch, Beston, Dr. Ayrk: 1 have used your Pills with extraordinary success To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can conf-dently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES Washen, Wroming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

Drag Sig: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purnative to cleanse the system and parify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Frysipeles, Scrofala, King's Evil, Tetter, Tumors, and Salt Rheum.

From a Forwarding Methant of S. Louis, Fth. 4, 1856.

Dr. Afer: Your Pills are the paragron of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mether has been long grievously affilieted with blotches and simples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

Rheumutism, Neuralgia, and Gout.

From the Rev. Dr. Howkes, of the Methodist Epis, Church.

PULISE HOUSE, SAVANAR, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SEE: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the least physicians the disease core where and worse with let. the best physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until, by I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By per severing in the use of them I am now entirely well. SENATE CHANDER, BATON ROUGE, LA. 5 Dec. 1835.

Dr. ATER: I have been entirely cured by your Pills of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had affilited me for year.

VINCENT SLIPELL.

For Dropsy, Plethorn, or kindred Com-plaints, requiring an active purge, they are an excellent For Costiveness or Constipation, and as Dinner Pill, they are agreeable and effectual.

Most of the pills in market contain Mercury, which, although evaluable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INPLUEN-

ZA, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH,

CROUP, ASTHMA, INCIPIENT and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

We need not speak to the public of its virtues. Throughouts every town, and almost every hamlet of the American States, its wonderful cures of pulmonary complaints have made it already known. Nay, few are the families in any civilized comitary on this continent without some personal experience of its effects; and fewer yet the communities any where which have not among them come living trophy of its victory over the subtle and dangerous diseases of the throat and lungs. While it is the most powerful antidote yet known to man for the formidable and dangerous diseases of the pulmonary organs, it is also the pleasantest and safest remedy that can be employed for infants and young persons. Parents should have it in store against the institious enemy that steals upon them unprepared. We have abundant grounds to believe the Cinkert Pacroant saves more lives by the consumptions it prevents than those it cares. Keep it by you, and cure your colds while they are cura ble, nor neglect them until no luman skill can master the in exerable canker that, fastened on the vitals, east your life away. All know the dreadful fatality of lung disorders, and as they know the dreadful fatality of lung disorders, and as they know too the virtues of this remedy, we need not do more that assure them it is still made the best it can be. We spare account on our care, no tell to produce it the most perfect possible, and thus afford those who rely on it the best agent which our skill can furnish for their cure.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass. AND SOLD BY
ABEL TURRELL, and by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers.—n14v3v1cw

Read the following Letter. HOME TESTIMONY.

We have received the following letter in relation Dr. Monse's Indian Root Pills. ACBURN FOUR CORNERS, Susq. Co., Pa., Sept. 28th, 1856. \
Messrs A. J. White & Co., New York:—
"The Morse's Indian Root Pills had from you give "The Morse's Indian Root Pills had from you give universal satisfaction, in every instance, and our farmers use them for almost everything. The Dysenser has been raging in this section to an alarming extent, for the last six months, scarckly a single they have established a flourishing business amily having escaped, excert those where your pills have been then as a Preventive, in which case moment a house ceases to advertise, however they have NEVER FAILED. I will inform you shortly how to send a further supply. Your ob't. Serv't."
ALPHONSO H. SMITH.

Proprietors.

FARMERS ATTENDIL THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the FARMERS and all others interested, that we

pared to furnish PLOWS of the most approved parterns now in use, such as Blatchley's, Mott's Iron Beam, de. Also Points of all kinds, Landsides, Cu'tivator teeth, and all kinds of castings for Farmers and others, all of which we propose to sell as low as can be afforded by any establishment in this com-

Miscellaneous

BODILY CABBIAGE. - Instead of giving sorts of rules about turning out the toes and straightening up the body, and holding the shoulders back, all of which are impractice hle to many because soon forgotten, or a feeling of awkwardness and discomfort which procures a willing oppission, all that is necestary to seeme the object is to hold up the hend and move on, letting the shoulders and toes take care of themselves. Walk with the chin but slightly above a horizontal line, or with your eyes directed to things a little hind er than your head. In this way you walk properly, pleasurably, and without any fear or restraint of awkwardness, If any on wishes to be aided in securing this habitage carriage of body, accustom yourselves to carry your hands behind you, one hand grasping the opposite wrist. Englishmen are admired the world over for their full chests and bross shoulders, and sturdy frames and manly bear ing. This position of body is a favorite will

them, in the simple promenade in a garden or gallery, in attending ladies along a crowd. ed street, in standing on the street or in pul. lie worship: Many persons spend a large portion of their waking existence in the sitting postum A single rule, well attended to, in this con. nection, would be of incalculable value to mal titudes. Use chairs with the old-fashioned straight backs, inclining backward, and in with the lower portion of the body elog against the back of the chair at the scat; and one who tries it will observe in a moment, grateful support of the whole spine. And re

taught from the children should not be taught from the control of the children should not be taught from the control of the children should not be taught from the body on the children should not be control of the children of the children should not be children to the children of the children in the children of the ch cially among men, is with the shoulders ; gainst the chair back, with a space of severs inches between the chair back and the lower portion of the spine, giving the body the shape of a half hoop. It is the instantaneous instinctive, and almost universal position as sumed by any consumptive on sitting down unless counteracted by an effort of the will hence parents should regard such a position in their children with apprehension, and should

rectify it at once. 🕠 The best position after eating a regular meal is to have the hands behind the back, the head erect, in moderate locomotion, and in the open air, if the weather is not chilly Half an hour spent in this way after meals at least after breakfast and dinner, would ald health and length of days to women in early life and to all sedentary men. It is a thought which merits attention .- [Hall's Journal of

CANADA THISTLES. - Canada Thistles are a great pest of the farm. They fill up both pastures and meadows, and, if allowed to multiply, will take possession and drive out the grasses. Cultivation will of course kill them, but the seed is scattered in immean. rable quantities from the plants that stand neglected in the corners of the fields and fences, and by the road-side. We have never been more struck with the wastefulness and wickedness of Virginia worm fence, than in traveling through the districts, infested with this weed. Every corner of the zigzig was full, and securely nestled beyond the read

of scythe the neglected pests scattered their prolific seeds. It is commonly recommended to cut them while in bloom, an inch or two above the ground, so that the hallow stalk may be filled with water with the first rain, and the root be killed. This may be effectual, if the rain comes seasonably; but we doubt if anything short of thorough cultivation will redeem the land that is already stocked with this plant, Every farmer should see to it that his pastures, fences and road side, are thoroughly cleansed of this pest. Mowing will prevent them from going to seed, and, if followed up vigorously, will kill them. No plant can long survive the constant cutting of its stem and leaves. Let the first work after having be the destruction of the thistles .- Am. Ay-

riculturist.

Asues as Manure.-No farmer now adays throws away his ashes, but all do not know in what quantities to apply them to their lands. A practical correspondent of the Genessee Karmer gives his experience briefly Fits, Suppression, Paralysis, Inflammation, and even Deafness, and Partial Blindness, have been leached and unleached, I can speak with consumed by the alterative action of those Pills. fidence, having seen very encouraging results from their use on grass. On a meadow of the aforesaid soil, which had been in grass several years and nearly run out, leached ashes were spread on in the fall at the rate of about forty bushels to the acre. The next season the hay crop on that part treated with ashes was more than double what it was on the rest of the field, according to the extent; CONSUMPTION, and for the rest of the field, according to the extent; and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages and the season following the effects of the ashes were nearly as great—the grass growing more luxuriantly, and keeping green longer than the rest. Unleached ashes were tried in smaller quantities, with similar effect. For reclaiming grass land that has been cropped for years, I think there is no manure, accessible to all farmers, that is as beneficial as wood ashes, as they contain, to a great extent, those elements, which have been exhausted from

the soil by the growing plants. RECEIPT FOR USE OF AFRICAN VINEGAR PLANT. To one gallon lukewarm water add one half pound dark brown sugar, mix well, and place the plant in the liquid, in a warm temperature, and allow it to remain one month; strain and bottle for use, and renew the liquor as directed; as the layers of the plant increase they are removed.—E. M. D. This is the usual receipt for making vinegar, and ripening it by the fungus or mother, called the vinegar plant, which is produced by vinegar; calling it the African vinegar plant is new to us, for which we should like to know the reason.]-Irish Farmer's Guzette,

THE PRESS AND GOOD BUSINESS,-There no discount on the truth of this paragraph ? "Some men advertise for a short time after moment a house ceases to advertise, however large its reputation and Randing, it begins to decline. The changes are so rapid in this Such letters as the above need no comment from us, country, the public mind is so constantly octhey ought to convince all of what we firmly believe, cupied by new applicants for its favor and that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are the very best its attention, that to be out of the papers its attention, that to be out of the papers Sold in Montrose by S. H. & D. Sayre, and by one person in every town, and in all country stores. A. J. White & Co., 2 St. Peters Place, New York, sole is daily more and more becoming a necessity, and its usefulness as an advertising medium is as constantly increasing. No man is wise, or just to himself, who undertakes to do business without availing himself of its advan-

> O! whistle, daughter, whistle, and you shall have a cow. I never whistled in my ife, and I cannot whistle now. O! whistle, daughter, whistle, and you shall have a man. I never whistled in my

EVERY SHOULD PURCHASE ONE OF

WATERTOWN, N. Y.

RECEIVED THE FIRST & HIGHEST

AND FOR SALE ONLY BY

R. H. Eaton & Co.

Harferd, Sasquelianna Co., Pa.

NOTICE:

AND FOR SALE ONLY BY

Response desirous of paying me money, on debts of any description, can do so by leaving their payments: with Post, Cooper & Co., Bankers, Montrose, to my credit, whose receipts will be allowed from their date.

April 18, 1856.—1

April 18, 1856.—1

And Tille:

We are also agents for Emery'a Horse Powers, Drag and Circular Saws for wood, also Dog Churn Powers, which we can furnish on short notice.

Mostrose, Jan. 7, 1657.

Mostrose, Jan. 7, 1657.