z military roads. It might also be wise to is in favor of the freedom of Dred Scott and cusider whether the leve for the Union which his family, who were free under decknons for now animates our follow citizens on the Pa- the last twenty-eight years. cife coast may not be impaired by our neg. Justice Ourthe distented from the opinion leet or refusal to provide for them, in their of the majority of the Court, as delivered by remote and isolated condition, the only means? Chief Justice Taney and give his reasons for

remote and isolated condition the only include discenting by which the power of the States on this side discenting the state bar colored of the Rocky Mountains can reach them in He maintained that native bar of the States and of

sufficient time to protect them against invasion. persons can be citizens of the States and of I forbear for the present from expressing the United States; that Dred Scott and his an opinion as to the wisest and most econom- family were free when they returned to Misical mode in which the government can land souris that the power of Congress to make its aid in accomplishing this great and neces- all needful regulations respecting territory, sary work; I believe that many of the difficul- | was not, as the majority of the Court express ties in the way which now appear formidable, cd. limited to territory belonging to the Uni-will in a great degree vanish as soon as the t.d States at the time of the adoption of the neurest and best route shull have been entire Gonstitution, but has been applied to five factorily ascertained. It may be right that on subsequent acquisitions of lands; that Conthis measured should make some brief ras gress has power to exclude slavery from the marks in regard to our rights and duties as a Territories, having established eight Territomember of the great family of nations. In our rial Governments without it, mid recognized intercourse with them, there are some plain slavery in six, from the days of Washington principles approved by our own experiences to John Quincy Adams. from which we should never depart. These opinions occupied five hours in de-

fixed by law.

Wo ought to cultivate peace, rommerce, and livery. Justices Wayne, Grier, Campbell, frieudship with all nations, and this, not mere- and Daniel, had papers expressing their ly as the best means of promoting our own views on certain points of the opinion of the material interests but in a spirit of Christian Court, but did not read them. bepeyalence towards our tellow men wher. The Court then adjourned until the time ever their lot may be east ..

Ats

Our diplomacy should be direct and frank -heither seeking to obtain more, nor excepting less, than is our due, we ought to cherish a sacred regard for the independence of all na- | E. B. Chase, late of Montrose, contains the tions, and beyer attempt to interfere in the following article, showing that the editor has domestic concerns many, unless this shall be importatively required by the great law of selfpreservation. To avoid entangling alliances has lidence. The facts of the case are so well been a maxim of our philley ever since the days known by the people of this county that the of Washington, and its wisdom no one will falschoods of the article will be detected at attempt to dispute.

In short we ought to do justice in a kindly however, we will designate by printing them spirit to all nations, and require justice from them in return. It is our glory that whilst other nations in italies:

"S. B. CHASE, Esq., of the House of Rep. have extended their dominious by the sword, resentatives, at Harrisburg, will please acwe have rever acquired any territory except cept the thanks of one of the Publishers of by fair purchase, or, as in the case of Texas, by this paper, for a copy of his recent speech the voluptary determination of a brave, kins | "on the Resolutions relative to the admission dred & independent people to blend their desti- of Kansas into the Federal Union," But nies with our own. Evert our acquisitions from, while returning our thanks we desire to make Mexico form no exception. Unwilling to take | a few remarks in regard to the political course | his election to those who are laboring by evadvantage of the fortune of war against a sis for the gentleman, during the last four years. ter republic, we purchased these possessions at which time he was a Democrat,-editor of under the trenty of pouce for a sum which a Democratic poper, and an advocite of the was considered at the time's fair equivalent, very doctrine he now condemns. After the Our past history forbids that we should in the passage of the Kansas Nebraska Bill, for near-Suffire sequire territory," unless this he same Ily asycar he retained his adherence to the tioned by the laws of justice and henor. Act. Democratic party, making himself very coning on this principle, ho nation will nave a right | splenous in their county incetings, and heap. to interfere or to complain, if in the progress ing the most butter taunts upon the head of his of events we shall still further extend our pos- nois pulitical futher and beacon-light. David sessions, Hitherth, mall our acquisitions, the Wilmot, of Bradford county, at present an aspeople under the protection of the American | pirant for the Gubernatorial chair.

flig, have enjoyed dvil and religious liberty, WNo one, at that time, suspected the integas well as equal and just laws, and have been rity of Mr. Chase - the democratic party, contented, prosperoas and happy. Their trade | the party that had raised him to a standing with the rest of the world has rapidly increas. | among men, -- given him a character-din not ed and thus every commercial nation has share suspect his trenchery, and it was not nutil his racy of Susquehanna county by resolutions ed largely in their successful progress. I shalt name appeared in the Know Nothing papers in their county conventions, and by their parnow proceed to take the oath prescribed by of the State as one of a certain committee to a ty organ-is emphatically endorsed by the the Constitution-whilst humbly invoking the K. N. Convention that he was known. "Ri. blessings of Divine Providence on this great | ding two horses" he thought himself safe !people JAMES BECHANAN. But "truth is mighty and must prevail," and 1 N while he was engaged in the secret work others .

Decision of the Dred Scott Case.

THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT DE their professions (we are unable to say which.) own affairs and consequently may exclude "CLARES THE NATIONALTRY OF SLAVERY .- fold the Democratic party where he stood. The Missouri Compromise PRONOUNCED When asked, by some of the leading Demo-ENCONSTITUTIONAL-FREEDOM TO BE CON- crais, why his name appeared on that Com-FINED TO THE EXISTING FREE STATES, AND miller, he replied that he did not know, that proceeds to explain that by popular sover-SLAVERT TO MAVE THE TERRITORIES.



The Independent Republican.

C. F. READ & H. H. FRAZIER. EDITORS MONTROSS. PA. Thursday, March 12, 1857.

REPUBLICAN TICKET FOR 1860. FOR PRESIDENT. JOHN CHARLES FREMONT. FUR VICE PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM L. DAYTON.

The Inaugural. President Buchanan's Inaugural Address

s a much stronger pro-Slavery document than was that of President Pierce; and we have A late number of the Herald of the no reason to expect that his administration Union, published at Scranton, and edited by will not in as great a degree excel that of Pierce in subserviency to the Slave Power. not changed his character in changing his respurpose of ascertaining, by his own admissions, where the man who was supported by once-a few of the more prominent of which,

the 'Democracy' of this section, on the ground that he would pursue a different policy from that of Franklin Pierce on the question of Slavery in the Territories, really stands on that question. Passing by that portion wherein he invokes "the God of our fathers" to enable him "to preserve our Free institutions," as a rhetorical flourish, quite out of place in an address from one who owes ery means, even violence and bloodshed, to preserve and extend our Slave institutions, and to whose interests he is pledged by the Cincinnati platform, we come to that part of

his address in which he enunciates the new doctrines that the sham Democracy are now required by their Southern masters to be lieve. The doctrine of popular sovereignty -which takes away from Congress the now er it has always till recently exercised, of ex cluding Slavery from such Territories as i may see fit-a doctrine which has been re

peatedly condemned by the regular Demosnew President. But the slave holders having repudiated, as dangerous to their interests,

the simple popular sovereignty doctrine that more hardened in iniquity, or more honest in the people of a Territory may manage their Slavery while remaining in a Territorial condition (Mr. Buchanan 'repudiates it also, and

Mr. Buchanan declares in favor of the construction of some sort of a road through our The Inauguration of the new President, at the territory to the Pacific, by the generalisgov. National Capital, on the 4th inst. was accom-

man may think, talk, and vote as he pleases plomatic Corps, the Heads of Departments, on the question of internal improvements, tariffs, or any thing else, and still be held a of the Supreme Court, in their official robes,

good Democrat, provided he is " sound on various distinguished army and naval officers, the goose," as Mr. Buchanan evidently is. The new President hints but indefinitely lar milery was filled with ladies at an early at the doctrine of his Ostend manifesto, but hour, and members of the 34th and 35th Con follows: it is supposed that we shall hear more of

hat soon, as the acquisition of Cuba for the benefit and strengthening of the Slave Power, is to be the great leading object of his administration.

We have not room for further comments ou this document at present : but will re-

mark that Mr. Buchanan, when he refers so complacently to the manner in which the de feated party in the late Presidential contest submitted to their defeat, pays the Republicans a deserved compliment, at the expense of their opponents, who threatened that if We propose to examine some of the points the Republicans succeed they would not subin the inaugural of the new President; for the mit, thereby frightening many nervous old women in pantaloons into voting pro-Slavery, "to preserve the Union."

Within a few days past the fatal him. web which Slavery is weaving, with dire skill, around our broad western Territories, has of a State Constitution, passed by the Bogus and the Rocky Mountains. been tightened and strengthened by the hands | Legislature of Kansas-over the veto of Gov. of Mr. Buchanan and a majority of the Judg- Geary-which provides that a census of those es of the Supreme Court of the United Sates. "actually residing" in the Territory between The warning voice of the friends of free insti- the 1st day of March and the 1st day of A. tutions and genuine Democracy, against per- pril, shall be taken by the Sheriffs and their mitting the Slave Power again to triumph Deputies, and that lists of the names of such in the election of a Federal Executive, was by persons shall be filed with the Judges of Protoo many unbeeded, and the prediction that bate in the respective counties, who shall have has not entirely escaped. such a triumph would be followed by furth power to alter and amend the same, - is a er destruction of the ancient land-marks of very ingenious plan for making Kansas a Slave freedom, is already verified. What man, with State. Only those whose names appear on the heart of a freeman beating in his bosom, the lists, as amended, will be entitled to vote can read the decision of the majority of the for members of the Constitutional Conven-Judges of the Supreme Court, in the case of tion ; and the Sheriffs and Judges of Probate, Dred Scott, without a feeling of indignation, being all creatures of the Bogus Legislature, and a blush for the deep disgrace that has elected by that body, will by this act be enfallen upon his native land, the boasted land abled to make their arrangements systematof Liberty and Democracy? By this most | ically beforehand, so as to ensure a pro-slaveunrighteous decision the whole policy of a ry majority in the Convention, and consegovernment founded and once administered quently the adoption of a pro-Slavery constifor the promotion of freedom and the rights | tution. The act contains no provision for of man, is' reversed-treedom is sectional- referring the work of the Convention to the ized and slavery nationalized,-Slavery be people, to be approved or disapproved by tion. comes the openly-avowed pet of the nationthem. If it is successfully carried out, Kanal government; and the Constitution, "the sas will probably be admitted as a Slave charter of Liberty," is but an instrument for State next Winter.

the propagation of slavery. Had the doctrines of this decision, instead of being kept back till slavery had secured another Presidential triumph, been pro-

INAUGURATION OF PRESIDENT BUCHANAN .----MCKIM, THE MURDERER-TWO T DOLLARS REWARD. - David S. McKi territory to the Facine, by the general gov. Isational Capital, on the studies. A large na Pa; some time since, is still at lat dorsing the constituted alive of carbonic on dorse of people from all parts of the Uniternal improvements by the general pover in attendance. The oath of office he had been arested at Wilkesbarre, we emment. Mr. Bichanan has nown that he was attendance in the Senate Chammurdered Mr. Samuel T. Norcross, at correct. He is supposed to be some is no Democrat; but we do not think so, ber, by Chief Justice Taney, in the presence in New York State, making his way to since it has now come to be a fact that a of the Schate, the retiring President, the Di- ada. The Governor of Pennsylvania has d fered \$1000 reward for his arrest; the peo Governors of States and Territories, Justices ple of Altoona, \$200; the friends of the deceased; \$300; the Governor of Massachusetts, (of which State Norcross was a citizen,) and other privileged persons. The semicircu-\$500, making in all \$2000. McKim has one mark which will certainly identify him, as

gresses were admitted to the Eastern lobby. "He has been shot through one of hi hands by the accidental discharge of a plan leaving a conspicuous scar in the palm a on the back of his hand, and causing the tile finger to be crooked, the next find After the oath was administered, those in the Senate Chamber proceeded to the Eastern portico of the Capitol, where a platform had been erected, from which President Buchanan be stiff and straight, and the next on delivered, in the presence of a vast concourse, ly stiff." his Inaugural Address.-At the close of the

NEW PUBLICATIONS .--- Among Address, the ex-President advanced and ofworks mentioned as being in press, fered his congratulations to the President, "Vivia; the Secret of Power," 5 and was followed by the other dignitaries.-D. E. N. Southworth. author of The crowd renewed their cheering, and thir. Heiress" drc., which will be put ty-one guns, from Capitol Hill, thundered B. Peterson, No. 102 Chestnut forth the news that a new President had enphia, on the 14th inst. and w tered upon his term of office. The President be equal to any of the remarks then returned to the Senate Chamber, and productions of Mrs. South soon after was conducted to the White House, same enterprising publisher the ex-President and others accompanying as published March 7th, "The rder Rover, a tale, by Emerson Benne be scene o

The law providing for the adoption | which is laid in Kansas Terr ry, Missouri, Either work will be sent, ee of postage to any part of the United Su s: for one do lar remitted by letter to the ublisher. GARROTERS ABOUT .- It se the manners and customs by cities are disgraced, are bein the rural districts, and the

ces, within the last few d vs, young ladies who happened to be out infour streets done some friend. In one case, a young lady, pasning, was suddenly approached by a strange man, and actually seized / by the throat; but at once pass a resolution, and adhere to it, either from his want of determination or her energetic resistance, she i mmediately escaped from his grasp, and fled. We have been requested not to mention mames in this connec-

It should be recollected that the garroting process enables the performer to accomplish his purposes without any alarm being given. HON. CHARLES SUMNER sailed for Europe-Beware of the garroters.

from New York on Saturday last, per Steam-We would respectfully suggest to ship Fulton. On Friday evening previous a those societies for which we are in the habit

For the Republican.

OUSAND

Teachers for the Summer Schools. wh Wa have seen so much trouble and dis-Atog appointment result from a want of promptness and cate on the part of those who have charge of the employing of teachers, that we Teel it to be our duty to call attention to this point at once, and see if some remedy cannot be applied, that will relieve us, in a measure, from the difficulty. The time has now come; if not already

passed, when teachers should be selected for the summer schools. We find it universally the case that those towns that take most pains and care to select the brat trainers and those at the earliest day possible, have the

least faate to find with thete a factor also find it university abd erse where Those towns which take the opposite comre-leave the hiring of teachers until the very week the schools should open, and then take an with those they can gel, and oven press into their schools those who have not intended to bach, lia's and are consequently ill prepared to teach have most fault to find with their schools and Irs. E. the Common School System, and sometimes The Lost with us because wo object to the public monhed by T. ey being squandered upon worthless teach-Philadel. ers (keepers ?) from, which the people are is said to ceiving no benefit and who are in finton interesting actual damage to the schools, in which, they th. The

occupy the place a teacher should the tout of the 80000nce We are inclined to the opinion that too many young teachers are employed for the good of the schools. Now it houst be copstantly kept in mind that a mature judgment and a reasonable share of that old secting quality, good common sense, are just at neo-

essary us a knowledge of books - bela are indispensable in a TEACHER. The sentiment, " good schouls, or none," ns that some of which our large is every day gaining favor with the people introduced into and it will be a glorious day for the youth of the county when it shall bissome not only even Montrose universal as a sentiment, but universally apseveral instanplied in practice. We intend to hold examinations in negat in the evening, have been followed by men of the towns (all if we can) of the county duunknown to them, and after being dogged in ring the month of April, and we hope that different directions by their pursuers, have all those who expect to teach will be present, escaped by seeking refuge in the house of as we shall insist upon all teachers being eramined in the presence of the Directors of sirg an unfrequented spot alone in the eve- the town where they intend to teach.

We hope that each Board Marchettors will that all teachers teaching in their respective districts shall be examined before them, and as many of the citizens as chooses to attend. unless it be specially ordered otherwise. We shall not deem it judicious to examine teacher ers under other circumstances in future, unless the teacher have an order to that effect. signed by the President and Sec. of the Board. of Directors of the District in which he or. she expects to teach. We doem this due both to the Directors and people, and we shall cheerfully cooperate with the directors, in rendering such a resolve effective. We have mailed a blank Certificate, of publishing notices, reports of proceedings, Affidavit attached, to each of the Secretari &c., gratis, the propriety of making two cop-ies of the documents they wish printed, and they are not received by them, they will please give me immediate notice. not of sufficient importance to warrant wri-boards of Directors, will please transmit, to us the hanies of the newly elected officers of terested, are not of sufficient importance for the board, as soon as convenient, B. F. TEWKSBURY County Supt

WASHINGTON, March 6 .- The opinion of Demecratic party, and that his name appearthe Supreme Court in the case of Dred'Scott, ed there without his consent. Thinking per-was delivered to-day, by Chief Justice Ta- haps that his word would not be doubled, he ney, It was a foll and elaborate statement still played the dog for both parties as long can not exclude it before. This construction of the views of the Court. They have deci as the least confidence was placed in him by permits the practical establishment of Staveded the following all important points: First the Democrats, - and when they had become ry in a territory, against the wishes of a ma-This negroes, whether slaves or free, that sensi'le enough to distrust him, he not desir-is men of the African race, are not citizens ing to be with the weaker party, and the Repub-trine of nonular severaismty 1. It dealers of the United States by the Constitution .- licans being in the ascendency, he as a matter Second That the ordinance of 1787 had no of course jumped that way. Wilmot made a that Congress shall not make laws excluding independent constitutional force or legal ef- bid, and he thinking more of the "thirty pieces slavery from the Territories, nor shall the fect subsequently to the adoption of the Con- of silver," than of his character as a politician, peuple of the Territories' themselves. This stitution, and could not operate of itself to sold kimself as a voluntary t ol of Wilmot and confer freedon or citizenship within the his worshipers, - men who he denounced time Northwest Territory; on negroes not citizens and again as political pagabonds. by the Constitution. Third-That the pro-"It is not altogether the greatness of the vision of the set of 1820, compromly called man that causes us to make these remarks, the Missouri Combromise, in so far as it un fout we do so more than anything else, to show dertook to exclude negro Slavery from, and of what material the Republican party is made communicate freedom and citizenship to ne- up. , Mr. Chase, now one of the most ardent groes in the northern part of the Louisiana supporters of that party, was until within two cession, was a Legislative act exceeding the years, or pretended to be, a Democrat. But powers of Congress and "void," and of no niggerism being in the ascendency in his par- thrown open to it; and the miserable sublegal effect to that end. In deciding these ticular locality and Wilmot a g d in the terfuge of popular sovereignty was thought main points the Supreme Court determined eyes of the Republicans, and especially office to afford the most plausible means of delude the following incidental points: The spress seekers of whom Mr. C. is one, he had to reton "Territory and other property" of the nonnee his former doctrines-had to tear him-Union in the Constitution, applies," in terms" self away from those who made him a manonly to such Territore as the Union possessed give up the Ne raska Kansas Bill, which he nt the time of the adoption of the Constitu- had from the first, advocated with much zeal,

United States; emigrating into any Federal obtain an office. Territory, and the power of the Federal Gov- As a relative and a citizen we respect him ernment there, depend on the general provis- but as a politician we distrust him. And ions of the Constitution, which defines in this, should these remarks meet his eye, we trust resident inhabitant [of a Territory] the free as in all other respects, the powers of Con- he will take no offence, for there is nothing and independant expression of his opinion by gress. Third As Congress does not possess in them intended as malicious, and will proba- his vote." We hope ; that' Mr. Buchaman, gress Third As Congress does not possess in them intended as matterious, and the proof in the store of the store of the power stell to make enactments relative to bly never reach his District, thereby injuring having sworn to perform the duties of his nited States in Tederal' territory, other than such as the Constitution confers, so it cannot

constitutionally delegate any such powers to a Territorial Government or ganized by it un-der the Constitution. Fourth-The legal condition of a shave in the State of Missouri is not affected by the temporary sejourn of see those who have been so virtuously indigsuch slave in any other State, but on his re- nant at "fusion," suddenly joining hands and turn, his condition still depends on the laws "fusing." The "Americans" mounting that Mr. Buchanan hopes that the long-continued of Missouri. As the plaintiff was not a citi- Cucinnati Platform which they have professzen of Missouri, and therefore could not sne ei to denounce, and the "Democrats" carrying

in the Courts of the United States, the suit that " Dark Lantern" which they have affect must be dismissed for want of jurisdiction. | ed to abhor ! The "Sons of the Star Span-The delivery of this opinion occupied about gled Banner" hargaining for the "Foreign three hours, and it was listened to with pro- Vote," while Germans and Irishmen are ent endorsement by the nation of their defound attention by a crowded Court room .- marched up by Democratic leaders, to vote Among the auditors were many gentlemen of for "Nativism" and " Proscription !" Times

The Coalition in New York.

plicate being for a militin tux of 1850. That

s the may they do up things there-pay their

eminent legal ability, and a due proportion change and men change with them, but who of ladies. ever expected to see the Council Room down Justice Nelson stated the merits of the in Taumany Hall, and the Atlas crowing sion will quictly submit, and make no more case, the question being whether or not the over the elections of K. N. Sopervisors ! removal of Scott-from Missonri with his mas-But it wou't do. It takes something more ter to Illinois, with a view of temporary rest than rotten timber to prop a falling house. Slavery is as wrong now as it was when Jeftained, that the question depended solely in fuse, and worse where they did. They lose

judgment of the Court below should be at nearly every Board. They lose ground in ion of Slavery from the Territories and the Monigomery, Fulton, Chemung and Jeffer-Justice Catron believed the Supreme Court son; they are beaten in Broome, Lewis, and

mas jurisdiction to decide the merits of the Tioga; and they are next to annihilated in case. He argued that Congress could not do Steuben, Sr. Law rence and Onondaga. The directly what it could not do indirectly. If Republicans carry more than both factions it could exclude one species of property it put together. Honest men gait both when could another. With regard to the Territa- each discards its principles in a race for office. rics ceded, Congress could govern them only They have abandoned all their principles for with the restrictions of the States which coded | two-Slavery and the Spoils-and those two them, and the Missouri act of 1820, violated, are at once the source of their weakness and brother Judges, that Scott is a slave, and was so when the suit was brought.

Several other of the Judges are to deliver their views to morrow. March 7-Io the U. S. Supreme Court,

this morning, Justice McLean delivered his views, arguing that slavery is limited to the rauge of the State were established by mere municipal law. If Congress deep slaves or free colored persons injurious to the territory, they have the power to prohibit them from

anire trester esties with it the nurse to solendid entertainment for his noticultar for his noticultar of March 19th. Fare through to Kansas, \$23.

e had no connection with any other than the eignty he means that the people of the Territory may exclude or recognize slavery when they come to form a State Constitution, but trine of popular sovereignty ! It declares doctrine, carried out to its legitimate con-

clusion, would make the people of the Territories a singular company of outlaws, whose country refuses to govern them, or to permit them to govern themselves. Such ridic. ulous doctrines would never have been promulgated, but that Slavery demanded that all the Territories of the Union should be ing the northern people into acquiescence in slavery's demands. Mr. Buchanan administers a most wither-

tion. Second—The rights of citizens of the and go the way that he would be most sure to he says, in this connection, "It is the impering rebuke to his predecessor in office, when ative and indispensible duty of the government of the United States to secure to every

> high office, will see that this "imperative duty" of the government is performed, and not In nearly every county that has held Town deliver up the people of a Territory to the Meetings, the Democrats and Know Nothings tender mercies of ruffianly invaders, like his (what is left of them) have united against the, Republicans. It is an edifying spectacle to guilty predecessor.

Assuming that the Slavery question is settled,on the basis of the Nebraska-Kansas act, slavery agitation is approaching its end.-That is to say, the Slave Power having triumphed, and secured, by the election of Buchanan on the Cincinnati platform, the apparmand that slavery shall have free access to all the Territories, Mr. Buchanan devoutly hopes that the opponents of Slavery-extenfuss about it, so that he may have an easy

ferson "trembled for his country when he rethe law of Missouri, and for that reason the votes in every county, and Supervisors in membered that God is just;" and the exclusconsecration of their soil to freedom forever, can be lawfully done by Congress now, as of Washington.

The President's idea of preserving the government free from corruption, is a good one -especially from one who owes his election to the corruption practiced in Pennsylvania PATTERN COUSTY .- Every dollar of State corruption wherever it exists, restoring the and County Tax assessed upon Susquehanna executive department of the government to county for 1856 (amounting to \$17,000) is collected or exonerated-all the unsettled du-

other needed reforms, against the perver- in this region last Fall, sion of the Post Office Department into an taxes prointely, without loss or delay, and instrument of tyranny not only for punishvote, the Republican licket - Lewisburgh ing refractory Republican Postmasters, but has shown himself or th Bench suple tool whole communities where the people dare to of the Slave Power, and is such eseres the Father Keenan, the Iridi Roman Cath- vote the Republican ticket. Under our late support of the doughtace

ulgated a year ago, or had Mr. Buchanan then avowed the extreme southern doctrines of his Inaugural, unother verdict might have been accorded by the people, and freedom not have been ericken down in the house of its friends. But what now have we to hope for, but the permanent subjugation of the Union to the control of an aristocratical, anti-democratic Slaveholding Oligarchy ?

Is will be seen that Mr. Buchanan has ormed a decidedly pro-slavery Cabinet guine that the sea voyage and the genial cli-Gen. Cass, the venerable office-seeker and of. mate of the south of France will fully restore fice-holder, and father of the miserable delu. him. He was heartily cheered on his deparsion of squatter sovereignty, having been giv. ture, Saturday, by a group of personal and en leave by the people to retire from the Sen. political friends, and a salute of thirty-one ate, because of his proving false to Northern | guns was fired in his honor, under the direcprinciples, is provided for by being elevated tion of a Committee of the Young Men's Cento the first place in the Cabinet. Howell tral Republican Union. Cobb, of Georgia, Secretary of the Treasury, is said to possess more force of character than any other member of the Gabinet; and it is thought that he will exert a controlling influence in the Administration. Jacob Thomp. son, Secretary of the Interior, is a Mississippi sccessionist, and is supposed to have been placed in the Cabinet tosatisfy the rullifying and secession branch of the Democracy. John B. Floyd, Secretary of War, is one of the

F. F. V's, and was seleted by Gov. Wise to next annual meeting of the Association at represent that branch of the American nobility in the Cabinet. Iste Toucey, Secretary habitants" in the several townships of Susof the Navy, having ben repudiated by the people of Connecticut a doughface and an any facts within their knowledge, concerning unfaithful public servas, finds the reward of his treachery in a Cabiet appointment. Aations, adventures, &c. ron V. Brown, was femerly Governor of Tennessee, and now succeeds Jas. Campbell

We are requested to call attention to as Postmaster-General and we hope he will the advertisement of the Wayne County make a better one-hecan hardly make a Teachers' Institute, in our columns this week, worse. Judge Black our Pennsylvania and also to announce that after the close of Supreme Court, is Arrney General. He the Institute, the University buildings will has had but little explience in political af. undergo thorough repairs; and that the regfairs, and was only seleted at last amid great | ular session of the School will open in Septribulation and doubt the part of the Pres. | tember next, with a Normal and a Civil and ident, who finds the laters of the Pennsyl. | Topographical/Engineering Department, and vania Shamocracy justing much disposed to will afford therough instruction in the Science quarrel over the divis of the spails. and Art of Teaching, in Engineering, in the Such is the composition of the new Cabinet | Languages, ancient and modern, in Music, vo--four Southerners to see Northerners, and cal and instrumental, and in Drawing and the latter all." Northermen, with Southern Painting. The services of Hezekiah Watkins, C. E., B. N. S., of the Rensselaer, principles." Troy Polytechnic Institute, have been secured

STATE CONVERTION-The Buchaneers of as Professor of the Engineering Department. Pennsylvania held a Evention at Harrisburg, March 2d, to nomate candidates for The Protestants of France have ad Governor, Canal Commissioner, and Judge of dressed their brethren in this country on the the Supreme Court. It the Governorship, great sin of holding human beings in Shave-

the most prominent agants were, Wm. F. ry. The views they express on the subject when the act of 1787 received the approval Packer, Samuel Black, 7m. H. Witte, Wil- are not novel. They were once held and liam Hopkins, and J. Pter Brawley. Wm. openly promulgated by Christian Churches F. Packer, of Lycomla county, was nonni- in this country; but that was while the prinnated, on the 25th balk Ger. Packer has ciples that led to our Independence were still served in both branches f the State Legisla- strong in the hearts of the people, and before the leading features of the Constitution, and the bond of their union. - Albony Evening by Forney and other of his friends -- and we politician, but possessed considerable talent class" in this country that the United States ture, and has the repution of being a fishy it had been determined by the "governing by Forney and other of his friends-and we politician, but possessed considerable talent class" in this country that the United States two Judges of the Supreme Court of this At a special meating of the Executive Com-hope ho will do all in his power to root out and plausibility of maner. He wis the fa-should become the bulwark of a system that vorite candidate of Snople, who hils from has been discarded as wicked and inhuman by the same county, and the was liging the the most despotie governments of the old its original purity, and providing, among wires for the nomination his fried while world.

> For Supreme Court Jige Elis Lwis, the present incumbent, wasre-nominate. He

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company of his friends, including Col. Fremont and Lady, Mr. George Sumner, Alfred Pell Esq., and others, assembled at the house of John Jay Esq., in that city, to do honor to sending one to each paper. Matters that are the distinguished Senator, who was the guest of Mr. Jay. During the evening Delegations from the Young Men's Republican General Committee, and the Republican Central Unus to copy, a week after their appearance in ion, called on Mr. Sumner, and tendered other papers. We sometimes receive from their congratulations on his returning health. the Democrat office, after our paper has gone Though not well, he is improving, and is santo press, manuscripts which we are requested to "insert this week." Such 'copy' goes under the table.

The Judges of the Supreme Court of Wayne, of Georgia, John Catron, of Tennessee, Peter V. Daniel, of Virginia, Samuel Nelson, of New York, Robert C. Grier, of PIONEER FESTIVAL -- At the Festival of the Pennsylvania, Benjamin R. Curtis, of Massa-Pioneer and Historical Association of the Susquehanna and Chemung Valleys, held at lth-It will be seen that, like Mr. Buchanan's Cabaca, N. Y., on the 24th ult., it was determined inet, the Supreme Court is composed of a that the next Festival should be held at Montrose, on the first Wednesday of June, 1858. The Hon. Wm. Jessup was elected President for the ensuing year; and committees were appointed to collect facts and statistics of hisgainst the decision of the majority in the Slave torical interest, and report the same at the case just decided.

QUERY .-- If as Judge Taney tells us, a ne-Montrose. It is hoped that our "oldest mgro cannot be a citizen of the United States quehanna county, will be prepared to report how large a proportion of white blood must an individual born free in the United States, the early settlers, their origin, habits, privaship? And, if we manage to steal Cuba, which has 300,000 or 400,000 slaves, 200,000 free Blacks, and only some 300,000 other freemen of all hues-a large proportion of

whom are mulattoes, mestizons, and all sorts of mixtures of Spaniards, Negroes, Indians, Sc.-how are we to determine which of them shall be admitted to the rights and privileges of citizens of this free and enlightened nation t

Chief Justice Taney, who for the purpose of opening all our Territories to Slavery, has just pronounced a decision in the Dred Scott case, condemning as unconstitutional the principles on which the government has been administered from its foundation, is a Roman Catholic. There is about as much Democracy in him as in the Pope of Rome.

The Susquehanna Seminary, located ginia. at Binghamton, N. Y., has come to be one of the best, most successful and efficient Institutions in the country, and well deserving of the confidence and patronage of parents and guardians everywhere. The next term commences April 1, 1857. See Advertisement.

The triumph of Judge Black, in secu ring a place in the Cabinet, will render it necessary for the people of Pennsylvania to elect. State, next Fall. The Judge's success will Society, held at their office on Friday. promote the schism apparently taking place the 27th ult. if was decided that the 29th and

worth, Republican, Mayor by the following meeting appointed the following gentlemen a Companies from various parts of the State of New York left Buffalo for Kansas vote, Wentworth, 5,033; Curver, Dem., committee to receive proposals for bolding during last week, to the number, in all, of 4,342; Wentworth's majority, 1,081. In the next annual exhibition, whose dury it will eighty six persons. The next Company will leave Bennett's Temperance Hotel, Buffalo, March 19th. Fare through to Kanses 400 4,712

For the Independent Republican: The Fire in Friendsville Editors of Republican -There appeared a in your last Number, an article in which you

gave a history of the late fire at Friendsville. It is true that the Store of Marsh, Glidden The Judges of the Supreme Court of & Co., was burned at the time you stated, the United States are Roger B. Taney, of with all its contents, and the Odd Fellows. Maryland, John McLean, of Ohio, James M. Hall, of course, being in the upper Story of the same building, with all of the Emblems, Working tools, Regalia, &c. Not even the old Horse was saved, or the Goat, as termed by out siders. But when you say that it is or was supposed to have originated chusetts, and John A. Campbell, of Alabama. the Odd Fellows Hall, because they held a lit will be seen that, like Mr. Buchanan's Cab- meeting the evening previous, that is not the case, at least not by those who have any majority of Southerners, notwithstanding the built in the Hall a little past six that eve-North so greatly exceeds the South in popu-lation and material resources. Only two at eight, with the usual care, while the Store Judges, McLean and Curtis, took grounds a was open until 111 o'clock and th about three fourths of an hour from that time, the Building was discovered to be on fire from top to bottom, even into cellar. Now julge wheth

er the fire could in that short space of time have gone down to the very cellar bottom, and not been discovered by Mr. Marsh who left the Store at half past eleven Odd Fellows are censured quite enough without have have, to entitle him to the rights of citizen- ing heaped upon them the cause of the above mentioned fire. Besides, Odd Fellows are not a fire setting ruce of monie and the bould gainen

Yours Respectfully, M. 1817 Ser The 1 Lots of H. R. SHANDRICK, yes Friendsville, March, Sthe 1857; 200 622 and There certainly was nothing in our article calculated to imply that my person for pere ons intentionally caused the fire we were informed that the fire was supposed to have originated in the Odd Fellows' Hall scil dentally of course but the facts stated by Mr. Handrick render auch a supposition high-ly improbable ---- Eos, Republican barapents

The New Cabinet WASUINGTON, March Bth. The President, his afternoon, sent in the following nominaons of Cabinet, officars; Secretary of State-Lewis Case of Michi-Secretary of the Treasury-HowelP Cobb

Georgia. Secretary of War-John B. Floyd, of VIF

Secretary of the Navy-Isane Tours, lof Connecticut, Secretary of the Interior-Jacob Thomas son, of Missisippi. Postmaster General Anson V. Brawn, of Tennessee, Malt La tata aparta shar

Attorney General-Jeremiah S Bhilitor Pennsylvania, Fas perpiter bit the tor The nominations wers immediately appfirmed by the Schates which is which

THE NEXT STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR OF 30th days of September and the lat and 2d days of October next, be fixed as the time for Chicago has just elected John Went- days of October near, os used as the third in the holding the Annual State, Exhibition The

Committee.

dare territory contes with it the payer to spindid entertainment for his particular bell, the Post office has been administered in Chester, County, is the pominee for Canal dire terifory endes with it the payer to spind a enjectanement, for nis particular direction and the president. The two him to the terifory the law of the States of the United States is which he removes—hence the Missouri Com-which he removes—hence the Missouri Com-promise is constitutional and the presumption for now. ed to promote the interests of the society now composed as tollows-the; sumber of the United States is township of Highland in Elk county is the David Taggart. and report their action to the past meeting o David Taggart, Amos E. Kapp II. N. McAllister, Abram H. McIlvain, John C. Flenniken, John P. Rutherford