Opposition of Black Democracy to Freedom.

The South Side Democrat, of Virginia, a violent Buchanan organ, does not disguise its contempt and indignation for the free schools and free institutions of the North.—It empties its phials of wrath against them in the following style. The Democrat says:

"We have got to hating *everything* with the prefix *free*, from *free* negroes down and up through the whole catalogue—*free* farms, *free* labor, *free* society, *free* will, *free* thinking, *free children* and *free* schools—all belonging to the same brood of *damnable isms*.—But the worst of all these *abominations* is the modern system of *free schools*. The New England system of free schools has been the cause and prolific source of the infidelities and treason that have turned her cities into Sodoms and Gomorrahs, and her land into the common nestling-places of howling Bedlamites. *We abominate the system because the schools are free.*"

The Muscogee (Ala.) *Herald* chimes in, in the following beautiful strain:

"Free Society! We sicken of the name. What is it but a conglomeration of *greasy mechanics, filthy operatives, small-fisted farmers*, and moon-struck *theorists?* All the northern, and especially the New England States, are devoid of society fitted for *well-bred gentlemen*. The prevailing class one meets with, is that of *mechanics struggling to be genteel*, and small farmers who do their own drudgery, and yet who are hardly fit for *association with a southern gentleman's body-servant*. This is your free society which the Northern hordes are endeavoring to extend into Kansas."

Senator Butler, the chivalrous South Carolinian, who commended and justified the assault of Bully Brooks upon Mr. Sumner, entertains the same opinion with regard to Free Suffrage. This champion of Black Democracy says:

"Men have no right to *vote* unless they are possessed of property, as required by the Constitution of South Carolina. There no man can vote unless he owns *ten negroes*, or real estate to the *value of ten thousand dollars*."

What a despicable thing Freedom of all kinds is in the eyes of Southern Black Democracy. How it despises the "*greasy mechanics, filthy operatives and small-fisted farmers*" of the North, who possess no slaves to do their bidding, who have no right to be Freemen, and are fit only to be slaves! What a miserable humbug *freedom* is in the opinion of these advocates of Buchanan and Slavery!

RENOMINATION OF MR. GROW.—The renomination of Hon. GALUSHA A. GROW by the freemen of this Congressional district, is a deserved tribute to the ability and faithfulness with which he has represented the wishes and feelings of his constituents. Placed at the commencement of the present congress, at the head of the Committe of Territories, he has discharged the arduous and responsible duties of that elevated position with great credit to himself. Mr. Grow is now qualified by experience in Congress, added to his high abilities, to be a useful member. Conversant with the rules of the House, he occupies a position which can only be attained by long and severe training in the Halls of Congress.

His re-nomination has been the spontaneous and general expression of the public voice. It is the universal recognition of the fact that he is now able to represent this district with more usefulness and ability than any other man in it. The times demand that the North should not dispense with the services of her tried and true men. We need in the Congress of the nation such men as GALUSHA A. GROW. The popular appreciation of this truth will be uttered at the ballot-box in October.

—*Bradford Reporter.*

COL. FREMONT AND THE PRESIDENCY.—A few days after the nomination of Col. Fremont, a gentleman of this city was in conversation with some of the leading Democrats of the United States. In the course of that conversation one of them remarked:

"More than a year ago, five Democratic ex-Governors and myself called on Col. Fremont to see whether he would not be our candidate for the Presidency. We wanted a young, vigorous man—uncontaminated by political intrigues, and believed him to be the very man, provided he was right on the Slavery question. We introduced the subject to him. He promptly replied:

"Gentlemen, my position won't suit you—I am opposed to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise—and opposed to the extension of Slavery over an inch of ground where it does not already exist."

"That was enough for us," continued the gentleman. "We found that, although he would not answer for our candidate, he would make a first rate Republican candidate, and bowed ourselves out. Had he been RIGHT on that question, he would have been our candidate instead of yours."—*Indiana Jour.*

WHY BRECKINRIDGE TAKES THE STUMP.—*The Louisville Journal* explains the cause of the unusual spectacle of a candidate for the Vice Presidency on a stumping tour, as follows:

A highly respectable gentlemen of this city, just returned from Washington, informs us that he was told by some of the leading Democrats in Washington, that they had abandoned all hope of success in New York and even in Pennsylvania, and had no expectation of being able to carry a single Northern State, *unless John C. Breckinridge, their candidate for the Vice Presidency, could save Indiana or Illinois by making stump speeches throughout those States.*

Accordingly we find Mr Breckinridge, accepting invitations to address mass meetings in Indiana and Illinois. What a melancholy spectacle! A party reduced to the pitch of degradation and despair! It is unparalleled in the annals of our political history! A candidate for the Vice Presidency, the second highest office in the gift of a great nation, compelled to take the stump as the last resort in the death struggle of his party! This last resort will be unavailing.

"HIS VOTES AND ACTS ARE WITH US."—The Southern Know Nothings, in order to win votes for Fillmore, assert that Buchanan is a sort of Free Soiler? The Charleston *Mercury* replies to this charge conclusively, thus:

"But, in order that the absurdity of the charge of Mr. Buchanan's being a 'Free Soiler,' may, if possible, become apparent, we need only to cite the fact that two years ago he signed the Ostend manifesto, a document whose sole object was to acquire Cuba, out of which two or three slave states could have been formed. Here, then, is his record.—The champion of the admission of Arkansas—the champion of the annexation of Texas—the champion of the acquisition of Cuba—where is the taint or suspicion of Free Soilism in all this? *Whatever are Mr. Buchanan's prejudices against slavery, his votes and acts are with us.*"

☞ The laziest trick we ever heard of, is mentioned by some of our exchanges as having been played by the Fremont men of Sanilac county, Michigan. The Democrats organized the county, & the township committees having turned over to Fremont, the Republicans just ratified the old organization, and wouldn't make any other.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

A Mass Meeting of the friends of Free Soil, Free Speech, and Fremont, will be held at Montrose, on Saturday, September 20th.

HON. HENRY WILSON,
United States Senator from Massachusetts,
HON. ANSON BURLINGAME,
Member of the House of Representatives from Mass.
HON. G. A. GROW,
and other eminent speakers, will be present.

☞ The Republicans of the different Townships are requested to make arrangements for a *general turn out.*

FREMONT AND DAYTON MEETINGS.

Hon. HENRY WILSON and Hon. ANSON BURLINGAME of Mass., Hon. GALUSHA A. GROW and other speakers will address the people at the following places:

Tunkhannock, Friday,	" 19th " "
MONTROSE, Saturday,	" 20th " "
Towanda, Monday,	" 22d " "
Troy, Tuesday,	" 23d " "
Williamsport, Wednesday,	" 24th " "
Bloomsburg, Thursday,	" 25th " "
Tamanqua, Friday,	" 26th " "
Pottsville, Saturday,	" 27th " "

Religious Notice.

A Quarterly Meeting will be held by the Rev. George Landon, at the Methodist Church, in Forest Lake, the 27th and 28th of September inst.

Plowing Match.

The Plowing Match of the Susquehanna County Agricultural Society, will take place on the farm of David Post, Esq., in the rear of Henry Drinker's premises, at two o'clock P. M., of Wednesday, the 24th of September, 1856.

For the best Plowing,.........	$5
2d best,.........	4
3d best,.........	3
4th best,.........	2
5th best,.........	1

To every unsuccessful competitor, a Badge of the Society will be given, as a recognition of Merit in trying to promote the interests of agriculture.

THOMAS NICHOLSON, }
ALFRED BALDWIN, } Ex. Com.
F. M. WILLIAMS. }

Notice.

The Committee have made the following arrangements for keeping the stock driven in the day previous to the Fair: That driven in on the Springville and Wyalusing creek roads, to be kept at Frederick Coon's farm; on the Owego turnpike, from the West at T. Pecken's farm; on the North and Silver Lake roads, at G. Warner's farm; on the Snake Creek road, at H. S. Searle's farm, foot of Jones' lake; on the New Milford, Great Bend or East roads, at F. M. Williams' farm; on Harford and Brooklyn roads, and Plank road, at Judge Warner's farm; on the Milford and Owego turnpike from the East, at Judge Jessup's farm—those coming in to town over night, at Judge Jessup's and Post Brothers. Those not acquainted will find a Committee at the entrance of the Fair Ground from 4 to 6 P. M., to direct.

By order of the Executive Committee.

P. S. The Judges are requested to report themselves to the Committee at their stand as early in the day as possible, that vacancies may be filled.

NOTICE.

To the Ladies of Montrose and its vicinity.

The executive committee of the Susquehanna co. Agricultural Society beg leave to ask the services of the ladies of Montrose and its vicinity, in rendering the approaching Fair more attractive by means of flowers, ornamental work, or articles of curiosity. The funds of the Society are inadequate to offer premiums beyond matters of utility, but at the same time, the "beautiful and ornamental" being conducive to refinement, are duly appreciated in this community, and the committee address themselves more particularly to the Ladies, believing that they will heartily co-operate in furthering their views.

THOMAS NICHOLSON, } *Executive*
ALFRED BALDWIN, } *Committee.*
F. M. WILLIAMS. }

Rough and Ready, attend.

Rough and Ready Fire Company are hereby notified to meet at their Engine House, *prepared for exercise* on Saturday next, September 20th, at 6 o'clock, P. M. G. A. JESSUP, *Sec'y.*

GREAT ATTRACTION.

THE LEARNED CANARY BIRDS.

Immense Powers of Ventriloquism and Extraordinary Feats in Natural Magic,

At the Academy Hall Montrose—For two afternoons and two evenings.

The Celebrated and Renowned

SIGNOR BLITZ,

will have the honor of exhibiting his wonderful and popular Entertainments at the above place, on Thursday and Friday, September 18th and 19th commencing at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and 7½ in the evenings. **Admittance**—25 cts. Children 12½.

Marriages.

In Bridgewater, on the 1st inst., by Eld. J. W. Parker, Mr. CHAUNCEY FOOT and Miss KATHARINE AYRES, all of Bridgewater.

In Bridgewater, on the 9th inst., by the same, Mr. LEVI D. WHITE, of N. Y. City, and Miss FIDELIA C. FANCHER, of Bridgewater.

In Pottersville, Bradford Co., Aug. 23d, by Rev. J. G. Sabin, Mr. GEORGE W. DEXTER, of Laceyville, and Miss SARAH A. FIELDS, of LeRaysville, Pa.

In South Bridgewater, on the 4th inst., by Rev. John F. Deans, Mr. BENJAMIN O. BERTHOLF, of Jessup, and Miss ELLEN C. BIRCHARD, of Dimock, Pa.

New Advertisements.

NEW GOODS
NOW OPENING, BY
J. LYONS & SON.
Montrose, Sept. 17, '56.

Graham Biscuit, Soda and Butter Crackers, for sale by J. LYONS & SON.

Balm of X Thousand Flowers, Lyon's Rat Pills, Locomotive, or self-heating smoothing Irons, Toy Pails and Baskets, at J. LYONS & SON's.

Hats, a fresh arrival, at J. LYONS & SON'S.

Violins, for one dollar, and **Guitars** just received by J. LYONS & SON.
Montrose, Sept. 17, 1856.

LIFE OF FREMONT,

JAMES BUCHANAN, his doctrines and policy, Colfax's and Sumner's Speeches, Border Ruffian Code in Kansas and Presidential Platforms, Fremont Songsters, Music, &c., &c. Just received and for sale by J. LYONS & SON.
Montrose, Sept. 10, 1856.

Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm and style of Fordham and Smith, Saddle and Harness makers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. G. F. FORDHAM.
Montrose Sept. 1, '56. E. A. SMITH.

N. B. G. F. Fordham will continue to carry on the Saddle & Harness business at the old stand, (Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Basement of Searle's Hotel,) where he will be happy to see all who may need any thing in his line.
Montrose, Sept. 17, 1856. 36-3w

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Scott, Johnston & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, (Mr. Sherman having gone south.) The business will be hereafter carried on by Scott & Johnston, in whose hands are all matters belonging to the late firm.
SCOTT & JOHNSTON.
Springville, Sept. 1, 1856. 35-4w.

Administratrix' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against the estate of ELIAS STEENBACK, late of Gibson, township, deceased, that the same must be presented to the undersigned for arrangement, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.
MARY M. STEENBACK, Administratrix.
Gibson August 6, 1856.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against the estate of JEREMIAH ROSENCRANTZ, late of Springville township, deceased, that the same must be presented to the undersigned for arrangement, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.
DANA STARK, Executor.
Springville August 6, 1856.

PROCLAMATION.
GENERAL ELECTION.

IN pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an act relating to the elections of the Commonwealth, approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I F. P. HOLLISTER, High Sheriff of the County of Susquehanna, in said Commonwealth, do hereby give notice to the Electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in said county, on the

2d Tuesday of October next.

(it being the 14th day of said month,) at which time, State and County Officers are to be elected as follows, to wit:

One Person to fill the Office of Canal Commissioner of the board of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the Office of Auditor General for the State of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the Office of Surveyor General, for the State aforesaid.

One person to fill the Office of Representative in Congress of the United States, for the district composed of the counties of Bradford, Susquehanna and Tioga.

One person to fill the Office of State Senator of the district, composed of the counties of Susquehanna, Bradford and Wyoming.

Two persons to fill the Office of Members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, for the district composed of the counties of Susquehanna, Wyoming and Sullivan.

Two persons to fill the Office of Associate Judges of the county of Susquehanna.

One person to fill the Office of Commissioner of the county aforesaid.

One person to fill the Office of District attorney for said county.

One person to fill the Office of County Auditor, and

One person to fill the Office of County Surveyor.

And I also hereby make known and give notice, that the place of holding the General Elections in the several wards boroughs and townships within the county of Susquehanna are as follows to wit.

The Election for the district composed of the townships of Apolacon will be held at the house of Joseph Beebe's in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Ararat will be held at the school house near the Presbyterian church in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Auburn will be held at the house of George Haverly in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Bridgewater will be held at the Court House in the Borough of Montrose.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Brooklyn will be held at the House of James O. Bullard in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Choconut will be held at the School House near Robt. Giffins in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Clifford will be held at the house of Benjamin Ayers in the borough of Dundaff.

The Election for the district composed of the Borough of Dundaff will be held at the Dundaff Hotel in said Borough.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Dimock will be held at the house of John Baker in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Forest Lake will be held at the house of Betsey A. Clark in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Franklin, will be held at the school house near Jacob Allards in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the Borough of Friendsville, will be held at the school house in said borough.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Great Bend, will be held at the house of Alfred Allen in said township.

The election for the district composed of the township of Gibson will be held at the house of Joseph Washburn in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Harford will be held at the house of N. W. Waldron in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Harmony will be held at the house of William Sampson in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Herrick will be held at the house of Shubael Dimock in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Jackson will be held at the house of J. J. Turner in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Jessup will be held at the house of Pahil Hoff in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Lenox will be held at the house of Grow and Grahers in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Liberty will be held at the house of Bela Jones in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Lathrop will be held at the house of Elisha Bond in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Middletown will be held at the house of Joseph Ross, in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the Borough of Montrose, will be held at the Court House in said Borough.

The Election for the district composed of the township of New Milford will be held at the house occupied by John B. Hazleton in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Oakland will be held at the house of Robert Nicol in the Borough of Susquehanna.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Rush, will be held at the house of N. D. Snyder in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Springville will be held at the house of Spencer Hicox in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Silver Lake will be held at the house of Robert McGerigles in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the Borough of Susquehanna will be held at the house lately occupied by Elliott Benson in said borough.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Thomson will be held at the house recently occupied by Martin J. Stanford in said township.

I also make known and give notice as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person except Justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is, or shall be, employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or United States, or, any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector or Judge or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

And by the same act of Assembly it is also made "the duty of every Mayor, Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, Alderman, Justice of the Peace, Constable or Deputy Constable, of every city, county, township or district within this Commonwealth, whenever called upon by an officer of an election, or by three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window or avenue to the window of the place of General Election which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same; and it shall be the duty of the respective Constable of such ward, district or township within this Commonwealth, to be present in person or by deputy, at the place of holding such Elections, in such ward, district or township, for the purpose of preserving the peace as aforesaid."

Also that in the 4th section of the act of Assembly entitled "An act relating to executions and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section, "shall not be construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid district shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one Judge from each district at the Court House in the Borough of Montrose, on the third day after the day of election being the present year on Friday the 12th day of October next, there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also that where a Judge by sickness or unavoidable accident is unable to attend said meeting of Judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said Judge unable to attend.

Also, that in the 81st section of said act it is enacted that "when two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of a member or members of the Senate of this Commonwealth or of the House of Representatives of the United States or of this Commonwealth, the Judges of the election in each county, having met as aforesaid, the Clerks shall make out a fair statement of all the votes which shall have been given at such election within the county, for every person voted for as such a member or members which shall be signed by said Judges and attested by the Clerks; and one of the said Judges shall take charge of such certificate and shall produce the same at a meeting of one Judge from each county at such place in such district, as is or may be appointed by law for the purpose, which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after election.

The return judges for the Senatorial district composed of the counties of Susquehanna, Bradford, and Wyoming, will meet at Montrose, Susquehanna County, on Tuesday the twenty-first day of October next, to perform the duties enjoined by law upon said judges.

The return judges of the Congressional district composed of the counties of Susquehanna, Bradford, and Tioga, will meet in the borough of Towanda, Bradford County, Tuesday, the twenty-first day of October next, to perform the duties enjoined by law upon said judges.

The Return Judges of the Representative District composed of the counties of Susquehanna, Wyoming, and Sullivan, will meet at the Court House in the Borough of Montrose, in the county of Susquehanna, on Tuesday the 21st day of October next, to perform those duties enjoined by law upon the said Judges.

Also, that in the 61st section of said act, it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between Eight and Ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until Seven o'clock in the evening when the polls shall be closed.

Given under my Hand, at my office, in the Borough of Montrose, the 16th day of September Anno Domini, 1856, and in the year of the Commonwealth the eightieth. F. P. HOLLISTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Susquehanna county and to me directed, I will expose to sale by public vendue, at the Court House in Montrose, on Saturday the 4th day of October next, at one o'clock P. M., the following described pieces or parcels of land, to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the township of Clifford in the county of Susquehanna, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post the north corner of Benjamin Ayer's land; thence along lands of Peleg Hopkins, north 44 deg. east 124 perches and nine-tenths to a post and stones in the line of original survey; thence along warrantee line, north 46 deg. west, 25 perches and five-tenths to a beech tree; thence north 44 deg. east 40 perches to a post in George Salisbury's line; thence south 46 deg. east, 118 perches to a post and stones; thence south 44 deg. west 165 perches to a post; thence north 46 deg. west, 92½ perches to the place of beginning, containing 101 acres and 20 perches, more or less, with the appurtenances, one framed house, two barns, a small orchard, and about 70 acres improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of Benjamin Ayres vs. John Carr & Charles N. Miller Administrators of Slocum Carr Dec'd. with notice to Eve Carr and Harmon Stock T. T.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Great Bend, County of Susquehanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the northerly side thereof, by the road or public highway, on the easterly side by the Susquehanna river, on the southerly or southerly and westerly by land heretofore conveyed by E. T. Young to June & Taylor, and being known as the saw mill property, it is also understood to contain all the lands and premises lying on the north side of the Susquehanna river, and heretofore conveyed to the said E. T. Young, by Wm. Dayton, (excepting therefrom a certain portion of said premises, heretofore conveyed by said Young to said June & Taylor,) and containing as supposed, from two to four acres of land, be the same more or less, the same being subject to a certain right of way, through or over a part of the same, to the New York and Erie Rail Road Company, and also subject to certain water privileges heretofore conveyed by the said Young, to June & Taylor. Also the right, title, interest and claim acquired by a certain act of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, supposed to have been passed in the year 1850, by which act said Young was authorized to construct and erect a dam, or dams at the head of "Buck's Island" (so called) in the Susquehanna, with the exclusive right of drawing off the water of said river at that place, and of constructing races, sluices, canals &c. for milling purposes or otherwise; subject only to privileges heretofore conveyed to the said June & Taylor, with the appurtenances, one saw mill, and all improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of S. Skinner and B. S. Bentley Executors of Elijah Skinner dec'd. and N. Y. Carpenter vs. E. T. Young.

F. P. HOLLISTER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Montrose, Sept. 17, 1856.

United States Agricultural Society.

OFFICE, 160 CHESTNUT STREET, PHIL.

THE Fourth Annual Exhibition of the UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held at POWELTON, (Philadelphia,) on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, October 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th.

Premiums *from Twenty-Five to Two Hundred Dollars*, amounting in the aggregate to *Fourteen Thousand Dollars*, will be offered for the various classes of Domestic Animals, Fruits, American Wines, Vegetables, Grains, Agricultural Implements and Machinery.

A Local Committee at Philadelphia, representing the various branches of Industry has been appointed to co-operate with the officers of the Society, in perfecting arrangements for the Exhibition, and Fifteen Thousand Dollars have been guaranteed to meet expenses. This material aid, coupled with the excellence of the selected location, and the large amount of Premiums offered, induces the expectation that the Exhibition of 1856, will be superior to any of its predecessors.

A Grand Agricultural Banquet, in which ladies as well as gentlemen will participate, will take place on FRIDAY, October 10th, when distinguished gentlemen will address the assemblage.

Favorable arrangements with the various railroads, for the transportation of Stock and other articles are in progress, the terms of which will be given on application at the office.

The List of Entries, the Awards of Premiums, and the Proceedings, will be published in the Journal of the Society for 1856.

The Premium List, with the Regulations and Programme of the Exhibition, will be furnished on application to Mr. John McGowan, Assistant Secretary of the United States Agricultural Society, 160 Chestnut street, (Rooms of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society,) or by addressing the Secretary, at Boston.

MARSHALL P. WILDER, President.
WILLIAM S. KING, Secretary. 35-3t.

Estray.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber, on the 22d day of July last, a sorrel mare, supposed to be about 12 years old, with a white strip in the forehead, and a little white on the left fore foot.—The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. HENRY TIFFANY.
New Milford, Aug. 12, 1856. 31m3

A Book for the Times.

CHAPTER FIRST:
The Artist gets poetic and emphatic.

OH yes! there's a time for everything,
A time to cry, to whistle, or sing,
A time to get worse, and a time to get better,
A time for a love or a dunning letter,
A time for flirting with heartless coquettes,
A time to pay your addresses and debts,
A time to make people think you are smart,
And a time when *misfortune* will upset your cart,
But of these, or of others to numerous to mention,
There are none more worthy your earnest attention.
Than *the time to vote for Fremont and Dayton,*
And *the time to get your Daguerreotypes taken.*

N. B. Those of my customers who have had pictures taken and *forgotten to pay*, will please bear in mind that, unless they come to their senses soon, and send along the *promised* amount, they may be subjected to the unpleasantness of seeing their names in a *public "Black List."* I am willing to be accommodating, considerate, patient, and all that, but do not wish to be *trifled* with. Let me here say, once for all, that I *do not* do a *credit* business; and I am happy to know that but few have become possessed with so strange an idea as that of getting *trusted* for a Daguerreotype! W. B. DEANS.

Sky Parlor, in the Brick Block over Bentley and Read's.

A good Daguerreotype Instrument, and a complete set of tools for the business, for sale on reasonable terms.

THE POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE
OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
West Penn Square, Philadelphia,

INCORPORATED by the Legislature 1853, and organized on the plan of the Industrial Colleges of Continental Europe, affords a thorough professional education in CIVIL ENGINEERING, PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY, MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, ARCHITECTURE AND MINING ENGINEERING. The Fourth Collegiate Year will commence on *Monday, Sept. 15th* 1856. For Catalogues and further information, address
ALFRED L. KENNEDY, M. D.,
Pres. of Faculty, Polytechnic College, Philad'a

COME AND SEE.

85 CENTS in cash, will buy one dollar's worth of the splendid stock of Spring and Summer Goods just receiving at the Cheap Cash and Barter store at Dimock Four Corners, where almost everybody now goes to buy their goods.
Ham and Salt kept always on hand.
WM. H. THAYER.
Dimock, May 28, 1856.

Carriage Making.

THE undersigned having purchased the old stand recently occupied by Jonas Mack, is now prepared to carry on the Carriage Making business, in all its branches. All kinds of Carriages manufactured to order, and repairing done on short notice.
E. H. ROGERS.
Montrose, July 1st 1856. tf.

RUBBER SHOES AND SANDALS at
B. R. LYONS & CO's

RESOLUTION.

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts; and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stock owned by the state, together with other funds or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, or any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively*;" from section five, same article strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties*;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any*," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no*;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, Article I.

The Legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, *April 21, 1856.*

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.
THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, *Clerk.*

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }
April 21, 1856 }

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second, amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.
WILLIAM JACK, *Clerk.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, } A. G. CURTIN,
Filed April 24, 1856. } Sec. of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, }
Harrisburg, June 27, 1856. }

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Piatt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—63.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode, Yearsley and Wright, *Speaker*—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Yearsley, Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—69.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Hainest, Hancock, Huneker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, }
Harrisburg, June 27, 1856. }

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas and Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1856.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The War Just Begun!
LOOK WELL TO YOUR INTERESTS,

AND buy your Books and Stationery where you can get them cheap. Remember it is at the Montrose Book Store in the Postoffice, where you can find Books of all prices, from a one cent primer to a ten dollar Bible; and notwithstanding old books have been sold in town of late at auction at low prices, you may learn by calling at the Postoffice that old and new books both can be bought low.

Dicks' complete works, Expedition to Japan, Dow's writings, the Hunter's Feast, the White Chief and the Scalp, Gerard the Lion-Killer, the Sparrowgrass Papers, My Bondage and Freedom, Life on the Road Salad for the Social and Solitary, Rose Clark, Tom Hood's works in various styles, a new lot of School Books and Stationery, Yankee Notions, &c. &c., and also a few of those *tip-top* Glass Lamps left.

Look Here.—Any one making a bill of five dollars and over at one time, shall have one dollar's worth thrown in extra, or ten dollar's worth shall have two dollars extra.

Call and be convinced, at the Montrose Book Store, one door north of Searle's Hotel.
Montrose, Aug. 6, 1856. A. N. BULLARD.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his valuable Farm, being a part of the Farm well known as the "Thomson Farm," in the township of Great Bend, Susquehanna county, Pa., containing about 230 acres of first rate land, about 100 acres in valuable timber, mostly oak, with a suitable quantity of chestnut for fencing, and the remainder in a high state of cultivation—is well watered by a small stream through the centre and also by durable springs.

The buildings are mostly in good repair, with cattle and hay barns and other necessary out-buildings. The Farm is well fenced, and suitaby adapted to grain or graizing, but its present condition is mostly in first rate grass, with an abundant quantity of excellent meadow, and is considered one of the best stock Farms in the State. The timber land is equally adapted to cultivation, and the great demand for wood and timber, and its proximity to market, make it highly valuable.

The location of said Farm, with its fertility of soil and state of cultivation, combine every desirable advantage for convenience and profit not equaled in the country, being pleasantly situated in the productive Valley of the Susquehanna, directly at the junction of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad with the New York & Erie Railroad, having two direct facilities to New York by said lines and also West and North by the New York & Erie and its tributaries to every desirable point.

Other important advantages present themselves except for farming purposes—said Farm being the Village Site of the pleasant and healthy, and rapidly growing Village of Lodersville, in the centre of a rich agricultural district, is advantageously situated therewith for dividing up for the sale of lots. Persons desirous of a valuable and pleasant location will do well to call and view the premises.

Reference had of the subscriber on the premises.
Terms by agreement.
24m3 L. GREEN.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

New Freight Line from Montrose.
DILL & ARMSTRONG,
Commission Merchants; No. 3 Erie Buildings.

FOR the better accommodation of the Farmers of Susq'a county, we have concluded to receive freight every day of the week (Sunday's excepted,) at the store of M. S. Wilson and Son, who will attend to shipping the same to New York, and the return bills will be paid in cash at their store.

Capt. Wickham is their Salesman, whose long experience on the N. Y. & E. Railroad justifies him in saying that justice will be done to his patrons. With the above arrangement we invite farmers to give us a call. JUSTUS DILL,
CHARLES B. ARMSTRONG.
Montrose, Aug. 20, 1856. 32m6.

TEMPERANCE SALOON AND GROCERY,
ON MAIN STREET, MONTROSE, PA.

THE subscriber takes this method to keep it before the people of Susquehanna county, that at the Temperance Saloon (the only one in Montrose) is the place to get Pies, Cakes, Crackers, Cheese, New York Candy, Sardines, Herring, Oranges and Lemons, Apples, Nuts, Sugar, Pickled Oysters, Clams, Tongue and Cucumbers, Small Beer, Ice cool Lemonade and Soda-water, Ice Cream &c., to eat and drink. Also, at the same place, is kept on hand a good assortment of *GROCERIES*, fresh from New York, such as Tea of different kinds, good, from 2s. 9d. to 6s. per pound; Brown Sugar is now selling at 9 cents per pound, best Coffee Sugar at 11¼ cents, and crushed, pulverized and granulated Sugar at 12½ cents per pound: Mackerel, Cod, White and Blue Fish, Pork, Lard, Smoked Ham and Shoulders, Dried Beef, Ham, Tobacco, (plug and fine-cut,) Vinegar, Tallow Candles, Stearine Patent and Sperm do., Rice, Soap of different kinds, from 10 to 12½ cents a bar, Soap Powder and Washing Soda, Sack Salt for family use, Shot, Percussion Caps, White-wash, Scrub and Shoe Brushes, Stove and Shoe Blacking, Hair Oils, Perfumery and a variety of Extracts, Matches, Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves, ground do., Ginger, Mustard, French and American, Coffee Essence, Corn Starch, Sago for puddings, Raisins from one shilling to 18 pence per pound, Zantee Currants, Citron, Prunes, Licorice, drops and root do., Candies of all kinds, Fancy Candy Drops, Gum do., Dried Peaches, Plums and Cherries, Oranges and Lemons, Pine Apples, Cocoa, Broma and Chocolate, Nutmegs and patent Nutmeg Graters, patent Clothes Pins, Transparent Slates, Slate and Lead Pencils; Sweet and Castor Oils in bottles, Fire Crackers and other Fire Works, Raymond's, Lee's, and Wright's Pills, Salts, Dr. Phyic's Camphor Ointment, an almost sure cure for the Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, &c., same, Horse Medicine, and a large assortment of Children's Toys, among which are Horses on wheels and rockers, Dogs, Lions, Cats, Birds, &c., small Pails and Baskets, Clarionets, Accordeons, Harmonicons, Jewsharps, a few Ladies' Baskets and Sewing Birds; also, Flour on hand by the pound, sack or barrel, at as low price and as good quality as can be bought in Montrose.

All orders sent by friends, stage, mail, or by children, with the READY, shall receive prompt attention and be dealt as fairly by as if those who ordered were present themselves.

The above goods are for sale at "live and let live" prices. People are requested to call and examine for themselves. Terms, cash or ready pay. Thankful for past favors, I hope to make it an object for those that want Groceries, Estables, &c., to get them at the Temperance Saloon and Grocery.
May 21, 1856. S. S. MOTT.

UPWARD AND ONWARD.
GO IT BOOTS!
The Border Ruffians on Main St. Defeated.

AND the endeavor to palm off that "*Extensive Stock of superior quality*" of Goods lately received from an old broken down Establishment in Binghamton, has proved an entire failure to our friends *down town*. "*Seeing is Believing.*" We acknowledge the fact. And should judge that *seeing* (without wearing) would be all that was necessary to convince the public that SIMMONS & MERRIMAN, at their store on Public Avenue, first door above the Post Office, have the largest and most desirable stock of BOOTS AND SHOES ever introduced into this market; which for price (we offer no competition with *second rate goods*) durability and style we challenge competition. We are receiving weekly from the Best Houses in New York the latest styles and best qualities of Goods, which keeps our assortment complete.

July 28, 1856, Just received a large addition to our former stock, consisting of Gents Patent Leather Boots, Patent Leather short Boots, French Calf Boots Gaiter Shoes and slips all styles. Ladi. Gaiters Buskins Slippers and Boots best qualities; also Boys' Youths and Childrens Boots, Gaiters and Shoes, the best in market. In fact every thing belonging to the trade.

ALL kinds of Leather, and Findings, &c. *All* kinds of work made to order and repairing done neatly. SIMMONS & MERRIMAN.
Montrose July 28, 1856.

Important Discovery.
DR. HALSEY'S FOREST WINE.
AND
GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS.
20,000 *CURES IN ONE YEAR.*

DR. HALSEY, of New York, has invented a process by which a rich luxuriant WINE is produced from certain plants of great medicinal virtues.—This delightful Wine combines all the high medicinal properties of the *Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Wild Cherry*, and certain other plants, whose virtues are *ten times more effective* as medical agents. So pure and concentrated are the medicinal properties of this Wine, that it has been found the most effective medicine now in use. Frequently, less than a single bottle restores the lingering Patient from debility and sickness to strong and vigorous health.—Every dose shows its good effects on the constitution, and improves the general health; and with Dr. Halsey's celebrated GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS as an adjunct, all the following disorders are premanently cured.

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.—A box of the Forest Pills, and a bottle of the Wine, will cure the most distressing forms of this complaint.

AGUE AND FEVER.—One or two doses of the Pills, and a bottle of the Wine will break the ague and cure the Patient in all cases, when the directions on the bottle are adhered to.

DROPSICAL COMPLAINTS.—From one to two boxes of the Pills, and three bottles of the Wine, cure this obstinate disorder.

DISORDER OF THE KIDNEYS.—The Forest Wine and Pills have proved highly efficacious in this disorder. One to two boxes of the Pills, and three or four bottles of the Wine, are sufficient to accomplish a cure in the worst cases.

DEBILITY, NIGHT SWEATS, *Emaciation and Weakly State of the Constitution.*—The Forest Wine is a popular remedy for all these complaints. One to three bottles cure the worst cases without the use of the Pills; but when the complaint is accompanied with some other disorder the Pills will be required.

RHEUMATISM.—The efficacy of the Forest Remedies in Rheumatism is very singular. Some of the most distressing cases I ever saw have been cured by them in ten or twelve days' time.

BILIOUS DISORDERS AND FOUL STOMACH.—One purgative dose of the Forest Pills will cure any bilious disorder, or any complaint arising from Foul Stomach and morbid condition of the bowels.

FEVERS.—One or two purgative doses will cure fevers.

COUGHS, COLDS ETC.—One box of the Pills, and a bottle of the Wine, will break up and cure the most severe *colds, coughs,* and *pain in the breast.*

ULCERS, BOILS, BLOTCHES, *Scabbed Head, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Sore Eyes, and every kind of Humor.*—These complaints all arise from one common cause—*impure blood.* Generally nothing but the Pills are required for the cure of most of these disorders; but if both remedies are used, two boxes of the Pills, and two or three bottles of the Wine, will cure the very worst cases, and frequently by less than half the quantity.

JAUNDICE.—Two boxes of the Pills, and as many bottles of the Wine, cure the worst case of Jaundice.

FEMALE OBSTRUCTIONS, produced from bad colds or weakly constitutions. A few doses of the Forest Wine cures the most distressing forms of these complaints; and if the Wine be followed up a few weeks, these derangments will not occur again. The Wine exactly suits the female constitution, and gives strength, vigor, and blooming health. Over a million of boxes and bottles have been sold within the last two years, in the United States and Canada. Letters and certificates to the amount of many thousand, have been received, testifying to the cures and good effects of these remedies.

Forest Wine is in large square bottles, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars. Forest Pills, twenty-five cents per box. General depot, 64 Walker Street, New York; and kept by one or more respectable druggist in almost every city and village in the Union and British Colonies.

General Depot, 64 Walker St. New York. Agents, in Montrose, Abel Turrell, in Great Bend, L. Scott, and all druggists.
July 16, 1856.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

THE undersigned is agent for the following Insurance Companies, the reputation of which, for solvency and honorable dealing, have been long known to the public:

The Lycoming Mutual. Capital $200,000.

The Farmers' Union Insurance, of Athens, Pa.,—Capital $200,000, secured by bonds and mortgage.

State Mutual at Harrisburg, on the stock and mutual plan. Capital $350,000.

☞ Applicants can receive policies in either or any of the above companies.
BILLINGS STROUD, Agent.
Montrose, May 12, 1856.

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of paying me money, on debts of any description, can do so by leaving their payments with Post, Cooper & Co., Bankers, Montrose, to my credit, whose receipts will be allowed from their date. C. L. WARD.
April 16, 1856 15tf

FARMERS, LOOK HERE!

THE subscribers having entered into partnership, are prepared to receive wool to manufacture on shares or by the yard. Also, Wool Carding and Cloth Dressing in their season.
GARRET JOHNSON,
JOHN BEAUMONT.
Great Bend, March 5, 1856. 8m3