Change of Time.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESRTERN

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

COMMENCING July 1st 1856, Trains leave Scranton as follows:

Express Freight Train, East, with Passenger car attached for convenience of way passengers, 8:05, A. M.

Express Passenger Train, East, arriving at New York 7, P. M., and Philadelphia 8 P. M., 10:50, A. M.

Mail Passenger Train, West, connecting at Great Bend with day Express East and West, on N. Y. and Erie Railroad, 11:05, A. M.

Express Passenger Train, West, connecting at Great Bend with Mail Train West on N. Y. and Erie Railroad, 3:40, P. M.

Express Freight Train, West, connecting with Night Express East and West on N. Y. and Erie Railroad, 7.40, P. M.

Trains arrive at Scranton as follows:

Express Passenger Train from New York, 3:30, P. M.

Express Freight Train with Philadelphia passengers, by Belvidere Delaware Railroad, 7:15, P. M,

Express, Passenger Train from Great Bend, 10.40 A. M.

Mail Passenger Train from Great Bend, 5:50, P. M.

D. H. DOTTERER, Superintendent.

WM. N. JENKS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Susquehanna County and to me directed I will expose to sale by public vendue at the Court House in Montrose, on Saturday 16th day of August next at one o'clock P. M. the following real Estate to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate and being in the township of Jackson in the county of Susquehanna, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north west by public Highway, on the east, by lands of Hiram Barnes, on the south by lands of Lewis Low, containing about three acres of land more or less, with the appurtenances, one framed dwelling House, one framed barn, one wagon Shop, and all improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of Wright and Bennett, vs. Marshall Bronson.

Also—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the township of Forest Lake in said County, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on the west, a corner of B. B. Fox lot; Thence south 64 deg. east 69 perches, on the said Fox line, to a post; Thence south eighty one perches to a post; Thence north 74 deg. west, 118 perches on a line of Hamlin's lot to a post; Thence South 49 deg. west, 2 perches on the road to a post; Thence north 70 deg. west, 123 perches on G. W. Balls boundary to a post; Thence north 52 perches on a line of Horace Burchard's land to a post; Thence east, 180 perches on a line of Joseph Silden's land to a post on the Road; Thence south 34 deg. west 19 perches on the said Road, to the place of Beginning; Containing 120 acres of land be the same more or less. Excepting out of the same, always, about 49 acres on the east side of the Ridge Road, sold to Nelson R. Cole by deceased in his life time, with the appurtenances, one dwelling House, one Barn and one orchard, and about 60 acres improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of Orange Mott and Elizabeth Angell late Elizabeth Cole Administrators of E. Cole dec'd, vs. Wm. H. Angell.

Also—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Borough of Montrose, county of Susquehanna and State of Pennsylvania, Bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north east by Turnpike street, on the south east, by land of Mrs. Biddle, on the south west by Cedar Lane, and on the north west by land of Dr. Patrick, being six rods in front and twelve rods back; containing seventy two square rods more or less, with the appurtenances, one large dwelling House, Barn, Ice House, some fruit trees and all improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of John F. Dunmore vs. Chapman Baldwin with notice to Terre Tenants.

Also—All that certain Saw Mill situated on creek known as Drinker creek, and near public road known as Curtis road, in the present township of Oakland, (lately Harmony,) said mill being on land bounded as follows; on the north by lands owned by Wakeman, on the east by the Lenox and Harmony Turnpike, on the south by land in the possession of Jacob ——and on the west by the above mentioned Curtis road.

Taken in execution at the suit of A. & S. H. Barnes vs. F. A. Ward.

Also—All that certain Saw Mill situated very near the Mill late known as the Ben Skinner Mill site, and on land recently owned by said Benajah A. Skinner, in the present township of Oakland, (late Harmony,) and bounded as follows; on the north west by land owned by John Pattiek, on the north, farm known as the John Hilborne farm, now in possession of John Hilborne, Jr., on the east by ——, owned by A. P. Hupman, on the south by land owned by Daniel Bond and David Taylor.

Taken in execution at the suit of A. & S. H. Barnes vs. F. A. Ward and—— Dougherty.

Also—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the township of Franklin, Susquehanna County Pa. and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the old Turnpike road at a stake and stones about one rod north of the tail race of the old Tannery; thence in a westerly direction about fourteen rods to a stake and stones; thence in a northerly direction about seven and one third rods to a stake; thence in a direction south of west, to a hemlock stump standing in the east line of Wm. Burrows land, and on the north bank of Silver creek; thence south along the line of said Burrows, to a stake and stones on the first high bank south of said Silver creek; thence in an easterly direction following the edge of said high bank to a stake in a stump opposite the site of the aforementioned tannery; thence easterly to a stake and stones at the aforesaid Turnpike road at the top of the first, hill or bank south of aforementioned race; thence, north to the place of beginning, containing about six acres more or less, with the appurtenances one dwelling House, one Saw Mill and all partially improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of J. A. Benjamin & Co. to the use of John Fassett, vs. David Fisk & Asa Fisk Jr.

Also—All that two story dwelling House, situate on the North side of street B. in the Borough of Susquehanna Depot, in the County aforesaid, containing in front on said B. street 60 feet and in depth 120 feet, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant the said building. Said lot being bounded on the north by land of N. Lenheim, on the east by land of the N. Y. & E. Railroad Company, on the south by B. street, and on the west by land of C. L. Ward, it being lot No. 17.

Taken in execution at the suit of Morris S. Sherman vs. F. A. Ward.

Also—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the Township of New Milford in the County of Susquehanna, and bounded as follows to wit, on the north by lands of John F. Adams, on the southeast by Page's mill-pond, on the south by lands of Samuel Gordon, and on the west by a lot of land known as the Sardin lot; with the appurtenances, one framed house, one framed barn and about twenty-five acres improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of N. V. Carpenter vs. Jedediah Read.

F. P. HOLLISTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Montrose July 21st 1856.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. David Wilmot, President of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Common Pleas, and Orphans' Court, in the Thirteenth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Susquehanna and Bradford, and the Hons. Davis D. Warner and John Boyle, Associate Judges of Susquehanna County, have issued their precept, bearing date the 16th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in the Borough of Montrose, and County of Susquehanna, on the third Monday of August next, (it being the 18th day.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of said County of Susquehanna, that they be then there, in their proper persons, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by recognizance against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said County of Susquehanna, are to be then there, to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Montrose the 16th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty six.

F. P. HOLLISTER, Sheriff.

PROCLAMATION.

Susquehanna County ss.

HORACE DUEL, vs. PARTHENA DUEL. } In the Court of Common Pleas of said county, of November Term, 1855, No. 144.

To Parthena Duel: Whereas a Subpœna in Divorce was issued to November Term, 1855, which was duly returned *non est inventus*, and thereon an *alias* Subpœna was issued in said cause returnable to April Term, 1856, upon the return of which proof was made to the said Court that the said Parthena Duel could not be found in my Bailiwick.

This notice is therefore to require you to appear before the Judges of the said Court on the third Monday of August next, to answer said complaint, &c.

F. P. HOLLISTER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Montrose, July 22d 1856.

LARD for sale by BENTLEY & READ.

Montrose, July 16, 1856.

CASH PAID FOR WOOL by C. E. BENNETT.

Susquehanna Depot, June 23, 1856. 24t

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration upon the Estate of *Daniel B. Keeler* late of Franklin township dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims upon the same to present them duly attested for settlement. SARAH KEELER.

July 12, 1856. 27w6

Important Discovery.

DR. HALSEY'S FOREST WINE

AND

GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS.

20,000 *CURES IN ONE YEAR.*

DR. HALSEY, of New York, has invented a process by which a rich luxuriant WINE is produced from certain plants of great medicinal virtues.—This delightful Wine combines all the high medicinal properties of the *Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Wild Cherry*, and certain other plants, whose virtues are *ten times more effective* as medical agents. So pure and concentrated are the medicinal properties of this Wine, that it has been found the most effective medicine now in use. Frequently less than a single bottle restores the lingering Patient from debility and sickness to strong and vigorous health.—Every dose shows its good effects on the constitution, and improves the general health; and with Dr. Halsey's celebrated GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS as an adjunct, all the following disorders are permanently cured.

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.—A box of the Forest Pills, and a bottle of the Wine, will cure the most distressing forms of this complaint.

AGUE AND FEVER.—One or two doses of the Pills, and a bottle of the Wine will break the ague and cure the Patient in all cases, when the directions on the bottle are adhered to.

DROPSICAL COMPLAINTS.—From one to two boxes of the Pills, and three bottles of the Wine, cure this obstinate disorder.

DISORDER OF THE KIDNEYS.—The Forest Wine and Pills have proved highly efficacious in this disorder. One to two boxes of the Pills, and three or four bottles of the Wine, are sufficient to accomplish a cure in the worst cases.

DEBILITY, NIGHT SWEATS, *Emaciation and Weakly State of the Constitution.*—The Forest Wine is a popular remedy for all these complaints. One to three bottles cure the worst cases without the use of the Pills; but when the complaint is accompanied with some other disorder the Pills will be required.

RHEUMATISM.—The efficacy of the Forest Remedies in Rheumatism is very singular. Some of the most distressing cases I ever saw have been cured by them in ten or twelve days' time.

BILIOUS DISORDERS AND FOUL STOMACH.—One purgative dose of the Forest Pills will cure any bilious disorder, or any complaint arising from Foul Stomach and morbid condition of the bowels.

FEVERS.—One or two purgative doses will cure fevers.

COUGHS, COLDS ETC.—One box of the Pills, and a bottle of the Wine, will break up and cure the most severe *colds, coughs*, and *pain in the breast.*

ULCERS, BOILS, BLOTCHES, *Scalped Head, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Sore Eyes, and every kind of Humor.*—These complaints all arise from one common cause—*impure blood.* Generally nothing but the Pills are required for the cure of most of these disorders; but if both remedies are used; two boxes of the Pills, and two or three bottles of the Wine, will cure the very worst cases, and frequently by less than half the quantity.

JAUNDICE.—Two boxes of the Pills, and as many bottles of the Wine, cure the worst case of Jaundice.

FEMALE OBSTRUCTIONS, produced from bad colds or weakly constitutions. A few doses of the Forest Wine cures the most distressing forms of these complaints; and if the Wine be followed up a few weeks, these derangements will not occur again. The Wine exactly suits the female constitution, and gives strength, vigor, and blooming health. Over a million of boxes and bottles have been sold within the last two years, in the United States and Canada. Letters and certificates to the amount of many thousand, have been received, testifying to the cures and good effects of these remedies.

Forest Wine is in large square bottles, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars. Forest Pills, twenty-five cents per box. General depot, 64 Walker Street, New York; and kept by one or more respectable druggist in almost every city and village in the Union and British Colonies.

General Depot, 64 Walker St. New York. Agents, in Montrose, Abel Turrell, in Great Bend, L. Scott; and all druggists.

July 16, 1856.

VENDUE

OF

Valuable Real Estate.

Fugitive of an Order of the Orphans' Court, of Susquehanna County, the undersigned will sell, at public vendue, at the Court House in Montrose, on Thursday the 30th day of July, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described piece of land, late the farm of Daniel Crofut, deceased, situate in New Milford township, and bounded on the north by lands of Belas Foot, on the east by lands of the Drinker Estate, on the south by lands of Wm. Vanhousen, and on the west by lands of Lodenia Chamberlin—containing about 65 acres. Excepting therefrom that part of said farm lying west of the road leading from Brooklyn to New Milford, containing 30 acres, which was sold by Zipron Cobb and Matilda Crofut, administrators—leaving about 35 acres of land, mostly improved, having thereon a good story and a half frame house, a frame barn, a small orchard and good water.

TERMS—One half upon delivery of the Deed, and the remainder at the end of the year.

AMY M. CROFUT,

Guardian of Minor Children of Dan'l Crofut, dec'd.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his valuable Farm, being a part of the Farm well known as the "Thomson Farm," in the township of Great Bend, Susquehanna county, Pa., containing about 230 acres of first rate land, about 100 acres in valuable timber, mostly oak, with a suitable quantity of chestnut for fencing, and the remainder in a high state of cultivation—is well watered by a small stream through the centre, and also by durable springs.

The buildings are mostly in good repair, with cattle and hay barns and other necessary out-buildings. The Farm is well fenced and suitably adapted to grain or graizing, but its present condition is mostly in first rate grass, with an abundant quantity of excellent meadow, and is considered one of the best stock Farms in the State. The timber land is equally adapted to cultivation, and the great demand for wood and timber, and its proximity to market, make it highly valuable.

The location of said Farm, with its fertility of soil and state of cultivation, combine every desirable advantage for convenience and profit not equaled in the country, being pleasantly situated in the productive Valley of the Susquehanna, directly at the junction of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad with the New York & Erie Railroad, having two direct facilities to New York by said lines and also West and North by the New York & Erie and its tributaries to every desirable point.

Other important advantages present themselves except for farming purposes—said Farm being the Village Site of the pleasant and healthy, and rapidly growing Village of Lodersville, in the centre of a rich agricultural district, is advantageously situated therewith for dividing up for the sale of lots. Persons desirous of a valuable and pleasant location will do well to call and view the premises.

Reference had of the subscriber on the premises.

Terms by agreement.

24m3 L. GREEN.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration upon the Estate of *Jesse A. Patch* late of Forest Lake township dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims upon the same to present them duly attested for settlement.

July 12, 1856. MARSENA J. PATCH.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the orphans Court of Susquehanna County to make distribution of the proceeds of the sale of the Real estate of Heman Stoddard dec'd will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Montrose on Saturday the 16th day of August next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place all persons having claims will present them or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

July 11, 1856. FRANKLIN FRAZER, Auditor.

LITHOGRAPHS; Artist's Paints in tubes, and Artist's Brushes; The Balm of a Thousand Flowers, for beautifying the complexion; Gouraud's Powdres Subtiles, for removing superfluous hair,—also his Italian Medicated Soap for removing Tan, Freckles Pimples and Sallow Complexion; Batchelor's Liquid Hair Dye, also his Moldavia Cream for the hair; Halloway's Pills and Ointment, and nearly all the Pills, Ointments, and Patent Medicines in creation, at TURRELL'S.

Montrose, June 18, 1856.

Notice.

All persons interested in the Town Clock are respectfully requested to meet at the Store of F. B. Chandler on Friday Evg. 18th of July, at 7½ o'clock.

Per Order of Committee.

Cash for Wool.

DICKERMAN & GARRATT will pay the highest market price for all the Wool in Susquehanna County delivered at their Store.

New Milford, June 16, 1856.

RESOLUTION.

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum [illegible] than two hundred and fifty thousand dollar[illegible] sinking fund shall consist of the net annual [illegible] the public works, from time to time owned [illegible] state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stock owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any*," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no*;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section [illegible] Article 1.

The Legislature sh[illegible] power to alter, revoke, or annul, an[illegible] corporation hereafter conferred by, or u[illegible] law, whenever in their o[illegible] the citizens of the commo[illegible] ever, that no injustice s[illegible] creators.

IN SENATE, [illegible]

Resolved, That this resolution pass[illegible] first amendment, yeas 21, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays [illegible]. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays [illegible]

Extract from the Journal.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, *Clerk.*

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, *April 21, 18[illegible]*

Resolved, That this resolution pass[illegible] first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25. On the fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.

[illegible] CLERK, *Cl[illegible]*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed April 24, 1856. } Sec. of the Commonw[illegible] CURT[illegible]

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

(L. S.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Labauch, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

Nays—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Piatt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,), Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—68.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—68.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

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NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—68.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Sheuk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—68.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

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So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

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YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas and Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1856.

(L. S.) Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

A. G. CURTIN,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A LIGHT! A LIGHT!

Every Day Brings Something New.

COME AND BE CONVINCED.

CLAYTON and BAILY'S SELF-REGULATING GAS LAMPS, giving the clearest and most beautiful light of any thing yet discovered, and unequalled by any thing else in economy, as the Lamps are so constructed that you get a splendid Gas light from the common burning fluid [illegible] times the amount of light from a less [illeg