THE POST.

Middleburg, Oct. 26, 1876.

Local News, &c.

—All communications, business letters &c., for this office, to secure prompt attention should be addressed as follows: THE POST, Middleburg, Snyder County, Pa. Advertisements, communications &c. must be handed in by Monday noon, to secure insertion in next issue

SNYDER COUNTY COURTS.—The Courts of Snyder County are held on the fourth Mondays of February, May, and September, and Second Monday of December.

This is the month when celery beds are expected to yield their delicious stalks.

An inquisitive chap inquires what the township road supervisors do besides drawing their salaries.

The farmers are storing away in their cellars vast quantities of apples both in liquid and solid forms for the long winter evening's enjoyment.

Almanacs for 1877 have put in an appearance, which serves to remind us that the Centennial Year is rapidly passing away.

The potato crop in this county is said to be nearly a failure. Reports from some of the adjoining counties are of like purport.

The Fairs at Selinsgrove and Middleburg so far as the exhibitions were concerned were successes, but the attendance was a failure which must be attributed to a variety of causes, but by no means from want of efforts upon the part of the managers. Hard times and the centennial, bad weather, and no-money-in-bank Candidates constituted the primary cause of the slim attendance.

It is stated that a singular disease prevails among the cattle in Lebanon county. Within a few weeks a number have gone blind, some of them in one eye, but most of them in both eyes. One farmer has twelve head, some entirely blind, and others partially so. One calf, at three days old, never out of the stable, lost its sight. On some farms two, three and four are victims to the disease. The nerve of the eyes seem to dye from within, and the eye becomes white.

To Preserve Cider.—Sulphate of lime is now generally used to prevent continued fermentation in cider. The directions are as follows:

"When the cidar has fermented to suit the taste, add one-quarter ounce of Sulphate of Lime to each gallon, or ten ounces to each barrel—first mixing it with cider or water to the consistency of cream. Shake the barrel well and allow it to settle four or five days, draw off the clear cider carefully into another barrel, and bung it tightly.

"The quality of the cider is further improved by a second drawing off, at the end of ten days or two weeks.

"The strength or body of the cider may be increased by adding ten or fifteen pounds of sugar, dissolved in a portion of the cider, to each barrel, as it is run from the press."

WHY BUSINESS IS DULL.—There is a general complaint all over the country regarding dull trade. Many wonder why this is so. If they will give the matter a thought they will see that much of the dullness of trade is due the Centennial Exhibition. There is not a village in the country that has not furnished its quota of visitors to the city. Each of those visitors must take from ten to one hundred dollars to pay for the expenses of the trip, according to the distance they have to travel. The amount thus expended is taken away from the neighborhood in which they live, and a large portion of it is saved by economizing in the home expenses. We know of instances where every economy has been practiced the whole year and will continue to be practiced for months to come in consequence of the expenses of a trip to the Centennial. This, of course lessens the volume of trade just that amount, and when we consider the thousands who are thus reducing their daily purchases, is it any wonder that country merchants complain that their sales are so light? The railroads and the hotel keepers in the city have been gainers by the exhibition but to the country at large it has been a very heavy loss and one which will be felt for a long time to come.—*Ex.*

MENTAL CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.—A patron, writing to the Lancaster *Express* under recent date, makes a series of strictures that may be read with profit by our school authorities and teachers. He says: Your patron desires to point out a proposition for your consideration, which is simply this: Why not let the children at school have the use of a book in solving mental arithmetic questions?

This may be looked upon as a trifling matter, but it is, in reality, one of the great questions of the day. Mental Arithmetic, as now taught, is a fearful strain upon the mind, without any sufficient compensatory result. The mere proposition of taking children, as they are, with greater and less powers of memory, and requiring them to study one or two pages of mental arithmetic to the extent of memorising the whole of it, and repeating word for word any question the teacher may read oft awakens a degree of sympathy for the poor children compared with which all ideas of cruelty to animals sink into insignificance. It is simply demanding and commanding what is in the very nature of things utterly impossible for average children to do. And suppose some may be able to do it, does the result or gain compensate for the time and labor expended therein? Using the book in the class would relieve the child from more than one-half of the mental strain, and procure the same result. The question is, Why not let them have the book? Your correspondent did not intead to discuss or argue anything, and was only led a little in that direction by the temptations presenting themselves.

The same remarks and inquiries would apply to geography, perhaps with not quiet so much force. But the practice of requiring children to memorize a descriptive geography lesson is also a species of barbarism. Why not bound a state or country, or define a river or mountain, on the map? There is nothing in such a stock of memory that remains ten years after school is left, and when the recollection is gone all is gone; it leaves no principals behind. One half of the school days of our children are devoted to these two things, for which labor there is nothing to compensate them in any way. *I* contend that both mental arithmetic and geography can be taught with equal success by using the book and thereby relieving both teacher and child of one-half of their troubles and disappointments. Let the friends of humanity and education arise,

On Monday last about 50 Centennial excursionists left this ancient village in the morning train which was run at the instance and request of the excursionists who no doubt had a refreshing journey to the Junction. Our definition of excursion is, *Excursion* with all that *that* implies.

IT IS AUTUMN.—You can realize the fact by looking out on the surrounding hills, where the foliage of the giant trees and the modest, but beautiful ferns that grow so luxuriantly on the ground beneath them, is all turning to yellow, brown, russet and golden; you know it is so because the outlook is so hazy in the mornings, and so suggestive of the *ennui* which tired limbs or overtasked brain at other seasons court; you are sure that such is the case, for the reason that the twittering song of the little birds is no longer heard, and the freshening atmosphere does not rejuvenate, but rather depresses you. This is the sentiment of autumn, and the prose is somewhat different. We are all painfully aware that just now we are standing on the threshold of a long hard, and very bitter winter; that the transition state between sunshine and shadow is with us, and that nature is in her final throes. It is autumn. Typical, the moralists say, of the decay which must come to thrones, dynasties, dominations and people; an evidence, the practical assert, that every rose has its thorn in this world, and that as we enjoyed the pleasure of the beautiful flowers, the melodious singing of the feathered songster, the deep green of umbrageous foliage that was so pleasant to the eye, and the bright sunshine that was so glorious to all the senses, we must now suffer with the pain that is ever the attendant of earthly enjoyment.

It seems but yesterday that a summer sea of glory was above us, and happiness reigned supreme, while to-day we look out upon black clouds, and feel the depression that the time of year engenders. We look forward to the morrow, when a mantal of the purest white will cover the earth from our view, and the current of the streams will flow beneath a congealed surface; when the pitying eyes of the generous will be turned to the pitiful eyes of the poor, and when the death of nature will be so very apparent, and so very real. Over the recently joyous form of summer we draw the pall which comes in the wake of autumn, and the glory and gladness we lay away to an eternal rest. There is no turning backward to court the beauty and loveliness of the past, for the rose has withered, and the leaf comes dropping silently to the ground. We cannot rejuvenate the season that died and is buried, no more than we can avert the days which seem to mourn over its departure. This is autumn, and this is also decay. Everything that we gaze upon, every sound that we listen to, proclaims nothing but death, death. Everything seems to say ye were and are not—you have lived in conscious strength, and you are now dying in helpless weakness. So let it be.—*Ex.*

Business Locals.

☞Holloway's Pills.—The Blood is the very essense of health and life. It furnishes the components of flesh, bone, muscle, nerve and integument. The stomach is the aparatus—the arteries the distributors and the intestines the channels by which the waste matter is carried off. Upon the stomach and bowels, these medicines work simultaneously. 25 cents per boX or pot. Oct. 26,'76,4w

CAUTION.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned that he has left the following articles at his farm in Franklin township: Truck Wagon, Lot of Hay and Potatoes. All persons are cautioned not to interfere or meddle with the same. JNO. W. STEEVER.
Oct. 19, 1876.

☞Weis & Oppenheimer, Selinsgrove, have just opened their stock of Fall and Winter Clothing. It comprises all the latest styles for Men & Boys, and will be sold at astonishingly low figures. Give them a call.

☞Good Overcoats as low as $1 50 at Weis & Oppenheimers', Selinsgrove.

☞Bountiful nature affords no finer Specific for skin diseases than Sulphur, a fact that is clearly proven by the action upon the cuticle afflicted with eruptions or ulcerous sores, of that supreme purifier, Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Depot Crittenton's No. 7 SiXth Ave., N. Y. Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black orbrown, 50 cts. Oct. 12th. 4w.

——Just received a fresh and full line of Mens' and Boys' hats of the latest, styles at Weis & Oppenheimers, Selinsgrove.

——Underclothing in abundance at Weis & Oppenheimers, Selinsgrove.

☞JOHN D. RAUDENBAUGH, Tailor, respectfully informs the people of Middleburg and vicinity that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line neatly, cheaply, according to the latest style and warranted to fit. Cutting done at short notice. Business place, corner opposite the U. B. Church, Main Street. Sept. 28,76.tf.

☞C. N. SMITH, from Newport, Perry county, Pa. will furnish Snyder county merchants, with the best common candy, French Bunting, &c. He will be on hand at and during the holidays, with all kinds of Candies, Toys, etc, Sept. 21 76,tf.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS.—It is reported that BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has, since its introduction in the United States, reached the immense sale of 40,000 dozen per year. Over 6,000 Druggists have ordered this medicine direct from the Factory, at Woodbury, N. J., and not one has reported a single failure, but every letter speaks of its astonishing success in curing severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast Consumption, or any diseases of the throat and Lungs. We advise any person that has any predisposition to weak Lungs, to go to their Druggist John A. Moatz, and get this Medicine, or inquire about it. Regular size, 75 cents; Sample bottle, 10 cents. Two doses will relieve any case. Don't neglect your cough.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS, &C.—Closing Prices of DE HAVEN & TOWNSEND, 40 South Third Street Philadelphia. Stocks bought and sold either for cash or on margin. Oct. 20th, 1876.

	BID.	ASKED.
U.S. 5's. 1881	119	119½
" 5.20's 1865	114	114¼
" " 1865—J. & J.	113¼	113⅝
" " 1867	116	116⅛
" " 1868	117	117⅛
" 10-40's	116⅝	116
" Currency, 6's	124	124¼
" 5's 1881, new	115	115⅛
Called 5-20's	113¼	
Pennsylvania R. R.	48½	48¾
Philadelphia and Reading R. R.	23½	23⅝
Lehigh Valley R. R.	48⅜	48⅝
Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co.	32	32¼
United Companies of N. J.	137	137½
Oil Creek & Alleg'y Val. R. R.	10⅝	10¾
Philadelphia & Erie R. R.	15	15¼
Northern Central R. R. Co.	28	29
Gold	110¾	111

DIED.

On the 5th inst., in Adams township, Wm. H. Boney, of consumption, aged 24 years, 4 months and 10 days.

On the 6th inst., in Adams township, Josiah Kline, aged 38 years, 10 months and 26 days.

General Election Proclamation

In pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution and election laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Daniel Eisenhart High Sheriff of the county of Snyder do hereby give notice to the electors of said county, on

Tuesday, the 7th day of November

1876, (being the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November,) at which time the following officers will be elected to wit:

Twenty-nine persons for electors;

One person to fill the office of Representative in Congress for the 18th district, composed of the counties of Snyder, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry, Franklin and Fulton;

One person to fill the office of State Senator to represent the district composed of the counties of Union Snyder and Northumberland;

One person to fill the office of Representative in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the county of Snyder

One person to fill the office of District Attorney for the county of Snyder.

One person to fill the office of Register & Recorder for the county of Snyder.

Two persons to fill the office of Jury Commissioner for the county of Snyder (each voter, however, can only vote for one candidate.)

One person to fill the office of Prothonotary Clerk of the courts of General quarter Session, Orphans' Court, &c., for the county of Snyder

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid election in the several townships and boroughs within the county of Snyder are as follows, to wit:

At the Union school House, in the Borough of Selinsgrove.
At the House of Daniel Hovis in and for Perry township.
At the house of Christopher Wentzel, in and for Chapman township.
At the house of Wm. Moyer, in and for Washington township.
At the house of George O. Smith, in the Borough of Middleburg, for Franklin township.
At the School house in Beavertown in and for Beaver township
At the house of Jacob Miller in and for West Beaver township.
At the house of James D. Long in and for Centre township.
At the house of Henry M. Straub in and for Middlecreek township.
At the House of Sarah A. Miller in and for Penn township.
At the school house in Kratzerville, in and for Jackson township.
At the school house at Shamokin Dam in and for Monroe township
At the house of John Fisher in and for West Perry township.
At the Court House in and for the Borough of Middleburg.
At the house of Jacob Blosser in and for Union township.
At the house of the heirs of Charles Mattern in Troxleville, in and for Adams township.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

"That every person, eXcepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, eXecutive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States or of any incorporated district; and that every member of Congress & of the State Legislature & of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or eXercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge inspecter or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or any officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

By the act of Assembly of July 3, 1866, it is also made "the duty of every Mayor, Sheriff, Alderman, Justice of the Peace Constable, of every city, county, township or district within this Commonwealth, whether called upon by any officer of an election, or by three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window or avenue to the window of the place of General Election, which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same; and it shall be the duty of every respective Constable of such ward, district or township within this Commonwealth, to be present or by Deputy, at the place of holding elections, in such ward, district, or township, for the purpose of preserving the peace as aforesaid."

Also that in the 4th section of the act of Assembly entitled "An act relating to elections and other purposes," approved April 1e, 184o, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as Judge, inspecter or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

By an act of Assembly approved the 17th day of April, 1869, it is enacted that "all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, shall be opened between the hours of 6 and 7 o'clock A M. and close at 7 o'clock P M.

Sec 1—Be it enacted, &c., That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside "judges;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for, and be labelled "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator and members of assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

Whereas, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

"Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude."

"Section 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

And Whereas, The Congress of the United States on the 31st day of March, 1870, passed an act, entitled "An Act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all citizens of the United States, who are, or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people, in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any Constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any State or Territory or by or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That if by or under the authority of the Constitution or laws of any State, or of the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such Constitution or laws, persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite, or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all the citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite, and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just and shall also, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

And Whereas, It is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States that "this Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land * * * anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the countrary notwithstanding."

And Whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth, on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1870 passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to elections in this Commonwealth," the tenth section of which provides as follows:

Section 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freemen shall be entitled to vote or be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth be and the same is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all freemen, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved seventeenth April, 1869, entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.

The above recited amendments and acts must be executed and obeyed by all assessors registers of voters election officers and others that the rights and privileges guaranteed thereby may be secured to all the citizens of this Commonwealth entitled to the same.

By the 13th section of the act of Assembly of January 30, 1874, it is enacted that as soon as the polls shall close, the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted and same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelops and be sealed in presence of the officers and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally paper, and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty four miles, if their residence be in town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before 2 o'clock past meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges, shall before 12 o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said returns, together with return sheet to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county, which said return shall be filed, & day and hour of the filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection. At 12 o clock on the second day following any election, the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas shall present the said returns to the said Court * * * The returns presented by the Prothonotary shall be opened by said Court and computed by such of its officers and such sworn assistants as the Court shall appoint in the presence of the judge of judges of said court, and the return certified and certificate of election issued under the seal of the Court, as is now required to be done by return judges and the vote so computed and certified shall be made a matter of record in said Court. The sessions of said court are open to the public. * * * And the other of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots. * * * Whenever a place shall have been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township, or borough, for the safe keeping of the ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished and the ballot box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters, and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed and the signature of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same together with the remaining boxes, to the Mayor or Recorder of such city, or in counties, township or boroughs to such person or persons as the Court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place designated as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election.

Given under my hand, at my office in Middleburg this 1st day of October A. D. 1875, and in the one-hundredth year of the Independence of the United States.

DANIEL EISENHART, Sheriff.

NEW GOODS!

A. S. HELFRICH

Beaver Springs, Pa.

LARGEST, BEST AND COMPLETEST STOCK OF

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Queenswear,
Hardware,
Wood & Willow Ware,

Notions, Furnishing Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps.

READY MADE

CLOTHING

cheaper than ever brought to Snyder County.

Dealer in

GRAIN,
SEEDS,
COAL,
LUMBER,
FISH,
SALT,
PLASTER &c.

All kinds of Goods exchanged for Cash or approved country produce,

Call and eXamine my stock and learn my prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Oct. 12, 1876, 6m.

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

THOROUGHLY CURES DISEASES OF THE SKIN, BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, HEALS SORES AND ABRASIONS OF THE CUTICLE AND COUNTERACTS CONTAGION.

This Standard External Remedy for Eruptions, Sores and Injuries of the Skin, not only REMOVES FROM THE COMPLEXION ALL BLEMISHES arising from local impurities of the blood and obstruction of the pores, but also those produced by the sun and wind, such as tan and freckles. It renders the CUTICLE MARVELOUSLY CLEAR, SMOOTH and PLIANT, and being a WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER is far preferable to any cosmetic.

ALL THE REMEDIAL ADVANTAGES OF SULPHUR BATHS are insured BY THE USE OF *Glenn's Sulphur Soap*, which in addition to its purifying effects, remedies and PREVENTS RHEUMATISM and GOUT.

IT ALSO DISINFECTS CLOTHING and LINEN and PREVENTS DISEASES COMMUNICATED BY CONTACT with the PERSON.

IT DISSOLVES DANDRUFF, prevents baldness, and retards grayness of the hair.

Physicians speak of it in high terms.

Prices—25 and 50 Cents per Cake; per Box (3 Cakes), 60c. and $1.20.

S. B.—The 50 cent cakes are triple the size of those at 25 cents.

☞"HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE," Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

J. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av., N.Y.

AGENTS WANTED $10 a day. Our large life-like STEEL ENGRAVINGS of the PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES sell rapidly. Send for circular. N. Y. Engraving Co., 35 Wall Street, Box 2525, N. Y.

$10 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.

PRIVATE SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale his residence situate on Main Street in the Borough of Middleburg, Snyder county, Pa. This is a desirable property and was formerly known as the EAGLE HOTEL. The improvements comprise a LARGE DOUBLE FRAME HOUSE, SUMMER HOUSE, LARGE SHED, ICE HOUSE, and other outbuildings. An excellent well of water at the door. It is suitable for a private dwelling or a Hotel, and located near the centre of business.

Terms easy and reasonable. For further particulars call on or address

J. W. O'WIG,
Watsontown, North'd Co., Pa.
Aug. 31, 1876.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

Will be sold by virtue of an alias order of sale issued out the of Orphans' Court of Snyder county, Pa. on SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1876, at the premises of the late Elias Keck, dec'd in Middlecreek tp., said county, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

Tract No. 1.—The undivided one-half part of a Certain TRACT OF LAND, situate in Middlecreek twp., Snyder Co., Pa. Bounded North by lands of Jacob A. Smith, South by lands of Jno. Diemer, & others, East by lands of Jacob A. Smith, west by lands of Henry M. Straub and David Meiser, containing 104 ACRES, more or less, thereon are erected a Two Story Log Weatherboarded House, New BANK BARN, and other outbuildings, a good well and a spring of eXcellent water, two orchards of choice fruit trees. The land is in a good state of cultivation.

TRACT No. 2.—The undivided half of a certain Tract or Piece of Land situate as aforesaid and bounded North by land of Henry Weitzel, South by lands of Jacob Smith, East by lands of heirs of Calvin Fisher dec'd., West by lands of Henry Weitzel, containing 8 ACRES, more or less.

TRACT No. 3.—All that certain lot of ground situate in Middlecreek twp., aforesaid bounded by lands of John Dunbarman Fermar's Estate and others containing One-Fourth of an Acre, more or less, thereon a Fine Limestone Quarry.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when due attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

ELI KEELER
Administrator of Elias Keck, dec'd.

THE undersigned being the owner of the other undivided half part of the first above described Two Pieces of Land, will offer the same at Public Sale, at the same time and place above mentioned.

Oct. 12, 1876. CHARLES KECK.

Only Remedy for Hard Times.

Change Your Surroundings.

All wanting FRUIT FARMS, especially adapted to the growth of the VINE, where it is an established success and pays LARGE PROFIT. The land is also adapted to the growth of Peaches, Pears, Apples and small fruits; also, Grain, Grass, and Vegetables.

Many hundreds of excellent VINEYARDS, ORCHARDS and FARMS can now be seen.

THE LOCATION is only 24 miles South of Philadelphia, by Railroad, in a mild, delightful climate, and at the very doors of the New York and Philadelphia Markets. Another Railroad runs direct to New York.

THE PLACE is already Large, Successful and Prosperous. Churches, schools and other privileges are already established. Also, manufactories of Shoes, Clothing, Glass, Straw Goods and other things, at which different members of a family can procure employment.

It has been a HEALTHY RESORT for some years past for people suffering from pulmonary affections, Asthma, Catarrh, Ague, and debility; many thousands have entirely recovered.

A new Brick Hotel has just been completed, 100 feet front, with back buildings, four stories high, including French roof, and all modern improvements for the accommodation of visitors.

Price of FARM LAND $25.00 per Acre, payable by installments within the period of four years. In this climate planted out to vines, 20 acres of land will count fully as much as 100 acres farther north.

Persons unacquainted with Fruit Growing, can become familiar with it in a short time on account of surroundings.

Five Acres One Acre, and Town Lots in the towns of Landisville and Vineland, also for sale.

Whilst visiting the Centennial Exhibition, Vineland can be visited at small expense.

A paper containing full information will be sent upon application to CHARLES K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J., free of cost.

The following is an extract from a description of Vineland, published in the New York Tribune, by the well known Agriculturist, Solon Robinson:

All the farmers were of the "well to do" sort, and some of them, who have turned their attention to fruits and market gardening, have grown rich. The soil is loam, varying from sandy to clayey, and surface gently undulating, intersected with small streams and occasional wet meadows, in which deposits of peat or muck are stored, sufficient to fertilize the whole upland surface after it has been exhausted of its natural fertility.

It is certainly one of the most extensive fertile tracts, in an almost level position, and suitable condition for pleasant farming, that we know of this side of the Western prairies. We found some of the oldest farms apparently just as profitably productive as when first cleared of forest fifty or a hundred years ago.

The geologist would soon discover the cause of this continued fertility. The whole country is a marine deposit, and all through the soil we found evidences of calcareous substances, generally in the form of indurated calcareous marl, showing many distinct forms of ancient shells, of the tertiary formation; and this marly substance is scattered all through the soil, in a very comminuted form, and in the exact condition most easily assimilated by such plants as the former desires to cultivate. Aug.3,'76.

Estray Sheep.

CAME to the premises of the undersigned in Franklin township, on Saturday, Oct. 7, 1876, A Large White Buck, with LEFT EAR PARTLY OFF. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law. SAMUEL STETLER.
Oct. 12, 1876. 4t.

REPUBLICAN CAPAIGN MUSIC.

Each piece giving a picture of

HAYES AND WHEELER

FOR THE PIANO.

Hayes and Wheeler's Gallop to the White House. By H. Miller. Price 35 cts.
Hayes and Wheeler's Favorite Polka. By H. Miller. Price, 35 cts.
Hayes' Campaign Quickstep. By H. Miller. Price 35 cts.
Hayes' Campaign March. By H. Miller 35 cts.

Any piece mailed, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price. Address.
J. L. PETERS, 843 Broadway, New York

MUSIC FOR

BRASS BAND.

Let the Hills and Vales Resound.	Price.	$1.05
Centennial Medley Quickstep	"	1 00
Old '76 Medley. By Oscar Coon	"	1 00
E Flatbus Union	"	1 00
Salt River Gallop	"	1 00
Little old Cabin in the Lane.	"	1 00

FOR

SMALL ORCHASTRA.

National Medley. By Oscar Coon. Price $1 0.
Medley of Hayes' songs. By Oscar Coon. Price $1 00
Medley of Stewart's Songs. By Oscar Coon Price, 1 75
Address.
J. L. PETERS, 843 Broadway, N. Y

PRIVATE SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale his residence situate on Main Street in the Borough of Middleburg, Snyder county, Pa. This is a desirable property and was formerly known as the EAGLE HOTEL. The improvements comprise a LARGE DOUBLE FRAME HOUSE, SUMMER HOUSE, LARGE SHED, ICE HOUSE, and other outbuildings. An excellent well of water at the door. It is suitable for a private dwelling or a Hotel, and located near the centre of business.

Terms easy and reasonable. For further particulars call on or address

J. W. O'WIG,
Watsontown, North'd Co., Pa.
Aug. 31, 1876.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

Will be sold by virtue of an alias order of sale issued out the of Orphans' Court of Snyder county, Pa. on SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1876, at the premises of the late Elias Keck, dec'd in Middlecreek tp., said county, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

Tract No. 1.—The undivided one-half part of a Certain TRACT OF LAND, situate in Middlecreek twp., Snyder Co., Pa. Bounded North by lands of Jacob A. Smith, South by lands of Jno. Diemer, & others, East by lands of Jacob A. Smith, west by lands of Henry M. Straub and David Meiser, containing 104 ACRES, more or less, thereon are erected a Two Story Log Weatherboarded House, New BANK BARN, and other outbuildings, a good well and a spring of eXcellent water, two orchards of choice fruit trees. The land is in a good state of cultivation.

TRACT No. 2.—The undivided half of a certain Tract or Piece of Land situate as aforesaid and bounded North by land of Henry Weitzel, South by lands of Jacob Smith, East by lands of heirs of Calvin Fisher dec'd., West by lands of Henry Weitzel, containing 8 ACRES, more or less.

TRACT No. 3.—All that certain lot of ground situate in Middlecreek twp., aforesaid bounded by lands of John Dunbarman Fermar's Estate and others containing One-Fourth of an Acre, more or less, thereon a Fine Limestone Quarry.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when due attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

ELI KEELER
Administrator of Elias Keck, dec'd.

THE undersigned being the owner of the other undivided half part of the first above described Two Pieces of Land, will offer the same at Public Sale, at the same time and place above mentioned.

Oct. 12, 1876. CHARLES KECK.

Only Remedy for Hard Times.

Change Your Surroundings.

All wanting FRUIT FARMS, especially adapted to the growth of the VINE, where it is an established success and pays LARGE PROFIT. The land is also adapted to the growth of Peaches, Pears, Apples and small fruits; also, Grain, Grass, and Vegetables.

Many hundreds of excellent VINEYARDS, ORCHARDS and FARMS can now be seen.

THE LOCATION is only 24 miles South of Philadelphia, by Railroad, in a mild, delightful climate, and at the very doors of the New York and Philadelphia Markets. Another Railroad runs direct to New York.

THE PLACE is already Large, Successful and Prosperous. Churches, schools and other privileges are already established. Also, manufactories of Shoes, Clothing, Glass, Straw Goods and other things, at which different members of a family can procure employment.

It has been a HEALTHY RESORT for some years past for people suffering from pulmonary affections, Asthma, Catarrh, Ague, and debility; many thousands have entirely recovered.

A new Brick Hotel has just been completed, 100 feet front, with back buildings, four stories high, including French roof, and all modern improvements for the accommodation of visitors.

Price of FARM LAND $25.00 per Acre, payable by installments within the period of four years. In this climate planted out to vines, 20 acres of land will count fully as much as 100 acres farther north.

Persons unacquainted with Fruit Growing, can become familiar with it in a short time on account of surroundings.

Five Acres One Acre, and Town Lots in the towns of Landisville and Vineland, also for sale.

Whilst visiting the Centennial Exhibition, Vineland can be visited at small expense.

A paper containing full information will be sent upon application to CHARLES K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J., free of cost.

The following is an extract from a description of Vineland, published in the New York Tribune, by the well known Agriculturist, Solon Robinson:

All the farmers were of the "well to do" sort, and some of them, who have turned their attention to fruits and market gardening, have grown rich. The soil is loam, varying from sandy to clayey, and surface gently undulating, intersected with small streams and occasional wet meadows, in which deposits of peat or muck are stored, sufficient to fertilize the whole upland surface after it has been exhausted of its natural fertility.

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...ber 11, 1876.

...ers, Whips, Collars ...guaranteed for one year ...Wolfley asks but a trial to prove that he understands his business. [Nov.19,'75.

1853. 71. 1873.

CENTENNIAL!

Having adopted the motto of the "NIMBLE SIXPENCE," the subscriber would call the attention of the public to the fact that he has adopted the

CASH SYSTEM,

and hereafter, will sell goods entirely for CASH or PRODUCE, being satisfied that it is the true system of doing business.

He continues to keep on hand a very full and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WALL PAPER,
SHOE FINDINGS, LEATHER,
FISH, OILS,
PAINTS, &C., &C., &C.

which he offers to the public at very greatly reduced CASH PRICES.

With thanks to my old customers for their liberal patronage for many years of the past, I would solicit their custom for the future, hoping, they will be benefitted by the change, as well as

Your humble servant,
W. F. EICKERT.
Selinsgrove, Sept. 23, 76.

H. O'NEIL,

Justice of the Peace,

Port Treverton, Snyder County, Pa

All business pertaining to the office of Justice of the Peace will receive prompt attention. Deeds, Articles written &c. Conveyancing attended to. July 22 '76.tf.

NEW PLANING MILL

at SAL