Post.

t, 12, 1875.

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Hon. Henry

OF ERIE CO.

Republican Count,

SHERIFF
JACOB P. BOGAR,
Union Township.

COMMISSIONER
JOHN ROMIG,
Penn Township.
JOEL ROW,
Middlecreek Township.

TREASURER
HENRY BENFER,
Franklin Township.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE
DANIEL GEMBERLING,
Penn Township.

AUDITOR
DANIEL DIEFFENBACH,
Monroe Township.
NER B. MIDDLESWARTH,
West Beaver Township.

HON. A. H. DILL, of Union county, has formally announced that he is not a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Governorship of Pennsylvania.

REMEMBER this fact in connection with the charges of fraudulent treasury management: Under Democratic administration the debt increased, and real estate was taxed; under the Republicans, the debt has rapidly decreased, and there is no tax on real estate.

BEECHER TO BE TRIED AGAIN.—The Beecher case to be tried over again. On Monday afternoon, Mr. Morris, counsel for Theodore Tilton, notified Messrs Shearman and Sterling, attorneys for Henry Ward Beecher, to answer in a new trial on the first Monday in September. Mr. Morris says his side has new evidence, and that the case can be tried in ten days.

GOVERNOR BIGLER is, it seems, a sort o' candidate and sort o' not. He is not a candidate for the nomination, but if nominated will not decline. He reminds us of the young hunter who shot a calf, supposing it to be a deer, and excused himself, when reproached with his blunder, by saying that he shot so as to hit it, if a deer, and to miss it, if a calf. —*Ex.*

IN Pennsylvania Republicans rule, and have ruled, and the State bonds command a premium. In Virginia, always Democratic, neither interest nor principal of the State bonds are paid and repudiation is threatened. Democratic papers ask that voters shall believe that in the Keystone State the public officers are thieves, while in the State which claims the title of Mother of Presidents, the officers are "honorable men." They borrow, but they do not pay. "All honorable men."

THE Democratic party has had control of Maryland, uninterruptedly, for the last eight years, and the evidences of corruption are so undeniable that there is a very fair prospect of an independent candidate being nominated, by men of all parties, for Governor. Corruption is so notorious, that none but the most hide bound partisans seek to deny it exists. Would you transfer the rule of such "reformers" to Pennsylvania? Let the honest voter consider before he determines to make a change.

AT a meeting of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, whose report we publish in another column, Mr. Temple, the Democratic Auditor General, was present. He examined the accounts with the banks in which the funds of the State were deposited, the vouchers and certificates from the officers of the various banks stating that the amounts charged against them repectively on the books of the Treasurer were deposited with them to the credit of the State. He also examined the famous vault account, about which so much has been said falsely, and after the most thorough and searching investigation he declared himself perfectly satisfied and convinced that the funds of the State were intact. Will the Democratic press believe now that there is no defalcation, or will they persist in their defamatory course, in the vain hope of making partisan capital?

A TRAMP got into a house in Delaware county in which a young lady was alone at the time. The intruder, evidently aware of this fact, advanced threateningly toward the young woman, and we would doubtless have had to chronicle another brutal outrage and murder, had not his intended victim seized a shot gun which she found in the kitchen, and sternly bade him stand. Enraged at this show of resistance the tramp drew a knife and took another step forward, when the brave girl fired, mercifully aiming at the villain's feet and ankles, which received the full charge of shot. Cowed by this reception, the tramp made off as fast as his crippled condition would permit, his curses of rage and pain forming a fitting accompaniment to his hasty retreat. The villain got no more than he deserved, and had the young lady stretched him dead at her feet no sensible person would have uttered a word of condemnation against her.

State Financial Affairs.

The following is a general press dispatch, in reference to the State finances, published in this morning's papers:

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 2.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund met here to-day, in conformity with law. The State Treasurer submitted a statement showing the balance in the Sinking Fund to be $435,513 08. Whereupon the following was offered by Secretary Quay, and unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the State Treasurer be directed to notify the Farmers and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund are prepared to redeem upon presentation the balance of the five-ten loan of the Commonwealth, amounting to $434,850; and further, that the State Treasurer be directed to notify the holders of the Chambersburg certificates issued under the act of May 27, 1871, to present the same for payment forthwith at the Treasury, and that interest be stopped upon all the indebtedness above mentioned on the first day of November next."

The amount of loan thus called for is as follows: Five-ten loan, act of February 2, 1867, $434,850; Chambersburg certificates, act May 27, 1871, $73,168 26. Total, $508,018 26. Exceeding by $72,385 18 the present available balance in the Sinking Fund. The redemption of loans for the present fiscal year will exceed fourteen hundred thousand dollars, and exhaust all the loan of the Commonwealth now due, or which can be reached at the option of the State by the present Board of Commissioners.

Before the adjournment of the board Mr. Mackey voluntarily submitted a detailed statement of the Treasury, with a list of depositaries of the State funds, including the sinking fund, supported by proper vouchers, with a request that the board should examine and verify it, which was done.

The Clog in the Sinking Fund.

The State Treasurer, Auditor General and Secretary of the Commonwealth, composing the board of Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, met yesterday at the capitol, and having in conformity, with law applied the entire balance in the Sinking Fund to the payment of the public debt, transcended the requirements of the law by calling in and stopping interest, after the first day of November next, upon the sum of $75,000 of State indebtedness, for the redemption of which the Sinking Fund was not in immediate condition, relying probably upon the receipts of the next two months to provide for its payment.

The debt thus called for redemption, amounting to $508,018 26, includes all indebtedness of the Commonwealth which has matured, or will mature, before 1877. The Sinking Fund Commission is thus brought to a dead halt in its operations. The Commissioners cannot go into open market to purchase the State Loan at a premium—nor can they stop interest on any portion of it until it becomes due in 1877. Until legislation is had to provide for the difficulty the Commission is powerless; and in the meantime what is to become of the Democratic clamor over the mismanagement of the Sinking Fund? How can it be mismanaged when it cannot be managed at all.

With three months yet intervening previous to the Gubernatorial election, this action of the Commissioners, virtually taking the Sinking Fund question out of the canvass, is unjustifiable and intolerable, and upon the part of Auditor General Temple simply inexplicable. He will be called to answer at the bar of his party for this ill-advised destruction of half its stock in trade for the present campaign.

Formerly the Commission was empowered to purchase the loan of the State at its current price in open market, but the practice was believed to enure rather to the profit of the Treasurer than of the Commonwealth; and the enabling statute was accordingly repealed. Its re-enactment would seem necessary to prevent a glut in the Sinking Fund, unless the Legislature shall see proper, relieving the State Treasurer and his sureties, to loan out the public funds to the highest bidders.

The State loan is held at a premium of from 4 to 9 per cent. and is never presented for payment until the holders are forced to come in by the stoppage of the interest upon their bonds.

Appended is a schedule of the loan of the State, for which no provision has yet been made, showing the amount and date of maturity of each:

Act May 4, 1852, due August 1, 1877	$3,367,500
Act April 10, 1849, due April 10, 1879	400,000
Act April 19, 1853, due August 1, 1878	273,000
Act April 2, 1852, due July 1, 1882	482,000
*Act February 2, 1867, due February 1, 1877	7,980,950
†Act February 2, 1867, due February 1, 1882	9,995,800
Act April 3, 1872, due April 3, 1922	500,000
	22,899,250

*Due in 1882, payable at the option of the State after February 1, 1877

†Due in 1892, payable at the option of the State after February 1, 1882.

☞The United States Mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Carson during the last fiscal year coined amounts as follows: Gold, $34,000,000; trade dollars, $6,000,000; subsidiary silver and minor coins, $5,250,000.

Sudden Death of Ex-President Johnson.

Ex-President Andrew Johnson died on Saturday morning, July 31, at his daughter's residence in Carter county, Tennessee, at about two o'clock. He was stricken with paralysis on Wednesday night preceding and never spoke afterward.

Andrew Johnson was born September 29, 1808, in Raleigh, North Carolina. Having lost his father at an early age, and his family being in indigent circumstances he was apprenticed to a tailor at ten years of age, whom he served seven years. During his apprenticeship he exhibited great anxiety to educate himself. In 1853 he was elected Governor of Tennessee, and again in 1855. In 1857 he was elected to the United States Senate, and in 1861 when the war broke out he was found among the few Democratic Senators and representatives from the South on the side of his country and against secession. He served out his term and in 1863 he was appointed by President Lincoln Provisional Governor of Tennessee. In 1864 he was nominated by the Republicans for Vice President and elected. After the assassination of Lincoln he became President, and at the commencement of his administration was extremely bitter towards rebels, but in a short time changed his policy, and in the legislation of Congress with respect to the Southern States sided with the late rebels or Conservatives. This caused a separation from his Union friends, and the Democratic party adopted his policy. In 1868, he supported Seymour for President, and after the election of President Grant returned to Tennessee, where he remained until last winter, when he was again elected to the United States Senate by the Democrats of his own State. He was the only ex-President ever elected to that body.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 3.

A special dispatch from Greenville says: The funeral of ex-President Johnson took place this afternoon. The weather was cloudy and warm. The room in the court house where the remains laid was appropriately decorated. The casket, was plain, but elegant, and before noon fully five thousand persons were assembled to attend the burial.

Nothing whatever of an unpleasant nature happened to mar the mournful harmony of the solemn occasion. Order and quiet reigned during the whole day, and the respectful silence of the large concourse of people was a fitting tribute to his memory.

☞The American riflemen have done brilliant shooting in Ireland and England, having won all the prizes that have been offered thus far. Glory enough for one trip, surely!

☞A farmer living near Quincy, Michigan was painting a horse's hoof recently when a sudden explosion occurred near him, which threw him on the ground and stunned him severely. Several persons in the neighborhood received shocks simultaneously with this occurrence. It is supposed that a large accumulation of electricity in the air must have been suddenly discharged, though the sun was shining brightly at the time, and there were hardly any clouds in sight.

☞M. T. Bowden, a school teacher at St. James, La., filled a pocket with advertising imitations of greenbacks, and when somebody at the village store offered to bet on something, he drew out a handful, saying: "make it $500 and I'll take you."—The most of the bystanders saw the character of the supposed money, and laughed at the joke. Not so Karl Ahlberg, an ignorant Swede, who regarded the bills as genuine and the amount as a fortune. Ahlberg enticed Bowden into a stable, murdered him with a shovel, secured the worthless roll of paper, buried the body, and fled.

A SNAKE IN A JUG.—The Newton (Md) *Gazette* says: A few days since a little child of Mr. Gideon Mason, who lives a few miles from town, was bitten by a snake under the following peculiar circumstances: A jug of water had been taken into the harvest field and placed under a tree near which the child was playing. The neck of the jug had been broken off, and sometime during the day a copperhead snake had crawled in the jug, and the child, having thrust its finger into the hole in the jug, was surprised to feel something suddenly seize it. Its cries brought some of the farm hands to its assistance, and the snake was pulled out of the jug with its fangs still fastened in the hand of the child. Antidotes were immediately applied, and at last accounts the little one was doing well.

A BIG JUMP.—The Cleveland *Leader* says: The jumping match between Martin Birchfield and James Tanner for $100 a side, came off at the Northern Ohio Fair Grounds on the 27th ult., according to arrangement. The performance was witnessed by a large number of the sporting fraternity, and was highly enjoyed by all.

The conditions of the match were, that each was to have the privilege of six trials of three continuous standing jumps with weights.

Birchgeld was the favorite through out. On his first trial Birchfield stretched out thirty-five feet, and nine inches, and the nearest approach Tanner made to this was thirty-five feet and five inches.

After the match was finished, John Croker, a horse trainer, stepped out and offered to wager $500 that he could beat any man on the ground. As no one seemed disposed to accept his offer, he picked up the weights for an exhibition jump, and on measurement it was found that he had jumped exactly thirty-nine feet.

The Daring Donaldson.

Prof. Donaldson, the balloonist, who with a companion, was recently lost, after an ascension from Chicago, and over whose fate a mystery hangs, was well known in Harrisburg, having married there and made one of his perilous ascensions from Market square. Donaldson was but a young man. He was born in Philadelphia, April 2, 1845, of a Quaker mother. His father was of Scotch descent. When he was but sixteen years old he joined a minstrel company. In 1856 he learned the trade of embroidering with his father in Philadelphia. In the summer of 1859 he became a professional gymnast, and joined a circus company. He was afterward a traveling magician, the manager of gymnastics, etc. In 1862 he walked across the Schuylkill river, at Philadelphia, on a rope 1,200 feet long and 100 feet high, and ended the performance by jumping from the rope into the river, a distance of 90 feet. In 1864 he walked a rope at Genesee Falls, Rochester, N. Y., that was 1,800 feet long and 200 feet high, one of the most perilous feats of the kind ever attempted in this country.

At the Chestnut St., theatre, Philadelphia, in 1869, he accomplished, for the first time in the world, the feat of riding a velocipede on a tight rope from the stage to the gallery. He made his first balloon ascension on August 29, 1871, from Reading, in a basket, going up a mile and a half, and travelling eighteen miles in one hour and fifteen minutes. He made his second ascension September 1, 1871, at the same place, using a trapeze bar only, and going a mile high. He created intense excitement by appearing in the dress of an acrobat and when about half a mile high going through his various exercises, hanging by the back of his head, his toes, etc. He has had a great many narrow escapes, but before has never been seriously injured. He has landed in the Atlantic ocean, raced with a thunder cloud, been out in a snow storm, run into a railroad train, &c. The present year he has had several exciting adventures. One in New Jersey, where he cut his basket loose from his balloon to escape being carried out to sea, and falling a great height he was picked up for dead, but he came around all right. But a few weeks ago he was dragged through the waters of Lake Ontario with several companions at imminent peril.

The last expedition was his 134th ascension.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, always welcome to our table, shows no abatement of interest fact and thought. The number for August is certainly filled with good reading, scientific and literary. We mention briefly some of the topics which seem to us deserving of special consideration. Rev. Henry M. Turner, the Colored Preacher, of the South; Victor Hugo; Experience with tobacco—How I learned to Love it, and how I quit its use; etc., Price of the number, 30 cents. Yearly subscription, $3.00. Postage, 15 cents added. A fine Book premium is offered to each subscriber, at $3.00. Address S. R. WELLS & Co., 737 Broadway, New York.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symptoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, general weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous trembling, dreadful horror of death, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite, with dyspeptic system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes with temporary suffusion and loss of sight; want of attention, etc. These symptoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Take only E. F. Kunkel's. Depot and office No. 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth St. below Vine Philadelphia, Pa. Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. It is sold only in $1 bottles, with a photograph of the proprietor on each wrapper, all other is counterfeit. Sold by all druggists.

Tape Worm Removed Alive

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Best, Pin and Stomach worms removed by Dr. Kunkel. 259 North Ninth St. Advice free. No fee until cured. Ask for Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1, and guaranteed. Send for circular.

A VOICE FROM SWEDEN.—American Chemists and their Production appreciated by the Professors at the celebrated Universities in Sweden Mr. Sachs, Sir,—At your request, I have tested Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, in my practice at the "Serafimer Hotel," and can say it will restore gray hair to its original color. It is entirely harmless, and is a valuable remedy to use in such cases.

P. H. MALMSTEN
Professor of Chemistry and Medicine.
STOCKHOLM, July 6, 1868.

From the highest medical authority in Sweden—As I have had occasion to see several persons, who for some time, have used Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and know that it has restored the original color of the hair, as well as being efficient in removing the itching and dandruff that accompanies the falling out of the hair, I consider it my duty to acknowledge the same to Mr. Sachs.

VINCENTILUNDBERG,
Physician-in-Chief of the King, and Preserver of his life.
STOCKHOLM, July 7, 1868.

CANCERS

Removed without pain, or the use of either caustics or the knife, and RADICALLY CURED. If painful, and an open ulcer formed, medicines will be sent by Express to give prompt relief. Consultation by letter, One Dollar. Send 50 cents for Book with descriptive Cases, References and testimonials. DRS. PARK & MULEISH, No. 21 East 16 Street, New York.

Aug. 12,'75.6m.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans Court at May Term A. D. 1875, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of James M. Vanzandt, Administrator of the Estate of Hiram Schweek died, to and among those entitled, hereby gives notice that he will proceed to discharge the duties of his appointment, at his office in the Borough of Middleburg, Snyder Co., Pa., on the Seventh day of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when all persons interested may be present if they desire.

L. N. MYERS,
Aug. 5,'75. Auditor.

$5 REWARD.

ON Sunday July 25th, inst., during the absence of Harry Bowersox and family, in Centre township, some thief or thieves entered his house an stole an "American Lever Watch." The watch has a yellow face, and a dint in one of the cases. The above reward will be paid for the safe return of the watch.

HARRY BOWERSOX,
Centre twp., July 29, 1875. 3w.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between Jacob Minium & Geo. Schnee in Perry twp., has been dissolved this day by mutual consent.

JACOB MINIUM,
GEORGE SCHNEE.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm are requested to settle their accounts, either by cash or note, within three months from this date. The books will remain with the undersigned, surviving partner of the firm of Minium & Schnee.

GEO. SCHNEE.
August 9, 1875.

LEVI KEPLER,

Notary Public, Surveyor, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Insurance Agent.

Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages prepared and all kinds of conveyancing attended to promptly with neatness and accuracy.

Special attention given to buying and selling Real Estate. Office in Freemont, Snyder Co., Pa., P. O. Address, Mt. Pleasant Mills, Snyder Co., Penn'a. Aug. 5,'75.

Notice In Partition.

SNYDER COUNTY, ss:

To Elizabeth Bingaman, widow, Elizabeth Intermarried with David Bobb, of Stephenson county, Ill. Frederick Bingaman, of Beaver township, Snyder county, Pa., Leah intermarried with Paul Reifer, of Adamsburg, Snyder county, Pa. Rachael Specht of Beavertown, Noah Bingaman, of Lewis township, Union county, Pa., Isaac Bingaman, of Adams township, Snyder county, Pa. Mariah Cook intermarried with Elisha Cook, Potts county, Missouri, Daniel Bingaman, Beaver township Snyder county, Pa., John W. Bingaman, of the same place, all of whom are of full age, lineal descendants of John Bingaman, sr., late of the township of Beaver, Snyder county, deceased.

GREETING:

You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court, at an Orphans' Court to be held at Middleburg, on the 4th Monday of September A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said John Bingaman, sr., deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an Inquest duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff of said county, or show cause why the same should not be sold. And hereof fail not.

Witness the Hon. Joseph C. Bucher, Esquire, President of our said Court, at Middleburg, this 30th day of July A. D. 1875.

J. CROUSE, Clerk O. C.

PUBLIC SALE.

10 TRACTS

Valuable Real Estate.

THE undersigned Executors of the Estate of Geo. A. Boyer, late of Centre township deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 20th, 1875,

The Following Valuable Real Estate to wit:

Tract No. 1—Containing 149 Acres and 144 perches more or less, adjoining lands of Washington Bailey, Adam Musser, and others, 100 Acres are cleared and balance well timbered, the improvements are a Large Dwelling House, Bank Barn and other outbuildings, a good Orchard, and a spring of water near the house.

Tract No. 2—A tract of land containing 70 Acres and 80 perches more or less, adjoining lands of the estate of George Young dec'd. Henry Wolfley, John Bailey, Washington Bailey and others, about one-half of which is cleared, and other part well timbered.

Tract No. 3—A tract of land containing 48 Acres and 120 perches, adjoining lands of widow Nap, Isaac Swarm, John Bailey and others, part of which is cleared and balance well timbered, on which are erected a House and Barn, and other improvements, a good spring of water and orchard.

Tract No. 4—A tract of land containing 25 Acres and 61 perches, adjoining adjoining lands of John Grubb, Polly Bronner, John Bailey, and others all cleard, on which are erected a Dwelling House and Shop, an orchard of different kinds of fruit, and a good Spring of water near the house.

Tract. No. 5.—A tract of land containing 29 acres and 26 perches, adjoining lands of Wm. Snook, John Grubb and others, nearly all cleared, on which are erected a dwelling house and stable, with fruit trees and an excellent spring of water.

Tract No. 6.—A tract of land containing 22 acres and 21 perches, adjoining lands of David Boyer, Wm. Snook, Henry Grubb, Jesse Bilger and others, about one half cleared, the balance in good timber: The improvements are dwelling house, stable, well of water and good orchard.

Tract No. 7.—A tract of land containing 10 acres and 50 perches, adjoining lands of John Grubb, of late George A. Boyer and David Boyer, nearly all well timbered.

Tract No. 8.—A tract of Timber Land containing 11 acres and 156 perches, adjoining lands of John Grubb, David Boyer and other land of George A. Boyer, deceased. The timber is very valuable.

Tract No. 9.—A tract of Good Timber Land containing 28 acres and 6 perches, adjoining other lands of George A. Boyer deceased, Jackson Bailey, David Boyer and Uriah Berger.

Tract No. 10.—A tract of Valuable Timber Land containing 18 acres more or less adjoining lands of Hannah Klingler, Peter Baily and Jacks mountain.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day when due attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

DAVID BOYER,
JOHN BAILEY,
Executors.

July 29, 1875.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!

IN pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Snyder county, and directed to the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Henry Messner, late of Union twp., Snyder Co Pa., deceased will be exposed to Public sale, on the premises, on

Saturday, September, 4th 1875.

The following described Real Estate, viz: All that certain messuage and Tract of Land situate in Union township, Snyder county, Pa., bounded as follows, to wit: North by land of Michael and Abraham Brubaker, East by land of Simon H. Herrold, South by land of Moses Brubaker and West by land of Abraham Brubacker, containing

Ninety-Seven Acres,

more or less, on which are erected a Large Two STORY HOUSE, BANK BARN, Wagon Shed and other necessary outbuildings, a young orchard of choice fruit is on the premises, a well of excellent water near the door. Fifty Acres of the above tract of land is cleared and under good cultivation, the balance is good Timber Land. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day when terms will be made known by

SAMUEL SCHOLL,
July 19, 1875. Administrator.

Local Agents Wanted!

An Agent wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents, must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to the character and responsibility, from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent proposes to act. The agency to be sold the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Whole Bonds $20 each.
Half " 10 "
Quarter " 5 "

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located, will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement advertising such agency and the Company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the Company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers, as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments, of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $21—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 Bond, may obtain a premium, either of $50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $8,000, $10,000 $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bond holders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds—The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the Company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this Company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money, can say, "I aided to erect in our country, the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,880,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents, or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.
NEW YORK CITY.

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender.

July 22,'75.1y.

JAMES MIDDLESWARTH,

Justice of the Peace & Conveyancer,

Troxleville, Snyder Co., Pa.

Will attend promptly to all manner of business pertaining to the office. Collections made, Deeds, Articles &c., written. (July 22,'75-tf.

DR. J. W. ROCKEFELLOW,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Middleburg and vicinity. Aug. 1'47

H. I. Romig, C. M. Aurand.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Low Prices! Low Prices!!

ROMIG & AURAND,

Adamsburg, Snyder County, Penn'a.

THE Subscribers having purchased the Store in Adamsburg, owned by D. L. Raudenbush, and having entered into a co-partnership, intend to carry on a general mercantile business at the Old Stand, and take this method of informing their many friends and citizens in Adamsburg and the surrounding country, that they have just returned with AND WILL ALWAYS keep on hand, a well assorted and large stock of all kinds of Goods usually kept in a first Class country Store, their stock consists partly of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Such as Cloths, Cassimers, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades of every style and quality, also

Ladies' Dress Goods, Silks,

ALL WOOL DELAINS, Merinos Poplins, &c. at all prices and very cheap. HATS AND CAPS, Carpets, Floor, Table, and Stair Oil Cloth,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hardware, Queensware, Tin and Glassware Woodand Willowware, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Teas of all kinds, and at Low Prices, Cigars & Tobacco, Fish & Salt. Wholesale and Retail.

COAL, COAL, COAL, SHAMOKIN & WILKESBARRE, Superior Bituminous Coal for Blacksmith's use.

The Highest Market Price Paid for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, Dried Fruit, Potatoes, &c. &c.

ALSO:—Dealers in ALL KINDS of Grain and Seeds, or which the highest Price in Cash will be Paid.

ESTABLISHED 1853.....REBUILT 1871.

THE OLD CORNER

Rebuilt and Refurnished with the Finest and Cheapest Assortment

DRY GOODS!

NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS, QUEENSWARE,

Hardware, Groceries, Cedarware Hats & Caps

Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Shoe Findings, WALL PAPER, GLASS, &c., &c.,

EVER OFFERED TO THIS COMMUNITY.

The subscriber having removed into his NEW STORE ROOM, on the Corner of Market and Pine Streets, is now prepared to offer, to his old customers, and all new ones that may favor him with their patronage, great inducements. He is determined the

THE OLD CORNER

SHALL STILL CONTINUE THE MOTTO FORMERLY ADOPTED,

"THE CHEAP CORNER."

By a strict attention to business, and keeping at all times the most complete stock and selling at the lowest prices, he hopes to merit a full share of patronage.

☞All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.☜

Selinsgrove, April 26, 1871. WM. F. ECKBERT.

NOW READY FOR THE

SPRING TRADE,

at the N. Y. Fancy Store, Selinsgrove,

I HAVE now ready my full stock of Spring and Summer Goods and am prepared to offer to my customers great inducements in

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS, CORSETS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY, COUNTERPANES, HAIR SWITCHES,
PARASOLS, CUFFS, COLLARS, etc.

☞I have imported from Europe☜

(on my late trip) a large lot of

KID GLOVES, HAMBURG EDGINGS, RIBBONS, SILK TIES, etc.

which enables me to sell them cheaper than any other house in the county.

I have also made arrangements to get these goods direct from European markets

All are cordially invited

to call whether they buy or not. Always polite attention. Respectfully,

Selinsgrove, Oct. 16, '72. S. WEIS, App's Corner

FURNITURE

Intending Purchasers should read the following from the Public Papers of Philadelphia.

Public Record of Aug. 17, 1874, says:

"Gould & Co., produce fine work in all branches of their business, and are in every way creditable to the well earned reputation of Philadelphia."—On Oct. 27, 1874, the same authority states that "Rich homes and humble ones may be improved by their taste and labors."

Forney's Weekly Press, Sept. 5, 1874, says:

"We heartly commend the Messrs. Gould & Co., as honorable and fair dealing gentlemen, in every way worthy of the fullest confidence and of general patronage."

Evening Herrald, Sept. 3, 1874, says:

"Gould & Co., may be regarded as one of the most reliable and popular firms, and certainly the largest."

GOULD & CO., are now prepared to supply any sized house throughout with Furniture either plain or of the most Exquisite Styles and Make.

They will supply One Bedroom Suit of Solid Walnut, Full Marble Tops, for $85. This Suit comprises Nine Separate pieces of Furniture. Write, or call on

GOULD & CO.,

N. E. Corner Market and Ninth Streets. 37 and 39 North Second Street. 242 and 244 South Second Street,

Or at any of their other Stores. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BLATCHLEY'S

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged Standard of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cranks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing, with stamp,

CHAS. C. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Mar 11 '75 ome.

Meyer's Poultry Powder.

Warranted, if used in time, to cure chicken cholera and fowls. With a supply of this Powder and a bestowal of ordinary attention to cleanliness and proper feeding, with a needful supply of dust, grit and eggshell-forming material, any one may keep Poultry (even in confinement) for any length of time, with both profit and pleasure. Packages 25 cts., five for $1.00. Ask your dealer. Sent free upon receipt of price. Address,

A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore.

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer. G STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. June 5,'75-1y

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO

PURE AND

SILVER GLOSS STARCH.

FOR THE LAUNDRY.

MANUFACTURED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON.

THE BEST STARCH IN THE WORLD.

Gives a Beautiful Finish to the Linen, and the difference in cost between it and common starch is scarcely half a cent for an ordinary washing. Ask your Grocer for it.

KINGSFORD'S

Oswego Corn Starch

FOR PUDDINGS, BLANC MANGE, ICE CREAM, &C.

Is the original—Established in 1848. And ever serves its reputation as Purer, Stronger, and More Delicate than any other article of the kind offered, either of the same name or with other titles.

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c., the highest chemical authority of Europe, carefully analyzed this Corn Starch, and says it is a most excellent article of diet and in chemical and feeding properties is fully equal to the best arrow root.

Directions for making Puddings, Custards, &c, accompany each one pound package.

☞For Sale by all First-class Grocers, ☜ and at the Drug Store in Middleburg, Pa.