# The Post.

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**THE POST**

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Offers his professional services to the public. All legal business entrusted to his care will receive promptattention. Office one door above the New Lutheran Church.
July, 4th '72.

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[Jan. 17, '67tf

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All professional business and collecting entrusted to their care will be promptly attended to. Can be consulted in English or German. Office, Market Square.

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Middleburg Snyder County Penn'a
Office a few doors East of the P. O. on Main street. Consultation in English and German languages. Sep. '67tf

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Offers his professional services to the public. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.
[Jan. 3, '67

GROVER & BAKER
SEWING MACHINE.
Persons in need of a good and durable Sewing Machine can be accommodated at reasonable prices by calling on SAMUEL FAUST, Agent, Selinsgrove.
[Jan. 24, '68

DR. J. Y. SHINDEL,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
Middleburg Pa.,
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Middleburg and vicinity.
[March 21, '67

B. F. VAN BUSKIRK,
SURGICAL & MECHANICAL DENTIST
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JOHN K. HUGHES, Esq.,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Penn Twp., Snyder Co. Pa

Y. L. WAGNER, Esq.,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Jackson Township, Snyder Co. Pa.,
Will attend to all business entrusted to his care and on the most reasonable terms. March 12, '68tf

DR J. F KANAWEL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
**Centreville, Snyder Co., Pa.,**
Offers his professional services to the public. 6-38tf

GRAYBILL & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**WOOD AND WILLOW WARE**
Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Brooms, Mats, Brushes Cotton Laps, Grain Bags, Fly Nets, Buckets, Twines, Wicks, &c.
No. 420 Market Street, Philadelphia.
Feb. 7, '67

GEO. W GRANELLO, Esq.,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE &
**Conveyancer.**
*Middleburg Snyder County, Penna.*
Conveyancing in all its branches expeditiously executed. Debts and accounts collected. Instruments of writing drawn with care and accuracy. Apr.15 72.tf

B. T. PARKS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW &
DISTRICT ATTORNY,
MIDDLEBURG, SNYDER COUNTY, Pa
Office in Court House, [Sept.15, '67tf

**W. F. HANSELL,**
Removed from 21 N. Fourth Street.
**CHINA GLASS &**

FAIRMOUNT HOUSE,
NEAR THE DEPOT,
**Middleburg, Pa.**
GEORGE GUYER, PROPRIETOR
This house is in close proximity to the depot and has lately been rebuilt and refitted. Rooms commodious—the table well supplied with the best the market affords—and terms moderate.

BROWN HOUSE
PAXTONVILLE, (Benfer Station.
HENRY BENFER, Proprietor.
The undersigned adopts this method of informing the public that he has opened a hotel at the above named place, on the road from Middleburg to Beavertown, and that he is prepared to entertain the public with first class accommodations. HENRY BENFER.
April 6, 1871.

WALKER HOUSE,
**McClure City Pa.**
R. D. WALTER Proprietor.
This a new house, newly furnished and is now open to the traveling public. It is located near the depot. No effort will be spared by the proprietor to make the stay of his guests pleasant and agreeable.

DAVIS HOUSE,
At the Mifflin, Centre, Sunbury & Lewistown R. R. Depot, corner of Water and Dorcas Sts.,
**Lewistown Pa.,**
George Flory & Son, Proprietors.
☞ Open Day and Night for the accommodation of travelers. A first class Restaurant is attached to the hotel, where Meals at all hours can be had. Terms reasonable. 9.43-tf

BUMGARDNER HOUSE
(Opposite Reading Railroad Depot)
**Harrisburg, Pa.,**
**A. H. LANDIS, Proprietor.**
☞ Every effort necessary to insure the comfort of guests will be made. The house has been newly refitted. [oct18,1871tf

ALLEGHENY HOUSE.—
**Nos. 812 & 814 Market Street,**
*(Above Eighth.)*
*PHILADELPHIA.*
**A. Beck, Proprietor.**
Terms $2 60 Per Day. jg19.4

JOHN H ARNOLD,
**Attorney at Law,**
MIDDLEBURG, PA.
Professional business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to. [Feb 9 '71

J. THOMPSON BAKER,
**Attorney-at-Law,**
Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa.
☞ Can be consulted in the English and German language.
OFFICE—Market Street, opposite Walls Smith & Co's Store 8-48y

SAMUEL H. ORWIG,
**Attorney-at-Law,**
OFFICE, 717 WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

A. G. HORNBERGER,
*JUSTICE OF THE PEACE*
Perry Township, Snyder County, Pa.
Collections, Conveyancing, and all other business pertaining to the office will be promptly attended to. Office near Troutmansville.

J. C. KREITZER,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Chapman township Snyder Co. Pa.
Conveyancing, Collecting and all other business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.

DR J. W. ROCKEFELLOW,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Middleburg and vicinity. [June1-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST
RYE WHISKEY,
POLDURE PEACH WHISKEY,
BRANDY, GIN, AND SYRUPS
Just received and for sale at the Eagle Hotel, in Middleburg.
JOHN A. STAHLNECKER,
Aug. 18, 1870.

D. B. SLIFER'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
**Furniture Warerooms,**
NO. 66 NORTH SECOND STREET,
(Below Arch, West Side.)
*Factory and Wholesale Department,*
1603 North 6th Street, above Oxford,
-8tf] PHILADELPHIA.

JACOB F. BOGAR,
WITH
UBERROTH, BERGSTRESSER & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**FISH, PROVISIONS, &c.**
No. 206 North Wharves, (above Race St.,)
9-7tf PHILADELPAIA.

J. B. SELHEIMER,
DEALER IN
**HARDWARE,**
**Iron, Nails,**
**Steel, Leather,**
**Paints, Oils,**
**Coach & Saddlery Ware**
AND MANUFACTURER OF
**Stoves & Tinware,**
MARKET STREET,
**Lewistown, Penn'a.**
November 2, 1871-tf


## Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly in the State, entitled, "An Act to regulate the general elections of this Commonwealth," enacted the 2d day of July, 1839, it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of such elections to be held and enumerate what officers are to be elected, therefore I, JOHN S. WEIR, High Sheriff of the county of Snyder, do hereby make known to the qualified voters of said county that a general Election will be held on the second Tuesday of October next, (being the 8th day of said month) in and for the several Election Districts of said county, [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

"That every person, excepting Justice of the Peace, who shall hold an office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this state or of the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or any officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, other than a freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who has resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, That the freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty one and twenty two years who has resided in the election district as aforesaid ten days, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless first, he produce a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second, if he claims a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the aforesaid age, and give such other evidences as is required by this act whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and note made opposite thereto by writing the word TAX if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word AGE if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age shall be called out to the clerks who shall make the same notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote, or advise and procure another so to do, he or they so offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than than five hundred dollars and be imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of unqualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or influencing the citizens qualified to vote he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

In accordance with the provisions of the 8th section of an act entitled "A further supplement to the Election Laws of this Commonwealth," I publish the following.

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An Act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces and for other purposes, and approved March 3d one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged or relieved from the penalty or disability therin provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of citizenship and their rights to become citizens and are deprived of exercising any right of citizens thereof:

And whereas persons not citizens of the United States are not under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION. 1. Be it enacted &c. That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth it shall be unlawful for the Judge, Inspector of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any person or persons embraced in the provisions and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March 3d, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five and it shall be unlawful for any such persons to offer to vote any such ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2 That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive or consent to receive any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof in any court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall for each offence be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC 3 That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid shall, at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof in any court of Quarter sessions of this commonwealth shall for each offence been punished in like manner as provided in the preceding section of this act in the case of officers of elections receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SEC 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons, deprived of citizenship a d disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of any election [illegible]

AN ACT.

Regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c. That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth at all general township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter authorized and required to vote, by tickets printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, severally classified as follows. One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled outside "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for, and be labelled "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for including office of senator member, and members of assembly, if voted for, and members of congress, if voted for, and be labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and labelled, "borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs in the several counties of this commonwealth to insert in their election proclamations, hereafter issued, the 1st section of this act.

JAS. R. KELLY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
DAVID FLEMING,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The thirteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
A. G. CURTIN.

REGISTRY LAW

I also give official notice to the electors of Snyder county that by an act entitled "An act further supplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth approved April, 17th, A. D. 1869 it is provided as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of each of the assessors within this commonwealth on the first Monday in June of each year, to take up the transcript he has received from the county commissioners under the 8th section of the act of 15th April, 1834, and proceed to an immediate revision of the same, by striking therefrom the name of every person who is known by him to have died or removed since since the last previous assessment from the district of which he is the assessor, or whose death or removal from the same shall be made known to him, and to add to the same the name of any qualified voter who shall be known by him to have moved into the district since the last previous assessment, or whose removal into the same shall be or shall have been made known to him, and also the names of all who shall make claim to him to be qualified voters therein. As soon as the revision is completed, he shall visit every dwelling house in his district and make careful inquiry if any person whose name is on his list has died or removed from the district, and if so to take the same therefrom, or whether any qualified voter resides therein whose name is not on the list, and if so to add the same thereto; and in all cases where a name is added to the list, a tax shall forthwith be assessed against the person; and the assessor shall in all cases ascertain, by inquiry, upon what ground the person so assessed claims to be a voter upon the completion of this work. It shall be the duty of each assessor as aforesaid to proceed to make out a list, in alphabetical order, of the white freemen, above twenty one years of age claiming to be qualified voters in the ward borough, township or district of which he is the assessor, and opposite each of said names state whether said freeman is or is not a housekeeper and if he is the number of his residence, in town where the same are numbered, with the street, alley or court in which situated and if in a town where there are no numbers, the name of the street alley or court on which said house fronts; also, the occupation of the person; and where he is not a housekeeper, the occupation or place of boarding, and with whom, and if working for another, the name of the employer, and write opposite each of said names the word, 'voter;' where any person claims to vote by reason of naturalization, he shall exhibit his certificate thereof to the assessor; unless he has been for five consecutive years next preceding, a voter in said district; and in all cases where the person has been naturalized, the name shall be marked with the letter 'N;' where the person has merely declared his intentions to become a citizen and designes to be naturalized before the next election, the name shall be marked "D. I." where the claim is to vote by reason of being between the ages of twenty one and twenty two as provided by law, the word 'age' shall be entered; and if the person has moved into the election district to reside since the last general election, the letter "R." shall be placed opposite the same. It shall be the further duty of each assessor as aforesaid, upon the completion of the duties herein imposed, to make out a separate list of all new assessments made by him and the amount assessed upon each, and furnish the same immediately to the county commissioners, who shall immediately add the names to the tax duplicate of the ward, borough, township or district to which they have been assessed.

SECTION 2. On the list being completed and the assessments made as aforesaid, the same shall forthwith be returned to the county commissioners, who shall cause duplicate copies of said lists, with the observations and explanation required to be noted as aforesaid, to be made out as soon as practicable and placed in the hands of the assessor, who shall prior to the first of August in each year, put one copy thereof on the door of, or at the place where the election of the respective districts is required to be held and retain the other in his possession for the inspection free of charge, of any person resident in the said election district who shall desire to see the same, and it shall be the duty of the said assessor to add from time to time on the personal application of any one claiming the right to vote, the name of such claimant, & a mark opposite the name "C. V." and immediately assess him with a tax noting, as in all other cases, his occupation, residence, whether a boarder or housekeeper; if a boarder with whom he boards and whether naturalized or designing to be, making in all such cases the letter opposite the person claiming to be assessed be naturalized, he shall exhibit to the assessor his certificate of naturalization; and if he claims that he designs to be naturalized before the next ensuing election, he shall exhibit the certificate of his declaration of intention, in all cases where any ward borough, township or election district is divided into the two or more precincts, the assessor shall note in all his assessments the election precinct in which each elector resides and shall make a separate return for each to the county commissioners, in all cases in which a return is required from him by the provisions of this act; and the county commissioners, in making duplicate copies of the names of the voters in each precinct separately, and shall furnish the same to the assessor; and the copies required by the act to be place in the doors of, or on election places on or before the 1st of August in each year shall be placed on the door of, or on the election place in each of said precincts.

SECTION 3. After the assessments have been completed on the tenth day preceding the 2d Tuesday in October, of each year, the assessor shall on the Monday immediately following make a return to the county commissioners, of the names of all persons assessed by him since the return required to be made by him by the 2d section of this act, noting opposite each name the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid, and the county commissioners shall thereupon cause the same to be added to the return required by the 2d section of this act, and a full and correct copy thereof to be made, containing the names of all persons so returned as resident taxables in said ward, borough, township or precinct, and furnish the same, together with the necessary election blanks to the officers of the elections in said ward, borough, township and precinct, at or before six o'clock in the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October; and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on the list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote as hereafter provided.

SEC. 4. On the day of election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least ten days next preceding said election, which witness shall take and subscribe a written or partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born, that he is a citizen of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States, that he has resided in the commonwealth one year or if formerly a citizen therein, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein, that he has paid a State and county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and if a naturalized citizen shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the applicant was assessed, and when, where, and to whom paid, and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States (or if born elsewhere state that fact in the affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization), and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is, at the time of taking the affidavit, between the ages of twenty one and twenty two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the [illegible]

quired by law to be filed by the return judges with the prothenotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination, as other election papers are; if the election officer shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word 'tax' being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word 'age' where he claims to to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SECTION 5. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizens of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challange the vote of such person; whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be public made and acted on by the election board and vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for ten years consecutively, a voter in the district in which he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officer to write or stamp on such certificate the word 'voted' with the month and year And if an election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such a second vote, upon so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor and on conviction thereof, be fined or imprisoned or both, at the discretion of the court, but the fine shall not exceed one hundred dollar in each case, nor the imprisonment one year; the like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 6. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present & shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof every person so offending shall upon conviction be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, for every such offence, to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year or either or or both at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 8. The same rules and regulations shall apply at every special election, and at every separate city, borough or ward election, in all respects as at the general elections in October.

SEC. 9. The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the election shall each have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers under this act; and any wilful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers shall be punished as perjury.

SEC. 10. The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined as is provided by the law for the performance of their other duties, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within ten days next preceding the election to be held on the 2d Tuesday, October, in any year, or within ten days next before any election for electors of president and Vice President of the United States any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officers so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars or to imprisonment not exceeding three months or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 11. On the petition of five or more citizens of the county stating under oath that they verily believe that frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of said county, if in session, or if not a judge thereof in vacation, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the county to act as overseers at said election; said overseers shall be selected from different political parties, and where both of said inspectors belong to the same political party both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath in regard to his right of suffrage at said election and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected or appointed, every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present and perform their duties as aforesaid, or if they shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the votes polled at such election district may be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election Provided, That no person signing the petition shall be appointed an overseer.

SEC. 12. If any prothenotary, clerk, or the deputy of either or any person, shall affix the seal of office to any naturalization paper, or permit the same to be given out in blank; whereby it may be fraudulently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court, in the presence of some of the judges thereof, according to the act of Congress, or shall aid in, connive at, or in any way permit the issue of any fraudulent naturalization certificate he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, or if any one shall fraudulently use any such certificate of naturalization, knowing that it was fraudulently issued, or shall vote or attempt to vote thereon, or if any one shall vote or attempt to vote, on any certificate of naturalization not issued to him, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and either or any of the persons, their aiders or abetors, guilty of either of the misdemeanors aforesaid shall, on conviction be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars and imprisoned in the proper penitentiary for a period not exceeding three years.

SEC. 13. Any person who on oath or affirmation, in or before any court of this in this State, or officers authorized to administer oaths, shall to procure a certificate of naturalization, for himself or any other person, wilfully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be a fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void; and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, take immediate measure for recalling the same for cancellation; and any person who shall vote or attempt to vote on any paper so obtained or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in its issue, circulation or use any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for more than two years and pay a fine of not more than one thousand dollars for every such offence or either or both at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 14. Any assessor election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars and if any assessor shall assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall refuse to asses any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by fine or imprisonment and also be subject to action for damages by the party aggrieved, and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years or both, at the discretion of the court.

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SEC. 16. At all elections hereafter held, under the laws of this commonwealth, the polls shall be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock A. M., and closed at seven o'clock P. M.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary by this act, and furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of each county shall, as soon as necessary after the receipt of the same, at the proper expense of the county procure and furnish to all the election officers of the election districts of their respective counties, copies of such blanks, in such quantities as may be rendered necessary for the discharge of their duties under this act

* * * * * *

SEC. 19. That the citizens of this State temporarily in the service of the state or of the United States government, on clerical or other duty, and do not vote where thus employed, shall not be thereby deprived of the right to vote in their several election districts if otherwise duly qualified.

To the county Commissioners and Sheriff of the County of Snyder.

WHEREAS, The fifteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude."

"SEC. 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

And whereas, The Congress of the United [illegible]

tled by law to vote at any election by the people in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of race or color, or previous servitude; any Constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by or under its authority to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if by or under the authority of the Constitution or laws of any State or the laws of any Territory, an act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such Constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite, or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite, and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race or color, or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court may deem just, and shall also, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court."

And whereas, It is declared by the second section of the VIth article of the Constitution of the United States that "This Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land * * * * anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding."

And whereas, The Legislature of this Commonwealth on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1870 passed an act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," the tenth section which provides as follows:

SEC. 10 That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freemen shall be entitled to vote or be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth be and the same is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all freemen without distinction of race or color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved seventeenth April, 1869 entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws be entitled to vote at all general and special elections of this Commonwealth.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

At the same time and places, also, an election will be held for delegates to the convention to amend the constitution of the state, in conformity with the act entitled "An Act to provide for calling a convention to amend the constitution," approved April 11, 1872. As prescribed by said act the following rules and regulations shall apply to said election, and the returns of the same:

FIRST. At the General election to be held the second Tuesday of October next there shall be elected by the qualified electors of this commonwealth delegates to a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this state; the said convention shall consist of one hundred and thirty three members, to be elected in the manner following: Twenty eight members thereof shall be elected in the state at large, as follows: Each voter of the state shall vote for not more than fourteen candidates, and the twenty eight highest in vote shall be declared elected; ninety nine delegates shall be apportioned to and elected from the different Senatorial districts of the State, three delegates shall be elected for each senator therefrom; and in choosing all district delegates, each voter shall be entitled to a vote for not more than two of the members to be chosen from his district and the three candidates highest in vote shall be declared elected, except in the county of Allegheny forming the Twenty third Senatorial District, where no voter shall vote for more than six candidates, and the nine highest in vote shall be elected, and in the counties of Luzerne Monroe and Pike, forming the Thirteenth Senatorial District, where no voter shall vote for more than four candidates, and the six highest in vote shall be elected, and six additional delegates shall be chosen from the city of Philadelphia, by a vote at large in said city and in their election no voter shall vote for more than three candidates and the six highest in vote declared elected.

SECOND. The Judges and Inspectors for each election district shall provide two suitable boxes for each poll one in which to deposit the tickets voted for Delegates at large, and the other in which to deposit the tickets voted for District Delegates; which boxes shall be labelled respectively, "Delegates at large" and "District Delegates;" and in each district in the city of Philadelphia an additional box shall be provided for each poll, in which to deposit the tickets voted for "City Delegates;" and said last mentioned boxes must each be labelled "City Delegates."

THIRD The said election shall be held and conducted by the proper election officers of the several election districts of the Commonwealth, and shall be governed and regulated in all respects by the general election laws of the Commonwealth, so far as the same shall be applicable thereto and not inconsistent with the provisions of said act.

FOURTH. The tickets to be voted for members at large of the convention shall have on the outside the words "Delegates at Large," and on the inside the names of the candidates to be voted for, not exceeding fourteen in number.

FIFTH The tickets to be voted for district members of the convention shall have on the outside the words "District Delegates," and on the inside the name or names of the candidates voted for, not exceeding the proper number limited as aforesaid; but any ticket which shall contain a greater number of names than the number for which the voter shall be entitled to vote, shall be rejected; and in case of the delegates to be chosen at large in Philadelphia, the words, "City Delegates," shall be on the outside of the ticket.

SIXTH in the city of Philadelphia the return judges shall meet at the State House, at [illegible] o'clock on the Tuesday next following the election, and make out the returns for said city, of the votes cast therein for delegates at large and city and district delegates, to be members of the convention; the return judges of the several election districts within each county of the State, excluding Philadelphia, shall meet on Friday next following the election, at the usual place for the meeting of the return judges of their county, add make out full and accurate returns for the county, of the votes cast therein for members of the convention and for district members of the same; and the proceedings of the return judges of the said city of Philadelphia, and of the several counties of the Commonwealth, in the making of their returns, shall be the same as those prescribed for return judges in the case of an election for Governor, except that returns transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, shall be addressed to that officer alone and not to the Speaker of the Senate.

JNO W. GEARY, Governor.

*JOINT RESOLUTION*

PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

*Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met,* That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

*AMENDMENT:*

Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JOHN W. GEARY.

The return Judges of Union and Snyder counties are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of L[illegible], on Tuesday the 15th day of October to make out a return for one member of Assembly.

[illegible]


## Advertising Rates.

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| One column one year | $60.00. |
| One-half column, one year, | 30.00. |
| One-fourth column, one year, | 15.00. |
| One square (10 lines) one insertion | 75. |
| Every additional insertion | 50. |
| Professional and Business cards of not more than five lines, per year. | 5,00 |
| Auditor, Executor, Administrator and Assignee Notices | 2,50. |
| Editorial notices per line | 15. |

All advertisements for a shorter period than one year are payable at the time they are ordered, and if not paid the person ordering them will be held responsible for the money.


## Daniel Webster's First Plea.

Ebenezer Webster, father of Daniel, was a farmer. The vegetables in his garden suffered considerably from the depredation of a woodchuck, whose hole and habitation was near the premises. Daniel some ten or twelve years old, and his brother Ezekial, had set a trap and at last succeeded n cathing the trespasser. Ezekiel proposed to kill the animal and end at once all further trouble with him; but Daniel looked with compassion upon his meek, dumb captive, and offered to let him go. The boys could not agree, and each appealed to their father to decide the case.

"Well, my boys," said the old gentleman, "I will be judge and you shall be the council to plead the case for and against his life and liberty."

Ezekial opened the case with a strong argument urging the mischievous nature of the criminal, the great harm he had already done, said that much time and labor had been spent in his capture, and now, if suffered to go at large, he would renew his depredations, and be cunning enough not to be caught again, and that he ought now be put to death; that his skin was of some value, and that, make the most of him they could, it would not repay half the damage he had already done. His argument was ready, practical, and to the poinnt, and of much greater length than our limit will allow us to occupy in relating the story.

The father looked with pride upon his son, who became a distinguished jurist in his manhood.

"Now, Daniel, it's your turn, now I'll hear what you've got to say."

It was his first case. Daniel saw that the plea of his brother had sensibly affected his father, the judge, and his large, brilliant black eyes rested upon the soft, timid expression of the animal, and he saw it trembled with fear in its narrow prison house; his heart swelled with pity, and he appealed with eloquent words that the captive might go free. God, he said made the woodchuck; He made him to live, to enjoy the bright sunshine; the pure air, the fields and woods. God had not made anything in vain; the woodchuck had as much right to live as any other living thing; he was not a destructive animal, like the wolf; he simply ate a few common vegetables, of which they had plenty, and could well spare a part; he destroyed nothing but the little food he ate to sustain his humble life; and that little food was as sweet to him and as necessary to his existence as was to them the food on their mother's table. God furnished their own food. He gave them all they possessed, and would they not spare a little for a dumb creature who really had as much right to his small share of God's bounty as they had to their portion? Yea, more; the animal had never violated, the laws of his nature or the laws of God as man often did, out strictly following the simple instincts he had received from the hands of the Creator of all things. Created by God's hands he had a right to food and liberty, and they had no right to deprive him of either. He alluded to the mute but earnest pleading of the animal for that life, was as dear to him as were their own, and the just judgment they might expect, if in selfish cruelty and cold-heartedness they took the life they could not restore again.

During the appeal the tears had started to the old man's eyes, and were fast running down his sunburnt cheeks. Every feeling of a father's heart was stirred within him, and he felt that God had blessed him beyond the lot of common men. His pity was awakened by the eloquent words of compassion and the strong appeal for mercy, and forgetting the judge in the man and father he sprang from his chair, while Daniel was in the midst of his argument, without thinking he had already won his case, and turning to his oldest son, dashing the tears from his eyes, he exclaimed: "Zeke, Zeke, you let that woodchuck go!"—[Portfolio.

## How to go West.

This is an inquiry which every one should have truthfully answered before he starts on his journey, and a little care taken in examination of Routs will in many cases save much trouble, time and money,

The "C., B. & Q. R. R." running from Chicago, through Galesburg to Burlington, and the "I., B. & W. Route," running from Indianapolis, through Bloomington to Burlington, have achieved a splendid reputation in the last two years as the leading Passenger Routes to the West. At Burlington they connect with the B. & M. R. R. and form the great Burlington Route which runs direct through Southern Iowa to Nebraska and Kansas, with close connections to California and the Territories; and passengers starting from Snyder County, on their way westward, cannot do better than to take the Burlington Route.

This Line has published a pamphlet called "How to go West," which contains much valuable information; a large correct map of the Great West, which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the General Passeager Agent B. & M. R. R. Burlington, Iowa.

—It is reported that the women of Nantucket have formed a club for the purpose of securing husbands for its members. There are ten men in that town to one woman, and the idea is to raffle for the [illegible]