THE POST.

MIDDLEBURG..... DECEMBER 8, 1870.

JOSEPH R. LYNDALL was yesterday nominated by the Republicans of the First Senatorial district, of Philadelphia, as the candidate for State Senator. The fact that in a spirited contest, Mr Lyndall was nominated by nearly a two-third vote in the convention, is proof of his popularity in his own party He is in every respect, a thoroughly good man, a strong candidate, and will be a power in the Senate. The district is Republican by nearly 1,000 votes, and in this case involving the control of the Senate, the whole vote will be polled, and Mr. Lyndall will be elected.

THE Legislature of North Carolina recently elected Hon Z. B. Vance United States Senator from that State for the term commencing on the 4th of March next. By the laws of the United States this man is ineligible to any office of public honor, a fact which the Legislature was well aware of when it elected him. It is now proposed that an exception be made in his case, and that he be admitted to a seat. Mr. Vance has as yet given no evidence of repentance of the acts for which he was disfranchised, and is not, therefore, entitled to the removal of his disabilities. His election was made indefiance of the law, and deserves rebuke

ADMIRAL PORTER is just now the target for measureless criticism. His offense consists in having written a private letter to Secretary Wells nearly, six years ago, in which he indulged in some severe strictures on the generalship of General Grant. This letter has been unearthed by Porter's enemies and published for the manifest purpose of creating ill-feeling between the President and Vice Admiral. True it was written before probability of Gen. Grant's occupation of the executive chair had occured to anybody, except as a remote contingency The latter itself is of no consequence, and has no bearing upon public affairs save as an incident affecting the appointment and confirmation of the writer to the high position left vacant by the death of Farragut. It bears the marks of haste, and is little more than the informal complaint of a man whose ambition had received a serious check. But, without question, it reflects the mind of the Admiral as it stood affected toward General Grant at the time of its date.

"His offense," says the *Press*, "is not greater than that of a thousand that have been forgotten and forgiven. No one suffers from it but himself, and yet he is assailed precisely as if he had inflicted a gross injury upon others. He acknowledges his error; he atones for it as best he can. But this does not satisfy his hypocritical censors. They will have his blood. It may be little out of fashion not to join in the wild halloo; but if it is we plead the fact that General Grant, the party most aggrieved, does not propose to punish a brave officer for an indiscretion which has been fully and manfully regretted. Admiral Porter will outlive all these hatreds if he is half as philosophical as his enemies are remorseless."

CONGRESS.

At twelve o'clock noon Monday, the third session of the Forty-first Congress was begun. About sixty senators and one hundred and seventy-three representatives were present, and all look fresher and better on account of their summer vacation. For an hour or more prior to the hour of opening, the floors of the two houses were crowded, and in confussion and uproar. The galleries of both houses were well filled, and presented a gay appearance. The senator from Minn Windom, in place of Norton deceased was sworn in. A few resolutions relative to the order of business were passed in the senate, a few bills off red being postponed. Three new members, after some little opposition, were sworn in by the speaker of the House, and before ten o'clock both bodies took a short recess, to await the return of the committees to wait on the president and inform him that a quorum of both houses were present, ready to proceed to business, and would receive any communication he might choose to offer. At half past one o'clock both houses were again called to order when the president's message was received, and the reading of it immediately begun. A little less than one hour was consumed in reading it. Save the foregoing the session in both houses on Monday was devoid of more than ordinary interest.

THE total strength of the United States army, according to Gen. Sherman's report, is 34,870 men, including twenty-five infantry regiments, 16,486 men, ten cavalry regiments, 9,892 men and five artillery regiments, 4,205 men The total commissioned officers, for all branches of the service, is 2,488. This number must be reduced to 2,277 before January 1, 1871, and the number of enlisted men must be reduced [illegible] before July 1, 1871

The Message.

The second annual message of General Grant, the seventeenth President of the United States, read Monday before the two houses of Congress, is well written, frank, straightforward, and though not long, does not avoid any of the great questions uppermost in public consideration. He returns to the San Domingo annexation treaty early in the message, and presses its importance upon the attention of Congress with a boldness which testifies to his earnest desire for the ratification of the treaty. In this we regard the President in the right. The time has come when the Western Atlantic islands should obey the law of gravitation and become parts of the continental republic. The United States should control the ports of these islands as a matter of safety; and as we now obtain privileges in island ports of the Eastern Hemisphere by favor of the powers of that quarter of the globe, there is no good reason why these powers should not be indebted to this nation for similar privileges in the West India ports. The annexation of San Domingo will do as an entering wedge, and the people, if consulted, would endorse the act.

The President takes the common sense view of the fishery question and discusses the question temperately. His recommendation of steps to secure cheap and rapid transportation from the West to the Atlantic seaboard will meet the approbation of all fairminded men. And the suggestion of government aid to American steamship lines, made as it is in the interests of our languishing commerce, cannot fail of very general approbation. As to taxation, the message discusses it briefly, yet frankly, and its views and suggestions appear to us, as we presume they will to most people, on reflection, as just and practical. But little space is devoted to the question of the tariff, and the views submitted will satisfy the masses rather than the extremists of either party Touching the Alabama claims the President is not so clear. The subject involves more considerations than can be expressed in a single short paragraph, which is all the space allotted to it in the message

The salient points revealed in this message are the extraordinary increase of national prosperity; the rapid reduction of the public debt and the public taxation; the careful neutrality between conflicting foreign nations; the maintenance, as a consequence, of the public faith and the public credit; and the great fundamental fact that while nearly every other government in both hemispheres is either disturbed by faction or threatened or torn by war, the United States of America is at peace with all mankind, with no difference with another power that may not be easily and permanently settled upon the just basis of common sense.

We will make room for the entire message in our next issue.

"Revenue Reform."

President Grant has given the so-called Revenue Reformers the hardest blow they have yet received. They meet their Appomattox at the beginning instead of at the end of their campaign, and, to add to their discomfiture, Secretary Boutwell follows him with the following significant declaration:

It is a noticeable fact that the estimated expenditures for the next fiscal year, including payments on account of the sinking fund, and for the interest on the public debt, are so nearly equal to the receipts as to justify and demand the greatest caution in dealing with the revenues and business of the country. It is apparent that a disaster or even a serious check to business, would reduce the revenues below our necessary expenditures.

It is apparent, also, that the prosperous condition of the country is largely due to the revenue system inaugurated during the war, by which manufactures and the mechanic arts have been extended and established. This policy cannot now be rashly abandoned, or suddenly and radically changed without great injury to business and labor, and serious consequent losses to revenue.

Now take the President's words:

A further reduction of expenses, in addition to a reduction of interest account, may be relied on to make this practicable. Revenue reform, if it means this, has my hearty support. If it implies a collection of all the revenue for the support of Government, for the payment of principal and interest of the public debt, pensions, &c., by directly taxing the people, then I am against revenue reform, and confidently believe the people are with me.

If it means failure to provide the necessary means to defray all the expenses of Government, and thereby repudiation of the public debt and pensions, then I am still more opposed to such kind of revenue reform. Revenue reform has not been defined by any of its advocates to my knowledge, but seems to be accepted as something which is to supply every man's wants without any cost or effort on his part.

A true revenue reform can not be made in a day, must be the work of national legislation and of time. As soon as the revenue can be dispensed with, all duty should be removed from coffee, tea, and other articles of universal use not to be produced by ourselves. The necessities of the country compel us to collect revenue from our imports. An army of assessors and collectors is not a pleasant sight to the citizen, but that or a tariff for revenue is necessary. Such a tariff, so far as it acts as an encouragement to home production, affords employment to labor at living wages, in contrast to the pauper labor of the Old World, and also in the development of home resources.

It will be observed that these are the utterances of two entirely different men, one from New England and the other from the West. Looking at the question from different standpoints, they both arrive at the same conclusion. The best pendant to these remarkable statements is the following from the Philadelphia *North American* of Saturday last: "One of the most plain and obtrusive facts that meet the policy of this country at this time is that we have a debt of about $2,500,000,000. To pay the current expenses of Government and meet the annual interest on the debt, it is necessary to raise $300,000,000 per annum, while the effort has been made to pay off about $100,000,000 of the principal annually. The revenue that has heretofore been collected has been derived to the extent of $170,000,000 from direct or internal taxes, and about $180,000,000 from taxes on imports. The $300,000,000 must be raised in some way for years to come. There is no dodge nor prevarication by which it can be avoided."

The Treasury Department.

After President Grant's message, in which the various departmental reports pass in kaleidoscopic review, the document possessing the most interest for the country at large, as well as the financier and the statesman, will be the annual report of Secretary of the Treasury Boutwell. Party differences hinge on the subject of which it treats, and now that old dividing lines and debatable issues are dissolving before the enforced progress of the opposition, there are considerations which attach unusual importance to this exhibit of the money bags and financial policy of the Administration.

With the rigid adherence to economy and conscientious collections of revenues which have characterized the Government ever since General Grant assumed the Presidential chair, none other than a favorable statement of the financial condition was to have been expected. Those magnificent monthly cancellations of the national indebtedness which have soothed our heavily taxed people and made them content since March 4, 1869, form an exponential index to the report of Mr. Boutwell. The receipts of the fiscal year ending with June last were $411,255,477 and the expenditures for the same period $309,653,560, showing a surplus of $101,601,917, to be applied to the reduction of the debt and the creation of a sinking fund, under the act of February 25, 1862. The receipts for the first quarter of the present fiscal year have been $115,101,230, and the receipts of the remaining three quarters are estimated at $244,000,000, making a total for the year of $359,101,230. The expenditures for the first quarter were $86,562,920; for the remaining three quarters they are estimated at $203,500,000, making a total for the year of $290,062,120, showing a surplus of probable receipts over expenditures of $69,038,310, applicable to the reduction of the debt and the creation of a sinking fund.

Even with the law which went into operation on the first of October last, and which so materially reduced the revenues and lightened the heavy burden of the tax-payers, we will be able to wipe out $70,000,000, in round numbers, of the public debt during the present fiscal year. We commend this fact to the Democracy the croakers to our own party, and all unbelievers in the financial stability of the country—the Republican party has abolished eighty million dollars of taxes, and yet, in the very year this act was inaugurated and put in practical operation, a Republican Administration will abolish seventy million of debt. In the contemplation of such figures as these one can hardly refrain from enthusiasm and the natural American indulgence of hyperbole.

It is very probable that this magnificent promise of Mr. Boutwell will inspire a still further reduction of taxation—a contingency he appears to anticipate in his estimates of the probable receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending with June, 1872 which he fixes respectively at $320,418,000, and $309,639,319, according to which there will be a surplus of $10,778,689 applicable to the payment of the principal of the debt in addition to payments made on that account through the sinking fund. Analysis of the expenditures, however, develops facts tending to sustain the opinion that the balance will be larger than appears from the above estimates

The war between France and Prussia has, to an extent not previously known, disarranged the finance of the country, and rendered nugatory an important act of Congress, viz: the funding bill of the last session. The war loans forced upon the markets of London, Hamburg, and Frankfort by the necessities of the two combatants, have advanced the price of money, and made it doubtful whether the four and four and a-half per cent. loan contemplated by our Government would be taken up. The Secretary, therefore, and very wisely, we think, recommends the authorization of an issue of three hundred millions additional bonds, bearing five per cent. interest As long as the rate is kept at or below five per cent. it will be a relief to the country, and as such we welcome the suggestion of Mr. Boutwell and commend it to the consideration of Congress. He also recommends that the loan act be so modified as to allow the interest to be paid quarterly instead of semi-annually. Should these recommendations meet with the approval of Congress, he asks immediate action.

Every one whose means or business makes him the handler of large amounts of money, and particularly national bank bills, will second the suggestion of the Secretary in asking for an appropriation and authority to make an issue of new bills, upon such paper and in such form as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury The frequent complaint of the worn-out condition of these bills, and the fact that no new banks are to be created, would seem to make this recommendation one of practical importance.

Among the matters alluded to incidentally, and to which the attention of Congress is called, is the bill prepared by the department and submitted at the last session relative to the mints and coinage system and the revival of American commerce, concerning which the Secretary remarks that, while he cannot specify the means by which the revival is to be accomplished, he will not understate the importance of such legislation. He also recommends that the permanent appropriations for the collection of the customs be increased to $2,000,000, and also such alteration in the law as will provide for one principal appraiser at each port where there are now two of equal power. Other and important recommendations are made, among them one for appropriations for steam revenue cutters, for a marine hospital, and for equalization and increase of the salaries of the officers of his department.

In conclusion Mr. Boutwell expresses the opinion that the settled financial policy of the country should contemplate a revenue sufficient to meet the ordinary expenses of the Government, to pay the interest on the debt, and to extinguish from twenty-five to fifty millions of the principal annually. He further says that while the financial prospect is highly favorable, it is not such as will warrant any very material changes in the revenue system at the present session, but should the result during the coming year realize his expectations, it will be possible at the second session of the Forty-second Congress to make many important reductions in the revenue without impairing the ability of the Government to make satisfactory payments of the public debt.

This report of Mr Boutwell, with its glowing exhibit of the moneyed prosperity of the nation and the satisfactory financial condition of the country, reflects credit alike upon himself, the Administration, and the Republican party. Since the treasury has been rescued from the Democracy, our currency has appreciated in the value nearly eighteen per cent., and public debt reduced $191,154,755,36 with a consequent reduction in the interest account of more than $10,000,000 annually. These achievements have never been equalled, and constitute, with our moral triumphs and martial victories, by which we reunited the country and made it a perfect republic, the grand record of the Republican party. Its performances in the past are the prelude to its great work in the future.—*The Press.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF THE SNYDER CO., AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The election for Officers of the Snyder county Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House, at Middleburg, on MONDAY, the 2d day of January A. D., 1871. A general attendance is requested. T. BOWER, President.
Dec. 8, 1871.

WYOMING FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
CORNER OF MARKET AND FRANKLIN STS.,
Wilkesbarre, Pa.
ORGANIZED, 1857.
C. DORRANCE, Pres. L. D. SHOEMAKER, V. Pres.
R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

Directors:
C. DORRANCE, L. D. SHOEMAKER, R. C. SMITH, A. C. LASIG, JOHN RICHARD, URIAH COLLINS, G. M. HARDING, C. A. MINER, THOMAS FORD, ALDSON MORSE, C. E. BUTLER, G. WADHAMS.

January 1, 1870.

Capital & Surplus, $211,560 70.

Receipts for 1869	$70,045 00
Expenditures "	57,817 65
	$12,227 35

Assets:

U. S. 6's, 1881	$34,000 00
100 Shares First National Bank	12,800 00
113 Shares Second National Bank	14,125 00
100 Shares Wyoming National Bank	6,500 00
150 Shares Wilkesbarre Gas Company	9,000 00
50 Shares Wilkesbarre Bridge Company	1,500 00
Loans and Collaterals	54,000 00
Loans and Personal securities	45,000 00
Judgments and Mortgages	11,119 25
Due from Agents and others	13 000 00
Cash on hand and in Bank	5,451 00
Real Estate	1,200 00
Office Furniture and safe	700 00
	$211,370 70

Losses:

Losses paid in twelve years	$135,804 45
" Unjusted	None
" Adjusted but not due	1,500 00

Dec. 1—6m. JAMES L. SCHOLLEY, General Agent.

INVENTORY OF WIDOWS UNDER THE $600 LAW.

NOTICE is hereby given that the inventory of Elizabeth Stock, widow of Emanuel Stock, late of West Beaver township, deceased; of Catharine Rathfon, widow of Wilson Rathfon, late of Perry township, deceased, have been filed with the Clerk of the Orphan's Court of Snyder county, and will be presented to said Court for approval on Monday, the 12th day of December next.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Middleburg, Snyder county, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Orphans' Court to be held at Middleburg, for the County of Snyder, on the second Monday of December, being the 12th day of said month, viz:

1. The account of John G. Kreitzer, Administrator of the estate of Frederick Kreitzer, deceased.
2. The first account of Daniel Weirick, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Geiger, late of Franklin township, deceased.
3. The account of Sarah Seehrist and Daniel Krebs, Trustees appointed to sell the Real Estate of John Seehrist, late of Union township, dec'd., under the proceedings in Partition in the Orphan's Court of Snyder county.

S. B. SCHUCK, Register.
Register's Office, Middleburg, Nov. 8, 1870.

Dauchy & Co's. Advertisements.

I WAS CURED of DEAFNESS & CATARRH by a simple remedy and will send the receipt free D1-4w] MRS. M. C. LOGGETT, Jersey City, N. J.

$60 A WEEK paid agents, male or female, in a new manufacturing business at home. No capital required. Address NOVELTY Co., Saco, Me. 11—4w

SALESMEN WANTED. Business honorable. No competition. Liberal pay given. S. W. KENNEDY 8 south 4th st., Philadelphia. D1—4w

$10 MADE FROM 50 CTS. Something urgently needed by everybody. Call and examine, or samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cts. that retail easily for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Square, N. Y. D1—4w

100,000 AGENTS WANTED FOR HOW WOMEN CAN MAKE MONEY And other best Books in the market. McKINNEY & MARTIN, 1308 Chestnut Street Philadelphia D1—4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR Sexual Science

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains no poison. Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $1. Address MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mass. aug18-3m]

AGENTS Wanted for Headley's New, Fresh BOOK "UNSUNG HEROES AND MARTYRS" Written in the Author's happiest style, and surpassing his former works, which have sold by the 100,000. With Original Steel Engravings from designs by our Artist who has spent three years in Bible Lands. The Clergy and the Press are loud in its praise. Agents are making money rapidly. E. B. TREAT & Co., Publishers, 654 Broadway, New York. D1—4w

FARMERS HELPER Shows how to double the profits of the FARM, and how farmers and their sons can each make $100 PER MONTH In Winter. 10,000 Copies will be mailed free to Farmers. Send name and address to ZIEGLER & McCURDY, Philadelphia, Pa. D1—4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR FREE LOVE. ITS VOTARIES. by Dr Jno. B. ELLIS. Large sales, immense profits. Stupendous revelations and startling disclosures. The whole subject laid bare and its hideousness exposed to universal execration. Written in the interests of Civilization, Christianity and public morality. Send for circulars and terms. U. S. Publishing Co., 411 Broome street, New York. D1—4w

MONEY QUICKLY MADE by active men and women getting subscriptions for the great religious and literary weekly The Christian Union, edited by HENRY WARD BEECHER. Having in its corps of Contributors the ablest talent of the land. A charming serial story by the world-famous authoress of "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN," just begun. Every subscriber for 1871 receives the paper for eight weeks, and people's favorite, MARSHALL'S WASHINGTON, (alone worth $5,) FREE. This new and unequaled combination is taking like wild fire. All are doing well, many making from $10 to $30 dollars a day. Now is the harvest time, act wisely and quickly. There is positively nothing that will pay you so well. Copy of paper, chapter of story, and rare terms FREE, address A. H. HUBBARD. D1-4w] 600 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell our new Illustrated Book of Travels Overland Through Asia. By Col. Thomas W. Knox; a comprehensive and valuable exposition of the countries of Alaska, Siberia, China and Russia, as they are to-day Matching our Richardson's "Beyond the Mississippi," and Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad" in styles, &c. Send for circulars and see our extra terms; address [D1-4w AMERICAN PUBLISHING Co., Hartford, Conn

THEA-NECTAR

BLACK TEA PURE GUNPOWDER WITH GREEN TEA FLAVOR

Warranted to Suit all Tastes.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. And for sale Wholesale only by the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co. P. O. Box, 5506. 8 CHURCH st., N. Y. SEND FOR THEA-NECTAR CIRCULAR

DR. WELLS' Carbolic Tablets. An unfailing Remedy for all Bronchial Difficulties, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Influenza, Dryness of the Throat or Wind Pipe and all Catarrhal diseases

The wonderful modern discovery of Carbolic Acid, is destined to become one of the greatest blessings to mankind in its application to diseases of the throat and its great curative qualities in all affections of the Chest and Lungs.

DR. WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS, besides the great remedial agent Carbolic Acid, contain other ingredients universally recommended, which chemically combine, producing a Tablet more highly medicinal and better adapted for diseases of the throat than any preparation ever before offered to the public.

CAUTION.—Be sure you get WELL'S CARBOLIC TABLETS; DON'T LET OTHER GOODS BE PALMED OFF ON YOU IN THEIR PLACE.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS Wells' Carbolic Tablets are a sure cure. 25c. a box. THEM 26

J. G. KELLOGG, 31 Platt Street, N. Y., sole agent. Sold by Druggists. D1—4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR "Ladies of the White House." Standard and official biographies of every mistress of the Presidents Mansion from Washington to Grant. Superbly illustrated on steel—For circulars and terms, address, United States PUBLISHING Co., New York. N3—4w

Local Agents Wanted. I want a Local Agent in every Town and Village in the Country, to canvass for the Western World A Magnificent $5.00 Premium Steel Engraving is sent gratis to every subscriber. From $1.00 to 400 00 can be easily made in an evening A liberal cash commission allowed.—Send stamp for specimens and Prize Circular. Address, J. R. ELLIOTT, Boston, Mass. N17-4w

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A WATCH FREE for everybody and $25 per day sure. Business light and Honorable. No Gift enterprise. No humbug, address E. Moore Kennedy, Pittsburg Pa. [N17,4

8 O'CLOCK. N17-4w

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Parties enquire how to get up clubs. Our answer send for Price List, and a Club Form will accompany it with full directions, making large saving to consumers and remunerative to Club organizers.

The Great American Tea Co., 31 and 33 VESEY STREET, P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK. N17-4w

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FORTUNES offered to Live Men. Rare Chance. Send Stamp. Diamond E. Co., Wilmington, Del. [Sep 8-3m

$10 A DAY—Business entirely new and honorable. Liberable inducements. Descriptive circular free. Address J. C. RAND & CO., Biddeford, Me. 3m

AGENTS WANTED—($10 PER DAY)—by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE Co., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. [3m

WANTED AGENTS—To sell the HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It makes the "Lock Stitch," (alike on both sides) and is the only licensed under-feed shuttle Machine sold for less than $60. Licensed by Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker and Singer & Co. All other under feed Shuttle Machines sold for less than $60 are infringements, and the seller and user liable to prosecution. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 3m

WANTED AGENTS—To sell the OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE. It is licensed, makes the "elastic lock stitch" and is warranted for 5 years. Price $15. All other machines with an under feed sold for $25 or less are infringements. Address OCTAGON SEWING MACHINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., Chicago, Ill., Pittsburg, Pa., or Boston, Mass. 3m

AGENTS WANTED—($225 A MONTH) by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS., or ST. LOUIS, MO. sep22—3m

WANTED—AGENTS, ($10 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE Has the under feed, makes the "lock stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family sewing Machine in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK, & Co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. sep22—3m

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE

The subscriber offers at private sale his VALUABLE FARM, situate in Monroe township, Snyder County, Pa. adjoining lands of Abraham Fisher, Micheal Hummel and others, containing about

175 ACRES,

more or less, ninety-five acres of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation; the balance is covered with the best of timber. The improvements consist of a good large

Dwelling House,

LARGE BANK BARN and all necessary outbuildings, good water convenient for all purposes, a large

APPLE ORCHARD,

containing choice grafted fruit, &c. The farm is under good fence, naturally fertile and highly productive; is in a healthy country,—about three miles from Selinsgrove and two miles from Shamok'n Dam, the west bank of the Susquehanna river—is convenient to Markets, Railroads, Canals, Churches and Schools.

Will be sold on easy terms, and possession given immediately if desired. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber on the premises.

Capt. JOHN BEHN.
Monroe twp., June 8, 1870.

Estate of MARIA HALL, dec'd.

LETTERS TESTAMETARY, on the Estate of MARIA HALL, late of the borough of Selinsgrove, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement to W. F. EGBERT, Executor.
Oct. 20, 1870.

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Unites the best Water-proof Composition with the Water-proof Fabric in the best manner and at the lowest price to the consumer.

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County rights for sale

For Circulars and all particulars, Address. MICA ROOFING COMPANY, Malden Lane, NEW YORK.
Oc. 20 1870—3 m.

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Orders solicited and filled with promptness and despatch. Please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere 6-3m

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Having taken charge of this old and well established stand, the proprietor proposes to devote all his attention to the providing of his Table and Bar and the accommodation of both man and beast. He solicits a liberal share of the public patronage.
January 18 1871—1y

T. J. SMITH ATTORNEY AT LAW, MIDDLEBURG, SNYDER CO., PA. Offers his Professional services to the public. Consultations in German or English.

JAMES K. DAVIS HOTEL, SELINSGROVE, SNYDER Co., Pa. HENRY A. BOLIG Proprietor.

This well known House having been refitted by the present proprietor, offers excellent accommodations to the traveling community. Choice liquors and Cigars at the Bar, and the Table supplied with the best the market affords. A good stable attended by careful hostlers, in connection with the house. April 6—70tf,

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