THE POST.

SELINSGROVE.....SEPTEMBER 22, 1870.

SNYDER COUNTY
REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CONGRESS,
JOHN B. PACKER,
OF SUNBURY.

SENATOR,
HENRY JOHNSON,
OF LYCOMING.

ASSEMBLY,
WILLIAM HAUDENOT, of Snyder.
SCOTT CLINGAN, of Union.
THEODORE HILL, of Lycoming.

Tuesday, September 27, 1870.

HON. JOHN B. PACKER, HON. HENRY JOHNSON, HON. GEO. F. MILLER, AND COL. A. C. SHUMAN, will address the meeting.

Let all the patriotic citizens of Snyder and adjoining counties turn out and hear these men discuss the issues of the day. Come in wagons, in carriages, on horseback, afoot—come all! In possession with your farmers, mechanics and laborers, rather by thousands will be sent dismay and confusion into the ranks of the enemy, and show them that we mean to maintain the principles of the Republican party at the October election.

Good music will be furnished by the Freeburg Cornet Band.

By order of

D. B. MOYER, Chairman.

DR. J. Y. SCHNEIDER, Secretary.

Committee Meeting.

The members of the Republican Standing Committee of Snyder county are requested to meet in the Court House, in this place, on Tuesday, September 27, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M. A full attendance is requested.

By order of D. B. MOYER, Chairman.

The following named gentlemen compose the committee:

Beaver—Peter Reigel, Henry S. Freed.
West Beaver—H. B. Knepp, A. A. Romig.
Centre—Solomon Bowersox, Uriah Wetrick.
Chapman—Henry M. Freed, J. M. Hoffman.
Franklin—J. Schoch, Henry Bomer.
Jackson—Harrison Brouse, Y. H. Wagner.
Selinsgrove—J. Y. Shindel, Daniel Bolender.
Middlecreek—A. Marburger, Saul H. Yeager.
Monroe—John Young, Joseph Boust.
Penna—Levi Row, George J. Schoch.
Perry—Dr. H. M. Nipple, Napoleon Breeze.
W. Perry—Abram Mitterling, B. F. Barrows.
Selinsgrove—Charles R. Miller, A. Z. Schoch.
Union—John J. Kelly, H. J. G. Herrold.
Washington—H. H. Grimm, D. B. Moyer.

Mr. Dill's Record.

By turning over old files, we find that Andrew H. Dill, the Democratic candidate for State Senator in this District, played a prominent part during the Rebellion. At a State Convention of the Democratic party held at Harrisburg in February, 1861, A. H. Dill was Senatorial Delegate from Union county. From the minutes of that Convention we extract the following:

"8th. *That we will, by all proper and legitimate means, oppose, discountenance, and prevent any attempt on the part of the Republicans in power to make any armed aggression upon the Southern States, especially so long as laws concerning their rights shall remain unrepealed on the statute books of Northern States, and so long as the just demands of the South shall continue to be unrecognized by the Republican majorities of these States, and unassured by proper unequivocal explanations of the Constitution.*"

The report then says: "The reading of the Resolutions called forth much applause, and when that declaring the determined opposition of the Democracy of Pennsylvania to an armed aggression upon the seceding states was read, the whole Convention rose *en masse*, and, with the waving of hats and the violent shouts of enthusiasm, shook the very walls of the building that held them. They were adopted by acclamation."

The 8th Resolution being adopted by acclamation, Mr. Dill, of course voted in favor of it, thereby declaring himself, with his party, heart and soul opposed to the prosecution of the war to preserve the country. Just at the crisis of the nation's life, the Democracy, in solemn assembly, resolved in favor of dealing it a final blow, and Mr. Dill concurred in the measure.

Personally, no one can say aught against Mr. Dill. He is, probably, as good a democrat as his party could find in the district. He is, and has been unwavering and determined in his opposition to republican men and measures, in the field or at home. He endeavored to deprive the soldiers of the right of franchise by picking faults with their returns, smothering and crippling them with red tape, and otherwise exhibiting a desire to deprive our defenders of a voice in our elections, simply because they were battling against an enemy with whom he sympathized. He stood up manfully for his party; let us stand up for ours.

Importance of Republican Success.

Republicans, workingmen, soldiers of Snyder Co., we call upon you to "Rally round the old flag" once more. The Republican party is the party which, under God saved the life of the nation—saved the Union, saved our constitutional and religious liberties. It has proved itself to be the true friend of the great doctrine of Protection to the American labor," and therefore the true and tried friend of the workingmen of the country.

We call upon you one and all to organize for the contest, organize, for the success of our liberty loving principles. To the majority, we say to you [illegible]

important that the Legislature should have a good working majority of members who were loyal in times when the State and nation were in danger from the arms of traitors and the machinations of their friends. It was the Republican party that saved our country from disunion and anarchy then, and it must be the Republican party which will save it from the same destructive and hostile political elements now. The rebels and their friends are now determined to accomplish by political trickery what they failed to do by open treason and the force of arms—to lay the foundation for future rebellion by a revival of the old States rights heresy and individual sovereignty doctrine. The Legislature to be elected in October will be called upon to district the State for members of the State Senate and House of Representatives for seven years, and for members of Congress for ten years. If the Republicans of this district should allow any mere local issue or personal consideration to influence their votes against a member of the Legislature, it may turn the whole State and national legislation against Republican principles, against loyalty and in favor of rebels, for ten years to come. The loss of one member of the Legislature may turn the scale and throw the body into disloyal hands. Once in the possession of the Legislature at this important juncture, the Democrats would so gerrymander the counties as to make nearly every Legislative and Congressional district return a majority for their party. A majority of the Congressmen from this State on the side of the rebel sympathizers, might give them a majority in the popular branch of the nations legislature. The effect would be disasterous in the extreme.

The same evil influence would follow in the State, and the Senatorial and Assembly districts would be so manipulated as to elect Democratic representatives when a large majority of the people of the State would vote Republican. Another important consideration should influence every Republican voter. The State Senators elected this fall, will be called upon, before their terms expire, to vote for a United States Senator. The loss of one Senator may give the choice of that important officer to the Democrat for the next term of six years. One vote in this county, may entail upon the country the disasters here indicated. Is there one true Republican who will hesitate for a moment? Is there one who will allow any paltry local issue to balance these important considerations? There is but one answer: The man who votes against the regular candidates for Senator and Representative because of some personal pique, or some local disagreement is not a Republican. He sells his principles for a few cents, or, at most, a few dollars. He counts on local and unimportant issues as far more importance than the great questions of State and national policy, more than protection to home industry, more than the gradual extinguishment of the national debt and abatement of taxes. Will those who attempt to defeat the regular nominations still claim to be Republicans? How can they make the claim without shame and confusion."

Our Taxes and Expenses.

From the terrific howling the Democratic party are keeping up about taxation, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, people who read none but Democratic journals would infer that their representatives in Congress were the only persons who favored measures lightening these burdens upon the people. Strange as it may appear to those readers, their representatives did nothing of the kind, but their policy throughout was exactly the reverse. As a party, during the session of the Forty-first Congress, they arrayed themselves in solid phalanx against the most important measures affording relief to the people. Notwithstanding the determined opposition of the Democratic Congressmen, seventeen months have wrought a wonderful change by the efforts of the party in power.

Eighteen months ago there were nearly ten thousand articles used by the people, subject to taxation. It was necessary that it should be so, and the American people knowing it, cheerfully bore up under the weight.—Gradually the necessity for the taxation of so many articles disappeared, and our Republican Congressmen as gradually lightened the burden. Thus it has gone on until now; and the first of October will herald the day when internal taxation will have been removed from all articles used in the United States, except the following:

Tax on spirituous, vinous and malt liquors.
Tax on tobacco and cigars.
Tax on incomes.
Tax on National Banks.
Tax on gas
The stamp tax.

Of the burdensome taxation necessitated by the rebellion, all that will remain in a few days hence will be the foregoing list. And that list does not contain one article that is necessary to life, health or prosperity. Taxation can now be said to be entirely removed from the necessaries of life.

Militia Laws.

The County Commissioner of this County have assessed the militia tax of fifty cents for militia purposes indiscriminately upon all the taxables in the county except those belonging to militia organizations, and the collectors of the duplicates are endeavoring to collect it. Soldiers who have served in the armies of the United States nine months, one, two, and three years are taxed along with the rest. A dispute seems to have arisen as to the construction of the law passed at the last session of the Legislature. The act referred to is a supplement to the Act of May 4th, 1864, for the organization of the militia of Pennsylvania. The soldiers complain that they are [illegible] under the law to which this is a supplement, and who is not now or shall not hereafter become a member of some military organization, shall pay to the collector of taxes, in the city, county, borough, or township, in which he shall reside, the sum of fifty cents, annually."

And the act goes on to exempt those who have served, nine months, one, two, or three years, as follows:

SEC. 7.—"In additions to exemptions now allowed by law, any person who has uniformed or shall hereafter uniform himself, according to the provisions of new law, and who shall have performed duty in any military organization of the militia of the State, for the space of five years, *or who enlisted for one, two, and three years, or nine months in active service* of the United States, and was honorably discharged shall be exempt from further military service, except in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, and from serving as a juror, if he so desires, during the period of such military service."

The clause in the above section which has led to doubt as to whether the soldiers who served as mentioned, are exempted from the fifty cents tax, is the one which speaks of exemption "from further military service." If from service why not from the payment of the tax. It means nothing if it does not mean this. The opinion of the Attorney General of the Commonwealth was requested in the matter, and he writes us follows:

OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL,
HARRISBURG, Sept. 7, 1870.

A. N. BECK, Esq.—*Dear Sir*:—Your favor of the first instant received. You desire my opinion upon the question whether soldiers who served nine months, one, two, and three years in U. S. service, and are exempt from duty in militia organizations by Act of 1870, are also exempt from militia tax. I reply that I am of opinion that they are exempt from such taxation.

Very respectfully yours,
F. CARROLL BREWSTER,
Attorney General.

It is not for the sake of the fifty cents tax that the soldiers complain so much as it is for the principle involved in the proceeding. The law intended to show some distinction in favor of the soldier, and whatever that is he should have without a murmur. The exemption in the Act of 1870 is just, and it should be so regarded.—*Sunbury Gazette.*

The Siege of Paris.

The Provisional Government and the people of France have, within the past ten days, given abundant evidence of their earnest desire for peace. Indeed, Jules Favre and his colleagues have gone so far in their efforts to bring about a cessation of hostilities, and an amicable settlement of the difficulty with Prussia, that under ordinary circumstances they would be branded as cowards, unfit to be at the head of a great nation. The statement of M. Ernest Picard, is one of the most humiliating emanations we have ever seen, and it fairly represents the feelings and sentiments of the French people. They realize their helpless condition, and look with horror upon a continuance of the war. M. Theire's mission to England is a failure. The aristocratic government of that country will not even recognize the Republic, much less plead its cause, or interpose a friendly hand to save it from destruction.—This action affords all the other great neutral powers an admirable excuse for non intervention. And therefore they all stand aside with hands off and lips closed, lords, earls, dukes, kings, emperors, princes, &c., &c., waiting, watching, hoping, praying for disastrous failure to overtake the effort to establish a free government in their midst. To a man they greeted the birth of the Republic with jealous hatred, and we are not surprised at this conspiracy to crush it.

This morning the armies of Germany, nearly half a million strong, encompass Paris. Communication between that city and the world will speedily be cut off. A formal demand will be made for its surrender, which will be refused, and then will commence the terrible, dreaded, destructive siege. And then will commence, too, such a struggle between the people and the monarchs, between liberty and despotism, as the world has never seen. As the first shot from the rebel batteries in Moultrie, in April, 1861, sounded the death knell of American slavery, so will the first shot that is fired in the siege of Paris re-echo across the Pyrenees, Vosges, alps, and the English Channel, foretelling certain and terrible destruction to half the thrones of Europe.

Prussia has triumphed over the Empire. She may conquer the Republic, but in fighting it she will not be contending with France alone, but with the spirit of republican freedom in her own ranks and throughout Europe. In scoffing at the Provisional Government King William has made a mistake which we fear he will not realize until it is too late to prevent the awful work of carnage which it seems is about to commence. Peace now, without further bloodshed, will be a miracle. While we write the conflict may be raging. God save the people!—*Press.*

A FIENDISH OUTRAGE.—*No Arrests Made.*—On Monday afternoon, the 12th inst., about the hour of 2 o'clock, one of the most fiendish outrages ever committed in this region, was perpetrated in Limestone township, near the residence of Mr. Jacob Swartzlander.

The circumstances, as we glean them from reliable authority, are as follows. The victim, Miss Mary Walter, a respectable young woman in the employ of Dr Pontius, in Buffalo township had engagement with a relative in Limestone Township, several miles distant, to accompany the family to the Campmeeting near Middleburg. While on the way, 20 feet and [illegible] alarm would cost her life. They then brutally tore her clothes from her and both violated her person the one holding the knife and pistol while the other gratified his fiendish propensity. The approach of a dog put the villains to flight and the woman returned to Dr. Pontius' in an exhausted and almost frantic condition.

No one was near and before pursuit could be made the brutes made good their escape. The clothing, all torn into threads, was found suspending to trees and the stockings and bonnet were concealed near by where the outrage was committed. Several paper cuffs were the only traces left by the villains. They were young men apparently well dressed, one wearing a white and the other a black beaver hat, each carrying a carpet sack.

The outrage was not generally known until Tuesday night when it created the most intense feeling of revenge in this community.—*Mifflinburg Telegraph.*

IT is a great satisfaction to know that the public debt decreased at the rate of $333 a minute every minute of last month. It is much more pleasing and satisfactory to know that the debt of the nation has been decreased since the first of March nearly as much as the entire year preceeding. During the first year of President Grant's administration, the reduction was nearly $87,000,000; during six months this year the reduction has been a little over $82,000,000. It is fearful to contemplate where our debt would now stand had Seymour and his followers been hoisted to the position now so ably filled by Grant and his Cabinet.

THE STATE FAIR.—It appears to be the policy of the State Agricultural Society that every portion of the State shall have a chance to show the progress of a given geographical district in Agricultural, Horticultural, and Mechanical pursuits, and in pursuance of this well defined plan the society this year has fixed on the thriving city of Scranton, in Luzerne county, in the midst of mineral and agricultural wealth, as its place of exibition.

For this purpose a carefully prepared and a large space of ground has been enclosed, abundantly supplied with water; easy of access to any part of the city of Scranton and surrounding towns; and upon which has been erected two halls, carefully protected from the weather, 250x50 feet each; one hall 175x45; several spacious tents; 125 horse stables; 156 cattle sheds—an amphitheatre with 1,000 seats, and every other arrangement for the comfort of visitors and exhibitors in every department usually represented at such shows. We advise all—but especially those who have never seen the operations in a great coal and iron district, to visit Scranton and the State Fair, which commences on Tuesday the 27th day of September, 1870.

WHICH is YOUR CHOICE?—Honest Republican voter, which is your choice:—a Republican Legislature and a Republican districting of the State—or a Democratic Legislature, a Democratic United States Senator and a Democratic delegation in Congress for ten years to come? If you want Republicans, stick to the Republican Legislative ticket.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Estate of POLLY LEADER, dec'd.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the estate of POLLY LEADER, late of Beaver township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them to

MARGARET HACKENBURG,
Administratrix.

Beaver township, Sept. 14, 1870.

CAUTION.—The public is hereby cautioned not to meddle with the following articles, to wit: One Stove and Pipe, one Sink, one Bureau, one Table, one Desk, one Wood Chest, four Beds, three Pigs, one Corner Cupboard, one set of Chairs, one settee, one Wheelbarrow, two Buckets, two Tubs, two large Steel Tubs, two Cider Barrels, one Churn, Plates, Cups and Saucers, and one Stand, which articles I, the subscriber, purchased at Sheriff's sale on the 23d of July last past, as the property of John Gross, Jr.

JOHN GROSS, Sen.

August 4, 1870.

NOTICE.—Whereas my wife MARY RADLE left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation on the 26th day of August, 1870. I therefore warn the public not to credit her on my account, as I shall pay no bills contracted by her after this date.

JOHN B. RADLE.

Perry township, August 26, 1870.

CAUTION.—Having purchased the following named personal property at Constable's sale, sold as the property of Reuben Kloss, and left the same in the possession of Mrs. Sarah Kloss, all persons are hereby cautioned not to interfere nor in any way meddle with the same:—One Cooking Stove and Pipe, one Parlor Stove and Pipe, two Bedsteads and Bedding, one lot of Carpet, one red Cow.

JACOB GROSS,
PETER REIGEL.

Beaver township, August 25, 1870.

PREMIUM LIST OF THE FIRST ANNUAL FAIR OF THE SNYDER CO. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY TO BE HELD AT FREEBURG, OCTOBER 3rd, 4th and 5th, 1870.

OFFICERS:—THOMAS BOWER, President. VICE PRESIDENTS:—Beaver, Moses Specht; Beaver West, Henry R. Knepp; Centre H. K. Sanders; Chapman, John M. Rine; Franklin, John S. Hassinger; Jackson, A. Eyer; Middlecreek, Henry Wetzel; Monroe, John Hummel, Middleburg, George Moatz; Perry, Michael Woomer; Perry West, Joseph Fisher; Penna, John S. Walter; Selinsgrove, Henry C. Eyer; Union, Samuel Scholl; Washington, George Hillish.
SECRETARY—Daniel S. Boyer.
CORRESPONDING SEC.—Thomas J. Smith.
GEOLOGIST—Franklin Weirick.
TREASURER—Allen Schoch.
LIBRARIAN—John S. Beaver.

Agricultural Address, Tuesday at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the Ground; and in the evening at 7½ o'clock, in Boyer's Hall.
Trial of Fast Horses, Tuesday, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Family Ticket, for Season,	$1.00
Single admission each day,	25
Children	10
Saddle horses not on exhibition, (in addition to admission of owner)	10
Single Carriage, (in addition to admission of owner)	20
Double Carriage, (in addition to admission of owner)	30

PREMIUMS.

CLASS A.—HORSES.

Best Stallion	$5.00
2nd Best	3.00
Best Gelding	3.00
" Mare	3.00
" Brood Mare with Colt	4.00
" Team Light Draft	4.00
" " Heavy "	4.00
" Colt between 1 and 2 years	2.00
Best collection of apples,	$1.00
" " pears,	1.00
" " plums,	1.00
" " peaches,	1.00
" " quinces,	1.00
" " grapes,	1.00
Second best collection of grapes,	75

Judges—J. H. Adam, Eli Bassler, Dr. J. C. Shaeter, H. C. Boyer, J. O. L. Shindel, Samuel Fisher, H. D. Fisher, Esq., Bonaville Kremer, W. F. Wagenseller.

CLASS I.

Best suit of clothes,	$1.00
Best roll wool carpet,	1.00
Best roll rag carpet,	1.00
Best coverlid,	1.00
Best pair woolen socks,	50
Best patchwork quilt,	1.00
Second best do,	75
Third best do,	50
Best worsted embroidery,	00
Best pin cushion,	25
Best lamp mat,	25
Best crotchet work,	50
Best hearth rug,	50
Best door mat,	50

Judges—Mrs. Samuel Alleman, Mrs. Edward Roesler, Mrs. D. S. Boyer, Mrs. Nettie Herb, Miss Jane Smith, Mrs. H. C. Eyer, Mrs. S. S. Schoch, Miss Kate Swineford and Mrs. Prof. Born.

CLASS J.

Best 3 lb roll butter,	$1.00
Best 2 lb roll butter,	75
Best 1 lb print butter,	50
Second best 2 lb print butter,	25
Best loaf of wheat bread,	25
" rye bread,	25
Best box honey,	50
Best fruit cake,	25
Best jelly cake,	25
Best sponge cake,	25
Best cured ham,	50
Best Jellies,	50

Judges—Mrs. J. W. Knight, Mrs. T. Bower, Mrs. Irvin Smith, Miss Linnie Rough, Mrs. John A. Deitrich, Mrs. Allen Schoch, Miss M. L. Shindel, Mrs. Sepharus Gemberling, Mrs. H. T. Parks.

CLASS K.

A Diploma will be given for the best of the following articles: Collection of farming implements exhibited by dealer; reaper and mower, fanning mill, broad-cast sower, grain drill, straw cutter, horse hay fork, rake, two horse plow, cultivator, corn cultivator, narrow, threshing machine, pump for well or cistern, churn, bee hive, clothes wringer, washing machine, corn planter elevator or extension ladder, post boring machine, baking machine.

Judges—Daniel Eisenhart, Chas. Miller, Henry Moyer (of Penna) J. B. Hall, Henry Schoch, George J. Schoch, John S. Walter, William H. Snyder, Joseph Ulsh, Jacob Schnee, Michael Woomer, J. P. Richter.

CLASS L.

Diplomas will be given for the best of the following articles: Farm wagon, market wagon, carriage wagon, buggy, long sled or bob, wheelbarrow, team harness, carriage, saddle, saddle and bridle, boots and shoes, lot of cabinet ware, specimen of dentistry, specimen of marble work, specimen of turning, ornamental house, lot of tin ware, cooking stove, heater, display of photographs, lot stone ware, penmanship, calf skin, printing, harness leather, sole leather, dozen brooms, sewing machine, music.

Judges—Miles Wetzel, Jacob B. Shirk, Philip Moyer, D. T. Rhoads Dr. Yaltereharp, George Eby, George B. Straub, William Hains, J. G. Smith, Moses Specht.

CLASS M.

Best collection of work of Art or Nature by one exhibitor $3.00
Best collection of Natural Flowers
Best collection of Artificial Flowers

Daniel Rohrer, Esq., Howard Schnure, Hiram Kantz, Dr. J. Y. Shindel.

CLASS O.

All articles not mentioned in the above classes will be referred to the Miscellaneous Committee and the Judges will be authorized to place such premiums on the same as they may deem proper.

The EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the Society will act as Judges on all miscellaneous articles on exhibition.

Davis, Dr. Charles Crouse, John Romig, and S. S. Schoch.

Entrance fees on horses is ten per cent. of the premium.

CLASS B.

Best Bull 3 years or upwards	$4.00
" " 1 to 2 years	3.00
" Cow	4.00
Second best Cow	3.00
Best Heifer 1 to 3 years	3.00
" Calf under 6 months	2.00
" Yoke of Oxen any age	3.00

Judges—George Hillish, John Hummel, Abram Wertz, Peter P. Mertz, M. C. Moyer, John S. Hassinger, A. J. Middleswarth, R. C. Bowersox, Jacob Schnee and William Markley.

CLASS C.

Best Buck of any age	$2.00
" Ewe " " "	1.00
" " with young sheep	1.00

Judges—John Hefner, George Bitner, S. G. Hillish, Jonathan Grimm, S. S. Schoch, Jacob C. Walter, George Moatz, Mathias Schnee, and John Norman.

CLASS D.

Best boar any breed,	$2.00
Best hog "	2.00
Second best hog any breed,	1.50
Best sow and pigs,	3.00

Judges—Jacob J. Boyer, S. B. Kantz, Esq., F. M. Irack, Benj Wittenmeyer, Jacob Bolender, Michael Schoch and George Ott.

CLASS E.

Best coop of turkeys,	$1.50
Best pair " or coop of young ones,	1.00
Second best pair turkeys,	50
Best pair geese,	1.50
Second best pair geese,	1.00
Best pair duck,	1.00
Second best pair duck,	50
Best coop of chickens,	1.50
Second best coop chickens,	1.00

Judges—Wm. Moyer, Henry H. Grimm, John Hummel, Valentine Schlosser, Maj. Henry A. Smith, D. J. Bogar, Solomon Bowersox.

CLASS F.

Best ½ bushel wheat any variety,	$1.00
Second best do,	50
Best ½ bushel rye,	50
" " oats,	50
" " barley,	50
" lot Indian corn not less than 10 ears,	50
Best ½ bushel buckwheat,	50
Best peck cloverseed,	50
" " timothy seed,	50
" " flax seed,	50
" " beans,	50

Judges—Jos. Diehl, Jonathan Arbogast, Jonas Kissinger, Philip Hillish, H. L. Raudenbush Charles Krebs, George Shotsberger.

CLASS G.

Best exhibition & greatest variety of vegetables grown by 1 person	$2.00
Best ½ peck Lima beans,	50
" 6 beets,	50
" 6 heads of cabbage,	60
" carrots,	50
" celery plants,	50
" specimen of egg plant,	50
" peck of onions,	50
" variety of peppers,	50
" ½ bushel early potatoes,	50
" " late "	50
" squashes,	50
Largest pumpkin,	50
Largest watermelon,	50
Best ½ peck parsnips,	50
" tomatoes,	50
Best peck turnips,	50
" cultivated hops,	50
" sweet potatoes,	50

Judges—Abraham Eyer, D. B. Meyer, Peter S. Reigel, Emanuel Houts, J. A. Smith, Peter Hartman, S. P. Kolder.

CLASS H.

Best variety of fruit grown by one exhibitor,	$2.00
Best collection of apples,	1.00
" " pears,	1.00
" " plums,	1.00
" " peaches,	1.00
" " quinces,	1.00
" " grapes,	1.00
Second best collection of grapes,	75

Judges—J. H. Adam, Eli Bassler, Dr. J. C. Shaeter, H. C. Boyer, J. O. L. Shindel, Samuel Fisher, H. D. Fisher, Esq., Bonaville Kremer, W. F. Wagenseller.

CLASS I.

Best suit of clothes,	$1.00
Best roll wool carpet,	1.00
Best roll rag carpet,	1.00
Best coverlid,	1.00
Best pair woolen socks,	50
Best patchwork quilt,	1.00
Second best do,	75
Third best do,	50
Best worsted embroidery,	00
Best pin cushion,	25
Best lamp mat,	25
Best crotchet work,	50
Best hearth rug,	50
Best door mat,	50

Judges—Mrs. Samuel Alleman, Mrs. Edward Roesler, Mrs. D. S. Boyer, Mrs. Nettie Herb, Miss Jane Smith, Mrs. H. C. Eyer, Mrs. S. S. Schoch, Miss Kate Swineford and Mrs. Prof. Born.

CLASS J.

Best 3 lb roll butter,	$1.00
Best 2 lb roll butter,	75
Best 1 lb print butter,	50
Second best 2 lb print butter,	25
Best loaf of wheat bread,	25
" rye bread,	25
Best box honey,	50
Best fruit cake,	25
Best jelly cake,	25
Best sponge cake,	25
Best cured ham,	50
Best Jellies,	50

Judges—Mrs. J. W. Knight, Mrs. T. Bower, Mrs. Irvin Smith, Miss Linnie Rough, Mrs. John A. Deitrich, Mrs. Allen Schoch, Miss M. L. Shindel, Mrs. Sepharus Gemberling, Mrs. H. T. Parks.

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A Diploma will be given for the best of the following articles: Collection of farming implements exhibited by dealer; reaper and mower, fanning mill, broad-cast sower, grain drill, straw cutter, horse hay fork, rake, two horse plow, cultivator, corn cultivator, narrow, threshing machine, pump for well or cistern, churn, bee hive, clothes wringer, washing machine, corn planter elevator or extension ladder, post boring machine, baking machine.

Judges—Daniel Eisenhart, Chas. Miller, Henry Moyer (of Penna) J. B. Hall, Henry Schoch, George J. Schoch, John S. Walter, William H. Snyder, Joseph Ulsh, Jacob Schnee, Michael Woomer, J. P. Richter.

CLASS L.

Diplomas will be given for the best of the following articles: Farm wagon, market wagon, carriage wagon, buggy, long sled or bob, wheelbarrow, team harness, carriage, saddle, saddle and bridle, boots and shoes, lot of cabinet ware, specimen of dentistry, specimen of marble work, specimen of turning, ornamental house, lot of tin ware, cooking stove, heater, display of photographs, lot stone ware, penmanship, calf skin, printing, harness leather, sole leather, dozen brooms, sewing machine, music.

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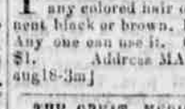

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