THE POST.

MIDDLEBURG,.....APRIL 7, 1870.

CROUSE & BENFER, Proprietors.

XVTH AMENDMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

The following proclamation was issued on the 30th ult by Hon. Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State:

To all whom these presents may come greeting:

Know ye that the Congress of the United States, on or about the 27th day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine passed resolutions, in words and figures, as follows, to wit:

Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, two thirds of both houses concurring. That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, shall be valid as part of the Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE 15, SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SEC 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And further, That it appears from official documents on file in this department, that the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, prepared as aforesaid, has been ratified by the Legislatures of North Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine, Louisiana, Michigan, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, New York, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Rhode Island Nebraska and Texas—in all twenty-nine States.

And further, That the States whose Legislatures who have so ratified the proposed amendment constitute three-fourths of the whole number of the United States.

And further, That it appears from the official documents on file in this department that the Legislature of the State of New York has since passed resolutions claiming to withdraw from said ratification of said amendment, which had been made by the Legislature and of which official notice had been filed in this department.

And further, That it appears from an official document on file in this department that the Legislature of Georgia has, by a resolution, ratified the proposed amendment.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Hamilton Fish, Secretary of the State of the United States, by virtue and in pursuance of said section of an act of Congress, approved the 20th of April, 1818, entitled An act to provide for the publication of laws of the United States and for other purposes, I do hereby certify that that amendment has become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution of the United States. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Department of State to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fourth. HAMILTON FISH.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

It is usual to notify the two Houses of Congress by message of the promulgation by proclamation of the Secretary of State of the ratification of a constitutional amendment. In view, however, of the vast importance of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution, this day declared a part of that revered instrument, I deem the departure from usual custom justifiable. A measure which makes at once four millions of people voters who were heretofore delared, by the highest tribunal in the land, not citizens of the United States and not eligible to become so, with the assertion that, at the time of the Declaration of Independence, the opinion was fixed and universal in the civilized portion of the white race as an axiom in morals as well as in politics, that black men had no rights which the white man was bound to respect is indeed a measure of grander importance than any one act of the kind, from the foundation of our free government to the present day.

Free institutions like ours, in which all power is derived directly from the people, must depend mainly on their intelligence, patriotism and industry. I call the attention, therefore, of the newly enfranchised race to the importance of their striving in every honorable manner to make themselves worthy of their new previleges. To the race more favored heretofore by the laws I would say, withhold no legal privilege of advancement to our new citizens. The framers of our Constitution firmly believed that a republican government could not endure without intelligence and education was generally diffused among the people. The Father of his Country, in his farewell address, uses this language:

"Promote, then, as a matter of primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge. In proportion as the structure of a republican government gives force to public opinion, it is essential that public opinion should be enlightened."

In his first message to Congress the same views were forcibly presented, and he again urged them in his eighth message. I repeat, the adoption of the [illegible]th amendment to the Constitu[illegible]tes the greatest civil change [illegible] the most important [illegible]ed since the nation [illegible] change will [illegible] the [illegible] given to the urgent recommendations of Washington. If these recomendations were important then, with a population of but a few millions, how much more important must it be now, with a population of forty millions and increasing in a rapid ratio.

I would therefore call on Congress to take all means within its constitutional power to promote and encourage popular education throughout the country, and upon people everywhere to see to it that all who possess and exercise political rights shall have an opportunity to acquire the knowledge which will make them share in the government and its blessings, without danger. By such means only can the benefits contemplated by this Amendment to the Constitution be secured.

U. S. GRANT.

Death of General George H. Thomas.

General George H. Thomas, commander of the Division of the Pacific, died on the 28th ult., in San Francisco, of appoplexy. General Thomas was born in Southtampton county, Virginia, on the 31st of July, 1816. He entered the West Point academy in July 1836, graduated in June, 1840, and was made a second lieutenant of artillery. He served in the Florida war and in the war with Mexico. He was with General Taylor at Corpus Christi in July 1845 and served through all the battles of Taylor's campaign. He was brevoted as major for his gallant conduct at Buena Vista. After performing a variety of other service, he was ordered, with a battalion of artillery, to Fort Yuma, California, in 1854, and, some years afterwards, was engaged against Indians of the Southwest, where he was wounded.

When the Rebellion occured, Major Thomas did not "go with his State," but stood by his country's flag. He served as Lieutenant Colonel, and commanded a brigade in Gen. Patterson's army, in August 1861. He was afterwards sent to Kentucky and Tennessee, where he rendered good service. In April, 1862, having been made a Major General of volunteers, he commanded the right wing of the Army of the Tennessee, and took part in the siege of Corinth. In November, he was placed in the command of the centre Army of the Cumberland, in which position he did splendid service at Stone River, Chattanooga, and Chicamauga, and was made Brigadier General in the regular army after Chicamauga. He won new laurels by the capture of Orchard Knob, and the celebrated charge up Mission Ridge, in November, 1863. In May 1864, General Thomas was placed in command of the centre of Sherman's army, and took an active part in all the important events in the march to the Atlanta. When Sherman left Atlanta and took up his "march to the sea," Thomas was ordered to watch the Rebel General Hood and turn him westward. After winning a victory at Franklin, Tenn., in December, he retired to Nashville, where his masterly strategy resulted in the utter route and defeat of Hood. This victory practically ended the rebellion in the West, disappointing and demoralizing the rebels, who had looked to Nashville and the expected defeat of Thomas, to compensate in part at least for their previous defeats in the West and for Sherman's "march to the sea."

In January, 1865, Thomas was created a Major General in the regular army, and was appointed commander of the Military Division composed of Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia and Alabama. In 1868, he was assigned to the command of of the Division of the Pacific, which position he occupied at the time of his death.

General Thomas, who, many think, ought to have been made Lieutenant General, was free from political aspiration, and sought only to do his duty as a soldier. How faithfully he did this, the world well knows. He was a true and thorough soldier, and while a strict disciplinarian, he was greatly beloved by the army, from Generals down to privates, the latter designating him as "Pap Thomas." As a man he was no less respected than a soldier. His death is a sore stroke to a host of heart-warm friends in various parts of the country, and with far more truth than usual in such cases, we can say that the nation mourns his loss.

The Rebel Raid Bill.

The bill commonly known throughout the State as the "Rebel Raid"—an appropriate name—was killed in the House last night. Only sixteen men could be induced to cast their votes for the measure, and the seventy-three who voted against it did so because they believed the almost universal feeling of the people was decidedly against it. The bill is dead, we hope beyond resurrection, and it is well. If it had passed the House it ought to have been defeated in the Senate.—And if it had passed both Houses it would have put the Executive to the painful necessity of vetoing it. There is nothing like putting down a rebel raid on its first appearance. It discourages further efforts and gives the people some assurance that they will not again be placed on the anxious stool, nervously waiting to see themselves robbed.

The bill was radically wrong. It paid certain individuals for personal losses at the hands of a public enemy, while millions who lost more than these people on the border were to be left in the cold, with scarcely a word of sympathy. We say there were millions of good and loyal men and women in this nation—thousands in Pennsylvania—who suffered far more than our fellow-citizens along the southern borders. They were fathers and mothers, and sisters and brothers, and sons and daughters, whose tears of grief for the loss of those near and dear to them on the sunny but bloody battle-fields of the South and in the filthy prison pens of a barbarous and inhuman enemy, have been allowed quietly to trickle down the cheeks of living, agonizing lovers of their country, whose only consolation is that all their had—all they loved most dearly, for companionship, support and sympathy, they sacrificed for their own great nation. The losses on the border are paltry, mean and rediculously insignificant compared to these heart-losses which can never, never be repaired. What is the loss of a horse to the loss of a human life? What is the loss of hen-coop to the loss of a brother? What is the burning of a house to the killing of a father? How rediculous these border claims appear when you compare them with the souls of gallant men gone to eternity in protecting and defending these people's habitations and personal property!—When we review the question in the true aspect in which it should present itself, we feel certain that the sensible people on our Southern borders will themselves indignantly repudiate the idea of claiming indemnity from the people of Pennsylvania for losses and mishaps they know to be the common losses and mishaps of the whole nation from the lakes to the gulf.

The bill is dead and God be praised! *Requiescat in pace!—Daily Topic.*

A Brace of Democratic Bankrupts.

The New York *World*, after asserting that Sweeney and Tweed have had political control over New York city for the past six years, asks what they have done with their stewardship?

It seems that these Democratic ringleaders have managed affairs much to their own private emolument, and very little to the public benefit. The *World* asserts that Mr. Sweeney, who had no private fortune when he came to public office, is known to have become enormously rich out of the private proceeds of his public offices."

"Mr. Tweed," continues the same reliable authority, "was worth less than nothing when he took up the trade of politics, for he was a bankrupt.—Now he has great possessions, estimated all the way $5,000,000 to twice as much. We are sorry not to be able to give his own estimate, but unluckily, he returns no income. But at least he is rich enough to own a gorgeous house in town and a sumptuous seat in the country; a stud of horses, and set of palatial stables."

For a brace of Democratic bankrupts, who have had a partnership in the "trade of politics" for only six years, this will do very well. Few business firms in the country have driven so thriving a business. According to the *World*, one of the partners has fleeced the people out of riches so enormous as to be inestimable, and the other has amassed great possessions, estimated all the way from five to ten millions of dollars!

In the light of such a showing, how false and groundless are all the Democratic promises of economy and honesty in the administration of the Government! The Democratic party has but one firm to uphold in the country, which is New York city, and that is the scene of the most stupendous official thieving. It has but two men who possess real power to control the party, and they are Tweed and Sweeney.

What a blessing that these men did not obtain control of the country by the election of Seymour, their tool, to the Presidency! Good men can never be sufficiently thankful that merciful Providence infused such madness into their counsels that the country was saved the perilous possibility of their getting control of the National Government in the last election.

How earnestly should all patriotic Americans labor and pray that kind Heaven would avert from the country the calamity of having Tweed and Sweeney elevated to the Presidency in the person of their creature, Hoffman. Were it not that we think it impossible that the people could give their consent to such a thing, we should tremble for the future of our country.—*Press.*

IN one day last week the Governor returned to the Legislature twelve bills with vetoes. All of these bills were local, and of no general interest or importance. The whole batch was simply a spawn of hasty and thoughtless legislation, and as such reflects greatly on the ability of the members of the Legislature. Some of these bills conflict with familiar provisions of the Constitution—others propose to legislate in cases over which the courts by the general act have power. One is a bill which has already once passed, and which the Governor had already once signed. All this proves either incapacity or criminal carelessness on the part of our legislators, or more properly both. The plight of our State in regard to its legislators is becoming really deplorable. Each succeeding Legislature seems to outdo its predecessor in culpable conduct and inefficiency. The remedy, however, is with the people, and they have no one to blame if their business is neglected and their money squandered at Harrisburg. The moment that the men of any county begin to choose their representatives on the same principles that they choose administrators and trustees when called on do so, matters will right themselves at Harrisburg.

ALL hopes for the safety of the missing steamer, which left New York for Liverpool on the 25th of January last, seem to have been given up. The number of persons on board of her at the time of her departure, has at length been authentically ascertained. The whole number was 191:—namely 84 officers and crew, and 107 passengers. Of the latter, 55 were cabin and 52 stearage passengers. Besides several military gentlemen, there were on board a considerable number of the leading business men of Halifax. The stearage passengers were chiefly from New York and included several families.

THE Treasury statement for March shows a reduction during the month of the public debt, of $5,766,349 43. At this rate, even the decrease for the current year will reach about $70,000,000. A reduction of $50,000,000 per anoum will pay the debt soon enough. Better reduce taxation the odd twenty millions, and leave posterity to d[illegible]

THE bill providing for holding Congressional elections throughout the United States, on the same day, was passed by the House Monday. The second Tuesday in November is the day fixed, so that the Presidential and the Congressional elections will occur on the same day. The design to have the Congressional elections all held at the same time is proper, as under the present law, there is a period of time, every two years, during which a full Congress could not be had if needed for any emergency.

HARTFORD, April 5.—There was a heavy storm of rain and snow in this State all day yesterday, which kept thousands of voters from the polls, and has interfered with the receipt of the returns—the roads being terrible and the wires damaged.

It is known, however, that English, Democrat, is elected Governor by over 500 majority. The Republicans, however, claim both Houses of the Legislature.

In this city the Democrats have about 600 majority. In New Haven they have nearly 2,000.

AMONG THE INDIANS. Lieut. Herndon tells us that no tribes of aboriginees are found in the deepest forests of South America, from the Andes to the Atlantic coast, that do not have and use Doct. Ayer's medicines and Lowell cottons. "TREMONT," "SUFFOLD," "BOTT," are seen stamped in large red and blue letters upon their garments, while Ayers pills and Cherry Pectoral are among the treasures of their habitation. Their native soil furnishes them all their food and most of their remedies, but they suffer from some afflictions which must have the interposition of higher skill. [Sentinel, Liberty, Va.

THE following bill has been passed by the Legislature:

That whensoever any husband, from drunkenness, profligacy, or other cause whatsoever, shall for two successive years desert his wife or neglect or refuse to live with her and provide for her, she shall, as to every species and description of property, whether real personal or mixed, owned or belonging to her, have all the rights and privileges of a female sole, to purchase or sell or convey the same, as if she were sole and unmarried.

Section 2. That it shall be lawful for any married woman as aforesaid, to sue and be sued in her own name upon all such contracts as aforesaid, heretofore made or be made and to sue in her own name her husband, to recover the possession of her real estate or the value thereof, as if she were sole and unmarried.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREEMONT HOTEL,
FREEMONT, SNYDER CO., PA.
ENOCH SMITH, Proprietor.

This new hotel is now prepared for the accommodation of guests and will afford first rate entertainment to persons visiting Freemont. Every effort will be made to promote the comfort of travelers stopping at this house. Choice liquors at the Bar, and the Table supplied with the best the market affords. An ample stable in connection with the house. April 6 70tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,
CENTREVILLE, SNYDER Co., Pa.
WILLIAM S. LONG, Proprietor.

This well known hotel, located in the town of Centreville, has been thoroughly repaired and refitted, and is in the best condition to accommodate the traveling public. Every effort will be made to promote the comfort of guests. A share of public patronage is solicited. April 6—70tf

JAMES K. DAVIS HOTEL,
SELINSGROVE, SNYDER Co., Pa.
HENRY A. BOLIG, Proprietor.

This well known House having been refitted by the present proprietor, offers excellent accommodations to the traveling community. Choice liquors and Cigars at the Bar, and the Table supplied with the best the market affords. A good stable, attended by careful hostlers, in connection with the house. April 6—70tf

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

In the Orphans' Court of Snyder County, Penn'a. } In the matter of the Estate of John B. Snyder, late of West Perry, Snyder co, ded.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Snyder county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Henry B. Snyder Administrator of John B. Snyder, deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet all persons interested, on SATURDAY, APRIL 23d, 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Public House of Enoch Smith, in Fremont, Snyder county, when and where all parties interested may attend if they desire. L. N. MYERS, Middleburg, March 18, 1870. Auditor.

LEVI RELLER,
Manufacturer of and dealer in
FURNITURE,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Selinsgrove and vicinity, that he manufactures to order and keeps constantly on hand CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS, AND Furniture of every Description, at the very lowest price. He respectfully invites an examination of BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, TABLES, SOFAS LOUNGES, STANDS, CHAIRS, &c.

☞ A special invitation is extended to newly married folks to call and see my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

LEVI RELLER.

Selinsgrove, April 6, 1870-tf

JOHN LAUDENSLAGER,
BUGGY MAKER,
SELINSGROVE, SNYDER CO., PA.

Having purchased the well known stand in Selinsgrove, formerly owned by Philip Blecker, I am prepared to accommodate all who may desire anything in my line, and warrant satisfaction in all cases. I keep constantly on hand, and am prepared to manufacture at the shortest notice,

BUGGIES, SULKIES, SLEIGHS, &c.

Being experienced in the business, I flatter myself that I am fully prepared to meet the wants of my customers. The hands employed are among the best mechanics in the county, and their work will not fail to give universal satisfaction.

☞ Special attention paid to repairing in all its branches. ☜

Shop on Market street, a few doors south of the German Reformed Church.

JOHN LAUDENSLAGER.

Selinsgrove, April 7, '70-tf

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of certain writs of Vend. Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Snyder Co., [illegible]

sinth, 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the Undivided Half of a certain TRACT OF LAND situate in Middlecreek township, county and State aforesaid, bounded as follows, to wit: On the East by land of Elias Keck, North by land of Henry Straub, West by land of Christian Walter, containing THIRTY SEVEN ACRES, more or less. Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of REUBEN D. WALTER.

ALSO.—On the same day, on the premises, at ONE o'clock, P. M., a certain TRACT of LAND situate in Washington Township, State and county aforesaid, Bounded and described as follows:—Beginning at a post North two degrees East thirteen and and one half perches to a stone thence along the Public Road North sixty-two degrees west twenty-two and a half perches to a stone; thence along land of Alexander and Wm. Bertich south two degrees west thirty-five perches to a post; thence by land of Daniel and Jonathan Grimm North eighty-two degrees east twenty and one half perches to the place of beginning, containing about THREE ACRES, all cleared. Seized taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of OXMONS ROTSH.

ALSO.—On MONDAY, MAY 2d, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, a certain TRACT OF LAND, situate in West Beaver township, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit:—On the east by land of Daniel Harmony, north by Public Road leading from Adamsburg to Lewistown, west by land of Reuben Smith, and south by land of Joseph Peters, containing One Half of and Acre, more or less, whereon are erected a GOOD FRAME HOUSE and STABLE, and an OFFCE. Seized taken into execution and to be sold as the property of ROSWELL ROTHROCK.

JOHN S. WOLF, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Middleburg, April 7, 1870.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years.

Address, M. HOUSE, Atty.
No. 78 Nassau St., N. Y. City

NEW FIRM —AND— NEW GOODS!

R. G. RETZEL. P. S. McCULLOUGH

RETZEL & McCULLOUGH,

(SUCCESSORS TO JOHN RETZEL,)

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

MERCHANDISE!

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

PAID FOR

FLOUR, GRAIN,

RAIL ROAD TIES,

&c, &c.,

CHAPMAN,

SNYDER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

March 17, 1870-tf.

UNITED STATES

BONDS

BOUGHT, SOLD & EXCHANGED

ON MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD

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AT

Market Rates.

Coupons Cashed.

PACIFIC RAIL ROAD BONDS

Bought and Sold.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold

ON COMMISSION ONLY.

Accounts received and interest allowed on daily balance, subject to check, at sight.

DeHaven & Brother,

40 South Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 17, 1870-y

KEYSTONE HOTEL.

Selinsgrove, Snyder County, Pa.

THE undersigned beg leave to inform the public that they have purchased and will keep, in good style, the above well-known and popular house.

THEIR BAR

will always be stocked with the best and choicest liquors that can be procured in the Philadelphia and Harrisburg markets.

THEIR TABLE

Will always be supplied with the best delicacies and most substantial food that the market will afford.

THEIR STABLE

Will always be attended by careful and trustworthy hostlers who will see justice done to any horse entrusted to their care.

☞ Having large, airy and well furnished rooms, good servants, with the untiring efforts of the proprietors to please their guests, they hope to meet with a large share of public patronage.

16-67,tf R. D. & J. F. WALTER.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

WILLIAM H. BEAVER

Respectfully announces to the citizens of Middleburg and vicinity that he is now ready to supply them with the largest and most complet stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

ever brought to this place, at greatly reduced prices—cheaper than the cheapest. He invites attention to his large stock of MUSLINS, CALICOES, DELAINES, LAWNS, SILKS, BEREGES, LINENS,

Boots and Shoes,

HATS AND CAPS.
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
SHIRTS, and everything usually kept in a a well regulated store.

Give me a call and be convinced that this is the place to buy goods.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange

UNION PLANING MILL!

SELINSGROVE, SNYDER CO., PA.

Keely & Milller,

Lumber Dealers

AND MANUFACTURER OF

Doors, Door Boxes, Windows, Shutters

Window Boxes, Blinds, Sash, Stair

Fixings, Hand Railings, Brackets, Mouldings, Flooring,

SCROLL SAWING & CABINET TURNING.

Shingles, Lath, &c., &c.

Orders solicited and filled with promptness and despatch. Please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. 6-38tf

NEW

MUSIC STORE

IN SELINSGROVE.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!

We are still in Selinsgrove and prepared to furnish

Pianos,
Organs,
Melodeons,
Accordeons,
Violins, &c., &c.

And all kinds of Musical Instruments *CHEAPER THAN EVER!*

We warrant all our Instruments for five years. Pianos, Organs, Melodeons and Accordeons correctly tuned and repaired.

Store open every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Instruction given on the Piano, Melodeon, Violin and Accordeon, at reasonable rates.

Give us a call. We guarantee satisfaction. SALEM & STEININGER.

November 17, 1868tf

Estate of CHARLES HUGHES, Deceased.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY upon the estate of Charles Hughes, dec'd., late of the township of Penns, Snyder County, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having demands against the same to present them without delay to

JOHN K. HUGHES, } Executors.
WILLIAM HUGHES, }

March 18, 1870.

Dowby & Co's. Advertisements.

I WAS CURED of Deafness and Catarrh by a simple Remedy and will send the receipt free. Mrs. M. C. LEGGETT, 4w Hoboken, N. J

TRY MOORE & CO'S OVAL STEEL ENGRAVINGS 111 Nassau St., N. Y. Anybody can sell them. Cheap. Sell fast. Pay handsomely. Send for new Circular. 4w

A GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS! $75 to $200 per month. We want to employ a good agent in every county in the U. S. on commission or salary to introduce our World Renowned Patent White Wire Clothes Lines; will last a hundred years. If you want profitable and pleasant employment, address R. S. BUSH & CO., Manufacturers, 75 William St., New York, or 16 Dearborn Street, Chicago. [April 6, 4w

LIFE IN UTAH
OR THE
MYSTERIES OF MORMONISM

By J. H. BADLEY, editor of the Salt Lake Reporter. BEING an EXPOSE of THEIR SECRET RITES, CEREMONIES and CRIMES. With a full and authentic history of POLYGAMY and the Mormon Sect, from its origin to the present time.

CAUTION Old and inferior works on the Mormons are being circulated. See that each contains 33 fine engravings, and 450 pages. AGENTS WANTED. Send for Circulars and see our terms and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. [April 6, 4w

WELL'S CARBOLIC TABLETS.

After much study and scientific investigation as to the remedial qualities of CARBOLIC ACID, Dr. Wells has discovered by proper combination with other articles in the form of a Tablet, a specific for all pulmonary diseases. These tablets are a SURE CURE for all diseases of the RESPIRATORY ORGANS, SORE THROAT, COLD, CROUP, DIPTHERIA, ASTHMA, CATARRH, or HOARSENESS; also a successful remedy for Kidney difficulties. PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. SENT BY MAIL upon receipt of price, by JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 22 Cliff St., New York. April 7, 4w] Sole Agent for the United States.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED TO SELL

TEN YEARS IN WALL STREET.

It includes the Histories, Mysteries, and Secret Doings of Wall Street, Life Sketches of its Men, the speculations in Gold, Stocks &c., Women Speculators, and all that is great, powerful, splendid, mysterious, interesting, wicked, amazing, wretched, etc., in the focus of speculation. Portraits of Vanderbilt, Drew, Gould, Fiske, Jr., and many others. Engravings of noted places, Life and Scenes, &c. Canvassing Books free. Send for circulars to WORTHINGTON, DUSTIN & Co., Publishers, 148 Asylum St., Hartford, Conn. mar24-4w

TO CONSUMPTIVES. Providentially my daughter was restored to health by simple means, without medicine. The particulars will be sent free. REUBEN E. HUNTLOW, Stocton Street, Brooklyn, Long Island. mar24-4w

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. No. 24, Fultonville, New York. mar24-4w

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains no poison. Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $1. Address MAGIC COMB CO., mar24-3m] Springfield, Mass.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE

FOR FAMILY USE, *simple, cheap, reliable*, Knits everything. Agents Wanted. Circular and sample stocking FREE. Address HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE Co. Bath, Me., or 176 Broadway, N. Y. [Feb. 17-3m

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, Asthma, and Catarrh cured by inhalation. Abbotts Inhaling Fluid is the only remedy that operates on the lungs—dissolves the tubercles, which are thrown off, the cavities heal, and a cure is effected. Treatment by letter or in person can be had only of Q. VAN HUMMEL, M. D., 16 West 14th St. N.Y. 10m

THE NEW ARTICLE OF FOOD.

For twenty-five cents you can buy of your Druggist or Grocer a package of Sea Moss Farine, manufactured from pure Irish Moss or Carrageen, which will make sixteen quarts of Blanc Mange, and a like quantity of Puddings, Custards, Creams, Charlottes cheapest, healthiest and most delicious food in the world.

Rand Sea Moss Farine Co.,
52 PARK PLACE, N. Y.

Plantation Bitters.
S. T.—1860—T.

This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits. For sale by all druggists. M9-6m

THE GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS

MORE THAN 500,000 PERSONS Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects. WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits, and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkeness and ruin, but are a true medicine, made from the native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying of all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell.

Relief will be given to an incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

In Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, these Bitters have no equal. For full directions read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

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