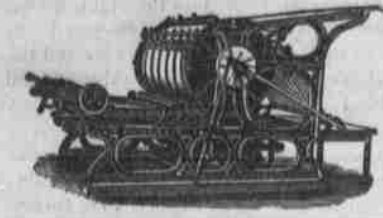


## The Bloomfield Times.

NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENN'A.

Tuesday, January 27, 1874.



## Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers to THE TIMES who wish some other publication and chomo, can have either of the following at the price mentioned:

Peterson's Magazine for 1874 and The Times, for \$2.75.  
The People's Journal, with an engraving 13 x 19 inches (see advertisement) and The Times, for \$2.00.  
Wood's Household Magazine and the splendid chromo, YO SEMITE, and The Times, for \$2.25.  
All the above Magazines are monthly publications.

HON. W. P. WHYTE has been elected Senator from Maryland, and Hon. A. G. Thurman as Senator, from Ohio. Both are Democrats.

THE SALARY BILL, as it passed both houses of Congress, has been approved, and the President still holds on to the extra \$25,000 a year.

THE TEXAN difficulty has been amicably adjusted. The old officers finding they could get no help from the National government have retired, giving the control of affairs to the newly elected State officers.

THE PRESIDENT has sent in the name of Morrison R. Waite, of Ohio, for Chief Justice of the United States. This was another of the surprises the President is so fond of giving in his appointments. The nomination was referred to the Judiciary committee, and was subsequently unanimously confirmed.

WE have not yet heard how the eleven widows who were recently assigned to eleven widowers by lot in the town of Holland, Wis., like their new husbands. The husbands themselves are not expected to express any opinion of their married bliss, for it is to be supposed that they are kept in far too strict discipline for that. It is hardly probable that each widow was perfectly contented with her prize, and it would be only fair to permit them to make such amicable exchanges as would satisfy all concerned.

A GENERAL meeting of the creditors of Jay Cook & Co., was held in Philadelphia on Thursday of last week to consider the statements of the firm. Over 2,000 persons were present. The exhibits show total assets, exclusive of properties not yet appraised of \$5,658,335.31, and the total liabilities \$11,134,878.94, from which is deducted debts, &c., by creditors, second and separate liabilities, &c., reducing the total liabilities to the sum of \$8,481,846.65.

It was unanimously decided to take the estate out of bankruptcy, and wind it up by a trustee and a committee of creditors. Mr. Edwin M. Lewis, President of the Farmers and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia, was selected as trustee.

## Time to Unload.

General Grant is reported to have said on Friday last to some prominent Republicans who called upon him at the White House: "I begin to think it time for the Republican party to unload. There has been too much dead weight carried by it. The success of our arms during the Rebellion, and the confidence that the Republican party was strong enough to hold up any burden have imposed all the disaffection in the Gulf State on the administration. I am tired of this nonsense. Let Louisiana take care of herself as Texas will have to do. I don't want any quarrel about Mississippi State matters to be referred to me. The nursing of monstrosities has nearly exhausted the life of the party. I am done with them, and they will have to take care of themselves." These words from such a speaker have a deep significance.

## Coal Mine on Fire.

A Wilkesbarre correspondent of the New York Times writes as follows:

"The scene of the burning mine on the outskirts of this city has been visited by your correspondent, who penetrated the Kidder Slope, where the fire is now raging with almost unquenchable fury, fully two acres of solid coal being in flames. The miners, at peril of their lives, are endeavoring to subdue the fire, and several men have been prostrated from effects of the sulphurous gases generated by the fire. Last night, James Griffiths and Michael Gallagher, two courageous miners, while attempting to penetrate to the area of the fire, were overcome and carried out of the mine insensible. Griffiths has partially recovered, but Gallagher remains in a precarious condition. The company's physician is daily at the mines to attend to injured miners. The citizens are apprehensive that an explosion of the mine, a 20 feet vein, which extends some distance under this city, may occur."

## Harrisburg Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 25th, 1874.

There has but little work been done in either House this week. When I say but little work has been done, I mean but little progress has been made, as it seems to be the intention of both Houses to proceed very carefully. The Senate on Tuesday took up the election bill and made some amendments to satisfy the minority, and on Wednesday the bill as amended passed the Senate by a vote of 26 yeas to 1 nay; the lone individual being Mr. Rowland, who objected to a clause he thought offensive to the naturalized voters. The bill as passed does away with the board of Return Judges and provides for a triplicate return to be kept in the possession of the minority election inspector until presented in court.

Senator Rutan has introduced a bill fixing the salary of members of the legislature at \$1,000 for the regular session and 15 cents mileage, and \$10 per day and the same mileage for adjourned sessions.

The attempt to saddle the State with the usual number of copies of Purdon's Digest, was defeated on the final vote. Let us hope all the usual "steals" of this kind will meet with the same fate. Yesterday the Senate adjourned until Tuesday next.

The House met on Wednesday at 3 P. M. Among the bills presented and passed was one providing that each Prothonotary and Register, shall appoint a deputy to act in case of death or resignation, which deputy shall give bond similar to that demanded of his principal; also a bill regulating fees of Coroners. The election bill from the Senate was reported from the House committee, and will be somewhat amended before it passes.

Petitions already begin to pour into both Houses, asking the repeal of the "Local Option Law." The act providing for the payment of bills for advertising the New Constitution has also passed the Senate. The act which passed the House providing for the advertising in the locality to be affected by such legislation, of all local bills, was amended, so that notice must be published for thirty days and not more than three months preceding the introduction of such bill.

As I write the House is still in session. QUID NUNC.

HARRISBURG, Pa. Jan. 23, 1874.

Dear Sir.—Local politics are now waxing warm here, as the municipal election approaches. The Republicans have placed their ticket in the field. John D. Patterson, Esq., being their candidate for Mayor, and David Herr, Esq., the candidate for City Treasurer. Sundry ward politicians of small caliber threaten this ticket with defeat, but the honest mass of the Republicans will give it a hearty support. The gentlemen are both well qualified, honest, and will, in case they are elected, render entire satisfaction to the people of this City. The Democrats make their nomination to-morrow evening, when I doubt not Mr. D. W. Seiler, will be the nominee for Mayor, and M. B. Montgomery for City Treasurer. What their chances and success are will be seen in the future. William K. Verbeke, who once endeavored to fill the office of Mayor is on the track again, but he is only up for defeat.

I notice Mr. Sheibley, the Representative from your county, is one of the quiet, active and working members of the House. Let us hope he will render satisfaction.

Since the opening of the session of the Legislature many candidates have come to the surface for the office of Lieutenant Governor, among whom I here mention, Hon. Thomas E. Cochran, General James L. Seifridge, Hon. Miles Humphreys and others in the Republican ranks. It is also hinted that Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, of Clearfield, will be Democratic candidate for the same office. It is also rumored that the friends of Hon. John H. Walker, late President of the Constitutional convention, will press his claims for the Democratic nomination for Governor. As only one can be elected there is certain to be a number of disappointed individuals.

HARRISON.

## The Coal Troubles.

A special from Wilkesbarre, Pa., says the difficulty between the operators and miners has been brought to a definite settlement. The miners have decided to accept the reduction, as the National Union is not sufficiently organized, and has not enough funds to support a strike. The work of organizing the National Union will, however, be proceeded with, and when sufficient money is obtained a general suspension will take place.

The fire at the Empire mine continues; 800 men are working night and day to subdue the flames, but it will be a long time before they are finally extinguished.

## Horrible Scaffold Scene.

San Francisco, January 23.—Marshall Morton was hanged at Martinez to-day for the murder of Valentine Eisacher, near Antioch, Contra Costa county, Cal. On the scaffold he said the murdered man's wife instigated the murder. When the drop fell, his head was entirely severed from his body, which fell lifeless to the ground.

Robert Turner, arrested in Wisconsin for killing his brother, boasts of committing nearly forty murders.

## A Singular Case.

A curious instance of credulity has recently been exhibited in Canawaugus, near the town of Avon, in New York. A young woman of the name of Bonney, a spiritualist, living in the house of a Mr. L. O. Preston, became impressed with the conviction that her spirit was to leave her body for a time and then return, and she succeeded in convincing several of her friends that this phenomenon would actually occur. She was very sanguine that her expectations would be realized, and predicted that during her spirit's absence, certain manifestations, such as the ringing of a bell and the shaking of the house, would take place. Her friends were particularly requested not to handle her remains, and above all not to bury them during the period of suspended animation. She complained of no illness, but on the 10th of November announced that the time had come for her departure, and after tea took to her bed, where she remained calmly conversing with several friends until midnight. Mr. and Mrs. Preston saw her several times between that hour and two o'clock. At the latter hour Miss Bonney exclaimed, "Oh, this is glorious," and ceased to breathe. There was no struggling or evidence of pain. Of course the friends of the young woman marveled greatly at this fulfillment of her prediction, which gave them faith to believe that in due time her spirit would return to its earthly habitation. In this expectation, however, they were doomed to disappointment. Although Miss Bonney's remains were kept unburied according to her desire from the 10th of November until Monday last, her spirit has never reappeared. On the last mentioned day a Coroner's inquest was held on the lifeless body, which of course was in a state of decomposition, and her death was officially established. At the inquest Miss Bonney's brother-in-law protested against any post-mortem examination, avowing his belief that the spirit would yet return to animate the decaying body, and several witnesses testified that the house had been violently shaken, as had been predicted, and that the clear note of a bell had been heard on several occasions, although there was no bell about the house except the door bell. The Buffalo Courier says that so far as the physicians were able to determine the various organs of the body showed that at the time of death these were in sound and healthy condition, and no cause of death could be found.

## Pardons.

Applicants for pardon during the ensuing year will be compelled to comply with the following rules laid down by the Board of Pardons under the new Constitution, viz:

First—The Board shall be furnished with proof that notice of application for pardon has been published once a week, for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper printed in the county or city in which conviction was had.

Second—That notice of the application shall have been given to the judge who tried the cause and to the district attorney or attorney who prosecuted.

Third—All applications for pardons must be accompanied with the following papers, written in a clear and distinct hand.

1. A certified copy of the whole record, including docket entries, minutes of the court, copy of indictment, pleas and all other papers on file in the court relating to the case.

2. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, setting forth all the facts; the notes of evidence taken on the trial; letters from responsible persons in the community where the crime was committed.

Fourth—No application will be considered if presented to any individual member of the board.

Fifth—All applications and correspondence must be addressed to, or filed with the Recorder of the Board, at Harrisburg, so that the same may be prepared for presentation to the Board at its next session; and no application will be heard or considered unless the same, and papers upon which it is based, have been filed at five days before said session.

Sixth—The foregoing rules will be strictly enforced and relaxed only when good reasons shall be furnished for so doing.

M. S. QUAY,  
Secretary of the Commonwealth.  
SAMUEL E. DIMMICK,  
Attorney General.

By order of the Board,  
A. WILSON NORRIS, Recorder.

## The Unlucky Arapiles.

New York, January 19.—The Spanish iron clad Arapiles troubles are by no means ended. She received considerable injury by striking on the rocks in the East river on the way to her present anchorage off the battery, and is reported to be making thirty-two inches of water every twenty-four hours. Her commander proposes to have her bottom examined by divers to-day, and unless it is absolutely impossible will put to sea and trust to his pumps rather than try further repairs at this port.

## Attempted Murder in Maryland.

Chesfield, Md., January 19.—While two men named Jordan and M'Cann were conversing in a friendly manner at the store at this place on Saturday night, the folks who usually congregate there were horrified at M'Cann drawing a knife, suddenly throwing Jordan's head back and cutting his throat. It is thought that Jordan will die. M'Cann is from Baltimore, and but recently out of the penitentiary. The murderer was arrested this morning near Salisbury.

## A Washington Romance.

A beautiful young widow appears in society this winter, whose story is very romantic. Three years ago one of the belles of Washington was a lovely girl who passed most of the season (her first in society) with Mrs. Admiral Lee. Miss Bessie Beale had many admirers, and soon it was known that Mr. Sturtevant, of New York, was the favored suitor, and in the spring the announcement was made that a brilliant wedding the next autumn would seal the happiness of the young lovers. But in July there was a grand denouement. Mr. Sturtevant disappeared from a "Sound" boat on its way to Newport, and the supposition was and still is that he accidentally fell overboard and was drowned. Immediately after the announcement, which, of course, caused great consternation, society was still further amazed by the publication of a notice of the marriage in June, in Baltimore, of Mr. Sturtevant and Miss Beale. It seems that the young people, with the consent of the bride's mother were privately married but the express stipulation was agreed upon that no public announcement should be made until the time previously fixed for the wedding in October, and that the bride should remain with her parents until that time, and continue to receive visits from the groom just as she had done heretofore. The marriage was duly proven, the certificate being in regular form, and the young widow, the period of whose widowhood was comprised in the brief time necessary to perform the marriage ceremony, succeeded to her late husband's property. This is one of the romances of real life which is indeed stranger than fiction.

## Terrible Accident.

Rutland, Vermont, January 20.—The citizens of Bennington were startled about 2:30 to-day by a terrific explosion, which was heard for twenty miles away. It proved to be an explosion of the gas works on the premises of H. E. Bradford & Co.'s knitting mills. The gas it seems had leaked from the pipes until the air was so charged that it took fire from the boilers communicating with the gas holders. The mill is a one-story brick building, and the explosion lifted the roof and burst out the walls, so that the roof fell back, crushing many of the employes. The fire spread instantly all over the building, and it was half consumed before the fire could be got under control. It was a fearful scene. Many of the women screaming terribly, were inside of the building, and it was not in the power of any one to help them; besides nine or ten are known positively to have been killed, and many were badly injured. Among the latter, are Horatio Fields, Wm. Morse, Adam Morse, Harriet Morse, Ella Bessell, Herbert Moon, and many others, not however so severely. The remains of some of the unfortunates were recovered and were heaps of charred bones. This is one of the most appalling disasters that has occurred in this section for years. Business in Bennington is almost entirely suspended and the calamity, has cast a shadow over all.

## Heavy Robbery in a Sleeping Car.

Mr. Bloom, of Mount Vernon, Ind., while a passenger, occupying a berth in a Pullman palace car, on the Memphis division of the Louisville and Nashville and Great Southern Railroad, between Humboldt and Evansville, had \$2,135 stolen from him. The money was in his vest, which was taken from under his head, the conductor and porter of the car being asleep at the time of the larceny.

## Miscellaneous News Items.

Evidence in the Stiner inquest developed the alleged fact that diamonds to the value of two thousand dollars were on the person of Jacob Stiner when he was removed to the Morgue, but they are not among the effects sent to the coroner.

A man was recently lodged on some petty charge in the jail at Dallas, Oregon. The first night after his incarceration he escaped, and went eight miles on foot to get a man to go his bail. The following morning he returned to Dallas with his bond all signed, and was released on bail.

The economical authorities of Grafton, Me., refrain from arresting Moses Tenney, who recently murdered his wife, on the ground that his age and infirmities render it "quite probable that in the course of nature his miserable existence may be ended by death before he will be arraigned in our courts."

A young lady of Lyons, Iowa recently said: "Some men are always talking about patronizing their own town—always harping on that duty—and yet they go abroad to get married, while here we all stand waiting! I do hope that some of these men who marry Eastern women will get cheated."

A very singular accident happened to a horse belonging to Thomas Barlow, of Sugar Grove, Warren county, a few days ago. Mr. Barlow's son was riding the horse on a gallop, when one foot became fast in a cavity in the road composed of slata stone. The grip of the stone was so tight, and the movement of the horse so great, that the entire hoof remained in the cavity. The poor animal, although a val-

uable horse, had to be killed as his usefulness was at an end.

A young man in Detroit who was married about six months ago was recently finding fault with the prices at the market. He said he could not understand how it was, for they used to figure it out as he sat with his arm round her waist on Sunday nights, that all it would cost them to live was \$2.75 a week and now he spent \$15 and was hungry half the time.

One of the stations on the Selma and Meridian Railroad is named Cuba. Recently a train with an emigration agent and a party of colored men going West reached that point, and the brakeman put his head inside the car door and shouted "Cuba!" One old colored man rose, and as his hair straightened out with sudden fear, said, "Dar, I know'd it! Heah we in Cuba, an' ar white man's gwine to put us in de war or sell us fore day. I'se gwine from heah," and followed by about thirty others he bolted off the train into the woods leaving the agent alone in his glory.

A bank, conducted on a novel system, has recently been established in London, known as the "Check Bank." Persons may deposit various sums in the bank, for instance, \$50, with addition of 25 cents as a fee. In return they receive a packet of checks, each for \$5, \$10 or larger sums, as they desire, the checks issued being equal to the amount deposited. These checks are readily taken in payment and are found very handy for the transmission of small sums by mail. No references are needed in opening an account with the bank, and it is impossible to overdraw, because the checks issued are only for the amount of the deposit, nor can they be drawn for a larger or smaller amount than that for which they are stamped.

## KIND WORDS.

The Associated Reformed Presbyterian says—For years Perry Davis' Pain-Killer has been known as a most useful family medicine. For pains and aches we know nothing so good as the Pain-Killer. For many internal diseases it is equally good. We speak from experience, and testify to what we know. No family ought to be without a bottle of Davis' Pain-Killer.

Messrs. PERRY DAVIS, & SON, Prov., B. I.,—Gents:—Although a stranger to you I am not to your invaluable medicine, Pain-Killer. I formed its acquaintance in 1874 and I am on most intimate terms with it still; my experience in its use confirms my belief that there is no medicine equal to Pain-Killer for the quick and sure cure of Summer Complaints, Sore Throat, Croup, Bruises and cuts. I have used it in all and found a speedy cure in every case. Yours Truly, T. J. GARDINER, M. D.

Judging by our own experience whoever once makes a trial of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, will not fail to recommend it widely as an unequalled liniment, and valuable internal remedy for colds and various other complaints.—Every Month.

The efficacy of Perry Davis' world-renowned Pain-Killer in all diseases of the bowels, even in that terrible scourge, the Asiatic cholera, has been amply attested by the most convincing authority. Missionaries in China and India have written home in commendation of this remedy in terms that should carry conviction to the most skeptical, while its popularity in communities nearer home is ample proof that the virtues claimed for it are and are tangible. Among family medicines it stands unrivaled.—Boston Courier.

The Saturday Evening Gazette of Boston says: It is impossible to find a place on this broad land where Perry Davis' Pain-Killer is not known as a most valuable remedy for physical pain. In the country, miles from physician or apothecary, the Pain-Killer is cherished as the exclusive panacea, and it never deceives.

"Perry Davis' Pain-Killer is really a valuable medication, and, unlike most of the articles of the day; is used by many physicians. It is particularly desirable in locations where physicians are not near; and, by keeping it at hand, families will often save the necessity of sending out at midnight for a doctor. A bottle should be kept in every house."—Boston Traveller.

"We have tested the Pain-Killer, and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy we have ever known."—Herald of Gospel Liberty, January 1, 1874.

## Cavassers Wanted.

Cavassers wanted for T. De Witt Talmage's family and religious paper, The Christian at Work, C. H. Spurgeon, special contributor.—Sample copies and terms sent free. Office 102 Chambers street, N. Y. See their advertisement.

Store Stand for Sale.—A first class cans Grocery Stand with every convenience, situated one mile south of Liverpool and in a good neighborhood. The subscriber wishing to go west, will sell at a bargain to the purchaser. For further particulars, call at the residence or address, WILLIAM FRY, 50 13<sup>th</sup> Liverpool, Perry Co., Pa.

## The Great Wedding Card Depot!

THE

LATEST NOVELTIES IN

WEDDING CARDS!

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A Large assortment of Stationery of every Description.

INITIAL PAPER ALWAYS ON HAND ready stamped. Dollar box containing four quires French paper and two packs Envelopes with the Initials. Sent by mail for \$1.25 by

WM. H. HOSKINS,

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