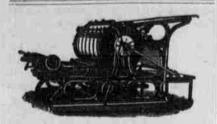


NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENN'A. Tuesday, April 29, 1873.



Duncannon, Bloomfield & Loysville R. R.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given, that an election will be held in the Court House, in the Borough of Bloomfield, on

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1873,

at one o'clock p. m., for a PRESIDENT and TWELVE DIRECTORS of the Duncannon, Bloomfield & Loysville Railroad Company, to serve until the second Monday in January, 1874. The President of the Company and a majority of the Directors must be resident citizens of this Commonwealth and shall be owners respectively of at least three shares in the stock of said Company. Each share of stock, on which five dollars have been paid, entitles the holder thereof to one vote, to be given in person or by proxy.

B. F. JUNKIN, President Board Commissioners.

J. A. MAGEE, Secretary. April 22, 1873 .- 2t

THE article on our first page entitled "A Political Reminiscence" will be interesting as foreshaddowing the fate of those favoring the Congressional Salary Steal.

USURY LAWS.

At the late session of the Legislature of Georgia, all laws in relation to usury were wiped from the statute books of that State. and a contemporary says that "there is already an evident increase in the supply of money, and a reduction in the rate of interest. Several large sums which had been intended for investment in the Western States were received in Savannah, a new banking company has been already organized, and preliminary measures taken for the formation of another. Business men no longer meet the all but insurmountable obstacles heretofore encountered in obtaining money, and altogether there is evidence of increased means and industrial activity that warrant the most favorable auticipations for the future.

The Congressional Steal.

General Farnsworth of Illinois, has refused his back pay, and in a letter making known this course he presents some interesting facts connected with the passage of the bill increasing salaries. General Farnsworth declares the plea that larger salaries are neccessary to enable a President and members of Congress to live respectably in Washington is not true. No other President has "asked for more." Mr. Lincoln saved half his salary, and that, too, when gold was 200 and over. And yet the allowances, "incidentals," and "contingencies" for Mr. Lincoln were far less liberal than for the present occupant of the White House. Some of the items voted for Lincoln in 1864, and Grant in 1873 are worth consideration. For Private Secretary, Steward and Messenger, Lincoln was allowed \$4,600. For the same officers, and two additional ones, Grant is allowed \$13,-800. For contingent expenses Lincoln was given \$2,000. This item is increased to \$6-000 for Grant. Fuel cost Lincoln \$2,400 : Grant has \$5,000 for that purpose. For repairs of house, for furniture, for improving grounds, purchase of plants and all contingencies, Congress voted Lincoln \$6,000. This item is raised to \$36,000 for Grant. The same measure of advance is put upon all the items of expense in favor of General Grant and yet there is nothing in the circumstances of the case to warrant such a course. Articles have not advanced beyond the price of 1864. In truth many of them have fallen by a heavy per cent. What, then, is the justification for increasing all the expenses of the government for the Executive and Legislative Department? General Farnsworth thinks there is none. And the people agree with him.

The Philadelphia papers tell a story of a man by the name of Captain S. H. Mills, who was supposed to have been drowned at Lewes, Delaware, and sent in a closed cofffh through Philadelphia by express to New York, being about thirty-five hours in transitu. On arriving at the New York express office, owing to an irregularity in the papers by which the supposed corpse was permitted to go by express, the box was opened at Green Point Ferry, New York, by direction of the Health Officer. The "body" was found to be a lied to the support of the authorities in living man, and medical aid was summoned. I driving off the insurgents.

The Indian Treachery.

The murders of General Canby and the peace commissioners aroused general indignation. But the Indians are not so much to blame when we look back at the time when eighteen members of this same tribe were treacherously murdered by U. S. of-

In 1852 Northern California was disturbed by Indian troubles. The same year a company under the command of Captain Benjamin Wright organized and proceeded from Yreka to the Indian country, around Tule lake and the lava-beds and fought three unsuccessful battles. Their force being insufficient for the subjection of the Modoe they returned to Yreka and organized a strong force, and then marched again to the Modoc country. Winter approaching found the Modocs' supply of blankets, amunition and food extremely limited, consequently the Modocs were anxious for a cessation of hostilities. Capt. Wright received the Modocs' overtures with great cordiality.

A peace conference was agreed upon and a place was appointed in the immediate vicinity of the massacre of Gen. Canby. The conference met, about twenty-five Indians and thirty white men. While discussing terms, Wright gave his men the signal, and in a moment they killed eighteen Modocs. Seven Modocs escaped. Thus perished the fathers of the present tribes. Captain Jack was then nine years old, John Schonchin nineteen, Boston Charley and Hooker Jim two years. It is probable that revenge grew with age, culminating in the Canby-Thomas massacre. Some years afterwards Wright was made Indian agent at Rouge river. Wright was apprehensive of Modoc vengenance. One night a Modoc chief named Enos murdered and horribly mutilated Wright's body. Enos was afterwards captured and hanged. He died exulting that he had wreaked vengeance on the leader of the massacre of his murdered tribe.

Lively Scene in Court.

Last week, sheriff Edminster, of Broome county, New York, was brought before Judge Crosby as defendant in an action to recover from the sheriff the amount of a judgment for which one Thomas Hammond was incarcerated on a body execution, as it was claimed that Hammond, who was out on limits went further than he had a right to go. The sheriff was defended by Hon. B. R. Johnson and W. J. Ludden, and the prosecution was conducted by B. S. Curran, Esq. Mr. Ludden came in court a few minutes late, and took no part until the sheriff himself took the stand, when the judge objected to having him (Ludden) examine the witness. Mr. Ludden, however, insisted upon going on with the case, and for that a fine was imposed upon him, and the sheriff was ordered to leave the witness stand and conduct his own attorney to jail. The sheriff, however, refused to obey the mandate, but the judge took no cognizance of anything further Mr. Ludden did, and would not note the testimony of the witnesses he examined. The judge likewise threatened to send the other attorneys, Mr. Johnson and Mr. Curran, to to jail for interrupting him while he charged the jury.

The result was a disagreement of the

Starved to Death by His Parents.

The Providence Press of the 18th inst., says: A story is current in town of a child having been starved to death by its parents at their residence in the northern part of the city. The circumstances as they have been related to us are as follows: A woman died in a neighboring state some months since, leaving some property in her own right, which she willed to her son, a boy nine or ten years of age.

In course of time the man married again and removed to this city. For several months past, this boy, about eleven years of age at the time of his death, was observed to visit the swill pails of the neighbors and gather therefrom such scraps of food as he could find and eagerly devour them. In reply to questions as to why he did so, he would say he was hungry, and being further questioned, said he was fed only on the leavings of his father's table.

A few days since he was found by a neighbor on the garret of the house where he resided in a state of starvation, and died in a few days, begging with his last breath for "something to eat.". This is the story as it comes to us, and we have little doubt of its truthfulness.

Foreign Items.

Frankfort, April 22.-The rioting in this city yesterday was caused by an advance in the price of beer. Disorderly demonstrations prevailed until midnight, and the troops were pelted with stones several times during the evening.

Sixteen breweries were wrecked by rioters, and there was much plundering. During the conflicts which took place, twelve persons were killed and forty wounded. One hundred and twenty of the rioters

Madrid, April 22 .- Some of the adherents of Don Carlos, yesterday made an attack on the Alcalde of Figueras, in the province of Gerona. A number of the people of the town armed themselves and ralTerrible Storm.

A despatch from Lincoln Nebraska, dated April 22, gives the following account of a recent dreadful storm.

"A train on the Burlington and Missouri railroad came in yesterday, being the first for a week. The reports of the late storm show it to have been one of the severest ever known. Men were frozen to death within two rods of their houses while trying to get to their stock. Near Afton a man named Keeler attempted to reach his neighbors a half mile away with his wife and child, and the two latter were frozen to death. Mr. Marshall, near Hastings, perished while trying to reach his stock from the house. The wife and child of Mr. Bent, near Red Cloud, were frozen while attempting to reach a neighbor's house, their own being rendered useless. Their bodies were found on Friday ten rods from the house. Families were compelled to take refuge in cellars or keep in their beds for three days. The destruction of horses is great, some losing all they had. One party lost his whole herd of seventy-five. The gulleys of railroads were filled with snow as hard as ice. The snow plows were

The President-How he Draws his Salary.

The President never draws his salary himself, but receives it through the First National Bank, to which he has given a power of attorney, and the money is always drawn from the Treasury by the cashier of that bank and placed to the credit of the President in the bank. The warrants for the salary of the President and Vice President are made out at the Treasury every month, the former under the new law receiving \$4,166.66 per month and the latter_ \$833.33. Members of the Cabinet are paid from the rolls of their respective departments, and receipt therefore the same as all other employees. The President and Vice President do not sign any pay-roll.

The body of Miss Kinley, who was drowned, together with a boy named Sheart, in a creek which empties into the Lehigh at Stemton, on March 29, was found a few days ago in the Lehigh at Ferndale.

Two young men in Murfreesborough Tenn., have had to pay \$75 apiece for whispering to young ladies in church thereby disturbing public worship.

James M. Allen, treasurer of Greenville county, S. C., has been arrested, charged with being a defaulter of \$40,000 received for taxes.

If 25,000 people go to Europe this summer and spend, on the average, \$1,000 each they will take with them in gold \$25,000,000.

[ADVERTISEMENT.] Report of the Central No-License Committee.

The above Committee make the following report to those citizens of Perry County, for whom they were appointed to act by the Bloom-field Convention:

The result of the election it is now unneces-The result of the election it is now unnecessary to state. The Committee only desire to say concerning it, that they performed their duties with proper economy. The pamphlet prepared and published by the Newport Sub-Committee will be mainly paid for at Newport. The only other expenses were carriage hire to one of the meetings, printing tickets and postage of same and of circular, and publishing of this report. A surplus over all the expenses is still held by the Committee, and if not otherwise ordered at a meeting of delegates in May, it will be applied to any Court expenses for it will be applied to any Court expenses for necessary prosecutions, if such should arise, as may be necessary even before the May Court, and that not with reference to houses licensed and that not with reirefuect o houses because at May Court of last year. For this purpose, the Central Committee will still act and work, and expects the township and borough committees to act and work until the general meeting during the May Court, communicating when necessary, with the Central Committee. when necessary, with the Central Committee. If for no ether purpose, such information will enable the Central Committee to know where constables do not report according to law. The Committee have legal advice for saying that by the law there is no need of notice of stoppage to be given to sellers, other than the usual notice of other laws, viz: publication which has been aiready given and on infringement of law, an indictment against Hotels or Restaurants selling anything which intoxicates, in violation of law, or druggiste deviating from the strict letter of the law regulating their special licenses.

Each township and borough committee is requested to see to the enforcement of the law in its own locality, and it is requested of all good citizens that without fear or favor, they will citizens that without fear or favor, they will lend their aid to the anforcement of what is now the law of the county. Any township or borough suffering from the continued violation of the law, has only itself to blame, for with proper effort, the law can be easily vindicated, and the fines and penalties of imprisonment, provided for by the State law (on which the offender is thrown) are sufficient to carry out this law, if acted upon. For devising the necessary means for the continued enforcement of the law, the sub-committees of each towncessary means for the continued enforcement of the law, the sub-committees of each township will report in person, on TURSDAY, of May Court, to the Chairman of the Central Committee, who will inform them of the place of meeting on the evening of that day, and any absent, will send reliable substitutes with written credentials. As well said in the call of the Cumberland County Committee for like work, "our friends in defeated counties look for our aid in their own future efforts, by our showing the good results of the law well enforced."

15 3t

Central Committee.

ABBIVAL OF NEW GOODS AT F. MORTIMER'S, NEW BLOOMFIELD. Cill and see them. o o o o

IST OF GRAND JURORS Drawn for May J Term, 1873: Bloomfield—W. Tressler, foreman; Samuel

Smith. Toboyne-Benjamin Syock, David Hollen-

augn.
Tyrone—Jefferson Baker.
Spring—John A. Bower.
Saville—Joseph Rice, Sr., Henry Hartman,
r., Timothy Adams.
Centre—John S. Burd.

Centre—John S. Burd.
Madison—Jacob Borrall, Henry Wolf.
Tuscarora—John Lyons, C. D. Kreamer.
Wheatfield—George Rinehart.
Penn—David Boyd, Philip E. Snyder.
Howe—Jacob Bretz, David Dockard.
Watts—George Dressler.
Buffaio—Jacob Halnes (of David).
Liverpool—James Spicher.
Greenwood—Daniel Eshelman.
Millerstown—Scott Debray.

TRAVERSE JURORS. Toboyne-John W. Colilns, Simon Kern.

Jackson—James Crownover.
Madison—John W. Bernheisel, George L.
Ickes, Reuben Moyer, Alexander Kauffman,
Wm. Smith.

Tyrone-John W. Swarner, Thomas W. Saville-John Wagner, Samuel Klinepeter,

John Simonton. Spring-Samuel Dunkleberger, Albert Bogar, Spring—Samuel Dunkleberger, Albert Bogar, Wm. Dum, Dr. Wm. Hays, Simon B. Shelbley. Landisburg—Wm. Murray, Absalom Topley. Carroll—W. A. Albright, Francis Smelgh. Juniata—David Bixler, John B. Toomey, James P. Latchford, Emanuel Toomey. Tuscarora—Ephraim Auker, Jacob Yohn. Bloomfield—Wm. McKee.

Miller—Henry Relder.
Wheatfield—John G. Rose.
Oliver—J. Q. A. Gantt.
Rye—Wm. Seltz, Alexander Hartman.
Newport—John Wolaver, John Fleisher, Dr.
H. Whitmer.
Marysville—Levi Dice, Jr., H. H. Seidle.

Liverpool T—James Lupfer, George L. Kline, onas L. Kline (of James), Samuel Sechrist. Buffalo T—Michael Sailor, Jacob Huggins. Liverpool B—George Snyder. Greenwood—Samuel Beaver. Millerstown—Henry Hopple.

PRIAL LIST FOR MAY TERM, 1873.

1. William Rice's Administrator vs. Beale & Vanswearengen. 2. Sarah Ann Weber et al vs. The Pa. R. R.

Co.
3. David M. Rickabaugh vs. Collins E. Pat-terson's Administrator.
4. Samuel A. Garland for use, &c., vs. W.

B. Gray. Bigler & Son vs. Wm. R. S. Cook Christian Boyer vs. Israel Fritz's Admin-

istrator. 7. Samuel A. Garland, Att'y. &c., vs. Sam-

uel Ernest.

8. Samuel A. Garland, for use, &c., vs. H.
T. Swarner.

9. Samuel A. Garland, Att'y. &c., vs. Edward Hull. J. J. SPONENBERGER, Proth'y.

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