# The Bloomfield Cimes.

ADVERTISING RATES: Transient—8 Cents per line for one insertion.

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Business Notices in Local Column 10 Cents

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Tributes of Respect, &c., Ten cents per line. YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Two Squares per year, 20 00

For longer advertisements a reasonable discount will be made.

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### NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENN'A.

Tuesday, August 8, 1871.

The total number of physicians who paid taxes to the Government for the year ending April 30, 1871, was 49,798. Of these there were regular or allopathic, 39,070; homeopathic, 2,971; hydropathic 133, eclectic, 2,860; miscellaneous, or not classified, 4,770. These figures show that the number engaged in the profession has been overestimated. The usual guess at the number of homeopaths has been 10,000. It is believed that the Government list is very full and accurate, as it is not easy for a doctor to keep out of the way of the assessor.

#### A Great Enterprise.

The Chicago river, emptying into Lake Michigan, has for many years been a great source of annoyance to Chicago, in consequence of the intolerable and unhealthy odors caused by the filth drained into it from the city sewers. In 1862 it was proposed to open a passage to the headwaters of the Illinois river by means of the Illinois and Michigan Canal. As the level of the canal, however, was too high to make the desired change of current, the legislature passed a law authorizing the deepening of the canal, and in 1866 the work was commenced. A few days ago the deepening of the canal was completed, about three million dollars having been expended in carrying out the proposed plan. At noon on July 15th, the workmen commenced cutting through the clay dam which held back the water of the Chicago river at a height of six feet above the level of the canal. In about three hours the dam had been swept entirely away, and the water had fallen two feet in the river. The dark yellow water from the clay bed of the west branch was succeeded by the black and offensive water of the Chicago river proper, and the second day the blue water from Lake Michigan followed, resting for the depth of two feet upon the denser water of the river. According to the last accounts the current of the river could be plainly distinguished running "up" at the rate of a mile an hour. The regular current, it is estimated will run about three quarters of a mile an hour, which it is believed will be sufficient to cleanse the river thoroughly and keep it pure and fresh. Although the people of Chicago are highly delighted in view of the complete purification of the river, the persons living along the line of the Illinois and Michigan canal are complaining at the prospect of having the offensive odors of the cago was pushed along.

### Fall of a Church.

At Enterprise City, Nebraska. night last week, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock, the Methodist Episcopal church, a very large and fine brick edifice, built at a cost of at least \$75,000, suddenly fell to the ground with a tremendous crash. The noise of its falling was heard all over the

The ends still stand, but the greater part of the side walls lie upon the ground. A great mass of brick and mortar fills Taylor street, where the north wall came down, and the south wall in falling crushed the rear of Mr. Savage's house, a frame building which stands close to the church on that side, and also crushed in the roof near the middle of the building, depositing a lot of bricks in the bed-room occupied by Mrs. Savage and her little daughter. Although a number of persons were in the building, no one was killed or even in the slightest

degree injured. It is said that the walls of the church were badly cracked by the last heavy earthquake, and the supposition is that they were pushed out by the weight of the roof setting upon them; others are decidedly of the opinion that there was an explosion of some kind within the building.

The Clarion Democrat says that "one day last week a hand in the employ of Mr. Crisman, of Newmanville, Clarion county, was engaged in sinking a well. He had sunk it to the depth of seven feet, and while out at his dinner, a lady heard a strange noise in the well, and going to ascertain the cause, found a stream a water issuing from lies were swept out of existence, every the bottom of the well, about six inches in diameter. In a few minutes the well was full, and the adjoining lot overflowed. It still cotinues to flow, and quite a large run is formed, where before was dry land. The water is strongly empregnated with minerals of some kind.

#### A TERRIBLE CALAMITY.

Four Hundred Persons Blown up—Eighty Killed and Two Hundred Wounded.

On Sunday, the 30th ult., at 1.30 p. m., one of the most terrible accidents on record, happened in New York city. At that hour the ferry-boat which plies between the city and Staten Island exploded her boiler, just as she was leaving the slip. There were on board, as near as can be ascertained, about four hundred passengers, many of them women and children. In a moment nearly one half the passengers were flying in the air, many falling into the water, and many dropping back into the hold of the boat, amid the wreck and escaping steam. The fire alarm was at once given, and in an incredible short space of time the firemen were at the scene of the disaster. As soon as it was ascertained that there was no danger of the boat taking fire, a portion of them turned their attention to assisting the wounded from the hold of the boat, while the others assisted in getting the living out of the water. Many small boats were also quickly brought to the assistance of the unfortunates in the water, and in a very short time all the bodies of the dead and wounded were brought to shore.

A strong force of police and all the city ambulances were then occupied in taking the wounded to the hospitals, and in a short time two of them were so badly crowded that temporary accommodations had to be prepared in the stables. The shrieks of the victims were terrible to hear, many of them being perfectly crazy with pain. A large number of volunteer physicians and nurses promptly offered their services, and were soon busily employed in trying to allay the sufferings of the wounded.

Within half an hour after the first load was brought to the hospital, death began to relieve some from their pain, and as fast as possible the bodies were taken from the rooms occupied by the living.

During the afternoon and evening twenty-five died, and were removed. In a short time after the accident happened, there were probably ten thousand people crowding around the battery, at the lower end of which the ferry slip was located. Many of them had friends and relations who they knew had taken that boat, and as the bodies were brought out from the boat or rescued from the water, the rush of such to see if the unfortunate victim was that friend or relation, was dreadful.

Very many narrow escapes and singular instances are recorded, among which are the following which we copy from a letter received from a friend, who was present at the scene of the disaster five minutes after the accident occurred :

"New York, August 1st., 1871." \* \* I was crossing the Hamilton Ferry from Brooklyn and the boat I was on was just entering her slip as I saw a portion of the Staten Island boat lift up, and amid the steam which like a heavy fog for a moment hung over that boat, I could see bodies of persons and pieces of lumber which instantly disappeared many of the bodies falling into the water. This was only a momentary view, and was seen before the sound reached us. It was not more than there, and even then, the crowd was so dense that I could hardly get near the wreck. I ran around the side of the slip tochicago river brought to their very doors. After the dam was cut, along the line of the deepened canal the approach of the water was announced by a highly disagreeable smell as the accumulated fifth of Chilago was pushed along.

wreck. I ran around the side of the slip towards the Battery where a woman was clinging to one of the piles holding a child about a year of up from the water. By great exertion I succeeded in reaching the child and placing it on the dock, but when I turned to aid the woman she had disappeared, and I saw her no more. Floating peared, and I saw her no more. Floating peared, and I saw her no more. near, was the body of a child which a fire-man and myself succeeded in getting out and had hardly placed on the dock before a woman who had been frantically running around searching for a child who was blown out of her arms, ran up and claimed it, and carried it away, whether the child was dead or only insensible I did not know. Many sank before any aid could reach them and there is no doubt but what some bodies there is no doubt but what some bodies were floated out and will never be recovered. The saddest sight I saw during the three hours, I remained was an ambulance loaded with little ones none of them over 13 or 14 years of age, all of whom were frightfully injured, some of them being scalded so badly that even a mother could not have recognized her own child except by the clothing. The little things bore their pains better than some of the adults. On the way to the hospital I learn that one or two of them died. Small hosts were or two of them died. Small boats were busy all the time picking up those who were not able to reach the piles to cling to, and had it not been for their presence, many more would have been drowned.

more would have been drowned.

One young man who was floating on a peice of wreck, was apparently but little injured, yet we hardly got him safe to the dock before he laid down and in a moment was dead. Many of the wounded looked like boiled meat the skin being peeled off and the flesh all wrinkled up. I might tell many more incidents, but I am tired and sick of thinking about them. It was a terrible scene and God grant I may never see another such. At this time the mimber known to have been killed on that have died from their injuries is over sixty and known to have been killed on that have died from their injuries is over sixty and probably many more will die. You will probably get full particulars in the papers of the inquest which will be held, which may show who is to blame for this dreadful sacrifice of life. Men are now engaged in dragging for bodies and so far have found six or seven."

The New York papers give very many interesting particulars. Three entire famimember thereof being either killed or so badly injured that they have since died .-Seven other families lost from two to four persons each. The bed of the bay has been thoroughly dragged during the week past in search of bodies, and twelve have been thus found. Many who were only vere bruises.

slightly hurt are at their homes in the city and Brooklyn, and no doubt some bodies have been carried out by the action of the tide, so that the correct number of killed and wounded will never be correctly known. So far over eighty deaths have resulted from the accident, while more than one hundred are still under treatment at the hospitals and private residences.

#### Crushed to a Jelly.

A dreadful accident, resulting in the instant death of a woman, occurred on the Philadelphia and Trenton railroad, last week, at Tacony Station. As the 3.15 P. M. train from Philadelphia for New York came thundering around the curve between Wissanoming creek and lower Tacony Station, at the rate of thirty miles an hour, the engineer discovered a woman walking leisurely along the track.

As she faced the locomotive he at first only sounded the usual signal of danger, but finding that she did not heed it, he whistled down brakes, but before the train could be checked the cow-catcher struck the female, and instead of throwing her from the track it east her underneath the wheels.

The engine and five passenger cars passed over the head and body, mangling her in a most sickening manner. Every principal bone in her body was broken, and the entire back portion of her head was cut off. Her heart was torn out and dashed fully six feet from the body.

The shapeless remains were gathered up and placed in a wash tub, where they remained until next day, when they were sent to the Morgue for identification. Alderman Day, of Holmesburg, viewed the body and adjourned the inquest until

morning.

The deceased was apparently in her 70th year. She was neatly clad and was a stranger in the neighborhood where she met her death. A few minutes before the accident she stopped by the roadside and inquired the road to Frankford, remarking that she had gone in the wrong direction and would have quite a walk before she would reach home.

#### Capture of a Monster Drum Fish.

Some New Yorkers went out on a fishing expedition, recently, to Boston Point, to catch weak fish. They caught one strong enough to pull the boat, containing three men and a boy, around Newark Bay, for a space of fifteen minutes. The monster of the deep proved to be a huge drum fish weighing fifty-eight and a half pounds, measuring about four feet in length and two feet across the centre of its drum-like body. Its head was about twice the size of a man's head, and its mouth was big enough to admit a Scotch terrier. The scales of the fish were of the size and thickness of a small sized clam-shell. The fish was cut up and distributed among twenty persons in pieces large enough to make a good sized meal for a family. The decapitated head is displayed to the wondering gaze of fishermen on the piles at Bergen Point landing.

A Shoemaker's Luck.
The Titusville Herald tells this story of shoemaker's luck : "About twenty-five years ago, Mr. Robinson, the present owner of the famous Robinson farm, near Parker's Landing, which has yielded thousands of barrels of oil and dollars to its owner, sold 100 acres of the farm to a shosmaker named Grant, residing in the vicinity, for \$100, to be paid in boots and shoes for his (Robinson's) family. Within the last two years this tract has proved the most valuable oil territory, and Grant, as well as Robinson, has not only been made wealthy from its oil, but still receives a handsome revenue from the same. A few weeks ago, Mr. Robinson received the last pair of boots on his contract, the \$100 worth of leather having just been used up.

Curious Effects from Electricity. The Saugerties (N. Y.) Telegraph says that a few nights since Jacob Mower and wife retired, leaving two windows in the bedroom, nearly opposite each other open. About twelve oclock Mower was awakened by his wife, who informed him that she was suffocating. She at once commenced vomiting, and each discharge left a strong sulphury taste in her mouth. It was raining quite hard at the time, and the room seemed ablaze from the sharp and repeated flashes of lightning. It is thought a current of electricity passed through the room with the above effect upon Mrs. Mower, but without injury to Mr. Mower or any part of the room. She has not yet entire-

Patrick Riley of Brooklyn, went home drunk recently, and asked his wife for some more money with which to buy more liquor. She refused. Riley then beat her over the head with a stick, and picking up an axe, threatened to kill her if she did not accede to his demand. But his son James aged 13 years, struck his father in the face with a stone, knocking out three of his teeth and laying open his cheek. Then the boy ran into the street crying "murder." The father chased him until a policceman interfered.

LE Dr. George Howe and wife, Mrs. Charles T. Tilton and Miss Walcott, all of Boston, while taking a pleasure drive last week, in Charlestown, N. H., were run into by an express train on the Vermont Central road, and the three first named instantly killed. Miss Walcott escaped with se-

#### Suicide-A Mysterious Case.

On Sunday a week, a young woman hung herself at the Union Depot Hotel in Pittsburg. Facts so far as elicited tend to show that she had been wronged, and in order to hide her shame had committed suicide.

She had evidently been in good circumstances, for the jewelry in her possession, together with what she had pawned, was worth over \$1,000, which shows it was not actual necessity that led to the act. She refused to give any other information to the pawnbroker or any one else, except that her name was Clark, and that she was from Huntingdon. There is no name or initials on the jewelry to give any clue as to whether or not she has given her right name, and it is generally believed that the name she has given is fictitious .- Pittsburg Paper.

#### A Singular Affair.

About six weeks ago a young lady named Robinson, residing at No. 112 Jefferson street, this city, whilst engaged in baking, fell over, and since that time has been unable to speak, move, hear or recognize any one. Up to that time she had enjoyed the best of health. A number of physicians have attended her but they have been unable to afford her any relief. In fact they are at a loss to know what to do, as they have never met with a similar case before. It is one of the most singular affairs we have ever heard of, and is well worthy the attention of the most scientific medical men .- Reading Times.

#### Singular Rail Road Accident.

The West bound freight train, on the Hannibal and St. Joe railroad, was thrown from the track three miles west of Palmyra junction at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 2nd inst., smashing seven cars and tearing up the track for 800 feet. The accident was caused by seven long bridge timbers falling off while the train was in rapid motion. The forward end falling off first, stuck in the ground, which had the effect to send the cars spinning in every direction, piling them up in a frightful manner. Fortunately no one was hurt.

Miss Elletine Taylor, a young lady residing at Kelly's station, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, has come back to earth again, after remaining twenty-one days in a trance, eating nothing, and hav-ing nothing pass her during that time.— She got up, and looks hale and hearty. Thirteen eminent physicians visited her,

as well as a number of the clergy, and none of them have advanced an idea as to the cause of her strange situation.

## THE NEW DISCOVERY



Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made is one mixture of ALL TREE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR, UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Ashma, Bronchitte, and consumption. CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STI-MULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all BRSEASES OF THE BRIGOD. IN THE BRIGOD STATE OF THE BRIGOD. The skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidners, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES! Volatile Solution of Tar For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in All Discusses of the NOSE, THEOAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill. for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALI/ERATIVE Madeliens known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The BOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIE of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER. It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible

Folution and Compound Elixir, \$1.00 per Bottle Volatile Bolution for Inhalation, \$6.00 per Box Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box. fiend for Circular of POSETEVE CURES to your Druggist, or to

L. F. HYDE & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, 116 E. 384 St., New York. For sale by Dr. M. B. Strickler, New Bloom-8 id, Pa

New Advertisements.

#### Merchant & Grist Mill.

ALSO,

SAW-MILL, AND LUMBER-YARD AT PRIVATE SALE OR TO RENT.

I WISH TO SELL MY MILLS, At DUNCANNON, PERRY COUNTY, PA

Or, if not SOLD, to RENT them.

Possession given at any time on thirty days' totice.

The Mills are in thorough repair.

The Merchant Mill makes forty barrels of flour

per day. The tolls of grists are one thousand dollars per

Year.
The Saw Mill has cut Eight Thousand feet in a

The Saw Mill has cut Eight Thousand feet in a day.
Excellent home market for Flour and Feed.
Railroad facilities unsurpassed.
A first-class Tannery can be erected. There are one thousand cords of Rock-Cak bark shipped from here per year, and two thousand can be had.
I will sell my

Dwelling and Lot,

with or without the Mills. Also, a number of

LOTS, 50 by 125 Feet, on Carver's Hill. For Title indisputable

Write or apply to GRIFFITH JONES,

Duncannon, Pa.

#### Valuable Real Estate At Private Sale.

A HOUSE AND LOT

Situated in the village of Reseburg, one-and-a-half miles from Ickesburg, Perry county, Pa. The house is Two Stories high, also a Cellar and lellar Kitchen, with a Well of water at the door. the lot comprises

#### SIXTEEN ACRES

of land in a good state of cultivation, on which is creeted A GOOD LOG BARN, twenty feet in width, by fifty feet in length.

33. This property will be sold tow, as the owner has removed from the neighborhood.

DAVID M. HARKISON, OR Ickesburg, ROGER HARKISON, Duncannon Woolen Factory.

IN BANKRUPTCY

Existen District of Pennsylvania 33:
At Bioomfield, the 10th day of July, A. D. 1871

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry Kleckner, of Saville Township, in the county of Perry, and state of Pennsylyania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.

July 10th, 1871.—3t.

PLAIN ACADEMY.

FALL S ESSION 12 WEEKS.

OPENING AUGUST 0th, 1871.

GARD C. PALM, Principal. W. F. BRICKLEY, Assistant.

New Advertisements.

## TUSCARORA ACADEMY.

TUBCARORA AUADEMI,

ACADEMIA, PA.

The 30th school year begins September 6th. Location healthful, attractive and well adapted to physical development. Free from loafing places and saloons, the influences are moral. More than 3,000 young men have here been prepared for college or business.

Terms moderate. Apply for circular to

D.D. STONE, A. M.

29 r 4w

J. J. PATTERSON, A. M.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company, At Woodstock, has been doing business thirty-one years. Six years it has laid no assessments, and the average rate of assessment during the thirty-one years has been 2-3-t per cent a year. The assessment for the year just ended is 21-4 per cent. and the company has a clear surplus over all liabilities.

29 r4w

POR SALE.—209 acres superior white-oak tim-ber land, near Lock Haven, Pa. 5.000 acres Hemlock Timber land, Potter county, Pa. P. W. SHEAPER, Geologist and Engineer, Pottsville, Penn'a. 297 4w.

TRANSMISSION OF LIFE.

Counsels on the Nature and Hygiene of the mas-culine function. By Dr. Napheys, author of "The Physical Life of Woman." It relates to the male sex: is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rap-idly. Sold by subscription only. Exclusive terri-tory. Terms liberal. Price \$2. Address for con-tents, etc., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadhlphia, Pa.

ROOTBEER.—This wholesome, agreeable, and refreshing summer beverage can easily be made at about 5 cents per gallon, with Aschienbach & Miller's genuine Hoot Beer Extract. Ask for it at your store, or send 25 cents for a vial and directions to 400 North Third St., Philadelphia.

29 r4w

Agents! Read This! WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY of \$30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions, Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.

A MILLION DOLLARS.

Shrewd but quiet men can make a fortune by evealing the secret of the business to no one.

Address, Address, 29 r 4w 688 Broadway, New York.

100,3 Gifts.

GRAND CIFT CONCERT and Distri-Foundling Assylum of the Sisters of Charity

in the City of New York, and Soldiers' and Sallors' Orphaus' Home, Washington, D. C., to be held in Washington, D. C., under and by virtue of a permit from Hon. Commissioner of Internal Revenue, on Thursday, July 27, positively.

After the concert, the Commissioners will award to the successful tleket holders.

100,3 GIFTS, AMOUNTING TO \$200,000. 100,3 GIFTS, AMOUNTING TO \$200,000.

52,000 Tickets only will be sold at \$6 each. Hou. 
H. McCullough, of Elkten, Md., Major Geo. T. 
Castle, Biltimore, Md., Commissioners. Hon. J. 
S. Negley, M. C., Pittsburg, Pa., Trustee. 
References: Major Gen. D. Hunter, U. B. A., 
Washington, D. C.; Hon. Jas. S. Negley, Pittsburg, Pa.; First National Bank, Hagerstown; Updegraff & 
Sons, Hagerstown: Hon. R. J., Brent, late Attorney General, Baltimore; C. F. Abott. Esq., 20 P. 
O. Avenue, Baltimore; John H. Fowler, Esq.; W. 
H. Myers of W. H. Myers & Bro., Exchange 
Place Baltimore. 
Deeds of the real estate certified to by counsel, 
in hands of the Trustee. 
The tekets and circular can be had of P. C. Delvin, General Agent, Stationer and Printer, No. 31 
Nassau street, New York. Ticket sent C. O. B., 
if desired. Send for circular containing description of prices. Tickets for sale also by Riley & 
Sargent, at their News Stands, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, etc., and on line of Penn. R. 
R. and connections.

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