# The Bloomfield Cimes.

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ount will be made. Ten Lines Nonparell or one Inch, is one square.

# NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENN'A.

Tuesday, May 30, 1871.

The committee of the memorial fund for the Presbyterian Church of the United States, report that the amount raised up to noon, on the 24th inst., was \$7,607,-440,91.

THE United States Senate has ratifled

the treaty agreed upon by the "Joint Commission." If it meets with the approbation of the British Parliament, there is a chance for all the troubles between this country and England to be amicably set-The editor of the Times, in this week's

paper, thinks he has made an able defense for the Pennsylvania railroad comyany, by replying to the article in last week's NEWS in regard to the late change of schedule \* \* If the citizens of Newport were not blessed with railroad communications they would perhaps, sing mum with their friends in Bloomfield; as it is they have a right to complain when their accommodations are taken from them. - News.

Good Gracious! how mistaken we have been, for we always supposed that citizens from this place and many other parts of the county had an interest, in the railroad accomodations from Newport, and consequently we had a right to say something upon the subject. But as our Newport neighbor claims it as "their accommodation" perhaps we ought to apologise for our interference.

#### Independent Papers.

Within a few years past, there has been a large number of "Independent Newspapers" established throughout the country, and the most of them have rapidly increasing subscription lists. The complaint against political papers is, that they publish only such articles as the editors think will advance the interest of the party they serve, while the "Independent papers" do not hesitate to commend what is right, or condemn what is wrong in both parties, and publish facts without stopping to inquire which part is to be affected by such

A large majority of the reading community have become dissatisfied with the partizan press, and prefer papers which will record events as they transpire without giving them the coloring of party prejudice. This is no doubt the reason why there is such a rapid increase in the circulation of "Independent papers," and the greater growth there is in general intelligence, the more dissatisfied will the public become with journals devoted to the advancement of any particular clique or party. The grumbling and growling of the editors of such | tion, and was declared elected as the candipapers may have the desired effect upon | date of the party for Auditor General of the the office seeking portion of their readers, but upon the majority of the community the effect will only be, to hasten what they desire to hinder ; that is, a still further addition to the subscription lists of the "Independent papers."

There is a story going the rounds of the press that a few Sabbaths ago a certain minister of a church in Danville, Kentucky was so confused by a distinguished member of his church repeatedly blowing his nose so furiously, that he forgot entirely that portion of his sermon undelivered, also the text. The brother couldn't tell, and he became confused .- Another brother was asked, and he stated a chapter and verse, but when the Book of books was opened, that wasn't the place. This mistake confused matters generally. The minister in despair asked that whoever knew the text should answer it, but the congregation had forgotten it and was abashed that their inattention had become known to their Pastor. A prayer ended this remarkable meeting and the congregation did not learn till the next week, that their preacher was in dead earnest in his inquiry for the text. They thought he was only trying them to find out how much they knew of the sermon.

REPORTS from Paris say that the Government troops have been successful in obtaining possession of the city. The loss of life was terrible, as all the gates and barricades were stoutly defended. It is estimated that nearly or quite one third of the city has been destroyed by fire, and the fires are still raging. On Friday last an English government steamer carrying steam fire apparatus and a portion of the London fire brigade left Dover to assist in extinguishing the flames. It is hoped that the strength of the Communists is now so far broken that the government will have but little more trouble with that faction and that peace will soon be established.

#### Shall we have a Railroad?

To those who are interested in getting railroad communication into hilly and thinly settled portions of the country, we wish to state a few facts which have been demonstrated by very narrow gnage roads already in use. The pioneer road of this class was built in Wales and is used for carrying coal and freight over a mountainous country. The last report of the doings of that road shows that while an ordinary guage road requires conveyance of two tons weight to convey one ton of freight, the 2 foot road conveys three tons of freight to each ton of conveyance, making the cost of carrying freight less than one-third of what it is on the wide guage. Besides this, the cost of making the road was less than onethird of what would have been the expense of the other style. This is owing to light and narrow bridges to the narrow bed required, and consequent reduction in cutting and embankment, still further reduced by the greater curves practicable, which allow the route to conform to the face of the country over which it passes. Of course the weight of iron is much less than is required for heavy engines and cars, and the cost of the motive power is proportionately reduced. A road with a thirty inch track has been in use sometime near Cleveland, and so satisfactory is its working that, roads of same, and less guage are contemplated in different portions of the country. One is now being built from Deanver, Col., to the Mexican boundary of three feet guage, and we have no doubt, but that a few years hence, there will be many miles of such road in successful operation. Having stated the small cost of this style of road and the cheap rate at which it can be operated, we ask what is to prevent such a road being built from here to Duncannon. The charter of the D. B. and B. T. road, owing to the criminal negligence of those having the matter in charge has been allowed to expire, but that is no reason why the county seat should be deprived of a railroad communication. Let a few who are interested in this matter take it in charge and see that by the time the Legislature again meets that another charter shall not only be applied for, but that arrangements are made so that the work shall be pushed on at once.

Since the above was in type we have been favored with a very full report on the subject of narrow guage roads, by E. N. Robinson Esq. We return our thanks to the friend sending the article for his kind-

#### Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic convention met in Harrisburg on Wednesday last for the purpose of nominating candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General. The attendance was quite large and the preceedings were harmonious. The convention was organized by the election of Hon. William Hopkins of Washington as President, with thirty three vice Presidents and the same number of Secretaries.

The following named gentlemen were placed in nomination for Auditor General;

A. D. Markley, of Montgomery county : William M'Candless, of Philadelphia; D. H. Nieman, of Northampton county; F. M. Crane, of Wayne county; George W. Skinner, of Franklin county.

On the fourth ballot Gen. M'Candless received a majority of votes in the conven-

Quite a large number of gentlemen were nominated as the candidate for Surveyor General, but on the fourth ballot Capt. J. IL Cooper of Lawrence was declared the nomince. After the adoption of a long string of resolutions and the election of Hon. William Wallace as chairman of the state executive committee the convention adjourned sine die.

### Jury Culture.

The trial of Foster in New York for the murder of Mr. Putman, commenced last week, and five days were occupied in getting a jury. The great difficulty of obtaining a jury who knew nothing about the case, in these days of cheap newspapers, makes the New York Tribune suggests the following:

It proposes to establish a House of Detention, where a given number, say a hundred thousand, respectable and intelligent citizens could be constantly on hand, to be drawn as jurors! They must be allowed no access to newspapers or other current literature and in order to keep their minds free and unbiassed, and make the place self-sustaining, they might be assigned to some useful and entertaining labor, such as polishing marble or fashioning pegs and leather into boots and shoes. Then, to guard against mental contamination, they should be handcuffed while on their way to the court-room, and their eyes and ears securely bandaged. They could thus be made to face the judge, the lawyers and the prisoner without any previous knowledge of the case or its bearings. We shall certainly have to resort to some such method of jury culture for the supplying of the courts, if the existing time-honored system is to be maintained.

The Legislature adjourned on Saturday noon, after a very long, and, to the taxpayers, rather an unsatisfactory session.

### \* A Terrible Pestilence.

The City of Buenos Ayres has for a few months past been scourged with a terrible pestilence, some idea of which may be gathered from the following extract:-

"In some instances husbands have abandoned their dying wives, mothers have left their children to die alone, and in many cases whole families have been swept away. As many as five or six corpses have been discovered in a single house. A new cemetery has been opened in the campo south of the city and a tram railroad laid to it. The bodies are carried out on the trucks packed like freight. There is no time to construct coffins, and the stock on hand was long since exhausted. In some instances the undertakers have fled from the terrible harvest of business that the pestilence has

The population of the city, which ten weeks ago numbered at least 200,000 souls, is now reduced to 40,000. About 150,000 thousand have fled their homes, some taking refuge in Montevideo and the towns up the Parana river, but the larger portion are in the campo, within a distance of from ten to fifty miles of Buenos Ayres. The miserable mud huts of the peasants in the district have been besieged with tenants from among the wealth and aristocracy of the republic, and in some cases are receiving from \$250 to \$500 per month rent.

Those who remain in the city are mostly of the poor classes, who have not means to leave, and the Public Commission, a philanthropic association organized for the emergency, is now proposing to send away on the railroad such as are not yet affected by

There is much division of opinion as to the origin of the fever, but it is pretty well settled that it was brought in an Italian emigrant ship which arrived from Genoa and Barcelona in January last. As to the cause of the spread and ravages of the disease, any one who has ever been in Buenos Ayres can readily see. The city is built on the flat shore of the river, is without any system of drainage whatever, and for nearly 200 years the inhabitants have buried all filth, garbage and refuse matter of every description beneath their houses. This was done by sinking bell-shaped wells to a depth of fifteen or twenty feet, the sides being strengthened with rude brick work. These were reached by small openings at the surface several feet in depth, and through these apertures the filth was deposited in the eesspools below. When the sinks became full the mouth was filled up, and a new cesspool was dug elsewhere. This system prevailed everywhere throughout the city, and to day Buenos Ayres is honeycombed by these filthy traps.

(28" A singular case is now occupying the attention of the Circuit Court in Ulster county, N. Y. More than a year ago a nigger named Levi Bodine killed his employer, Daniel Hashbrouk, a rich farmer, and was duly arrested and lodged in jail. There was no reasonable doubts of the facts in the case, and one would suppose the trial ought to have been swift and easy. But it so happened that Levi Bodine is deaf and dumb. He has never learned the dumb alphabet. He cannot express himself except by rude and arbitrary signs. He cannot understand his counsel. If he should be fried on the indictment for murder, he would not have a fair opportunity for defense, and the judge avows a natural repugnance to hang him unheard. There was some hope that he might be found insane, but, on the contrary, he seems to be remarkably intelligent. The court made the ghastly suggestion that he should be educated especially for the purpose of being hanged, and his trial postponed to allow time for the process; but there is no law justifying the appropriation of the public money for such an object, and Levi consequently waits in jail till the judge and the district attorney can make up their minds what to do with him. The man clearly knows enough to be responsible for his actions, and the murder was cold-blooded and premeditated. If the court cannot make up its mind to hang him, it ought at least see that he is shut up where he cannot kill anybody else for the remainder of his life.

### The Counterfeiters.

The United States court for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania is now in session in Philadelphia. Our citizens are greatly interested in the trial of a number of counterfeiters from this vicinity, against whom true bills have been found by the grand jury. Yesterday the case of Frank Carr, who formerly kept a livery stable in this city, was announced for trial. We understand that he has turned State's evidence and made a full confession. It is probable that Mrs. Kate Frantz and Michael Kerns will be tried to-day. Both are residents of this city, the former keeping a notion store at the corner of Canal and State streets, and the latter a hotel at the corner of Canal and Walnut streets. Both are alleged to have been largely implicated in the circulation of spurious money, and intimately associated with the counterfeiting organization whose ramifications extended all over the State. The case of Elias Hoffman, a corpulent huckster from the vicinity of Mechanicaburg, will most likely come up tomorrow. He has long been suspected, and was instrumental in procuring the convic-

tion of Jerome Whitman and Wm. M'Keever, and their sentence to the penitentiary on a charge of larceny. John Teahl, a miller from this city, and Zerker, alias "The Flying Dutchman," well known throughout this and neighboring counties who united the avocation of a pedler with that of circulating counterfeit money, and was remarkably shrewd, bold and successful, will also be arraigned for trial before the court this week, together with the othother parties. Important developments may be expected and the proceedings will be watched with great interest. Able counsel have been secured, both for the prosecution and defence, and a number of our citizens subpoenaed as witness,-State

(選" A distinguished American artist was once visited in his studio by a little party of ladies, all strangers to him. At last they went away, but one of the women soon returned alone. Getting the attention of the artist, she began in the most confidential and winning manner: "Mr .---, don't you think that in some future group you may introduce the figure of a widow?" "Of course, it is possible, yet not likely. Why do you ask?" "Because I have a picture of myself, taken only a month after my husband died, which has just the right expression, and I will lend it to you, if you really think you will ever use it."

# Pennsylvania R. R. Time Table.

NEWPORT STATION. On and after May 14th, 1871, Passenger trains will run as follows:

Cincinnati Express (flag) 12.45 A. M., daily, Way Passenger, 8.15 A. M., daily, Mail, 2.30 P. M. daily except Sunday, A mixed train with passenger car attached, will leave Harrisburg at 5 o'clock p. m., and Newport at 5.40 p. m.

at 6.40 p. m.

EAST.

Harrisburg Accom 11.55 a. m., daily "Sunday,
Mail. 7.43 p. m., daily except Sunday
J. J. BARCLAY, Agent.

DUNCANNON STATION.

DUNCANNON STATION.

On and after Sunday, May 14th, 1871, trains will leave Duncannon, as follows:

WESTWARD.

Clucinnati Express (flag) 12.18 A. M. Daily.
Way Passenger, 7.39 A. M., daily
Mail. 1.56 P. M., daily except Sunday
Mixed, 5.50 P. M., daily except Sunday.

EASTWARD.

Haris'burg Accoun 12.29 P. M., daily except Sunday.
Mail 8.15 P. M., WM. C. KING, Agent.

Duncannon, May 24, 1871.

Stage Line Between Newport and New

Grmantown.
GTAGES leave New Germantown daily at four o'clock a. m. Landisburgat 7.30 a. m. Greenpark at 8 a. m. New Bloomfield at 94 a. m. Arriving at Newport to connect with the Accommodation train East. Commonation train East.

Returning leaves Newport on the arrival of the Mail Train from Philadelphia, at 2.30 p. m.

Z. RICE, Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

## HARDWARE!HARDWARE!

THE subscribers have on hand at all times, as complete an assortment of Hardward as can be found in the county.

NAILS,

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All of which will be sold at the lowest market prices. Persons wanting any article in this line are requested to call and examine our stock.

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Wall Paper - A beaut iful assortment of Wall Papers and Borders is now on hand and for sale by F. MORTIMER, & Co.

#### HIRTY THOUSAND

DOLLARS PAID.—The Travelers of Hartford, Connecticut, paid \$20,000 on W. H. Forbush and Wm. C. Curry, victims of the New Hamburg railroad accident; \$5,000 on the late Jas. B. Blake, mayor of Worcester, Mass., and \$5,000

on the late S. H. Lewis, Jr., of St. Albans, Vt. All these Accidents occurred, and the Insurance was paid within three months—each claim being paid about sixty days before it was due by the policy. The Travelers has paid seven hundred dollars a day in benefits to its policy bolders, for death or injury by accident, for every working

day during the past seven years.

The Travelers Life and Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Coun., grants all the usual forms of Life and Endowment Policicles, on exceedingly favorable terms. Ample security and low rates.

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Asthma.—The relief and cures of it are maryelous.

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Throat allments require only a few doses.
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tem. Liver Complaint.—Most effective regulator of Dyspepsia.—Its healthy action on the stomach cures it.

Appetizer.—It is health-giving and appetite re-

storing. Urinary Organs.—Action on them is marked and

Urinary Organs.—Action on them is marked and prompt.

Dr. Grook's Wine of Tar is rich in the medicinal qualities of tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of undoubted value, which make it unsurpassed, not only for the complaints enumerated, but it rapidly restores exhausted strength, cleanses the stomach, relaxes the liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood, and begets a vivaeity apprechated by both sound and sick. If you are afflicted in any way, we know if you try the life-giving tonic properties of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, you will add your testimony to its great value in correcting any "ills that flesh is heir to." Prepared only by OLIVEE CROOK & CO. Sold by druggists everywhere.



For Scrofula, Scrofulous Tumors, Scrofulous Discases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Discases of the Liver, Discases of the Skin, Eruptions, Fimples, Boils, Letter, Scald Head, Ulcers, and old Sores, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root, His combined with the best tonic preparations of Iron known, and the best alterative and blood Purifier made. Cleanse your Blood. Try one bottle. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by Oliven Crook & Co., Dayton, O.

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NOTICE.—The undersigned cautions all persons against trespessing on his land, for funting, fishing, cutting timber, or for any purpose whatever, under penalty of the law.

DANIEL, WARD.

Greenwood twp., May 23, 1871.

20000 AGENTS WANTED. — A water given gratis to every person, male or female, and terms sent free, to clear from \$15 to \$25 per day, sure.— Business new. Can be done at home or travelleg. W. H. CHIDESTER, 267 Broadway, New York.

ROBINSON HOUSE,

(Formerly kept by Woodruff and Turbett,) New Bloomfield, Perry County, Pa. AMOS ROBINSON, Proprietor.

This well known and pleasantly located hotel has been leased for a number of years by the present proprietor, and he will space no pains to accommodate his guests. The rooms are confortable, the table well furnished with the best in the market, and the bar stocked with choice liquors. A careful and attentive hoster will be in attendance. A good livery stable will be kept by the proprietor. April 3, 1871, tf

# EAGLE HOTEL

NEW BLOOMFIELD,

Perry County, Penn'a.

H AVING purchased the hotel formerly occupied by David B. Lupfer, situated on North
Carlisle Street adjoining the Court House, I am
prepared to receive transient guests or regular
To all who favor me with their custom, I shall
endeavor to furnish first class accommodations. A
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GEORGE DERRICK. Bloomfield, March 9, 1869. [3 10 1y 5

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