

The Bloomfield Times.

Tuesday, October 4, 1870.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD ITEMS

We invite communications from all persons who are interested in matters properly belonging to this department.

Pickles in Salt.

The season having returned when it is desirable for the farmer's family to lay in store their annual supply of cucumbers for pickles, inquiry is made, "How shall I lay them down and preserve them in salt?" I have put them down in clear salt and kept them so; they rise. The trouble is owing, in all probability, to the neglect of complying with one small item essential to their preservation. I will again repeat directions which I have proved successful in preserving cucumbers from year to year, and for several years, quite sound and good.

Procure a suitable cask—it may be oak, pine, ash or other, provided it be clean and will hold brine—and good coarse salt that will preserve meat, and you have the essentials for preserving. Put the cask in the cellar as you would your pork barrel. Gather your pickles from day to day; cut them from the vine with half an inch of stem, all sound and fresh, cleanse them of all dirt, etc., sprinkle in the bottom of the cask a half inch of salt, tumble in your pickles, three or four inches deep, and put on salt as you would in salting pork. Fill it thus till the cask is full, or the desired quantity is stored. You can lay them in as you gather them, once, twice, or three times a week; only they should be fresh picked. If any on top soften, pick and throw them out.

In a few days brine will form sufficient to cover the pickles; now comes the one essential so often neglected; procure a board to fit, or nearly so, the inside of the cask, and use it from the first putting in of the pickles, place it with a stone or brick on it, on top of the pickles to keep them under the brine, and there is no possible danger of their spoiling or injuring; a few on the top may soften, perhaps half a dozen or so; these should be thrown out when occasion calls to use the pickles.

Our people have kept cucumbers in this way, sound and good, three or four years. When we use them they are taken up, rinsed, scalded, and soaked several days, to freshen before having vinegar put to them. The foregoing is the best way of preserving pickles, where they are to be kept over winter, a not very strong brine to put them in will preserve them for a few months, and they are often thus put down when they are to be marketed within two or three months.—*Country Gentleman.*

Differences in Milking.

It is a fact that a poor milker will spoil almost any cow, and there are but few people who are aware of the fact that in the mere process of milking a great difference is made in the yield of a dairy cow. The ability to bring a cow to her largest yield of milk varies greatly with different milkers, as many persons who consider themselves good milkers are in reality poor ones. It must naturally follow that unless the cow is in a quiet, contented state of mind, and satisfied with the milker, that the usual secretion of new supplies during milking will not take place. It is generally owing to this cause that cows oftentimes "hold up their milk," as it is termed, and this cannot be obviated so long as the cow is in a restless state of mind and dissatisfied with her milker. Owing to the intimate connection between the nervous secretory systems of the cow, it should be the aim of the milker to gain her confidence and good will by feeding her with those things she is most fond of. By this mere difference in handling and becoming thoroughly acquainted with them, many cows can be made to increase their flow of milk at least a quart a week, and this too without any change in their food. It makes a great difference in milking qualities of a cow as to who milks her, and how the operation is performed, and in judging of the milking qualities of a cow these questions should always be taken into consideration.—*Rural American.*

Cleanliness is so necessary to health that Dr. Francis says if he ever recommended a cure-all, it should consist of a bar of yellow soap.

Management of Land.

On clay soil, with favorable season, good crops are always looked for where sod is turned, and even to the second and third plowing without the aid of manure, and here is just the point that should be noted. Clay land should never be plowed until manure is required, and the best guide to be governed by is, cease plowing before the decayed sod has disappeared, stock to clover, plow under one crop, and then use as mowing land, applying manure to surface until it is desired to use again for grain crops.

Many of our most successful farmers never put a forkful of manure upon plowed ground, but use all that can be collected upon their grass land, and do not raise more than three crops in succession upon plowed fields before returning it to grass. It is well known to every farmer that barn-yard manure multiplies labor when put upon land used for hoed crops, weeds will grow and plowing and hoeing will not eradicate them, and double labor is required to obtain even a medium crop.

If an animal is allowed to get poor, more feed is required to sustain life and strength in said animal than in one always kept in good condition, and so it is with land. When by over-plowing and heavy draught upon the soil fertility is lost, it requires double the amount of feed to reclaim it than would have been required to have kept it in a good state of productiveness by proper treatment.

A correspondent of the *Practical Farmer* says that his experience shows that two quarts of cooked potatoes would do as much toward fattening as four-fed raw, and that the value of corn meal is very nearly doubled by cooking. He considers raw potatoes almost valueless for fattening.

NEW YORK CONTINENTAL



Life Insurance Company,
OF NEW YORK.
STRICTLY MUTUAL!
Assets, \$4,500,000!

ISSUES all the new forms of Policies, and presents as favorable terms as any company in the United States.

The Company will make temporary loans on its Policies.

Thirty days' grace allowed on each payment, and the policy held good during that time.

Policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiture.

No extra charges are made for traveling permits. Policyholders share in the annual profits of the Company, and have a voice in the elections and management of the Company.

No policy or medical fee charged.

J. P. ROGERS, Secy.
J. F. EATON, General Agent,
No. 5 North Third Street,
429 y11 College Block, Harrisburg, Pa.

HOTELS.

PERRY HOUSE,

New Bloomfield, Pa.

THE subscriber having purchased the property on the corner of Maine and Carlisle streets, opposite the Court House, invites all his friends and former customers to give him a call as he is determined to furnish first-class accommodations.

THOMAS SUTCH, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL

NEW BLOOMFIELD,

Perry County, Penn'a.

HAVING purchased the hotel formerly occupied by David B. Lupton, situated on North Carlisle street adjoining the Court House, I am prepared to receive transient guests or regular boarders.

To all who favor me with their custom, I shall endeavor to furnish first-class accommodations. A call is solicited.

GEORGE DERRICK,
Bloomfield, March 9, 1869. [3 10 15 5]

NOTICE TO LAND OWNERS!

After the 12th day of August of this year, (1870) suits will be filed in the Court of Dauphin County for money due on lands in Perry County, unpatented.

For information relative to the Patenting of lands, call on or address
S. H. GALBRAITH,
Attorney-at-Law & County Surveyor,
Bloomfield, March 8, 1870.—11.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

Banking and Stocks.

BANKING HOUSE

OF

Jay Cooke & Co.,

112 AND 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Philadelphia,

DEALERS IN ALL

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Old 5-20s Wanted

IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW.

A LIBERAL DIFFERENCE ALLOWED.

Compound Interest Notes Wanted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

COLLECTIONS made; STOCKS bought and sold on Commission.

SPECIAL business accommodations reserved for LADIES. 3191

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PERKINPINE & HIGGINS,

55 NORTH FOURTH STREET,

Philadelphia,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a full supply of the latest and best LITERARY BOOKS from the leading Societies and Publishers. We make our selections with great care, and guarantee the moral and religious character of the books, cheerfully exchanging any that may not be satisfactory, selling at Publishers' prices, and, wherever practicable, making liberal discount to Schools.

A full assortment of MUSIC BOOKS.

Spellers, Question and Lesson Books, Maps, Medals, Reward Cards, Blackboards, Bible Dictionaries, Certificate Books, Library Registers, Secretaries' and Superintendents' Books, Mottoes, Scripture Pictures, Infant Class Manuals,

and everything new and useful for Sabbath-school use kept on hand or supplied to order. We have been engaged in this special branch of business for years past, and have acquired an experience which we think our customers uniformly find beneficial to their interests. A Descriptive and Illustrated Catalogue, containing names and prices of several thousand volumes, sent free to any address on application.
Philadelphia, April 5, 1870.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.

GRAYBILL & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Shades,

Brooms,

Carpet Chain,

Batting, Wadding, Twines, &c.

And a fine assortment of

Wood and Willow Ware,

No. 343, North Third Street,

Philadelphia, Pa.

January 1, 1869.

Pensions, Bounties, &c.

WIDOWS, Minor Children, Mothers, Fathers, &c., of Soldiers who were killed or died of disease contracted in the service of the United States, can now make application for Pension.

Also Soldiers who contracted disease or were wounded, ruptured, or in any way disabled in the war of 1861.

When widows die or re-marry, the child or children under sixteen years of age are entitled to a Pension.

The time for filing claims for additional bounty has been extended six months.

Particular attention given to old suspended cases in the different departments at Washington, D. C. If you have, or think you have a claim against the Government, call on or address the undersigned. No charge for information.

LEWIS POTTER,

Attorney for Claimants,

NEW BLOOMFIELD, PA.

THOMAS MOORE,

S. S. WEBER

GREATLY IMPROVED

AND

RE-FITTED!

'THE UNION,'

This fine Hotel is located on

Arch Street, Between Third and Fourth Street,

Philadelphia, Pa.

January 1, 1869.

MOORE & WEBER

Proprietors.

A Desirable Farm for Sale.

Will be sold at a bargain, a FARM situated in Centre township, about 2 miles North West of Bloomfield borough, containing 102 ACRES, 37 well timbered, and the balance cleared, and under a high state of cultivation. There are on the premises a LOG HOUSE, plastered, containing 7 rooms; a good BANK BARN, a good SAW MILL, and 2 LIME QUARRIES.

For further information apply to
C. A. BARNETT, Att'y-at-Law,
New Bloomfield, Pa.,
Or on the premises to Mrs. REBECCA GROFF, J4 35 81.

NEW STORE!

CHEAP GOODS!

THE subscriber having opened a new Store, one door East of Sweger's Hotel, solicits a share of the public patronage. He has just received a full supply of

New Goods.

and will constantly keep on hand, a complete assortment of

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES

QUEENSWARE HARDWARE,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

And Everything else usually kept in Stores.

Call and see my stock.

ROBT. N. WILLIS,

New Bloomfield, Pa.

LEBANON

Mutual Fire Insurance Company,

OF

Jonestown, Penn'a.

POLICIES PERPETUAL at Low Rates. No Steam risks taken. This is one of the best conducted and most reliable Companies in the State. Country property insured Perpetually at \$1.00 per thousand, and Town property at \$5.00 per thousand.

The Pennsylvania

Cattle Insurance Company,

OF

POTTSVILLE, PENN'A.,

INSURES HORSES AND CATTLE AGAINST Death, Theft, or Accident, at very Low Rates. Call on or address

LEWIS POTTER,

NEW BLOOMFIELD, PA.,

Agent for Perry County.

From the *Daily Miner's Journal* of July 22, 1870.

Yesterday James H. Grier, Agent of the Lebanon Mutual Fire Insurance Company, promptly paid Lewis Harris \$150, his insurance policy in full, which he lost by fire on Railroad Street, last Friday.

Mr. Grier also paid John Pettinger \$80, his insurance policy in full, which was on a horse that died last Saturday, and was insured in the Pennsylvania Cattle Insurance Company, of Pottsville.—416

KITCHEN CRYSTAL SOAP.

HOUSEKEEPERS

will find the

KITCHEN CRYSTAL SOAP

A great help in cleaning their houses. It is the

Original and Only Genuine

Paint Cleaner and Restorer, and will clean more

paint and do it better than any other Soap

Ever Made!

It will clean and polish Marble. It will clean and brighten Fine Brass, Copper and all Metallic Ware, and will remove all Paint, Pitch, Tar, Grease, Ink, Varnish or any other dirt from the hands. It is the only Soap for cleaning Windows or any kind of EARTHEN WARE. All other Soaps that are advertised to do the same are IMITATIONS of our Soap, and will not compare with it.

THE GREAT LABOR-SAVING

KITCHEN CRYSTAL SOAP!

Try it and you will like it. Ask for the "Kitchen Crystal Soap," and take no other. All Grocers sell it.

EASTMAN & BROOKE,

431 North Third Street,

Philadelphia,

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers.

The above is for sale by F. Mortimer & Co. New Bloomfield, Pa. 3313m.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN DRY-GOODS.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN GROCERIES.

A Great Variety of Notions,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

A Fine Assortment of Hardware

CHEAP FOR CASH.

WOOD & WILLOW WARE,

QUEENSWARE,

STATIONERY,

And a great variety of other goods, all

of which will be sold

AT GREAT BARGAINS.

F. Mortimer & Co.

New Bloomfield.

THE KIDNEYS.

THE Kidneys are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat, and consisting of three parts, viz: the Anterior, the Interior and the Exterior.

The Anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine and convey it to the Exterior. The Exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube, and called the Ureter. The Ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others urinate without the ability to retain.—This frequently occurs in children.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM.—Pain occurring in the joints is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky concretions.

THE GRAVEL.—The gravel ensues from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys.—These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes feverish, and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed and gravel ensues.

DROPSY is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.—Helmhold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best remedies for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, bladder, dropsical swellings, rheumatism and gouty affections. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water; Scanty Secretion, or small and frequent discharges of water; Strangury, or stopping of water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gout and Rheumatism of the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase in color, or dark water. It was always highly recommended by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy exercise by which the watery or calcareous deposits, and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and it is taken by men, women, and children. Directions for use and diet accompany.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 25, 1867.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist:
DEAR SIR—I have been a sufferer, for upward of twenty years, with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent Physicians, experiencing but little relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and, some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubeb, and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room. From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks, was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a full statement of my case at the time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of more value to you, and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months.

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

M. McCORMICK.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. WM. BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.

THOS. B. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.

J. C. KNOX, Judge, Philadelphia.

J. S. BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia.

D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.

ELLIS LEVIE, Judge, Philadelphia.

R. C. GRIER, Judge, United States Court.

G. W. WOODWARD, Judge, Philadelphia.

W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philad'a.

JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor, California.

E. BANKS, Auditor General, Washington, D. C. And many others, if necessary.

Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.—Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmhold's. Take no other. PRICE—\$1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for \$6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address, H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 504 Broadway, N. Y.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE up in steel-engraved wrapper, with facsimile of my Chemical Warehouse and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

4 23 15 p