The Ploomfield Cimes.

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NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENN'A.

Tuesday, August 30, 1870.

THE Census reports prove Philadelphia to be one of the largest manufacturing cities in the United States. The growth of the city in all branches of industry for ten years past, exceeds that of any other city in the country.

A NEUTRALITY PROCLAMATION has been issued by the President, setting forth what acts are forbidden to persons in this country, during the present European war, and warning all persons what the penalties of a violation of the neutrality laws are.

THE TROUBLES in North Carolina are now in a fair way to be settled in court. Nearly all the citizens imprisoned by the orders of Col. Kirk have been released. Legal proceedings have been commenced against Kirk by those he had deprived of liberty, and writs have been issued against him. He will now have a chance to explain his actions and charges, and perhaps the truth will be arrived at. The statements which have been made by both parties are so clouded by party misrepresentation and ill feeling that it has been difficult to get a fair statement.

WAR NEWS.

During the past week the reports of the operations of the French and Prussian armies have been more conflicting and contradictory than usual. Early in the week dispatches announced with freat positiveness that the invading army had been obliged to turn back from its maerh on Paris, in order to protect the Line of communication with its reserves. Later accounts flatly contradict this assertion, and state that the onward march not only continues, but that there is strong probability that another week will find the Prussian army under the walls of the French capital. The French armics under Bazaine and MacMahon, have not been able to join their forces. Saturday's dispatches assert that Bazaine is besieged at Metz, with no chance for escape. There is no doubt that a large proportion of the stuff published in the daily papers as "Foreign Despatches," is written in New York; it is the only way to reasonably account for so many contradictory statements, which all bear the same date. If this is not the ease, and the "Associated Press" pay the full price per word for all those "despatches" they are getting most terribly swindled. But by publishing glowing accounts of battles one day it makes a demand for papers, and the contradicton sure to follow, creates another damand.

Experiments with tonnedoes were recently made at Brest. One of them was to test the action of one of those submarine monsters on a nautical "screw," which was placed in position for the purpose of the experiment. The old vessel was moored over a torpedo containing about 600 pounds of powder, lying at a depth of 40 feet (French), say, 50 Eng-Lish feet. When the explosion took place the condemned craft was first of all nearly lifted out of the sea, and then a powerful jet of water pierced it as if an enormous projectile had passed through keel and decks, and rose to a height of some 60 feet. But for the empty casks with which the ship was laden it would immediately have gone to the bottom. All the danger, however, in the explosion of the torpedo is not represented by this mass of water, which destroys as it rises and inundates as it falls. A no less terrible effect is produced by the powder, which in searching an issue; escapes from the water in sharp blades which nothing can resist. Beams measuring lated currency, and an account of the dismore than six square feet have been cut count has been kept, which shows an through as with a saw. Ganpowder is found to answer better for torpedoes than picrate of potassium, nitro-glycerine, or saved: all of which has, of course, come gun-cotton.

NAPOLEON III.

At the present time, the following condensed history of the French Emperer will, we think, be acceptable to our read-

Louis Napoleon's full name is Charles Louis Napoleon Bonaparte. He was born in Paris, in the place of the Tuilieries, April 20, 1808, and is over 62 years of age. He is the third son of Louis Napoleon, brother of the first Emperor Napoleon. His mother was the ex-Queen Hortense. Louis Napoleon received his early education in the castle of Aremsbirg, on the shores of Lake Constance. He displayed a passion for history and the exact sciences, was fond of athletic sportes, and in Switzerland he developed an aptitude for military strat-

He served for some time as a volunteer in the military camp at Thun. In 1830 he took part in the insurrection in the Pontificial States with his brother; the latter died at Fodi, and Louis was dangerously ill at Ancona, and only saved by the devoted nursing of his mother. He fled from Ancona, on the approach of the Austrians, to France; was expelled from France by Louis Phillippe, went to England and thence returned to Switzer-

In 1831 the Crown of Poland and the command of the Polish legions were offered him. The death in 1832, of the Duke of Reichstadt, the only son of Napoleon I, opened the future to his ambitions hopes; from that time his whole life, speculative and practical, was devoted to the realization of what now be-came his "fixed idea"—that he was to become sovereign of France. In 1836 he attempted a coup d'etat, at Strasbourg against Louis Phillippe, and failed: was taken prisoner to Paris, and exiled to America. He shortly returned to Switzerland, on account of the illness of his mother, who died October 2, 1837.

He went thence to London; in 1839 to Scotland; in 1840 he made another attempt at the throne of France, failed. was captured, brought to trial, and condemned to perpetual imprisonment in the fortress of Ham. Here he did much literary work, and finally escaped May 24, 1846, by the help of Dr. Conneau, in the disguise of a workman, and gained the Belgian frontier, whence he returned to

The revolution of February, 1848, caused him to return to France; he professed to be devoted to the view of the Provisional Government. He was, however, by the latter requested to leave the country, and promised to do so; but being elected Deputy for Paris and three other departments, he took his seat in the Constitutional Assembly June 13, 1848. After a stormy debate he resigned his seat on the 16th of June and left France. He was called to France in September. 1848, by a quintuple election, and again appeared in the Assembly, the avowed candidate for the Presidency, he was elected by a vote of 2,562,166 out of 7,500,-000 votes. December 20 he took the oath of allegiance to the Republic.

In 1850 his enemies, who believed him devoted to his own interests rather than to those of the Republic, manifested a strong opposition to his policy. An anarchic condition of things continued until he put a stop thereto by the coup d'etat of December 2, 1851. Under the pressure of his power, following the coup Petat, he was elected President of the Republic, December 20 and 21, for ten years, and invested with all the powers he demanded by more than seven million

A year afterward he assumed the title and prerogatives of Emperor, thus attaining the goal of his early ambition. In 1853 he married Eugenie Marie, Countess of Montijo, a Spanish lady of great beauty, by whom he has one child, the Prince Imperial, born March 16, 1856.

Mutilated Bank Notes.

Under the rules of the United States Treasury all mutilated bank notes are redeemed according to the degree of mutilation. A note with a certain portion of its superficial surface torn off is never redeemed at its full value, but in proportion to the quantity of superficial surface presented for redemption. Since greenbacks were introduced, the redemption division of the Treasury has been constantly engaged in redeeming this mutiaggregate up to the present date of \$186,-693, which the Government has thus out of the pockets of the holders.

Terrible Fires in Canada.

A letter from Ottawa, Canada, dated August 18th giving an account of the fires that had devastated the country says, the fires that have raged in the bush during the past three weeks approached the settlements in the vicinity of this city last night, almost wholly destroying them, driving the inhabitants from their homes and in the majority of cases almost with out clothing. Several lives were reported to have been lost, and about 120 persons missing; they are probably hiding in the creeks and rivers. About 30 persons arrived in this city to-day, burned and otherwise personally injured. Fires are in some spots to the extent of forty or fifty miles by twelve or fifteen wide, running west and east, parallel to this city, mostly on the other or north side of the

Hundreds escaped during the night by running to the riverand standing up to their necks in the water, occasionally wetting their heads. Here and there were awful scenes. Scores of horses and cattle are described as having been driven mad by the smoke cinders and heat, and plunged into the flames. The list of farmers totally ruined, so far as is ascertained, comprise some eighteen or twenty of the most wealthy in the district. The Packenham stage driver could not see the road on account of the smoke. He drove ahead for the sand hills, but before he could get there a fire broke out half a mile ahead, but luckily turned in another direction off the road.

Stittsville is almost wholly destroyed. Mr. Grant, a farmer there, being burned alive. Near that place, also, Fredrick Richardson and Mrs. Harton are known to have been killed. There are also other deaths.

The important village of Buckingham is said to be wholly destroyed. A score of other villages and settlements further back are reported to be almost burned to cinder, but the details are not obtainable.

A Man Shoots himself in Church.

While the congregation of St. Paul's Chapel, Vesey street and Broadway, N. Y., were engaged in prayer at the evening service on Sunday, the assemblage was suddenly startled by a pistol shot in the gallery There was at once the atmost consternation and confusion, heightened by the fact that cries were heard of a man having been shot.

When orders was restored it was found that a man seated in the gallery had suddealy drawn a pistol and pointing at his breast, fired it and fell to the floor. He gave his name as Edward Marqueny, a native of Germany, aged 59 years, and living at No. 50 Rose street. Having been removed to the office of Dr. Swan, it was found that no wound had been inflicted with anything more deadly than fine shot. He said that he had lost his wife, which preyed upon his mind, and on this followed loss of employment and destitution. He had, under these circumstances, applied to some of the officers of the church for aid, and failing to eceive it he determined to kill himsel in the presence of the congregation.

Miscellaneous News Items.

Some of the omnibus routes of London are fourteem miles long.

IF French peasants are poisoning the

22 A deacon at Cavendish, Vt., was recently fined ten dollars for selling cider to a habitual drunkard.

137 At Davenport, Iowa, last Saturday, Mrs. Koenig drowned her children, aged 4 and 2 years, in a bucket of water, and then committed suicide by jumping into a well.

LET A Munich despatch states that that Government has forbidden the promulgation of the bull of Papal infallibility in Bavaria.

Last week the quiet city of Binghamington, N. Y., was agitated over a double murder, a suicide, and a genuine case of garroting.

Charles Reynolds, a street-car driver of Indianapolis, Ind., committed suicide a few days back in consequence of having been locked out of his ledging-house for a non-payment of rent.

** At Memphis, on the 23d inst., Pike Bowles, a well-known cotton merchant, while undressing let a pistol fall, which was discharged, the ball striking him in the temple, causing instant death.

Shortly before noon, last Tuesday a man passing along Wooster street, New York, was knocked down by robbers. His cries brought up some policemen and two of the daring highwaymen were captured.

TAT A correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, writing from San Francisco, says he has good authority for stating that the 5th of September has been decided upon for the massacre of the Chinose in that city

Reports from the west are very encouraging in regard to the crops. The papers in Wisconsin report that corn is growing rapidly of late, and the prospect now is that there will be an enormous yield.

This will more than make up for the deficiency in the oat crop.

Sparta Eagle reports that the corn crop bids fair to be the best ever raised in that section of the country. Oats do not turn out as good as was expected. In many places they are only about one-half crop. The hop crop will be a fair one.

图 A curious and painful scene was witnessed at the burning of a mill on Battle Island, near Oswego, a few days ago. The mill was the home of great flocks of swal-lows and pigeons. While the flames were raging, the birds would circle above them in flocks, and then dash into them in a body. Hundreds of there were found dead on the ground after the fire. The birds had nests in the mill, filled with young ones, which they sought to defend.

The Peatl Flour Mills, of Allegheny City, one of the most extensive in this sec tion of the State, was entirely destroyed by fire on the 22d instant.

A large amount of flour and grain was consumed. The loss is estimated at \$200,-000, upon which there is an insurance of

图 A despatch from Ottawa Canada, says: Fires are still burning in all direc-tions. The distress and suffering are incalculable. The Governor's residence is in danger. The mills have closed and all hands are out fighting the fire. A public meeting is to be held to devise measures for relieving the distressed.

表 A riot occurred in Fall River, on the 24th inst., where the spinners are on a strike. A crowd of a thousand assembled near Durfee Mill to assault the workmen as they came out, as on a previous evening. The police could not disperse the mob, and one or two of the officers were knocked senseless with stones. The Fire Department was called out and played water upon

**EF* William H. Gordon, proprietor of a soda water stand in N.Y. avenged his domestic wrongs last week, by making a murderous attack on his wife and child and a friend of his wife, at No. 231 Gouverneur street. He wound up by attempting to take his

The ship "John Bertram" arrived at N. Y., last week from Hamburg with one hundred and eleven passengers. The voyage lasted two months, and those on board were greatly surprised at learning of the

CHOLERA!!!

The following letter is from Mr. Woodward, of St. Louis, to J. N. Harris, Esq., of New London, Conn. Mr. W. is a gentleman of high respectability, and during the prevalence of the cholera in St. Louis, watched the result of the application of the Pain Killer for this disease, and his testimony can be relied upon with the utmost confidence :

DEAR SIR:-You recollect when I saw you in

Dear Sir:—You recollect when I saw you in January last, my expressing to you my most sanguine expectations that DAVIS PAIN KILLER would have a tremendous sale in the west this season, and my anticipations have been more than realized, and the testimony of thousands who have used it has been that they would not be willing to go to bed at night without it in the house.

On the appearance of the Cholera in this city, such was the confidence in the Pain Killer as a remedy, that many who purchased it remarked to me that they had no fears or dread of the cholera as long as they had the Pain Killer by them, and hundreds took it daily as a preventative, for no person can have a derangement of bowels or diarrhosa if they use this medicine. This was the security and confidence of hundreds acquainted with it, and when their friends were attacked with the Cholera they would administer the remedy in large quantities, and in every case when it has been taken in any of the first stages of the disease, it has proved successful.

Lonsider it an infallible remedy. I have not heard of any individual in any family who used the Pain Killer when attacked but speedily recovered.

The clerk informed me that he administered it

ered. The clerk informed me that he administered it The clerk informed me that he administered it to persons when cold or in cramps, and it gave immediate relief, but still it should be given quickly, for when the discharge of "rice water" has beginn, the hape of life has fied. Should this disease make its appearance among you, as in all probability it will, be not a armed; you all others there have the remedy, and I am confident if the Pain Killer is used, not a single death by Cholera will occur in your city.

occur in your eity.

Respectfully, yours.

A. T. WOODWARD.

#2-The Pain Killer is sold by all dealers in Famly Medicines.—34—1m

"OUR FATHER'S HOUSE;"

The Unwritten Word.

Ry Daniel March. D. D., author of the popular "Night Scenes." This master in thought and language, shows us untold riches and beauties in the Great House, with its Booming flowers, Singing birds, Waving palms, Rolling clouds, Beautiful bow, Sacred mountains, Delightful rivers, Mighty oceans, Thundering voices, Blazing heavens and vast universe with countless beings in millions of worlds, and reads to us in each the Unwritten Word. Rose-tinted paper, ornate engravings and superb binding. "Rich and varied in thought." "Chaste." "Easy and graceful in style." "Correct, pure and elevating in its tendency. "Beautiful and good." "A household treasure." Commendations like the above from College Presidents and Professors, ministers of all denominations, and the religious and secular press all over the country. Its freshness, purity of language, with clear open type, fine steel engravings, substantial binding, and low price, making it the book for the masses. Agents are selling from 50 to 150 per week.

We want Clergymen. School Teachers, smart ac-

week.

We want Clergymen. School Teachers, smart active young men and ladies to introduce the work for us in every township, and we will pay liberally. No intelligent man or woman need be without a

No intering business.
Send for circular, full description, and terms.—
Send for circular, full description, and terms.—
Address
ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 16 & Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; or, 130 Hace Street, Cincumant, Ohio;
69 Monroe Street, Chicago, Hi.; 563 N. Sixth St.,
St. Louis, Mo.; or, 162 Main St., Springfield,
Mass.—I 35 4m.

A LL PÉRSONS are forbid, under the penal-ty of the law, to trespass on my premises, in Spring and Tyrone townships, for the purpose of hunting, fishing, gathering fruit, or nuts, or for cutting timber. The penalty of the law will be strictly enforced.

HENRY COOPER.

Aug 16, 1870.

A Desirable Farm for Sale.

Will be sold at a bargain, a PARM situated in Centre township, about 2 miles North West of Bloomfield borough, containing 103 ACRES, 37 well timbered, and the balance cleared, and under a high state of cultivation. There are on the premises a LOG HOUSE, plastered, containing 7 rooms; a good BANK BARN, a good SAW MILL and 2 LIME QUARRIES.

49 For further information apply to C. A. BARNETT, Atty at Law, New Bicomfield, Fa., Or on the premises to Mrs. Rebecca Groff, 143580.

Eight Per Ct. in Gold.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ISSUE OF

\$1,500,000,

St. Joseph and Denver City

RAILROAD COMPANY,

In denominations of \$1,000 and \$500, coupon In denominations of \$1,000 and \$500, coupon or registered, with interest at Eight per cent, per annum, payable 15th February and Angust, in GOLD free from United States taxes, in New York or Europe. The bonds have thirty years to run, payable in New York in GOLD. Trustees, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York. The mortgage which secures these bonds is at the rate of \$13.50 per mile: covers a completed road for every bond issued, and is a first and ONLY mortgage. This line, connecting \$5. Joseph with Fort Kearney, will make a short and through route to California.

Total, \$15,500,600

Total length of road, 271 miles; distance included in this Mortgage, 111 miles; price, 97 1-3 and accrued interest, 1N CU LREENCY. Can be obtained from the undersigned. Also, pamphlets, maps and information relating thereto.—These bonds, being so well secured and yielding a large income, are desirable to parties seeking safe and lucrative investments. We recommend them with entire confidence.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO., COMMERCIAL AGENTS,

No. 54 Pine Street, New York.

TANNER & CO., FISCAL AGENTS, No. 49 Wall Street, New York.

Bloomfield Academy!

An English and Classical School FOR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

THE FALL TERM of this Institution commences August 29th.
The course of study embraces Latin, Greek, English Branches, Mathematics, Natural Science, &c., and is designed to furnish a thorough English Education, or a complete Preparation for a Collegist Course.

Vacations:-July and August, and one week at

Carations:—Inly and Angust, and one week at Christinas.

Terms:—For Boarding, Furnished Room, Washing, Tuition in Latin, Greek, English Branches and Mathematics, for the scolastic year, except board in vacations.—\$200,00.

The Boarding Department is at the institution, under the supervision of William Grier, Esq., by whom good and substantial board will be furnished; and the pupils will be under the strict care of the Principal. Address—

W. H. Dilli, Principal,

or WILLIAM GRIER.

51tf] [New Bloomfield, Perry county, Pa.

Pennsylvania R. R. Time Table.

NEWPORT STATION.

On and after May 29, 1870, Pas

Pittsb'g Expr's. (Flag)4-41 A. M. dally exc't Sunday. Way Passenger, 9.13 A. M., dally except Monday. Math. 241 P. M. dally except Sunday. A mixed train with passenger car attached, will leave Harrisburg at 5 o'clock p. m., and Nowport at 6.46 p. m.

EAST

DUNCANNON STATION.

On and afterSunday, June 12th, 1870, trains with leave Duncannon, as follows:

Stage Line Between Newport and New Germantown.

STAGES leave New Germantown daily at four o'clock a.m. Landisburg at 7.39 a.m. Greenpark at 8 a.m. New Bloomileid at 9½ a.m. Arriving at Newport to connset with the Accommodation train East.

Returning leaves Newport on the arrival of the Mail Train from Philadelphia, at 2.30 p. m.

Z. RICE, Proprietor.

New Stage Line BETWEEN

BLOOMFIELD and NEWPORT!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber is now running a back between at 9a m., arriving at Newport, leaving Bloomfield with the Express train East. with the Express train East.

Returning, leaves Newport at 2.30 p.m., or on the arrival of the Mail train West.

He has also opened a LIVERY in the Stables belonging to Rinesmith's Hotel, where he is prepared to furnish horses and buggiess at moderate-prices.

AMOS ROBINSON.

To Blacksmiths. — Those wanting the best quality of Toe and Blister Steel, can purchase it at low prices of F. Mortimer