

The Bloomfield Times.

ADVERTISING RATES: Transient—8 Cents per line for one insertion. 12 " " " two insertions. 15 " " " three insertions.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS. One Square per year, including paper, \$ 8 00 Two Squares per year, including paper, 12 00 Three Squares " " " 16 00 Four Squares " " " 20 00 Ten Lines Nonpareil or one Inch, is one square.

NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENNA. Tuesday, August 2, 1870.

GOLD closed last Saturday at 120 1/2.

THE PERIN MASSACRE after all turns out to have actually happened, and French Gun Boats are ordered to visit Chinese waters and demand satisfaction.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.—By a law passed at the last session of Congress, the Tuesday following the first Monday in November, is fixed as the day for all States to elect members of Congress.

THE HEAT of the Summer has been most destructive to human life. In New York city alone, over six hundred cases of sun-stroke, have occurred, and in all parts of the country, an unusual number of such accidents have been reported.

GENERAL SHERIDAN and General Forsyth, a member of his staff, sailed from New York last Wednesday, for Europe to visit the camp of the French and Prussian armies. General Sheridan is granted a furlough for the purpose of this visit, but pays his own expenses.

THE RACE between the English Yacht Cambria, and the American Yacht Dauntless, resulted in the defeat of the American vessel. The Cambria arriving seventy minutes in advance of the Dauntless. In a race from Europe to New York such a little difference is to say the least, remarkable, and shows that the vessels are well-matched.

THE OLD GENTLEMAN who is unfortunate enough to be called the Pope, is likely to have more trouble in his old age. The French troops have been called away, and revolt already shows itself in the "Eternal City." Without the French bayonets it is very probable that the Pope will set on a very uncertain throne.

INTERESTING TO SOLDIERS.—Soldiers who lost limbs during the Rebellion, will be glad to know that a law was passed, giving to each soldier so unaimed, an artificial limb, or to those who have had one furnished, a renewal every five years. If, however, he so desires, he can, instead of the limb, receive money at the following rate. For a leg \$75, arm \$50, feet \$50. Apparatus for resection \$50. Those who have lost limbs, but from the nature of the case cannot use an artificial one, can take the money.

A law was also passed making pensions payable quarterly, instead of semi-annually as heretofore.

A WONDERFUL DECISION has recently been rendered by one of the officials of the Internal Revenue Department, in proof of which we refer our readers to the following letter:

Office Treasury Department, Washington, July 8, 1870. Sir:—J. Bastrors, Cashier First National Bank, of York, Pa., writes under date of the seventh instant, to this office, enquiring if the clause "without defalcation" inserted in a promissory note, subjects such note to an additional stamp.

He has been referred to you, and you are therefore advised that such notes should, in addition to the stamp required upon them, as such, be stamped agreements, with respect to the clause or words quoted. Respectfully, J. W. DONOLAN, Deputy Commissioner.

J. W. PATTON, Esq., Collector, Caliste, Pa. We always supposed a note was an agreement in itself—an agreement to pay a certain amount at a specified time.

The Needle Gun.

At the present time, a description of the needle gun, upon which weapon the Prussians depend, may be interesting to our readers.

This celebrated gun is a breech-loading, single barrelled, non-revolving rifle. With a movement of an apparent trigger, a section of the top of the barrel slides back far enough to admit the cartridge to be placed in the cavity of the barrel, which is done by the gunner, with his left hand, without removing the piece from his shoulder, or, necessarily, losing his aim. Another movement restores the section of the top of the barrel to its place, and firmly fastens it, ready at the instant for firing. It can be fired, therefore, twelve times in a minute, until the barrel is too hot to admit of the introduction of the cartridge, and this is not easily done, as the cartridge ignites by friction only, and not by mere heat, and the time it remains in the chamber before being fired is but an instant.

Fall of a Meteor.

A letter from Freedom, Missouri, gives an account of a recent fall of a meteor near that place. The substance of the letter is that on the 5th of July, the family of Joseph Younge were startled by the appearance of a column of flame in the air, which extended many hundred feet upward to a point, and rapidly approaching the earth. It was attended with a rushing noise which became almost deafening as it drew near, and ended with a report like the loudest thunder. From the commencement of the light until the report, was scarcely more than a second. Soon after the occurrence at a distance of some two hundred yards from Mr. Younge's house, was found a body of metallic characteristics and irregular form. From its position and the appearance of the ground it must have fallen from the south. Its weight is about as much as a man can readily lift. Its color is dark brown, almost black, and in one spot it shows a metallic tint. When struck with a hammer it gives a sonorous ring and indicates a good degree of elasticity. It also bears evidence of having been subjected to intense heat. This strange visitor from the regions of the air is attracting much attention in the neighborhood.

There is a new use for petroleum. One Samuel Bryant, of Carrollton, Mississippi, has discovered that it will make the hair grow. The way he found out this new property of coal oil was simply this:—He had a large boil on the bald place on his head, which gave him much pain, and in the absence of anything else he rubbed coal oil on it. He says it relieved the pain almost instantly, so he continued to rub on the oil until the boil was entirely well, when to his surprise, he found a thin coating of hair coming out over the bald place. He continued the use of the oil for a month or two, and now has a heavy coat of hair on his head.

War News.

At the seat of war, affairs still remain in about the same condition as at our last report. There have been several slight skirmishes, but nothing of importance has yet taken place. Both parties are getting ready for the conflict by massing troops and collecting materials, and when the shock does come, (which may not be for some days) it will undoubtedly be one of the greatest battles of this century. So far, both France and Prussia are acting on the defensive, as neither nation is altogether prepared.

Fatal Accident.

An accident happened at Profit Island about four miles below Port Hudson on the Mississippi, last week. There are on the island quite a number of those deadly missiles which were known during the war as lamp-posts, and which were probably thrown there from the gun-boats. One of them a 150-pound shell, a number of men and boys took it into their heads to investigate, drilling at the vent with a steel hatchet and chisel. The result was that the shell exploded, killing outright two men and two boys, and wounding another boy. The four persons killed were literally torn to atoms, being an undistinguishable mass of human flesh.

A Singular Case.

The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Courier writes:—The chief topic of the town now is the outrageous treatment of their niece, Miss Mollie Stevens, by Mr. Liva Lafond and his wife. The accused have been arrested on a charge of gross cruelty toward the unfortunate young lady whom they had in their power. The matter has been much talked of for several weeks in that part of the city where Lafond lives. The neighbors have observed how Miss Stevens was beaten, starved, imprisoned and otherwise infamously dealt with. She has had no sufficient or decent clothing and she has been kept in a most filthy condition, so as to deter her from venturing abroad should she get out of her lock-room.

At the windows of this room she has often stood, piteously begging every one who came in hearing for bread.

On Sunday last, her cries becoming heart-rending, the neighbors again invaded the premises, and caught Lafond himself, armed with a paddle bored full of holes, and beating her pitilessly.

She is a skeleton, bruised and scarred from head to foot, scarcely able to walk alone, and almost an idiot from her sufferings. Clothes had to be given her to cover her before she could be brought into the police court. The examination of Lafond and his wife is postponed, and Miss Stevens has been placed in charge of a family that will take good care of her. Her guardian and brother, who live in an adjoining county, have been sent for. All the parties are said to be respectable and of good family, and the guardian of Miss Stevens pays Lafond a liberal monthly allowance for her board and clothing.

A Curious Accident.

The Scranton Republican is responsible for the following:

An accident of a curious character occurred to an old gentleman named Pettibone, who carries the mail between Wilkesbarre and Lake post-office, on Thursday last. About four miles from Wilkesbarre, on the road to Harvey's Lake, Mr. Pettibone attempted to pass one of the wagons of the G. A. R. Excursion, and the road being very narrow, he drove horse, wagon and all over an embankment into a ravine of stumps, rocks, and brush. The members of the Grand Army immediately rushed to the rescue, and in a few minutes had raised the wagon and horse, to neither of which any damage was perceptible. The old man was more unfortunate, and was bleeding profusely from the face. Two medical gentlemen in the party made an examination, and found that the only injury he had received was on the nose. It appears that Mr. Pettibone was afflicted with cancer on the nose, and on falling struck his nasal organ in such a manner as to cut the cancer clean off. The nose was put into as good shape as possible by the two doctors, and if the cancer does not again make its appearance the accident will prove to have been a blessing in disguise.

Desperate Attempt at Robbery.

A desperate attempt to rob Mr. Browning, Teller of the First National Bank of Fishkill village, was made at Cold Spring N. Y., on last Wednesday. Mr. Browning was standing in front of a store, near the depot, waiting for the up-train, and had in his hand a carpet bag containing several thousand dollars, collected for deposit in his bank. Suddenly a man walked up to him, and throwing a handful of red pepper in his eyes, seized the satchel and ran into Mr. Munsell's grounds, near the depot, where Mr. Munsell's coachman seized him and threw him to the ground and recaptured the satchel.

The thief then drew a revolver and fired three shots at the coachman, one of which took effect in the latter's abdomen mortally wounding him. Citizens at once seized the thief and handed him over to the sheriff, who took him to Carmel jail. The thief gives his name as John Smith, and says he resides in New York. Mr. Browning's eyes were badly injured by the pepper.

All severe harassing Coughs are cured in less than one-half the time necessary to cure them with anything else by using Dr. Pierce's Alternative Extract or Golden Medical Discovery the chief ingredient of which is extracted from a modest little plant found growing by the roadside. It is warranted to arrest and cure consumption in its early stages. Sold by druggists, or get three bottles for three and a quarter dollars, free of express charges, by enclosing the money to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Horrible Murder.

Shortly after midnight, on Thursday Mr. Benjamin Nathan, a banker residing at No. 12 W. Twenty-third street, New York, was murdered in his sleeping chamber, by robbers. An evening paper of that city says:—

As the details of the crime became known, it is apparent that for atrocity the murder is unparalleled in this city. Since the murder of Helen Jewett, and later, that of Dr. Burdell and old Mr. Rogers in Twelfth street, no crime of a similar nature has been committed in the city that presents so many revolting features.

A frightful crime has come to light in the West. Some speculators have been buying infected buffalo robes from the Indians of the plains who are afflicted with small-pox, and have transported them East and resold them so that the loathsome disease has been scattered broadcast in the States. The facts have only recently been discovered. One thousand three hundred robes have been seized by the government at Miota station. The managers of the Pacific Railroad are using every effort to prevent the passage of any more of the death-spreading merchandise over their line.

Miscellaneous News Items.

A correspondent puts the French force now on the frontier down at 800,000.

Nearly all the business part of Concord, N. H., was recently destroyed by fire.

Nineteen persons were killed and many injured by an explosion in a Welsh colliery on Tuesday last.

No purchases in this country of vessels or war materials, by France or Prussia, will be permitted by the Government.

Six hundred Chicago Germans have signified to the German Consul their readiness to enlist immediately in the Prussian army.

England has passed a law abolishing all the toll-gates on all the turnpikes in the realm, which goes into effect on the 1st of October next.

Three human skeletons, of very unusual proportions, were unearthed in the process of digging a well in Union county, Ind., a few days since.

Mr. Geo. C. Francis, General Agent of the Pennsylvania railroad company at Philadelphia, died suddenly at Cresson Springs, on Friday, the 22nd inst.

A quarrel between the Georgia House of Representatives and a member of that body, both colored, resulted in the former shooting and killing the latter.

An analyzing dame reports that she heard of but one old woman who kissed her cow, but she knows of many thousands of young ones who have kissed very great calves.

It is stated that recently on opening, at Windsor, Canada, a box car loaded with one hundred and twenty-five lambs, intended to be conveyed to the Boston market, only four were alive.

At a recent railway accident in England the dead and wounded were plundered indiscriminately. The tempting display of rings, watches, &c., overcame all humanity, and even policemen lent the wreckers their aid in despoiling the corpses.

A few nights since, in New Castle, Pa., a four months' old child was so badly bitten by a rat, while in bed with its parents, Mr. and Mrs. Belle, that it died a few days after from poisonous effects of the bite. One of the child's fingers had been entirely bitten through.

On Tuesday evening last, the Pennsylvania Steam Sugar Refinery, a very large building situated on Crown and Race sts., was totally destroyed, with all its contents and machinery, in Philadelphia. The building was seven stories high, and was well stocked with raw and refined sugars. The loss will probably be a million of dollars.

At West Lebanon on the 27th ult., Conductors Shattuck and Barnes, and Engineer Grant were arraigned for manslaughter in the second degree, by causing the late collision on the Northern Railroad.—They pleaded not guilty, and were held in \$1000 each, to appear before the Supreme Judicial Court next week.

A recent writer says that in passing through Salt Lake City he saw people at work in the gardens, attached to nearly every homestead, driving the grasshoppers in swarms out of the enclosures, using green boughs to whip them with, and "Smudges" to discourage them from coming back. A person walking along the street would have a cloud rising before him at every step.

A cat belonging to a lady at Halifax Court House, Virginia, a few weeks ago discharged from its stomach a moccasin snake 29 inches long. The snake was alive and killed by persons present. From its appearance, being thoroughly bleached, it is supposed that when quite young and small it was swallowed by the cat, and had grown and been nourished for a long time within the stomach. The owner of the cat had noticed for some time its voracious appetite, which it was almost impossible to satisfy. The snake accounts for it.

The "Pain-Killer."

The foreign and domestic demand for Perry Davis & Son's great medicine—the Pain-Killer—was never before so large as it has been of late; and we think the time has arrived when the declaration may be made, without the possibility of refutation, that the city of Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, of the United States of America, has furnished the habitable globe with a medicine, which, in point of universality of demand, extent of usefulness, complete efficiency for all the purposes for which it is designed and wide-spread, enduring popularity, has never been equalled by any medicine in Europe or America.

The universality of the demand for the Pain-Killer, is a novel, interesting, and surprising feature in the history of this medicine. Its "fame has gone out" into every quarter of the habitable globe. The Pain-Killer is now regularly sold in large and steadily increasing quantities, not only to general agents in every State and Territory of the Union, and every Province of British America, but to Buenos Ayres, Brazil, Uruguay, Peru, Chili and other South American States; to the Sandwich Islands; to England and Continental Europe; to Mozambique, Madagascar, Zanzibar and other African lands; to Australia and Ceylon, Rangoon and other places in India. It has also been sent to China, and we doubt if there is any foreign port or inland city in Africa or Asia, which is frequented by American and European missionaries, travellers or traders, into which the Pain-Killer has not been introduced and been sought after.

The extent of its usefulness is another great feature of this remarkable medicine. It is not only the best thing ever known, as everybody will confess, for bruises, cuts, burns, &c., but for dysentery or cholera, or any sort of bowel complaint it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency and rapidity of action. In the great cities of British India, and in the West India Islands and other hot climates it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for dyspepsia, liver complaints and other kindred disorders. For coughs and colds, croup, asthma and rheumatic ailments, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing trials and testimony, to be an invaluable medicine. The proprietors are in possession of letters from persons of the highest character and responsibility, testifying, in unequivocal terms, to the cures effected and the satisfactory results produced, in an almost endless variety of cases, by the use of this great medicine.—Proc. Advertiser.] SOLD BY Druggists and Dealers in Family Medicines, and Dr. Strickler, New Bloomfield, Pa.] July 26—1m

Eight Per Ct. in Gold.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ISSUE OF \$1,500,000, BY THE St. Joseph and Denver City RAILROAD COMPANY,

In denominations of \$1,000 and \$500, coupon or registered, with interest at Eight per cent. per annum, payable 15th February and August, in GOLD, free from United States taxes, in New York or Europe. The bonds have thirty years to run, payable in New York in GOLD. Trustees, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York. The mortgage which secures these bonds is at the rate of \$15 50 per mile covers a completed road for every bond issued, and is a first and ONLY mortgage. This line, connecting St. Joseph with Fort Kearney, will make a short and through route to California.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Total length of road, 271 miles; distance included in this mortgage, 111 miles; price, 17 1/2 and accrued interest, IN GOLD, 1,500,000. Total, \$16,500,000.

The Company have a Capital Stock of \$10,000,000 and a grant of Land from Congress, of 1,600,000 Acres, valued at the lowest estimate, at \$4,000,000. First Mortgage Bonds, 1,500,000.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO., COMMERCIAL AGENTS, No. 54 Pine Street, New York. TANNER & CO., FISCAL AGENTS, No. 49 Wall Street, New York. 4223m r.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. IN THE MATTER OF Edwin Shuman, Bankrupt—Eastern District of Pennsylvania, SS: A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Edwin Shuman, of the County of Perry, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of all debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at New Bloomfield, in said District, on the Tenth day of August, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of CHARLES A. BANKRUPT, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District. E. M. GREGORY, U. S. Marshal for said District.

Stage Line Between Newport and New Germantown.

STAGES leave New Germantown daily at four o'clock a. m. Landsburg at 7.30 a. m. Green Park at 8 a. m. New Bloomfield at 9 1/4 a. m. Arriving at Newport to connect with the Accommodation Train East. Returning leaves Newport on the arrival of the Mail Train from Philadelphia, at 2.30 p. m. Z. RICE, Proprietor.

Dried Peaches.—Another splendid lot of Dried Peaches, at 12 1/2 cents per pound, for sale by F. Mortimer & Co., Bloomfield.