

## The Bloomfield Times.



NEW BLOOMFIELD, PENN'A.

Tuesday, March 29, 1870.

THE SENATE Tuesday last confirmed the nomination of Hon. Joseph P. Bradley of New Jersey, as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

THE Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, have voted unanimously to reject the Danish treaties for the acquisition of St. Thomas. It had not an advocate though it was warmly indorsed by the President.

GENERAL LOGAN has been authorized to prepare a bill regulating the appointments of cadets. It directs that cadets shall have resided for two years in the district, and the member and cadet shall both file affidavits to that effect in the War Department.

STACY B. BARCROFT well known to many persons throughout the State, as he was for many years the head of the firm of Barcroft, Beaver & Co., and for twelve years past, the senior member in the firm of Barcroft & Co., died at his residence in Philadelphia, on the 19th inst. Mr. Barcroft at the time of his death was in the 76th year of his age, and had been actively and honorably connected with the mercantile interests of the city for over fifty years.

WE CLAIM that the people have a right to criticize the votes and speeches of their representatives on all measures of public interest, and if they disagree with them to express disapproval of their course.—For that reason we last week published a letter from a subscriber signed "Rusticus" in which he spoke rather harshly of the bill passed, to aid the construction of railroads in portions of the State, at the public expense. The receipt of a letter from Senator McIntire in which he calls our correspondent some "pet names," causes us again to refer to the subject.

Personally, we have every confidence in the integrity of the Senator and Member from this district, and we did not understand that in referring to their votes on the bill, that our correspondent intended to convey any other impression, than that their course had been an error in judgment, and that he, as a tax-payer and voter in this county had a right to express his disapproval of their actions. A charge that Mr. McIntire was influenced in his vote by any unworthy motive, neither ourselves nor any one who knows the Senator, would for a moment believe. The speech of Senator Wallace in favor of the bill, which he requests us to publish, is too long for our columns. The gist of the argument is, however, that it is not only the right, but the duty of the State to extend this aid.

If this is recognized as sound doctrine, it seems to us an oversight on the part of those who represent this district, that they did not see that this locality was cared for, and that aid was not also extended to the proposed new road to Broad Top.—Though we fail to see the propriety of the legislature taking such action, we can see that if proper to help one portion of the State, it is equally right to aid another.

Since writing the above, we have received a communication on the other side of the question, which we willingly publish, though we think "Justice" fails to prove anything except that bonds of \$5000 value to the amount of nine and a half millions of dollars, are exchanged for bonds of equal amount which may or

may not be worth more than the paper upon which they are written. The only guarantee which the State receives, as we understand it, is that \$300,000 of the interest on these bonds shall be paid for three years.

JOHN W. COLLINS of Boston, who was connected with the Treasurer's office of that city, and embezzled some \$9,000, which he squandered at the gambling halls, was sent to the Penitentiary. The account says: "At the announcement of the sentence, Collins wept bitterly, and his parents and friends, grief-stricken, gathered around him." On being called up for sentence, Collins gave his history of his career. Previous to his stealing this money he had gambled a little, and acquired the passion. He then commenced by taking \$25 or \$30, then increased the amount, until losses were more than he could repay, and that fact induced him to steal more and more. He fell into the hands of a blackleg who lured him on, until so deeply involved that he fell completely into the power of the scamp, and finally exposure followed, and the Penitentiary received the victim. A number of reputable citizens were willing to go bail for his good behavior, could the court but overlook the crime, but justice to society demanded his punishment.

Pinkerton's detective police arrested, on Saturday last, one Billy Forester, alias Frank Cambell, alias Frank Howard, upon the charge of having been concerned in the late bank robbery at Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania. He was taken to the office of the agency on South Third street, preparatory to being sent to Wilkesbarre for trial. At an early hour yesterday morning he made his escape, by some means better known to those who had him in charge. He ran up Market street with nothing on but his drawers and shirt. A policeman stopped him at Seventh and Market streets, and wanted to know what was going on. The fugitive, by way of excuse, said that he had been on a spree, and waking up found that his clothes were stolen, and that he was going to a house in Filbert street for more clothing. On his representation, he was allowed to proceed. Pinkerton offers a reward of \$200 for the rearrest of the fugitive.

## A Curious Suit.

A singular suit was recently brought against a railroad company in New York city.

The plaintiff, on the 29th of January, 1868, while in a Harlem Railroad car, picked up a package of money containing \$1045. Being honest, he handed it to the conductor, and the conductor handed it over to the company. No owner appeared and the finder of the money now claims that he has a better right to the money than any but the true owner.

The defense is that the currency being once placed in the Company's keeping, it has become by that, as well as by the relations between it and its passengers, responsible to the true owners, and liable to him should he ever appear. The Court, however, held that the finder, as against all the world, except the owner was entitled to the possession of the fund and directed judgment for the plaintiff, excepted to be heard in the first instance at general term.

## A Wine Story.

The Rev. Dr. Prime, the venerable editor of the New York Observer, who has been a famous traveller, and has seen some things which few mortals have beheld, tells the following strange story, which would seem almost incredible if told by a less reliable man: "I was in a region in Spain where wine is more abundant, sometimes, than water. Good wine—better wine than is in common use in America—is sometimes used in great quantities to mix mortar with for building. A church was pointed out to me that was built with wine made mortar, because they had great quantities on hand for which they had no sale, and it was cheaper to use it than to haul water a long way to the building site. But there was little intemperance in the region.

## Too Many Wives.

A man named Albert Cann alias Harry Robinson was arrested in Philadelphia on Wednesday last, charged with having four wives. His four better halves all appeared before the Alderman armed with the documents to prove the claims each had upon him. For being so very much married, the magistrate held the young man to bail in the sum of \$1000, in the default of which he was committed.

Spring Fashions.—Last Thursday was the opening day of the spring season with the modistes of New York.

There is not much change or absolute novelty in new styles. Bonnets are regaining their lost popularity and are also increasing in size. While clip is sought after, and flowers form a considerable part of the trimmings. The gipsy shape is in general favor and threatens to replace the present fashion. The diadem is higher than ever and all have capes. The cottage bonnet is another novelty, and on some faces it has a charming appearance. This shape admits of inside trimming, and the indispensable flowers decorate the diadem and crown. Lace has passed out of general use as material for bonnets and is replaced by crepe de chene and straw of all kinds.

Notwithstanding the growing popularity of bonnets, there is much to be admired in the round hats of the period. Their crowns are higher than ever, in some instances having a brigand appearance. The brims are also very broad, and not turned up as much as before. For trimming many of them have a wreath of flowers encircling the crown and trailing down on the shoulder of the wearer. Suits have not undergone much change unless in regard to still more elaborate trimming of the same material as the garment itself. Uniformity of color is perceptible in all the new toilets. Some pretty contrasts of black and white, however, are in vogue and will be much worn this spring. The material for suits is mostly confined still to silks of all kinds, even to small checked and striped specimens of silk. Nankeen, foulard, pique, and white Swiss will be also popular this season.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 22.—Yesterday morning the deputy Sheriff of Elizabeth City county went out to the Celey Smith farm, 3 miles from Hampton, to put a man who had purchased the farm in possession but he was resisted by the colored squatters. To-day Captain Fitlow, the Sheriff, summoned a posse of about fifty men and went out to eject the squatters. The Sheriff hailed the party near the farm went forward and reasoned with them to try and make them leave peacefully. He found some two hundred men and women well armed and concluded it was folly to attack them. The Sheriff had five or six shots pass close by him, but fortunately escaped unhurt, and all reached Hampton in safety. He has called on the Governor for assistance.

QUINCY, ILL., March 24.—A terrible railroad accident occurred yesterday afternoon, near the depot of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad. A freight train coming down grade broke in two, the brakeman being on the detached portion.

The engineer reversed his locomotive too suddenly, the cylinder heads were blown out, and the train rushed forward into an accommodation train just entering the depot. All the passengers of the latter jumped off in safety except three and these were caught in the platforms and shockingly crushed.

One of them has died and another is not expected to recover. The third is maimed for life. The cause of the mishap was a faulty coupling iron.

The New York Sun says: Three months ago Harmon A. Block, a poor German emigrant, was robbed of \$307 by the Hon. John Leary, a gentleman commanding some political influence. Mr. Leary was arrested, and immediately released on bail. The poor German was thrown into the dismal House of Detention, and there he has remained ever since. The case yesterday was called for trial in the Court of General Sessions. But the trial was postponed. Mr. Leary walked off with his political friends, and the poor German was remanded to prison. Meanwhile his wife and children are starving in Hamburg. Is there any city but New York in the United States where a robber is released and his victim sent to prison?

Snuff or dust of any kind, and strong, caustic or poisonous solutions aggregate Catarrh and drive it to the lungs. Dr. Sages Catarrh Remedy Cures Catarrh by its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. Each package prepares one pint of the Remedy ready for use, and costs only fifty cents. Sold by druggists or sent sixty cents to R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y., and get it by return mail.

Thos. Reardon, who murdered Mrs. Tobin at Fordsville, Pa., on the 14th inst., was arrested last week at Cincinnati.

## Miscellaneous News Items.

The only bodies recovered from the wreck of the Onida are those of Captain Williams and the ship-carpenter.

A cobweb wedding was celebrated in Iowa the other day. Mr. Joseph Cobb was united in marriage to Miss Kate Webb.

A boiler at a coal breaker near Minersville exploded on the 22d inst., killing three boys instantly, and wounding ten other of the hands.

A fire at Yeddo, on the 4th and 5th of February, destroyed from four to five thousand houses, the American Consulate narrowly escaping destruction.

Great complaint is made in San Francisco of the delay in trying criminals. About two hundred prisoners, of whom seventeen are charged with capital offenses, are awaiting trial.

Twenty-four female operatives in a manufacturing establishment in New York which took fire last week, had a narrow escape with life, several having clothing burned from their persons.

In the Superior Court, at Boston, last week, John Reed was convicted of snatching a package of money from a merchant's clerk on the stairway of the First National Bank, and sentenced to twelve years in the State Prison.

Commissioner Delano persists that farmers selling their produce from wagons or stalls in cities must pay the special tax as brokers. The Committee of Ways and Means, it is thought, will strike out this legal feature from the Internal Revenue bill.

The Chancellor of New Jersey has decided, in the case of Martin's Executors vs. Martin, that both the principal and interest due on the mortgage made and dated prior to February 25, 1862, the date of the legal tender act, must be paid in gold and silver coin, if required by the mortgagee, and the decree was made accordingly.

A singular phenomenon occurred at St. John's N. B., at the commencement of the storm on the 18th inst. A rumbling was heard, and immediately afterward a portion of the bottom of the harbor on the Carlton side sunk bodily; so where before at low tide was beach, is now twenty feet of water. Some of the wharves were destroyed and lumber carried adrift.

A den of counterfeiters has been discovered at Snake Hill, N. J. The plates for a \$20 counterfeit bill were seized. A man named A. Elwon was arrested with \$120 in spurious bank bills, all twenties on the National Bank of Utica, N. Y., and National Bank of the city of New York. He was held in \$3000 bail.

Mr. Cornelius Carmack, of Hawkins, Tenn., died suddenly on Monday. His wife had prepared some poisoned bread for rats, and had placed it for a few minutes in the press. The old gentleman was in the act of starting to Rogersville, and went to the press and ate the bread. He travelled a few miles on his journey, when he was taken suddenly sick, and returning home died that night.

A negro woman in Virginia, 71 years old recently took it into her head to learn to read write and cypher; so she entered a school, and regularly every day brought ten cents which she paid to the teacher. She got along very well until near the close of the second week, when she "missed her lesson," and was ignominiously kept in during recess, much to her chagrin and greatly to her disappointment at not being permitted to "play wid de rest of the children."

Sarah and Laura Haines, mother and daughter, were recently arrested in Philadelphia, on a charge of swindling. Last January they took board at 1315 Locust street. They represented to the landlady that they were wealthy, and that they were about to inherit a very large fortune.

They run up a board bill of \$300, and besides this they ordered at several establishments large quantities of embroideries and under clothing. At a store on Chestnut street, they got measured for a thousand dollars' worth of underwear. They succeeded in getting twenty-five dollars' worth of it without pay.

A special dispatch from Manchester, Ohio, says that on Saturday last while J. C. Rhinehart, a school teacher, and E. J. Connell, a carpenter, were walking on the highway, they were met by a drunken man named James Hubb, who drew a pistol and shot Connell dead. Rhinehart drew a pistol and shot Hubb through the body. Before Hubb fell he returned Rhinehart's fire, mortally wounding him. Rhinehart and Hubb died in a few minutes.

The Grand Jury have found a true bill against John Hannon alias Chas. E. Harris, charging him with the murder of Mary Mohrmann.

This, our readers will remember, is a case, where a child was found murdered and outraged in Philadelphia, the body then being thrown in a mud hole. The prisoner was suspected at the time, and recent events have made it evident that he is the guilty person. The murder was committed in September, 1868, and the fellow is now in prison for committing an outrage on another child.

## PAIN-KILLER.

WE ASK ATTENTION TO THIS UNRIVALED Family Medicine!

The Pain Killer is, by universal consent, allowed to have won for itself a reputation unsurpassed in the history of medicinal preparations. Its instantaneous effect in the entire eradication and extinction of Pain, in all its various forms, incidental to the human family, and the unsolicited written and verbal testimony of the masses in its favor, have been, and are, its own best advertisement.

For evidence in favor of the Pain Killer for Minors' Sore Throat or Bronchitis, read the following:

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For several years before I became acquainted with the Pain Killer, I had suffered a great deal from an affection in my throat, thought by some physicians to be Bronchitis, by others to be what is called Minors' Sore Throat. At one time it was so severe that I was obliged to give up preaching. Within a few months after I had become acquainted with the Pain Killer, I had another attack from that distressing complaint. I tried my new-found medicine, and, to my astonishment and delight, it produced a wonderfully soothing effect. In a short time I was wholly relieved. Since that time I have had a number of attacks of the same nature, and the Pain Killer has always afforded me relief. About one year since, my wife became subject to severe suffering from Rheumatism; our resort, as usual, was to the Pain Killer, which would always relieve her.

I have not time now to say more, as I could with a hearty good will, and always have done, in praise of the Pain Killer. If this hastily written letter, in commendation of Perry Davis' valuable medicine, will be of any service, you are at liberty to do with it as you please.

Very truly yours,

EDGAR CADY,

Owatonna, Minnesota.

Missionary of the A. B. Home Mission Society.

March 8.—1m

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