EVENING BULLETIN

Wednesday, October 5, 1870.

EFFECT ON MARKET STREET OF PLACING PUBLIC BUILDINGS AT PENN SQUARE.

The influence to be exerted on Market street by a blockade at Penn Square has not been considered as much as it should have been, and would have been but for the special interest felt in Broad street.

To get a clear idea of the amount of movement of vehicles on Market street, at the intersection of Broad, a reliable person was placed, a short time since, at the corner, carefully to count the vehicles of all sorts passing Market street alone, and not including those on Broad street, during a half-hour in the afternoon. The number counted was 245, an average of eight per minute. Of course the average through the day would fall considerably short of this, but a fair estimate for the twenty-four hours would give from 6,000 to 7,000 vehicles.

Now we say without hesitation, and will prove, that the effect of putting the new public buildings would be *largely to diminish* this great stream of business. Let us consider a stream of vehicles coming down Market street and striking the great block of buildings, projecting between two hundred and three hundred feet each way, north and south, from Market street. All the vehicles would be forced to turn out, and those that had an ultimate destination a little off the line of Market street to the north or south of it, *would never return to Market street.* It would be out of their way considerably to do so. Those having an ultimate destination south of Market would take the right hand turn, and come down some other street south of Market. Similarly on the other side. Only those vehicles that were proceeding to some point on Market street would make the complete turn and find their way back to that street. Exactly the same thing would take place with the pedestrians, and the diminution of the throng and business activity would take place from the very day that the foundations were commenced and the ground fairly encumbered. In a short time the aspect of Market street would be materially altered for the worse.

It is very remarkable how all streets are affected by even a trifling impediment to direct movement. Seventh street is a good example. Washington Square projects into Seventh street in such a manner as to render a small circuit necessary, about one hundred feet at each side, and less than half the circuit proposed at Penn Square. And yet that little obstacle to direct movement has kept Seventh street far behind Sixth and Eighth streets. Exactly the same effect to an even greater extent is visible on Locust street above and below Washington Square. Compare it with the same portions of Walnut street and of Spruce street. Locust street is as wide as Walnut street to an inch, but what a difference in prosperity and value!

The history of Seventh street and of Locust street demonstrates one very interesting fact: That where a stream of people are turned off from a street by any obstruction to direct passage, *few return to that street.* It is easy to apply this conclusion to the intersection of Broad and Market. The obstruction there threatened is a very large one, extending on the north side even to the next parallel thoroughfare, and therefore the effect, as seen in the examples cited, could be intensified. The effect on the two streets would be different. Pleasure travel on Broad street would be compelled to make the circuit and return, but the business travel on Market street would do so to a limited extent only. On both streets would be the same destruction of unity, of effect and of continuity. On Broad street the travel, though vexatiously interrupted, would, to a less extent, return, but not so on Market.

The question that is to be decided on Tuesday next is a very serious one to the city, and has loomed up suddenly, few understanding, until within a very short time, its real magnitude. The more it is examined, however, the less the occupation of the intersection of these two great avenues finds favor. It is to be regretted that the public has no opportunity of judging beforehand what the obstruction of this great intersection would be likely to be; we can, however, study with profit what has been the result of breaking the continuity of Seventh and of Locust streets, and draw our own conclusions by comparison.

AN UNJUST ACCUSATION.

In his circular explanatory of the peace negotiations with Favre, Count Bismarck says that the refusal of the terms offered by him to France "must convince mankind that the French government believed their acceptance would produce peace, which was not desired by them." According to Bismarck's own statement, he offered to grant a simple armistice—not to make peace—upon terms which included the surrender of Bitsche, Strasbourg and Toul, and, besides these, "occupation of the fortifications of Paris, pending the negotiations, or else of a commanding post near the city." So far from the publication of this offer "convincing mankind" that the refusal of the French government to accept them indicates its desire to continue the war, they will go very far to prove that Count Bismarck coolly offered to France terms which he knew must inevitably be rejected; and that he did this because he had fully determined to prosecute the war until Paris falls. If the French government had removed all the obstructions in the line of Prussian communication, and had then virtually surrendered Paris into the hands of the Prussians, it would have betrayed its trust and abandoned all hope of securing peace without shame and dishonor. Such an act would have been an acknowledgment of hopeless ruin, and it would have enabled Bismarck to demand and secure whatever price he chose to ask for peace. His requirements are likely, at any rate, to be great enough; but the French will not treat altogether at a disadvantage while they hold Paris and a considerable number of fortified towns. But if the Prussians occupied any commanding portion of the defences of Paris, as Bismarck himself proposed, the armistice would surely have ended with the entry of the Prussian army into Paris. Now it is not so certain that the Prussians will take the city, and mankind will be "convinced" that Favre, by refusing to give Bismarck such a chance, has proved that he has not yet parted with his common sense.

"O. M. Boyle—who is he?" This was rather an unfortunate inquiry made by General William B. Thomas in a recent speech at a public meeting. The answer is given by Mrs. S. R. Boyle in an advertisement in another column.

CITY RAILWAY FARES.

The government tax upon city passenger railway fares has been removed. The New York city railway companies, which never charged more than six cents a passenger, have promptly adapted themselves to the new arrangement and reduced the fare to five cents. In Philadelphia, however, where expenses of all kinds are lower than in New York, the excessive price of seven cents is still kept up. The companies being all virtually united in a grand monopoly, of which the Board of Presidents is the government, refuse to make any concessions, and if any one company were disposed to the new state of affairs and reduce the fare, it would be forbidden by the others. There is no other city in the Union so domineered over by the railway companies as Philadelphia is. The people are powerless, and unless the City Councils take some measures to protect them from the onerous taxation they impose, there can be no relief. We earnestly call the attention of the intelligent members of Councils, not controlled by the railroad monopolists, to the fact that every traveler on the city railway cars of Philadelphia pays two cents more per trip than do the passengers on the New York city railway cars. The difference is just forty per cent.

Just before the *plébiscite* was submitted to the French people the discovery of a conspiracy against the Emperor was announced, numbers of persons were arrested, newspapers containing pictures of the infernal machines designed for the destruction of the Imperial family were distributed throughout the French provinces, and at the trial of the conspirators an extraordinary array of testimony was offered against the accused. At the time it was suspected that this whole affair was a scheme devised to excite sympathy and secure votes for the Emperor. A despatch this morning says that certain documents have been discovered in Paris proving that all the evidence in the conspiracy trial was manufactured by the police. This confirms the assertions that were made at the time, and shows how desperate and unprincipled were the means used by Napoleon to secure for himself the apparent endorsement of the people. This conspiracy business was but one part of a vast scheme which, in the remotest and obscurest corners of the country, won votes for the Empire from Frenchmen whose honest convictions were against it.

We are inclined to accept with confidence the despatch received by us from London yesterday declaring that the manifesto purporting to have been issued by the ex-Emperor Napoleon is bogus. Without doubt this document gave expression to certain sentiments entertained by the captive, such, for instance as dislike for the Provisional government, approval of its rejection of Bismark's terms, and the theory that the war was demanded by the French people. But even when we accepted the authenticity of the letter without question, it was difficult to understand how Napoleon could have made such an ass of himself as to propose to Prussia to end the war merely for the sake of an alliance with France. The author of this document, whether "Bull Run" Russell or some equally notorious enemy of truth, did Napoleon as great injustice in making him out a blockhead as in attributing to him sentiments which he never uttered.

The Republican Invincibles will hold a meeting at Concert Hall this evening, to which the public are invited. Addresses will be delivered by a number of distinguished speakers, some of whom are old members of the Club.

Bunting, Durborow & Co., Auctioneers, Nos. 232 and 234 Market street, will hold on to-morrow (Thursday), October 6th, a large sale of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, at 10 o'clock, on four months' credit, comprising 500 pieces Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Beavers, Chinchillas, Italians, Satin de Chenes, Velvets, Velveteens, &c. Also, Dress Goods in variety, Alpacas, Mohairs, Dress Silks, Linen Goods, Canvas, 1,500 dozen L. C. Handkerchiefs, a line of Broche Chaine Laine Long Shawls. Also, a line of Black Collar Velvets, Velvet and Cashmere Vestings. (Also, 200 packages Domestics for Cash.)
On Friday, Oct. 7th, at 10 o'clock, on four months' credit, 10,000 dozen Hosiery and Gloves, by order of Messrs. Charles Vezin & Co., every lot to be sold. Also, 100 dozen Buck and Kid Gloves and Gauntlets, 500 dozen Suspenders, in various styles, 15 cases Shirts and Drawers, 10 cases Army Socks, 5 cases Cardigan Jackets, Also, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
On Friday, Oct. 7, at 11 o'clock, by catalogue, on four months' credit, 150 pieces Ingrain, Venetian, List, Hemp, Cottage and Rag Carpetings, Woolen Yarn.

FANCY GOODS, &C

We Shall Open Thursday Morning
SEVERAL CASES OF
ENGLISH GOODS.

Work Baskets,
Jewel Cases,
Dressing Cases,
Traveling Bags,
Glove Boxes,
Handkerchief Boxes,
Porte Monnaies,
&c., &c., &c.

ROBBINS, CLARK & BIDDLE,
1124 CHESTNUT STREET.
oc5 2t1p

MILLINERY.

OPENING
OF
TRIMMED BONNETS
AND
HATS,
Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 5 and 6.
GEO. W. MILES,
No. 928 Chestnut Street.
oc3 4trp§

MRS. H. WRIGHT, 137 Pine street,
Will Open
FASHIONABLE MILLINERY
ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6TH,
1870.
oc1-5trp*

TO RENT.

FINE OFFICES TO RENT.
Apply on the premises to
STROUD, MARSTON & CO.,
133 South Fourth Street.
Also, Third and Fourth Stories, for light manufacturing or other business.
se30 6trp§

1870. GET YOUR HAIR CUT AT Kopp's Saloon, by first class hair-cutters. Hair and whiskers dyed. Shave and bath 25 cents. Ladies' and Children's hair cut. Razors set in order. Open Sunday morning. No. 125 Exchange Place. It* G. C. KOPP.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT Rings of solid 18 karat fine Gold—a specialty; a full assortment of sizes, and no charge for engraving names, &c. FARR & BROTHER, Makers, my24 rp tf 324 Chestnut street, below Fourth

CLOTHING.

FOR INSTANCE:
OUR
TWELVE DOLLAR
SUITS.
WANAMAKER & BROWN
offer
THE BEST GOODS
for
THE LEAST MONEY!
OUR FALL STOCK
is replete with the
NEWEST
and
MOST BEAUTIFUL
FABRICS AND STYLES,
which we are selling at
REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.
ALL BUYERS OF CLOTHING
should at least call and price our
goods before purchasing
elsewhere.
WANAMAKER & BROWN.

HABILLEMENTS
No. 824 CHESTNUT ST.
CHARLES STOKES & CO.
UNDER THE CONTINENTAL HOTEL
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

OUR
$15 SUITS for
$15 STYLE, FIT,
$15 And QUALITY,
$15 Surpass all Others.

SEE! SEE!! SEE!!!

See the splendid Suits of Clothes,
Just the thing for Fall,
Cheaper than you can suppose,
At GREAT BROWN HALL.

Handsome Fifteen Dollar Suits,
Nobby things to wear,
All the folks are buying them
Who have the cash to spare.

Suits like these were never sold
More than half as cheap.
Sacrifices such as this
Ought to make you weep.

Suits for Eighteen Dollars, cash.
Tell the people, all!
Now's the time to come and buy
At GREAT BROWN HALL.

This is what you see.

SEE! SEE!! SEE!!!
AT
ROCKHILL & WILSON
GREAT BROWN HALL
603 and 605 Chestnut Street.

$20 $20 $20 $20 $20
CHEVIOT SUITS,
$20 EQUAL TO IMPORTED, $20
MADE TO MEASURE.
$20 $20 00 $20 00 $20 00 $20 00 $20
Style, Fit and Work Guaranteed.
$20 EVANS & LEACH. $20
628 MARKET Street.
$20 $20 $20 $20 $20
se19 m w f 3mrp§

JONES'
CRESCENT
ONE-PRICE
CLOTHING HOUSE
604 MARKET STREET.
FINE READY-MADE GARMENTS.
Fall and Winter Styles.
GEO. W. NIEMANN.
Custom Work made to order at Shortest Notice
ap13 w f m 6mrp

A FINE STOCK OF THE BEST ENGLISH CARVING KNIVES.
Warranted to hold a sharp edge.
se23 4p t§] GRIFFITH & PAGE, 1004 Arch street

IRON BRACKETS FOR SHELVES OR Mantels, and fancy Iron Clock and Book Shelves, for sale at the Hardware Store of TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

DRY GOODS.

NEW SILKS, MOIRE ANTIQUES,
DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, &c.
EDWIN HALL,
No. 28 S. SECOND STREET,
OPENED THIS MORNING
NEW COLORED SILKS.
SHADES ENTIRELY NEW.
SPLENDID QUALITY BLACK SILKS.
"PIM'S" REAL IRISH POPLINS.
FRENCH POPLINS, Irish finish.
SILK-CORDED POPLINS.
WOOL AND SILK SERGES.
CLOTH-COLOR SERGES.
NAVY BLUE, DARK GREEN.
SATIN DU CHENES, Cloth Colors.
DRAP DE RUSSE.
POPLINS IN CLOTH COLORS.
VERY RICH PLAID SERGES.
VERY RICH PLAID POPLINS.
BRIGHT PLAIDS FOR CHILDREN.
BLACK SILKS, best LYONS GOODS, guaranteed free from mixture of any kind.
SILK CLOAK VELVETS, the best LYONS GOODS imported.
EDWIN HALL,
28 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

FRENCH BREAKFAST CAPS.
THE MISSES
McVAUGH & DUNGAN
114 SOUTH ELEVENTH STREET,
Have received their Fall Importation of French Breakfast Caps, entirely new designs.
SPECIALTIES IN HANDKERCHIEFS.
GENTS', LADIES', CHILDREN'S,
In Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched, Initial, Mourning Tucked, Colored and Corded Borders.
EMBROIDERIES.
French Work, Guipure and Hamburg Flouncings, Edgings and Insertions, choice styles.
Novelties in Neck Ties,
Infants' Outfits on hand and made to order at the shortest notice.
se28-w s 3mrp

JOHN W. THOMAS,
Nos. 405 and 407 North Second Street,
Has now in store full lines of
Pim Bros. 1st qual. Irish Poplins,
French Silk and Wool Poplins,
Plaid Serges,
Plaid Cloths for Ladies' Suits,
Plaids for Misses and Children,
&c., &c., &c.,
All of this season's importations, and will be sold at low prices.
se24 3mrp

SILK SHAWLS AND FANCY GOODS.
GEO. FRYER,
No. 916 CHESTNUT STREET,
would invite the attention of purchasers to his elegant stock of
SILKS,
SHAWLS,
LACES,
FANCY GOODS,
With a choice stock of INDIA SHAWLS and SCARFS.
The goods will be found as cheap as in any other establishment. se23-2mrptf

MILLIKEN'S
LINEN STORE,
828 Arch Street.
AND
1128 CHESTNUT STREET.
HOUSE-FURNISHING
DRY GOODS
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES.
Linens a Specialty.

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth and Arch.
NEW
SHAWLS,
LYONS SILKS,
PIM'S POPLINS,
SILK PLUSHES,
INDIA SHAWLS,
WOOLEN SATINS,
LYONS VELVETS,
BAGDAD WRAPS,
PARK BLANKETS,
ZOUAVE JACKETS,
GORGEOUS PLAIDS,
NEW SHAWL SUITS,
CARRIAGE SHAWLS,
NOBILITY VELOURS,
ARISTOCRATIC SILKS,
SERVICEABLE POPLINS,
SOUTHERLAND PLAIDS.
mw stf

UPHOLSTERY.

WOVEN
WIRE MATTRESS
Call and see it. It is the greatest invention of the age.
Wholesale and Retail
AT THE
Furniture, Bedding, Feather, Blanket
AND
Bed Clothing Warehouse,
Nos. 44 and 46 North Tenth Street,
BELOW ARCH,
AMOS HILLBORN.
se19 m w f 3mrp§

TOILET SOAP.
H. P. & C. R. TAYLOR,
Perfumery and Toilet Soaps,
641 and 643 North Ninth street.

KID GLOVES, &C.
FRENCH KID GLOVES, 2, 3 AND 4 buttons, Promenade and Evening Colors, a splendid assortment of this season's importation; also, Gent's Single and Double Stitched Kid Gloves.
oc3 6t rp* GEO. W. VOGEL, 1202 Chestnut street.

BOOKS BOUGHT IN ANY QUANTITY for cash at LEARY'S, Fifth and Walnut. [se17-1mrp

HOYT & BRO.,
BOYS' CLOTHING
In Great Variety—Ready Made.
A LARGE STOCK OF
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND COATING FOR MEN'S ORDER WORK.
ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS,
Tenth and Chestnut.
LADIES' RIDING HABITS MADE TO ORDER.
oc5 w 6t

GRAND OPENING
OF
CARPETS.
PEABODY & WESTON,
Successors of
E. H. GODSHALK & CO.,
Have just opened an entire new lot of
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &C.,
Comprising all the new and latest patterns, to which they invite attention of their friends and the public generally at the old stand.
PRICES LOW.
PEABODY & WESTON,
723 CHESTNUT STREET.
se10 s w 10trp

FALL STYLES!
FINE BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR GENTLEMEN.
MADE ON IMPROVED LASTS, INSURING
Comfort, Beauty and Durability!
BARTLETT,
NO. 33 SOUTH SIXTH STREET
ABOVE CHESTNUT.
au19 f m w tf

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

FRESH GROCERIES.
We are now receiving daily new additions to our
STOCK OF FRESH GOODS
For table use, both Fancy and Staple, and are offering at the very
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
E. BRADFORD CLARK,
SUCCESSOR TO
SIMON COLTON & CLARK,
S. W. Corner Broad and Walnut.
se1-wfmtf

CARPETINGS, &C.

NEW CARPETINGS.
JAS. H. ORNE SON & CO.
626 CHESTNUT STREET.
We are now receiving a full supply of all the new styles of
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN MADE
CARPETINGS.
FRENCH MOQUETTES
FRENCH AXMINSTERS,
ENGLISH AXMINSTERS,
ENGLISH BRUSSELS,
WILTON, VELVET and TAPESTRIES.
English and American
INGRAIN THREE-PLYS,
AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS
In Sheets from 4 to 8 Yards Wide.
All of which will be offered at unusually Low Prices.
JAS. H. ORNE SON & CO.
Chestnut Street, below Seventh.
se16-f m w 1mrp

PIANOS.

GEORGE STECK & CO.'S
PIANOS,
Grand, Square and Upright.
ALSO,
Mason and Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.
An Elegant Stock at Greatly Reduced Prices.
GOULD & FISCHER,
Successors of J. E. GOULD,
No. 923 Chestnut Street
1018 Arch Street.
se15 tfrp

STEINWAY & SONS'
Grand Square and Upright Pianos.
Special attention is called to their new
PATENT UPRIGHT PIANOS,
with Double Iron Frame, Patent Resonator, Tubular Metal Frame Action, &c., which are matchless in Tone and Touch, and unrivaled in durability.
CHARLES BLASIUS,
WAREROOMS,
No. 1006 CHESTNUT STREET.
se12 m w s tfrp

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C

OOLONG TEA.
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA,
75 cts. per lb. in 10 lb. chests.
MITCHELL & FLETCHER,
No. 1204 CHESTNUT STREET.

EXTRA LARGE
MESS MACKEREL.
ALBERT C. ROBERTS.
DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES,
Corner Eleventh and Vine Streets.

CONFECTIONERY.
LEON SYMONETY,
1024 Walnut Street,
ORNAMENTAL CONFECTIONERY
AND
CAKE BAKERY.
All kinds of Plain and Fancy Cakes, Pastry, Ice Cream, Water Ices, Jellies, Charlotte Russe, &c., constantly on hand and delivered to all parts of the city. Orders for Weddings and Parties Promptly attended to.
se29 tl no 30rp

FLOUR, &C.
FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED FOR
Best Family Flour.
Choice brands Penna., Ohio, Missouri, Indiana, Illinois and, "last but not least,"
JAMES S. WELCH'S
FIRST PREMIUM FLOUR.
Which we warrant superior to any other Flour in this market. All goods delivered free of charge, and *warranted as represented.* Also best quality of New Hops in lots to suit.
GEO. F. ZEHNDER,
Family Flour Depot, Fourth and Vine.
se21-tfrp§

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
OPENED THIS DAY.
Have open a large invoice of
CORAL JEWELRY,
IMPORTED AT LOW RATES.
ROBBINS, CLARK & BIDDLE,
1124 Chestnut Street.
oc5 2t4p

SEAMLESS DRAWN BRASS & COPPER TUBES. LOWEST MARKET PRICES. Merchant & Co., 507 & 509 Minor St. Phila.
se29 16t

MARKING WITH INDELIBLE INK. Embroidering, Braiding, Stamping, &c. M. A. TORREY, 1800 Filbert

COTTON.—71 BALES COTTON LANDING from steamer Wyoming, and for sale by COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., 111 Chestnut street.

SECOND EDITION

1:30 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE WAR IN FRANCE

AFFAIRS AT METZ

City of Strasbourg to be Prussianized

Military Movements of Russia

FROM EUROPE.

[By the American Press Association.]

Sorties from Metz.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—The French make unsuccessful sorties from Metz almost daily. The Prussians are invariably warned by their videttes of the approach of the French, and the latter are in every instance immediately assailed and driven in. The losses are consequently terrible.

Military Movements of Russia.

VIENNA, Oct. 5.—Further Russian aggressive movements in the East are reported. The Russian Government is now reported to be making extraordinary preparations in Trans-Caucasia, as if for offensive operations against the Turkish region adjoining the Caucasus, or against the Persian territory upon the Caspian. The fortified passes to Asia have been reinforced and stores accumulated.

Guns for the British Government.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The British Government has resolved to adopt the small-bore Gatling mitrailleurs for field service and fortress defence.

Foreigners Threatened in China.

LONDON, Oct. 5, 10 A. M.—The following advices have been received here:

"SHANGHAI, Sept. 15th.—The Chinese are threatening foreigners at Chefoo, Kin-Kiang and Chin-Kiang."

Von Moltke Decorated.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 5.—The Czar has conferred upon Von Moltke the highest military decoration of the Empire, accompanied by a cordial letter of felicitation.

Muhlhouse Garrisoned by Prussians.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—The Prussian column which crossed the Rhine near Muhlhouse is now garrisoning that city, and organizing measures for the permanent possession of Alsace.

Strasbourg to be Made a Prussian City.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—A municipality has been organized for the government of Strasbourg. It is now settled that the venerable German city will never more revert to France. The Prussian Governor-General is actively at work clearing the province of bands of freeshooters and other lawless characters. The sternest measures are being used against the freeshooters.

The proclamation of Prince Frederick William, providing for summary execution or imprisonment of non-uniformed parties found in arms, had a wholesome effect in stopping their annoying and harassing operations against Prussian communications.

The province is rapidly returning to order.

The Stock Market—Rumored Death of Von Moltke.

LONDON, Oct. 5th, P. M.—The prices of the various stocks remain unchanged. Rumors are spreading throughout the city that Von Moltke has been killed.

Russia's Regard for France and Germany.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—A special to the *World* says:

LONDON, Oct. 4.—Your special at Ostend sends word that the latest advices from Russia are equally hostile to and almost contemptuous of both the Germans and the French. *Le Nord* which is still a quasi Russian organ, declares that the provincial press of France are beginning to perceive the utter hopelessness of their struggle against Germany, and that the Germans are beginning to ask themselves what they have to gain by a protracted war against France. The settlement of Europe, endangered by the reckless ambition of one power and the blind obstinacy of another, must be secured by the intervention of a state strong enough to cause its will to be respected by both parties and incapable of being suspected of undue sympathy with the passions or the projects of either.

Financial.

LONDON, Oct. 5, 11 A. M.—Consols for money, 92¼; do. for account, 92¼; U. S. bonds, 90¼a91¼. The market opens steady.

FROM THE WEST.

[By the American Press Association.]

INDIANA.

Fire.

ANDERSON, Oct. 5.—Noland & Co.'s warehouse was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $6,000; insurance, $4,000.

OHIO.

The Robinson Murder Case.

MANSFIELD, Oct. 5.—The Court in the case of the Robinson murder has decided that the wife of the prisoner is inadmissible as a witness. The trial will probably close at noon to-day.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By the American Press Association.]

Specie Shipments.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The steamers Scotia and Nebraska, sailing for Europe to-day, take out $225,000 in specie.

Sailing of the Westphalia.

The agents of the Hamburg line announce that the Westphalia sailed last night.

—The purest natural water known is that of Loch Katrine, Scotland, which contains but two grains of solid matter in a gallon of 70,000 grains.

—Even if some men could take their gold and silver with them to where they go after death, it would do them no good—it would melt.

—The people of Switzerland are all in sympathy with the expelled Germans who were fleeing from France. The Federal Council has directed the officers of the various railways to transport the exiles free of cost, and to furnish them with necessaries at the expense of the Government.

—A woman's rights hotel is projected in Sioux City.

—A capital answer—Self-made man examining a school, of which he is a manager—"Now, boy, what's the capital of 'Olland?" Boy—"An 'H,' sir."—*Punch.*

—An eccentric mother, in Cincinnati, put verdigris into the soothing syrup she gave her four children, and found it even more fatal than when administered "straight."

—A coon hunter in Boscawen, N. H., treed a coon and attempted to roast him out. The attempt cost him $10,000 in timber.

—The Chicago murderers are not getting remunerated for their labor. The largest sum secured from any victim within a week was $260.

THIRD EDITION

2:15 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON

The Rumored Cabinet Changes

The Opposition to Secretary Cox Becoming Formidable.

The Darien Ship Canal Survey

The Rumored Changes.

[Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—There does not appear to be any good foundation for the reports concerning the Cabinet changes, other than in the case of Secretary Cox, against whose continuance in office there is much opposition on the part of Eastern politicians, arising mainly from the anti-radical views entertained by the Secretary. The movement having for its object the retirement of Mr. Cox is not likely at least to become very formidable until the near approach of the meeting of Congress, unless the Republicans should meet with defeats in Pennsylvania and Ohio next week, when, in all probability, there will be a strong pressure brought to bear upon the President to select a more Radical Secretary of the Interior.

The Darien Ship Canal Survey.

Commander Selfridge, who is to complete the survey of the route for the ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien, the coming winter, is here to consult with Secretary Robeson in regard to the early sailing of the expedition.

Admiral Porter

returned to-day, and will probably not return to active duty at the Navy Department, at least for the present.

The Weather

is cool, pleasant and cloudy.

[By the American Press Association.]

Naval Orders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—By direction of the President, Lieut.-Col. Charles Sutherland, Assistant Medical Purveyor, is detailed for temporary duty as a member of the Relieving Board, in session at New York, vice Surgeon Charles Page, temporarily relieved.

General Spinner's Report.

The annual report of General Spinner shows that up to the 30th of June, 1870, gold certificates to the amount of $653,462,860 were printed, $405,664,900 have been redeemed and destroyed, and $34,547,120 are still outstanding. Gold certificates are now only redeemable at the New York Sub-treasury.

NEW YORK FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Money Market Easy—Gold Dull and Steady—Governments Quiet and Firm—Stocks Firmer.

[By the American Press Association.]

WALL STREET, New York, Oct. 5, 1 P. M.—Money is easy at 4 to 6 per cent.

Foreign Exchange is steady at 108⅞ for prime bankers' 60 days' sterling bills and 109⅜ for sight bills.

At the Sub-Treasury to-day $3,610,000 in gold were bid for at 112.33 to 113.10. The awards were from 113 to 113.10.

Gold is dull and steady at 113 to 113⅛. The rates paid for borrowing are 1-64 to 1-16 per cent.

Government bonds are quiet and firm; 1867's, 110⅜ to 110½.

Southern State securities are firmer and quiet.

Pacific Railway mortgages are steady at 90 to 90½ for Centrals, and 83¾ to 84 for Unions.

Stocks are firmer and more active. Reading was the great feature, and advanced to 100⅛; Boston, Hartford and Erie, 5⅛ to 5¼; Panama sold at 83¼; Union Pacific stock, 27⅛.

FROM THE WEST.

[By the American Press Association.]

ILLINOIS.

New Canal.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—The Board of Trade, yesterday, urged the building of the Caughnawaga Canal, from the St. Lawrence, opposite Lachine, to Lake Champlain, to allow large lake vessels a passage to Whitehall, one hundred and thirty-seven miles nearer the seaboard than by way of Oswego.

Tax on Treasury Notes.

James M. Adsit, banker, has filed a bill to restrain the collection of tax on $55,000 of U. S. Treasury notes, on the ground that they are exempted from taxation.

Masonic.

The Grand Lodge of Masons of Illinois is now in session here. Eight lodges are represented by over one thousand delegates.

OUTRAGES AT RED RIVER.

An American Citizen Murdered—Other Outrages Committed by the New Party in Power.

The Red River correspondent of the St. Paul *Daily Press* sends that paper an account of what appears to have been the wanton murder, by the Canadians and the partisans of Schultz at Winnipeg, of Isidore Goulet. It seems he was pointed out as a sympathizer with Riel, was chased, beaten and driven into Red River, where, while trying to swim away from his pursuers, he was assaulted with stones, and his blood-thirsty assassins were not satisfied until their victim had sunk. The same correspondence contains an account of the horsewhipping of Mr. Spence, the editor of the *New Nation*, by Dr. Schultz, and of the attempt to murder a Catholic priest by Orangemen. These highhanded outrages were but the initial proceedings of a reign of terror inaugurated by Dr. Schultz and his partisans, having for its purpose the somewhat comprehensive programme of driving out by threats or actual violence all the French half-breed population, all American citizens, the Hudson's Bay Company, and Gov. Archibald, who, having been appointed under Lower Canadian influences, they do not regard as favoring their schemes of violence.

Isidore Goulot was an American citizen. The American Vice-Consul at Winnipeg, Mr. Robinson, therefore, took prompt measures to recover the body of the murdered man, and to have him decently interred, and sent his property to Pembina for safe-keeping. But in doing this he incurred the wrathful indignation of the Schultz party and the Canadian volunteers, who have threatened to shoot, hang, and otherwise maltreat the Vice-Consul. So thorough is the reign of terror which has been established by the Schultz party, backed by the Canadian volunteers, that no witness dare testify to the facts in the case of the murder of Goulet. But the proceedings which caused his death and the wounds he received were seen by witnesses who can tell on American soil what it would cost them their lives to utter at Winnipeg, and that evidence will in due time be taken and forwarded to the United States Government. That the Canadian volunteers participated in this assassination of an American citizen is evident from the fact that their commanding officer made it the subject of a severe censure, and the occasion of an order prohibiting the volunteers from going to the town of Winnipeg, or of mingling in any manner with political gatherings or demonstrations. A Vigilance Committee has been formed under the auspices of Dr. Schultz, for the purpose of carrying out his programme of violence and terrorism, and among other patriotic objects he proposes to drive out all American citizens from Winnipeg and thereabouts.

—An Indiana editor has had "a gentle, sobbing, soaking rain."

CUBA'S REVENGE.

The Yellow Fever in Spain.

This is said by the Chicago *Republican:*

Cuba is taking a ghastly revenge on her oppressors. Less than a month ago, the steamer Maria Pia, which took out a cargo of recruits to help murder the Cuban patriots, carried back to Spain a present as fatal as that wedding-box of Pandora—the seeds of the black vomit. The beautiful city of Barcelona is changed to a pest-house. The infection and the panic are overspreading the whole littoral of the Mediterranean. Malaga and Cadiz are losing all their wealthy and ease-loving population. The traders, who have hounded on the Government to the policy of robbery and extermination it has followed for two years, are flying from the retributive scourge which has come from the crushed and ruined island. There often comes a point in the history of despotism when Nature seems, in vindictive anger, to take the part of the downtrodden against their tyrants.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.

FIRST BOARD.

600 W Jersey R 7s	95	38 sh L Val R opg	58½
1000 do 6s	90½	67 sh Penn R	60⅜
1000 Morris Canal Bt. Loan	77	200 sh do s60	60¼
		29 sh do	60½
400 City 6s new c lts	101⅞	5 sh O C & A R R	44⅝
100 do	101⅞	100 Leh Nav stk b30	33⅝
3000 do do	101¾	100 sh N Y & Middle	5
6000 Amer Gold	113⅛	600 sh Read R	49.81
9 sh Cam&Am	114¾	9 sh do transf	50
3 sh do	114⅞	400 sh do s30	49¾
18 sh do b3	114⅞	300 sh do c	49.81
100 sh HestonvilleR b60	14¼	100 sh do s5&in	49.81
100 sh do	14⅛	300 sh do b30	49⅞
25 sh do	14	100 sh do s10	49.81
2 sh Norris'n R	73		

BETWEEN BOARDS.

1000 Pittsburgh 5s s5	73	46 sh Leh Nv stk	33½
600 Leh Gld ln	89½	50 sh do s5wn	33¾
$1500 Amer Gld c	113⅜	29 sh LehVal R du bl	58½
100 sh Hest'ville R	14⅞	100 sh Read R b15	49⅞
100 sh Cataw pfd c	37⅞	100 sh do b30wn	49⅞

SECOND BOARD.

1000 Oil Creek & Alle River R Bds	80¾	100 sh Cataw Pf b60	38½
		100 sh do	38
1000 Penn R 2 mtge 6s	100½	12 sh N Cen R W	42
$600 City 6s new	101⅞	100 sh Read R b30	50⅛
300 do mun	101⅞	100 sh do s5wn&in	50
100 sh Penn R s60	60½	200 sh do b15	50 1-16

AFTER BOARDS.

sh Norristown R	78	100 sh Phila&Erie b60	26¾
100 sh Cataw pfd	38⅛	100 sh Read R b10	50⅛
100 sh Hestonvle R	14⅞		

Philadelphia Money Market.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5.—The Money Market continues active and steady. There is money enough in this market for the absolute wants of trade, but it is feared that the present speculative excitement in stock circles might monopolize most of the available resources at the banks, and that the legitimate demands of business might thus be neglected. To-day both classes of borrowers were in the market in full force, and rates show no signs of yielding. We quote on call at 5½a6½ per cent. on Governments and other choice collaterals, and first-class business paper at 7a10 per cent.

The Gold Market is quiet and steady, the entire range of variation being from 113 to 113⅛.

Government bonds are also dull and remarkable steady. Both the Ten-forties and Currency Sixes show a slight improvement, but the balance of the list is entirely without change.

Stocks were less active, but stronger.

In State and city securities there were no sales, but prices were steady.

Reading Railroad was strong, selling up to 49.81; Pennsylvania sold at 60¼a60⅜; Camden and Amboy at 114⅞; Lehigh Valley at 58½; Elmira preferred at 39, and Oil Creek and Allegheny at 44⅝. 38 b. o. was offered for Catawissa preferred, and 26½ for Philadelphia and Erie.

In Canal Shares the only sales were in Lehigh, which brought 33½.

Miscellaneous Stocks were neglected. Hestonville Passenger Railroad Shares sold at 14⅛, and New York and Middle Coal at 5.

Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at noon: United States Sixes of 1881, 113⅞a114; do. do. 1862, 112⅝a112⅞; do. do. 1864, 111⅜a111⅝; do. do. 1865, 111⅜a111¾; do. do. 1865, new, 110¼a110½; do. do. 1867, new, 110¼a110½; do. 1868, 110⅜a110⅝; do. do. 5's, 10-40s, 106⅜a106⅝; U. S. 30 year 6 per cent. currency, 111⅛a111⅜; Gold, 113a113¼; Silver, 103a110; Union Pacific Railroad 1st M. Bonds, 835a845; Central Pacific Railroad, 895a905; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, 700a725.

D. C. Wharton Smith & Co., bankers, 121 South Third street, quote at 10.30 o'clock as follows: Gold, 113; U. S. Fives, 1881, 113⅞a114; do. do. 5-20s, 1862, 112⅝a113; do. do., 1864, 111⅜a111⅝; do. do., 1865, 111⅜a111⅞; do. do July, 1865, 110⅜a110½; do do., 1867, 110⅜a110½; do. do. 1868, 110⅜a110¾; 10-40s, 106½a106⅝; do. do. Currency 6s, 111⅛a111⅜.

Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, &c., to-day, as follows: United States 6s, 1881, 113⅞a114⅛; 5-20's of 1862, 112⅝a113; do. 1864, 111⅜a111¾; do. 1865, 111⅝a111⅞; do. July, 1865, 110⅜a110⅝; do. 1867, 110⅜a110⅝; do. 1868, 110½a110⅝; Ten-forties, 106½a106¾; Gold, 113⅛, Sixes, 111¼a111½.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5, 1870.—The receipts of Cloverseed continue small and the demand limited. Sales of 50 bushels at $6 50. Timothy commands $4 50a4 75, and Flaxseed $2 15 per bushel.

No. 1 Quercitron Bark is held at $27 per ton, without sales.

There is more activity in Flour than for many days past, but the inquiry is confined entirely to the wants of the home trade. Small sales Superfine at $4 50a5 25 per barrel; Extras at $5 25a5 50; 100 barrels Spring Wheat Extra Family at $6 50; 200 barrels Pennsylvania do. do. at $6 75a7; 1,300 barrels Ohio do. do. at $6 50a7, and Fancy lots at $7 40a8 25. Rye Flour is steady at $5 50. Prices of Corn Meal nominal.

The Wheat market is a little more active, and 17,000 bushels at $1 35a1 38 for Indiana Red; $1 40 for fair Indiana White, and $1 40a1 43 for Amber. Rye steady at 87a88c. Corn is dull at the late decline. Sales of 2,000 bushels Yellow at 98c.a$1, and mixed Western at 92a97c. Oats are dull; 2,000 bushels Western sold in lots at 50c. Barley and Malt are greatly depressed.

Whisky is firmer. Sales of iron-bound Western at 89a90 cents.

Markets by Telegraph.

[Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 5, 12½ P. M.—Cotton—The market this morning was dull and prices heavy. Sales of about 300 bales. We quote as follows: Middling Uplands, 16½ cents; Middling Orleans, 16¾ cents on the spot. Future is firm. 1,000 October at 15½; 200 November, 15⅛a15¼; December, 15⅜a15½; January, 15½.

Flour, &c.—Receipts, 11,400 barrels. The market for Western and State Flour is dull and unchanged. Shipping extras are held above the views of buyers, and are likely to close better. The sales are 9,000 barrels at $4 25a5 15 for Sour; $4 10a4 50 for No. 2; $4 85a5 10 for Superfine; $5 25a5 55 for State, Extra brands; $5 60a6 10 for State, Fancy do.; $5 15a5 35 for Western Shipping Extras; $5 40a6 10 for good to choice Spring Wheat Extras; $5 50a6 75 for Minnesota and Iowa Extras; $5 90a6 60 for Extra Amber Indiana, Ohio and Michigan; $5 10a5 40 for Ohio, Indiana and Illinois Superfine; $5 30a5 50 for Ohio Round Hoop, Extra (Shipping); $5 75a5 95 for Ohio Extra, Trade brands; $6 20a6 65 for White Wheat Extra Ohio, Indiana and Michigan; $6 70a7 20 for Double Extra do. do. $6 20a6 50 for St. Louis, Single Extras; $7 20a$7 40 for St. Louis, Double Extras; $7 70a8 90 for St. Louis, Triple Extras; $5 30a8 40 for Genesee, Extra brands. Southern Flour is dull and unchanged. Sales of 200 barrels, at $4 75a5 10 for Baltimore, Alexandria and Georgetown, mixed to good Superfine; $6a8 50 for do. do. Extra and Family; $5 50a6 15 for Fredericksburg and Petersburg Country; $—a— for Richmond Country, Superfine; $6a6 90 for Richmond Country Extra; $5 90a7 for Brandywine; $—a— for Georgia and Tennessee Superfine; $5 90a6 80 for do. do. Extra and Family. Rye Flour is dull and unchanged. Sales of 100 bbls at $4a4 50 for Fine; $5 25a5 75 for Superfine and Extra.

Grain.—Receipts, Wheat 37,400 bushels. The market is dull but firm. Orders to buy are pressing. The sales are 40,000 bushels Old No. 2 Milwaukee at $1 18a1 19; and Old No. 2 Chicago at $1 10a1 16; No. 3 Spring, $1 05a1 06. New Wheats are scarce. No. 1 $1 33 is bid to arrive. Corn.—Receipts, 24,700 bushels. The market is fairly active and a shade firmer. Sales of 13,000 bushels new Western at 87a88 cents, afloat; unsound, 81a85 cents. Oats fairly active and a shade firmer. Receipts, 21,000 bushels. Sales 30,000 bushels. Black, 50a52 cents; Western, 52a54 cents. Ohio, 53a57 cents; extra choice, 57 cents.

Provisions—The receipts of Pork are — barrels. The market is lower and dull at $25 50a25 62½ for new Western Mess. Lard—Receipts, 260 packages. The market is dull and unchanged. We quote prime steamer at 8⅞a8⅝c.

[By the American Press Association.]

BALTIMORE, Oct. 5.—The Flour market was active and firm this morning. Sales 6,000 bbls., mostly for export, at $6 25a7 for City Mills Extra; $6 for Howard Street do.; $5 87½a6 25 for Western Extra, and $6 62½a7 25 for Family.

Wheat is firmer. Western Red, $1 30a1 35; Fancy do., $1 45a1 60; Maryland Red, $1 20a1 65, and White, $1 50a1 75. Corn—White, 95c.a$1 02, Yellow, 95a98c. Oats, 50a52c.

Cotton is steady. Middlings, 15½a15¾c.; Low Middlings, 15a15¼c.

Provisions—The market is firm, and the stock light.

Whisky is firm at 90½a91c. for iron-bound.

The New York Money Market.

[From the Herald of to-day.]

TUESDAY, Oct. 4.—The money market has drifted into a monotonous steadiness, and by general consent the rate on government collaterals ranges from four to five per cent. and on stocks from five to six per cent. The freer movement in commercial paper has diminished the supply on the market, and hence there is a disposition to lower rates on the part of buyers. Prime double name acceptances are in request at 7½ to 8 per cent.

The advance in our bonds to 91 in London, where the money market is reported so easy that the street rate is 1 to 1½ per cent. for loans, produced a sharp decline in gold, which, opening at 113⅜ on the street before the board, fell to 113, where it encountered a covering movement on the part of the "shorts," which caused an eventual reaction to 113¼, the upward turn being stimulated by the scarcity of cash gold, for which some borrowers paid as high as ⅛ per cent. Exceptional transactions occurred at flat for borrowing, but the average of the loaning rate was about 3-64 for borrowing. The decline was further stimulated by the weakness of foreign exchange, the rates for which yielded a quarter per cent., even in nominal quotations, while actual sales occurred an eighth per cent lower.

The government market was disposed to weakness in sympathy with the decline in gold, but rallied and closed steady on the news of the advance in five-twenties at London. General Hillhouse, the Assistant United States Treasurer, announces that, in conformity with instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, the bonds of the United States, issued under the act of Congress passed June 22, 1860, and falling due January 1, 1871, commonly known as the five per cents. of 1871, will be paid at his office on presentation, upon an adjustment of the interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum. Bonds presented for redemption will be received and paid for, subject to examination by the Treasury Department at Washington. One of the national banks, an insurance company and three private banking firms availed themselves of the above to-day and converted $521,000 of the bonds into gold.

RICE.—75 CASKS CAROLINA RICE. IN store and for sale by COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., 111 Chestnut st.

NORTON'S PINE APPLE CHEESE, IN fine order, on consignment and for sale by JOS. B. BUSSIER & CO., 108 South Delaware avenue.

PARAFFINE OIL.—50 BARRELS, 25 gravity Winter Paraffine Oil—for Machinery—just received, and for sale by EDW. H. ROWLEY, 16 South Front street. se27tf

FOURTH EDITION

3:00 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER BY CABLE.

Financial and Commercial Quotations

FROM EUROPE.

[By the American Press Association.]

Financial and Commercial.

LONDON, Oct. 5, 2 P. M.—United States Bonds of 1865's, 90¼; 1867's, 89⅞; Ten-forty Bonds, 85½. Erie Railway, 18; Illinois Central, 113; Atlantic and Great Western, 26.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 5, 2 P. M.—Cotton is steady. Sales of 12,000 bales. Prices unchanged. California Wheat, 10s.a10s. 1d.; Winter, do., 9s. 8d.; Spring, 8s. 3d.a8s. 4d. Flour, 22s. 3d. Corn, 28s. 6d. Beef, 116s. Lard, 72s. 6d. Cheese, 64s.

Stock Market.

LONDON, Oct. 5, 5 P. M.—Markets upon the Stock Exchange closed with good feeling in every department.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

[By the American Press Association.]

MASSACHUSETTS.

Political—Republican State Convention.

WORCESTER, Oct. 5.—The Republican State Convention met at eleven o'clock this morning, and was called to order by Dr. J. B. Loring. Three hundred and fifteen towns were represented by 1,269 delegates, among whom was Mrs. Livermore, of Malden, and Lucy Stone, of North Brookfield. A permanent organization was effected by the choice of ex-Governor A. H. Bullock for President, with a long list of vice presidents and secretaries from each county. Governor Bullock addressed the convention for half an hour on national affairs. The usual committees were appointed. Mrs. Livermore now addressed the Convention on woman suffrage. Both Governor and Lieutenant Governor were nominated by acclamation.

ROMAN MATTERS.

The Pope and the Italians.

A Roman letter says:

As far as we can ascertain, the Pope does not mean to abandon the Vatican. He seems in good spirits, and distributes his cutting *bon-mots* as usual. When informed that even the French volunteers were recalled he is reported to have said: "Qu'est-ce-que ça me fait? La France ne morde plus. Elle a perdu ses dents" (Sedan.) This decision to remain complicates matters for the Italian Government. Compelled to choose between Rome or Revolution, it naturally chooses the former, but does so timidly and hesitatingly, thus incurring the scorn and blame not only of the advanced parties, but even of the moderates, who are out of power. This will matter little; even to-day Lanza can answer Battazzi's sarcasms in two words, "sour grapes," when once we are in Rome. When once Rome is proclaimed capital of Italy, the *fait accompli* will stand against Lanza's name on the pages of Italian history. But the least romantic will admit that this is a queer, sad, cold way of realizing the dream of poets, of the century of martyrs, of the 4,000 victims who perished from French steel and grape in 1849, of the hundreds who watered the cyclamens at Mentana with their life blood in 1867. Garibaldi, scorning the Italians who rule to-day, impetuously offering his sword to France; Mazzini, caged at Gaeta or prisoner mid-ocean, on his way to Varignano; even General La Marmora gleaning with hungry eyes news from the newspapers, in the Sala dei Dugento. Somehow "this going to Rome" seems the play of *Hamlet* with the part of "Hamlet" left out.

FIFTH EDITION

4:30 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Southern Commercial Convention.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By the American Press Association.]

Manslaughter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to-day, John Quinn, who wantonly murdered David Reischer on the 12th ult., pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the first degree. He was remanded for sentence.

Thomas Sheridan, who stabbed and instantly killed David Michaels last June, pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the third degree.

A Cuban Martyr.

A Solemn Requiem Mass was celebrated this morning, at St. Stephen's Church, on Twenty-eighth street, for the repose of the soul of the young Cuban martyr, Luis Ayesteran. The mother and sisters of the deceased were the chief mourners. The attendance was very large.

Reduction on Freights.

The competition of the California Steamship and Pacific Railroad lines has led to a reduction of about ten per cent. on freights, which goes into operation this week.

Sailing of the Westphalia.

The Hamburg steamer Westphalia cleared the bar at 8.30 A. M., and took the southern passage. A French gunboat sailed at the same time. No fears are entertained for the Westphalia, as she is one of the fastest vessels afloat.

Murder—The Cause, a Drunken Quarrel.

Peter Cassady, who, it was alleged, was thrown out of a third-story window on King street, by his wife Ann, on Tuesday last, died this morning at Bellevue Hospital, from his injuries. The parties have three children, one of whom witnessed the occurrence.

From the *ante-mortem* statement of the husband it appears the wife was under the influence of liquor at the time, and he and she had a violent quarrel. He afterwards went to a window, which was open, for the purpose of sharpening a knife on the stone ledge, and, as he was leaning forward, she came behind him, suddenly seized him by the legs, and threw him out.

Meeting of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 5th.—The second day's session of the annual meeting of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions opened this morning with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Adams. Rev. Dr. S. B. Treat, of Boston, read an address—The Prudential Committee—on the undenominational character of the Board, which showed that it organized in Bradford in the year 1810. The address gave a clear resume of the working of the Board from the organization till the present time, believing that the labors of those who have interested themselves in this work have been well rewarded.

A Coal Mine Caves in and 35 Men Buried.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—A telegram to an evening paper says:

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 5.—Reports reached East St. Louis last night that the coal mine of Sanderson & Co., at Caseyville, Ill., eight miles from there, caved in yesterday and buried 35 men. No particulars have yet been received.

FROM THE WEST.

[By the American Press Association.]

OHIO.

The Commercial Convention in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 5.—The Commercial Convention reassembled at ten A. M., and opened with prayer. Committees were appointed upon the subjects for discussion. The Convention was decidedly more harmonious, and disposed to facilitate business, but the introduction of many and some lengthy resolutions, on a variety of subjects, occupied most of the forenoon session, despite the endeavors to have each and all referred at once to appropriate Committees.

General Banks was called to the chair by President Garrett towards the latter part of the session, and expedited business considerably. Resolutions were offered and referred asking that Congress be requested to appropriate money for the improvement of the Muscle Shoals of Alabama.

The chairman of the caucus of the Louisville Committee upon Improvements of the Tennessee river, requested to report this P. M. The rule regulating the time of speakers was modified so as to limit each delegate upon any question unless otherwise ordered.

A resolution was offered relative to direct trade and steamship communication between New Orleans and Europe and Asia. Referred.

Delegates from the District of Columbia were announced and admitted.

A resolution relative to the Central Pacific and Union Pacific Railroads was offered and referred.

Also, one relative to the Red River improvements; to trans-latitudinal railway connections with the South; to the removal of obstructions in the Mississippi river.

Also, one for the removal of the National Capital, met with objections.

Resolutions were received and referred, relative to improvements of the Ohio river and appropriations for the same; to the abolishment of national banks; relative to the payment of the national debt and the distribution of taxes; relative to the improvement of Ship Island harbor, and several of minor importance, after which the Convention adjourned till 2 P. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By the American Press Association.]

Treasury Balances.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The following are the Treasury balances at the close of business today:

Coin	97,293,423 65
Currency	29,901,427 39
Coin certificates	12,789,000 00

LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

LOOKING GLASSES
AT
GOLD PRICES.
Every variety in style, of the very best workmanship.
REAL FRENCH PLATES.
EARLES' GALLERIES
816 Chestnut Street.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

The Gentlemen's Furnishing Store of
JOHN C. ARRISON,
Nos. 1 and 3 N. Sixth St., Philada.,
has been thoroughly stocked with goods suitable for the season, among which is a great variety of Gentlemen's Wrappers and Breakfast Jackets, Silk, Wool, Merino and Flannel Shirts and Drawers of his own manufacture and importation; also, Gloves, Scarfs, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c., &c. In fact, all goods appertaining to a Gentleman's wardrobe, of the best quality, latest patterns and lowest prices.
no12 f m w 1yrp

FURS, &C.

FURS.
A. K. & F. K. WOMRATH,
No. 1212 Chestnut Street,
Invite the attention of the public to their large and varied assortment of
LADIES' FINE FURS,
In Sets from $5 00 Upwards.
ALSO,
CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH ROBES,
LAP BLANKETS, FOOT MUFFS,
FUR GLOVES, MUFFLERS, &c.
A. K. & F. K. WOMRATH,
1212 Chestnut Street.
oc1 tu th s 3mrp§

SWISS RUSTIC CARVINGS.
JAMES S. EARLE & SONS
816 Chestnut Street,
Have just opened a large importation of exquisite
SWISS CARVINGS,
embracing Pen Holders, Paper Knives, Book Rests, Jewel and Work Boxes, Cigar Boxes, Inkstands, Papetries, Card Receivers, Flower Vases and Stands, &c., &c., at all prices, and much lower than ever before.
oc1 s tu th 6trp§

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

THE METALLIC SPRING GARTER
Is For Sale at the following Stores in Philadelphia:
MRS. S. COX, 22 North Ninth St.
MRS. BINDER, Eleventh and Chestnut.
O. C. NICHOLS, 102 South Eighth St.
oc1 s-3trp

WM. MENCKE & BROTHER,
No. 804 ARCH STREET.
LATE STYLES
LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS,
BERLIN ZEPHYR GOODS, Etc.
A large importation of Embr. Cushions and Embr. Slippers, from 75c upwards.
We have now on hand a full line of the celebrated
BOUDIER'S KID GLOVES.
Considered in Europe superior to any other make.
Also, a full line of the
VICTORIA KID GLOVES,
The best One Dollar Glove in the market,
$1 00 Per Pair.
A complete assortment of the celebrated
J. B. P. PARIS CORSETS.
WM. MENCKE & BROTHER,
No. 804 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
se13 tu th s 13trp§

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—134 BARRELS Spirits Turpentine, landing from steamer Pioneer, and for sale by COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO. 111 Chestnut street.

WHITE SEAL OIL.—33 BARRELS White Winter Seal Oil, landing from schooner Bonny Boat. For sale by EDW. H. ROWLEY, No. 16 South Front street. se27-tf§

COTTON.—71 BALES COTTON NOW landing from steamer Tonawanda, from Savannah, Ga., and for sale by COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., 111 Chestnut street.

CURTAIN MATERIALS.

1870. AUTUMN. 1870.
Specialties
IN
LACE CURTAINS
AND
CURTAIN MATERIALS
FOR
INTERIOR DECORATIONS.
Our Fall importations were received previous to the late advance in prices, of which our customers shall have the full benefit.
LINEN AND LACE SHADES.
I. E. WALRAVEN,
MASONIC HALL,
No. 719 CHESTNUT STREET.

FINANCIAL.

MOST DESIRABLE INVESTMENT.
LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD
Seven Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds.
We offer for sale, at par and accrued interest, the SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS,
Free from all Taxation,
OF THE
LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD CO.
The Railroad property, which is mortgaged for the security of the holders of these Bonds, is finished, and has been in full working order since 1854, earning and paying to its stockholders dividends of ten per cent. per annum regularly upon the full paid-up capital stock, now amounting to $17,957,850.
The Bonds have forty years to run. ARE REGISTERED and FREE FROM ALL TAXES; interest seven per cent. per annum, payable September and March.
Purchasers will be allowed a rebate of interest at the rate of seven per cent. from the date of purchase to September 1, and interest added after September 1 to date of purchase.
For further particulars, apply to
DREXEL & CO.,
C. & H. BORIE,
W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN.
PHILADELPHIA, August 3, 1870. se15 1m5p

A LEGAL INVESTMENT
FOR
Trustees, Executors and Administrators.
WE OFFER FOR SALE
2,000,000
OF THE
Pennsylvania Railroad Company's
General Mortgage
SIX PER CENT. BONDS.
At 95 and Interest added to date of Purchase.
All Free from State Tax, and Issued in Sums of $1,000.
These Bonds are Coupons and Registered. Interest on the former payable January and July 1; on the latter, April and October 1, and by an Act of the Legislature approved April 1, 1870, are made a Legal Investment for Administrators, Executors, Trustees, &c.
For further particulars apply to
C. & H. BORIE,
JAY COOKE & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO.,
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A Desirable
SAFE HOME INVESTMENT.
THE
SUNBURY AND LEWISTOWN
RAILROAD COMPANY
OFFER
$1,200,000 BONDS,
Bearing 7 Per Cent. Interest in Gold,
Secured by a
FIRST AND ONLY MORTGAGE.
The Bonds are issued in
$1,000s, $500s and $200s.
The Coupons are payable in the city of Philadelphia on the first days of April and October,
Free of State and United States Taxes.
The price at present is
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.
Parties purchasing prior to October will make the difference on the GOLD INTEREST.
This road, with its connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Lewistown, brings the Anthracite Coal Fields 67 MILES nearer the Western and Southwestern markets. With this advantage it will control that trade. The Lumber Trade, and the immense and valuable deposit of ores in this section, together with the thickly peopled district through which it runs, will secure it a very large and profitable trade.
WM. PAINTER & CO.
BANKERS,
Dealers in Government Securities,
No. 36 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
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INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
THE UNION BANKING COMPANY,
CAPITAL PAID IN $200,000,
WILL ALLOW 4 (FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND BY CHECK.
N. C. MUSSELMAN, President.
JAS. A. HILL, Cashier. je8-3mrp§

JAMES S. NEWBOLD & SON,
BILL BROKERS AND
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS,
126 SOUTH SECOND STREET.
jy19-3mrp§