EVENING BULLETIN

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PEACOCK, FETHERSTON & CO.

Tuesday, September 13, 1870.

THE SITUATION IN FRANCE.

The Prussian army was yesterday reported as having paused, in its advance upon Paris, in a position but twenty-five miles from the city, for the reported purpose of considering proposals for an armistice, said to have come in the form of a joint note from Austria, Russia and Italy. Our own government, it appears, has not made any decided propositions in this direction, and England has excluded herself, consistently with that constantly policy of non-interference where profit cannot be secured, which has distinguished her recent governments. To-day, the cable brings tidings of the resumption of the march upon Paris, the investment of Soissons, and the acceptance by the Parisians of all the immediate exigencies of a siege.

There is good ground for the belief that Count Bismarck, like a shrewd statesman, desires to conclude the war and secure peace with France, because he perceives that continuation of hostilities to the bitter end, and ruthless dismemberment of France, will alienate from Prussia the liberal people of the whole world. King William, it is said, favors disregard of all peace propositions until the capital is in his hands, and then he will refuse to reconsider and treat with the Provisional government. It is very possible that the present delay has been secured by Bismarck to enable him to intimate to King William that it is time for a wiser policy, and we earnestly hope his efforts will be successful. Prussia cannot safely reject the entreaties of the powers which have appealed to her in behalf of France, nor can she provoke more slaughter and strive to destroy the new republic which it is willing to accede even to severe terms for the sake of procuring peace. When Prussia warred upon Napoleon all lovers of popular liberty bade her God speed; but if she uses her newly acquired power to overthrow a government of the people and to build upon its ruins another despotism, perhaps worse because more incapable than that of Napoleon, she will deserve the execration of mankind. It is a difficult situation in which King William finds himself. He has prescribed to his people the course of two evils. He must either continue a war which will become inhuman and cruel, or he must recognize a government the existence of which is based upon the denial of the divine right of his kinghip. It will be a consequence of this war as unpleasant as it was unforeseen if it should end in the establishment of a free popular government in France; and it will not be a pleasant reflection for the King of Prussia that he has called it into existence. But he cannot escape from the dilemma by constructing the foolish theory that there is still an imperial government in France, nor by assuming that Napoleon yet has a claim to the throne of Empire. He has made it absolutely impossible that the captive should again wield the sceptre of the country which he betrayed. No member of the Bonaparte family can ever again sit upon the throne of France, even though the whole power of Prussia were exerted to secure such a result. We believe that the people of France are strongly fond of the republic, and that they will give it their support if it is not destroyed by Prussia. That power has the alternative of recognizing it or of overthrowing it and setting up a new government which will treat with Prussia as a creature might with its creator. A fabric built in such a fashion by such hands, and committed from the first to abject submission will be predestined to destruction, and it will richly deserve such a fate.

THE MOVEMENT ON ROME.

The important European news to-day comes from Italy. Victor Emmanuel has entered the Papal territory, and, in a day or two, will have occupied Rome. It is said that the people in the dominions of the Pope are to be permitted to declare by ballot whether they are willing to accept the Italian government. There can be no doubt of the result of such an election; there will be an overwhelming majority against the Pope, if the people are permitted to express their opinions freely. This movement on the part of Italy is made with the consent of the Pontiff, but how hardly that consent was wrung from him we can imagine when we remember how fiercely he has clung to the remnant of his temporal power. But he had the choice of two evils, and he chose the less. If the King of Italy had not determined to seize Rome, he would have lost what popularity remains to him, and the movement would have proceeded without him. The Pope had to choose between abdicatement by legitimate authority or by Italian revolutionists; for the popular sentiment of the country demanded the fulfilment of that dream of unity which is as dear to the Italian heart as to the German. The opportunity did not come until the downfall of Napoleon, who has occupied Rome for twenty years, and until the German people were accomplishing their scheme of unification. This occupation of Rome nearly completes the consolidation begun in 1859 by Napoleon, continued afterwards by Garibaldi, and in 1866 by Prussia, which gave Venice to Victor Emmanuel. It remains now only to take from France Savoy and Nice, which Napoleon claimed as the price of his assistance.

We can readily imagine that the King of Italy was not loth to yield to the necessity which compelled him to march upon Rome, and to push from his throne the pontiff who has excommunicated him; but it is satisfactory to know that he desires to give his cordial support to the spiritual authority of the Pope, and to make Rome, as of old, the seat of his spiritual kingdom. There are many good Catholics who will accept the destruction of the temporal power as a blessing to the Church, and will hope now to secure for it greater efficiency. The Pope will act wisely and with the approbation of his spiritual subjects if he abandons the idea of having Rome, and, accepting the inevitable result of the present agitation in Europe, addresses himself entirely to the advancement of the interests of his spiritual kingdom. He can do this better in Rome than at any other point, and with greater ease, now that he has been relieved of the burden of a most wretchedly contrived civil government.

THE DUTY OF REPUBLICANS.

With the first turn of the tide of population from the summer resorts to the city, the question of the approaching election immediately begins to fill the public mind. It is not a general election, so far as any State officer is concerned, but as the new apportionment of the State will be made by the next Legislature, the Legislative ticket becomes unusually important. The demands of the independent portion of the Republican press have been so far regarded as to secure a retirement of several of the most objectionable members of the last Legislature, and we presume that one or two more will be retired by the failure of the candidates to make their past records good. Taking the entire Republican ticket through, and comparing it with that of the Democracy, the result presents a sufficient reason for urging upon the Republican voters of Philadelphia a strong and united resistance to the dangerous effort which will be made to sweep this city into the hands from which it has been rescued now these many years.

The Republican party needs reform in its rules and in some of its rulers. A long period of success has not been enjoyed without the inseparable penalty which so commonly follows unbroken prosperity. But whatever of reform is needed must be wrought out within the party itself. It contains all the elements needed for self-purification and self-preservation, and it is the last act of folly to seek to cure what ills we may exist by surrendering power into the hands of a party which has proved itself so hopelessly corrupt, and so fatally unfit to govern as the party of the modern Democracy.

Discontent with bad nominations has its remedy, if it will but use it. The Republican party, fully exerting its great power in Philadelphia, should make such a demonstration at the polls as will convince the sham Democracy that its struggles to gain the supremacy are hopeless, and at the same time convince corrupt and unscrupulous politicians that the party is strong enough to repudiate bad nominations without endangering the general success of the party.

President Grant gives the true cue to the duty of every Republican voter when he speaks of the Republican party as "the party that supported our armies and maintained the Union." The Rebellion is crushed and the Union is maintained, but there is nothing in the Democratic party of to-day that makes it any more fit to govern than it was when it plunged the country into the horrors of civil war. Whatever has been done in the last dozen years for the advancement and elevation of the people of these United States, for the preservation of our integrity and honor as a nation has been done by the Republican party, and no Republican voter can give his positive or negative support to the party of Disunion and Demagoguism without nullifying himself, and inflicting, to the extent of his individual ability, an injury upon the community in which he lives.

One special duty devolves upon the Republican voters of Philadelphia at this time. It is to redouble their exertions in the Democratic sections of the city. The First Congressional District of Pennsylvania would have been redeemed from Democratic rule years ago, if there had been a more resolute and persistent assault upon that headquarters of Democratic corruption and fraud. There has been a year in ten years past, when well-directed efforts would not have reclaimed some portion of that political waste. It has been too much the fashion, in past years, to look upon the First District as hopelessly heathen, *in partibus infidelium*, a fortress upon which forlorn hopes expended themselves with no result but defeat. But there is a better future opened for the First District, and it is a high duty to strain every effort to conquer this one fastness of the sham Democracy. The Republican candidate, Mr. Hackel, is in all ways unexceptionable, a gentleman against whom no fault can be found, honest, intelligent, courteous, experienced in public affairs, staunchly attached to every principle of true Republicanism. Mr. Hackel would make an admirable representative for the First District, and there should be a strenuous effort to elect him.

And while a strong effort is thus made to break down the Democracy in its strongholds there must be a timely movement on the part of the active working men of the party to protect such a precinct organization as will secure a full vote. The neglect of this duty has cost the Republican party many a local defeat. There are thousands of quiet voters all over this city who only go to the polls, voluntarily, in times of great political excitement. In well-organized wards and precincts these voters are brought out by personal application, and their vote often controls the whole result of the election. What is done in some wards must be done in all, and the Republican ticket will be elected by an overwhelming majority.

Most of all, there should be an immediate cessation of all petty hostilities between cliques and factions in our own ranks. The success of the Republican party care nothing for the individual controversies of aspirants to office, or for the schemings and squabblings of the various "rings" that grow up, unfortunately, in all great parties. Let us have these needless causes of dissension put out of the way at once, and present such a harmonious and united front to the enemy as will ensure us not only a complete but a glorious victory.

THE ALBANY ZOUAVE CADETS.

The recent visit of the Albany Zouave Cadets to Philadelphia, as the guests of Company D. of the First Regiment, P. N. G., was an event which deserve more than ordinary notice. Not only was this corps one of the most elegantly uniformed, ably officered and thoroughly drilled volunteer military organizations that has ever visited Philadelphia, but the individual and collective deportment of its members was such as to make their entertainment a real pleasure to their hosts, to reflect much credit upon their native city, and to set an admirable pattern for future occasions of a similar kind. The Zouave Cadets' reunion a body of young gentlemen, who started upon their recent pleasant excursion, not with the reckless purpose of having what is commonly called "a good time," unmindful of their obligations to their own good city and to their hospitable hosts in Philadelphia. We have had such military visitors in Philadelphia, in times past, and their behavior has sometimes been such as to do themselves no credit and to disgust their generous entertainers. But our Albany visitors came preceded by a reputation which they were determined to maintain; and their quiet, dignified, soldierly deportment won for them encomiums which have been denied to some of their predecessors. Their stay in Philadelphia was marked by all the courtesy of well-bred gentlemen, and their example cannot fail of its wholesome proper effect. As an illustration of the morale of the Albany Zouave Cadets, it is only fair that they should have credit for a feature of their recent excursion which cannot be too highly honored, when it is remembered that it was the act of a corps of high-spirited, light-hearted young men, enjoying an exceedingly pleasant and rather exciting excursion. During the entire trip the Cadets rigidly adhered to an agreement made before leaving Albany, that every man of the corps would abstain from all intoxicating drinks while wearing the uniform of the Cadets. This was fairly and honorably carried out, and it was done, not upon any idea total abstinence principle, but simply out of regard for the honor and discipline of the corps.

The Cadets were fortunate in being the guests of Company D., a corps composed, like themselves, of gentlemen who know how to honor their cloth and to maintain its reputation not only on the battle-field, but in the banquet room, and in all the amenities of social life.

FOR SALE.

BROWN STONE RESIDENCE FOR SALE,
No. 1922 ARCH STREET,
Elegant Brown-Stone Residence, three stories and Mansard, with Brown-Stone Front Stable in rear, on Arch street, containing 22 feet in front and 90 feet in depth, in substantial manner. Lot 22 feet front by 150 feet deep to a 20 feet street, on which is erected a handsome brick Stable and Coach House.
J. M. GUMMEY & SONS,
733 WALNUT Street.
ou14 tfrp

FOR SALE
A STYLISH NEW WALNUT DRESS,
For one hence, with turn out black seat, at
DE KIEFFER'S STABLE,
Tenth Street, below Spruce, and above Fifteenth.
se2 2t***

LEGAL NOTICES.

ESTATE OF JAMES R. GREEVES, deceased.—Letters Testamentary upon the above Estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims thereon, to present the same.
M. L. DAWSON,
S. E. corner Seventh and Walnut streets.
WILLIAM BIDDLE,
No. 1102 Walnut street.
JAMES COALDER,
No. 228 South Fifth street.
Executors.
se13 tu6t*

MISCELLANEOUS.

TREGO'S TEABERRY TOOTHWASH.—It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best dentifrice extant. Warranted free from injurious ingredients. It Preserves and Whitens the Teeth; Invigorates and Sweetens the Gums; Prevents Decay and Tartar; Cures Sore Throat; Prevents Accumulation of Tartar on Cleaned and Purified Artificial Teeth! It is a Superior Article for Children! Sold by all Druggists. W. WILSON, Proprietor
mh14 ty6m Ninth and Filbert streets, Philadelphia.

POLISHING POWDER.—THE BEST for cleaning Silver and Plated Ware, Jewelry, etc. Over manufactures.
FARR & BROTHER,
mh4 tfrp 324 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

FEEDING MACHINES, GAUFFERING Irons and Scissors, and various kinds of Polishing, Lasting and Sewing Irons. ALSO, FOR SALE, A SIZE No. 655 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, Philadelphia.
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FLUTING MACHINES, GAUFFERING Irons and Scissors, and various kinds of Polishing, Lasting and Sewing Irons. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street.

SOAPSTONE GRIDDLES ARE USED without grease, and therefore do not fill your house with an unpleasant smoke. A variety of sizes of them, also Soapstone and Dual Iron Griddles and Cake Paddles and Cake Pans, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

ARE YOU "PICKING CABBAGE, Peppers, Green Tomatoes, or other Vegetables which require slicing, you will find the adjustable Slicer attached to Fairbank's Scales the cheapest. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

$11,000, $6,000—TO LOAN ON FIRST-class city mortgages.
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WEAVER & CO.,
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29 NORTH WATER, and 30 NORTH WHARVES,
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EDWIN H. FITLER. CONRAD F. CLOTHIER
T. W. BALLY'S OLD-ESTABLISHED JEWELRY STORE, No. 22 MARKET street, six doors below Seventh street. American and Imported Watches, Diamonds and fine Gold Jewelry and Silverware in every variety, at reasonable prices. Watches, Jewelry and Silverware repaired and warranted. Watches in show window.
WATCHES THAT HAVE HITHerto failed to give satisfaction will be put in good order and warranted for a year, at T. W. BALLY'S, 22 Market street, opp. Washington Musical House repaired.
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MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT LOANED UPON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER PLATE, Diamonds, &c., at JONES' OLD-ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE, Corner of Third and Dock streets.
N. B.—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY GONE, &c.
FOR SALE AT A REMARKABLY LOW PRICE.
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CONDENSED MILK, EAGLE BRAND.—The very best article for travelers, infants, &c. Recommended by Physicians. For sale by Grocers. Prepared by Borden, Selleck & Co., Agents for Merrill's Flavoring Extracts. Formerly by JAMES T. SHINN & Co., office Dwight and Spruce st's only.

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Wanamaker & Brown's.....Full Overcoats, $5 up.
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Wanamaker & Brown's.....All-Wool Suits, $12 up.
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We have now on hand a full line of the celebrated
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Considered in Europe superior to any other make.
Also, a full line of the
VICTORIA KID GLOVES.
The best One Dollar Glove in the market.
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All the New Designs in Made-up Goods.
New Patterns in Embroideries,
A Full Line of White Goods,
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And a great variety of seasonable Goods, selected with great care, and will be sold at a small advance on important prices.
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Special Bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Handkerchiefs.

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In connection with the general reduction of prices special attention is called to our Five Octave, Octave, Octave, stringed GRAND SQUARE PIANOS, and Patent Grand Upright Pianos, which magnificent instruments now fairly rival the famed Concert and Parlor Grands.
In these favorite Styles, extraordinary reductions have been made in the New Price List.
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Every variety in style, of the very best workmanship.
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VERY FINE.
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M. DAWSON RICHARDS,
Successor to Davis & Richards,
ARCH AND TENTH STREETS,
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Pure Cider and Wine Vinegar.
Green Ginger, Mustard Seeds, Spices, &c.
All the requisites for Preserving and Pickling purposes
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"P. P." Meaning Perfectly Pure.
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AND
117 DOCK STREET,
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We desire to call the attention of the
Medical Profession,
Heads of Families,
All drinkers of Whisky, and all persons who are debilitated and desire a perfectly pure and healthy stimulant, to our
"P. P." WHISKIES.
They are refined in
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At which heat none of the impurities VAPORIZE. Under the old method of distillation, all the impurities will vaporize with the spirit, producing an impure article.
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An invitation is hereby cordially extended to the PUBLIC GENERALLY to call and examine the LIQUORS and INGREDIENTS extracted at the REFINERY and SALESROOMS
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AND
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Rye, Wheat, Bourbon and Monongahela
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The product of the following Distilleries:
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THE FOREIGN AMBASSADORS

They Still Remain in Paris

PRUSSIA.

THANKS TO MINISTER WASHBURNE

THE BLOWING UP OF LAON

ROME.

The March on Rome

THE ITALIANS WELL RECEIVED

NO SERIOUS RESISTANCE

PROCLAMATION TO THE ROMANS

THE POPE TO BE PROTECTED

FROM EUROPE.

(By the American Press Association.)

Napoleon's Interview With Bismarck.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—Bismarck, in an official report of the surrender of Sedan and Marshal Mahon's army, gives interesting details of the bearing of the Emperor Napoleon under the final reverses of the siege and capture of the fortress.

He states that Napoleon made a formal request that the French troops should obtain leave to cross over into Belgium, and there be disarmed on neutral ground, the object being probably to spare the humiliation of capitulation upon French territory, but he failed.

The Emperor Forced into the War.

In conversation with Bismarck, subsequent to the surrender, the Emperor declared that the pressure of public opinion in France forced him into the war, which, personally, he did not desire.

Thanks to Minister Washburne.

The Cabinet at Berlin have addressed a warm letter of thanks to the American Minister Washburne, at Paris, for his voluntary and noble efforts in assisting capitol Germans in obtaining transportation to their native country and in relieving their distresses.

The Italian Advance upon Rome.

FLORENCE, Sept. 13th.—The Italians continue their vigorous march against the Papal territories. On Sunday General Bixio, with a strong force, encamped at Montefiascone, nine miles northeast of Viterbo. The Papal garrison, being weak, withdrew without striking a blow or attempting to defend the town. They retired upon Viterbo.

The Italians also occupied Bagnorea. Here twenty Zouaves and their officers, who constituted the garrison, quietly surrendered. The Romans have cut the railway between Ceccano and Frosinone. The Italians are advancing, and are well received by the population of the villages along the line of march, the sentiment is everywhere said to be favorable to the occupation.

Proclamation to the Romans

General Cadorna, Commander-in-chief of the Italian army of occupation, has issued a proclamation to the inhabitants of Roman territory. He declares that he brings peace and order to them, not war. He leaves the administration of their internal affairs to the Romans. The independence of the Pope will be violated, but, on the contrary, will be zealously preserved. He counsels that the inhabitants maintain quiet and oppose no resistance to his army.

Papal Commander Arrested.

ROME, Sept. 13.—The commander of the native Papal forces has been placed under arrest because of his refusal to fight against the Italian invasion.

M. Thiers in England.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Thiers passed through Dover, to-day, accompanied by a suite of nine gentlemen, presumed to be on the way to London.

The Blowing up of Laon.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—A Prussian official despatch has been received at the War Office in this city, detailing the capitulation of Laon. It says the enemy, in contravention of the terms of capitulation, blew up the magazine of the citadel of Laon, after the entry of the Prussians.

The Foreign Ambassadors in Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—It is understood that the foreign ambassadors resident in Paris have decided to send away their married secretaries immediately, but to remain themselves until the Prussians open fire upon Paris. The ambassadors do not anticipate that they will experience any difficulty in securing a safe conduct through the Prussian besieging lines.

The Enemy in Sight of Paris.

The Uhlans have committed daring depredations within sight of Paris. They have cut the railway to Strasbourg and destroyed the telegraph line a short distance beyond Noisy le Sec, within cannon shot from Fort Romainville, and only eight miles from Paris.

Financial

LONDON, Sept. 13, 12:30 P. M.—Consols are steady at 92½ for account. U. S. bonds were active; 5-20's of 1862 have advanced ¼ since the opening, and are now quoted at 89¼@90. There is a good business transacting in this department.

ANEGRO'S REVENGE.

Arson, Robbery and Poison in Bloomfield. N. J.—A Servant Dunks Lower Poisons a Family of Eight Persons—Excitement Run Wild.

The town of Bloomfield, New Jersey, is intensely excited just now over a series of diabolical crimes alleged to have been perpetrated by a good-for-nothing negro, the property of the family of Dr. William A. McDowell. In the Doctor's employ for the last twenty years has been a colored woman named Keziah. For her some months ago the negro in question commenced paying court. By and by Keziah told her mistress, Mrs. McDowell, of the state of affairs, and, in view of her fellow's notorious reputation, that lady advised Keziah to cut him. Instead of doing so, however, Keziah told the lover what had been said, and he swore he would have revenge. A month or ago the doctor's fine, substantial barn, worth about $1,000, was burned to the ground, the fire evidently being of a little boy, who has since proved to be innocent. Suspicion fell at once upon the negro was the real incendiary. A week or so after the burning of the barn the doctor's whole family, of eight persons, were suddenly and most unaccountably taken sick. Mrs. Mrs. McDowell, the family all got over the trouble speedily. She, however, says that she is quite sick. An examination discovered a hole in the sugar and the water had been poisoned. Thus far no suspicion rested on either Keziah or her lover, but last Friday the parcel was rifled of a quantity of silver, and investigation proved that Keziah must have had a hand in the removal of the property, which was found concealed on the premises.

Yesterday the matter was brought to the notice of the Newark authorities, who set out quite for the alleged fiend incarnate, whose plotting was disclosed have, however, happily been frustrated. A vigilance committee has been organized in Bloomfield, and no effort will be spared to have the guilty parties brought to justice, swift, sure and retributive. At last accounts Mrs. McDowell was rapidly convalescing.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.

FIRST PAGE.

300 City 6s New	97½	100 sh Penna R	57¾		
1 sh Penna Mint	1021	300 sh Reed R 10d	6¾		
1 sh Leh Nav	50½	100 sh do	6¾		
200 do s3	50½	100 sh O CARB W 5d	45¾		
100 do CARB PR	10½	100 do	45¾		
100 Phila Gas	14¾	100 do	45¾		
100 Phila Erie 6s	94	100 sh do	45¾		
100 do	94	100 sh do	45¾		
500 West Jersey 7s	86½	94 sh Penn R	55¾		

SECOND BOARD.

100 sh Lehigh Canal	14	100 sh do	14¾
44 sh Penn R	55½	100 sh N Cen R W 5	4¾
100 sh do 5d	55½	100 sh Leh Nav	50½

THIRD BOARD.

1500 N Penn R 7s	90	100 sh Lock of Music	5
100 sh Leh Nav s4d	50½	100 sh Penn R	55¾
100 sh Read R	45¾	6 sh Second Nat	112

Philadelphia Money Market.

THURSDAY, Sept. 13.—The bank statement last week is rather unfavorable, though not more so than was anticipated. The decrease in loans is $1,000,000, and the city banks are partially in advance of the country banks in proportion to their indebtedness. The increase of specie is $1,000,000, and they indicate no improvement in available resources. The amount of the "Specie" has very little to show in the large increase of over three millions in the aggregate.

Gold continues quiet and steady, and the rate of interest is no more variable between 1½@2 and 2@2½, opening and closing at 1½ per cent. Government securities are firmer and prices show another general advance. The improvement extends to Pennsylvania and Reading and the market.

Quotations dull but steady. City 6ses sold at 97 for the new issue. In Railroad Bonds no sales of note were small sales at 85¼; Pennsylvania at 55¾ and Reading at 45¾@45¾, Lehigh Navigation at 50½@50¾, Lehigh Gold Loan was very strong, selling up to 92¼ for the 1884 issue.

Nothing transpired in Canal stocks to special attention and not a sale was recorded at the Board.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

THURSDAY, Sept. 13.—A few cargoes of cotton have changed hands since our last report, but prices have made their appearance, but buyers hold off, and the market is nominally lower. Sales of Flour are light for Timothy at $6 00@6 25 per barrel. Small sales of Pennsylvania Red Wheat at $1 35@1 40, and Western at 30¢ cents, and Amber at 30¢ cents. Rye is dull and Prime Pennsylvania is nominally worth $1 15. Corn is dull and lower. Sales of Yellow at 80@82¢ cents, and Western at 78@80¢ cents. Oats are steady at 40@42¢ cents for Western and 45¢ cents for Pennsylvania, and 50 cents for Mixed. Nothing doing in Barley and Malt. Cloverseed is dull at $7 50@7 75. Provisions are dull and prices are lower. Whiskey is dull and weak; we quote Western Ironbound at 91 cents, and Pennsylvania at 92 cents.

Markets by Telegraph.

[Special Dispatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 13,