## DUANE-LINCOLN.-On bept. lst, 1870, at Trinity aurch, Weymouth, Mass., by the Rev. W. F. Lloyd, v. Charles W. Duane and Emma C., daughter of the E. Liucoln, Esq., of Philadelphia.

CHAPMAN.—On Friday, the 2d inst., Mrs. Bebecca. Chapman, widow of Dr. Nathauiel Chapman, in the CHAPMAN.—On Friday, the 2d inst., Mrs. Rebecca B. Chapman, widow of Dr. Nathaniel Chapman, in the 38th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funcral, at 8t. Stophen's Church, on Monday, the 5th inst. Services at 4 o'clock P. M., punctually.

CORSON.—On the 2d instant, Margaret, wife of Dr. Thomas F. Corson
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, 1212 Montgomery avonue, on Thesday next, at 9% o'clock. Interacent at Tremont Gemetery. Norristown. Leave Ninth and Green Streets Depot at 11 o'clock.

DEVITT.—On the 30th ult., Isabella, wife of Francis A. Devitt, aged 30 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, No. 725 Youth Eighth street, on Monday morning, at 8% o'clock, Solemn High Mass at St. Paul's Church. Interment at Cathedral Cemetery.

The relatives and friends of the family, also Mc-Laughlin Grotto, No. 13.8, and D. ot A. A. are respectfully invited to attend the fineral, from the residence of her uncle, No. 193 Hamilton street, on Sunday, September 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M... To proceed to Odd Fellows' Cemetry.

HABITMANN.—On the morning of the lating the fineral for the fineral for the lating the fineral for the lating the fineral for the lating the fineral for the fineral for the lating the fineral for the fineral fineral for the fineral for the fineral fineral for the fineral fineral fineral fineral for the fineral fin lows' Cemetery.

HABTMANN.—On the morning of the lat inst., Mrs. Catharine Hartmann. relict of the late Pullip Hartmann. Esp., in the 18th year of hec age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence.

No. 1603 Vine street, on Monday, the 5th instant, at 3

A. M.
PERKINS.—On the morning of the 2d inst., John M., sen of W. B. and Harriet Perkins.
The male relatives and friends, also the members of the Southwark Hose and Steam Fire Company, are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, Superintendent of the Philadelphia County Prison, on Monday, the 6th inst., at 10 clock P. M. Interment at South Laurel Hill. 400 EYRE ARCH STREET. & LANDELL,

HASTINGER -On September 2d, 1870, Jonathan K

singer, uneral from his late residence, Rising Bun Lane Bixth street, on Tuesday, Sept. 6th, at 10 o'clock

Are supplying their Customers with BLAOK BILKS DURE COD LIVER OIL, CITRATE Magnesia. JOHN C. BAKER & Co., 718 Market st. SPECIAL NOTICES.

Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits. John Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits WANAMAKER, Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits. 818 & 820

Boys' Snits. Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits.

Boys' Suits. Boys' Suits.

ITALY AND THE WALDENSES—
Rev. Dr. Revel, of Florence Italy, President of the Theological Seminary of the Waldensjan-Church, will address the people of Philadelphia, in the First Reformed Presby terian Church (Rev. Dr. Wylie's), Broad sirect, below Spruce, to-morrow (Subbath) afternown, at the clock, in relation to the state of evangelization to that country, and the begring thereunon of the great events now transpiring in Europe. The meeting will be under the anaptecs of the Philadelphia Branch of the Evangelical Alliance. Dr. Revel having come to this country to take part in the General Conference of the Alliance, his address will be in part compensation for the public disappointment in the postponement of the Conference.

[12] Conference.

[13] Conference of Conference of Conference of the Alliance of the Conference.

PROFESSOR C. C. SCHAEFFER, HOUSE OF REFUGE. THE BOARD Word Managers of the Pouse of Refuge have ap-pointed MONDAY, September 5, at 4 o clock P. M., for the laying of the Corner stone of the New Build-ings designed for the use of Juvenile Female Delin-The ceremonies to take place on the premises, Twon-ty-se, and and Poplar streets.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.

FREDERICK COLLINS,

Secretary of Board of Managers.

EATURDAY, September 3, 1870.

KINDERGARTEN, 123 NORTH It's NORTH It's HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1/18 and 1/20 Lombard street, Dispensary Department.—Medical treatment and medicine furnished gratuitously to the poor

RELIGIOUS NOTICES. UNITARIAN CHURCH, GERMAN-town. Services will be resumed to morrow a

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Washington Square.—Rev. Albert Barnes will preach to morrow at 10% o'clock A. M. 1t\* REV. F. S. ROBBINS, PASTOR, will preach in the Oxford Presbyterian Church, to morrow morning and evening.

SIXTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Past 10 A. M. and at 8 o'clock P. M. 823-521\* NORTH PRESBYTERIAN NORTH PRESBYTERIAN
Church, Sixth street, above Green Preaching
by the Pastor, Rev. B. L. Agnew, at 10% morning and
7% o'clock evening. REV. C. WADSWORTH, D. D.,
Pastor, will preach to morrow in the Third Reformed Church, Tenth and Filbert streets. Bervices 10%
in morning, and 8 in evening.

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH, TWEN-tieth and Cherry streets.—Service (Choral) and Sermon, to morrow evening, at 8 o'clock. At this ser-vice the seats will be free. SECOND PRESBYTERIAN
Church, corner Twenty-first and Walnut. Rev.
E. K. Beadle, D. D., pastor. Divine service to-morrow
103 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CLINTON STREET PRESBYterian Church, Tenth street, below Spruce—
will re-open for Divine service, to-morrow (Sunday)
morning; at 104 & clock. Bev. Samuel Miller Hageman
will preach. All persons cordially Invited. WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYterian Church, Eighteenth and Arch streets.
Regular service resumed to morrow. Rev. Dr. Willits,
Prastor, 10% A. M. Rev. Dr. Revel, of Florence, Italy,
Pres. of the Waldensian Theolog. Sem', 8 P. M. 1t\* WEST SPRUCE STREET PRES-byterian Church, Seventeenth and Spruce structs. Rev. William P. Breed, D.D., Pastor, will be opened for divine services to-morrow morning at 10% o'clock. Sabbath school commences at 9 o'clock. 1t\* THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF
Monday Afternoon Union Prayer Meetings will
be held in the Hall of the Y.M. C. A., 1210 Chestmate
street. Sept. 5, at 4 o'clock. Subject for prayer—The
Holly Spirit's Influence. Pastors of churches, Christians and others are cordially invited to attend. CHURCH OF THE MEDIALOUS.
Nincteenth and Lombard streets.—The Rev. Samuel E. Apoleton, Rector, will preach in the morning at 10% o'clock, and in the evening at 1/2 tefore 8 o'clock.
The Holy Communion will be administered in the morning. Sunday Schools will meet at nine o'clock A. CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR,

OPEN AIR SERVICES UNDER the auspices of the Young Men's Ohristian Association, SABBATH AFTERNOON (D. V.), at the following places:

Market House, Second and South streets, 3 o'clock. Cemetery Lane, Kensington, Second street, above York, Second street, above York, Independence Square, Preaching by Rev. W. Y. BROWN, of Denver City. Gray's Ferry road and Bainbridge St., Nineteenth and Ridge avenue, Fourth and Bainbridge streets, Jefferson Square, Streets, Sefferson Square, Streets, Stree OPEN AIR SERVICES UNDER Fourth and Bainbridge streets,

Jefferson Square.

Heroad and Master streets,

Dymple Grounds, Twenty fifth and

Herson streets,

Broad and Arch streets,

Broad and Arch streets,

Broad and Arch streets,

Broad and South streets,

Almond street wharf, 6 o'clock.

Washington avenue, above Front street.

Front and Dauphin streets,

Columbia avenue, above Fifth street.

Emoline street, rear of Ninth and Bainbridge streets,

7 o clock.

Tolick, Sixth street and Lancaster avenue, 5 o'clock. t 7 o clock.—
Thirty-sixth street and Lancaster avenue, 5 o'clock.
Wister's Woods, below Germantown, 4 o'clock.
Germantown avenue and Nicetown lane, 4 o'clock.
Ricctown lane and Germantown Railroad, 6% o'clock.
Dopersville, 5% o'clock.——1t§

RELIGIOUS NOTICES. CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY alnut and Nineleenth streets.—Services to at 10% A. M. and 4 P. M.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL Church Eighteenth and Green streets.—Rev. C. L. Kitchell. of Guillord. Conn., will preach to morrow at 10% A. M. and 7% P.M. Sabbath School at 2 P. M. CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN Church, Liceust street, above Fifteenth. Rev. Dr. Humphrey, Pastor, will preach to-morrow. Services will commence at 10½ A. M.

REV. JAMES M. CROWELL, D. D. of Rochester, N. Y., will preach to-morrow (Sabbath) morning, at 10% o'clock, and in the evening at 8 o'clock.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

1870. 1870.

SHERIFF.

WILLIAM R. LEEDS

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT! A Furnished House in the Country,

or six months or a year. Must be near a Railread attion, and not over a half-hour's ride from the city. The Advertiser will rent his Furnished House, located in genteel neighborhood, northwestern part of the city to the party owning the country place. Address, "M. I.," BULLETIN Office.

EDUCATION.

THE UNDRESIGNED, HAVING ACcepted the position of Teacher of Mathematic, and haural Sciences in George R. Barker's school; will not resume his duties as Principal of Colora Academy se33t\*

B. SHOEMAKER. B. SHOEMAKER

THE MISSES ROGERS, 1914 PINE ST.,
will reopen their School for Young Ladies and
Children on MONDAY. Sept. 5th.

MARY S. LIPPINCOTT & DAUGHTERS

reopen their BOARDING SCHOOL, at Moorestewn. Burlington county, N. J., Ninth month. Sept. 26,
Sto. For Circulars apply to B. H. SHOEMAK \* R. 205
N. Fourth st. er to the Principal. CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL AND English School, 1112 Market street, reopens Sept. 12. Rooms large, WM. S. COOLEY, A. M. 1m\* A CADEMY OF NOTRE DAME,
Nineteenth, below Walnut street.—Terms—Day
scholars, \$20 to \$40 per session. Boarders—Board and
Tnition. \$220 per annum. 

A VISITIAG GOVERNESS DESIRES A rew more pupils for English and Drawing. Ad 61-98 A. L. H., Bulletin Office, 697 Chestnut st. 11\*

LOST. OST SEPTEMBER 2, 1870 - TWO J notes, drawn by Boker & Bro., psyable at the billadelphia National Bank to the order of J. M. Public are cautioned seather the regoring said notes at the are not rest oblige by leaving them at No. 432 Market street.

AMUSEMENTS.

See Sixth pare for additional Amusements. JEW SOUTH STREET THEATRE,

Gunuis & Webb, Derweits, Lesses and Managers,
OPENING NIGHT,
This SATURDAY EVENING, September 3d, 1870.
The Eminent Tragedian
MR. J. B. ROBERTS,
MR. J. B. ROBERTS,
In his unrivalled impersonation of in his unrivalled impersonation of RICHARD III.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS N THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
for the City and County of Philadelphia.
BOHN vs. BOHN. September term, 1869. No. 75, in
divorce. To EMMA BOHN, respondent. The depositions of witnesses in the above case on the part
of the county will be taken before WM. KNIGHT
SHRYOCK, Esq., examiner, at his office, No. 16 North
Seventh street. Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY. Sept.
21-t. 1870, at 3 o'clock P. M., when and where you may
attend if you think proper. Personal service on you
having failed on account of your absence.

FRED. DITTMANN,
sea 16t

Attorney for Libellant

MISCELLANEOUS. PREGO'S TEABERRY TOOTH WASH. It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best dentifrice extant. Warranted free from injurious ingredients. It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best dentifrice extant. Warranted free from injurious ingredients. It is presented and Soothes the Gums!

Purifies and Porfumes the Breath!

Prevents Accumulation of Tartar!

Cleanses and Purifies Artificial Teeth!

Sold by all Drugges.

Sold by all Drugges.

Mh. WILSON, Proprietor

Mhlly rps. Ninth and Filbert streets, Philadely

AIR TIGHT JARS,

JELLY TUMBLERS.

GRIFF IT & PAGE. Archatreet.

Archstreet.

Thieves!!!! if screamed from a window, would not bring assistance sconer than a Watchman's Rattle, if used by a housekeeper. For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth. PIANO FORTES CAREFULLY

A.B. BEICHENBACH.

Piano Maker, 252 North Eleventh street, ON YOUR TABLET NOTE THIS.—
You are requested to examine our assortment of hardware, Outlery and Tools, whenever you are about to buy. TRIMAN & ST. W. No. 835 (Eight Thirty five) Market street, below Ninth. FOR WASH DAY WE HAVE VARIOUS styles of Clothes Wringers, Washboards, Clothes Lines, Galvanized Clothes Lines, Hooks, Line Pins, Clothes Sprinklers, Soap Cups, Wash Boilers, Tubs, Patent Iron-Helders, Polishing Cup, Gauffering and Smoothing-Iron, Fluting Machines, &c. TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

Iow Ninth.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EXTRACTING
TEETH WITH FRESH NITROUS OXIDE
GAS.

Dr. F. R. THOMAS, formerly operator at the Colton
Dental Rooms, dovotes his entire practice to the painless
extraction of teeth. Office, 911 Walnut st. mb5.lyrps

FOR TRAVELERS.— NEAT, SMALL ALARMS; will awaken at any hour.
FARR & BROTHER, Importers,
1247-tfrp 324 Obestmut street, below 4th; CONDENSED MILK, EAGLE BRAND—
The very best article for travelers, infants, &c.
Nestle's Milk Substitute, Patent Barley, Fresh Oat
Bloal, Bermuda Arrowroot, &c. Liquid Rennet and
Flavoring Extracts. Forsale by JAMES T. SHINN
8.W. corner Broad and Spruce a'reets.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED, VEN-tilated and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented) in all the approved fashions of the season. Chestnut streets eaxt door to the Post-O cost-firp DOLISHING POWDER. - THE BEST

FARE & BROTHER, 524 Chestnut street, below Fourth ISAAU NATHANS, AUUTIONEER AND
Money Broker, northeast corner Third and Sprace
streets.—\$220,000 to Lean, in large or small amounts, on
Diamonds, Silver-Plate, Watches, Jewelry, and all goods
of value. Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. Established for the last Forty Years. Advances made in
large amounts at the lowest market rates. So No Connection with any other Office in this City.

RETAILING AT WHOLESALE
prices—Saddlery, Harness and Horse Gear of
horse in the door.

No. 1126 Market street, Big

We read in the Phare de la Loire: On the night of the 11th to the 12th of August a great crowd of citizens marched through the streets of Nantes singing the "Marseillaise," with this variation in the chorus:

Marchons! Marchons! La Republique en France reguera.

(march on! march on! the republic will reign in France.) The windows of the *Union Bre-*tome were smashed with stones, because that journal had advocated a state of stege throughout France, and denounced those who are called "domestic Prussians," or "Prussians in France.'

sians in France."
The Gironde publishes a proclamation addressed to the people of Bordeaux by the Prefect of the Gironde, which begins:
"Order has been seriously disturbed in our city. The tumultuous scenes which have too long interfered with the public tranquillity in the reighborhood of the Prefecture and the

iong interfered with the public tranquillity in the neighborhood of the Prefecture and the theatre have been followed by criminal, odious and aggressive acts against an establishment of public instruction. 'To disturb order is to betray the country.'"

In the Guienne of the 15th, of August we read:

read:
A patrol was stoned last night, and two National Guards were slightly wounded. For tunately, this isolated act was not repeated.
This morning the following placard was posted on the wall of the Grand theatre. It was, of course, immediately torn down:

Decree of the 13th August. The people condemn to death all the police

and municipal guards of the city.

The execution will soon take place.

Monday evening, at Creusot, a band of from twelve hundred to fifteen hundred men, the balf of whom, at least, were not under eighteen years of age, set out from the neighborhood of the railway station, about half-past seven, marching through the whole town, and shouting for peace, Rochefort and the Republic. They cut down several trees, and about ten o'clock marched on Montcenis; they carried a couple of red flags and some trees they had cut down, which were sixteen or twenty had cut down, which were sixteen or twenty feet high. At Monteenis they tried to seize the flag of the police, but were unsuccessful. They returned to Creusot about midnight with two police notice-boards, which they had cap-

In the Salut Public of Lyons we read that four sergeants and soldiers had been wounded by stone-throwing in the disturbance of yes-terday morning, and thirteen persons arrested, among whom were two women. The eldest was forty-eight, the youngest fifteen. The average age was between twenty and thirty. Many women were in the riot, leaping like turies at the faces of the police, flinging hand-fuls of dust in their eyes, and so on.

A Thirsty Vivandiere.

The way from Saarbrick to Forbach was

made on foot through the pouring rain and in the midst of the military train. I had fortunately provided myself with some brandy and cigars, and with these acceptables I managed to bribe a thirsty vivandiere to allow me to sit by her side. Some of my readers will perhaps smile at this, and think it improbable that a vivandiere can be thirsty. I beg to ssure them that, for the matter of that, would have better for her to have filled that post, for every drop and part of a drop that was transporta-ole had vanished. Nor was she fair and enraging as these creatures are generally sup-posed to be. She was quite as old as her cart, and that, I am sure, had passed the half century. Unhappily, it was by no means as tough as she, for when, after a block in the road, she put her horse in a trot, the playful animal threw up his heels, separated by that simple act the two front wheels, and walked off quietly, leaving us in a stanting and exceedingly ridiculous position. I immediately took up my properties with dignified silence and left her to the laughter which her position oc

The Prussian Pioneers. From the London Army and Navy Gazette, Aug. 20.]

The French attribute their want of success to the splendid manner in which the Prussians reconnoitre with their Uhlans, and the com-pleteness of their system, which keeps them perfectly acquainted with every stir made by their antagonists.

their antagonists.

On the subject of the Prussian *éclaireurs* the Paris *Moniteur* gives the following interesting account of the manner in which they go to work. The writer begins by saying :— The qualities inherent in French nature are

impetuosity, dash and courage, but these characteristics, which Europe does not hesitate to proclaim, often carry in their wake a certain inattention. The qualities, on the other hand, peculiar to the German character other hand, peculiar to the German character are reflection, prudence and method. These sometimes produce slowness of attack, but they leave nothing to chance. From this aggregate of qualities and defects it results that the Prussian army is well informed and the French are scarcely so at all. Was anything known of the enormous forces which Prince Frederick Charles and the Crown Prince had accumulated on the Saar, and who bore down the two corns of Gen. Fressard and bore down the two corps of Gen. Frossard and Marshal MacMahon? The Prussians under-stand and practice using scouts in a campaign. The general who is confronted by a corps, which he is to watch and to fight, chooses a clever and determined officer. A small troop is confided to him, and from fifteen to twenty horsemen, Uhlans and hussars. The officer, in his turn, takes into battle some soldiers of in his turn, takes into battle some soldiers of the landwehr, born upon the very frontier of the country which he is to reconnoitre, and which his business, his relations and his habits allured him to visit in every sense. This man, who has a mission of confidence and honor, advances to the front, musket in hand, eye watchful, and ear attentive. He has been told what point is to be reached, which spot is marked in pencil on an excellent map which the officer carries about him. The place which is to be reconnoitered is often twenty to thirty kilometres distant from the Prussian lines, in the very centre of the enemy's territory. Behind the first horseman, who has orders to advance very slowly, tollowing hollows, dells and sometimes the tollowing hollows, dells and sometimes the bighway, sometimes also pushing forward across the fields, two other riders come at 200 paces off. Further away, at the same distance from them, comes the officer, followed by cight or ten horsemen, charged to protect him if necessary. Two other riders are further away, whom a last soldier is folfurther away, whom a last soldier is following at 200 paces. This column, moving on silently, occupies the space of a kilometre. If the horseman who leads is surprised a shot gives alarm to the rest of the band, and the riders ahead and behind have orders to depart at full gallop and to follow any direction that is safest. The officer alone and his escort go on ahead to reconsiste with whom they have on ahead to recommitte with whom they have on ahead to recommitte with whom they have to do, and to see what is passing, after which all leave at full speed. Even in case of ambush it is almost impossible that two or three riders should not be able to return safely to headquarters; and the Prussians then know at once what force they have before them and on what point it is posted.

Yalor of an English Tourist.

The correspondent of the Standard, writing from Metz, gives the following description of the valorous conduct of an Englishman:

the valorous conduct of an Englishman:
At Forbach, in the hottest of the action, an English tourist (I wish I could ascertain his name) happening to be there, fought on the French side. When Frossard's division re-treated that gentleman fought like a lion. British proverbial courage and energy was there shown as a glorious example even among

THE WAR IN EUROPE

those brave columns of Frossard's divisions, retreating with regret before an overwhelming number, and when their fries d'armes were nearly exterminated, not only the English gentleman fought gallantly, but he saved the life of a wounded soldier; and he is now in Metz, modestly stopping in his hotel, where I intend to go and ascertain his name. Eyenight of the 11th to the 12th of August a great witnesses, who do not know him at all, told me of it just now.

How Nineteen Spies Were Shot in a Ditch. It appears that nineteen unfortunate men have just been executed in the ditch of the fort at Mon Trouge, France. They were not shot like any ordinary criminals, by a file of soldiers, but disposed of by a sergeant, who, putting a pistol to the ear of each prisoner, one after the other, blew out their brains.

Among the men executed there are said to bave been five staff officers, recently captured on the plain of Satory disguised as shepherds.

The death of the Emperor of France is a possibility always so near that we could not refuse credence to any direct statement of its occurrence; at the same time it is an event of the character that rumor is sure to busy itself with every crisis like the present, and reports on the subject are therefore not to be hastily accepted. For years his majesty has been a sufferer from maladies sure to cause death save only when prevented by intercurrent disea only when prevented by intercurrent diseases of more rapid progress. He has been kept alive and kept comfortable by assiduous attention and the most scrupulously careful life. War has cast all that aside, and exposed him to the fatigues of a life too active for his years and condition, and also to the dreadful wear and ceaseless anxiety, chagrin and mortification. That, there is but little life left in him is a safe assumption from known general facts, and the circumstance that a distinguished London physician has just made a tinguished London physician has just made a special journey to give his advice would seem to indicate an urgent fear that even that little is on the wane.—Herald.

ALSACE AND LORRAINE.

Important Statistics.
In view of the complete victory of the Prussians, the following is of great interest:
We perpetually read of Alsace and Lorraine as the Rhine provinces. We turn to a map of the distance and to pretty much all the available geographical descriptions of that country, and we find no such divisions as provinces and no such names as Alsace and Lorraine. and no such names as Alsace and Lorraine Instead thereof we find departments under entirely different names. The fact is the old names of the provinces are used in common life, and continually occur in history and reading, and in order to understand the subject thoroughly one must be familiar with both systems, the monincial be familiar with both systems, the provincial, which existed prior to 1790; and the departmental, which has existed since. There were thirty-two great provinces and eight smaller ones, and there are eighty-nine departments. The old province of Alsace is divided now into the Legartments of the Lower Phina and into the Departments of the Lower Rhine and the Upper Rhine. The old province of Lorraine is divided into the Departments of Mo-selle, Vesges and Meurthe. The population is

German 571,000 436,000 

man dialects. The most of these are in Alsace, where only about one-tenth of the people are of French lineage and language, but said a Berlin despatch of the 19th instant, "Alsacian sampathies are altogether French." So the Prussians found them most assuredly. Lorraine, out of 1,298,000 people, has only one-fourth of German ante-edents. Alsace was made part of France in ally in 1648, and Lorraine in 1766. They are now regarded with eager eyes by Prussia. now regarded with eager eyes by Prussia, which proposes to take them as part of the spoils of war. Already a monition goes forth through Europe, and Prussia hears a murmur against her ambitious designs. If there is any one thing "the Powers" will have, it is an unchanged map. Louis Napoleon has tried to solve the problem of this rectification of the frontiers, and his miserable failure is evidence at the difficulty attending the solution.

of the difficulty attending the solution.

A meeting of notables in Berlin addressed the King in protest against any foreign intervention that would deprive Prussia of her reward for her late victories. They say "the sacrifices of Germany alone should be heard. Germany is willing to confide all to the King of Prussia in establishing a peace not again to be wantonly broken." Prussia is so strong and on arrogant in the pride of her military trength that Europe will find an obstinate will to overcome when the terms of final setwill to overcome when the terms of final setthement come to be made, and if Prussia
threatens war to keep what her sacrifices have won, the real disposition of the other States will be made
manifest. England perhaps would fight for
the autonomy of Belgium, but she would not
care much for the Rhine frontier. Russia has
an attachment for Prussia, but would not care
to see her expand towards France, unless in
some way the quiet of the Baltic provinces of come way the quiet of the Baltic provinces of Prussia was assured. The Poles are uneasy too, and might give Russia trouble under some circumstances, as they would Prussia, under others. Austria is half tied down by the German sympathies of her German people, and any interference between France and Prussia night provoke an agitation fatal to the unity

of the Austrian Empire. France casts about vainly for an armed alliance. MAIL ROBBERY. Arrest of the Criminals.
On the 22d of August the Glendon Iron Company of Easton sent a check through the Post-Office to the President of the Morris Canal Company, at Jersey City, for \$1,950 85; on the 25th the check came back to the Cashier of the First Noticeal Pages Williams on the 25th the check came back to the Cashier of the First National Bank, McEvers Foreman, Esq., enclosed in a letter requesting him to forward the money to "J. F. Randolph, President, in care of Alexander Robinson, No. 67 Steuben street, Jersey City, as the banks there would not pay it." Upon the receipt of the letter, Mr. Foreman called upon Mr. Mingle, when it was decided that the check must have been stolen from the Post-Office and gotten into the hands of the wrong parties. Mr. Foreman at once telegraphed to Mr. Randolph, who stated that he had never received the check, and requesting him to arrest the parties presenting it, when Mr. Foreman replied that the trouble was in Jersey City, and that he would be over on the next train and explain the matter. In the meantime Postmaster Mingle telegraphed to General Jones, the Postmaster at New York, in regard to the affair, requesting him to send a special agent to Jersey City at 6.30. Mesers. Mingle and Foreman left Easton on the 3.30 train and were at the Morris Canal Company's office, where they give met the special report train and were at the Morris Canal Company's office, where they also met the special agent, when, in consultation with the President, it was determined upon to proceed at once and endeavor, if possible, to arrest the parties. Accordingly the mall-carrier was sent for and a decoy letter addressed to Alexander P. Robinson given him to deliver. The special agent followed the carrier, and on arriving at the number designated it was given to a young man about seventeen years of age, who at once opened the letter, when he was arrested. Two other young men were also arrested. It appears young men were also arrested. It appears that they had access to the lock-boxes, and have been following the business for some time. Yesterday a check of Col. Thomas H. Leary, addressed to the Morris Canal Company, came back to the Easton National Bank from the same parties and, of course was not paid. Robinson and his confederates were committed in default of \$10,000 bail.—Easton

FIRE DAMP EXPLOSION.

ACCIDENT AT NESQUEHONING. Iwo Miners Killed While They are Aloue

The Titusville Herald has the following par-ticulars of a disaster already mentioned in our tictilars of a disaster already mentioned in our telegraphic column:

A terrible disaster occurred at Nesquehoning, on Thursday last, at Slope No. 1. It took place about 5½ o'clock in the afternoon, and resulted in the death of two men, Owen Crossen and Hugh McDonald.

The Scene
of the accident is about three-tourths of a mile from that town on the read to Suppris

mile from that town, on the road to Summit

The mine in which the accident occurred has been worked many years. It is very deep—something over three hundred yards—and the gangways extend to a much further distance underground. There is considerable gas in the mine, and the men have to be very careful. Several times before, there have been explosions which resulted fatally. It happened that only two men were in the mine, all those who work in the daytime having gone home a few minutes before the explosion occurred.

At this Time there is no coal being cut in the eastern gangway, consequently not more than forty men were working in the mine on Tuesday. Had they not come up just as they did, they would undoubtedly all have been killed. As the only men in the mine at the time of the accident were killed, we experienced some trouble in getting the particulars of the sad affair.

At the Hour Named there were several miners standing about the The mine in which the accident occurred

there were several miners standing about the mouth of the slope. Suddenly they saw a cloud of dust coming out of the mine. The experienced miners at once understood the trouble, and immediately made arrangements to descend into the mine, as it was known that Crossen and McDonald were at work. Three brave men, Wm.Watkins, Peter Money and David W. Reese, volunteered to make the and David W. Reese, volunteered to make the dangerous trip. In a short time all the necessary arrangements were made, and the daring fellows descended the slope, through the blinding dust and sulphurous arr into the the blinding dust and sulphurous air, into the treacherous darkness, thousands of feet from safety and daylight. Too much praise cannot be awarded them. Men who will risk such a horrible death for the safety of their fellows Toon Arriving at the Rottom

of the slope, the party first looked to see if the door of the main gangway was closed, in order to discover if the air was flowing into the mine, as it should. The door was found

the mine, as it should. The door was found all right, and the adventurous three proceeded. They made two or three attempts to go into the western gangway, but the after-damp was so had they could not get far. About this time some more gallant miners had descended to aid in the search. Among them were the Superintendent, Mr. Smitham, Philip Coyle Patrick Duffy, Patrick McPhillips, Stephen Griffiths, and several others whose names, we are sorry to say, we could not learn. With Grinins, and several others whose names, we are sorry to say, we could not learn. With this reinforcement the work of getting at the men was renewed. At the third attempt

The Body of Owen Crossen
was found amid the debris caused by the con

cussion, in the main gangway, about through the hundred yards from the foot of the slope. H body was carried out, and the brave men returned to find that of McDonald. The explosion had caused several falls of coal, an each pile had to be examined. This took co siderable time, but after a patient search Mo Donald was found near the spot where Crosse lay. To get the remains to the top of the slop was the work of a very short time, as ever moment they, the Superintendent and hi men, were liable to a violent death. When the bodies arrived at the top of the slop nearly all the inhabitants of the town were manufall. assembled. The scene beggars description. All evinced the greatest excitement. Everybody present knew the unfortunate menand their families, and near friends were gathered around the mouth of the dark and repulsive pit, giving vent to uncontrollable grief. A looker-on was reminded of the terrible four days around the mouth of the Avondale mine a little less than a year ago. When it was known that both men were dead, the agonizing cries of their relatives rept the The scene beggars description the agonizing cries of their relatives rent the air. The procession to the homes of the deceased was a mournful one. A still silence seized all, and the people moved along quietly with downcast faces. The town word the appearance of mourning for several days.

The Force of the Explosion

vas very great. Though it occurred about six hundred yards from the mouth of the mine, some small pieces of coal were thrown this distance. Some cars on the track in the gangway were blown some fifty or sixty

THE RESUSCITATION HORROR.

Skaggs Lives Fifteen Hours After Resus-citation---Staring at the Doctors---Final Disposition of the Body. The intelligence has at last arrived that the murderer, John H. Skaggs, who was hanged at Bloomfield, Missouri, on the 26th ult., and subsequently restored to life by electricity, died in fifteen hours after he was lowered from the gallows. The St. Louis Republican

Skaggs was hung at 1.10 in the a'ternoon, and after the physicians had been operating upon him up to nearly 9 o'clock, in an endeavor to resuscitate him, the attempt was given up as hopeless. Dr. Sanders was the first to desist, then Dr. McDouald, and finally Dr. Jackson. It was nine o'clock when Sheriff Kitchen left him. Skaggs was then breathing heavily, as if asleep. Some minutes before this he-was very weak, but had; when the galvanic. he was very weak, but had, when the galvanic battery was not in operation, thrown his left arm over his breast and then by his side. The last action of the doctors was to examine Skaggs's tougue, and no sooner had Dr. McDonald done this than he picked up his hat and walked out. Skaggs was able to open and shut his eyes, and as the Sheriff stepped near the body they followed him. They also followed the movements of E. S. Butts, who was in the room. It is perhaps fortunate for these gentlemen that they were almost expressionless, as if fixed in dull leaden stare. Three men remained by the body as it lay on the bench in the dimly-lighted room of the court-house, and they watched it narrowly. Skaggs seemed to gain strength, but after midnight his breathing was very labored. At 4 o'clock next morning it was almost inaudible, o'clock next morning it was almost inaudible, and at 4.18 it stopped. Skaggs had at last died. He never spoke after he was hanged. There was a little difference about the burial of the body. Mr.Chapman, attorney, who had received an order from Skaggs as to the disposition of the body, asked the Sheriff to inter it at the expense of the county. Col. Kitchen said Mr. Chapman and the doctors had contended that he had we right to interface the territory. that he had no right to interfere in the matter after the man had been cut down, and now he would have nothing to do with it, unless Mr. Chapman declined to do what he considered his (Mr. Chapman's) duty. If he would not bury it he (the Sheriff) would get twenty men to assist at it without any expense to the to assist at it without any expense to the county. Mr. Chapman had the body interred. A grave was dug on the bank of Miller's Creek, outside the town, and Skaggs was buried at 5 o'clock on Saturday evening. Not far from where he was laid, the remains of three men who were lynched for horse-stealing during the war were rudely interred.

-Vienna papers say the reported offer of the son of ex-King George of Hanover, to serve in the French army, which was not ac-cepted by Emperor Napoleon, will make the blind monarch and his house forever an ob-ject of detected on to every German. ject of detestation to every German.

## FIFTH EDITION

4:30 O'Olook.

BY TELEGRAPH.

## CABLE NEWS.

NAPOLEON IN TEARS

He Surrenders to King William In Person.

FROM EUROPE.

[By the American Press Association.]

Napoleon in Tears. London, Sept. 3.—The correspondent of a London paper telegraphs from Brussels as follows:

"The Emperor went to King William yesterday afternoon with tears in his eyes, and surrendered-himself."

Sedan had capitulated at 21 o'clock in the ifternoon.

## FROM NEW YORK.

By the American Press Association.] New York Weekly Bank Statement. New York, Sept. 3.—The Bank statement shows a decrease of specie of \$1,353,735; circulation, \$186,281; deposits, \$1,275,147; loans, \$2,072,829; increase, \$771,059.

Gold is at 114.

The Weather for August.

B. J. L. sends us the following table of the weather at ermantown for the month that passed:
AUGUST, 1870.

to as as ed	Lovest Pointaini Lovest Pointaini Eight o'clock. Thielve o'clock.  Ratometer at 120'cl Three o'clock.  Three o'clock.  Douth of Rain,	Wind and Weather.
le,	1166 731811 30.2 1841	8. W. Clear.
en	2 65 75 86 30 1 82	S. W. Clear.
ve	3 67 74 86 30. 87 4 72 78 76 30. 81 6-10	S. W. Clear.
$^{ ext{th}}$	4 72 78 76 30. 81 6-10 5 64 78 85 30 83	N. E. Clear. Showery, T.
he	6 68 80 87 30.2 86	S. W. Clear, S. W. Clear, S. Clear,
	7 70 78 87 30.2 88	S. Clear
	8 71 77 88 30.2 89	15. Clear.
n-	9 77 79 90 30 2 91	S. W. Clear.
	10 70 74 73 30.2 80 11 65 73 80 30 2 80 3 in	18. W. Cloudy. Rain. T. L
ce	11 65 73 80 30.2 80 3 in. 12 69 78 83 30 2 85 4.10	S. Cloudy, Rain, T. L. S. W. Clear.
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e-	14 62 64 66 30.1 69 4-10	N. E. Cloudy, Rain
x-	15 59 70 75 30 1 76	N. W. Clear.
ıd	16 61 72 77 30.1 78	N. W. Clear. Showery.
n-	17 [62 71 78 30.1 79]	S. W. Clear.
c-	12 65 75 83 30.1 84 19 66 76 84 30.2 86	S. W. Clear.
3n	20 67 78 84 30.2 85	N. W. Clear,
	21 60 69 75 30.3 76	N. Olear, Hazy
Эe	22 60 67 76 30.3 76	N. W. Clear, Hazy.
ry is		N. W. Clear, Hazy, N. W. Clear, Hazy, S. W. Clear,
is	24 62 72 80 30.1 81 25 68 75 87 30.3 89	S. W. Clear.
n	25 68 75 87 30.3 89 26 88 75 75 30.3 76 1-10	S. W. Clear. N. Clear.
96	27 66 73 72 30.3 74	N.W. Clear.
e	28 55 61 73 30.3 72	S. Cloudy.
n.	29 65 71 83 30.1 84	W. Clear.
	30 67 73 76 30.1 76 1-10	N. W. Cloudy.
y	31 60 65 76 30.2 78	W. Clear.

Lowest Point... Eight o'clock... Twelve o'clock MARINE BULLETIN.

MONTHLY AVERAGES

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-SEPTEMBER 3. See Marine Bulletin on Inside Page,

ARRIVED THIS DAY.
Steamer Volunteer, Jones, 24 hours from New York, ith mass to John F Ohl. with mase to John F Ohl.
Steamer Novelty, Shaw, 24 hours from New York, with mase to W M Baird & Co.
Steamer Monttor, Jones, 21 hours from New York, with mase to W M Baird & Co.
Steamer Monttor, Jones, 21 hours from New York, with mase to W M Baird & Co.
Steamer B Willing, Cundiff, 13 hours from Baitimore, with make and passengers to A Groves, Jr.
Brig Nepouset, Tracy, from New York, in ballast to José de Bessa Guimaraes, to load for Opputo.
Schr John Speddon, Call, from Nerfolk, with BB ties to Vineland BR Co.
Schr Mary Virginia. Taylor, from Wycomico, with RB ties to Vineland RB Co.
Schr JS Hewitt, Foster, from Boston, with meles aggins.

aggins.
Schr Rescue. Kelly, from Boston, with mdse.
Schr E L Marts, Marts, from Boston, with ice to Schr Rescue, Kelly, from Boston, with miles, Schr E L Marts, Marts, from Boston, with Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Schr M E Femrick, Goss, Boston.
Schr Active, Rotan, Rappanannock,
Schr Active, Rotan, Rappanannock,
Schr Progress, Foxwell, Rappahannock,
Schr Progress, Foxwell, Rappahannock,
Schr Mary E Rockhill, Rockhill, New York,
Schr Mary E Rockhill, Hockhill, New York,
Schr Mary E Rockhill, Hockhill, New York,
Schr Mary E Rockhill, Hockhill, New York,
Schr I B Mahoney, Butsen, Boston,
Schr Jonathan May, Neal, Boston,
Schr Jonathan May, Neal, Boston,
Schr John Slusman, Weaver, Portland,
Schr John Slusman, Weaver, Portland,
Schr John Slusman, Weaver, Portland,
Schr Me Woodhull, Pavis, New York,
Schr Me Woodhull, Pavis, New York,
Schr E S Conant, Gerrish, New York,
Schr G Granmer, Granmer, Boston,
Schr M M Weaver, Weaver, Roston,
Schr M M Weaver, Weaver, Roston,
Schr M M Weaver, Weaver, Roston,
Schr Shaw, pilot of steamer Aries, arrived last of

Schr M M Weaver, Weaver, Hoston.

BELOW.

Mr. Shaw, pilot of steamer Aries, arrived last evening from Boston, reports: Outside the Capes sawa bark and a brig, bath leaded, coming in; off the lighthouse, a large bark, light, conting in; below the Ledge, bark Agolia of a large bark. light, conting in; below the Ledge, bark Agolia of Boston at the buoy on the Middle bark Wilhelm from London; off Morris Listens, bark Baring from Lavana; off Reedy Island, bark: Willelm from Dunkirk; about noon, saw a herm brig of About 400 tons, coal loaded, ashere on Ive Flogger, apparently in a bad position.

Cheaked This Day

Workman & Co.

Ship John Ellis, Molvin, Oork or Falmouth for orders, Workman & Co.

Steamer Whitwind, Sherman, Providence, DS Stebon

Steamer Whirlwind, Sherman, Providence, DS Steamer & Co.
& Co.
& Co.
Schr W H Tiers, Gifford, Boston, Day, Huddell & Co.
Schr T E Smith, Lake, Boston, do
Schr T E Smith, Lake, Boston, do
Schr J E Smith, Lake, Boston, do
Schr A Griffin, Foster, Boston, do
Schr Kate E Rich, Doughty, Boston, do
Schr J Griffin, Foster, Boston, do
Schr Glenwood, Dickinson, Salem, do
Schr J Herry, Machanet, Salem, do
Schr Meaver, Weaver, Chelsea, do
Schr E M Baxter, Waterman, Cambridge, do
Schr J S Grover, Halesy Bangodenried, Norton & Co.
Schr Mary, Richardson, Gloucester,
Schr Mary Adaline, Crayton, Washington, do
Schr E Greene, Honderson, Potersburg, do
Schr M M Merriman, Babbitt, Taunton, do
Schr Martha Ann, McOullion, Chester, do

MEMORANDA. MEMORANDA.

Ship Young Eagle, Perkins, cleared at New Orleans 20th alt. for Liverpool, with 2064 bales cotton, 1743 sacks of the control of t

(Br), Thomas, cleared at New York yesterday for Liverpool.
Steamer Columbia, Van Sice, for Havana, cleared at New York vesterday.
Bark Brave (Br), Lucas, from Yokohama 7th April, at New York yesterday with toa, and I passenger.
Bark Iron Age, Crabtree, cleared at New Orleans 22th ult. for Liverpool, with 1563 bales cotton, 227 sacks oilcake and 23 hads tobacco
Brig Chas Henry (Br), Horn, cleared at Providence 1st inst. for this port.
Brig J W Hunt, Hunt, cleared at New Orleans 22th ult. for Liverpool, with 1252 bales cotton.
Schr R H Wilson, Harris, honce at Providence 1st inst. Schr R H Wilson, Harris, honce at Providence 1st inst. Schr R H Wilson, Harris, honce at Providence 1st inst. Schr Schr Ornelia, Pratt, hence at Norwich 31st ult.
Schr Cornelia, Pratt, hence at Norwich 31st ult.
Schr Greenlaw, from Bangor for do, at Nowport Pat

Slat ult. V N Comer, Egbert, saiked from Pawincket in ..

ingt, for this port,