AMUSEMENTS.

—Mr. John Brougham will appear at the Arch, to-night, in his drama entitled *The Red Light.*

—At the Walnut, this evening, Mr. Joseph Jefferson will produce *Rip Van Winkle.*

—A number of extra attractions is offered at the Chestnut to-night. The Mendelssohn Quintette and a company of first-class comedians, including D. L. Morris, Charles Howard and many others, have come with a new company from the Howard Atheneum, Boston; will appear in an excellent miscellaneous entertainment.

—At Fox's American Theatre a variety performance will be given to-night, in which the Lawrence ballet troupe, Walter Bray, the California comedian, and a number of first-class artists, will participate.

—On Tuesday evening, June 7th, at the Academy of Music, Mr. S. Behrens, musical director of the Richings Opera Company, will have a benefit, when he will produce Meyerbeer's grand opera, *The Huguenots.* This will be the first performance of the opera in this city in English, and we are assured, that it will be given in unusually splendid style, with a cast including every member of the company, an immense chorus, and an orchestra composed of the best musicians in this city. Mr. Behrens promises the public this entertainment shall be in every respect first-class, and we have faith in his ability to keep his promise. Wherever this opera has been produced by the Richings company during their wanderings, it has been received with great favor, and it ought, at least, to attract a full house here. Mr. Behrens's generosity and consideration are considerable enough to warrant the hope that the Academy will be crowded.

THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

Interesting Statistical Information.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1870.—In a recent address before one of the posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, in this city, General J. C. Shaw, a well-known and popular officer in most the entire war, and who is now a member of the House of Representatives, presented a mass of important and interesting statistics relative to the military arm of the service during the rebellion. These statistics were carefully compiled from the official records of the War Department, or from other equally reliable sources, and present, in a brief and comprehensive form many facts which have never yet been published. The figures are as follows:

NUMBER OF OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN IN SERVICE DURING WAR.

Commissioned officers, white	83,933
Commissioned officers, colored	2,672
Enlisted men, white	2,672,423
Enlisted men, colored	178,895
Total	2,935,953

KILLED IN ACTION.

Officers of white troops	3,096
White officers, colored troops	91
Officers regular army	112
General officers	22
Enlisted men, white	47,021
Enlisted men, colored	2,751
Total officers	3,321
Total enlisted men	49,772
Total killed	53,093

DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION.

Officers of white troops	1,295
Officers, colored troops	34
Officers, regular army	43
Officers, general	7
Enlisted men, white	25,986
Enlisted men, colored	1,064
Total officers	1,379
Total enlisted men	27,050
Total died of wounds	28,429

DIED OF DISEASE.

Officers of white troops	2,761
White officers, colored troops	43
Officers, regular army	67
Officers, general	4
Enlisted men, white	199,790
Enlisted men, colored	9,045
Total officers	2,875
Total enlisted men	208,835
Total died of disease	211,710

DIED BY ACCIDENT.

Officers of white troops	76
White officers, colored troops	1
Officers, regular army	2
Enlisted men, white	4,886
Enlisted men, colored	307
Total officers	79
Total enlisted men	5,193
Total died by accident	5,272

DIED OF OTHER KNOWN CAUSES.

Officers of white troops	329
Officers, colored troops	6
Officers, regular army	18
Officers, general	1
Enlisted men, white	29,286
Enlisted men, colored	1,307
Total officers	354
Total enlisted men	30,593
Total died other known causes	30,947

DIED FROM UNKNOWN CAUSES.

Officers of white troops	1,000
White officers, colored troops	56
Officers, regular army	40
Enlisted men, white	43,678
Enlisted men, colored	2,964
Total officers	1,096
Total enlisted men	46,642
Total died from unknown causes	47,738

RECAPITULATION.

Killed in action	53,093
Died of wounds received in action	28,429
Died of disease	211,710
Died of other known causes	30,947
Died of unknown causes	47,738
The whole number of commissioned officers included in the above is 5,314, and of enlisted men 293,639, making a total of 298,953 as the whole loss during the war. The death may properly be classed by the character of the troops in this way:	

	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.
Volunteer	5,413	221,351	226,764
Colored troops (white officers)	284	33,902	33,586
Regular army	267	4,607	4,870
General officers	34	209	243
Prisoners of war, white	118	56,015	56,133
Prisoners of war, colored	3	324	327
Citizen prisoners of war		189	189

The slightness is referred to prisoners of war are of interest:

NUMBER OF UNION PRISONERS CAPTURED BY THE REBELS.

Commissioned officers of white troops	7,097
Commissioned officers of colored troops	85
Enlisted men, colored	7,092
Enlisted men, white	227
Total prisoners, enlisted	178,247
Citizens	1,262
Aggregating	188,145
To which should be added (secretary records)	10,073
Total	198,218

THOSE WHO DIED IN CAPTIVITY.

Commissioned officers, white	118
Commissioned officers, colored	1
Enlisted men, white	30,015
Enlisted men, colored	78
Citizens	189
Total	30,282

Total (as shown by mortuary records) 36,401

	Officers.	Enlisted men.
THOSE ESCAPED FROM CAPTIVITY.		
Commissioned officers, white	1,005	35
Commissioned officers, colored troops		6,479
Enlisted men, white	146,163	
Enlisted men, colored	901	
Citizen prisoners	1,247	
Total	147,851	6,514
THOSE ILLEGALLY PAROLED.		
Commissioned officers, white troops	59	
Commissioned officers, col'd troops	46	
Enlisted men, white	821	
Citizens	132	
Total	1,058	
THOSE WHO ESCAPED.		
Commissioned officers, white troops	394	
Commissioned officers, col'd troops	3	
Enlisted men, white	2,275	
Enlisted men, colored	94	
Citizen prisoners	28	
Total	2,773	
THOSE RECAPTURED BY OUR FORCES.		
Enlisted men, white	17	
Enlisted men, colored	384	
Total	401	
NUMBER OF SOLDIERS WHO JOINED THE ENEMY.		
Their principles and their patriotism deadened by fearful suffering in the prison-pens of the South, some of the Union soldiers joined the enemy, as the last means of avoiding death by exposure or starvation, but their ranks numbered only small—only nine commissioned officers and 3,161 enlisted men—3,170 in all. Compare this number with the 36,401 who died in Southern prisons rather than yield up their principles, and it will be seen that this summer was, as above stated, very small. The following shows the whole number of Union prisoners who

DIED IN SOUTHERN PRISONS:

Commissioned officers	119
Enlisted men	30,278
Citizens	189
Total	30,586
Grand total	36,401

PROPORTION OF DEATHS AND CASUALTIES.

The following shows the proportion of deaths and casualties of Union officers and soldiers to the number in service, and of Union officers to the whole number of the same category:

Killed in action—Officers, 1 in 21 in service; enlisted, 1 in 65.

Killed and died of wounds—Officers, 1 in 13 in service; enlisted, 1 in 28.

Escaped from captivity—Officers, 1 in 12 in service; enlisted, 1 in 13.

Died while prisoners—Officers, 1 in 64; enlisted, 1 in 5; citizens, 1 in 16.

Escaped from captivity—Officers, 1 in 18; enlisted, 1 in 76.

Recaptured by our forces—Officers, none; enlisted, 1 in 494.

Prisoners who joined the enemy—Officers, 1 in 758; enlisted, 1 in 59.

Total per cent. of deaths in the army—Officers, 1 in 9; enlisted, 1 in 8.

CONFEDERATE PRISONERS OF WAR.

The following table shows the whole number of Confederate officers and soldiers and citizens captured during the war and their treatment:

	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Citizens.
Died	16	25,976	26,357
Paroled	22,297	225,472	839
Exchanged	6,041	214,865	322
Escaped	131	1,307	109
Joined our army	5	2,938	1
Unaccounted for	74	2,738	
Released close of war	6,021	28,959	19,461
Total	35,782	499,802	19,535

The totals of the above give a grand total of 505,119, to which is to be added 3,278 included in mortuary report, but not specially accounted for, making 470,647.

Of these there died while prisoners: Officers, 1 in 38; enlisted, 1 in 16; citizens, 1 in 17.

Escaped—Officers, 1 in 273; enlisted, 1 in 1,326.

Joined our army—Officers, 1; enlisted, 1 in 88.

Released at close of war—Officers, 1 in 6 of all captured; enlisted, 1 in 6.—*Press.*

---

the department would bring the navy into observed discredit. It is hoped that the expression of these views by the court to the department will serve to illustrate the true character of such conduct, and be sufficient to prevent any future resort to purchased services to obtain either commissions, appointments, or privileges in the service.

"This order will be taken as the reprimand prescribed by the sentence of the court, and will be read at the various Navy-yards and stations, and on board of all ships of war in commission.

"GEORGE M. ROBESON,
"Secretary of the Navy."

CITY BULLETIN.

—The Fenians held a mass-meeting at Horticultural Hall on Saturday evening.

—The Atlantic Base Ball Club, of New York, and the Keystone Club, of this city, played a game on Saturday afternoon. Score: Atlantic, 35; Keystone, 1.

—The body of James Kelly, who fell overboard at Chestnut street wharf, on the Schuylkill, on Friday, and was drowned, was recovered on Saturday by the Schuylkill Harbor police.

—A number of wooden sheds, situated on the skating-park at Twenty-first and Walnut streets, were totally destroyed by fire about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The loss is not very heavy.

—Charles Horn, aged thirty years, who resides at No. 1447 Manayunk road, fell from a scaffold, at Fourth and Carpenter streets, on Saturday, and had his shoulder dislocated and his spine seriously injured.

—The inauguration of Courtland Saunders College will take place at Thirty-ninth and Chestnut streets, this morning. Daniel M. Fox, Mayor of Philadelphia, will preside. A number of distinguished clergymen will participate in the interesting ceremonies.

—Last night Detective Levy arrived from New York, bringing with him Charles Brown, alias Myers, who is said to be one of the three who robbed Mr. Isaac Lippincott, and the Esau couple in Germantown. He denies all knowledge of the affair.

—Gaspar Cogan, aged 10 years, who resides at No. 1834 North Sixth street, while attempting to get into a car of the Norristown railroad, at School lane, Falls of Schuylkill, fell and had his leg so badly crushed that amputation was determined upon soon after his admission in the hospital.

—A young Englishman, giving the name of Charles Brown, has been held in $2,000 bail for a further hearing by Alderman Kerr, to answer the charge of swindling Mr. David Gilfidin, a liquor merchant on Dock street, a check for eighteen dollars, and afterward absconding with a pretty young lady friend.

—John F. Meeser, aged thirty-nine years, who boarded at the house of Joseph Mountain, corner Poplar and Sixth streets, on Saturday night accidentally fell out the third story window and was instantly killed. At the time there was a rise in West Philadelphia; he went up to his room to look at it, and while in the act pushing open the shutters, he fell out, striking his head on the curbstone, killing him instantly. Deceased was a brother of William Meeser, proprietor of the *Sunday Mercury.* The Coroner was notified.

—Barroom fights were plenty yesterday. William C. Etheridge, aged twenty-two years, of Ninth street above Mount Vernon, had his head and face badly cut in a fight in a tavern down town. John Mooney, aged 30 years, who resides in the vicinity of Seventh and Shippen streets, was struck in the head by the barkeeper of Mr. Doyle's tavern, on Shippen street, near Seventh and seriously injured. Charles Riley, who resides at No. 23 Dorsey street, was badly cut in the eye by a number of men, during a dispute in a tavern.

—A man named John Wright, while in a lager beer saloon on Apple street, above Brown, yesterday afternoon, became engaged in a quarrel with a party of young men. They finally knocked him down and kicked him about the abdomen. He was taken to a friend's house in the vicinity, and Dr. Piper being called in, he pronounced Mr. Wright's injuries to be of a very serious character. The injured man was subsequently removed to his home, No. 126 Christian street. William and Frank Coffin were the parties, alleged to have been concerned in the affray, were arrested.

—Yesterday morning a delegation from Fred. Taylor Post, No. 10, went to Longwood, near Kennett Square, Chester county, where they were joined by McCall Post, No. 31, and Shaw Post, No. 86, of West Chester, and then raised the grave of Colonel C. Frederick Taylor, who was killed at Gettysburg while leading the famous—"Burkalls,"—and whose name Post 10 have adopted. While at Longwood the delegation were the guests of Bayard Taylor, a brother of the lamented Colonel.

At the request of McCall Post, of West Chester, another delegation of Post No. 10 visited Christ Church burial-ground during the afternoon, and placed the grave of General George A. McCall, at one time the Commander of the Pennsylvania Reserves. Post Commander S. W. Temple made the address, and Comrade J. Pennington made the reply.

—The Anniversary of the Sunday School connected with the Church of God, Germantown avenue and Berks street, was celebrated yesterday afternoon, by interesting and appropriate exercises, consisting of singing, addresses, and floral presentations. The ceremonies were conducted by the Superintendent, Rev. L. B. Hartman, and prayers, addresses, delivered by Rev. A. H. Long, of Reading, Pa., Rev. Wm. B. Cullins, Theodore Owen, Esq., Rev. P. L. Hornbrower, D. D., of Philadelphia, and Rev. Mr. Dagan, of Altoona, interspersed with excellent singing on the part of the scholars, the whole forming a rare intellectual entertainment, highly gratifying to all who were present, and especially to the teachers, who look forward to these exercises as a test of the proficiency of their scholars.

—A portion of the ceremonies attending the decoration of the soldiers' graves came off yesterday.

Legion No. 1, Legion of Honor, assembled at their headquarters, Milton Hall, Coates street, below Fifteenth, in uniform and marched and proceeded to Odd Fellows' Cemetery, to lower the flag at half mast, when Comrade James G. Shinn delivered a prayer, after which dirges were sung by the choir, followed by an address by Captain George W. Curry. The graves of their fallen comrades were then decorated with flowers, after which they returned to their hall.

The Wecacoe Legion also assembled at their hall, on Queen street, below Second, in the afternoon, and after making a short street parade, proceeded to Rendleton, Mount Prophelah, and Mutual Cemeteries, and decorated the graves. They were accompanied by the Liberty Cornet Band and Simson's Drum Corps. The legion was under command of Captain E. F. Wallington and Marshal Jesse McCully. A committee from the legion visited Philadelphia, Odd Fellows, Cathedral, Mount Prophelah and Glenwood Cemeteries in the morning, in carriages, and scattered their tokens on the graves of their fallen comrades.

NEW JERSEY MATTERS.

SUSPICIOUS PERSONS.—Three men who were unable to give a satisfactory account of themselves were found on Saturday night, or rather yesterday morning, loitering about Cooper street. Believing that their conduct looked no good, the police conducted them to the station-house and locked them up.

MORTGAGES.

$8,000 to $20,000 FOR SALE.
To loan at par on first-class CITY MORTGAGE.
E. R. JONES, 707 Walnut Street.
m29 2t6

$35,000, $15,000, $10,000, $7,000, $5,000
First-class MORTGAGES secured on centrally located Properties.
EDW. R. JONES, 707 Walnut Street.
m29 2t6

$50,000 TO INVEST IN ONE SUM.
In the purchase of a first-class Mortgage. Address, "Mortgage," Box 1,324 P. O.
m29 2t*

$5,000 AND OTHER LARGER AND SMALLER SUMS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.
ROBERS, 223 North Tenth street.
m28 3t

FOR SALE.

RARE CHANCE
TO BUY OR RENT
ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE.
FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—What is acknowledged to be the best place for a family in the vicinity of Philadelphia, viz., Germantown, situated on the Old Lancaster road, adjoining the Chestnut Hill and City Line Stations, N. P. R. R., 20 minutes' ride from Market street, containing 10 acres of land, with a large and elegant mansion, containing 20 rooms, with gas, water, and all the modern improvements; also, handsome Lawn, carefully planted with choice fruit and ornamental trees, and with stream of water, woods and rolling grounds, all in perfect order. The house is surrounded by a beautiful lawn, and is approached by a carriage drive through a park surface below. It is a handsome, substantially built mansion, with every convenience for a family, containing 22 rooms, besides three bath-rooms, butler pantry, and extensive cellarage, with hot and cold water throughout with hard woods, oiled; slate clean in all windows, imported mantles and open grates in all principal rooms; Furnace in basement, with ventilation vault; ice house, with water and gas works attached; Stable, Carriage House, Cow House, Ice and Cellar, Gardener's Cottage, Poultry House, and all necessary outbuildings. There is also a large variety of choice fruit, including a peach and apricot orchard, to make it a home.
E. J. DOBBINS, Ledger Building.
m29 2t6

BROWN STONE RESIDENCE
FOR SALE,
No. 1 ASHLAR STREET.
Elegant Brown-Stone Residence, three stories as represented, very desirable in its arrangements, with modern conveniences, and built in a very superior and substantial manner. Lot 50 feet front by 150 feet deep. Durbert street, on which is erected a handsome brick dwelling, extends to Ashlar street.
JAS. M. MORRIS, 1 WALNUT STREET.
m28 2t rpl.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE, Germantown, opposite Logan Square. All the modern improvements.
Address "Germantown," Box 1,324 P. O.

FOR SALE—754 PINE STREET—Three-story brick dwelling. Lot, 23 by 120 to 30 feet street, in good order. Also, the Hospital, on the grounds of Pennsylvania Hospital. Large, airy, well-lighted, well-ventilated, and in good order. Apply to Pennsylvania Hospital, Pine street, or to SYLVESTER, 20 South Fourth street.

FOR SALE—GREEN STREET—The handsome residence, north side, first door west of 22 front, with side yard, and lot 157 feet deep through to Lombard street. Also, the

FOR SALE—LOT 1313 PINE ST.
Apply at 1328 Spruce street.

GERMANTOWN—FOR RENT, FURNISHED.—A large double mansion, with stable and grounds, situated on Main street, below Chelten, in the village of Germantown, within two minutes' walk of the Germantown and Chestnut Hill Railroad. Apply to GEORGE A. FOULKROD, 1 Walnut street.

FOR RENT—LARGE DOUBLE Store, 1 Walnut street, below Second. Apply to GUMBEY & SONS, 13 Walnut.

FOR RENT—FOR THE SEASON—Furnished Country Residence, Germantown, containing 12 rooms. About 2 acres. Near town; good stabling; large grounds; shade and fruit trees. Apply to JOHN T. MORRIS, 208 South Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THE STREET STORE, 20 feet front by 50 feet deep, 1 Walnut street, below Second. Apply to GUMBEY & SONS, 13 Walnut.

TO RENT—A HANDSOME FURNISHED Country Residence, Germantown, containing twenty rooms, three minutes' walk from the Germantown and Chestnut Hill Railroad (or Twenty-second street), to the Nineteenth Ward. All persons interested in paying a good rent are invited to call and see the premises, which present the following assured personal inducements: Pure air, good water, a good neighborhood, and a landlord who will not annoy the tenant. Apply to JOHN T. MORRIS, 208 South Fourth street.

FOR RENT—HANDSOME COUNTRY PLACE, with several acres of land, on Old York road, near Jenkintown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. Apply to GEORGE A. FOULKROD, 1 Walnut street.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT, within two miles of Germantown, Chestnut Hill, or Manayunk, to rent for the Summer. Address, "A 2," Box 1,324 P. O.

TO RENT.

TO LET
The New Five-Story Store,
No. 18 South Sixth Street above Chestnut.
Will rent the whole or separate floors. Apply to
GEORGE W. HEALY, 1 WALNUT STREET,
No. 20 South Sixth Street.
m28 2t

NEW HOTEL—PHILADELPHIA HOUSE.—N. W. corner Nineteenth and Tioga; all conveniences; gas, water, bath, etc.; large lot; vegetable garden in rear; contents rent; within half a minute's walk of Market Station; immediate possession.
Apply to THOMAS HOOPER, 1 Walnut street.
m29 2t

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A VERY Superior Modern DWELLING HOUSE, situated No. 1408 South Penn Square.
Apply at No. 1326 Lombard street.
m29 2t*

TO RENT—
Large Store, 1 Walnut street, at the northeast corner of the Exchange, with the basement, and the large Store, 3 Walnut street, adjoining, with bath-room, water-closet and range. Also, the city lot by the rear, on Merchant street.
Apply to THOMAS HOOPER,
Real Estate Agent,
No. 1 Walnut street.
m29 2t

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL.
Annual Report of the Board of Managers, May 2, 1870.

The Board of Managers again present to you their annual Report, with feelings of thankfulness that the mercies of a bountiful Providence have permitted them to close successfully another year of usefulness to the afflicting—aid to the helpless, sick and wounded.

With pleasure they offer testimony to the unremitting attention and ability of an accomplished Medical and Surgical Staff, through whose assistance the sufferings of many thousands have been alleviated, and their lives preserved. Nor can the Managers fail to appreciate the care and tenderness of those immediately surrounding them with a real but imperceptible barrier for their protection. Out of the abundance of their wisdom, in hazardous risks, with varying and uncertain results, is now deemed of doubtful merit.

The general idea and the same compassionate solicitude have found favor in your institution. Walls are not required except as landmarks or preventatives against offensive intruders, who, too often, molest and make sport of the mentally infirm.

To restore to the word hospital its proper signification of a place of reception and entertainment as well as of cure has ever been a pleasing design attended with the happiest results.

It is safe to assert, by means of concrete, sacred music, pictures, and readings contributed by intelligent gentlemen, optical exhibitions, lectures, games, such as quoits, lawns, tin-pins, ball, cricket, and croquet grounds, opportunities of walking and driving in the adjacent country, which are taken daily visited by the patients; that apart from medical and surgical treatment, a healthful and pleasurable diversion is afforded to the beneficiaries of your institution than falls to the lot of most families in affluent circumstances.

Besides the regular weekly visits of the attending managers to the Pine Street Hospital, it has been a custom for nearly thirty years standing, the faithful performance of which has never been entirely omitted, that they should visit the institution in twos, on Thursday, every week—the accounts of the male and female departments, and the patients, being touched and certified, and every ward in one or other of the two buildings inspected in detail, every quarter, for more minute scrutiny. The individual visits are, therefore, in fact, twelve, and annually, twenty-four. Alone, not including occasions which bring all the managers together, or special visits arising from unusual circumstances.

The nightly care of the buildings is recorded by a stamp clock which keeps a silent record of the time and place at which the watchman is present in every ward in every hour throughout the night, and corresponding with the

The Board from their own examination believe that all duties devolving upon them in relation to the institution can dictate, are regarded and performed by the officers in charge of the detail of its management, as well as that their own sense of fidelity to their engagements and duties leaves no room.

It is difficult more strongly to express positive satisfaction in the general good working of the machinery of the institution, which, from reverence for the Physician-in-Chief and Superintendent, very respect, warmth and kindness, the constant labor, well-bestowed and eminent ability.

Recent decisions of Judges Ludlow and Allison, after careful, patient and protracted investigations, have put the subject of the investigations to the Hospital. These opinions are considered very satisfactory, as regards both the law and the relations of the Hospital to its insane inmates, under the legal encachments which have taken place in the management of asyles of humanity: hitherto the only rules to guide the minds of judges in dealing with the subject, have been conflicting and uncertain.

For the able manner in which the Hospital has been managed in the past, in its laws and acts, we are greatly indebted to our counsel, George H. Biddle, who, for a series of years, has skill and ability, which have been gratuitously given his aid to secure rightfulness of the Hospital, against the assaults of malice, by ignorant, improper, and malevolent misrepresentations.

The statistics and details usually furnished have been prepared carefully and are set forth in the tables of the accompanying Report referred to.

It is noticed that both the male and female branches during the year 1869 were nearly self-sustaining, using not more than $1,000 annual aid to the treasury, from the General Hospital—although over $18,000 was expended in maintaining an average of 200 patients, and 145 others, at charges less than the actual average cost.

The total expenditure of the Hospital has been paid by the Treasurer (not including the permanent fund), $163,000.

During the same period of time the Treasurer has paid to the Hospital for the sick, in the wards, during the year, $163,000, and what was required to defray expenses besides the actual cost of the sick.

Shortly after the beginning of clinical lectures in the Pine Street Hospital last fall, application was made to the Board of Managers of the Female Medical College, a regularly incorporated institution, for the treatment of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for admission to the wards of the same, for clinical purposes. Under the rules existing at the time of the application, all students of institutions recognized by the Board of Managers were admitted to the halls of the Hospital upon equal terms.

Those who have seen the difference operating already existing which would prevent the professional conference of graduates of some of the schools, and those who have attended clinical lectures. One new feature now presented itself, that of sex. Men the advocates of years ago it was declared by an able writer "to be an essential law of life that all endowments for social purposes, sanitary, charitable or penal, will prosper so far as we carry out the principle of combining in due proportion, the masculine and feminine element, and will fail or become perverted so far as we ignore it." This was then exemplified by citing the improved conditions of the hospitals of Paris, Vienna, Milan and Rome, in many of which the compounding of medicines, the apothecaries' shops, as well as the nursing, were under the management of the Sisters of Charity. The Board from their own examination believe that all duties devolving upon them in relation to the institution can dictate, are regarded and performed by the officers in charge of the detail of its management, as well as that their own sense of fidelity to their engagements and duties leaves no room.

It is difficult more strongly to express positive satisfaction in the general good working of the machinery of the institution, which, from reverence for the Physician-in-Chief and Superintendent, very respect, warmth and kindness, the constant labor, well-bestowed and eminent ability.

Recent decisions of Judges Ludlow and Allison, after careful, patient and protracted investigations to the Hospital. These opinions are considered very satisfactory, as regards both the law and the relations of the Hospital to its insane inmates, under the legal encachments which have taken place in the management of asyles of humanity: hitherto the only rules to guide the minds of judges in dealing with the subject, have been conflicting and uncertain.

For the able manner in which the Hospital has been managed in the past, in its laws and acts, we are greatly indebted to our counsel, George H. Biddle, who, for a series of years, has skill and ability, which have been gratuitously given his aid to secure rightfulness of the Hospital, against the assaults of malice, by ignorant, improper, and malevolent misrepresentations.

The statistics and details usually furnished have been prepared carefully and are set forth in the tables of the accompanying Report referred to.

It is noticed that both the male and female branches during the year 1869 were nearly self-sustaining, using not more than $1,000 annual aid to the treasury, from the General Hospital—although over $18,000 was expended in maintaining an average of 200 patients, and 145 others, at charges less than the actual average cost.

The total expenditure of the Hospital has been paid by the Treasurer (not including the permanent fund), $163,000.

During the same period of time the Treasurer has paid to the Hospital for the sick, in the wards, during the year, $163,000, and what was required to defray expenses besides the actual cost of the sick.

Shortly after the beginning of clinical lectures in the Pine Street Hospital last fall, application was made by