WEDDING CARDS, INVITATIONS for larties, ac. New styles. MASON & CO., 207 de30fmw tf5

RIARKIED.

COOPER-EARNEST-On the 21st instant, by the Right Rev. Bishop Wood, Horace Cooper to Ellen Earnest, both of Philadelphia.

HERBING-THOMAS.-On the 21st inst., by the Rev. Richard Francis Colton, assisted by the Rev. Henry J. Bowland, Charles P. Herring and Sallie N., daughter J. Honder Company of John Thomas. Eso. Richard Frances P. Herring and Sente A., of John Thomas, Esq.

PRATT-HIGUENELE.—On the 20th instant, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, by the Rev. Phillips Brooks, Wilson Pratt, of Alcester, Warwickshire, England, to Lily C., cidest daughter of the late John H. Huquenele, Wilson Frau, or Analysis of the late John H. Huqueses, Lily C., closs daughter of the late John H. Huqueses, of this city.
PRICE-TROTTER.—On the 21st inst., at Chestnut Hill, by the Rev. Phillips Brooks, Thomas C. Price to Susau H., daughter of Eds. H. Trotter.

DERAUQUE.—This morning. Carrie C. DeSauque, daughter of Charles L. DeBauque.

Du notice will be given of the funeral.

11 AMENT.—On the 21st inst. Bessie Dunlap, youngest child of Francis and Elizabeth Diament.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the inneral, from the parents residence, No. 663 North Twelfth street, on Sweath-lay, at 3 o'clock.

NIXON.—On the 21st inst., Rebbess Nixon, formerly of Charleston, S. C. in the 85th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son in law, John Jenkins, No. 1823 Addison street, on Monday morating, 25th inst., at 9 o'clock. [Charleston papers please of V.]. Reading. Pa. on the 20th instant. Monday moraing, 23th inst., at 9 o'clock. [Charleston papers please copy]
RKPPLIEE.—In Reading, Pa., on the 20th instant, Catharine Repplier, relict of the late John G. Repplier, in the 5th year of her age.

STEKLMAN—On the evening of the 19th inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. Jacob Steelman, in the 4th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the employes of the Keystone Saw Works, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 1220 Park arenue, on Saturday afternoon. Services at the Church, Broad and Oxford streets, at 3o'clock. Interment at Odd Fellows Cemetery.

TRAQUAIR.—At her residence, in Germantown, on Thursday, April 21st, 1870, Hannah Traquair, relict of Adam Traquair, aged 3t years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, on Saturday afternoon, 23d instant, at 2 o'clock, at No. 5042 Germantown avenue.

1870. IRON BAREGES, PLAIN 1870 COLORS. BROWN IRON BAREGE. MODE IRON BAREGE. PEARL IRON BAREGE. VIOLET IRON BAREGE. EYRE & LANDELL.

DECEIVED THIS WEEK.

All-Wood Hernanis, 50 to 75 cents.
Black Silk and Wood Hernanis, 75 cents to \$3 75.
English Hombazines.
Black Silk Chalys.
Lupin's Black Tomises.
Lupin's Black Mousselaines.
Black all-Wood Batiste.
Black and White Paris Organdies.

"Paris Jaconets.
"Paris Jaconets.
"Imported Lawns.
White and Black Organdies and Lawns.
Plain Black French Percales and Chintzes.
Black Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
Black Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
Black Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
Striped Ruffled Skirts and Skirtings.
Gray Mixed Summer Gloves.
Jonvin's Embred lered Manchette Kid Gloves.
Jouvin's Plain Black Kid Gloves.
Couroster's Plain Black Kid Gloves.
Mohairs or Glossy Alpacas. 62% cents to \$1 25.
Second-Mourning Scotch Ginghams.

Mourning Dry Goods House,
ap21-31

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Spring Business Suits.

JOHN WANAMAKER, 818 and 820 CHESTNUT STREET.

Sailor Suits for Boys.

REP ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS. 1025 CHESTNUT Street. THE FASHIONABLE RESORT. SHERIDAN'S RIDE

STILL THE ATTRACTION. GREAT LIFE-SIZE PAINTING,

DELAWARE AND RARITAN
OFFICE, TRENTON, N. J., April 11, 1870.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Delaware and Baritan Canal Company will be held at the Company's Office, Tronton, N. J., on TUESDAY, the 10th of May, 1870, at 12 o'clock, M., for the election of nine Directors to serve for the ensuing year.

10th P. STOCKTON,
ap22 15t§ Secretary Delaware and Baritan Canal Co.

meeting of the Society of the Sons of St. George, established at Philadelphia for the advice and assistance of Englishmen in distress, will be held at their Room No. 30 Morchants' Exchange, on SATURDAY MOBNING, April 23, 1870, at 10 octock. The anniversary dinner at the Continental Hotel at 5 octock. Tickets can be obtained of the officers or secretary.

WILLIAM UNDERDOWN,

1t* 200% Walnut street.

EASTER FAIR FOR THE BENE-fit of Christ Church, Riverton, Mercantile Li-brary Building, Tenth above Chestnut street. Will open on Wednesday evening, April 20th, and con-tinue duning Thursday and Friday, the 21st and 221, from 30 A. M. to 10 P. M. ap20-3trp*

1109 GIRARD STREET. 1109

TURKISH, RUSSIAN AND PERFUMED BATHS. Departments for Ladies, open from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY.—VOTES
on the question of keeping the Library open as a
Reading-Room on Sunday will be received until 10
o'clock on SATURDAY NIGHT. If any of the members have not received the ballots sent to them, they can
procure them at the Library.
ap20w f2trp\$ T. MORRIS PEROT, President.

SMOKERS SAY THAT THOSE Seventeenth and Locust, are superior to the genuine Havanas. Come and see. S. T. K. W. C. MEANS SMOKE THE Key West Cigars, sold by McOARAHER. Seven-teenth and Locust. Smoke and be happy. apl6-6trp§

IF YOU WANT THE GENUINE White Mountain Cake go to DEXTER'S, 215 South Fifteenth street. ap22121rp* HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518
and 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department.
Addical treatment and medicine furnished gratuitously

o the poor. R. LEIGH'S IMPROVED HARD Rubber Truss never rusts, breaks or soils, used in bathing; Supporters, Elastic Belts, Stockings, all kinds of Trusses and Braces. Ladies attended to by MRS. LEIGH, 1230 Chestnut, Leight, 1230 Chestnut, Lei MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLAN EUUS.

TREGO'S TEABERRY TOOTH WASH.

It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best dentifrice extant. Warranted free from injurious ingredients. It Preserves and Whitens the Teoth!

Invigorates and Soothes the Gume!

Purifies and Perfumes the Breath!

Prevents Accumulation of Tartar!

Cleanses and Purifies Artificial Teeth!

Is a Superior Article for Children!

Sold by all Druggets.

M. M. WILSON, Proprietor,

mhlly rps Ninth and Filbert streets, Philadelphia.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EXTRACTING TEETH WITH FRESH NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

OF THE THE WITH FRESH NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

OF THE THOMAS, formerly operator at the Colton Denital Rooms, devotes his entire practice to the painless extraction of teeth. Office, 511 Walnut st. mhs.lyrps.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORINITALISTATION ORINITALISTATION. winated the angesthatic use of NITHOUS OXIDE, OR LAUGHTING GAS, And devote their whole time and practice to extracting teeth without pain.

Office, Eighth and Walnut streets. ap 20 ly

HENRY PHILLIPPI,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, NO. 1024 SANSOM STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

FRESH CHARCOAL BISCUIT FOR DYSPERSIA:
HARD'S FOOD for infants, just imported. Select Rio
Taploca, with directions for use, Genuiue Bermuda
Arrowroot, and other Dietetics. for sale by JAMES T.
SHINN, S. W. cor. Broad and Spruce.

ap 2 tfrp§ POR INVALIDS.—A FINE MUSICAL
Box as a companion for the sick chamber; the finest
assortment in the city, and a great variety of airs to select from. Imported direct by
FARR & BROTHER,
mhl6tfrp] 324 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

1870. GET YOUR HAIR CUT AT Hair and Whiskers dy'd. Shave and Bath, 30 cents. Ladies' and Children's hair cut. Razors set in order. Open Sunday morning. No. 125 Exchange Place.

G. C. KOPP. MARKING WITH INDELIBLE INK Embroidering, Braiding, Stamping, &c. M. A. TOBREY, 1800 Filbert

POLISHING POWDER. - THE BEST for cleansing filter and Plated Ware, Jewelry, etc., ver manufactured. mhl tfrp

H. P. & C. B. TAYLOR,

Perfumery and Toilet Soaps, 641 and 643 North Ninth street.

DOWIN H. FITLER & CO., Cordage Manufacturers and Dealers in

tordage Manufacturers and Bealers in Hemp,

23 N. Water Street and 22 N. Delaware Avenue PHILADELPHIA.

EDWIN H. FITLER. CONRAD V. CLOTHIER

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT full assortment of sizes, and no charge for engraving names, &c. FARR & BROTHER, Makers, my24 rp if 324 Chestnut street. below Fourth.

I SAAC NATHANS, AUCTIONEER, N. E. corner Third and Spruce streets, only one square below the Exchange. \$250,000 to loan, in large or small amounts, on diamonds, silver plate, watches, jewelry, and all goods of value. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. Fetablished for the last forty years. Advances made in large amounts at the lowest market rates.

The HLADELPHIA SURGEONS RAND.

PHILADELPHIA SURGEONS' BAND-AGE INSTITUTE. 14 North Ninth street. above Market. B. C. EVERETT'S TRUSS positively cures Ruptures. Cheap Trusses. Elastic Belts, Stockings, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Crutches, Suspensories, Pile Bandages. Ladies attended to by Mrs. E. jyl lyrp

A Plea For Mrs. Proctor. To the Editor of the Evening Bulletin: Will

you permit me to call the attention of the public, through your paper, to what under any circumstances would be considered a wrong, and what under existing circumstances is a grievous imposition. It is well known to the community that the mercantile firm of J. W. Proctor & Co. no longer exists, and there are grave reasons for believing that Mr. Proctor has come to his death, either on board the ill-fated City of Boston, or in some other way. Be that as it may, his failure, the subsequent sale of his stock and household furniture, even to his wife's clothing and bed and the mysterious late of Mr. Proctor himself, combine to place upon his wife, or widow, a burden of woe such as few women are called upon to endure. I know the woman in whose behalf I am writing, and honor her as one of the bravest of my sex. No one doubts that if she had been permitted to continue her branch of the business of the late firm, she would not only have saved that which she had labored years to establish but would gradually have been to establish, but would gradually have been enabled to liquidate the indebtedness of her enabled to liquidate the indebtedness of her husband. But, left alone, she has been subjected to the law's most rigorous course. And is it not unmerciful that certain newspapers have even embittered the pangs of this lady by the most gross and unkind publications concerning her unfortunate husband? And is it not an insult to justice that after all this, the name of the extinct firm of J. W. Proctor & Co. should still be used, without right or authority, in order to mislead the community by the falsehood that the bankrupt stock of J. W. Proctor & Co. is capable of supporting an interminable sale of bargains! I hold that this is not only a great wrong to an unfortunate woman, but an outrage upon the community that ought to be exposed and remedied. All publications made in the name of this firm are necessarily false, as it no longer exists. For the sake of honor, truth and justice, in this day, when so much is being said on behalf of woman, and so little done, let those who speculate upon the misfortune let those who speculate upon the mistoricance of others and the credulity of the people, feel that their true interests cannot be permanently subserved by imposing upon A Woman.

THE FLOOD IN THE SUSQUEHANNA.

Great Destruction of Property... Bafts
Lost. The Harrisburg Patriot of yesterday says:
The Susquehanna had fallen last evening to
thirteen feet above low water—three feet and
a half below the mark of Tuesday evening.
The water was subsiding at the rate of nearly
two inches an hour, and the flow of driftwood
and logs had in a measure ceased. This rapid
tall has removed all apprehension of further
damage by the flood.

damage by the flood.

The Columbia Herald says: At Marietta The Columbia Herald says: At Marietta and farther up the river, the lumbermen were unable to procure a sufficient supply of ropes and the result has been quite different, resulting in a very heavy loss to some of the owners. On Sunday evening one raft passed down and went over the dam; on Monday evening two passed down, and on Tuesday morning three more, all of which went over the dam. On Tuesday evening about five o'clock, two rafts came down. About two hours later some twenty-five or thirty rafts which had broken loose from a point some tyo miles above loose from a point some two miles above Marietta, passed down and all went over the

dam.
The loss is a very severe one for the lumbermen, as these rafts were worth from twelve to fifteen hundred dollars each, and although the greater portion of the lumber will be picked up along the river below, the rafts will be broken up, and the lumber scattered so that its own ers will not realize more than one-third of its market value. The loss to the lumbermen on Monday and Tuesday on the lumber which passed Columbia will be about \$25,000, which

falls on the up-rivermen, as none of the lumber had been sold. had been sold.
—Since writing the above we learn that some seven or eight rafts passed down on Tuesday night about eleven o'clock, running against the fleet moored at this place; breaking five of them loose, and all passed down the current of destruction, thus adding \$10,000 more SOUTH AMERICA.

THE END OF THE WAR IN PARAGUAY.

Yesterday we published the official despatches confirming the news of the death of Lopez. By the steamer South America, which brought this news from Rio to New York, we have received the Anglo-Brazilian Times of March 24th, from which we take the follow-

The news brought to Rio by the Tycho Brahe, upon the 17th, of the slaying of Lopez upon the 1st of March, created general re-joicing, and the city was illuminated for sev-

The foreign Ministers, including the Papal Nuncio, and various deputations of societies and public bodies, have been tendering their gratulations to the Emperor, upon the termination of the war; and two demonstrations have been made by ladies of Rio to the Principal Company of the principal comp nave been made by latties of Rio to the Princess Imperial, congratulating her on the successes achieved by the Comte d'Eu, and on his probably early return from the scene of ten months of labors and privations. Two more battalions of volunteers have returned to Rio, where, upon the 21st, they received an enthusiastic reception from the

people.

It is proposed by the Camara Municipal to erect a triumphal fountain in the Campo d'Acclamação, after a design by Sr. Caminhoa, z Brazilian architect.

A number of gentlemen held a meeting to promote subscriptions towards erecting an equestrian statue of the Emperor, but, on hearing of the project, H. I. Majesty at once peremptorily declined the proposed testimo-nial, and requested that subscriptions should, instead, be solicited for constructing more school houses, and for better fitting up those already in existence.

General Camara has received the title of

Visconde de Pelotas, and has been promoted from the rank of brigadier-general to that of The End Crowns the Work."

Under this title the Anglo-Brazilian Times has the following leading article:
Whilst many were declaring at almost every new phase of the Paraguayan war that it was new phase of the Paraguayan war that it was to be abandoned, even when, four months ago, telegrams were flying from Brazil and the River Plate announcing that the Comte d'Eu and the Brazilian forces had given up the pursuit and were embarking for Brazil, we steadily discountenanced such opinions and such reports, being firm in our conviction of their atter falsity—a conviction based upon a rightful estimate of the determination of the Emperor and the Generalissimo not to consider a peace practicable in Paraguay until the sider a peace practicable in Paraguay until the death, capture or exile of Lopez had made its

continuance possible.

It must be admitted that the Emperor was almost the only person in Brazil or the River Plate who never allowed failure and discouragement, or triumph and illusion, to make him falter in the pursuit of the ends of the triple alliance. Defeat and disease might decimate the army and dishearten the nation; a gen-eralissimo might desert his post, declaring the war over, and the soldiery might murmur and mutiny to follow the evil example; a reluctant ministry might urge financial difficulties and the nation's exhaustion, still the Emperor never swerved from his steadfast resolve not to treat of peace with Lopez, a resolve based upon a full perception that the ambitious, ruthless and treacherous character of the Paraguayan despot gave no surety for a lasting Paraguayan despot gave no surety for a lasting peace, so long as he could exert his maleficent influence upon. Paraguayan affairs. Even they who most floubted the possibility of expelling Lopez from such a country as Paraguay is, will acknowledge that, without the complete annihilation of the influence of Lopez in Paraguay, a costly state of war in peace, must have hear majorated by Brazil for an Addi

have been maintained by Brazil, for an indefinite time, to protect her communications and It is also impossible, in reviewing the Para-guayan campaign during the last ten months, to overlook how greatly the country is indebted to the Comte d'Eu, in that, reluciantly yieldto the Comte d'Eu, in that, reluctantly yielding to the Emperor's desire that he should take command of the acephalous army, he undertook to repair the effects of Sr. Caxias's inconsiderate desertion of his post, and to continue the war until the only satisfactory ending could be attained. His accepting the command at such a period of paralysis and hesitation was of vast moral importance to the army and the nation, and it must have greatly lightened the Emperor's burden of anxiety. The conduction of the succeeding anxiety. The conduction of the succeeding campaign has shown that the choice of the new generalissimo was equally felicitous in a military point of view And, in this point of view, we do not include merely the skilful operations by which the new, strong and threatening stronghold of Lopez was turned, his army almost annihilated, and he and his scanty followers driven to lurk in hiding places in woods and wilderness—in the short space of three weeks—we refer equally to the less brilliant but even more honoring operations that followed, when, ignoring difficulties and privations, staying only whenever absolute starvation ing only whenever absolute starvation barred advance, his dogged, unwavering pursuit forced Lopez from refuge to refuge towards the unpopulated north, beyond power of return. Then, and not till then, the Comte d'Eu left the front of the pursuit and returned to Rosario. And in sequence, we have to remark on the unselfishness and delicacy exhibited by the Comte d'Eu in connection with the cleane operations expired on in the pastle

the closing operations carried on in the north.
At that time, only in the northern department,
whose troops were commanded by BrigadierGeneral Camara, remained any opportunity for gaining the crowning glory of suppressing Lopez and finishing the war, which had become a mere question of weeks or months. The Comte d'Eu might have added this crowning glory to the hurels he had already won, but, seeing in General Camara an energetic and capable commander after his own heart, the Comte d'Eu left to him the honors of the day, and confined himself to seeing that every requisite for giving freedom and thorough efficacy to the operations was supplied unstintedly and with prevision. We need not wonder, then, that the Comte d'Eu, respected and admired for his military ability, is adored by the army for his qualities as a man as well. Thanks, above all, to the Emperor and the Comte d'Eu, the war with Paraguay is truly over, and the Brazilian nation can rest upon the laurels and solid advantages it has un-doubtedly gained by its perseverance to a positive result. And that result will not be confined merely to the safety obtained for the Brazilian territory bordering on Paraguay; the moral effect of the tenacious persistence with which the war was carried on against Lopez until the guilty causer of it himself be-came a sacrifice to Brazilian vengeance, will be felt throughout South America, and the terrible lesson of the slain despot and his ruined people will not be unconned by the most arrogant or ambitious heighbors of the Empire. Indeed, much as must be deplored the dreadful spectacle afforded by an almost annihilated people, such a striking example of the horrors of a great war, and of the per-

sonal retribution exacted from its causer, must exert a powerful influence in the cause of peace and civilization in South America. The Latest News.
The Oneida being considerably overdue, we have delayed going to press until after her arrival. The only additional news from General

Camara is by a letter written by him on Caminos, Sanchos and Col. Lopez (son of jumped into the dead dictator), were killed. Resquim, buried him.

Delgado, the mother and sisters of Lopez, Mrs. Lynch and four children, and several officers and priests, were captured.

Some parties were routed or dispersed. Caballero (killed by Caxlas fifteen months before) escaped external external

fore) escaped capture.

Mrs. Lynch and her children are to be sent to Europe.
Italian riots, with bloodshed, are reported from Buenos Ayres.

Montevideo has again fallen into its almost normal condition of revolution and

anarchy.

The Comte d'Eu's mission having been completed, he has requested relief from the com-mand-in-chief, which has been conceded, and the Galgo has been chartered and sent with special despatches for him. He is expected to arrive about the 20th of April, and will, it cannot be doubted, receive a most enthusistic welcome.

astic welcome.

A decree dated the 23d grants Messrs.
Stephen Busk & Co. and Sr. André Rebougas a concession to construct docks in the Saude and Gamboa inlets of the port of Rio.

Another decree grants to Charles T. Bright and others a concession for telegraphic cables between Rio and Para and Rio Grand do Sul,

Yellow fever continues to be very general even among the natives, but with the cooler weather the mortality has fallen to four to

THE ONEIDA DISASTER.

Arrival of Forty-nine of the Survivors at San Francisco.

[From the San Francisco Bulletin, April 15.]

The steamship America arrived in this port, yesterday, from China and Japan, and among her passengers were forty-nine of the survivors of the terrible disaster by which the United States steamer Oneida was lost.

The following new facts were elicited in a conversation with one of the party:

The Oneida's gig was smashed in the collision, and in a typhoon a short time before she had lost three boats. Some forty-two men made the shore in one boat, and considered their escape almost miraculous. Had the ship been able to have gone one hundred yards further, she would have been in water sufficiently shallow to leave a great portion of her rigging above the surface, and many more lives would have been saved. She sank in about twenty fathoms, and the water is the deepes

to the Scene of the Disaster-Divers at After the facts became fully known Minister De Long and other officials, with volunteers from the survivors, repaired to the scene of the disaster to look for bodies of the dead. The accounts of their operations have been published. However, we are now, informed. published. However, we are now informed that a party of divers afterward went to the place. Soundings were taken and the position of the wreck determined. It was found that men in boats could reach down and grasp the lightning rod on the fore-top-gallant-yard truck. At low water and on a clear day, por truck. At low water and on a clear day, portions of her rigging could be distinctly seen. Divers descended and went through the vessel. They found the immense opening in the hull, but could find no bodies in the wreck. They brought a cutlass and glove-box up. The water was extremely cold. It was thought there was a possibility of raising the vessel, and hills for such an enterprise and for her sale.

and bids for such an enterprise and for her sale Recovery of Bedies. The Japanese are too suspicious. Shortly after the disaster, some of these people fishing near the place found a number of bodies in their nets, but threw them into the sea again. the fishermen overcame their scruple. By them the body of Ensign C. E. Brown was recovered about the 22d of March. It was dentified by his sleeve-buttons, which bore

LAUREL HILL AND THE PARK.

Some Interesting Facts.

Lippincott's Mayazine for May contains the following among its." Monthly Gossip:"

The rapid expansion of this city, while a matter of just pride to Philadelphians, is not without its attendant embarrassments. Many suburban burialgrounds, which had been considered secure from invasion by streets, either are, or threaten to be, enveloped by buildings. A pressure is put from time to time upon the A pressure is put from time to time upon the egislature to repeal that clause in their respective charters which provides that nostreet shall be opened through their grounds, and, sooner or later, the courts will have to sooner of later, the courts will have to decide whether such a repeal is constitutionally in the power of the General Assembly. Whichever way it may be adjudicated, the consequences will be unpleasant. Either the sacred resting-places of the dead will be cut up by streets, or the convenience of the living will be interfered with. Fortunately, that cemetery on which Philadelphia prides itself most is secure under all circumstances. Bounded on three sides by Fairmount Park and on the fourth by Ridge avenue Laurel Hill and on the fourth by Ridge avenue, Laurel Hill is virtually a part of the Park, of which it forms one of the most interesting features. Its for-tunate location, combining picturesque beauty in the present with security in the future, has not escaped the attention of the public; and it cannot be many years before the ground will all be sold. When that shall be the case, it will be necessary for our citizens to go farther into the country to find that security from invasion by streets which is denied them in the city. In fact, the system of conducting funerals by railroad, which has given such satisfaction in New York and Chicago, must ultimately be adopted in Philadelphia. The above considerations have, we learn, long occupied the attention of the managers of Laurel Hill Cemetery, and have induced them to purchase, for burial purposes, about one hundred and fifty acres of land in Montgomery county, overlooking the Schuylkill, and to be called West Laurel Hill. Situated about a mile above Fairmount Park, and accessible by Belmont avenue, the Reading Railroad, etc., this naturally beautiful into the country to find that security from ining Railroad, etc., this naturally beautiful spot is now being laid out and planted in ac-cordance with the rules of landscape gar-

dening. SOUTHERN JOURNALISM.

The Effects of a Free Press.

The Louisville Courier-Journal thus gives a new beginner in journalism a fair start: Somewhere in the swamps of Louisiana a young man has just started a weekly newspaper. We give an extract from what is called, per. We give an extract from what is called, perhaps through a freak of the types, his "Sal-

utary:
"Once more at the helm we feare no storms, no thunder, no billows. The winds may roar and surge, and in wild mad career upheave the political ocean until her discolored depths are seen and bear mountain hight with wild confusion the billows and the billows spray.
"From cloud to cloud the rending lightning may rage, until the heavens appear one board sheet of fire and the torrents pour in unbroken floods, a solid mass. The ocean may rage and her billows strive to reach the very heavens, yet, safely, proudly, fearlessly will we steer our staunch storm-tossed bark until we have anchored in the blacid waters of the harbor of

It will be seen that the young man has a mind well calculated to follow the eagle in its flight. It will also be seen that his paper must have been printed a few days after the funeral of the proof-reader.

-A New Orleans youth wrapped up a female picture and a gold ring in a pair of small kids, and then swallowed strychnine. The combined effect killed him.

—A San Francisco mechanic out of work, gave his hat, coat and boots away, and jumped into the bay the other day. The city

FIFTH EDITION.

4:30 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON

The Doings in Congress

AFFAIRS IN NEW YORK

[By the American Press Association.] FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS. Second Session.

(SENATE-Continued from the Fourth Edition.)
Mr. Carpenter introduced a bill to authorize United States Commissioners to use offi cial seals. Referred to the Judiciary Com mittee.

The bill prescribing the oath of office to be

The bill prescribing the oath of office to be taken by persons who participated in the late rebellion was taken up and passed.

The bill to prevent the counterfeiting of trade marks was passed.

The bill providing a remedy for the loss or destruction of judgment records on decrees appertaining to proceedings in United States courts was passed.

courts was passed.

I House—Continued from Fourth Edition.]

A motion to go into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill prevailed, and the discussion

was resumed on the provisos to the scrap iron paragraph, which reads: "That nothing shall he deemed scrap iron except waste or refuse iron that has been in actual use, and is fit only to be re-manufactured." Mr. Butler moved to insert the word "or" after the word "iron" where it occurs the second time.

Mr. Schenck opposed the amendment, and Mr. Brooks advocated it. Mr. Kelley said that little monosyllable "or" changed the whole face of the proviso, admitting clippings and cuttings of iron from all foreign manufactories. It was a direct blow at the iron interests of the enfire country.

The amendment was rejected—Yeas, 54; nays, 68.

nays, 68.
Mr. Judd submitted a substitute for the entire section under discussion. It provides for a reduction after the 1st of July next, of thirty-three and a third per cent. of the duties on syrup, molasses, salt, coal, &c.; also twenty per cent. reduction on coffee, tea and all iron, except railroad iron, provided the duty shall at no time be less than thirty-five per cent. ad alorem. The substitute further reduces the rate of tax to three per cent. on incomes above two thousand dollars.

Mr. Schenck raised the point of order that

this substitute was not pertinent to the present discussion, and could not be offered until the Committee had got through with the section.
The Chair sustained to the point of order.
Mr. Cake moved to impose an additional duty of ten per cent. ad valorem on all scrap iron. Rejected.

The next paragraph reached was the follow-"On all-iron in stables, blooms, loops or other form, including ends, clippings and punchings of new iron less finished than bars and more advanced than pig-iron, except castings, one cent per pound."

Mr. Brooks moved to strike out the words including ends, clippings and punchings of new iron. Mr. Kelley opposed the amendment, and Mr. Logan advocated it.

Mr. Beck opposed the whole paragraph, because it raised the duty on these forms of iron above the present rates.

Mr. Brooks's amendment was adopted. Yeas,

62; nays, 59.
Mr. Allison moved to make the duty in the paragraph as amended, eighteen dollars per ton, instead of one cent per pound.

FROM NEW YORK.

By the American Press Association.] The fenian Coursess. New York, April 22.—The Fenian Con-ress adjourns to-morrow. The election of fficers takes places this evening. Crnelty to Animais.

"Reddy the Blacksmith" was held to answer the charge of cruelty to animals, to-day, for encouraging a dog-fight.

Vessel Burned at Sea.

The Captain of the British steamer Dacian, arrived this morning, report: —On the 20th, at 9 P. M., 70.5 lat., 37.07 lon. saw a vessel after and burned to the water's edge; lowered a boat and burned to the water's edge; lowered a boat and pulled to her, but could not learn what she was; supposed her to be a steamer. The same day at 12 M., in lat. 38 deg. 58 min.; lon. 71 deg. 27 min., saw a bark showing a red flag-with white letter T. steering S. E. The reason-able inference is that the bark alluded to had previously communicated with the ill-fated white letter T. steering S. E. The reason-able inference is that the bark alluded to had previously communicated with the ill-fated ship and received her passengers and crew. Shipping Intelligence....the Venezuela Spoken.

The steamship Ohio from Bremen, arrived at Baltimore on the 21st instant, and reports that on the 16th of April, in latitude 40 deg. 8 min., longitude 68 deg. 7 min., she spoke the British schooner Venezucia, from Liverpool for the West Indies, 35 days out, with loss of

rudder. The Ohio offered to tow he	
York, but the Captain of the V	enezuela
thought she could reach port withou	t.
Coal Statement.	
	ported over
The following is the amount of coal trans the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad durin	g the week
ending Thursday, April 21, 1870;	-
	Tons.Crot.
From St. Clair.	1,388 11
Port Carbon	763 07
POLISVILLE	83 10
CUUTIKIII HAVCU	8,820 05
	725 07
Port Clinton	2,825 08 4,343 12
Allentown and Alburtes	2.329 17
MITTALON DE COM MINUTE DE COMMISSION DE COMI	4,040 11
Tetal Anthracite Coal for week	21,279 17
Bituminous Coal from Harrisburg and Dau-	22.00.0 2,
phin for week	9,607 06
Total for week paying freight	30,887 03
Coal for the Company's use	2,577 03
State of all block for the mark	82 424 66
Total of all kinds for the week Previously this year	53,464 06 994,551 01
	10 1004 600
Total	1.028.015.07
To Thursday, April 22, 1869.	1.177.335 01
MARINE BULLETIN.	
POBT OF PHILADELPHIA-APRIL 22.	
- Co- Co a manuscript true Trail at.	

See Marine Bulletin on Inside Par

ARRIVED THIS DAY.

Steamer Centipede, Doughty, 24 hours from N York, in ballast to W b Hildes.

Steamer Diamond State, Wood. 13 hours from Baltimore, with modes to A Groves Jr.

Brig Faustina, Patterson, 11 days from Cardenas, with molasses to E C Knight & Go. Left brig J B Davis, to sail 44th inst, for Philadelphia.

Brig Velocity (Br.) Darroll, 17 days from Cienfuego, with sugar to Geo C Carson & Oo.

Schr Lewis S Davis, Bishop, 10 days from Sagua, with sugarts & W Welsh.

Kohr John H Perry, Kelly, 6 days from New Bedford.

Schr John H Perry, Kelly, 6 days from Boston.

BELOW. BELOW. Brigs Castilian, from Matanzas, and Cecilia, from

Steamer W C Pierrepont, Shropshire, New York, W M Baird & Co. Steamer W O Pierrepont, Shropshire, New York, W M Baird & Co.
Steamer Anthracite, Green. N York, W M Baird & Co.
Steamer Comstock, Drake, New York, W M Baird & Co.
Bark Geo Canning, Bradtord, Cork for orders, L Westergnard & Co.
Schr Fathway, Hafey, Salem, Sinnickson & Co.
Schr Edith May, Higgins, Wellfiest. do
Schr J H Perry, Keily, New Bedford, do
Schr J Truman, Gibbs, do do
Schr J Truman, Gibbs, do do
Schr Chussett, Gibs, do do
Schr W Wallace, Scull, Salem, do
Schr Wentlace, Scull, Salem, do
Schr Reading Ri No 41, Smith, Thornton, do
WENT TO SEA.
Brigs J Coffil, for Barbados: Hunter, for Sisal, and

MUSICAL.

Italian Opera at the Academy,

Signor Brignoli began a season of Italian opera at the Academy of Music, last night, with Donizetti's charming opera Lucia di Lommermoor—an opera which, although it has always been a favorite, has not been given in this city for a number of years. There were two or three reasons why this first performance was not brilliantly successful. In the first place, it did not begin until half an hour after the time announced, and the entractes were so long that everybody grow thred of waiting, and there were very decided expressions of impatience and ill-humor. There could have been no possible excuse for these delays, because the changes in the costumes were very trifling, and might easily have been made in a few moments. The management have no right to treat an audience in this manner, and we only regret that the have no right to treat an audience in this manner, and we only regret that the manifestations of desapprobation were not more decided. The inevitable effect was to make the audience cold and unenthusiastic, and this feeling was increased by the coldness and inefficiency of some of the singers. It was evident that Signor Brignoli's company had been organized for the emergency of this presents eason, and that the season was not appointed for it. The only really good singer in the troupe is Brignoli himself; there is no first-rate soprano or contralto, and no good bass. It he soprano part last night was undertaken by Miss Isabella McCulloch, an estimable young lady who has had excellent training; whose method is good, and who has all the qualities of an artist but a first-rate voice. She has a fair soprano voice, which is very often uneven and rough, and never entirely select the support of the s

she has a fair soprano voice, which is very of-ten uneven and rough, and never entirely-clear, sweet and full. Much of the music last-night was beyond her compass, and while she sang with considerable fervor, with complete sympathy with the subject, and covered her deficiencies with some skill, the effect was not deficiencies with some skill, the effect was not as pleasant as it would have been had a more gifted singer occupied her place. Her execution in the difficult passages—in the tender cavalina in the first act, for instance—was remarkable, and deserved the hearty applause bestowed upon it. She did her best at all times, and if any blame is to be bestowed, the management deserve it, for giving her an arduous task which would tax the powers of singers who are very much more pretentions than task which would tax the powers of singers who are very much more pretentious than Miss McCulloch. Brignoli appeared as "Edgardo," and sang the beautiful music of his part superbly, contriving at times even to infuse some passionate expression into his performance. In the quartette, "Chi mifrena," he was very fine, and he succeeded, for the first time during the evening, in exciting some enthusiasm and winning an encore. In the duett with "Lucia"—the familiar "Verrano a te sull aura"—Brignoli also won honors and hearty applause. Sig Petrelli appeared as "Sir Henry" and gave an extremely clever permance, despite the fact that he is by no means a graceful or effective actor. The minor parts were sustained by persons who do not deserve especial mention. The orchestra, directed by Sig Giorza, was very good indeed, and the chorus was small and tolerable. If there had been a little more promptness, and more enthusiasm on the part of the singers; more enthusiasm on the part of the singers; the performance upon the whole would have been accented as very creditable and would have furnished satisfactory entertainment to the audience. This evening Il Trovatore will be produced with Mad. Gazzaniga as "Azucena." To-morrow atternoon Martha

will be given. Prof. Pearce's Concert. At Musical Fund Hall to-morrow night Prof. James Pearce, organist of St. Mark's Church, will give a concert in which his choir of boys will participate, with the assistance of Mrs. Susan Galton Kelleher, Mr. Wenzel Kopta, and other popular artists. This concert promises to be one of the most charming of the season. The singers are all good, and the music is of a peculiar and unique kind. The programme includes several madrigals and part songs by famous old composers, with a canon by Cherubini, Tartini's, "Devil's Trill" Sonata for violin, an Easter Carol by Prof. Pearce, and a choice variety of miscellaneous music. This entertainment ought to attract an immense audience, not only because it will be of a delightful character, but because Prof. Pearce deserves encouragement in his

chosen for this concert. Miss McCaffrey's Concert. -Miss Caroline McCaffrey will give a concert at Musical Fund Hall to-night. She will be assisted by the following competent artists: Mrs. Kelleher, Miss Helen McCaffrey, Mr. George Simpson, tenor, Mr. J. R. Thomas, basso, and Mr. William Dietrich, pianist. The programme, which we annex, is veryfine, and ought to attract a large audience. Miss McCaffrey's merits are so well known

effort to popularize music of the kind he has

that they do not here:

Duet—Love and War.

Messers. Simpson and Thomas

Song of the Sea Shell.

Miss Caroline McCaffrey.

Cavatina—Ernant involami.

Mr. S. Susan Galton Kelleher.

Son.—It ought not thus to be.

Mr. J. R. Thomas.

Duet—I would that my love

Misses C. and H. McCaffrey.

Arietta—Isolina

Mr. George Simpson.

Quartette, without acompaniment—Come, come,

Dorothy.

Mr. Simpson.

Mr. Simpson.

that they do not need any special commenda

Quartette, without a companiment—Come, come,
I forothy.

Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Kolleher,
Mrs. Kolleher and the Misses McCaffrey.

Romanza—My Soul to God, my Heart to Thee, Clapisson.
Mrs. Kolleher and the Misses McCaffrey.

Romanza—My Soul to God, my Heart to Thee, Clapisson.
Mrs. K. Thomas.

Invocation—Sweet Spirit, hear my Prayer.
Wallace.
Irish Melody—The Minstrel Boy.
Mrs. George Simpson.

Song—The Spanish Muleteer.

Miss Caroline McCaffrey.

Miss Caroline McCaffrey.

Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Kelleher,
Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. Miss McCaffrey,
Mrs. Thomas.

WOMAN'S WRONGS.

Expulsion of English Ladies from Rome. Three English ladies have been expelled from Rome under circumstances which are said to have excited a good deal of indignation against the Papal government. On the 24th ult., the ladies in question received a visit from three gendarmes and a police agent in private clothes, who made a thorough search of their lodgings. Two days afterwards they received erders to quit Rome in twenty-four hours. Mr. Odo Russel and the British Consul, Mr. Severn, exerted themselves in the matter, and Cardinal Antonelli was communicated with. The Pope himself was appealed to, but all in valn. At the expiration of forty-eight hours, a respite of twenty-four hours having been obtained, two of the ladies left Rome and went to Naples. The other has resolved not to leave until actually compelled. A rumor that the ladies had been engaged in distributing unauthorized Italian Bibles is contradicted, and no reason whatever for the expulsion appears to have been given. It is thought that the order proceeded from the Pope himself. Cardinal Antonelli was communicated with.

Instead of Fechter never reading the criticisms upon his acting, no actor was ever more sensitive or greedy to read all that is printed about him.

Mrs. John Wood has become so work down with her double duty as manager and actress in London, that her physicians have compelled her to a temporary retirement.

-A sable doctress of Florida "cure" rheumatism by doses of pine knots, grated and boiled. The mortality has been large since she opened her office.