BUSINESS NOTICES.

Bargains in 18 Karat Gold Watches, Ballpoints, Hand gold Chains, Diamonds, Jewelry sets, diamond rings and pins. 1 ½ BAILEY, 452 Market street.

Geo. Steck & Co.'s Grand, Square and Parlor Pianos. Pianos to rent. Warerooms, No. 923 Chestnut street. fs23

EVENING BULLETIN.

Thursday, March 17, 1870.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Senate Finance Committee has been, for some time past, diligently at work upon the Appropriation bill, endeavoring to reduce it within reasonable bounds. Our telegraphic despatch from Harrisburg, to-day, gives the main results of its labors, in the reduction of half a million of dollars in the general total of the State expenditures. Some of these reductions appear to be rather harsh and unjust, such, for instance, as that upon the increase of judicial salaries, which is certainly demanded by the constantly increased labor imposed upon our judiciary. The reduction of $60,000 in the Soldiers' Orphans Department is an unwise one. Experience has shown the extraordinary closeness and accuracy of Superintendent McFarland's estimates for this Department, and it is almost certain that this reduction will result in a repetition of the old inconvenience of creating a deficit at the end of the year, to be met by another special appropriation. We believe that these soldiers' orphan children now cost the State the very minimum that they ought to cost, humanly speaking, and that the stand taken by the Senate Committee will be sustained by the enlightened faith to their dead fathers.

The cutting off of appropriations to the local charities will appear to many, at first sight, as an unreasonable hardship. But there is this to be said about it: The State, like the individual, must be just before it is generous. The expenditures must be kept within the limit of the revenues, and if, for this year, it is deemed necessary to suspend the annual appropriation to local charities, the good people who manage these most meritorious institutions can easily make additional personal exertions to secure that private aid from our citizens which is never withheld from any really good cause when its necessities are properly presented to them.

The very best thing that the Senate Finance Committee has done, is the striking out of the "amendments" to the Soldiers' Orphans act. We have already pointed out, at some length, the extremely mischievous nature of the "Codile" system which the House, in its hurried way of doing business, introduced into the Appropriation bill. We have showed that it would not only disorganize and destroy the Soldiers' Orphans Department, but would be most dishonorable to Pennsylvania. We were not aware, when discussing this feature of the proposed "amendments" law for the tinkering at our present admirable system had gone. To-day our Harrisburg despatches bring us the substance of the proceedings of the Finance Committee, last night, including an abstract of the lucid and unanswerable arguments of Superintendent McFarland, before the Committee.

We are not surprised to learn that the Finance Committee has determined to preserve our glorious Soldiers' Orphans Department. Pennsylvania has no monument in which she takes such just pride as that which commemorates at once her gratitude and her patriotism, her paternal guardianship of the children of the brave men who died in her behalf. Temporarily, this guardianship imposes a large expenditure upon the State; but it is money well and prudently spent. Almost every year some careless or malicious hand is stretched out to deface or destroy this noble monument; but so long as there is a single girl or boy, bereaved by the war, and needing the fostering care of Pennsylvania, neither careless ignorance nor malicious opposition will prevailing rob her of that pride of maintenance and care to which Pennsylvania has solemnly pledged her faith.

The action of the Finance Committee in rectifying the errors of the Appropriation bill, in respect to the Soldiers' Orphans Department is the more creditable from the fact that several of its members have, heretofore, had no practical acquaintance with the working of the system, but have had the good sense to give full weight to the arguments and representations of able and faithful Superintendent, whose intimate acquaintance with every detail of the system entitles his judgment to the greatest weight. It is so much the fashion, in these days, to reject or underrate the opinion of experts, and to rely chiefly upon the testimony of almost any other than those most intimately identified with the working of any system, that it is gratifying to see such sensible action on the part of the Finance Committee of the Senate.

While the Finance Committee is thus laboring to perfect the Appropriation bill, both branches of the Legislature should be guarding, more vigilantly than ever, against the diversion of the revenues. The Border Raid depletion of the Treasury, last year, in the House, and although we believe that the hearty blows of the press have "scotched" this reptile, it would be pleasant to know that it was actually dead. The Stock Capitalization bill is wandering around, seeking what it may devour, and needs to be narrowly watched and headed off, with its kindred bill, the Reduction of Capital bill.

If the income of the Treasury is rigidly collected, and schemes to defraud it are successfully shaughtered, the Legislature will be able to be wisely liberal in its expenditures, and not compelled, as it now is, to pinch its Appropriation bill down to a starvation point. The Senate Committee is right, in keeping within the revenues. Let the Legislature see to it that these revenues are not drained down to feed the hungry sharks who live by the plunder of the public Treasury.

THE SEWAGE BILL.

The indignant protests which were made by the newspapers against the Sewage bill introduced into the Legislature by Mr. Hong some weeks ago, induced the managers of the scheme to remodel it completely. The House bill, reported favorably by the Senate yesterday, is very much more generous in its provisions than the original bill. The latter gave to the Sewage Company the exclusive right to clean the streets, to collect offal, ashes, &c., and compelled the Board of Health to execute contracts with the company almost upon the company's own terms. This new bill requires that the Board shall make contracts with this company for not less than ten years upon the following terms:

"For the first two years, $16,000 per year less than the present contract price; for the second two years, $26,000 less per year than the present contract price; for the third two years, $36,000 per year less than the present contract price; for the fourth two years, $46,000 per year than the present contract price, and for the fifth and last two years, $56,000 per year less than the present contract price, thereby saving to the city of Philadelphia, by the ten years' contract, the gross sum of $380,000; and the said City Sewage and Utilization Company shall give security in the sum of $50,000 to the said Board of Health or other proper authority for the faithful performance of the contract aforesaid, the amounts as above and herein stipulated to be paid in equal monthly instalments by warrants drawn on the Treasury of the said city of Philadelphia by the authority making the contract or contracts with the Company, in favor of the Treasurer of said Company."

This seems very fair and very liberal, and if the company would do its work well, the arrangement doubtless would be profitable to it, and satisfactory to some of our citizens. But there is decided objection to giving such a monopoly as this into the hands of a single corporation, especially when the character and material of that corporation are wholly unknown. The matter is removed in a great measure from the control of the Board of Health, thus given to an irresponsible company over which nobody has authority, and which may neglect its duty, as other contractors have done, without any fear of their contract cancelled. We have no guarantee that this company will fulfil its promises, and as the bill does not provide any penalty for such non-fulfilment, it is in the highest degree probable that the corporation, having secured these valuable franchises, will quietly neglect its duty, and defy the authorities either to compel it to clean the streets or to employ those who will clean them.

We believe that an honest corporation which would collect and utilize the street dirt, the offal, refuse and ashes of this large city might make enormous profits at the figures mentioned in the bill. But if the contracts, even at these prices, are of such value that the agents of this company spend money and time in Harrisburg pressing the bill through the Legislature with utmost eagerness, other companies will be glad to have them at lower rates. Anyhow, fair, open competition ought to be permitted and the Board of Health should have the right to give the contracts to the company which would do the work best for the smallest sum; and it should have absolute authority to compel the performance of the contract unrestrained by any legislative enactment whatever. If this bill is passed, and the authority of the Board of Health is transferred in part to a huge monopoly, the members of the Board will have themselves to blame for the calamity. It is very certain that they have failed to keep the streets clean, and by their neglect have afforded a pretext for the passage of this bill. They have no right to complain; but the people have; and they protest against the investment of any corporation with franchises which make them helpless to protect themselves from filth and disease, if the corporation chooses to leave its duty undone.

FALSE NEWS.

Neither the *American Press Association* nor the *Associated Press* of New York is to blame for the heartless deception that was practiced upon the community yesterday, by the false news of the safety of the City of Boston. How the story was fabricated and started from Queenstown is not yet sufficiently clear. But it reached London, and was there universally believed, and, as a necessary consequence, the news agents telegraphed the glad tidings to this country. A great thrill of joy passed over the country, and the thought that the missing ship with her freight of precious lives, was safe in port. The news spread like wildfire, only to be followed by the heart-rending intelligence that it was all a miserable fabrication of some heartless wretch. The general impression, yesterday, was that the error was an unintentional one, arising out of the arrival, at night, of the City of Antwerp. But this does not appear to have been the origin of the story. We trust that the reward which has been promptly offered may suffice to unearth the scoundrel who could perpetrate such a piece of wanton cruelty, by which fresh suffering has been added to the hearts already racked with anxiety and despair. The story was started in England or Ireland, and there should be no difficulty in finding its author, unless the telegraph lines, since they have passed into government hands, are improperly managed. A punishment of the severest kind should be inflicted upon the fabricator of the rumor, if he is ever discovered.

The latest phase of the woman question is that presented by Doctor Susan A. Smith, who insists upon being recognized as a regular physician, in all respects but one. She wishes to practice medicine and to be paid for doing so. Likewise she wishes the laws to protect her in making money by her profession. Only she does not wish to pay for it. Not being a voter, she refuses to be a tax-payer. She does not object to physician's fees, but she does object to paying physician's license tax. We are sorry for Doctor Susan, but fear that the inexorable law will not take her view of the case. When the people of Pennsylvania conclude to extend suffrage to women, Doctor Susan A. Smith will be able to vote to her heart's content. Even now she enjoys nearly all the privileges of the male practitioner. She can prescribe what she likes; she can charge what she likes; she can practice as she likes. Only the wisdom of the government requires a little license tax in return for these professional privileges, and while we would not, for the world, deprive any woman of the pleasures of martyrdom, and while Dr. Susan A. Smith, unless she be many another doctor, may have patients who will be all the better for her pre-occupation in the courts, we submit that this medical martyr will probably find it cheaper to pay.

A rumor was started in Harrisburg, yesterday, that Dr. Paul Schoepe had escaped from the Carlisle jail. The story was highly improbable, and was contradicted as soon as inquiries could be addressed to and answered from Carlisle. If Dr. Schoepe wished to make a clandestine escape from prison, it would be almost impossible to do so. But conscious as he is of the utter injustice of his sentence, he is not at all likely to jeopard his legal discharge, or the well-merited interposition of Executive clemency, by any foolish attempt to hasten his escape from confinement by breaking jail.

CLOTHING.

THE GOODS PUT DOWN.
THE GOODS PUT DOWN.
THE GOODS PUT DOWN.
THE GOODS PUT DOWN.
THE GOODS PUT DOWN.

SPECIE AT OAK HALL.
SPECIE AT OAK HALL.
SPECIE AT OAK HALL.
SPECIE AT OAK HALL.

OLD TIME PRICES.
OLD TIME PRICES.
OLD TIME PRICES.
OLD TIME PRICES.

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHES.
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHES.
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHES.
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHES.

CARD.—Last Monday we returned to specie payments, giving out Silver for change, instead of Fractional Currency. We have more Ready-Made Clothing than any House this side of the Atlantic Ocean, and prices same as of Gold was at our prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE,
S. E. corner SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

ROCKHILL & WILSON.

FINE CLOTHING.

Great Fall in Prices.
Great Fall in Prices.

Less than Gold Rates.
Less than Gold Rates.

The balance of our heavy stock will be disposed of at such low prices that the purchasers would find it to their advantage to supply themselves with Fine Clothing for next Fall and Winter.

Spring Overcoats, $5 00
Spring Overcoats, $10 00.
Spring Overcoats, $14 00.
Spring Overcoats, $16 00.

Spring Overcoats from $5 00 to $30 00.
Coachmen's Coats
For Spring and Summer.
Coachmen's Coats
Of all descriptions.

Boys' Clothing.
Boys' Clothing.

New Patterns.
New Patterns.

ROCKHILL & WILSON.

603 and 605 CHESTNUT Street.

CARPETINGS, &c.

NEW CARPETINGS.

WE ARE NOW OPENING A FULL LINE OF
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS
AND
MATTINGS,
OF ALL GRADES,
WHICH WE ARE OFFERING AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES FROM LAST SEASON.
LEEDOM, SHAW & STEWART,
685 MARKET STREET.
fs10 3m rpt

TRIMMINGS AND PATTERNS.

Grand Opening of Spring Fashions
IN IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC GOODS,
Tuesday, March 1st, 1870.
The old established and only reliable Tuer Pattern Dress and Cloak Making Emporium.
Dresses made to fit without a fitting or money back.
MRS. M. A. BINDER'S recent visit to Paris enables her to revive Fashions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods superior to anything in this country. Now in designs, moderate in price.
A perfect system of Dress Cutting taught.
Tuer Patterns, $1 to $5 each.
Fashion Books and Quilting Machine for sale.
Sets of Patterns for Merchants and Dress Makers now ready at
MRS. M. A. BINDER'S,
1101, N. W. cor. Eleventh and Chestnut Sts.
Carefully note the name and number to avoid false directions. mwf3 1rp

FINANCIAL

COLEBROOKDALE RAILROAD
First Mortgage Bonds,
Due 1898.
Principal and Interest Guaranteed by
Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co.
Six Per Cent., free from all tax.
We are authorized to offer at fifty, and interest accrued from December 1, the balance of about $300,000 of the bonds, *secured by a First Mortgage upon all the property of the Colebrookdale Railroad Company, and guaranteed absolutely, both as to principal and interest, by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company.*
C. & H. BORIE,
No. 3 Merchants' Exchange.
W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & ALBERTSON,
S. E. cor. Dock and Walnut Sts.
mh7-1t5

A FIRST CLASS SECURITY.
WE OFFER FOR SALE
$1,000,000
LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE
RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE SEVENS at 87 1-2
And Accrued Interest from Oct. 1.
Length of Road 890 Miles.
THE ROAD IS COMPLETED AND FULLY EQUIPPED AT AN ACTUAL COST OF OVER
$16,000,000,
AND HAS PAID FROM 7 TO 8 PER CENT. DIVIDENDS ON ITS STOCK FOR MANY YEARS.
The Bonds are Coupons of $1,000 each, with right of Registration.
$1,200,000 of the Bonds have been sold already (one party taking $500,000 as a permanent investment), and we have but $1,000,000 on hand, which we offer to investors as a first-class security.
DREXEL & CO.
No. 34 South Third Street.
fs4 6trp

SOFA BED.

WM. FARSON'S
IMPROVED PATENT SOFA BED
makes a handsome Sofa and comfortable Bed, with no extra room required. Gentlemen wishing to combine home comfort and elegance, should call and examine the extensive first-class Furniture Warerooms of
Farson & Son, No. 228 S. Second Street.
Also, the celebrated PATENT EXTENSION TABLE FASTENING. Every table should have this on it. Screws for leaves, firmly together with no jolting about the room. mh8 1mp

DRY GOODS.

JOHN BURNS,
House Furnishing Dry Goods and Importer of Hosiery.
Nos. 245 and 247 S. Eleventh Street,
ABOVE SPRUCE.
LINENS AT CHEAP ANNUALS.
Heavy Linen Sheeting, 10 yards wide, 75c.
Extra Heavy Linen Sheetings, 2½ yards wide, $1.
Linen Sheetings, 2½ to 3 yards wide, 90c. to $1 25.
One case 4-4 Pillow Linen, fine, 65c., worth 80c.
Bleaching Linens, all widths, cheap.
Best Barnsley Damask Table Linens, $1 25.
Genuine Barnsley Table Damask, $1 50 to $1 87.
Damask Napkins to match, $2 to $3 25 per dozen.
Fine Irish and Barnsley linen Damask Towels.
WHITE GOODS, 25, 31, 37, 44, 50, 56 to 100c.
The Celebrated Loufon Cord Piques, 25c.
Double width Pantaloon Materials, 50c., 65c. up.
Large Plaid Nainsook for evening dresses.
Tucked Nainsook for skirts and children's dresses.
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings to match.
HANDKERCHIEFS.
One case Ladies' Hemstitched all linen Hdkfs., 12½, 15 18, 20, 22, 25, a real bargain.
SPECIAL HOSIERY.
Just arrived per steamer "Cuba."
Ladies' Gauze Merino Hose, 50c. to 36 inches.
Children's Gauze Merino Hose, all sizes, 25c. upwards.
Children's Fine English ½, ¾, and extra long Hose.
Gents' and Ladies' Balbriggan Hose.
Gents' best English ½ Hose, regular made.
Extra fashioned Hose, 25c. pair, 6 pr. for.
Ladies' full regular made Hose, 25, 37, 50c.
mh12 4th rpt

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

INTERESTING TO LADIES!
PERFECT FITTING DRESSES,
MODERATE PRICES.
The undersigned has returned from New York with the fashions for the Spring of 1870.
WALKING SUITS, RECEPTION and EVENING DRESSES, WEDDING OUTFITS and TRAVELING DRESSES made, if necessary, in 24 hours.
MADAME DE SOUCHE,
No. 1003 Walnut Street.
mh15 to th s20trp

THE FINE ARTS.

"THE NINE MUSES".
HAVE BEEN RETAINED
ON EXHIBITION
AT
EARLES GALLERIES,
816 CHESTNUT STREET,
FOR A FEW DAYS LONGER.
mh10 3trp

ART SALE.
Gallery of Art, 845 Broadway, opposite Wallack's.
Grand Exhibition of Magnificent Works of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c.

The Celebrated
COMPAGNIE COLONIALE
CHOCOLATE.
Our Second Importation of this great
HYGIENIC CHOCOLATE
Has just arrived.
MITCHELL & FLETCHER,
No. 1204 CHESTNUT STREET.
ap2 1trp

CHAMPAGNE.
ERNEST IRROY
& CO.'S
Carte Blanche and Special
FRUITY AND GENEROUS WINES,
Fully equal to the best on sil the list of Champagnes,
FOR SALE AT THE AGENTS' PRICES BY
E. BRADFORD CLARKE,
S. W. cor. Broad and Walnut.
th s4t tuptoinc

LITIZ
CURRANT WINE.
ALBERT C. ROBERTS,
Dealer in every description of Fine Groceries,
Corner Eleventh and Vine Streets.

DAVIS & RICHARDS,
ARCH AND TENTH STREETS.
jy22 rptf
I. LANDSBERGER & CO.'
CALIFORNIA WINES,
Champagne, Reisling, Zanfadel, White, Red, Angelica, Port and Wine Bitters.
FOR SALE BY THE PRINCIPAL GROCERS AND LIQUOR DEALERS.
mh15 th s 2m
REDUCED! REDUCED!
GENUINE
OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE
(ROASTED)
40 CENTS.
A. J. DE CAMP,
107 SOUTH SECOND STREET.
mh11 3trp

FURNITURE, &c.

Bedding and Cottage Furniture
WAREHOUSE.
Best Quality Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Feather and Down Spring Mattresses.
Husk do. and Husk Mattresses with Hair, or Cotton Tops, Blankets and Comfortable, a handsome assortment of Suits of Chamber Furniture, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Washstands, Tables, Rocking Chairs.
Home of Comfort, and a variety of Springs for Invalids.
The above will be found at wholesale goods.
CHAS. E. CLARKE,
No. 11 North Eleventh Street.
mh17 s 1m rp 20

PRINTING.

The Pocket-Book Calendar and Directory for 1870, in a neat style of
PRINTING
is now ready and may be had
FOR
NOTHING,
which is as near as possible the rates at which work generally is done
BY
A. O. BRYSON & CO.,
Steam-power Printers,
No. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.
(Bulletin Building.)

THIRD EDITION.
2:15 O'Clock.
BY TELEGRAPH.
WASHINGTON.
LAWLESSNESS OF THE INCREASE IN TENNESSEE.
THE FUNDING BILL
Secretary Boutwell Before the Ways and Means Committee.
FROM WASHINGTON.
[Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]
Outrages on State of Affairs in Tennessee.
WASHINGTON, March 17.—Affairs seem to grow worse in Tennessee. A letter from an merchant officer in Nashville to Congressman Pickens says: "It is publicly threatened that if an attempt is made to reconvene the State the Union men will be killed, right and left." Governor Brownlow says: "The worst, by far, is the civil district in this county to every Union soldier and notified them that they must leave the State or they took one and hung him, and he was not found for several days, when he was discovered hanging to a tree on an island in Stone river."

Mr. Frank Hiborger, Governor Senter's private Secretary, arrived here this morning with the news of the capture of Jackson by rebel troops. He is awaiting further instructions from Nashville, and will probably present the papers to the President to-morrow. The Speakers of the two Houses of the Tennessee Legislature will be heard before the Reconstruction Committee to-morrow, in opposition to any interference with the Democratic rule in their State.

The Funding Bill—Secretary Boutwell Before the Ways and Means Committee.

Secretary Boutwell was before the Ways and Means Committee, for two hours, this forenoon, urging the funding bill now officially offered in the Senate, and particularly opposing the Hamilton clause which strikes at foreign agencies for paying interest. He was accompanied in conference with Gen. Garfield on the floor of the House.

FROM HARRISBURG.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

[Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

HARRISBURG, March 17.

SENATE.—Among the bills introduced were one by Messrs. Nagle, Wright and Connell, against the bill compelling City Passenger Railway Companies to Grade Their Lines, and a bill by Mr. Stokes, of the House, and has passed that body.

The following bills were reported:

The Senate bill incorporating the Security Storage Company; also the Senate supplement to the Philadelphia Fountain Society.

The Senate bill requiring all children in the First School District to attend school. This is the Board of Control bill.

Mr. Henszey, from the Philadelphia Senators, reported the Paving bill, introduced yesterday, and an authorizing the City Commissioner of City Property to clean market houses.

Mr. Nagle said that the Philadelphia Senators had agreed to report favorably on the second, a third on the paving, and the bills referred back, which was agreed to.

The following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Lowry, a joint resolution protesting against the passage by Congress of the Sherman Funding bill; and in favor of the general Government furnishing and redeeming in the same currency of the country, all who want and will pay for it, in the bonds of the Government, or in coin.

One by Mr. Rutan, exempting persons who either enlist or are drafted from commutation, in case they appear to testify to the fact.

One by Mr. Watt, that owners, masters or consignees of vessels arriving from foreign parts unlading at any port, shall report to the Board of Port Wardens, to the Harbor Master, or the Health Officer, if the vessel be for twenty-four hours, should be subject to a penalty of five dollars.

One by Mr. Connell, declaring that the south line of Delaware county, between Delaware and Schuylkill, shall be 639 feet southward of the south line of the present county, incorporating the Wissahickon and Chestnut Hill Railway Company, also one combining the by-laws of the Coal Exchange.

The House bill to incorporate the Ivy Mills was reported by Mr. Billingfelt, but was recommitted in order to be printed.

The Police bill came up on its third reading.

Mr. Nagle moved to postpone its consideration for the present. The vote was 45 ayes to 45 nays, the Speaker voting in the affirmative, however, Mr. Nagle (Dem.) called attention to the fact that the Speaker has a right to do, although he had been paired off with a Democratic member, for the session.

Mr. Kerr acknowledged his inadvertence, and withdrew his vote. The bill was then postponed, and made the special order for to-morrow.

HOUSE.—Mr. Josephs made a personal explanation relative to the passage of the funding bill. He had not been opposed to any funding system, but was opposed to any of those for blackmailing purposes. The press had misconstrued his action.

The funding bill prohibiting corporations or contractors from keeping or being interested in the keeping of money, bills of exchange, due bills or other evidence of debt, in the payment of which the public shall be made liable for such corporations, came up as the special order of the day. The bill was postponed at length, but postponed.

Mr. Cronmiller moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill extending the boundary lines of Saint Clair township, Schuylkill county, was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Brown, of Mr. Elliott, who had secured the indefinite postponement of the bill, stated that the reason for his action, and moved to postpone the motion for the present, which was agreed to.

DOMESTIC LIFE IN JAPAN.

Interesting Statements.

M. Humbert, the Swiss Minister at Jeddo, has just published some amusing details of the domestic life of the Japanese. In Japan marriage is the end of all ambition. There are but few exceptions are to be found in the case of certain monastic orders and women who decline to attendance upon the Empress. Men marry at about twenty and women at fifteen years of age, but except in the Buddhist sects the act is marriage in name only, and nominally. Among the presents displayed is always to be seen a wooden pillow. This is used at a moment one of the bridesmaids advances, fills it with soft cotton, and presents it to the bridegroom and bride until the gobbet is emptied. Under this symbol the idea is conveyed, that the husband and wife will meet most drink the cup of conjugal life to the dregs—whether it be filled with ambrosia or with gall. Japanese mothers have greater authority over their children than fathers, and all the rights of women are so far recognized in the country, that women can succeed the empire of the Mikados. But to return to the home life. The law of the Japanese provides that child shall be daily exposed to the air without clothes and with its head covered with a spike of both rain and sun. During infancy the child's authority is absolute, and it is treated legged clog, and fatter tillless cat. Instruction is never forced upon either parents or children; it is supposed to recommend itself the child, by its own intrinsic merits; and every man and woman throughout the empire is able to read, write and cipher. The thirteenth day after birth every citizen receives his first name; on attaining his majority he takes a second, a third on his marriage, a fourth on being invested with any public function, which he retains upon attaining old age, fifth grade, and so on to the name given to him after his death. This last is engraved on his tomb, and he is by it known to all succeeding generations.

AN OCEAN RACE

Six Ships to Make a Long Ocean Race (From the Liverpool Mercury, March 8.)

There is considerable excitement among shipping interests, and also among the referees, the relative sailing qualities of six British iron vessels, which will have left port during the coming week for Cork and Liverpool. It is uniform, but so many vessels of the same class have left so nearly at the same time, and there is considerable betting on the result. Following are the names of the vessels to sail, and the records of their last trips: Ship Yosemite, arrived Jan. 24 (eighty days from Sydney, 115 days from Newcastle); ship Hastings, arrived Jan. 24, ninety-five days from Sydney; ship Silver Mount, arrived Jan. 25, from Glasgow, 159 days via Lamloch 101 days; bark Kenilworth, arrived Jan. 25, 100 days from Liverpool; bark Cernstes, arrived Feb. 4, 114 days from Glasgow via Greenock; ship Helicon Galatea, arrived Feb. 15, from Glasgow 106 days. There have been several heavy bets made in regard to the Cernstes and Yosemite, the latter allowing the former one and one-half days' time for the difference between Cork and Liverpool. Her three days of grain-laden vessels has ever left this port, and the favor of their arrival will be backed to the interest. On such occasions there is considerable "betting" on the vessels, and it will be a matter of congratulation should such arrive in port without having lost a spar.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.

FIRST BOARD.

$600 City 6s new	102	100 sh O C & A RR W	47¼
$1000 do do	102	100 sh Leh V RR bds	56
$15 sh Leh Nav	33¾	100 sh do bds	56
200 Lehigh Zinc	9¾	100 sh Leh Nav	33¾
$16 Penna 5s	69	100 sh do	33¾
100 Cam & Amb stp	83½	100 sh do bds	56½
100 sh do	83½	100 sh do	33¾
100 sh do	83½	100 sh do bds	56½
10 sh Mech Bk	130	100 sh do	33¾
20 sh Penna R	54¾	100 sh do bds	56½
17 sh Cam & Amb	83¼	100 sh do	33¾
	83½	100 sh do bds	56½
	83½	100 sh Cam & Amb	83½
100 sh do	83½	100 sh do	83½
100 sh do	83½	100 sh do	83½
100 sh do	83½	100 sh do	83½
100 sh do	83½	100 sh do	83½

AFTER BOARD.

$600 City 6s new	102	$2000 do	102½
$1000 do do	102	100 sh Leh Nav	33¾
$2000 do do	102	100 sh do	33¾
300		100 sh do	41¼

Philadelphia Money Market.

THURSDAY, March 17.—There is nothing doing in gold to-day, and the market is very dull.

There is a fair demand for Clearwood and further sales of Lehigh Navigation at 33¾, a slight advance.

There is very little movement in Flour, the inquiry being for low grades, for which there is a fair demand. Prices are nominally unchanged. Sales of 300 barrels Western extra family at $6 25; 100 barrels Pennsylvania family at $6 50, and 100 barrels Ohio family at $7 75 per barrel net. Rye Flour is dull at $5 25 per barrel. Corn Meal is quiet at $3 75 for Pennsylvania and Western and $3 62½ for Ohio, cash.

Grain is dull. There is a good demand for Wheat, but no change of importance in the prices. Sales of 2,000 bushels Pennsylvania and Western Red at $1 23@1 25, and some Amber at $1 30. Rye is dull at $1 15. Corn is fair demand, and the receipts very moderate. Sales of 2,000 bushels Western Yellow at 97c, and 1,000 bushels Pennsylvania at 95c. Oats are in demand, and the receipts are moderate. Sales of 1,000 bushels of Pennsylvania sold at 52 cents, and 1,000 bushels Western at 53 cents.

Whisky is very quiet. Sales of wood bound barrels at 94c, and iron bound at 95c.

Markets by Telegraph.

[By the American Press Association.]

New York Stock Market.—Stocks were dull and heavy at the opening, and continued so for the hour. Gold was steady, and fell from 112½ to 112 at the close. The market was dull and heavy. Sales of about 12,000 bales. We quote as follows:

Flour, &c.—The market for Western and State Flour is 10@15c. better for common grades, while other grades are unchanged. The sales are 7,000 barrels, at $5 60@5 75 for superfine; $5 80@6 for extra; $6 10@6 40 for extra Genesee; $6 45@6 75 for family; $6 75@7 for Minnesota extra; $6 50@7 for the low grades of Western Extra; $7@7 50 for Ohio extra family; $7 50@8 for Ohio and Indiana; $8@8 50 for Ohio and Indiana, and $8 25@9 25 for Shipping Ohio. Round Hoop, $8 30@8 50 for Ohio, and $8 50@9 for Indiana. Rye Flour is dull at $5 25@5 50. Corn Meal is dull and heavy. Sales of 500 barrels Brandywine at $3 75@3 87½ for Pennsylvania and Western, and $3 62½ for Ohio, cash.

Grain.—Wheat is 1@2c. better, with a very dull and heavy market. Sales of 30,000 bushels. The market is quiet and unchanged. Wheat is dull and heavy. Sales of 30,000 bushels. The market is quiet and unchanged. Corn is 1@2c. better, and more active. Sales of 60,000 bushels, at 90c. for Western Mixed, 92c. for Western Yellow, and 95c. for Western Mixed, delivered in April, and 97c. for Western Yellow, delivered in May. Oats are 1@2c. better, and more active. Sales of 60,000 bushels, at 52c. for Western and State, 53c. for Western Mixed, and 54@55c. for Western and State, delivered in April, and 55@56c. for Western and State, delivered in May.

Provisions.—Pork is 25c. higher. Sales of 200 barrels at $25 for Prime, $25 25@25 50 for Prime Mess, and $26@26 50 for Mess. Beef is quiet and unchanged. Lard is 1@2c. better, and more active. Sales of 500 tierces at 16@16½c. for prime Western, and 16½c. for prime City. Butter is better for Ohio, and more active. Sales of 300 tubs Ohio at 22@25c., and 1,000 tubs Western Reserve at 26@28c. Cheese is better, and more active. Sales of 300 boxes Ohio at 14@14½c.

Whisky is very quiet. Sales of wood bound barrels at 94c, and iron bound at 95c.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

TUESDAY, March 17.—There is nothing doing in Cattle, and the market is very dull.

There is a fair demand for Cows, and further sales of 100 head at $40@50 per head, as to quality.

There is very little movement in Sheep, the inquiry being for lots to fill up the pens, and prices are nominally unchanged. Sales of 800 head Western at 6@7c. per pound, gross, and 7@8c. per pound, net, as to quality, and 8@9c. per pound, net, for Pennsylvania. Prices of Lambs are nominal.

Hogs are in good demand, and prices are firmer. Sales of 1,500 head Western at $11 25@11 50, and some Pennsylvania at $11 50@11 75 per pound, net, as to quality.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

TUESDAY, March 17.—There is nothing doing in Cotton, and the market is very dull.

There is a fair demand for Cloverseed and further sales of 300 bushels at $7 25, a slight advance.

There is very little movement in Flour, the inquiry being for low grades, for which there is a fair demand. Prices are nominally unchanged. Sales of 300 barrels Western extra family at $6 50; 100 barrels Pennsylvania family at $6 50, and 100 barrels Ohio family at $7 75 per barrel net. Rye Flour is dull at $5 25 per barrel. Corn Meal is quiet at $3 75 for Pennsylvania and Western and $3 62½ for Ohio, cash.

Grain is dull. There is a good demand for Wheat, but no change of importance in the prices. Sales of 2,000 bushels Pennsylvania and Western Red at $1 23@1 25, and some Amber at $1 30. Rye is dull at $1 15. Corn is fair demand, and the receipts very moderate. Sales of 2,000 bushels Western Yellow at 97c, and 1,000 bushels Pennsylvania at 95c. Oats are in demand, and the receipts are moderate. Sales of 1,000 bushels of Pennsylvania sold at 52 cents, and 1,000 bushels Western at 53 cents.

Whisky is very quiet. Sales of wood bound barrels at 94c, and iron bound at 95c.

Markets by Telegraph.

[By the American Press Association.]

New York Cotton Market.—The cotton market opened very dull and heavy, and closed very dull and heavy. Sales of about 12,000 bales. We quote as follows:

Uplands, 32c.; New Orleans, 32c. Mobile, 32c.

Flour, &c.—The market for Western and State Flour is 10@15c. better for common grades, while other grades are unchanged. The sales are 7,000 barrels, at $5 60@5 75 for superfine; $5 80@6 for extra; $6 10@6 40 for extra Genesee; $6 45@6 75 for family; $6 75@7 for Minnesota extra; $6 50@7 for the low grades of Western Extra; $7@7 50 for Ohio extra family; $7 50@8 for Ohio and Indiana; $8@8 50 for Ohio and Indiana, and $8 25@9 25 for Shipping Ohio. Round Hoop, $8 30@8 50 for Ohio, and $8 50@9 for Indiana. Rye Flour is dull at $5 25@5 50. Corn Meal is dull and heavy. Sales of 500 barrels Brandywine at $3 75@3 87½ for Pennsylvania and Western, and $3 62½ for Ohio, cash.

Grain.—Wheat is 1@2c. better, with a very dull and heavy market. Sales of 30,000 bushels. The market is quiet and unchanged. Wheat is dull and heavy. Sales of 30,000 bushels. The market is quiet and unchanged. Corn is 1@2c. better, and more active. Sales of 60,000 bushels, at 90c. for Western Mixed, 92c. for Western Yellow, and 95c. for Western Mixed, delivered in April, and 97c. for Western Yellow, delivered in May. Oats are 1@2c. better, and more active. Sales of 60,000 bushels, at 52c. for Western and State, 53c. for Western Mixed, and 54@55c. for Western and State, delivered in April, and 55@56c. for Western and State, delivered in May.

Provisions.—Pork is 25c. higher. Sales of 200 barrels at $25 for Prime, $25 25@25 50 for Prime Mess, and $26@26 50 for Mess. Beef is quiet and unchanged. Lard is 1@2c. better, and more active. Sales of 500 tierces at 16@16½c. for prime Western, and 16½c. for prime City. Butter is better for Ohio, and more active. Sales of 300 tubs Ohio at 22@25c., and 1,000 tubs Western Reserve at 26@28c. Cheese is better, and more active. Sales of 300 boxes Ohio at 14@14½c.

Whisky is very quiet. Sales of wood bound barrels at 94c, and iron bound at 95c.

Markets by Telegraph.

[By the American Press Association.]

Liverpool Market.—Cotton is dull and heavy, and prices are in favor of the buyer. The sales of the week are 50,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for export and 3,000 bales for speculation. The stock is 1,000,000 bales, including 300,000 bales American. We quote the following prices:

Middling Orleans, 16½d.; Middling Uplands, 16½d.

Breadstuffs.—Wheat, 10s. 6d.@11s. 6d. Flour, 25s. 6d.@26s. 6d. Corn, 35s. 6d.@36s. 6d. Oats, 6s. 6d.@7s. 6d. Barley, 6s. 6d.@7s. 6d. Peas, 39s. 6d.@40s. 6d. Pork, 80s. 6d.@82s. 6d. Lard, 64s. 6d.@65s. 6d. Bacon, 57s. 6d.@58s. 6d. Tallow, 41s. 6d.@42s. 6d. Cheese, 60s. 6d.@62s. 6d. Rosin, 7s. 6d.@8s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine, 36s. 6d.@37s. 6d. Petroleum, refined, 1s. 6d.@1s. 7d. Petroleum, spirits, 1s. 2d.@1s. 3d. Petroleum, crude, 1s. 2d.@1s. 3d. Tallow, 41s. 6d.@42s. 6d. Linseed Oil, 40s. 6d.@41s. 6d. Sperm Oil, £92@£94. Whale Oil,