Baily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON Publisher.

VOLUME XXIII.—NO. 271.

ARTH CLOSET COMPANY'S COM MODES and apparatus for fixed closets, at A. H., FRANCISCUS & CO. 4. 513 Market st. decitu thands

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENBREA Stationer and Engraver. 1032 Chestnut

Street.

MARRIED. BOWEN-MATLACK.—On Tuesday evening, Feb. 22d, by the Rev. H. S. Hoffman. Pastor of the Second Moravian Church. Charles C. Bowen and Clara L., daughter of the fate Thos. Matlack, all of this city.

HARHSON-WALN.—On Wednesday, February 23d, at St. Peter's Church, by Rev. Henry J. Morton, D. D., Obarles Custis Harrison to Ellen Nixon Waln, daughter of Edward Waln.

SHIBN-MCINTYRE.—On the 22d instant, by Rev. Henry C. McCook, Mr. Edwin W. Shiun to Miss Mattle McIntyre, all of this city.

DIED. WIZK.—In Pittsfield, Illinois, on the 234 inst., Riza-beth Wize, relict of the late John Wize.

Due notice will be given of the funeral, to take place in this city PER.—On the 224 instant, Sophia H., wife of the Prank Woolpper, and daughter of the late G. Adam G. Frank Woelpper, and usugan.
Hight.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband. No. 221 North Eighth street, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o clock. Interment at Laurel Hill.

STEEL SERGE POPLINS FOR SUITS. PERLECT FOR ITAS FOR SUITS.

PERLECTE POPLINS.

MODE WOOL POPLINS.

FPRING SHADES POPLINS.

ROLL AND FOLD POPLINS.

EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch streets.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fine Heavy Overcoate. suitable for this weather.

Fine Heavy Overcoate suitable for this

JOHN WANAMAKER'S, \$18 and \$20 Chestnut Street.

Clothing

Clothing of all kinds siways on hand

OFFICE OF HONEY BROOK COAL COMPANY,

209 WALNUT STREET. PHILADELPHIA, February 23, 1870.

At the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of this Com pany, held to day, JNO. B. MCCREARY. . 3333 BEWIS AUDENRIED, SEE . 3 3

A. B. BONNELL: JE, and JNO. B. HEYL were re-elected Directors; and the Directors at their

JNO. B. McCREARY, President; LEWIS AUDENBIED, Vice President; JNO. B. HEYL, Treasurer, and S. McHENRY, Secretary.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THE STAB COURSE OF LECTURES.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, PEBRUARY 24. Subject—Our National Folly—The Civil Service.
PROF. HENRY MORTON. ON MONDAY EVENING, February 28.

ON MONDAY EVENING, February 28.
Subject—Solar Eclipses.
BAYARD TAYLOR, March'3.
Subject—Reform and Art.
JOHN G. SANE, March 21.
Subject—French Folks at Home.
Prof. ROBERT E. ROGERS, March 24.
Subject—Chemical Forces in Nature and the Arts.
ANNA E. DICK INSON, April 7.
Subject—Down Breaks.
For Admission to each Lecture, 50 cents. Reserved
Seats, 75 cents.

Seats, 75 cents.

Tickets to any of the Lectures for sale at Gould's Pisno Booms, 923 Cheshnut street. from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Doors open at 7. Lecture at 8 o'clock.

GOOD HOPE BUILDING ASSO-at the northwest corner of Tenth and Bpring Garden streets, for subscriptions. First payment March 10. r information inquire of N. GREGORY, President, No. 47 North Broad wM. S. WASHBURN, Treasurer, No. 715 Market atreet.
D. L. LKEDS, Secretary, No. 518 Walnut street.
DIRECTORS;
Julien Shoemsker and S. Macmeny. 144 North Fifth

Amos Westcott, 710 Filbert street

Amos Westcott, 710 Filbert street

James Benedict, 607 Chestnutstreet.

B. T. Clay, 2015 Ridge avenue.

F. M. Marter, N. W. cor. Fifth and Market streets.

Amos Hilborn, 44 North Teath street.

Joseph W. Lippincott, 413 Walnut street. [fe17-thitrp]

Rufus Sargent, M. D. 1650 North Seventeenth street. OFFICE PENAGAL
ROAD COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, Fobruary 16, 1870.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
Alection for Directors will be held o OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAIL

The annual election for Directors will be held on MONDAY, the 7th day of March, 1670, at the Office of the Company, No. 238 South Third street. The polls will be open from 100 clock A. M. until 6 o'clock P. M. No share or shares transferred within sixty days preceding the election will entitle the holder or holders thereof to JOSEPH LESLEY. EYE AND EAR DEPARTMENT.

The Philadelphia Dispensary have opened an "Eye and Ear Department" at No. 315 South Seventh street (between Spruce and Pine), where diseases of the Eye and Ear are treated daily at 12 o'clock.

Dr. GEORGE STRAWSRIDGE,
Dr. JOHN F. WEIGHTMAN.
WM. F. GRIFFITH, President.
Fel9-6trp THOMAS WISTAR, M. D., See y. THE PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

An adjourned meeting of citizens opposed to placing the Public Buildings on Independence Square, and in favor of the sile being designated by a vote of the people, will be held at the Tiall, N. W. cor. Market and Merrick Streets, on FRIDAY EVENING, 23th inst, at 7% o'clock, A. R. PAUL, President, STEPHEN B. POULTERER, Secry. 624, 2trp§ STERREOPTICON EXHIBITION,
At COMMISSIONERS HALL, Thirty-seventh
and Market streets, West Philadelphia, FRIDAY
EVENING, February 25th in aid of ST. ANDREW'S
CHURCH. The Vlows will include some of the most
beautiful Scenery in Europe; also, the Yo Scuite Valley and Big Trees. Exhibition will be given by Mr. W.
M. McAllister.
Tickate may be hed at the deep.

Fickets may be had at the door. J. MCCARAHER, THE CIGARIST, The Carlot and Locust, has just received from the Key West Factories a full line of those celebrated Key West Cigars, equal, if not superior to the genuine Havana Cigars. Smokers would do well to call and examine these goo s, as they are very cheap and very fine. Also, a full line of all the choice brands of Havana Cigars, at the lowest possible prices. LADIES' AND PASTORS' CHRIS-TIAN UNION, at. CONCEBT HALL, FRIDAY EVENING, February 25th, at 8 o'clock. THE PIL-GRIM, with all its grand paintings and transforma-tion secence, will be exhibited for the benefit of this worthy society.

OF FICE OF THE UNITED FIRE-STREET.

The annual election for President and Directors will be held at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY March 2d, 1870, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 c'clock F. M. WM. H. FAGEN.

TS 1109 GIRARD STREET. 1109 TURKIEH BUSSIAN AND PERFUMED BATHS,

Baths open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518

Page 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department.

Medical treatment and medicinefarulahed gratuitously

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1870.

WEST SPRUCE STREET CHURCH BY TELEGRAPH.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

GRAND MASS MEETING OF Beptists will be held in the Fifth Baptist Church, Eighteenth and Spring Garden etreets, this Wednesday Evening, at 7% octock. An election for officers will be held, and several addresses on Church Extension made.

CHESTNUT HILL M. E. CHURCH.

The "PILGRIM" will be exhibited for the benefit of the Chestnut Hill M. E. Church at CONCERT HALL, THURSDAY EVENING, February 24th, at 8 o'clock.

AMUSEMENTS.

See Sixth page for additional Notices.

A CUBIOUS DISCOVERY.

Monbitish Antiquities Found.

and contemporary with the prophet Elisha, with Jehosaphat, King of Judah, and Ahab,

upon the stone also refers to the struggle of blesa against the King of Israel, and enumer-ates the towns built and the temples erected by Mesa, and dedicated by him to the national deity of the Moabites—Chamos.

by the agreement of its statement with Jewish

distory. It dates nine centuries before the

at the rate of five per cent. per annum, and to be secured by a bond signed by two respon-

sible citizens as securities.

Dr. Franklin calculated that at the end of

one hundred years the one thousand pounds thus lent at five per cent. compound interest would reach the sum of one hundred and

thirty-one thousand pounds sterling, and therefore directed the city of Philadelphia to

expend one hundred thousand pounds sterling in bringing the water of Wissahickon creek

by pipes into the town, and ordered the re

maining thirty-one thousand pounds sterling to be let out at compound interest for another

hundred years. At the end of the second hundred years he calculated the fund would

amount to four million and sixty-one thousand pounds sterling, and this sum he directed to be divided between the city of Philadelphia

be divided between the city of Philadelphia and the State of Pennsylvania, one million sixty-one thousand pounds to the city and three million pounds to the State.

On the supposition that the original thousand pounds sterling had been augmenting at five per cent, per annum, the fund now should reach the sum of £49,560 sterling, or \$247,800, whereas the investment on December 31st, 1860, was only \$40,167. The reasons of this great falling-off are not difficult to ascertain. The abatement of one per cent, interest was not a sufficient inducement, and the conditions required of the borrower were too onerous:

required of the borrower were too onerous; hence very few "married artificers" availed

themselves of the Franklin Fund, and the in-

PENNSYLVANIA DUTCH.

A Sensible Protest Against It.

A correspondent of the Allentown News handles in the following manner the vernacular of a large pertion of the citizens of the State, his remarks having especial reference to his own county.

The people of Lehigh and adjoining counties need to be told some homely truths for their own good. They have kept themselves isolated from the rest of the world until they have been left far behind in the mighty strides

have been left far benind in the mighty strides the world has been taking toward a better in-telligence and a higher life. They will live to acknowledge the truth of this.

Talking an unwritten language always con-

duces to ignorance and supersition, unless truth is insult. "Itinerant lecturers" do not insult the people of Lehigh county when they

tell them that a very large portion of them be-lieve most firmly in signs, charms, fortune-telling, clairvoyants, ghosts, hobgoblins, in doctors that cure by the laying-on of hands,

doctors that cure by the laying-on or names, and a score of other superstitions and forms of humbuggery. Well-informed people know this to be an indisputable fact. Acknowledge it and we shall the sooner outgrow it. So

this to be an indisputable fact. Acknowledge it and we shall the sooner outgrow it. So with the "Dutch." Settle it in our minds as a fact that this gibberish is a curse—a hindrance to our intercourse with the outside world, and a bar against many who would come and settle with us and help us to give Allentown the high position that awaits it in the future, and it will soon disappear.

-The local editor of the Paris Reform addresses the following impertment question to the Emperor Napoleon the Third: "Bona-parte, your motto at the present time, as you

say yourself, is 'Je regarde,' (I am looking ou.)
If you are 'looking on,' why the devil do you always keep your eres two-thirds shut?"

-Baron Haussmann, the great ox (Edilo of

Paris, emphatically denies that he has made money during his administration of the Scina Department. He asserts that he is now worth

less money than he was when he was first called to Paris to take charge of the office in

which he became so famous. The Paris Re-vell, which publishes this denial, briefly adds

to it "a lie!

to his own county:

come was invested in worthless securities.

The age of this monument is determined

STATE CAPITAL.

The Diamond-Watt Contested Seat

Some Important Documentary Evidence

A Fourth Ward Ballot Box Opened

Vote for Senator Found Transposed MR. WATT GAINS 177 VOTES

See Sixth pase for additional Notices.

CONCERT HALL—THE PILIGRIM!!

SECOND WEEK! GREAT SUCCESS!

EVERY EVENING. GREAT SUCCESS!

Crowded houses and enthusiastic audiences greet it. The press praise and indorse it. Indorsed by the Clergy, from the pulpit, as the grandest most sublime and soul-enchanting collection of beautiful and Costly Paintings ever exhibited in this country.

The Music and Descriptive Lecture and the Grand Transformation Scene is the masterplece of the day. Matiness on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons, at 2.30: Evenings at 8 o'clock.

SEE THE PILIGRIM!

Admission, 50 cents. Reserved Seats, 75 cts. Children 25 cents. Defeat of the Petrolia County Bill

A Heavy Majority Against the Measure

Excitement Over the Result The State Treasury Investigation

Monbitish Antiquities Found.

A letter from Jerusalem; published in the French Journal Official, gives the following account of a remarkable archæological discovery made by M. Clermont Ganneau, dragoman to the Consulate of France in that city. The object is "a great block of basalt found to the eastward of the Dead Sea, in the territory of the ancient Moabites. Upon this block is engraved an inscription some thirty lines in length, in Phænician characters, commencing with these words, 'I. Mesa, Son of Chamos.' Mesa was a Moabitish King, who is mentioned in the Bible, and contemporary with the prophet Elisha, MR. MACKEY AGAIN ON THE STAND

FROM HARRISBURG.

[Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Builetin.] The Diamond-Watt Contested Seat.

Ocnozias, Joram, Kings of Israel. The 3d and 4th chapters of the Second Book of Kings give a detailed recital of the campaign undertaken in concert by Joram and Jehosaphat against Mesa, King of Moab. The inscription HARRISBURG, Feb. 24th, 1870 .- The Senator. ial Committee on the contested seat case of Diamond vs. Watt held a session yesterday afternoon and another last evening at each of which important documentary and verbal testimony was given, which shows the loose and highly irregular manner in which the Democratic officers in the Third and Fourth Instory. It dates nine centuries before the Christian era, and is nearly a century later than the reign of Solomon. It is nearly two centuries earlier than the famous sarcophagus of Echmonnazar, king of Sidon. The Phonician characters of the inscription present some archaic features not to be found in the same degree in any of the Phonician monuments hitherto known. The inscription, however, is decipherable with almost absolute certainty, as each word is separated by a Wards manage the elections. The result of vesterday's work before the committee gives a gain of 177 votes in favor of Mr. Watt, and that with only three divisions of these two Wards having been touched. The Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas produced the missing papers of the 7th division of the

certainty, as each word is separated by a point, and all the sentences are divided by vertical lines. The language is, with some slight orthographic variations, pure Hebrew. This valuable inscription, which enables us to	Third Ward, which, with the returns from the other divisions, makes the full vote as follows: Divisions. Diamond. Walt. Eist. 121 164
bring a document contemporary with the events to which it refers into relation with the historical recitals of the Bible, has been torwarded by M. Clermont Ganucau to the Academia des Inscriptions, together with a dissertation which will be immediately published."	Second 150 126 Third 179 102 Fourth 161 206 Fifth 169 89 Sixth 508 186 Seventh 508 186 Eighth 138 66 Ninth 195 193
THE FRANKLIN LEGACY.	Total
A Miscalculation.	1,207

In the year 1790 Benjamin Franklin left one thousand pounds sterling, as a fund from which loans should be made, in sums not exceeding sixty pounds sterling, to "married artificers" under the age of twenty-five who should have served their apprenticeships in Philadelphia. These loans were to be made CONSIDERABLY DIFFERENT STATEMENT. The total vote as returned by the Return Judges for Mr. Diamond was 1,792, and for Mr. Watt 043, with a majority of 849 for the former. At the session of the Committee, yesterday it was made plainly manifest that the Return Judges had not included in their count the vote of the first precinct, which gives Mr. Watt a majority of 43, and they had in the seventh precinct returned but 86 votes for Mr. Watt, when the returns of the officers of the election give him 186, thus making a differ-

ence in that Ward already of 143 in Mr. Watt's

favor.

THE FOURTH WARD AGAIN HEARD FROM. The returns from the Second and Fourth Wards were put in evidence at last evening's session, and the ground-work laid in support of a motion to open the ballot-box of the ninth division of the latter Ward. It was in evidence that one Wm. Turner, a Return Inspector's clerk, had spent the night preceding the election at a ball, and that when he came to the polls he was almost totally unfit to serve as an officer; that he did not attend to his duties properly, and that he himself admitted being thoroughly incompetent, by reason of his debauch of the night prior, for the task assigned him. It was also shown that, in one of the earlier hours of the day, the vote for Senator was transposed. The papers on file in the Prothonotary's office were also produced, and the tally-list, which was kept by Turner, was in such a shocking condition that it was utterly impossible for the committee to make an addition of the tallies. However, they had been footed up by some of the election officers, and they gave Watt 149 and Diamond 136. But the return of votes, and from which the judge had made his return, credited Mr. Diamond with having received 162 votes and Mr. Watt 147.

THE BALLOT-BOX OPENED-AN ASTONISHING RESULT. The Committee then directed the ballot-box to be opened, and Senators Warfel and Randall were detailed as tellers. When the tally was concluded it showed that not only had the vote of one hour on the State Senator been transposed, but that the vote of the entire day for Mr. Watt had been given to Mr. Diamond, and vice versa the minority vote of the latter had been appended to the name of the former. The ballets numbered 216, of which five bore blank "stickers" over the State Senator. Of the remainder Mr. Watt received 165, and Mr. blank "Stickers" over the State Senator. On the remainder Mr. Watt received 165, and Mr. Diamond 146. This yielded an additional gain for Mr. Watt of 34 votes, which, with the 143 in the Third Ward, reduces the majority claimed by Mr. Diamond just 177 votes. Mr. Simpson then put in evidence the list of voters, the Assessors' division transcript and the extra assessments of the seventh division of the Third Ward and the first division of the Eighth Ward, as the basis of a motion to strike out the entire vote of the first named and the vote of the latter after 12 o'clock. and the vote of the latter after 12 octoor. The Committee then adjourned until this afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The meetings of the Committee are largely attended by the Philadelphia friends of the contestant and the

sitting member. [Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

SECOND EDITION | tieth Senatorial District to Hiram Findlay, and the defeat of the Metropolitan Police bill tieth Senatorial District to Hiram Findlay, and the defeat of the Metropolitan Police bill for Philadelphia, nearly everybody had decided that, as a matter of course, the "Petrolia" county bill would pass both Houses and receive the signature of Governor Geary. The Senator from Erie, with his colleagues in the House, and aided by perhaps the most powerful outside combination that has ever set foot in Harrisburg, has been for some weeks past busily engaged in enfor some weeks past busily engaged in en-deavoring to make the members of the lower House see the necessity of forming this new county. It was confidently asserted by one who has during this session been a power he hind the throne that things were all right, and that really there would be no more diffithan there would be no more dim-culty in securing the passage of this measure than there was in electing Gen. Irwin. But during the past few days, while the advocates of the bill were lying, to a certain extent, in-active, its opponents have been busily at work They have had hundreds of the residents of the locality which it was proposed should constitute the new county, both Democrats and Republicans, in Harrisburg, and with what rfiect can now be seen.

A CHANGE IN SENTIMENT.

During yesterday morning's session, thosewho desired the new county began to realize the fact that there was danger ahead, and at the hour of adjournment they were undoubtedly con-vinced of that fact, for nearly all the Demoerats, whose votes had been pledged by some-body for the measure, were found to entertain a different view, and all efforts to induce them to change proved fruitless. The bill was on the "objected" list, and was not reached at the "objected" list, and was not reached at the afternoon session until about 5 o'clock, when Mr. McJunkin, of Venango, moved to indefinitely postpone, and supported his motion by a few practical remarks. He was followed by Mr. Ames, of Crawford, who opposed the indefinite postponement. Mr. Stone, of Warren, consumed about 15 minutes in advocacy of the motion, and Mr. Johnson, of Crawford closed the argument hy an elaborate Crawford, closed the argument by an elaborate speech, showing the necessity of making Titusville, which was in reality the third city, in a business point of view, in the State, a county seat. The yeas and nays were then demanded, and they resulted in 69 members your for the resulted in 69 members you ing for the postponement and 25 against. To prevent any further action this session on this bill, a motion to reconsider the vote was put and voted down.

HOW THE PHILADELPHIA DELEGATION VOTED.
The Philadelphia delegation voted as follows on the motion to postpone (Democrats in Italies): Yeas—Messrs. Albright, Bunn. Carlin, Elliott, Forsyth, Johnston, Stokes and Thomas—total, 8. Nays—Messrs. Adaire, Cloud, Comly, Dailey, Davis, Hong, Josephs, Maxwell, Miller and Mooney—total, 10. The defeat of this bill is looked upon by the friends of State Treasurer Mackey as the most signal triumph of the session, when the powerful influence which has been brought to operate in its favor is taken into consideration

[Special Despatch to the Phila, Evening Bulletin.] The State Treasury Investigation. HARRISBURG, Feb. 21.

The State Treasury Investigating Com-mittee of the Senate had another session last night, but no testimony was taken, except a few general questions which were asked of Mr. Mackey, the present incumbent. He re-iterated in reply to Mr. Billingfelt his state-ments, made, at the last meeting, with reference to the vault account, and stated that he was ready and willing, at all times, to answer any questions which might be put touching his management of the Treasury. A running debate then took place among the members, during which senator McIntyre moved that the investigation close, but his motion was rot recorded. The same gentleman interrogated the chairman as to whether it was true, as asserted, that Gen. Irwin lead refreed to appear before the Committee. We relied to appear the form the Committee. pear before the Committee. Mr. Billingfelt answered by stating that he had received a despatch from Gen. Irwin stating that he would be in Harrisburg on Thursday morning. Mr. Thomas B. Nicholson, the Cashier of the Treasury, then appeared and stated that if the Committee wanted some information as to the management of the Treasury, he was willing to give his experience after a connection of eight years with that department. He felt that he could explain many things, but in doing so, he might tell that which would not be very pleasant to some of the members. Mr Nicholson was notified that if he was reason. on was notified that if he was required, he would be told. The Committee then adjourned until this evening when it is the intention to place Gen. Irwin on the stand

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

[Special Despatch to the Phila, Evening Bulletin.] HARRISBURG, Feb. 24. SENATE.—Various petitions were presented by the city and county Senators from the people of Philadelphia, asking that they be lowed to vote upon the question of fixing a ite for public buildings.

The following bills were reported:
The Senate bill providing for the registration of mortgage bonds and other securities of corporations, favorably.

The Senate bill for the better protection of the bottles of venders of mineral waters and malt liquors (allowing their registry), nega-

The Senate bill establishing an Insurance Department for the State of Pennsylvania,

Department for the State of Fennsylvania, negatively.

The House bill incorporating the Minerva Library Company of Philadelphia, negatively.

The Courts have power.

The Senate bill dividing Norristown into five wards; also the Senate bill relative to the streets of Conshohocken. Favorably.

The House bill consolidating Ruberry and

streets of Conshohocken. Favorably.

The House bill consolidating Byberry and Moreland into one district. Favorably.

The House bill releasing Gloria Dei Church from a tax on a supposed escheat Negatively. The Senate supplement to the Chester Wharf and Shipping Company. Favorably. The House bill providing for the opening of Fifteenth street in 1871, under the direction of Councils. Favorably.

The House bill defining the eastern line of Thuron street. Favorably.

The House bill denning the eastern line of Thuron street. Favorably.

The House bill vacating Stanley's lane, in the Twenty-eighth Ward, which passed.

The Senate bill to open Allegheny avenue, from Eighth street to the Delaware river.

Favorably.

The Senate bill regulating the roads in the Park. Favorably. Ordered printed.

The following bills were introduced: One by Mr. Connell, incorporating the Workingmen's Dime-Saving Institution; also supplement to the Pennsylvania Company for Insuring Lives and Grauting Annuities; also, incorporating the National Hall and Market Company.
One by Mr. Brooke, supplement to the city

of Chester, also incorporating the West Chester and Downington Railroad. One by Mr. White, authorizing the Orphans' Courts to decree the execution of resulting rusts in certain cases.

Mr. Davis, as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, called up the annual appropriation bill, which was considered in the Committee of the Whole.

House.—Mr. Webb was in the chair. All the departmental appropriations passed without objection until the House reached the Common School appropriation of \$750,000.

Mr. Elliott, of Philadelphia, moved to reuce it to \$500,000. Not agreed to.

Philadelphia, and that any person violating the provisions of this act shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a fine of not exceeding \$500, at the discretion of the Court, for the u of the city of Philadelphia, and in default of payment the offender shall be committed to prison for not exceeding 30 days. Provided that this act shall not apply to engines and boilers already erected.

FROM THE WEST.

By the American Press Association.] MISSOURI.

Resolution to Abolish the Disfrauchising Clause St. Louis, Feb. 24.—The Missouri Senate, by a vote of 25 to 5, passed a resolution favoring the submission to the people of the proposal to abolish the disfranchising clause in the Constitution. This will be adopted by the other branch of the Legislature and ratifled by the records. by the people, thus giving ex-Confederates the right to vote.

Lives Lost in an Air-Chamber Several lives have been lost lately in the incommer of the pier of the new bridge and is being built across the Mississippi, a that great danger now attends its construction. great danger now attends its construction. The chambers are now at a point eighty feet below the surface of the river. There is much difficulty experienced in getting men to do the work. Three weeks will yet be required to reach the bed of rock at the bottom of the river. The deaths arose from exhaustion on account of the compressed air.

ILLINOIS. More News of the Sad Disaster on the Mississippi.

CAIRO, Ill., Feb. 24.—Capt. Jas. H. Maratta of the steamer Emma No. 3, furnishes the following account of the disaster:

The wind was blowing very strong at the time, and it was very cold. The boat struck a snag on a pile of logs. The pumps were all put to work at once, but the whole bottom of the boat being torn out, it was of no avail, and in less than ten minutes the steamer careened, nearly capsizing, and upsetting the cabin stoves. In a moment the boat was one sheet of flame. In a moment the boat was one sheet of flame. The yawl was lowered, and the ladies all put in: But at the moment it was let go, over fifty jumped for it, sinking it immediately. One lady caught Captain Maratta and pulled him under the water two or three times, but as he was floating past the wheel a colored porter caught him and dragged him up. He remained there in an awful state of suspense, almost scorched to death, until rescued by a skiff in about an hour afterward. The mate, Caleb Maratta, and the pilot, The mate, Caleb Maratta, and the pilot,

Attenborough, remained on the forecastle, almost perishing from the effects of the smoke and fire, until rescued. The remainder of the erew took to the water, but only four of them succeeded in reaching the shore. D. R. Porter, the second clerk, was the first to reach the shore, and the carpenter, second mate and watchman were all that reached it alive: W. M. Marrata was lost when the yawl was sunk. Thos. Funnels, the first pilot, was drowned at the same time. The second engineer was never seen after the boat took fire. The crew numbered 42, of whom 15 were lost. There were 40 cabin and 50 deck passengers of whom 60 were saved. Not a single lady was saved. 75 persons in all were drowned or burned. Every effort was made to save life. The weather was so cold that persons jumping overboard were chilled through at once and died with cramps.

The above statement of Captain Maratta shows that the accident was much more serious than was at first reported.

onio. Freight Agents' Convention.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 24.—Col. Charles S. Sawyer, Manager of the New Orleans Through Express line, leaves for New Orleans to-night, to attend a convention of general freight agents in that city. By the American Press Association

Foreign Quotations by Cable.

London, Feb. 24, 1 P. M.—Consols for money, 92\(\frac{1}{2}\); for account, 92\(\frac{1}{2}\). United States Five-twenty bonds of 1862, 90; 1865s, 89\(\frac{1}{2}\). Ten-fortier, 85\(\frac{1}{2}\). Eric Railroad, 22\(\frac{1}{2}\); Illinois Central, 1111; Atlantic and Great Western,

EIVERPOOL, Feb. 24, 1 P. M.—The cotton market is dull. Sales estimated at 19,000 bales. Middling Uplands, 11 d. Pork, 22s, 6d. Beef, 13s. 6d. Cheese, 74s. 6d. Bacon, 56s. Breadstuffs are unchanged.

PARIS, Feb. 24, 1 P. M.—The Bourse is flat. Antwerp, Feb. 24, 1 P. M.—Petroleum is

CRIME. A HEAVY FORGERY IN PITTSBURGH.

The Name of an Endorser Alleged to Have Been Forged to Notes for \$4,000. The Pittsburgh Gazette of vesterday says Some months since a Mr. W. A. Adams, desiring to go into business, entered into negotia-tions with John Palmer & Co., retail boot and shoe dealers, on Market street, for the chase of their stock and fixtures. Terms were agreed upon, and the stock was transferred to Mr. Adams, who gave four promissory notes, dated Jan. 4th, 1870, as follows: One for \$500 at thirty days, one for \$1,000 at sixty days, one for \$1,500 at four months, and one at six months for \$887 84. Said notes were drawn by W. A. Adams, payable to John Palmer & Co., and purporting to be endorsed by Mr. J. M. Adams. Mr. Adams took possession of the store as above stated, and commenced business which he continued and commenced business. ness, which he continued until the first note fell due. The note was presented for payment and was allowed to go to protest, when it was ascertained by Messrs. Palmer & Co. that the signature of J. A. Palmer was a forgery. The stock and fixtures, it appears, were turned over to the original owners, and Mr. Palmer left for parts unknown. Mr. John Palmer yesterday made information before the Mayer, charging W. A. Adams with forgery, and a warrant was issued for his

TRE ROCHEFORT RIOTS. The Killed and Wounded.

The Paris correspondent of the London Standard writes on Feb. 9: The second night of the Rochefort riots was infinitely more serious than the first. Barricades were erected, and there was fighting, bloodshed, and loss of life. I regret to add, that the temper of the many workmen I spoke with leads me to the conclusion that they are ripe for mischief. A respectable-looking cabinet-maker, a middle-aged man, who very obligingly directed me to a local cafe after my inglorious tumble, replied to my remark, that this was a bad business: "Yes, no doubt, but when workmen have no work, and consequently no pay, you can't wonder at insurrections. Men must eat, and bakers do not give us gredit as they do to your mile. do not give us credit, as they do to your millionaires." That is an ugly feeling, and I believe it to be very general. The serious riots took place around the barricade of the Rue St. Maur. Three times was it attacked by the Garde de Paris, mounted and on foot,, and by the police, and not till the last assault, at 11 o'clock, was it taken. At that time but 40 de-termined and well-armed fellows defended it; they kept up a fire from revolvers on the troops as they advanced. There were killed and wounded on both sides; the figures are given as high as 150, but I am disposed to think there is some exaggeration there.

—A Lynchlurg, Va., paper announces that every man in that region is either running for office, suing for debt, or being sued for the same. Business, in consequence, is dull.

SHARP FINANCIERING.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

How They Rob The Treasury in New Orleans. New Orleans furnishes a new illustration of the inscrutable method and mystery of public finances in that quarter. To improve the credit of the State, the Legislature impeached the State Auditor, the people in public meeting declared for conditional repudation, and the press represented that Confederate debts would be assumed. The city has already carned an unenviable reputation by compelling its creditors to resort to the law courts for the collection of ordinary bills. Now, the New Orleans Republican declares that the Controller's estimate of \$140,000 for printing to the publishers of that paper is nearly three times as much as the sum actually die. That journal "been to decline the honor of being so large a creditor to so poor a debtor." It will be in accordance with the fitness of things and the politeness of the occasion, if the Controller now insists that the newspaper shall take the extra two-thirds for its honesty.—Tribune. New Orleans furnishes a new illustration of

PACTS AND FANCIES.

-Baltimore owes twenty-five million dollars. -Had Mr. Whittemore been more Whitty, he would not have got into his cadet scrape. An Alabama man claims Sumner's word ridiculosity," having uttered it in 1869.

—Two-thirds of the French, Prussian and Austrian Cabinet Ministers are bald. -Marfori has been disgraced and has gone

to Portugal. St. Patrick's Day California ever saw. -Mr. J. S. Clarke has appeared as "Doctor Pangloss" in London, with his usual success. -The monogram that makes the most mat-

rimonial matches is \$. -Each Frenchman guillotined costs the government 1,500 francs. —A family of two women and five children have walked from Philadelphia to Aurora, Il-

linois. -Question by the Pope:—"Am I infalli-ble?" Reply by the Bishops:—"Nono; you are not."—Ez.

-A curiously-furnished apartment-A bed chamber with a towel-horse and handsome cab-in-et. —Briggs has a faculty of getting things cheap.
The other day he had a beautiful set of teeth inserted for nothing. He kicked a dog

—The strike of the Boston pantaloon makers has been referred to the committee on -The appearance of the Prince of Wales in the Divorce Court, yesterday, proves that he is Mor-dauntless than was generally supposed.

-At a festival given at Madison, Wis., to the blind pupils of the Asylum, the State capital was illuminated. -A Göttingen professor has discovered some very minute diamonds in a specimen of Oregon platinum.

—The book-keener is on his way to Rio with 200,000 floring that don't belong to him, where he has sent \$40,000 worth of pictures previously. Henry J. Raymond, Edwin M. Stanton,

George Peabody and Franklin Pierce are the only Americans noticed in the London Times list of emment dead for 1869. Beecher says the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians is the most perfect descrip-tion of a gentleman that was ever written or

thought of. -A California man, who says he noticed a great number of fish died during a recent sea-son of drought, has made a new connidrum, viz.: Do salt-water fish need a little fresh water to slake their thirst?

—Pierre Bonaparte is said to intend a visit to this country when he gets out of the clutches of the High Court. He will probably settle in New York, where he can shoot as many men as he likes without troublesome interference. —A youth of eighteen, son of a wealthy Berlin merchant, eloped with a fair operadancer, taking \$8,000 of his father's funds with him. The old gentleman pursued the pair, and came up with them after a week's time, recovering his son and \$6,000.

-A new French invention is a portable fresh-butter churn, to be used at each meal. It is made of crystal and mounted on silver feet. A silver rod revolves quickly in the cream, and presents a pat of butter every three minutes.

recovering his son and \$6,000.

-The Canandaigua Repository urges that notices of marriage and deaths should always be paid for, because one is an advertisement of copartnership (limited?), and the other is a notice of dissolution, and business is busi

—The Philadelphia Dental College field its commencement at the Academy, this morning. It of course diverted the entire attention of the audience from other subjects, as Dentistry has a natural tendency to put things out of morphis's heads. -The last European duel was between the

Austrian plenipotentiary, at Berlin, and the brother of one of the ladies of honor at court, whose reputation he had damaged. The plenipotentiary, having the first shot, magnanimously fired into the air, and the injured brother thereupon shot him through the body. - By the year 1874, it is believed, the whole globe will be spanned with cables, either overland or under the sea. The growth, for the few years t ast, has been most wonderful, and just now the ocean cables exceed a distance of 20,000 miles, and have a capital of \$25,000,000, with more lines in prospect than have been

-At Ottumwa, Iowa, a nice young man put a sheet around him to scare a Dutchman. The Teutonic gentleman says: "I shust jump my wagon out, and vip der gost all the time. I would vip him if he was a whole grave-yard." Some one asked the young man what ailed his black eye, and he said he had received bad news from Germany.

-Fun has the following dialogue: Country Gentleman (pointing out remarkable objects to Cockney Friend)—"Do you see that clump of trees? That's a Roman camp." Cockney Friend—"How do you know?" Country Gentleman—"Oh, there can't be any doubt about it! Several cannon ball have been found there."

—On a tombstone in Germany there is painted a red ox, with tail elevated and head sunk, evidently on the point of running his horns into a chalk-white individual who is pressed up against a rock. Below the picture is this inscription:

s this inscription:

"By the thrust of ox's horn
Came I into heaven's bourne; And so aulckly did I die. Wife and children leave must I

But in eternity rest I now, and are edst All through thee, thou wild beast, thou!" "There is nothing new under the sun," says the New York Tribune. Will the reader believe that "Shoo Fly," is classical? Yet it has no less a paternity than that of Homer himself. In the fourth book of the Iliad we ind that bothersome fly, and this is the way in which he is treated by the translators: So from her babe, when slumber seals his eye. The watchful mother waits the envenom'd

fly -Pope. Far as the mother wasts the fly aside. That haunts her slumbering babe.—Couper. As when a mother, while her child is wrapped

In a sweet slumber, scares away the fly.

—Bryant. N. B.—The last Bryant is William Cullou, not Danfel.