Priday, February 18, 1870. SILENCE IN THE SCHOOLS. Music was driven from the public schools education. It is rather mortifying to see those who are unfitted by taste or education expable of clear judgment or correct action. cause it interfered with other studies. To great service the judge had "rendered to his traordinarily good result, but which is certain to argue against such arguments seems very idle. | country in the darkest hour of her history, by Byerybody who knows anything at all about the vigor and patriotic firmness with which he music knows that every child who is not deaf upheld the just power of the Government and and dumb can be taught music to advantage, if vindicated the right of the nation under the proper care is devoted to it; and everybody | Constitution to maintain its own existence." knows, moreover, that, so far from interfering with other studies, the introduction of music affords precisely the same refreshment to the mental faculties that the sports of the playground supply to physical exhaustion or fatigue. It was asserted by Mr. McCall that the principals of the public schools have complained of the interference of musical instruction. We For our part, we agree with Congress and trust that some member of Councils will favor the minority of the Court. And we go further, tightened heads of our public schools are. It what has been will be, and there is nothing have the best of all supports, in the consciousmay also be interesting to know whether none new under the sun. At any rate we may asof these music-hating guizerpals had music in sume that the country may again be in danger, community is enlisted actively, on his side of these music making a sum of the fire that the present experiment and if the danger comes, then we say Congress the present experiment and if the danger comes, then we say Congress the contest. Both the people and the Courts

THE LEGAL TENDER CASE. It is stated on the authority of Judge Miller, are created and enforced by law, which results from the social compact we call government, preme Court that will bring the question of the constitutionality of the legal tender act again before the Court for its decision, when it will probably be argued before a full bench, as by that time the vacancies, for which the appointments are now pending, will be likely to be filled. Considering the vast importance of this question, it is very desirable those whose hearts were with the national cause halled it as a valuable and necessary help. At any rate, we will say with all confidence, that a solemn act of the Congress of the United States of such vast importance, ought not sustain the conclusion that the act of not sustain the conclusion that the act of not to be held to be a nullity in consequence of 1862 is unconstitutional as there declared. a decision of a minority of the court. It ought The opinion of Judge Chase for himself and Judges Nelson, Clifford and Field would We have not spoken of the decision in its efoccupy about four columns of the Bulletin, fects under present circumstances. They are by which the managers can obtain any comfects under present circumstances. and that of Judge Miller, for himself and very important, it is true; but all the conse-Judges Swayne and Davis, would occupy about quences that can result from it at present, are three. It will be seen that it has been pretty but as dust in the balance in comparison with fully discussed. The line of argument adopted what they may be in such an exigency as that is not very different. Both Judges quote we have passed through, or in such as may ocat some length the opinions of Chief Justice | cur in the future. State of Maryland, and they arrive at directly

State of Maryland, and they arrive at directly opposite conclusions; Judge Miller saying that if he had doubts about the power of Congress in the premises, he would hesitate to declare a solemn act of so much importance unconstitutional and void; but that on the centrary he is the premises of the passage of his disargument upon the hideousness of the passage of his based his argument upon the hideousness of the passage of his day of the passage of his based his argument upon the hideousness of the passage of his day of the passage of his pointed by Councils, so that this does not constitute a fundamental objection to it. The material constitution and from without, it may easily be converted into a House of Corruption. But there would be an equal risk of this kind, were it in the hands of agents appointed by Councils, so that this does not constitute a fundamental objection to it. The material constitution and from without, it may easily be converted into a House of Corruption. But there would be an equal risk of this kind, were it in the hands of agents appointed by Councils, so that this does not constitute a fundamental objection to it. The material constitution and from without, it may easily be converted into a House of Corruption. But there would be an equal risk of this kind, were it in the hands of agents appointed by Councils, so that this does not constitute a fundamental objection to it. The material constitution and from without, it may easily be converted into a House of Corruption. But there would be an equal risk of this kind, were it in the hands of agents appointed by Councils, so that this does not constitute a fundamental objection to it. The material constitution and from without, it may easily be converted into a House of Corruption. But there would be an equal risk of this kind, were it in the hands of agents appointed by Councils, so that this does not constitute a fundamental objection to it. The material constitution and the power of Congress are constituted in the hands of agents appoin was of the clear conviction that it is consti- the institution, upon the assumed facts that terral of the Board of Managers ought to be, was of the clear conviction that it is constitution, upon the assumed facts that the main, satisfactory to Councils. Messrs.

The power to emit bills of credit, or to make mand forcible interference, and upon the Jos. R. Chandler, John Robbins, Jr., John S. teeth without part of the main, satisfactory to Councils. Messrs.

And devote their whole time and practice that who is the main, satisfactory to Councils. Messrs.

And devote their whole time and practice that who is the main, satisfactory to Councils. Messrs.

And devote their whole time and practice that who is the main, satisfactory to Councils. Messrs.

Office, Eighth and Walnut streets. anything but gold and silver a tender in payment of debts, is expressly prohibited to the States; and the question is whether it may be granted, nor is it prohibited; but the Constitution of the granted of the constitution of the provides that the Constitution of the polygamous practices of the Mormons we are granted, nor is it prohibited; but the Constitution of the polygamous practices of the Mormons we are all agreed; among respectable men there are polygamous practices of the Mormons we are all agreed; and upon the theory that the Mormons would not fight, but the Mormons would not fi tion provides that Congress may declare war, cannot be two opinions upon the question of be considered a suitable selection; Mr. Miskey and do many other things specifically, and the desirability of putting an end to them as holds an important position of responsibility, jeio-lyrp PHILADELPHIA. and do many other things specifically, and such other acts as "may be necessary or proper to carry into effect the powers expressly granted." Is the power to issue paper as If we are to believe the Gentlle newspapers of loos an important position of responsionary in responsionary in the desirability of putting an end to them as initial important position of responsionary.

| 160-17FP | PHILAPELPHIA. |
| WARBURTON'S IMPROVED, VEN| the approved feathous of responsionary of responsionary in the desirability is to decide upon the means that shall be adopted. | Joseph Martin are who complete the list, but the approved feathous of the Post-Office. | money one of them? Judge Chase says it is.

Utah, the Gentiles are wholly opposed to But whether it is necessary to make it a tender any attempt to correct these evils with belief that they are good citizens and suitable he does not seem to think so clear. He thinks it | military force. They desire to be protected | appointments. might answer the purpose without; that considering the large war to be protected appointments.

They desire to be protected appointments.

Since the House of Correction bill has besidering the large sums to be paid and received by the Government, it might be sufficient to provide merely that it should mormons, because they recognize the fact. de-

it was in 1862, and may be again, and that not any smaller faith in the Divine appoint

Congress was the judge of that necessity then, ment of their faith, in the righteousness of and is to be in the future. Upon the doubtful their cause, or in the infallibility of their used in some of the papers in discussing this chance that he might have raised the means to equip and support the army and navy in the death struggle of the rebellion without the bill under consideration provides for the orlegal-tender clause, he pronounces it unconsti-legal-tender clause, he pronounced so then, sand men for this campaign, and it is alleys of Philadelphia, merely because they are legal-tender clause, the means could be raised for two or three years at least, and by that public can safely afford to leave him there. any less advantages than the legal tender harrassed and burdened with a gigantic debt, facts and refuse to pass a measure which, even

THE GAMBLIRG NUISANCE. Now that Mr. District-Attorney Gibbons safely in the seat to which the people elected him, eighteen months ago, we look to him, confidently, to rid Philadelphia of some of its means that the existence of the nation shall be worst moral nuisances. The gamblers and lottery-policy dealers should engage his early and earnest attention. The community has no worse plagues than this class of miscreants, and yet all the efforts heretofore made to sunpress them have been of the most feeble and unsuccessful character. In his war upon these

was commenced. It is well known that the pupils of many of the schools were taxed to support a very inferior style of singing. This too soon, or prosecute it too vigorously. In this connection, we may refer to an exce lent bill introduced into the Legislature by Mr new plan, in the hope of restoring the old. restrained. With this decision standing, a fube speedily enacted into a law. It provides for purely a game of skill as base-ball or chess. This amendment will meet the approval of the author of the bill, and we commend the sub-Armed with this additional weapon, Mr. Gib bons will be greatly aided in his campaign

his operations without waiting upon this or

posure and disgrace.

ceived by the Government, it might be sufficient to provide merely that it should be receivable for public dues, and upon this peradventure—rather a flimsy one, we think—he pronounces that the power to make the pronounces that the power to make the pronounces that the power to make the note a tender is not necessary, and therefore not constitutional. He admits, however, that is not required to show that the miss that the Mormons have a disciplined in construing this word "necessary" is not required to show that the particular means provided are the only into the first it has been a part of intended with honorable scrutiny. Every step of its managers should be watched size (clight thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

Size (alght thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

With the closest, but with honorable scrutiny. If the slightest indication of anything like a job discovers itself, it will be promptly exposed in the slowest indication of anything like a job discovers itself, it will be promptly exposed and therefore and denounced. But give it fair play. If it is succeeds, Philadelphia will have gained a great advantage. If it is misdirected or abused, let the shame fall upon those who shall have proved themselves unfit to be trusted with any of eight or ten thousand men; and we particular means provided are the only interest of the people.

Every step of its managers should be watched of illength from should introduced. The standard structs for pass for sale by TRMMAN & SHAW, MO.

Sign particular from a line of special parts and Light.

If the slightest indication of anything like a job discovers itself, it will be promptly exposed that the solution of anything like a job discovers itself, it will be promptly exposed to the story of any provided any any interest street, blow Ninth.

The slight thirty-five) Markets and Light.

MARKING WITH INDELIBLE INK, No.83 (eight hirty-five) Barbards advantage. If it is misdirected or abused, let the shame fall upon those who shall have proved themselves unfit to be tr particular means provided are the only know that from the first it has been a part of any interest of the people.

ones that could be used for the pur- their religion to keep up a complete military The Ficken shooting case has assumed an pose, and quotes Chief-Justice Marshall as organization, ready for any emergency. They aspect which shows that wealth and social popose, and quotes Chief-Justice Marshall as organization, ready for any emergency. They aspect which shows that wearth and social pour authority on that point. But the means must had such a force at Nauvoo; and sition have no power in Philadelphia to protect BESSON & SON be suitable and proper to the end, and if so when General Johnston marched across the violator of the law. Judge Ludlow yestermay be such as is intended by the Constitution plains upon them, they met day sent Mr. Ficken to prison, pending the retion, and within the limits of the power of him boldly and bravely with a force nearly sult of young Curran's wound. The shooting Congress. So the question is whether the equal to his own. A conflict was, fortunately of the boy appears to have been utterly withpower to make paper money a legal tender prevented at that time; but there is no doubt out excuse, and is another sad illustration of

Court has, incidentally, affirmed, in a unanimous decision, the constitutionality of the Metropolitan Police bill. The Governor yesterday adopted the views of the Supreme Court, by approving the House of Correction bill, which creates an arbitrarily-appointed Board of Managers, instead, of requiring that two precedents before us, we think the Legislature may hope for the Governor's approval of Metropolitan Police bill, so far as any of his anctitutional objections are concerned. ____

> REMOVAL FROM THE

OF ALL THE REMAINING WINTER STOCK PREPARATORY TO BECKIVING

SPRING GOODS. ____ ALL THE PEOPLE

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

People's Clothiers, Sixth and Market Streets.

> Experienced Cutters. Superior Workmanship.

> > 603 and 605

CHESTNUT STREET.

In Latest Styles

prices has enabled us to make.
QUICK SALES,

Parties purchasing CLOTHING.

nsequence of which we have but a small stymade goods, which we will close out at cost ction in prices is as follows:
Good Business Suits, \$16, were \$20.
Good Business Suits, \$16, were \$22.
Good Business Suits, \$20, were \$25.

Overcoats, \$12 50, were \$16.

Dress Suits at the Same Rates.

LOOKING GLASS WAREROOMS.

NEW PORCELAIN PICTURES. FROM DRESDEN and MUNICH A New Style of Folio Stand,

Port-Folios, for Engravings. A New Variety of Easels. NEW CHROMOS, &c. Clothing to Order LAST DAYS

ITNIFORMITY IN LOWNESS OF Warerooms. No. 816 Chestnut Street.

PUBLIC SALE, On the evenings of ginated the anseathetic use of NITROUS OXIDE, OR LAUGHING GAS, February 10, 11 and 12, Chromos.

> REPAIRS TO WATCHES AND REPAIRS TO WATURES AND Musical Boxes in the best manner, by skillife FARR & HROTHER.
>
> Ohestnut street, below Fourth

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C. THE NEW TARIFF

COFFEES DOWN. TEAS DOWN. SUGARS DOWN. HAMS DOWN.

MITCHELL & FLETCHER.

A CHOICE LOT OF

MOCHA COFFEE Just in Store at Low Price.

SUCCESSOR TO SIMON COLTON & CLARKE.

66 Silver Flint "

THE FINEST IN THE WORLD.

ARCH AND TENTH STREETS.

YARMOUTH SUGAR CORN. "YARMOUTH,"

And refuse all substitutes which may be offered. The Portland Packing Company received the award e Paris Exposition of 1867 for their YARMOUTH SUGAR CORN. and so high is this Corn now held in public esteem, both in this country and in Europe, that the present demand is supplied by no less than thirteen factories owned by the Company, and now in full operation.

FOR SALE BY ALL GRUCERS. REEVES & PARVIN, 45 NORTH WATER STREET, WHOLESALE AGENTS.

FAMILY FLOUR BEST BRANDS Always on Hand at

REDUCED! REDUCED! GENUINE **OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE**

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. IN IMPORTED PAPER PATTERNS, Tuesday, March 1st, 1870. motice.
Mrs. M. A. BINDER'S recent visit to Paris enables her to rective Fashions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods superior to anything in this country. New in design, moderate in price.
A perfect system of Dress Cutting taught.
Cutting, Basting, Pinking.
Fashion Books and Goffering Machines for sale.
Bets of Patterns for Merchants and Dress Makers now

MRS. M. A. BINDER'S, RURGLAR ALARM.

The best instrument of alarm and defence now in use A combination of the Battle. Club and Whistle. City officials, bankers, hotel proprietors, and citizens in FARREL, HEBRING & CO.'S. 807 Chestuat Stroot Or at the Factory of W. HOPKINS,

927 Market Street, Third Ploor, feld m w f St 4p MISCELLANEOUS.

REAL ESTATE BROKER, 20S SOUTH FOURTH STREET, TODWIN H. FITLER & CO. Cordage Manufacturers and Bealers in

611 and 643 North Ninth street. HORSE COVERS, FUR ROBES,
Lap Bugs and Horse Gear. All kinds. None
better or cheaper. KNEASS'S Harness Store, 1126 Market street. Big Horse in the do ...

VARPET SWEEPER THAT MAKES

SECOND EDITION THIRD EDITION

BY TELEGRAPH. BY THE CABLE.

STARTLING NEWS FROM PARIS Plot to Assassinate the Imperial Family Parameter to the second of FIRE NEAR WEST CHESTER

BY TELEGRAPH.

Efficient Service Rendered by Philadel Ta va arioù e viet et isal

FRANCE. The Plet to Assassinate the Imperia Paris, Feb. 18.-The Government has proc of a plot to assassinate the Emperor and Prince Imperial, and has seized a plan found on one of the prisoners to throw bombs through the Emperor's window at the Tui-

PENNSYLVANIA. Fire Bear West Chester.

[Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletia.]

WEST CHESTER, Feb. 18, 1870.—At about and would prebably extend belligerent rights half-past two o'clock this morning a fire broke to the insurgents at an early day, and houses were destroyed. The fire was the re- him about the matter. He says the rumor has sult of accident. Most of the property de | no foundation in anything he has said or done, stroyed belonged to Mr. John George. During or contemplates doing. That his personal the fire a number of the members of the sympathies are with the Cubans, as they have "Junger Mannerchor," of Philadelphia, who been from the beginning, but nothing has ochad, on the evening previous, assisted at Prof. | curred to warrant a change in the policy of the Mueller's Concert, rendered efficient aid to Administration, the fire department. One poor man, a Ger- He will send the so-called Sickles correspond-

countryman. [Special Despatch to the Philads, Evening Bulletin. PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE. HARRISBURG, Feb. 18. SENATE.—The following bills were intro-

duced:
One by Mr. Lowry, urging Congress to pass
a bill granting pensions to soldiers of the War
of 1812, and their widows. Passed. One by Mr. Brooke, increasing the capital stock of the Chester Wharf and Shipping Company. Also, authorizing the Commissioners of Delaware county to expend not exceeding five hundred dollars in any one way in arresting criminals. year in arresting criminals.

One by Mr. Olinstead, relative to change of of venue, allowing such changes when partiesswear they cannot have a fair trial in he court in which the case is brought.

One by Mr. Rutan, protecting the rights commales in this State—that the President an females in this State—that the President and Arsociate Judges of each judicial district shall have the right to enter convents, to ascertain whether any of the inmates are confined against their will. Mr. Rutan said that he

ndiciary Committee.

The majority report in the Scull-Findley. contested case was presented, and Mr. Findla was declared elected by twenty-three majority.
The bill for inaugurating Governor Geary
was ordered paid. Adjourned until next
Wednesday, at 10 o'clock A. M. House.—The Senate resolutions appointing committee to visit Washington and urge ongress to prevent the construction of the a committee to visit Washington and urge Congress to prevent the construction of the bridges over the Obio river by the Baltimore nd Ohio Railroad was passed. Mr. Davis, from the Ways and Means Com-

FROM THE WEST.

[By the American Press Association.]

[By the American Press Association.]

[Bull Nois.

Attempt to Rob.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—J. B. Miller, an insurance agent, was attacked by a party of garroters on Wabash avenue, in the central part of the city, last night. The robbers struck him on the head and then attempted to robhim, but being a stalwart man, he succeeded in putting them to flight.

A jewelry store on State street was entered by burglars, last night, and completely cleaned out" of watches, diamonds and jewelry. A private watchman was in the older buildings were widened a little, but no material damage was sustained.

Faneral services were being held in the Washington Street Baptist Church, and there was a large attendance. At the first tremble the pastor and congregation rushed for the doors; several ladies fainted, but he one was seriously injured. The old frame buildings on the wharves swayed and cracked, but the waters in the shock was quite heavy at Petaluma, causing the people to vacate the brick buildings. The shock of earthquake occurred at 12 o'clock and 13 minutes. Its duration was seven seconds. Its direction was from the southeast to the northwest. There was a general panic, but no damage was sustained.

Faneral services were being held in the Washington Street Baptist Church, and there was a large attendance. At the first tremble the pastor and congregation rushed for the doors; several ladies fainted, but he waters in the swayed and cracked, but the waters in the shock was quite heavy at Petaluma, causing the people to vacate the brick buildings. The shock of earthquake occurred at 12 o'clock and 13 minutes. Its duration was seven seconds. Its direction was from the southeast to the northwest. There was a given and congregation rushed for the doors; several ladies fainted, but he was a large attendance. At the first tremble the pastor and congregation rushed for the doors; several ladies fainted, but he was a large attendance. At the first tremble the pastor and congregation rus

by burglars, last night, and completely "cleaned out" of watches, diamonds and jewelry. A private watchman was in the milding next door, at the time of the robbery, [By the American Press Association.] MISSOURI. Explosion-Six Men Killed. Rev. Dr. Hattield, a prominent Methodist elergyman, lectured last night on the "Perni-cious Influence of the Woman Suffrage Agiby the explosion at the Union Car Works here yesterday have died. Nine others, who were badly injured, are doing well to-day.

There were fifty workmen in the building at n." He said the cause was kept u false representations and gross exaggerations. He argued that men suffered as much from women's tongues as women do from the curse of drunken husbands, and he knew that the the time of the explosion. A piece of the

MICHIGAN. Titeense Ordinance DETROIT, Feb. 18.—The Common Councils of this city have repealed the ordinance requiring commercial travellers to pay a license. NEBBASKA. The Nebraska Legislature—The Suffrage
Amendment.
OMAHA, Feb. 18.—The Legislature met this
morning at Lincoln. Both Houses will ratify
the Fifteenth Amendment to the constitution

his afternoon.

The Indians.

News from Arizona Territor Indians continue troublesome. They receive off a hundred horses from a ranche number, and a day or two after stole all of the remaining stock at the same ranche. A beavy storm of snow and wind has been prevailing here all the morning. FROM THE SOUTH.

do solwa

the Administration Denied.

FROM WASHINGTON. [Special Despatch to the Phila, Evening Bulletin.] A False Rumor. WASHINGTON, February 18.—Some per

were a good deal excited yesterday about the umor that the President had determined t

\$55,000,000; currency balance, \$8,000,000 to \$9,000,000; certificates, \$49,000,000. The Monarch.
A despatch received at the Navy Depar ent, this morning, says: "The Monarch is anchored fifty miles below Annapolis, on ac-count of the fog. She is not expected up until

lyn Navy Yard.
Commander Benham is detached from the Brooklyn Navy Yard, May 2,next, and placed the orders if a person sentenced is in cus-tody at that time, unless the time for its com-

Naw York, Feb. 18, 13% P. M.—Cotton.—The mark his morning was lower and weak. The prospective r sipta are large. Sales of about 500 bales. We quote lows: Unfavorable European Middling Upland

FROM THE WEST.

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**ROM THE WEST.

**Approximate of the project of the project

Baltimere Produce Market.

Baltimore, Feb. 13.—Coffee—The market is firm but quiet; no sales reported.

Cotton is very flat and heavy. Lew Middings are nominal at 224,023; cents; Middings, 24,224; cents.

Flour—The market is firmer. The sales to-day reach 2,600 burles; Western and Howard Street at 84,75a5 00 per barrel for Superfine; 85,37%,a5,20 for Extra.

Wheat's rather dull and weak. We quote Pennsylvania Red at 81,23a1,25 per bushel; Maryland and Virginia at \$1,25a1,26; for good to prime \$1,35a1,35. The sales were from 4,000 to 5,000 bushels. sales were from 4,000 to 5 000 bushels.

Corn—The weather being very unfavorable for delivery there was very little sold to-day. We quote White at 9425c. Yellow at 93c. Oats—A few sales made # Bite at Passet. Tellow a way.

15 64afc.

Beeds—Clover, 38 14a8 143, for prime to choice.

Whisky is steady at 99 cents.

Provision are strong but inactive. Meas Pork. 226 75

a27; bulk shoulders, 11 cents; bulk side, 13%a143/2 per
pound for rib and clear rib. Hacon is firm; 12% cents;

4,500, and in New York full 12,000. If the mass of these support the Republican tickets, it will be discouraging for the Democrats to try to carry Connecticut, while they will be sure to lose New Jersey, and will have hard work to save New York.

The colored voters in Pennsylvania will be fully 13,000, in Ohio more than 8,000, possibly 9,000, and in Kentucky not far from 42,000. If this vote is to be thrown selidly for the Republicans, it will assure the continuance of (From the Herald of to-day.)
THURSDAY, Feb. 14.—Gold in its further decline touched 11914, which is the lowest price for it since
th of September, 1862, or early in the days of the w Republicans, it will assure the continuance of Republican ascendancy in both Pennsylvania and Ohio, and severely shake, if not completely overthrow, Democratic domination in Kentucky.

The number of negro voters registered in The number of negro voters registered in Virginia at the last election, when Walker ran for Governor, was 120,103. It was by drawing a considerable share of this vote to himself that Walker was able to defeat his opponent, resorting to the same tactics, somer succeeded in beating Stokes in Tennessee. In pired by their partial successes in these States, some of the Democratic leaders in the North and West began to talk of resisting the operation of the Fifteenth Amendment, either by force or by carrying the question of its validity to the Courts, while the brilliant lights in the New York Legislature went The money market was steady at four to six per cent., but there was a more general employment of fauds at five per cent. among the government dealers. On stocks the rate was five to six, with the majority of new transactions at the latter figure. Commercial paper was without new feature.

Foreign exchange was active upon a fair demand from the importers, who seemed to have been impelled to buy fir ely by the decline in gold, but the leading bankers at till diragreed as to rates, which were an eighth higher, and were quoted 109a109% for sixty-day sterling and 108% for good banker's. Short sight was steady at 109% at 197%.

The contradictory bulletins above reterred to and the decline in gold had the effect of rendering governments heavy. The market opened with considerable himness, in consequence of an advance to 88 for Five-twenties in London, and to 93 in Frankôtt, the European market for our securities being especially strong on account of the weakness in gold here and the abundance of capital at low rates there. But with the "break" in gold to 11994, the market became, feverish and declined, the "bears" pressing it with the report from Washington that the government would reduce the revenue about fitty millions next year. At the end of business there was a fractional rally in prices. through the nugatory form of attempting to rescind the resolution of ratification adopted by the previous Legislature. The effect of these threats and these proceedings was seen

3:00 O'Clook BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 18th. Texas Habeas Corpus Case. A resident of Texas, who was arrested an fried by the military authorities, and is now held in their custody, had a motion made in held in their custody, had a motion made in the Supreme Court this morning, for a writ of habeas, corpus, which is to be heard on Friday of next week. R. M. Corwine appears for the man, and the issues of law and fact are similar to those in the famous Yerger case.

Visit to Annapelis.

The Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund are to dine with the President this evening and to wisit Annapelis on Monday with iron-clad Monarch.
The Funding Bill.

The Funding bill will probably be taken up in the Senate next week, on Tuesday. A good many members believe it cannot pass, but Senator Sherman thinks otherwise.

The Sale of Cadetships. The Committee to investigate the sale of naval and military cadetships got some strong evidence, this morning, against two Louisiana Representatives, but as they do not say it is positive in its character, the names are, for the present, withheld, that no injustice may be The Naval Deficiency Bill.

The Conference Committee on the naval deing, and had a long talk with Secretary Rob son, but were not able to agree upon their report, two of the House members refusing to go above two millions, and the Senate members asking three millions. The Case of the Georgia Senators. The Senate Judiciary Committee is advised that the new Senators-elect from Georgia will here early next week, and the que issue will not be decided until they have ha

FROM THE SOUTH. By the American Press Association. MARYLAND.

The Memarch at Annapolis.
Annapolis, Md., February 18.—There is dense fog resting on the Bay and river to-day and nothing has been seen of the Monarch yet. It is reported that she is anchored in the Bay between here and the mouth of the Pawtuxent river and will not attempt to come up until the fog lifts. up until the fog lifts.

As soon as she is signalled below this city
Commodore Worden will send down LieutCommander De Way to receive Captain Commerell, who will come on shore and be introduced to the Governor of this State, Hon. Odin Bowie, by Commodore Worden.

A committee of the Maryland Legislature will then visit the Monarch and extend the hospitalities of the State to the officers.

Baltimore, Feb. 18.—Last night, during an alarm of fire, Julius Bader, a boy about fifteen years of age, was set upon by a gang of halfgrown boys, and stabbed just below the right shoulder, near the nipple, the knife-blade pensative the land.

The following nominations were made to day:

David Eckstein, of Ohio, to be United States Consul at Victoria, Vancouver's Island.

Norman Glafcke, of Connecticut, to be Scretary of State relative to the assault on American citizens at Havana.

On motion of Mr. Dawes the usual morning BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—Last night, during an alarm of fire, Julius Bader, a boy about fifteen years of age, was set upon by a gang of halfgrown boys, and stabbed just below the right shoulder, near the nipple, the knife-blade penetrating the lungs.

His condition is considered critical to-day. Several of the lads were arrested, but Bader is unable to identify the one who stabbed him.

Sudden Death.

Mrs. Alice Thompson, while entering the Mrs. Alice Thompson, while entering the Greenmount Cemetery this morning, for the purpose of visiting her husband's grave, was taken suddenly ill, and died in a few minutes. THE 850,000 COLORED VOTERS.

sinated on Sunday last, returned the following verdict this morning: That Dominicus S. Voorhees came to his death from the effects of a pistol ball from a pistol in the hands of Wm. Chambers. now hold those States; and it these veters rally in a body to the Republican standard, Delaware and Maryland are lost, at least temporarily, to the Democratic party.

In Connecticut the number of colored voters must be nearly 2,000, in New Jersey 4,500, and in New York full 12,000. If the mass of these support the Republican tights. Tre Court of Special Sessions.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—The Assembly to-day passed the bill reorganizing the Court of Special Sessions, with only five negatives. FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS

The Legislature Magne Hays, jumped into the private and the provide and the pr

FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION. Mr. Trumbull opposed the bill, holding that there was no necessity for each officers, and that the Atterney-General is the proper offi-cer to decide all questions wherein the ser-

vices of a solicitor to that Department are to

vices of a solicitor to that Department are required.

Mr Summer sustained the bill, and held that it was of the highest importance that the Secretary of State should have at his hand a competent law officer to whom claims could be referred for decision and adjudication, without the Attorney-General's office.

On motion, the word "Solicitor" was struck out of the bill, and the words "Examiner of

out of the bill, and the words "Examiner of Claims for the Department of State" were in-serted in lieu thereof. In this form the bill

was passed.

The bill for the relief of the settlers of the

and only for the rener of the settlers of the late Sioux Reservation in the State of Minnesofa was taken up, considered, and passed.

The morning hour having expired, the Senate resumed the regular order, being husiness relating to the District of Columbia, and the bill to amend the usury laws was taken up and considered.

and considered.

After some further debate the bill was

amended and passed.

The bill to promote and encourage the International Exhibition to be held in Washington in 1871, was then taken up and considered, and

a number of amendments proposed by the Committee were agreed to. Mr. Thurman moved to indefinitely post-

pone the bill; on the ground that unless Uon-gress made a respectable appropriation in aid of the Exposition; it would prove a miserable

failure.

Mr. Hamlin said the wealthy men of Washington were earnestly in favor of this. Exposition, and he felt sure they could make it a

Mr. Patterson said he was in favor of the

if the citizens will assume the expense

thiefly themselves.

Mr. Stewart opposed the bill on the ground hat Washington is not a fit place in which to hald an International Expensition

Mr. Nye favored the passage of the bill in a somewhat lengthy and forcible speech.

Mr. Sherman said he was amazed at the op-

explanation in relation to the charges made against him by the Buffalo Commercial Adver-tiser, for which he has instituted a libel suit

uccess without any assistance from the G

BY TELEGRAPH!

Honors to the Released Fenians

ARRIVAL OF STEAMERS OUT

FRANCE. Fouville and Rochefort. has seized his editorial articles. He complains that while up to the present time the incarcerated journalists have been allowed to write to their papers, he has been denied the usual privilege, notwithstanding he is Deputy in the Corps Legislatif and has not been deprived of his civil rights.

SPAIN.

Sympathy for Spain.

Mappin Eab 18 The towards of this failure.

Mappin Eab 18 The towards of this failure.

Mappin Eab 18 The towards of this failure.

By the American Press Association. 1 ENGLAND. Arrivals.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 18.—The steamers Mo

Latest Foreign Markets London, Feb. 18.—Calcutta Linseed is firm Sugar quiet for No. 12 Dutch standard, affoat Turpentine and Rosin dull, but not quotably t7 thalers, 6 groats. Hamburg, Feb. 18.—Petroleum closed fla at 15 marc bancos 14 schillings.

Antwerp, Feb. 17.—Petroleum opene

Hilitary Boundary Between Austria and Hungary. VIENNA, Feb. 18.-The views of Hungar touching the military boundary between Austria and that country have been generally ac cepted by the Government here FROM WASHINGTON.

Pekin, Ill.
John R. Andrews, to be Deputy Postmaster

FROM THE EAST,

BROOKLYN, Feb. 18.—The Coroner's jury in the case of D. S. Voorhees, who was assas-

[By the American Press Association.] Second Session.
Washington, Feb. 18. SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented a despatch from the Governor of Nebraska stating that

States, and to provide for carrying the United
States mails in American vessels.

In presenting this bill Mr. Conkling said it
contained no subsidy and would cost the
United States nothing. Referred to the Comunited States nothing. Referred to the Comsury from three thousand to five thousand dol-

This, we believe, is at the bottom of the opposition which succeeded, yesterday, in driv- sition from that of 1862.

Marshall in the case of McCulloch vs. the

No. 918 CHESTNUT STREET HAVE OPENED Fifty Cases of Spring and Summer

PLAIN BLACK SECOND MOURNING GOODS,

LOWEST MARKET PRICES. Sheppard, Van Harlingen & Arriso ARE OFFERING

Extraordinary Bargains Table Cloths, Napkins, Doylies, Table Linens, Towels, Towelings, &c.

> French, Belgian, Barnsley, Scotch an Irish Sheeting and Pillow-Case Linens.

4-4 French and Richardson's Irish Linens in Fine, Medium and Heavy Makes of all grades for

Embroidered Piano and Table Covers, Blankets, Flannels, Quilts and Counterpanes.

Very Rich. New and Elegant Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Window Shades, &c. lew Welts, Piques, White Goods and Staple Embreideries of New and Beau-tiful Styles. The largest assortment

> All the hest makes of DOMESTIC MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS At Wholesale Prices Special attention is invited to a New Make of HEA USLIN, which for many purposes in the Family w

be found very valuable. Manufactured expressly i 1008 CHESTNUT STREET. THE PINE ARTS

CARD. My Old Gallery having been taken for short time by other parties for the sale of Paintings, I would state that I am in no way connected with that place. My Gallery is located at No. 1117 Chestnut Street, Girard Row.

Very Respectfully. B. SCOTT, Jr. EARLES' GALLERIES.

\$16 Chestnut Street. JUST OPENED

Carved Rustic Card and other Frames

"NINE MUSES," The above Exhibition will SOON BE CLOSED to th volume just issued (cloth and gold), containi

Photographs of "THE MUSES" and Portrait of t Artist, \$3 00. Sent free by mail. Earles' Galleries and Looking-Glass GREAT SALE OF CHROMOS.

MR. CHAS. F. HASELTINE, On account of going to Europe on business, to reduce No. 1125 Chestnut Street, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

About 1,000 English, French and Germa CAVAGE'S URSINA, JUST RECEIVED patterns of English Tooth Brushes. For sale by JAMES P. & C. B. TAYLOB, SHINN Apothecary, Broad and Spruce sts. fell-terp FOR INVALIDS—A FINE MUSICAL
Box as a companion for the sick chamber; the finest
assortment in the city, and a great variety of airs to select from. Imported direct by
FARR & BROTHER,
mhl8tfrp \$24 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

2:15 O'Ulook.

HE CUBAN QUESTION e Rumor of a Change in the Policy of

HE MISSISSIPPI BILL

Another Earthquake in California

ennsylvania, and 35% for Catawissa Preferred. the "Männerchor" immediately made up a Spain, and in her relations to Cuba; of which purse and presented it to their unfortunate the public has not now much information.

Spain, and in her relations to Cuba; of which the public has not now much information.

(By the American Press Association.)

The Mississippi Bill.

Warfington, Feb. 18.—The Republican announces that the President will promptly sign the Mississippi bill, and the new Senators and Representatives elect, including Mr. Revels, will be admitted to their seats.

Internal Taxation.

The propositions of the Ways and Means Committee to reduce internal taxation \$50,000,000 are favorably received in the House, but the concurrence of the Senate is considered doubtful.

Treasnry Statement.

The coin balance in the Treasury to-day is \$55,000,000 currency balance. \$8,000,000 to

Commander Chandler is detached from the allapoosa, April 30, and ordered to the Brook-

where sentence of court marrial involves are steady at confinement for a definite period of time, such confinement shall be considered as commencing at the date of the promulgation of the sentence in

mencement is otherwise expressly fixed by the sentence of the Court, or order promulgating proceedings of the same."

to the buildings so far as ascertained. The shock was felt at Sacramento, Santa Cruz, San Jose, Oakland, and other places.

lery opposite like a cannon ball, but fortu-nately no one was hurt by it. The exploded boiler was recently inspected and pronounced _____ PENNSYLVANIA.

[By the American Press Association.] Fire-Loss, \$20,000. PITTSBURGH, Feb. 18.—A fire, yesterday afternoon, at the iron works of Jones & McLaughlin, destroyed all of the furnace sheds and two of the furnaces. The damage to the main building is very slight, and work will not be seriously interfered with. Total loss, The widow of Captain Martin, of the ill-fated steamer Maggie Hays, jumped into the Ohio river last evening and was drowned, while on her way to meet her husband's body. She has been partially insane ever since she heard of the death of her husband. No children are left, the only child having died

The Texas Habeas Corons Case

THE FUNDING BIL

THE NAVAL DEFICIENCY

Special Despatch to the Philada. Evening Bulletin.]

AUSTRIA.

IBy the American Press Association 1 A committee of the Maryland Legislature will then visit the Monarch and extend the hospitalities of the State to the officers.

The sum of \$10,000 has been appropriated to entertain the officers and men of the Monarch,

By the American Press Association.] Where Will They Go?

Judging from the census returns of 1860, the number of colored voters in the country is now about 850,000. Of these, 790,000 dwell in the six een late slaveholding States; 7,500 in the six een late slaveholding States; 7,500 in the six New England States; 31,000 in the five central States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, and 8,500 in the remaining ten Western States.

If the Democratic leaders attempt to carry out the revolutionary policy which some of them have threatened in regard to the Fifteenth Amendment, and thus drive the whole colored vote over to the Republican party, it will have a serious effect upon Democratic ascendancy in several States where that party now bears sway, and will darken its prospects in threa or four Republican States where it might otherwise hope whole colored vote over dother where it might otherwise hope for victory.

For example: The number of colored voters in Delaware will be not far from 4,500, and in the stable above-mentioned, together with a large amount of other property, evidently the prospects in threa or four Republican States where that the stable above-mentioned, together with a large amount of other property, evidently the prospects in threa or four Republican States where it might otherwise hope for victory.

For example: The number of colored voters in Delaware will be not far from 4,500, and in the stable above-mentioned, together with a large amount of other property, evidently the prospects in threa or four Republican States and party is will have a serious effect upon Democratic ascendancy in several States where that party now bears sway, and will darken its prospects in threa or four Republican States where that the stable above-mentioned, together with a large amount of property evidently the prospects in threa or four Republican States.

For example: The number of colored voters in Delaware will be not far from 4,500, and in the stable above-mentioned, together with a large amount of other property, evidently th

expenses.

Mr. Butler said: Let the gentleman who

Mr. Butler said: Let the gentleman who traveled to and from Congress without mileage be the first to cast such a stone against free passes. [Laughter.] He believed the Supervising Architect to be a competent and an honest officer. In regard to the twenty-five thousand dollars for looking glasses referred to by Mr. Farnsworth, the Architect had commissioned the largest importer of dry goods in New York to buy them at cost in Europe, thus saving twenty thousand dollars to the from the Governor of Nebraska stating that the Legislature of that State had just ratified the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. Summer presented a petition asking for the appointment of a commission to ald in the selection of homesteads for freedmen.

Also a memorial from the members of Howard University, praying that fixed rank may be accorded to staff officers in the navy.

Mr. Sherman presented a large number of memorials from Maryland and other States, asking Congress to recognize the independence of Cuba.

Mr. Anthony introduced a joint resolution for printing copies of the Naval Register.

Mr. Nye introduced a bill to incorporate the National Paving Company of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Conkling introduced a bill to encourage the building of steamships in the United the previous question.

Mossis. Stevenson and Peters defended the Supervising Architect from the assaults made along the supervising Architect from the assaults made defence of the architect from the assaults made along the supervising Architect from the assaults made of the appointment.

Messis. Stevenson and Peters defended the Supervising Architect from the assaults made along the supervising Architect from the assaults made of the appointment.

Mr. Dawes said: The commendations and defence of the architect should be received with grains of allowance, as they came from made. He himself considered the construction of the branch Treasury extravagantly administered, and must eventually be ruinous. For that the Secretary of the Treasury is responsible. If one could stand the Supervisor's possible. If one could stand the supervisor's possible of the present supervising Architect. The office of Supervisor, however, ought not to be abolished. He demanded the present supervising Architect from the assaults made defence of the architect from the assaults made defence of the architect from the assaults made and the supervising Architect from the aspective with printed the present should be received with grains of the building of steamships in the United the previous question.

States, and to provide for carrying the United The motion to strike out the clause was per

EVENING BULLETIN. vesterday, by the refusal of Select Council to make the trifling appropriation of \$10,000 to for the instruction in this valuable branch

such arguments in print, as were used against we might now be a mutilated and dissevered likely that such a force might eventually thought to be troublesome. Mr. Ficken is in this excellent measure. It is one of the mis- nation! Judge Chase, and the friends of the exterminate the Mormon people. The the hands of the law, and will undoubtedly be fortunes incident to our Republican institutions

Union, were in a state of almost breathless question for us to ask is, Is it worth the cost?

The Mormons can carry on a guerilla warfare requirements and penalties of the law. The or natural judgment to discharge that responsition to carry us through the gigantic struggle, and time we shall have lost several thousands of The varied duties of a Councilman, for | we all remember what a weight was taken off | lives and spent a great many millions of money. ple, demand the election of the very ablest, our hearts when Jay Cooke found that he could Even then, the faith will not be dead; it will mest intelligent, and best men that can possi- sell our bonds. But suppose the legal-tender grow stronger by persecution, as it has already bly be obtained. Every imaginary variety of clause had not been in, and that specie had done, and we shall have it springing up afresh usiness comes before the Councils of Phila- been demanded for existing debts, and the in some other place. At present the Mormon delphia. Questions of finance, of engineering, Sheriff sent out to collect them. Who can tell | Church, however offensive to our moral sensief education, of law, of property, of police, of whether in such a state of things the people bilities, is not aggressive, and indeed, it even legislation, of almost everything that goes to | would have had the heart to bear up under | promises to perish of its own rottenness. The make up the framework of human society, the burden, and carry the country success- wisest policy under any circumstances would be come before these bodies for their consideration | fully through the war? Thank God we got to trust to the slow process of decay; but it and action, and it is not very wonderful that through, but if we carry our minds back to would be simple madness to plunge the counmen many of these diversified subjects some the state of things existing at that day, no try into an expensive war, for such a of the members of the Councils should be in- man can say that we could have done so with purpose, at a time when the people are Coming back to the question of music in the clause afforded. With it we got through, but which they are hardly able to pay. The only public schools, a single glance at the arguments no one can say we could have men who will profit by this Mormon campaign by which this most useful element of instruc- done so without it. We referred some will be army officers who are anxious for promotion has been driven out will suffice. Mr. time ago to the letter written by tion, and contractors who will grow rich upon Shoemaker opposed the appropriation because | President Grant to Judge Grier in accepting | the spoils. We hope Congress will consider these "not one child in ten" received any benefit his resignation of his office. He said it was his from music. And Mr. McCall opposed it be- agreeable duty and privilege to recognize the if crowned with success, can produce no ex

This is it in a nut-shell: The Constitution maintained, and Congress thought that the legal-tender clause was a necessary measure; and three of the Judges think so too, while Judge Chase, in the opinion, seems rather

was of course broken up by the establishment by this decision of the Supreme Court. The of a regular system of instruction by the Bchool Controllers, and a steady warfare has to represent them hampered; their whole been kept up ever since, to break down the strength may be necessary, and it should be un-

pronounced otherwise; but now, such an act lers, by severe penalties, and also for the reing music out of the public schools of Phila- Then, the act of Congress was a law until The public school system of Philadelphia has would not be valid until this decision of Judge ence more made a retrograde movement, and Chase is set aside. It ought, therefore, not to father, mother, wife, brother, sister or child of the schools of Boston and most of the other stand a day, and the nation should be free educational centres have again been invited to from its restraint. The right to defend the bill, at one incidental point, by omitting the maintain their supremacy over us. We must nation exists from all time, and Congress, to maintain their supremacy over us. We must nation exists from all time, and Congress, to maintain their supremacy over us. We must nation exists from all time, and Congress, to maintain their supremacy over us. We must nation exists from all time, and Congress, to game of billiards from his category of "games of chance or hazard," as it is as essentially and ROCKHILL & WILSON shall have a body of City Fathers with enough defence, and for its welfare in general, is con-"music in their souls" to be willing to extend | fided, should be free to exercise its best and beneficent influences to the masses of the most patriotic opinions in making such provision. The power grows out of the sovereignty of the nation, and Congress must say when to exercise it. The rights of property

the payment of debts is whatever that the Mormons meant to fight the danger of the prevalent custom of disrenecessary and proper to carry out the and would have fought desperately. They garding the law which forbids the carrying of powers specifically granted. We believe that are much more powerful now, and they have concealed deadly weapons. It is not necessary to include in any of the violently intemperate language which is being It is a noteworthy fact that the Supreme

Oak Hall Buildings

pests of society, Mr. Gibbons will have need of | Are invited to participate in this grand moving. Ea and say that we think that Congress is the pals, that the public may know who these enjudge of the necessity. We have been told that tion and professional acuteness. But he will

men of this city, and he cannot begin his work | Finest Clothing

The House of Correction bill has become a law. The measure was severely denounced in Common Council yesterday, and yet, in view of the apparent hopelessness of getting a House of Correction in any other way, we incline to the opinion that the people will be satisfied For Men, Youths and Boys. A careful examination of this bill does not seem to justify the declaration made yesterday in Council, that the managers can fix their own

that any attempt to do so, directly or indirectly, would be followed by immediate ex-From us can rely that goods are in price and quality EXACTLY WHAT WE REPRESENT. We are not thoroughly satisfied with the We are not thoroughly satisfied with the organization of the House of Correction, and making the purchaser believe he is obtaining a bargain through the purchaser believe he is obtained through the it must be admitted that, unless carefully delf-3mrp watched from within and from without, it

these officers of the public shall be directly and immediately elected by the people. With these For Sale by Order of the Orphaus' COURT, EXECUTORS, TRUSTERS, and others. See Thomas & Sons' advertisements and handbills. CLOTHING

inflict serious injury upon the country.

the punishment of lottery dealers and cambgambling, the suit to be prosecuted by the the victim. Mr. Beans may strengthen his

ject to the favorable action of the Legislature. against the pests of our community, but we trust that he will inaugurate and carry forward

salaries and do anything they want to. There is no power expressed or implied in the bill,

next door to the Post-Office.

MEAT TENDERERS, OR STEAK
Pounders of several kinds, Larding Receives,
Ekewors, Busting Spoons, Bake Pans, and other cooking
utensils, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (eight
thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

DRY GOODS.

MOURNING DRY GOODS HOUSE,

FLOUR DOWN.

No. 1204 CHESTNUT STREET. COFFEE

E. BRADFORD CLARKE

S. W. corner Broad and Walnut Sts.

BUCKWHEAT

DAVIS & RICHARDS

new and elegant patterns, warrante The most delicious and wholesome Corn in can

> LOWEST PRICES. LINNARD & GIBBS N. E. Corner Broad and Race Sts.

> > 40 CENTS. A. J. DE CAMP. 107 SOUTH SECOND STREET. Grand Opening of Spring Fashions The old established and only reliable Paper Pattern,
> > Dress and Cloak Making Emporium.
> > Dresses made to fit with ease and elegance in 24 hours?

101. N. W. cor. Eleventh and Chestnut St Carefully note the name and number to avoid being McCORD'S PATENT ALARM BATON

FRED. SYLVESTER.

Cordage manufactures.

Hemp,

23 N. Water Street and 22 N. Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.
CONRAD F. CLOTHIER PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.

A no noise, and has a cushion to protect furniture. GRIFFITH & PAGE, 1004 Arch street. Ohestant street, below Fourth

MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT
LOANED UPON DIAMONDS, WATCHES,
JEWELBY, PLATE, CLOTHING, &c., at
JUST RECEIVED AND IN STORE 1,000
Cases of Champagne, sparkling Catawba and California Wines, Port, Madeira, Shorry, Jamaica and Santa Corner of Third and Gaskill streets,
Below Lombard.

N. B.—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELBY, GUNS

RESEARCH THE PAGE,
1802 4p

UST RECEIVED AND IN STORE 1,000
Cases of Champagne, sparkling Catawba and California Wines, Port, Madeira, Shorry, Jamaica and Santa Cirus Rum, ine old Brandies and Whishies, Wholesale and Retail.

P. J. JORDAN, 222 Peer street,
Below Third and Wester streets, and above Dock treets. TORDAN'S CELEBRATED PURE TONIO JORDAN'S CELEBRATED FURBITUMIO

Ale for invalids, family use, &c.

The subscriber is now furnished with his full Winter
supply of his highly nutritious and well-known beverage. Its wide-spread and increasing use, by order of
physicians, for invalids, use of families, &c., commend it
to the attention of all consumers who want a strictly
pure sticlep prepared from the best materials, and put
up in the most careful manner for home use or transporup in the most careful manner for home use or transportation. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly supplied.

P. J. JORDAN, THE DAILY, EVENING BULETIN-PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1870. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL:

See Lebigh Gold Lai is 92 1100 sh Read R 2dys&in

| Non | do | 1224 | 1300 ah | do | 124 | 431 | 1400 ah | do | 124 | 431 | 1400 ah | do | 124 | 431 | 1400 ah | do | 60da a af 30 43 | 150 ah | do | 60da | do | 60da | 431 | 450 ah | do | 60da | 431 | 450 ah | do | 60da The Bill to be Promptly Signed and the local Sun & Eric 7s 160 A sh Leh Val R 2000 Elmira R 7s 200 h do lts 400 West Jersey 6s 88% 2sh Penn R 1.sh Bho (NA 27 14sh do lts 100 sh Leh Rav. 8th b' 0 32% 100 sh Read B 530

Philadelphia Ropey Market. ther more active than usual. The supply of curre dly easy. We quote call loans at 5 per cent, or und ying overnment collaterals. First-case manness pa-per continues very scarce, and much competition exists among money-lenders for its possession. The rates are consequently irregular, and cannot be quoted above 6 per cent., as a rule, for first-class names. The gold market was rather active this morning, by ening sales were at 119, and towards noon at 119%, ext in the locality known as Georgetown, one certain members of Congress have prices are again on the rise. In State loans there were the suburbs of this place, by which 5 tenant been up this morning to see sales of the War coupons at 101%. City sixes were bid for the old.

Reading Raffroad opened weak, with sales at 48%, but recovered, selling as high as 48%, 48.56, closing steady. Pennsylvania Railroad sold at II—an advance of 3/2 Mine Hill Railroad at 51%, and Lehigh Valley Railroad at 54%. 41 was bid for Little Schuylkill; 36 for North

There were seme sales of Canal stocks. Lehigh went off at 32½; 16 was bid for Schuylkill, and 60 for Morris the fire department. One poor man, a terman, who had lost considerably by the fire,
ence to Congress sometime during next week,
In miscellaneous stocks the only sales were in Thir teenth and Fifteenth Streets Bailway at 20.

Philadelphia Produce Market. Brooklyn Navy Yard, May 2, next, and placed on waiting orders.

Court Martial Sentence Cases.

The following order has just been promulgated from the War Department: "By direction of the Secretary of War, in cases in fair request and 5.000 tubels new Yellow sold at 82 and 81 60 for choice Genessee White. By is steady at 81. Corn continues in fair request and 5.000 tubels new Yellow sold at 82 and 81 60 for choice Genessee White. By is steady at 81. Corn continues in fair request and 5.000 tubels new Yellow sold at 82 and 81 60 for choice Genessee White.

24th of September, 1862, or early in the days of the war The natural weakness of the market was assisted speculative sales on the part of persons interested siocks and governments, who hope to influence "break" in the latter by a lower range in the p minm. The decline was resisted by the few "bulk remaining in the Gold Room, who flooded the stre with bulleting from Washington and elsewhere ca calated to strengthen the market. Both sides has commenced to operate in these news despatches, and a sooner is a "bear" story affoat than the "bulks" following the work of the securative of the securative decided to influence citier side of the securative strategy of the gold dealers. Holders of gold had their balances carried at rates ranging from eix down to three per cent.

Despite the various rumors set affoat regarding the limit of price and the amount to be sold the Government disposed of a million of gold to day at the Sha-Treasury

Sentence of Another Paris Editor LETTER FROM BOCHEFORT

LATEST FROM WASHINGTO PARIS, Feb. 18.—Arthur Fouville has bee sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay five hundred francs for violating the press law. Henri Rochefort writes from the prison where he is confined to his paper, the Marseillaise, that the Prefect of Police has seized his editorial articles. He complains that while up to the present time the incarcerated impraging

Sympathy for Spain.

MADRID, Feb. 18.—The journals of this city publish to-day an address signed by London and Liverpool merchants, expressing the hope that the Spanish troops will soon subdue the Cuban insurgents. Accompanying the address, which was dated October 8, 1869, was a contribution of £1,870 sterling, to aid the cause of the mother country.

Mr. Sherman said he was amazed at the opposition manifested here to this bill. No money is asked for—nothing but authority to hold the Exposition. He thought Congress ought to pass this bill, though he might think the District of Columbia people could exhibit their enterprise in a more desirable way. He called attention to the fact that Congress had hitherto aided other great commercial enterprises in the past, such as railroads, canals, &c., and thought this exhibition equally deserving. this exhibition equally described.

Mr. Schurz opposed the bill. He compared Washington to the great cities of Europe, and claimed that to be successful the exhibition BREMEN, Feb. 18 .- Petroleum opened firmer must be held at some centre of population, trade, wealth and enterprise. He then gave an interesting history or world's fairs in the past, and argued that the one proposed could hardly be a credit to the country. Pending Mr. Schurz's remarks the Senate

for one hundred thousand dollars.

The following communications were laid before the House by the Speaker:

From the Secretary of the Treasury, transpitting the receipts from customs in Alaska since that territory was; organized: Also, the number of special agents now in the employ of the Treasury, with a full list of the number of clerks employed in the Treasury in 1869, with the amount of compensation paid. Transand the House Naval Committee, are expected here to morrow.

A ball will be given on Monday evening at the Naval Academy in honor of the English naval officers.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—Last night desired.

The Mississippi Bill.

Several members elect. of Congress from Mississippi called to ask the President to defer signing the Mississippi bill for the present, but failed to obtain an audience.

Nominations.

The Mississippi Bill.

From the Secretary of the Interior, recommending the appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars to pay the vouchers of Gen. Harney's disbursements to the Sioux Indians: recommending an appropriation.

The following Nominations.

> On motion of Mr. Dawes the usual morning Discussion was resumed on the motion to strike out the item appropriating twenty-six thousand seven hundred dollars for the construction of a branch Treasury Department.
>
> Mr. Loughridge said he would abolish this crying abuse by refusing to appropriate the money for it. He proceeded to attack the extension and incorrections of the innerview.

utterly unable to tell within half a million the cost of some of the buildings now in process of crection. He travels all over the country on free passes, yet at San Fransisco he had drawn thirty thousand dollars for traveling