# Dain Coaning Bulletin

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

VOLUME XXIII.—NO. 250.

PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1870.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

# MARTH CLOSET COMPANY'S COM-MODES and apparatus for fixed closets, at A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.'s. 513 Market st. degitu the 2015 WEDDING INVITATIONS EN-

DREEA Stationer and Engraver, 1032 Chestnut fe20 tf

HENING—DAWES.—On the evening of the 27th inst., y the Rev. Peter Russell, Rev. E. W. Hening to Sally daughter of the late Samuel F. Dawes, all of this City, City, Camden, N. J., on Thursday evening, January Zith, by Rov. Hermann S. Boffman, Walson F. Thacher and Katle L., daughter of Dr. G. S. F. Pfeister, all of Philadelphia.

HANSON.—On the morning of the 20th inst., William W. Hauson. in the 33d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to strond his functui, from the residence of his father, 1812 South Rittenhouse Square, on Monday, 31st inst., at 2 o'clock. LIGOET —On the morning of the 28th inst., William, son of Robert and Jane Ligget, in the 28th year of J., son of movers and color his age.

The relatives and male friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his parents, 1292 Filbert street, on Monday afternoon, 31st rents, 1429 Filbert street, on Monday afternoon, 31st inst. at 2 o'clock.

PENINGT(N).—On the 25th instant, William L. C. Penington, souncests on of the late Win. L. C. Penington, souncests on of the late Win. L. C. Penington, souncests of the late Win. L. C. Penington, so west Philadelphia.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the inneral, from his late residence, No. 3215 Bridge street, on Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M. THUEKITT.—On the 27th inst. Frances V. wife of L. A. Trujefitt, and daughter of the late George and Eliza H. Vaux.

Funeral from the residence of her husband, 124 North Beventeenths street, on Monday, January 31st, at 10 o'clock A. M.

PASHIONABLE BLACK POPLINS. PASHIONABLE CHAIN MOHAIR.

BTAG BRAND ALPACA,

SUPERIOR BLACK BIARITZ,

FARMIONABLE BLACK SILKS

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH and ARCH Streets.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

# JOHN WANAMAKER,

FINEST

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.

818 AND 820 CHESTNUT STREET.

BOYS' CLOTHING

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

# ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THE STAR COURSE OF LECTURES. SECOND SERIES. OPENING LECTURE BY

WENDELL PHILLIPS,
MONDAY EVENING, January 31.
Bubject—The Questions of To-marrow.
PETROLKUM Y. NASBY (D. R. Locke), February 3. bject—The Lords of Creation.

BALPH WALDO EMERSON, February 7.

Subject—The Lords of Arganon.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON, February 7.

Subject—Social Life in America.

Gubyect—He Koli of Honor.

GEO WM. CORTIS, Kebruare 21.

Subject—Our National Folly—The Civil Service.

Prof. HENRY MOBTON, February 25.

Subject—Solar Eclipses.

BAYARD TAYLOR, March 3.

Subject—Heform and Art.

JOHN G. SAXE, March 21.

Subject—French Folks at Home.

Prof. ROBERT E. ROGERS, March 24.

Subject—Chemical Forces in Nature and the Arts.

ANNA E. DICKINSON, April 7.

Subject—Down Breaks.

Admission to each Lecture, 50c. Reserved Seats, 75c.
Tickets to any of the Lectures for sale at Gonid's, No.
923 Chestnut street, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. ja25-tf

ANNIVERSARY OF THE MERof the Merchants' Fund will be celebrated at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
On WEI'NESDAY EYENING, Feb. 2, at 7½ o'clock.
The annual report of the Board of Managers will be
oud, and addresses will be delivered by
Hon. WILLIAM STRONG,
Rev. J. L. WITHEROW,
Hon. JAMES R. LUDLOW,
GEORGE H. STUART, Esq.
The orchestra will be under the direction of MARK
HASSLER.
Cards of almission may be had gratitously, by early

HASSLER. Cards of admission may be had gratitously, by early application at S. E. corner Third and Walnut streets, No. 110 North Delaware avenue, No. 516 Market street, No. 51 South Fourth street, or of either of the following

WILLIAM C. LUDWIG, JAMES C. HAND, A. J. DERBYSHIRE, THOMAS C: HAND, JAMES B. MCFABLAND, Committee of Arrangements ja19tfe2rp

NOTICE.—THE DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL COMPANY AND THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

On and after February 1st, 1870, the Stockholders on the above Companies, of January 16th, 1870, are entitled to a dividend of Five (6) per cent., payable at 111 Liberty street, New York, or 206 South Delaware avenue, Philadelphia.

TRENTON, N. J., January 17th. 1870.

TRENTON, N. J., January 17th. 1870. jai8 12trp RICHARD STOCKTON, Treasurer. OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND RABITAN CANAL AND CAMBON AND AMBOY BAILBOAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES.

The holders of the new scrip in the above Companies are hereby notified that the time for paying the last installment will expire February 10, 1870. At any time before that date it may be paid by those holding the receipts of RIUHARD S. TROWBRIDGE, Cashler, or F. S. CONOVER, Transfer Agent, to Mr. TROWBRIDGE, at this office, who is authorized to receipt for the same, on the back of the receipt for first installment.

Jail-teep BICHARD STOCKTON, Treasurer.

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAIL-ROAD COMPANY
PHILADELPHIA, January 25, 1870.

NOTICE TO STOCK HOLDERS.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 18th day of February 1870, at 10 c clock A. M., at the Hall of the Assembly Bulldings, S. W. corner of Tenth and Obestmut streets, Philadelphia.

The annual election for Directors will be held on MONDAY, the 7th day of March, 1870, at the Office of the Company, No. 238 South Third street.

JOSEPH LESLEY, ja25tfelirp§

ja25tfel4rp§ DEPARTMENT OF SURVEYS VEYOR.

PHILADELPHIA, January 18, 1870.

NOTICE.—Duplicate plans of the survey and grade regulations of Long Lane, from Federal to Millin street, are now prepared and deposited for inspection at the office of Thomas Daly, No. 1102 South Ninth street, and also at the office of this Department, No. 221 South Fifth street, and the Board of Surveyors have appointed MONDAY, February.the 7th, 1870, at 10½ c'cluck A. M., 10 consider any objections that may be urged thereto by any citizen interested therein.

STRICKLAND KNEASS, Chief Engineer and Surveyor.

A M E R I C A N ACADEMY OF
MUSIC.
HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.
Becond Concert, February 8, 1870.
"MOSES IN EGYPT."
Tickets at Music Stores. ja28-3t rp

TO CONSUMERS OF GAS—REDUCTION IN PRIOE.

The Board of Trustoes of the Philadelphia Gas Works have reduced the price on all gas consumed by private consumers, on and after the 1st day of February next, twenty-five cents per thousand, making the price two dollars and thirty cents per thousand cubic feet.

THOMAS R. BROWN, Engineer.

Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1870. ja273trp

# SPECIAL NOTICES.

LIEBIG'S COMPANY'S EXTRACT
of Meat secures great economy and convenience,
in housekeeping and excellence in cooking. None
genuine without the signisture of Baron Liebiz, they
inventor, and of Dr. Max Yon Pottenkofer, delogate,
ja26-w s-tf J. MILHAU'S SONS, 183 Brondway, N.Y. 1109 GIRARD STREET. 1109 TURKICH BUSSIAN AND PERFUMED BATHS,

CHURCH HOME FOR CHILDREN.

—The Annual Meeting of Contributors will be held at the Home. N. E. corner of Twenty-second and Pinestreets, on TUESDAY, February 1, at 11 o'clock A. M. HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518

# RELIGIOUS NOTICES. ARCH STREET M. E. CHURCH,

ARCH STREET M. E. CHUECH,
Rev. R. R. Meredith, of Newark, N. J., to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers invited. R.

CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN

CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN Church, Locust street, above Fifteenth, Rev. Dr phrey, pastor.—Services at 10½ A. M. and lt\*

SECOND REFORMED CHURCH, Seventh street above Brown. Rev. Isaac 8. Hartley, pastor, will preach to morrow 18. I. A. M. and 7½ P. M. REV. C. WADSWORTH, D. D., PAS-tor, will preach to morrow in the Third Re-formed Church, Tenth street, below Arch. Services 12/2 A M., 7/5 P. M. SIXTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, will preselve the street - Rev

Spruce, below Sixth street.—Rev. S. M. Gould will preach to morrow at 10% o'clock A. M. and 7% o'clock P. M. All are invited 1t. UNITARIAN CHURCH, GER-mantown.—Subject of discourse to-morrow morn-ing. A Plea for Education." Evening—Lecture upon "William Ellery Channing." Seats free. FIRST REFORMED CHURCH, Swenth and Spring Garden streets, Rev. s X. Orr, Postor, will preach to morrow at 10½; in the evening at 7½ to young mentions.

ALEXANDER PRESBYTERIAN Church, Mineteenth and Green streets. Presching on next Sabhath, at 10% o'clock A. M. and 7% o'clock P. M., by Rev. Dr., W. R. Marshall, of Columbus, Ohio. MAN'S BEST FRIEND.—CLINTON

Street Presbyterian Church. Tenth street, below-nice. Rev. John W. Mears, D. D., will preach on the sive subject on Sunday evening, at 7% o'clock. Altr-ited. THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN
Church, Washington Square.—Rev. Herrick
Johnson, D. D., Pastor, will preach to morrow at 1842
A. M. and 734 P. M. In the evening the seventh of the
series to Young Men. Subject—"The Mocker." It WEST SPRUCE STREET CHURCH,
Seventeenth and Spruce streets—Rev. W. P.
Bried, D. D. Paster. Service to morrow at 10% A. M.
the second of the sermons on the Book of Job.

11. THERE WILL BE A REVIVAL Eighth street above Race, on Sunday morning at 95. o'clock. Preaching by Rev. B. W. Humphriss, at 104. A. M. Evening Services at 75 P. M. Allare cordially invited.

SERMON TO YOUNG MEN,
WINDER THE AUSPICES OF THE YOUNG
MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—REV. WM.
WILBERFORCE NEWTON will preach a sermon
especially to young mep To-Morrow (Sabbath) evening,
in the Church of the Epiphany, corner of Fifteenth and
Chestnut streets, at 7½ of clock.
Seats reserved for young men.

# Sents reserved for young men. Medical students and strangers in the city are cordially invited to attend. THE COAL TRADE.

Interesting Statements. The Mauch Chunk Gazette of yesterday has the following: There was transported last week over both There was transported last week over both railroads 76,131 13 tons of anthracite; and 816 tons of bituminous, making a total tonnage 76,947 13 tons, against 59,664 07 tons the corresponding week last year—an increase of 17,283 06 tons. Our reports also show an increase of 9,737 08 tons over the previous week. While the market cannot be said to have improved during the partyrials and the have improved during the past week, and although a great deal of coal remains piled up at Philadelphia and New York, the comfortable in crease of the tonnages from this region is en-couraging. And taking the unusually warm weather into consideration—the warmest for the season that has been known in Pennsylvania since 1842. we are of opinion that a better state of affairs could not reasonably be anticipated. As matters now exist below, operators and miners cannot complain so long as production continues to show such a flattering increase over the corresponding time last year, and any margin at all is realized on sales. It must be remembered that in addition to the obvious reasons for the depression of the coal market, the country is passing through a crisis which embarrasses every branch of business. Manufacturers, producers and tradesmen seriously feel the stringency of the money market, and coal must necessarily suffer also. We feel that with the unsettied state of the "basis" question, the immense amount of coal at the shipping points, the still high rate of tolls, the mild weather, and the general "hard times," we should be thankful for steady work and small profits all around. As to the trade for the new year the one opinion of dealers and the press seems to be that a largely increased production and a steady market at low prices will be had. This we believe, and our convictions are strengthened by the growthe money market, and coal must necessarily our convictions are strengthened by the growing temperateness of the miners in their official intercourse, with their employers. The cial intercourse with their employers. The bitterness which, before the inauguration of the basis era, generally characterized the adjustment of their differences, seems to be yielding under the truer independence of the basis system, and disputed questions are now met and settled more amicably and intelligently. We have ever maintained that there need be no conflict between the employer and employed, and that in mining as in other business operations. that in mining as in other business operations, mutual respect, the recognition of each other's rights, and fair understandings between capital and labor are possible. It is gratifying to find practical illustrations of this truth in

issues now pending.

LEHIGH AND WYOMING REGIONS. There has been no particular change in the general aspect of affairs since last week. Work is going on, most of the collicities reporting heavier tonnages, and a more buoyant spirit being noticeable since the reduction of railroad tolls. Much interest has been manifested regarding the Scranton sale in New York of Wednesday last (a report of which appears herewith, and some apprehensions are felt as to the probable effect the selling of 75,000 tons at auction will have upon a drugged market.

-Titiens is more devoted to art than to love A romantic story is told about her early career. A young man of wealth and position once wished to marry her, but he made it a condition that she should give up her profession. She asked for nine months to consider his proposals, but happily at the end of that time she made a choice of the stage, to the lasting benefit of the world generally.

benefit of the world generally.

The Pifferari music by the peasant minstrels at Rome is described as peculiarly hideous. "First there is the bagpipe with its sustained chords, and then suddenly commencing on the sixth, the fearful zampogna, with a tone resembling the shriek of the tortured ape, hurrying down, with certain quick cross-figures, to the tonic; stopping there for a while, and then beginning the horrible process from the commencement again." cess from the commencement again."

-Madame Viardot-Garcia denies the report that she is about to return to the lyric stage, which she left seven years ago.

# EUROPEAN AFFAIRS

# THE PARIS TRAGEDY.

A Death Sketch of Victor Noir. The Paris Figuro thus sketches the death-chamber of Victor Noir: The mortuary chamber has an extremely plain appearance. An iron bedstead, and nothing more. The body is extended on the bed. The feet are uncovered, and the right hand remains gloved. The blood-stained shirt is open, and shows the breast. On the left side of the breast is a small hole about the size of a centime. The heart is there: it is there the ball pierced. small hole about the size of a centime. The heart is there; it is there the ball pierced, and death followed. The face still bears a defiant look. The dilated nostrils and half-opened mouth give the pale features a strange aspect. Victor Noir was brave. His look shows it. A slight mustache shadows his upper lip. Some words of vengeance are heard. A voice says, "Silence in presence of the dead." At the side of the bed is a double ladder; on which a candle is burning. This single light gives a dramatic is burning. This single light gives a dramatic effect to the sketch which Gill was making as we entered. Gill is one of those whom Victor loyed. Being of a frank and upright nature he loved the sincere. A child is brought in. It is about five years at right nature he loved the sincere. A child is brought in. It is about five years at most. This is Ernest, the nephew of Victor-Noir, whom he adored. "You see your uncle is asleep," says some one. "Ah!" says the child, with a curious stare, "for how long?" "Forever!" "Oh! see, sir. how he has bled; some one has hurt him." "Kiss him." "How nole he is! I wish to have have been a long." pale he is! I wish to shake hands with him, like this morning." We look on with silence. This unconscious grief of the child, this singular phrase, "some one has hurt him," touches us more perhaps than the tears of his intended wife, his sister-in-law, father, mother and

Prince Bonsparte's Italian Exploit. The Reforme says of Prince Bonaparte that while residing at Canino his huntsman was about to be married to a young girl. The Prince was paying attentions to her which the huntsman resented, and told him he would not sanction their continuance. Some days after he was shot in the head, while in the middle of the woods, by Pierre Bona-parte himself. Public rumor soon made known the perpetrator to the police, and a captain of the mounted force was charged with his arrest. Pierre Bonaparte had a certain reputation for courage, and also was known to carry arms. The officer arranged to arrest him at the cafe which he usually visited, and to have two men to seize him on receiving a signal. The captain went to the cafe, seated himself near Pierre Bonaparte, and engaged in conversation with him. While speaking he remarked the butt-ends of two pistels, spoke of their fine carving, and having got them into his hand, he believed it a favorable moment to give the signal. But the assassin was otherwise armed, and during the fight he found a chance to stab the captain ranged to arrest him at the cafe which he the fight he found a chance to stab the captain with a stiletto. The Pope had him, tried for this double murder, when he was sentenced to death, but was pardoned by the Pope.

# THE GREAT COUNCIL.

A Roman letter has the following item:
The boldness of the opposition bishops astonishes the Roman prelates, who, as the fierce words ring through the hall, hardly believe their own ears. "Do you wish, my venerable brothers," cried the Archbishop of Halifax "to treasment the control of the reherable brothers," cried the Archbishop of Halifax, "to know my opinion of the schemata? Well, then, I wish all these decrees to be buried in the depths of the earth, and never to be mentioned again." The magnificent oration of Monsignor Strossmeyer did not spare the Pope himself. "We bishops are summoned to Rome," he said, "not to approve, but to decree. Hence it is necessary to invite the Holv Father to be present at all our discussions; for if we are nothing without the Pope, the Pope, in his turn, is nothing without us." It was at this point that Cardinal Capalti, the President Legate (and not Cardinal di Luca,

as stated by public rumor), called Monsignor Strossmeyer to order. Presents for the Prelates. The King of Burmah intends to present each of the 750 Fathers of the Council with a pastoral cross, enriched with gems. That of the Pope is reported to be an Oriental masterpiece. The crosses will be transmitted through the Propaganda, which is daily ex-

# ENGLAND.

pecting their arrival.

Robbery of Minister Motley's House The Pall Mall Gazette of the 13th inst. says: The Pall Mall Gazette of the 13th inst. says: Yesterday, at the Police Court, Liverpool, two young men named Edward Curtis Steele and Thomas Mortimer, were brought up on suspicion of having been concerned in the late robbery at the London residence of Mr. Motley, the American Minister, when upwards of £2,000 worth of plate and jewelry was carried off. On Tuesday the prisoners, who said they were natives of London, oftered in pledge, to a Mr. Cohen, of Duke street, Liverpool, a statuette of Victory, which, with its frame or stand, (from which other figures, &c., had evidently been broken) is of massive Sc., had evidently been broken) is of massive silver, and of considerable value. Suspecting that the men had not come honestly by the article, Mr. Cohen called in the police. From inquiries they made there is reason to believe that the figure, &c., formed part of the robbery at Mr. Motley's house. The prisoners were remanded.

### FROGS AND FRENCHMEN. The Frog Trade in France.

We believe that the notion that Frenchmen live principally on frogs is somewhat discredited at present, but the following would go to show that the creed of our grandathers is not altogether without foundation even at the present day:—"The exportation of frogs to France," says the Echo du Luxemboury, "has developed considerably of late. A man named B, of Vance, has forwarded 200,000 in the last three weeks; on Thursday he sent off 30,000. They are chiefly sent to Rheims, Nancy and Paris. weeks; on Thursday he sent on 20,000. They are chiefly sent to Rheims, Nancy and Paris. A thousand frogs fetch 13fr., and weigh 50 kilegrammes (1 cwt.). They enter France duty free. At Rheims 25 pairs of frogs' legs can be bought for sixty centimes. The thighs, are every one knows make delicious can be bought for sixty centimes. The thighs, as every one knows, make delicious joints with white sauce and in a fricassée. They are thus a dish by no means to be despised. But the rest of the body, and the skin—the sticky, slimy skin—what is done with that? Why, they make—turtle soup of it! Yes, that savory mock turtle, over which gourmands lick their lips, has for its chief foundation the animals which haunt the marshes and the fields of Luxembourg. The autumn and the spring are the best time of year autumn and the spring are the best time of year

The Steamship Hunter and the Peabody Funeral Fleet. It gives us no little pleasure to inform the friends of Captain Harding, of the steamship Hunter, of the falsity of the report that, when his vessel was hailed by the United States steamship Plymouth; to ascertain the bearings of Block Island, he tur ned about and put in an opposite direction. Captain Hardingsays:

"On Sunday morning we saw the United States steamship Plymouth steering west by north. First made her on our port side. When north. First made her on our port side. When we crossed her stern, she spoke us, asking where we were from; answered, but received no reply. After waiting fully ten minutes, and seeing no motion made toward us, we kept on our course. Shortly afterward the engineer reported that he heard the report of a gun, which proved to be from the steamship Monarch. Immediately stopped and asked what was wanted. The captain of the Monarch boarded us, and asked if we knew anything about the American squadron. Wo told him we heard they were going either to Boston or Portland. Gave him the reckoning of Montauk Point. He stated that his vessel was the Monarch. He left, thanking us for our kindness."

was the Monarch. He left, thanking us for our kindness."

Captain Harding states positively that he heard no gun fired from the American steamship, and was ignorant who she was until he reached port. On his arrival here he reported and requested the officers of the Exchange to inform the authorities of Portland of the provinity of the float and review to find the float and review to float and review proximity of the fleet, and we give this correction as an act of justice to Captain Harding, who is well and favorably known, not only in the United States, but in nearly all quarters of the globe—North American.

# CRIME.

# BANK SWINDLE IN PITTSBURGH.

Two Banks Victimized. The Pittsburgh Dispatch of yesterday says: One of the boldest swindles experienced one of the boldest swindles experienced hereabouts for a long time was perpetrated in this city yesterday, the Second National Bank and the Third National being the victims. A few days ago, two strangers of respectable appearance called at each bank and deposited money, in one case \$1,000, and in the other a smaller sum—representing at the time that they were about presenting at the time that they were about engaging in the produce and commission business here, on behalf of certain New York houses. Afterwards they drew various sums until their deposits were almost exhausted. There was nothing unusual in this, howewer, or at all calculated to excite

At two o'clock yesterday afternoon, the strangers called at the Third National Bank, and presented what purported to be a certified check for \$8,000 on the Corn Exchange Bank of New York, drawn to the order of "R. Cetherwood" (one of the print and size of the corn. of New York, drawn to the order of "R. Catherwood" (one of the pair), and signed by H. L. Roth, a commission merchant of New York. This they wished to deposit, but desired \$3,200 on it just then—leaving the balance to be taken up when their business demands would render it necessary. The bank people thought every thing square; and, believing the check all right, paid the \$3,200, on which "Catherwood" and his companion left. They next visited the Second National Bank, where they presented another check Bank, where they presented another check for \$8,000. Here, likewise, the document was accepted in good faith, and the snug little sum of \$2,500 handed over to Mr. Catherwood on the strength of it, with the understanding that the balance of the \$8,000 could be had on

It would seem that, in the course of the afternoon one of the banks grew slightly suspicious in regard to the genuineness of the "Catherin regard to the genuineness of the "Cather-wood" papers, and thought it would be well to telegraph to the "Corn Exchange," in New York, and ascertain whether Mr. Roth had the necessary amount of funds on hand at that institution. An answer was returned that he had no account there at all, which had the effect of creating an immediate curiosity as to the whereabouts of the strange produce and commission merchants. Fully convinced that the checks were forgeries, the Mayor's office was visited and two separate informations were lodged against Catherwood and his companion, one by the officers of the Second, and the other by the officers of the Third National Bank. Warrants were placed in the hands of the police, out so far they have not been able even to find a trace of the alleged swindlers. It is possible that, on getting the \$5,700, they took the early train leaving the city; and, if such is the case, it is altogether likely that the bank officials will know them no more

## THE WILLIAMSPORT SUICIDE. A Letter of the Victim's.

The Lycoming Gazette says:
Below we give the letter found upon the body of Samuel Landouer, the unfortunate young man who destroyed his life with a pistol, at the City Hotel, on Wednesday morning. The letter had first been dated at Wil iamsport, but it seemed he had afterward decided to go to Scranton, and had erased Williamsport and substituted Scranton in its stead. We give the letter entire:

SCRANTON, Jan. 21, 1870.—Dear father, mother, sisters and bro's, farewell! I can live no longer. I am going to commit suicide to-day. Enclosed find pawn ticket for my watch and chain I have along. You will have to write to the firm, telling them to send on the watch C. O. D., and send them the ticket, or the best way would be to go there and get it. Caution Willie not to follow in my footsteps, as if he does he will regret it. Give my love to Ettie Strause, Ettie Spotts and Mose Isaacs. Please pay my debts to the boys and to Mr. Goldpay my debts to the boys and to Mr. Goldsmith, and let me have rest in my grave. Let me be buried only in a plain box, and I do not wish to have any but relatives at my funeral. Willie, the last favor I ask of you is to quit spending so much money, as that was what ruined me, and not go with companions that have more money to spend then you as that will lead you to wish pend than you, as that will lead you to wish ı had more yourself, and therefore, you will try to get it, no matter how. Keep Henry out of harm's reach, as if he is not checked he will be ruined also. Take good care of Maurice. Farewell! it is no use for me to live, as I will be nothing but a plague and cause of sorrow to you all. A thousand kisses to Julius and Clarence, and tell them that I will never come again to see them, and tell Julius that he must forget me, as I am not worthy of remembrance, even from the meanest cur

living. SAM. LANDOUER.
We have since learned that he ran away from home of his own accord, and probably became discouraged and ashamed, and resolved on suicide as the quickest, if not the most honorable and satisfactory way of terminating his troubles.

A voung man, sent by most nonorable and satisfactory way of ter-minating his troubles. A young man, sent by the parents, arrived here yesterday morning and took charge of the body. It was placed aboard the cars at 9.25 yesterday morning and taken home to his parents. We learn that the father is almost distracted by the tragic end of his boy.

# MYSTERIOUS SUICIDE. Body of a Young Lady Found at Marcus Hook.

# The station agent at Linwood (Marcus Hook), on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, Mr. Casey, writes us today that the body of a young lady has been found in McCay's dam, near that place, and it is supposed that she compatted suicide.

She was apparently about twenty years of age, had brown hair, and a light complexion; wore a dark dress, and a light-colored cloak. About three dollars in money were found in her pocket, but no other paper or articles that afforded any clue to her identity. Nothing has been learned as to who she was, or where from, or what led her to the commission of self-destruction, if she is really a snicide. ..... from, or what led her to the commission of self-destruction, if she is really a suicide.

The Chester Republican states the further particulars that the body was found on Wednesday. Her clothing consisted of a black alpaca dress, red merino quilted skirt, and a light grey cloth circular or mantle, black velvet hat, with green veil, and a new pair of morocco boots. She had in her pocket a lace handkerchief, in which was wrapped a small sum of money. The body is at the residence of John McCay, in Upper Chichester, where it will remain until Friday at 3 o'clock. A young woman was seen to pass Upper Chichester, young woman was seen to pass Upper Chi-chester Cross Roads, on Saturday last, be-tween ten and eleven o'clock, whose appear-ance corresponded with that of the deceased. Esquire Loughead held an inquest on the body.—Wilmington Commercial.

THE COURTS.

# THE CONTESTED ELECTION CASES

Conclusion of the Argument

SUPREME COURT—Chief Justice Thompson and Justices Read, Agnew, Sharswood and Williams. The argument in the contested election cases was resumed and concluded this morning, Mr. Wm. L. Hirst making the last address. He reviewed at some length the line of decisions in the court below in concested election cases, holding that these established

election cases, holding that these established that the right of an elector is not to he destroyed, and that impossibility is the only test to justify the exclusion of a precinct. In this case he quoted from the several opinions given in order to show that Judges Allies and Poisson. quoted from the several opinions given in order to show that Judges Allison and Peirce did not concur with Judge Brewster in his ruling by which the respondents were ousted. In the complaint filed in that case there is no allegation that the votes of legal voters were refused; no allegation that there was a false computation of votes at the close of the election; no allegation that the return was false. He took up the petition to show that there was no "impossibility" in purging the pells. In one specification it is alleged that the votes of 128 persons were received who were not on the list of taxables. If this be so, it could be established by a comparison of the list of taxables with the list of voters, hence there was no impossibility here. It was also averred that the election officers received the votes of one hundred and fifty-three persons

averred that the election officers received the votes of one hundred and fifty-three persons who represented others on the list. If this was true it could be proved, and the number could be stricken from the count; if it could not be proved, it was out of the case. Thus it appeared that it was possible to purge the poll. If the Court below has the right to exclude a precinct, the time may come when a committee of the Legislature, taking this as the law, will disfranchise entire counties in a contested election for Governor. In times of great political excitement this may be done, and revolution may be the result. be done, and revolution may be the result.

Mr. Hirst discussed at some length all the assignment of errors, and at the close the case was held under advisement.

# ANNEXATION IN SAN DOMINGO.

# The Unpopularity of Bacz-His Attitude Toward the Haytians-The Clergy Op-posed to Him-His Negotiations-Another General Pronounced.

SAN DOMINGO, Jan. 13.—President Baez, seeing that his troops are deserting him and going over to the standard of Cabral, has annuaced in flattering transports. going over to the standard of Cabral, has an-nounced in flattering terms to his employes, both civil and military, that they will continue to hold their present positions and draw large salaries from the United States as soon as the annexation project shall have been consummated. To Bacz it was perhaps a matter of inlifterence whether he leaves his country u der a load of compromises, or whether the United States shall so complicate their bargain with him that they will be obliged at last to retire discreditably from San Domingo, or endeavor to subjugate the restless Dominicans. But Bacz will know how to profit by the dislike which his countrymen feel toward foreign dominion. Since the fall of Salnave (who cannot hereafter demand of Baez the \$25,000 he lent him to oppose the cession of Samana at a former day) Baez has caused the circulation of the report that the revolutionists under the

command of Cabral and Pimentel are Cacos from Hayti. He urges that all Dominicans should rise up against this Haytian invasion, ignoring the fact that Haytian soldiers led by a Haytian General entered the capital with him as part of his own army. Does he not remember Gen. Barriere, whose men marched member Gen. Barriere, whose men marched into the city of Domingo, shouting "Down with Cabral—away with the Ojos-Azules" (blue-eyes, meaning Yankees!)

It has been said that the Dominican clergy are in favor of Baez. This is not true. The Vicar is a foreigner, while among the exiles tigure the most venerable priests, as for example. Either Yankers A Morine the west talkets.

tigure the most venerable priests, as for example, Father F. A. Merino, the most talented man, perhaps, in the Republic. He is the Archbishop elect. Other reverend exiles are noteworthy. Father Gutierrez, a man 70 years of age, is distinguished in the province of Seyho as "the father of the poor." Father Figari, aged 60 years, an American citizen, has his house at Higuey, where it is called "the house of charity." Father Pineli, the curé of Santiago de los Ca-Father Pineli, the cure of Santiago de los Ca-belleros; Father Richardo, the cure of the Cathedral Church of Santo Domingo City; Father Moya, cure of La Vega, who died in banishment, have been always opposed to Danishment, have been always opposed to Baez. Receiving no support from the natives toward carrying out his projects, Baez looked abroad for encouragement. Of all the clergy only Father Bougement-sustained him, and he is a Belgian.

In the city of San Domingo, several persons were forced to lend the President support. These were Mr. Fabeus, whom New Yorkers will remember as baying been engaged soveral

will remember as having been engaged several years ago in camel speculations; Gen. Caseneau, a filibuster and companion of Walker; and in England, Mr. Hartment Herzberg, of loan notoriety. These persons were attracted to San Domingo by the desire of obtaining concessions of land and mines, which they expected eventually to sell at enhanced prices. It is charged by Dominicans that Hartment hopes to realize \$500,000 by way of recompense for his services, in the event of making a loan already on the tapis to secure which the customhouse, the coals of Samana, the mines the woods and fields, and even the Capitol at Washington are expected to be pledged.

The Dominicans, in the meanwhile, are

controlled in their movements, more or less, controlled in their movements, more or less, by fear of their tyrant. But Baez trembles, although in power. The fall of Salnave annoys him and his dislikes increase. He detests the negroes, because at times he supposes himself white, and he dislikes the whites, because he sees that he is a negro. Sometime ago he declared himself an enemy of the Cubans and the Porto Ricans. and has of the Cubans and the Porto Ricans, and has lent himself to betray them. To add to his troubles, Gen. Benito Moneion, chief commander of the northern frontiers, has given up his commission since he learned of the Samana negotiation, and in Porto Plata it is positively asserted that he will declare in tavor of the revolution.—Tribune.

# Tracks in Rocks.

Some remarkable discoveries have been made in Grayson county, Ky., near Grayson Springs, one of the most romantic regions of the dark and bloody ground. A practical surveyor dark and bloody ground. A practical surveyor has been making extended surveys through that section, and with his fine practical and theoretical knowledge of surveying, combines unsurpassed attainments as a geologist. We received some facts from him yesterday relative to his discoveries that would puzzled the most learned and scientific in such matters. The hard and a circle line. in such matters. In the hard and solid limestone rock, impervious to the wear of time as adamant itself, are the exact and perfect tracks of human feet much larger than the ordinary size. These tracks are perfect in every particular. The toes, heels, and length and breadth of the feet being imprinted with wonderful exactness. He also discovered in solid limestone rock, on the slope of a high hill twelve inles from Litchfield, horse, mule, and colt tracks; some of these showed that the animals were shod, and others that they were not. But all were imbedded in the rock to the depth of two inches. Some of them show

that the animals were walking and others that they were running. In stripping off the earth, on which timber is growing, these tracks can be seen, covering an area of acres of ground. Some of the horse-tracks measure six inches across. The tracks of both the men and the animals are firmly imhedded in the world full and leaves. The tracks of both the men and the animals are firmly imbedded in the rock full and clearly defined. They may have been there for conturies. We know not. The oldest citizens and earliest settlers of that region knew of the existence of many of these fost prints years ago, when they looked just as they naw look, but none conjectured that they were so thick until recently.—Nashville (Tenn.) Union.

# FACTS AND FANCIES.

—Capital punishment for boys—Being obliged to sit between two girls at school.—Ex. —It is thirty-four years ago that Beecher commenced to preach.

—Donn Piatt calls Garrett Davis a "venera-ble wind instrument." -An Ohio weekly paper prints the names of its delinquent subscribers wrong side up. -Pickpockets gather in crowds only to dispurse them.—Ex.

—Gen. Sherman is said to have wept over Kate Bateman's "Mary Warner." -Fontana, editor of the posthumous works of Chopin, has hangod himself.

Cairo, in Egypt, has not only four hundred mosques, but also a Catholic, a Greek, a Coptic, a Lutheran and Episcopal Church. -During 1869 118 newspapers, 66 of which were published in Portugal.

—Fechter is engaged to play Ruy Blas at the theatre of the Porte St. Martin, in Paris, next spring. —In New York the best informed citizens pronounce Horace Greeley's name as "Horse Guerrilla."

—A California paper abuses a man because he backed ont of a fight after getting both ears

-A Des Moines widow's heart sings for joy over an insurance policy of \$20,000, the largest one paid in that city. —Oliver Dyer says the outcast children of New York would make, in double file, a procession eleven miles long.

-Russians are said to have invented nothing but a peculiar tea-urn and ready-made cigarettes.

—An eccentric young woman in St. Paul, Minn., playfully bit off her lover's thumb in a tiff they had the other day. —Kennedy, the ballad singer, is in Scotland, where he is giving concerts. At Dundee lately he was especially successful.

-M. Maxime du Camp, who has made a study of such subjects, says that French prisoners under sentence of death show a great fondness for Fenimore Cooper's novels. —A charitable institution has just been started in Indianapolis, under the auspices of Hebrews, having for its object the care and education of unfortunate children.

-The Cincinnati lawyers couldn't find any charge that hit the case of the bogus doctor who dosed a man with six gallons of warm water for rheumatism, and linally killed him. —A Buffalo youth recently tore his own eyes out by way of expressing his condemna-tion of the paternal tyranny which compelled him to go to church twice a day.

-Dr. Dio Lewis says that the habit of chewing tobacce is readily gotrid of. A good sweat or a Turkish bath for three or four days when the fever is on, and the desire is conquered. —When Prentice first settled in Louisville he was derided as a "Yankee schoolmaster," and was stigmatized as a "Connecticut cow-

-The centenary of Beethoven will occur next December, and the English musical papers are urging the propriety of taking some special notice of it.

-There is a famous Bohemian phrase which is perpetually being thrown in the teeth of Czechs who deny that their language is cacophonous. It is as follows: "Strez pastskrz krk,"-and is always found convincing. —A rule of practice in one of the courts of Wisconsin forbids counsel on either side to consume more than one hour in summing up a case. Jurymen must like to serve in that court.

—The Rev. D. W. Thurston has been expelled from the order of the "Nazarités," or "Free Methodists," for saying that women may wear ribbous and flowers in their hats, because the Bible does not forbid it. -A sensational preacher in Iowa conducts Sunday services in a billiard saloon, opening church with beer all around, and closing with a treat for the crowd. He draws large

-Rochefort has given no names to his children, and they are designated simply as No. 1, 2, etc. The Great Irreconcilable can look after Number One as sharply as he pleases without being charged with selfishness. —The Chinese receptions of Primce Alfred lacked enthusiasm. It had been reported that the son of Victoria was ten feet tall and had

three eyes, and the celestiail expressed their disappointment by contempt. -Brazil demands the championship for a colored man, aged 150, who has just died there. The memory of this modern Uncle Ned was so good that it it reached back until 1730, and his mind wore as well as his body.

The Roman Censorship has decreed that the nusic of the Huguenots, in Meyerbeer's opera, shall be given to Catholics; that "Mephistopheles," in Faust, shall be only a doctor; and that the monastery in Favorita shall be a hospital.

—Moscow has a "Russian Musical Society," which lately gave a concert, performing Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night's Dream" music, Beethoven's Fourth Symphony, fragments from Schumann's Mass and Wagner's "Tamhauser" overture.

—A song that is just now very popular in the London music halls has the unusual feature of funniness in the idea. The chorus runs thus; I saw Esau kissing Kate,

And the fact is we all three saw; For I saw Esau, he saw me, And she saw I saw Esau.

Mexican Coffee. Samples of coffee grown on a plantation near Colima, in Western Mexico, took a premium at the Paris Exhibition. Some samples of the new crops of coffee from this plantation have been received in San Francisco. The grains are small, very full, many of them nearly round, and of a very light green color. The plantation on which the coffee was produced is called La Canada. The hacienda is seven miles from Colima. There are 600 acres under cultivation. The soil is most fertile and climate delightful-even in the warmest months it is comfortable there. The products of this bacienda are sugar, rice, tobacco, coffee, cocoa, indigo and beaus; fruits-oranges, lemons, limes, cocoanuts, bananas and plautains. It possesses the only dairy in the State of Colima. The buildings are, of course,

adobe. Without any mill for rice, or the cocoanuts, from which the oil is said to be made, it yields \$4,000 per annum. The coffee is the best in the world; there are 4,000 trees. The Mexican Congress will probably make Manzanillo a free port. The plantation is valued at \$40,000 in