Paily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

VOLUME XXIII.-NO. 244.

PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1870.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

MARTH CLOSET COMPANY'S COM-TARTH CLOSET CUMPANYS CO.A.

MODES and apparatus for fixed closets, at A. H.
FRANCIPOUS & CO.'a. 513 Market st. de2tu th 3002

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENBREAS Stationer and Engraver, 1032 Chestnut
street.

MARRIED. ANDREWS-SMALLWOOD:—On Thursday, the 20th nat., by the Boy. F. D. Harris, William K. Andrews to inna B., daughter of Hon. J. C. Smallwood, all of Wood-pary, N. J. No cards.

DIED. ANDREWS.—On the 21st inst., Charles Henry, twin on of Wm. and Caroline Audrews, aged five weeks and our days. our days.
BUTLEB.—On the 21st inst., Lucy J. Butler, in the BUTLUE.—On the 21st inst., Lucy J. Butler, in the 20th year of her ago.
The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funoral, from the residence of her uncle, James Peters, No. 83 Hagos street, on Monday afternoon, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, without further notice.
CONAHBUE.—This morning, 22d inst., Rachel Conarroe, wile of Richard E. Conarroe.
EARP.—On the 20th inst., Charles G. Earp, in the 28th year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence, No. 113 North Fifteenth street, on Monday, 24th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. Intorment at Laurel Hill.
GRANDYAUX.—Suddenly, on the 22d instant, Paul Grandyaux, a native of Champagnole, France, in his 43d year. The funeral will take place at his residence, No. 1129 'Islar street, on Tuesday, 25th inst., at 9 e'clock A. M. service will be performed at 10 A. M., at the Church f the Assumption.

MARSHALL—On the 21st inst., Charles, youngest on of Annie and the late John Marshall, Esq., aged 4 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 915 South Sixteenth street, on Sunday, the 22d lust, ut 10 clock. FRIOE.—On the 1914 inst., of puenmonia, Sarah Price, relict of the late Samuel A. Price, in the 73d year of her Acc. relict of the late Samuel. A Price, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited, without further notice, to attend the funeral, from the residence of Hiram Saunders, Fifth street, below Madison, in the city of Chester, on Monday, 28th inst., to leave the housest 2 e Cock P. M. Interment at St. Paul's Burying Ground.

SHOKMAKER.—Un Fifth day, 20th inst., in the 87th year of his age, Richard M. Shoemsker.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, in Chaltenham township, Montgomery county, on Second-day, the 24th inst., at 10 o clock A. M. Carriages will be in waiting at York Road Station, to meet the train leaving the city at 9.45.

TORKEY.—At Merchantville—on the 21st inst., fell naises in Jesus, Margaret W., wife of John W. Torrey, aged 39 years.

Funeral from 1800 Filhert street, Philadelphia, on Monday, 21th inst., at 3 clock P. M.

VADA—On Filth-day morning, First Month, 20, 1876, Eliza H. Vaux, widow of the late George Vaux, used 80 years.

Funeral from her late residence, 1702 Arch street, on

years.
Funeral from her late residence, 1702 Arch street, on Second-gas, First Month, 24th, at 19 o'clock A. M. finterment at Laurel Hill.
WAlk KR.—On Thursday, January 20th, Bobert B. Walker, in the 65th year of his age.
The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 410 South Ninth st., on Monday, 24th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

on Monday, 2ith inst., at 10 o clock A. M.

IM MESONIAM.

Foll asleep, on the 28th of December, 1839, WILLIAM HENRY LARNED, Jr. Although our hearte are lacerated and bleeding owing to this sad dispensation, yet we humbly bow to a Supreme Power, well knowing Hedwith all things well, for some wise purpose incomprehabile to us. Now our loved one has been transplanted to bloom 'eternally in Heaven. His memory will ever hover sround us like the sweet perform of a lovely flower. Our dear friend was a rare combination of true manifess and almost feminine gentleness. Mature had endowed him with wonderfol gitts; his face of surpassing beauty, combined with his lovely and winning manners, excited the unbounded admiration of all who met him, while in the hearts of those with whom he constantly mingled was created above surprising in its magnitude and boundle as in its depth. Earth has been made less attractive, but Heaven more beautiful. Yes, he has, No-more will he greet us with his ever-upous w-leome, and destow upon-us soft and loying smiles; no more will the pride of our circle gluiden and enchain our senses with the music his souls o delighted in, and which he rendered so beautifully—a talent in him almost perfected. His pride of curcircle gladden and enchain our senses with the music his soul so delighted in, and which he rendered so beautifully—a talent in him almost perfected. His chief charm was his seeming unconsciousness of his auperiority over others, which was apparent to all. The must beautiful and predomin-at trait in his character was a strict adherence to the truth. Never was he known to daviate as the slightest degree, not even prevariente. He also seemed utterly oblivious of the failings of others, ever ready to extenuate and deal gently with their faults. This, combined with his virtue and unsulli dintegrity made lifm the idol of his associates, in whose memory he will ever be onehrined. His illness, of short duration, was very severe. Agonizing as were his suffortings, he bore all aucomplainingly and submissively, in obedience to the hand that inflicted it. Thunkfulness for the slightest kindness made it a loving office to minister to him. How often the last moments of a person are emblematical of their lives was truly exemplified in the departure of one dear friend. Calmly as an infant sinks to repose within its mother's sheltering arms, so servency did his awact, pure soul pass to bliss immortal, borne by winged messengers, unseen to mortal eyes. Blay our Heavenly Father send the Cleetial Dove with bealing on his wings to pour consolation and balm-into the hearts of the afflicted family, and may we finally with them, join him in that land by the spoiler untrodden, where all twars are wheel away and where he is now sweetly singing praises to the ever adorable Father!

Blessed are the pure in heart—

Blessed are the pure in heart-Blessed evermore!
They shall meet and never part
On that heavenly shore! We know that he is happy, With his angel plumage on, But our hearts are very desolate When we think that he is gone.

BESSON & SON, NO. 918 CHESTNUT
ocases white Ground Spring Chintzes, 12½ cents,
1 case Black and White Chintzes, 12½ cents,
1 case Black and White Chintzes, 12½ cents,
1 case Black and White Delaines, 22 cents,
1 case Black and Purple Delaines, 22 cents,
1 case Black Oriental Lustre, 22 cents,
1 case Black Oriental Lustre, 12½
2 cases Lyons Gros Grain silks, 31 75 and 32,
1 case Black all wool Poplins, 15 cents,
1 case Black Corded, edge Ribbons, all widths,
1 case Black Corded, edge Ribbons, all widths,
1 case Black Black Orded, edge Ribbons, all widths,
1 case Black Black Water-proof Cloths, \$1 25 and
1 75. RESSON & SON, NO. 918 CHESTNUT

PARCY SILKS,
REDUCED IN PRICE TO CLOSE THEM.
LIGHT SILKS FOR EVENINGS
WHITE CLOTHS and ASTRACHAMS, for the Opera.
BEST BLACK SILKS IN THE CITY.
EYRE & LANDELL. ja3

SPECIAL NOTICES.

JOHN WANAMAKER,

FINEST

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.

818 AND 820 CHESTNUT STREET.

BOYS' CLOTHING

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

NOTICE.—THE DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL COMPANY AND THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANS-PORTATION COMPANY.

On and after February 1st, 1870, the Stockholders of the above Companies, of January 1stu, 1870, are entitled to a dividend of Five (5) per cant, payable at 111 Liberty street. New York, or 206 South Defaware avenue, Philadelphia. delphia.

Thenron, N. J., January 17th, 1870.

jal8 12trp RICHARD STOCKTON, Treasurer:

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND RAILTAN CANAL AND CAMBOY RAILTAN AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES.

COMPANIES.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6, 1370.

The holders of the new scrip in the above Companies are hereby notified that the time for paying the last installment will expire February 10, 1370. At any time before that date it may be paid by those holding the receipts of RIUHARD S. TROWBRIDGE. Cashier, or F. 3. CONOVER, Transfer Agent, to Mr. TROWBRIDGE, at his office who is authorized to receipt for the same, on the back of the receipt for first installment.

Jailottogram RICHARD STUCKTON, Treasurer.

1109 GIRARD STREET. 1109 TURKICH BUSSIAN AND PERFUMED HATHS, Baths open from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE STAR COURSE OF LECTURES. SECOND SERIES.

The Opening Sale of Reserved Scats to any of the Single Lectures WILL COMMENCE ON MONDAY.

ORDER OF THE LECTURES.

WENDELL PHILLIPS, January 31. Subject-The Questions of To morrow, PETROLEUM V. NASBY (D. R. Locke), February 3. PETROLEUM V. NASBY OD. R. Locke), February
Subject—The Lor-is of Creation.
BALPH WALDO EMERSON, February 7.
Subject—Social Life in America.
Bubject—Social Life in America.
GEO. WM. CURTIS. February 19.
Subject—Our National Folly—The Civil Service.
Prot. ROBERT E. ROGERS, February 28.
Subject—Chemical Forces in Nature and the Arta.
BAYARD TAYLOR, March 3.
Subject—Reform and Art.
Subject—French Folks at Home.
Prof. HENRY MORTON, March 21.
Subject—Solar Religions.
Subject—Solar Religions.
Subject—Down Breaks.

Admission to each Lecture, 50c. Reserved Seats, 75c. The sale of reserved seats to ANY of the single lectures will commence at 9 o'clock, at Gould's Plano Rooms, 923 Chestnut street, on MONDAY MORNING, Jan. 24.

YOUNG

MÆNNERCHOR -

GRAND BAL MASQUE, BAL MASQUE,

BAL MASQUE, AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC, THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 27TH, 1870.

Tickets for one gentleman and one lady, \$5; for sale at Andre & Co's, 104 Chestnut street; the News Stand, at the Continental Hotel; Hall of the Junger Manner-chor; J.P. Trau's Jewelry Store, Second and Coates Streets, and Henry Nues's Store, 223 North Eighth street. Also Spectators Tickets at Coents, and Ladies; Tickets at \$1. HENRY WARD BEECHER

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY I. SUBJECT-" THE HOUSEHOLD.

HORACE GREELEY, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22.

SUBJECT-" THE WOMAN QUESTION." These lectures are delivered for the benefit of the onng Men's Christian Association. Young Men's Christian Association.

Tickets will be sold at Ashmend's, 724 Chestnut street, on Tue-day morning, 25th instant.

Reserved seats 75 cents. Admission 50 cents. Reserved seats in Family Circle, 50 cents.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE MERCHANTS' FUND.—The sixteenth anniversary
of the Merchants Fund will be celebrated at the
ACAPEMY OF MUSIC,
On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 2, at 7½ o'clock.
The annual report of the Board of Managers will be
read, and addresses will be delivered by
Hon. WILLIAM STRONG,
Hev. J. L. WITHEROW,
Hop. JAMES R. LUDLOW,
GEORGE H. STUART, Esq.
The orchestra will be under the direction of MARK
(Arde of admission may be had gratitously, by early
application at 5. E. corner Third and Walnut streets,
No. 110 North Delaware avenue, No. 616 Market street,
No. 51 South Fourth street, or of either of the following
commuttee:
WILLIAM C. LUDWIG,

WILLIAM O. LUDWIG, JAMES C. HAND, A. J. DERBYSHIRE, THOMAS C. HAND, JAMES B. MCFABLAND, jal9tfe2rp Committee of Arrangem OFFICE OF THE MORRIS CANAL

January 18, 1870.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Five Per Cent. on the amount of the Preferred Stock, payable to the holders of the Preferred Stock, or their legal representatives, on and after the first Tuesday (the lat) in February next, AND BANKING COMPANY, JERSEY CITY, of the Preterred State.

on and after the first Tuesday (the lat) in February near, at this office.

The February interest upon the 7 per cent. Scrip will be paid at the same time.

The Dividend and Interest due to Stock and Scrip holders resident in and near Philadelphia will be paid by the underwigned, at No. Il Merchants' Exchange, in that city, from February 1st to February 8, inclusive.

The Stock and Scrip Transfer Books will be closed from January 21st to January 31st, inclusive.

JOHN RODGERS, Secretary.

jazzitols JOHN RODGERS, Secretary.

THE TALE OF THE DOLPHIN,
a trip to Long Branch, through the Baging Caual, in the sail boat "Dolphin." Illustrated by over 30 Silhouettes, done in the very Blackest style, of the Art, accompanied by a talk descriptive, and nondescriptive, by D. Scattergood, formerly Serious Editor of the Eccesins Telegraph, in the lecture room of the new Mercantile Library, Tenth street, above Chostnut, for three nights only, Tucsday, Wednesday and Thursday, January 25, 20, and 27, 1870. Tickets 50 cents. The Tail will commence to Wiggle at quarter before 8 o'clock, precisely.

THE BIG MOUNTAIN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Steckholders of the Big Mountain Improvement Company will be held at the Office. No. 320 Walnut street, on MONDAY, the 7th day of February next, at 4 o clock P. M., when an election will be held for five Directors to serve for the ensuing year. The transfer books will be closed on SATURDAY, 25th inst., and reopened on TUESDAY, 8th prox.

| 122tfe7 | SAMUEL WILCON, SAMUEL WILCON, SECRETAY, SECRETAY.

JAZZIEI Secretary.

Secretary.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The Monthly Meeting of the Association will be held
at their Hall, No. 1210 Chestnut street, next MONDAY
EVENING. at 8 o clock.
Essay by Prof. C. H. HARDING. Subject—"How we
see Things."

Question for discussion—"Do religious controversies
advance or retard the cause of Christianity."

Vocal and instrumental music under the direction of
Prof. JOHN BUWER.

The public are incited.

It

HIGH SCHOOL ALUMNI.-A special meeting of the Association will be held at Lecture Room of the High School building, on TURDAY EVENING, January 29, 1870, on business reat importance. Members are earnestly invited to

tteng. By order of the Board of Managers. HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518
and 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department.
—Medical treatment and medicine furnished gratuitously
to the poo-

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN Church, Locust street, above Fifteenth: Ray. Dr. Humphrey, pastor.—Services at 10% A. M. and P. M. SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN
Church, Broad street and Partie RIAN Henry C. McCook, pastor elect, will preach to-morrow, 23d inst., at 10% A. M. and 3% P. M.

REV.C. WADSWORTH, D. D., PAStor, will preach to-morrow in the Third Reformed Church, Tenth street, below Arch. Sorvices 162 A Al., 7% P. M. SPRING GARDEN BAPTIST Church, Thirteenth street above Wallace, Rev. L. P. Hornberger, Pustor. — Preaching to morrow at 10% A. M. and 75; P. M. Subbath school at 2 P. M. It* SPECIAL.—REV. ALBERT BARNES will preach Sunday morning, at 10%, at Filbert and Seventeeth streets, in aid of the Industrial Home for Blind Women. FIRST REFORMED CHURCH, Seventh and Spring Garden streets. Rev. Thomas X. Orr, Pastor, will preach to-morrow at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M. Strangord welcome. Thomas X. Orr, Pastor, with P. A. M. and 72 P. M. Strangors welcome.

A. M. and 72 P. M. Strangors welcome.

UNITARIAN CHURCH, GERmantown-Morning Services at 10% o'clock.
Discourse upon Reason in Raiment. Evening Lecture.

1t*

SECOND REFORMED CHURCH,
Soventh street, above Brown. Rev. Isauc
S. Hartley, pastor, will preach to-morrow (Sunday) at
10% A. M. and 7% P. M. and a full chorus of amateurs. REV. D. C. EDDY, D. D., OF BOS fen. will proach to morrow ovening at 7% o'clock, at the Tabernacle Baptist Church, Chestant street, west of Eighteeuth. Service in the morning at 10% o'clock, when the Pastor, Rev. C. A. Peliz, will preach.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

RELIGIOUS NUTICES.

SIXTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Spruce, below Sixth street.—Rev. John Edgar,

mount Joy, will preach at 10% o clock A. M., and at

o clock P. M. Subject.—The Cry of the Hu ARCH STREET M. E. CHURCH,

Broad, below Arch.—Rev. Charles H. Paine will
preach at 10's A. M., and in the evening, at 7's, by requestion. The Sin Against the Holy Ghost. " Sabbath
11"

Tenth street, below Spruce. Services to morrow et 10½ A. M. and 7½P. M. Rev. Henry C. McCook Pastor of the Broad Street Presbyterian Church, will preach in the evening. All persons invited. ST. CLEMENTS CHURCH, TWEN-TIETH and Cherry streets—To-morrow being the fourth Sunday in the month, the afternoon service will be omitted. Service in the evening at 72 o'clock.

ALEXANDER PRESBYTERIAN

Church, Nineteenth and Green streets. Preaching on next SABBATH, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M., by Bev. Dr. F. B. Masters, of Mattenwan, N. Y. Matteawan, N. Y.

THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN
Church, Washington Square. Rev. Retrick
Johnson; D. D., Pastor, will preach to morrow at 10%
A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for evening—"A plaint talk
about the Theatre."

about the Theatre."

REV. G. W. SMILEY, D. D., WILL preach in Trinity M. E. Church, Eighth street, above Race, on Sunday morning at 10% o clock. Preaching at 7% P. M. There will be a revival Love Seast on Sunday morning at 9% o clock. All laylted.

12* Sunday morning at 9½ o'clock. All luvited.

A MEETING OF GREATINTEREST

is in progress at Trinity M. E. Church, Eighth
street, above Hace, Frenching this evening at 7½
o'clock, by Rev. J. T. Gracey. Rev. Geo, W. Smiley,
D. D., on Sunday at 10½ A. M. All invited.

1th

ST. MARK'S (EPISCOPAL)
dition to the regular service, a choral service Sunday
evening, at 7½ o'clock. At this service all the seats
will be free. Strangers specially invited.

NEW UNITARIAN CHURCH.

NEW UNITARIAN CHURCH—
Wm. H. Thorne, Pastor.—Usual service Tomorrow (Sunday) at 10½ A. M. in the Hall, southeast
corner Tenth and Spring Garden streets. The first of a
course of Lectures on the Koran, at 7½ P. M. Seats
free. Entrance on Spring Garden street.

1t°

ree. Entrance on Spring Garden street.

1t*

"MY TRAVELS IN HOLY LAND

with Dr. Henry."—Rev. Wm. H. Pendleten, of
New York. will lecture on this subject in the North
Presbyter an Church. Sixth steet, above Green. TUESDAY EVN NING, 25th inst., at 8 o clock. Admission 50
cents. Tickets to be imd at the door:

"ja22 Strp"

"THE SEVENTY-BECOND ANNISUBBARY of the organization of the First Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of this city will be
celebrated by a social soirce, on FRIDAY EVENING,
the 25th inst., at 725 o clock, in the main saloon of Horticultural Hall, Broad, above Spruce street.

The exercises will consist of addresses, and music by
the American Vocalists, and other distinguished talent.
Tickets of admission, 25 cents.

For sale at the door on the ovening of the entertainment.

The Details of the Downfall of Salnave—
His Flight and Narrow Escape from
Death—Action of the Victorious Party
—A Provisional Government Formed.
PORT-AU-PRINCE, Saturday, Jan. 8, 1870.—
The insurgent force have at length captured this place, and Salnave has fled from the city, leaving fully one-third of it in ruins. The attack upon Port-au-Prince, by the revolutionists, was commenced on the morning of the 18th of December, at about 4 o'clock. At that hour the rebel steamers, three in number, made their appearance in the harbor of Port-au-Prince and seized Salnave's lest were less au-Prince and seized Salnave's last vessel, the Terreur, lying at anchor in the harbor. Immediately after General Brice landed, with about 1,200 men. An engagement followed and after a share strength when the strength of t

with about 1,200 men. An engagement followed, and, after a sharp struggle, the insurgents carried the northern lines of the town. These were held by General Brice until 11 o'clock in the forenoon of the 19th, at which time he received reinforcements. Salnave, finding that things were growing desperate, retired to the National Palace, from whence he despatched his transfer Vill Things. prowing desperate, retired to the National Palace. from whence he despatched his trusty Vil Lubin at the head of his guards, amounting to 400 men, to attack the insurrectionists. They took with them a piece of ordnance, which for some time made sad havec in the insurgent ranks, but which was eventually captured by a body of volunteers. Vil Lubin retreated to the palace. After an hour, however, he returned to

ace. After an hour, however, he returned to bis command at Fort Bizonton, and the fighting was continued at intervals during the day, the Arsenal and Fort St. Clair falling into the hands of Brice before dark.

On the morning of the 19th, General Brice held a council of war and it was determined that Salnaye should be attacked in the Palace. The fleet was ordered to prepare for a bombardment, and the Terreur was selected to fire bardment, and the Terreur was selected to fire on the Palace. Salnave, by this time, saw that to hold out any longer would be useless, and he left, followed by several of his Generals, intending to go to the American Consulate. Before he had mounted his horse, however, a shell from the Terreur struck the Throne Room, the most magnificent apartment in the building, which was consumed in a short time, and Salnave, with a few fellowers, took the Petionville road. Just about this time fire was set to the northern part of the town by Salnave's soldiers, but Captain Salmon, of Her Britannic Majesty's ship Defence, with several of his

diers, but Captain Salmon, of Her Britannic Majesty's ship Defence, with several of his officers and the crew of that vessel, landed, and through their noble exertions the conflagration was subdued and that part of the town was saved from being entirely consumed. It appears that Salnave had stowed away in vaults at the Palace a large quantity of ammunition. The shells fired from the Terreur, penetrating these vaults, caused several terrific explosions, and the Palace was wholly destroyed. Shortly after Salnave's flight, a steamer was disafter Salnave's flight, a steamer was dispatched to Larchie for Nissage Saget, who arrived here on the 20th, where he was received with acclamation.

A few days after the taking of the city, Dominique, the President of the South, was sent for, and a Provisional Government was fermed. This Government consists of Nissage Saget, President; Dominique, Vice President; General T. Rameau, Minister of Finance and Commerce; Septimus Rameau, Minister of Justice, and General Brice, Minister of War. A decree has been issued convoking the Legislative Chamber for the 1st of February, and ordering elections in the meantime to fill the vacancies in the Lower House. acancies in the Lower House. Victorine Chevalier and four other Generals

have been shot by the victorious revolutionists, and twenty-three other military officers of high grade have been proscribed by the revointionary Government. Up to the present moment nothing whatever has been heard of the whereabouts of Salnave.—N. Y. Times.

AMUSEMENTS.

The romantic military drama Not Guilty will be repeated at the Walnut Street Theatre this evening. —At the Arch Street Theatre, this evening, Little Em'ly, will be given for the last time. On Monday Mr. John Brougham.

The Galton Opera Company will appear at the Chestnut to-night in two comic operas, The Prima Donna of a Night and Terrible Hymen. On Monday Offenbach's Little Duchess.

—The Circus at Tenth and Callowhill streets will be open this evening. -Rev. Henry Ward Beecher will lecture at

the Academy on Music on Tuesday, Feb. 1st, upon "The Household." —The Misses Durang will give the first operatic performance of their series at the Amateurs' Drawing Room, on the evening of the 25th. Offenbach's Lischen and Fritzchen will be presented with Adams's beautiful opera Le Uhalet. The cast will include the Misses Durang, Messrs. Bradshaw and Knorr, and a full chorus of amateurs.

-On Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week, Mr. David Scattergood, formerly "Series Editor" of the Evening Telegraph, will deliver a humorous lecture entitled "The Tale of the Dolphin," in the lecture-room of the Mercantile Library. PAUL SCHOEPPE.

THE BERLIN SLANDER EXPLODED

ALIBI PROVED

Interesting and Important Testimony

Adidavit of Charles Pache. State of Pennsylvania — CUMBERLAND COUNTY, 88.—Personally appeared before me, a Justice of the Peace, and for said county, Charles Pache, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says: "That he is at present a citizen of New York, residing in New York city;

that he is a hardware merchant, doing business at 168 Avenue A, in said city; that he was formerly a citizen of Prussia, a native of was formerly a citizen of Prussia, a native of Berlin; that he resided in the said city of Berlin until the year 1866; that during the year 1862 he was a locksmith, and worked in the shop belonging to Mrs. Reichert, at 48 Mittal Strasse; that in that year (1862) a certain Paul Schoeppe came to the said shop and purchased of deponent a key: that afterwards in the same year (1862), inat year (1852) a certain Paul Schoeppe came to the said shop and purchased of deponent a key; that afterwards in the same year (1862), the said Schoeppe was tried and convicted of theft, in the Court of Berlin, and was sentenced to imprisonment for five (5) years; that deponent was a witness at the trial, and is certain that it occurred in the year 1862; that the said Paul Schoeppe, upon the said trial, was entitled a student of theology; and in the daily papers giving an account of the trial, he was always styled "Paul Schoeppe, student of theology;" that he had a moustache, and goatee, and was, apparently, at the time of the trial, about 24 years of age. Deponent further states that he has seen Dr. Schoeppe, now confined in the jail in Carlisle, Pa., and that he cannot say that he is the same man whom he saw in Berlin.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 20th ABRAHAM D. B. HUFF, J. P.

Affidavit of Carl Lindermann. State of Pennsylvania, CUMBERLAND COUNTY, ss.—Personally appeared before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, Charles F. Lindemann, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

poses and says:

That he is an artist, a portrait painter, residing at present at 514 Wood street, Philadelphia; that he formerly resided in the city of Berlin, in Prussia; that he left Berlin in the year 1860; that in the year 1862, one Paul Schoeppe, a student of theology, was tried in Berlin for thest, and was convicted; that deponent saw the said Paul Schoeppe upon the trial, and recollects his features and appear ponent saw the said Paul Schoeppe upon the trial, and recollects his features and appearance; that he has seen Dr. Paul Schoeppe, now confined in the county jail in Carlisle; that deponent did not recognize him, and would say that he had never before nim, and would say that he had never before seen the said Dr. Schoeppe, and that, there-fore, he is not the Schoeppe that was tried and convicted in Berlin; deponent further says that he is certain that the said trial took place in the year 1862, and that the accused was styled a student of theology.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this

20th January. CARL LINDEMANN.

ABRAHAM D. E. HUFF, J. P. Affidavit of F. A. Bottlcher.

State of Pennsylvania, Cumberland County s.—Personally appeared before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, Ferdinand A. Bötticher, who being duly sworn, deposes That he is at present a citizen of New York, That he is at present a citizen of New York, residing in the city of New York, and doing business at No. 217 Pearl street, with the firm of Wm. Wilkins & Co.; that he was formerly a citizen of Prussia; that during the period included between the 1st day of October, 1859, and the 24th day of February, 1866, he was a student in a Gymnasium or College, at Zullichan in Prussia; that at the time he

was a student in a Gymnasium or College, at Zullichau, in Prussia; that at the time he entered the said College as a student, Paul Schoeppe was also a student therein; that the said Paul Schoeppe remained as a student in said College without interruption until the close of the semester, or session, in the early Spring of 1863, when he graduated. Deponent further says that he knew the said Paul Schoeppe during the said period and up to the time he graduated; that he has visited the County Jail, in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania; that he there saw and conversed with Dr. Paul Schoeppe therein confined with Dr. Paul Schoeppe therein confined under the charge of murder; that the said Dr. Paul Schoeppe is the same Paul Schoeppe who was a fellow student with deponent in Zullichau from 1859 till the spring of 1863, and the same spoken of in the former part of this deposition; and further that deponent has seen and avanised the distance. ponent has seen and examined the diploma given by said College to Friederick Gottlieb Paul Schoeppe, dated the 3d March 1863; that he is acquainted with the seals of the College, and the signatures of the faculty thereto attached; that the said diploma is cor-rect and genuine; and that the said Dr. Paul Schoeppe is the same Paul Schoeppe to whom such a diploma was given at the close of the session on March 3d, 1865.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 17th day of January, A. D. 1870.

F. A. Botticher, Sworn and subscribed to before me this 17th day of January 1870.

day of January, 1870.

ABBAHAM D. E. HUFF, J. P.

State of Pennsylvania, CUMBERLAND COUNTY, ss.—I, W. V. Cavanaugh, Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas in and for said county, do certify that Abraham D. E. Huff, Esq., before whom the foregoing affidavit was made, and whose genuine signature appears thereto, was, at the date thereof, and now is an acting Justice of the Peace in and for said county duly commissioned and qualified, and authorized by the laws of this State to take the acknowledgement of Deeds and other instruments; to all of whose official acts full faith and credit are due.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, at Carlisle, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1870.

W. V. CAVANAUGH,
Prothonotary.

THE COURTS. SENTENCE OF LANDIS.

QUARTER SESSIONS-Judge Peirce.-This morning the Judge disposed of the motion for a new trial in the case of S. M. Landis, charged with having published an obscene libel. The motion was overruled, the Judge

The reasons for a new trial in this case are numerous, but they may all be disposed of under a few heads. They relate:

First—To the exclusion of evidence tending to show the scientific correctness of the book complained of, and the fitness of such a pub-

ication for general information.

Second—To an expression of opinion by the Judge as to the character of the book.

Third—To errors in charging the jury as to what constituted an obscene libel, and as to what extent a unblication is protected as newhat extent a publication is protected as ne what excent a publication is projected as necessary for general information and conducive to the public welfare.

1. Physicians were called as experts to show the scientific correctness of the book and the necessity of such knowledge for general in-

formation. I ruled at the trial that the book might be fulness or falsity, but upon its tendency to inflame the passions and debauch society. The character of the book was a question purely for the jury, in which they could not be aided by the testimony of experts. Obscenity is determined by the common sense and feelings of mankind, and not by the skill of the learned. It was therefore a question for the jury, to be determined by their examination of the publication, and not by the opinions of others respecting it. That which effends modesty, and is indecent and lewd, and tends to the creation of lastivious desires, is obscens. Of this the jury were as competent to judge as the most accomplished experts in medical science, whose familiarity with the subject; treated of in the book might perhaps render them less susceptible to the emotions which would be excited in the general public by reading such a publication.

2. Relative to the expression of opinion by 2. Relative to the expression of opinion by the Judge as to the character of the book, it was held by the Supreme Court, in Kilpatrick vs. The Commonwealth, 7 Casey, 198, that a Judge may rightfully express his opinion respecting the evidence, and it may sometimes be his duty to do it, yet not so as to withdraw it from the consideration and decision of the fury.

Jury.
My own experience as a Judge has taught My own experience as a Judge has taught me that it is sometimes not only expedient but necessary to the proper administration of law and justice, that a Judge should express his opinion on the evidence submitted to the his opinion on the evidence submitted to the jury. His greater familiarity with the rules of evidence, the weight of the testimouy, and its application to the subject matter of investigation, require that he should do so; but he should always accompany it with the instruction that the facts of the case are for their determination, under the evidence submitted to them. mitted to them.

In this case this instruction was repeated to the jury more than once. They were told that they were not to take my opinion of the book, but were to determine its character from their but were to determine its character from their own examination of it. Again, they were instructed that it was for them to determine the character of the book. If in their judgment the book was fit and proper for publication, and such as should go into their families and be handed to their sons and daughters, and placed in boarding schools for the beneficial information of the years and other thereit. information of the young and others, then it was their duty to acquit the defendant.

They were further instructed that if they

They were further instructed that if they had a doubt as to the obscenity of the book, it was their duty to acquit the defendant.

This instruction left the whole question of the character of the publication to the jury. There was no controversy as to the publication of the book by the defendant, as its publication was substantially, if not in terms, admitted by him.

The part alleged grows relate to the

mitted by him.

3. The next alleged errors relate to the charge of the Court as to what constitutes an obscene libel, and to what extend a publication is protected as necessary for general information and conducive to the public realization. welfare.
The jury were instructed that it did not mat-

The jury were instructed that it did not matter whether the things published in the book were true and in conformity with nature and the laws of our being. If they were unfit to be published, and tended to inflame improper and lewd passions, it was an obscene libel. That to justify a publication of the character of this book they must be satisfied that the publication was made for a legitimete and year. publication was made for a legitimate and usepublication was made for a legitimate and useful purpose, and that it was not made from any motive of mere gain, or with a corrupt desire to debauch society. That even scientific and medical publications, containing illustrations exhibiting the humauform, if wantonly exposed in the open markets, with a wanton and wicked desire to create a demand for them, and not to promote the good of society by placing them in proper hands for useful purposes, would, if tending to excite lewd desires, be held to be obscene libels. That before a medical class, for the nurpose of inlewid desires, be held to be obscene noes. That before a medical class, for the purpose of instruction, it might be necessary and proper, and consonant with decency and modesty, to expose the human body for the exhibition of disease or for the purpose of operation. But that if the same human hody were exposed in disease or for the purpose of operation. But that if the same human body were exposed in front of one of our medical colleges to the public indiscriminately, even for the purpose of operation, such an exhibition would be held

to be indecent and obscene. The jury were further instructed that publications of this character are protected when made with a view to benefit society, and in a manner not to injure the public, but that a mistaken view of the defendant as to the character and tendency of the book, if it was in itself obscene and uniit for publication, would not excuse his violation of the law. After having listened to the elaborate and earnest argument of the learned counsel of the defendant, I do not perceive that there was error either in the admission of exclusion of evidence or in the charge to the jury, and I think that the verdict is sustained by both the law and the evidence. the law and the evidence. The motion for a new trial is therefore over-

ruled. The Judge then proceeded to pass sentence. He referred to the character of the book published by the defendant, and said the public mind must be preserved from pollution. He said he felt it to be his duty to impose the full punishment allowed by the law. Sentenced to one year's imprisonment, and to pay a fine of Thomas L. Scroggy, also convicted of selling

Thomas L. Scroggy, also convicted of selling obscene books, was sentenced to one year in the County Prison, and to pay a fine of \$500.

Nisi Prius—Justice Agnew—Jermon vs. Rhoads, et al. Before reported. The jury, after being out twenty-four hours, came into Court yesterday afternoon, and announced that there was no possibility of an agreement. The jury was then discharge d.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—Judge Ludlow.

The case of Cheyney, a patient of the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane, was again before the Court this morning, on an adjournment from last Saturday. ment from last Saturday,
Mr. George W. Biddle, for the Managers of

Mr. George W. Biddle, for the Managers of the Hospital, stated that there was no desire to retain the custody of the petitioner, and that they would be pleased if the Court should direct his discharge, or if he should be re-moved by his family.

Judge Ludlow stated that he had given the case prolonged and anxious attention. The petitioner was, at that moment, in contempt

petitioner was, at that moment, in contempt of the court, having, during the week made his escape from his attendant and gone into another county. He had called at his private residence, last evening, accompanied by two relatives, and exhibiting a degree of excitement which appeared to him to be bordering upon soute mania. He should have taken upon acute mania. He should have taken measures to control his movement at that measures to control his movement at that time had he not been satisfied that his relatives would look after his safety. He might be wrong in his judgement of the case, but he had given it his best consideration, and until some higher tribunal shall interfere, he must be guided by his own judgment. He therefore remanded Mr. Cheyney to the Hospital for the present descriptor. ney to the Hospital for the present, assuring him, at the same time, that he should be faith-fully protected in every legal right. In order to do so, and to prevent the possibility that his own opinion might be a wrong one, he directed that, within ten days, some relatives should file a petition, upon which a commis-sion de lunatico should be appointed to deter-mine the question of Mr. Cheyney's mental

-A Cleveland jeweler, by the name of Wade, slandered a lady clerk in his employ, by the name of Rosa Barton. Rosa Waded into him and got a verdict of \$5,000. She won't take store pay.

condition.

An elegant essay from the pen of t.

W. Higginson, lately read by him before the N. E. Women's club, depicts the six primary goddesses of Greece, as so many pure and beautiful types of an ideal womanhood. Symbolizing the successive stages of her development as girl, maid, lover, wife, mother and housekeeper, under the names of Artemis, Athena, Aphrodite, Herr, Demeter and Hertia, he concludes with this magnificent prophecy: "Nothing shall drive me from the belief that there is arising in America, amid all our frivolties, a type of virgin womanhood, new in history, undescribed in fiction, from which there may proceed in generations yet to come, a priesthood more tender, a majesty more pure and grand, than anything which poet ever sang, or temple enthroned.

* * * Through a culture such as mother age has offered, through the exercise of rights never before conceded, of duties never yet imposed, will this heroic sisterhood he reared. * * * Noble forms that shall eclipse those fair humanities of old religion, as when classic architecture had reached perfection, there rose the Gothic, and made the Greek seem cold." In a chivalrous spirit akin to this, the Chevalier Joseph Fagnani, of New York, refutes by a series of portraits of American women, the heavy which we admire is far inferior to that of the Greek sculptons, and that we have not a purely classical face among us. Never had va AN ELEGANT ESSAY FROM THE PEN OF T.

Louisiana, from the Lakes to the Gulf, each section has lent its lovellest to aid the artist in his self-imposed labor. It was no easy task to present nine modern beauties as the daughters of Mnemosyne; to clothe the lifelike portraitures of the acknowledged belle in the classic drapery of the old mythology; to make each picture harmonize so perfectly with the peculiar vocation of the character represented, that the gazer forgets the muse is only playing a part for the nonce; and at the same time to surround each with such an atmosphere of purity and dignity that the sauctity of private life, and the shrinking modesty of a virtuous womanhood, should still be unprofaned. The success with which this has been accomplished, shows a rare discretion and refinement of feeling on the part of the artist. Mr. Childs has the honor of introducing these pictures to the public. He has shown himself equal to the occasion, and the nine muses fifly enshrined with chaste and elegant surroundings, have already received the homage of thousands. Even the critics seem awed to silence by this array of beauty, and we have been spared the comments of professional item hunters. The ments of professional item hunters. beauty, and we have been spared the comments of professional item hunters. The muses, each with her proper attribute, are arranged in a semi-circle, blonde alternating with brunette as far as practicable, though the predilection of the painter for the former is manifest. Where all are beautiful, it is not any proving to disgriminate and I intend perhaps unwise to discriminate, and I intend no invidious comparisons in giving you briefly my impression of each. For as one star differeth from another in glory, so each of these fair forms has its distinctive charm. One is struck by the entire unconsciousness of the group. With one exception, there is no appearance of posing for effect. Euterpe, the muse of lyric poetry, bears in her left hand two flutes. Her right rests upon a lyre. This blonde, one of Gotham's sweetest singers, is apparently the youngest of the group. Hers is an immature beauty. There is less strongth of character than a sweet innocence in her bearing, that makes her nearer Artemis than pression of each. For as one star

bearing, that makes her nearer Artemis than Aphrodite.

Clio, laurel-crowned muse of History, is seated writing. A parchment scroll lies be-fore her, and the trumpet of Fame. A bru-nette, whose face is cold and passionless, but wears an expression of deep and earnest

thought.

Terpsichore, lover of the dance, is here engaged in her favorite amusement. The pencan do no justice to the ethereal lightness of the graceful figure, enveloped in the gauzy thought. the graceful figure, enveloped in the gauzy folds of its floating drapery. A green fillet binding the luxuriant waves of yellow hair, lends a deeper glow to the cheek already flushed with pleasure, the delicate limb is slightly raised, the rounded figure is redundant with life and motion, but there is nothing of the voluptious ghandon of the ballet. Perfect freedom and perfect modesty characteries this freedom and perfect modesty characterize this

meterom and perfect modesty characterize this fairest of blondes.

Melpomene, Queen of Tragedy, is represented by a queenly woman. She is very properly, in draperly and accessories, the most sented by a queenly woman. She is very properly, in drapery and accessories, the most severely classic of the group. A tiara gives majesty to the noble brow. Her right hand holds a dagger near her heart, but that heart shining in those magnificent eyes would fall to nerve that hand to tragic deed. The dark hair and olive skin hint at a tropical origin. A Creole by birth, this superb woman is the wife of the Italian Consul-General at New York.

Erato, muse of amatory verse, is the centre of the group. A Cupid with a torch goes before her. A garland of roses and myrtle surrounds the forehead, and she bears a stringed instrument. She is perhaps the best exemplar of a purely physical type of beauty. Of her golden hair and soft blue eyes, poets would rave, and painters dream. The West claims this model of a happy maidenhood.

Calliope comes next. A roll in one band bears the first lines of Homer's great epic. The other holds an ivory trumpet. A gold diadem gleams in her dark tresses. An elevated expression of pride and enthusiasm rests upon her face, and you feel that so might she, like Mirnam of old, have gone forth, trumpet in hand, to greet a victorious father.

Polyhynima, muse of sacred song, is seated. Her head rests upon her hand. Her eyes are heavenward turned. The dignity of matronly.

Polyhynima, muse of sacred song, is seated. Her head rests upon her hand. Her eyes are heavenward turned. The dignity of matronly beauty is hers. That elevated expression, that stately pose, might have been Cornelia's. They tell of a good old stock. By the spell of her noble womanhood a hero was won, and a priceless dower she brought him in her kinship to the grandest matter who ship to the grandest martyr who gave his sweet young life for the Republic. Urania, with all her accessories, a starry

Urania, with all her accessories, a starry circlet on her brow, her azure robe looped up with a crescent, celestial globe and all, is yet no star-gazer. Methinks the painter should have seen, in the flashing eye, the spirited curve of the nostril, the commanding poise of the head, the freedom of a maiden, whose high-bred beauty spurns the labor he has imposed upon her, as patron goddess of science. Was it that he dared but offer to such beauty the heavenly spheres?

Was it that he dared but offer to such beauty the heavenly spheres?

Thalia, muse of comedy, gathers her robe across her fair bosoin with one hand, holding in her left a grotesque mask. In her soft brown hair the simplest flowers are twined. Naireté and merry humor are beaming in her face, but behind that, just a touch of weariness, that shows there is more in her life than the thoughtless mirth of a gay young girl. Even as we gaze, the beautiful eyes are tremulous with tears, and infinite sadness seems to rest where a moment before all was tremulous with tears, and infinite sadness seems to rest where a moment before all was infinite gladness. The only face of all the group whose witchery depends entirely on expression, and is not enhanced by color, it will lose none of its charms in an engraving. Were I the Paris of critics, the golden apple should be here. These paintings are now on exhibition at the galleries of Messrs. James S. Earle & Sons, No. 816 Chestnut street.

-The cable jokes about the Greve de Creusof,

or the Creuzot strike. It calls it "a grave affair."

I ruled at the trial that the book might be true and scientifically correct in its statements and descriptions; and yet be obscene; that its one great cause of rheumatism and neuralgic obscenity did not depend upon its truth—"affections in this country."

— Evaporation from stoves and cooking utensils," says the Journal of Commerce, "is to the daughter of the late Signor Piave, who operas. oporas.