Continued from the First Page.

lature, a Board of Public Charities has been appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen; viz.: Gen. Thomas L. Kane, for five years; F. B. Penniman, Esq., four years; Hon. G. Dawson Coleman, three years; Geo. L. Harrison, Esq., two years, and one year. The board organized by electing Gen. Kane, President, and Hon. Wilmer Worthington, Sceretary and General Agent. From the establishment of this board, and especially from the high character and qualifications of the gentlemen who have consented to assume its important trusts and responsibilities, we have reason to hope for the most beneficial results. This change in the management of our charitable affairs is deemed of the highest importance by many persons intimately conversant with the workings and management of these institutions.

A thorough review of all the establishments receiving appropriations from the State by this board will give an assurance to the Legislature and the people, which they have never beget of the server in the content of the content of the people when they have never beget of the property of the content of the people when their benefactions

lature and the people, which they have never heretofore possessed, that their benefactions will be worthily bestowed and properly em-

Some time during the present session, the board will present to the Legislature a report of the condition and requirements of the various institutions that have been recipients of appropriations from the State, with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary; and, therefore, no information concerning them, except the annual reports of the superintendents, will at present be laid before

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Many prominent citizens have represented

Many prominent citizens have represented that there exists great necessity for a more complete geological and mineralogical survey of the State than at present exists.

There is no doubt but the developments of mineral wealth that would result from such a survey would be immense, and the beneficial returns to the State would many times more than reimburse the Treasury for the expenses the ordinary including the printing of reports. attending it, including the printing of reports, maps, &c., sufficient for the information of the

people.
Should the Legislature concur in these views, and pass a law authorizing such a survey, it will meet with Executive approval. INSPECTION OF GAS.

At the last session a law was passed creating the office of inspector of gas and gas metres for the county of Allegheny; and in accordance therewith, I have appointed an accordance therewith, I have appointed an inspector possessing the necessary scientific qualifications.

The necessity for such a law has been long and extensively felt, and it has been earnestly demanded by a large number of highly respectable citizens, whose opinions are eminently worthy of consideration. I therefore respectfully recommend that the just and equitable provisions of the Allegheny county law be extended to other counties in which gas is largely

consumed.

REVISION OF THE CIVIL CODE.

The law on this subject does not contemplate a full report from the Commissioners to revise the general statutes of the State before revise the general statutes of the State Defore the session of 1871. It may, however, be im-portant to state that this work has so far pro-gressed as to make it almost certain that it will be completed and ready for the press so soon after the close of the present session as will allow time to bring within the code such of your enactments as may with propriety be in-

corporated.

The Commissioners will report for your consideration the revised school laws, as the present edition is exhausted, and it would be in-expedient to re-print them, when they might be superseded by others in the course of the current year.

A general road law, and one for the support A general road law, and one for the support and maintenance of the poor, have heretofore been reported but not definitely acted upon, and the frequent demands made for such en-actments to correct many existing abuses, and supply a common public want, render it desi-rable that these enactments should receive

your early attention.

The State census will be taken during the year, and the law for its regulation having in it some provisions not now required, a revised bill will be presented by the Commissioners

for legislative action.

In view of the changes which the revised code is expected to produce, it is desirable that no more laws of a general character be enacted than are indispensably necessary, as they might occasion a necessity for a revision of what has already received appropriate artention, and cause delay in the completion of

STATISTICS. A great inconvenience has long been felt in A great inconvenience has long been left in every department of the oxecutive and legis-lative branches of the government, for the want of properly recorded statistical informa-tion, relating to the development and growth of the resources of the Commonwealth. It is impossible for any State officer to report the actual or even approximate amount of any of our great natural resources, and it cannot be ascertained from year to year the amount of coal mined, petroleum produced, lumber cut or iron manufactured, without special refer-ence to those who have charge of the indusor not hose who have charge of the industries growing out of these products. At very little cost and labor, statistics relating to all these objects could be gathered and annually embraced in a report to be made to and published by the Legislature. The value of such information would be of incatculable importance in an official way, as well as in the general business of the country. It would stimulate competition, exhibit the inexhaustible materials within our borders, and give our people and others a more periect side of our wealth and resources. The recommendation made last year for the establishment of a desk for the collection and preservation of statistics relative to exports and imports, agriculture, manufactures, coal, from oil, lumber, &c., and for the collection of mineralogical and geological specimens, and after things that may be deemed appropriate to such a department, is respectfully renewed, with the suggestion that the duties be attached to the office of the Librarian and his Assistant, with a reasonable increase of compensation, and an appropriation for the same.

the office of the Librarian and his Assistant, with a reasonable increase of compensation, and an appropriation for the same.

PRISON DISCIPLINE.

In accordance with a law approved April 13, 1857. Mahlon H. Dickinson, Esq., of Philadelphia, was appointed "to visit, for philanthropic purposes, the prisons and almshouses in the various counties of the Commonwealth." His second report, which is herewith presented, embraces a vast amount of useful information, and will-be found highly interesting and worthy of mature consideration. It will be seen that while some of our county prisons have been constructed and are being conducted with strict regard to the proper objects of punishment, others are utterly unit for any such piproses, and are a diagrace, and reproach to a civilized age and a Christian people. The Commissioner, in regard to some of these, describes them "as being masae, where prisoners could not be held unloss loaded with chains, where the saxes were not separated, where there was no discipline, or any effort made towards the moral or religious improvement of the immates; the buildings testily investing the purposes of a prison; and where the prisons the cells are represented as contracted daugeons, into which not a ray of sunshine or a draft of pure air can enter, and in which a human being could not possibly live through a lengthy term of sentence. And in still others, in consequence of the want of proper accommodations, all classes of criminals, from the most hardened and aged to the youth of leader years, are permitted to congregate, and indulge in card playing profamity and almost overy species of immorality and crime. Under such circumstances, reformation, which is the grand object of divine, and should be of all human, laws and punishments, is rendered impossible; whits hideous lessons of community has a mora distinct of the criminal, to deader be mind to absolutely harden him to the consulssion of crime. The commissioners appointed "to lengtire into the various systems of prison discipline, as m

deaden nim to all the better sensibilities of his nature, and to absolutely harden him to the commission of crime.

The commissioners appointed to inquire into the various systems of prison discipline, as practiced in other—Statos and comntries, as compared with what is known as the Pennsylvania system. Will submit you their report at an early day, from which you will learn that the capacity of our peniteutiaries is at present competent for the safe-keeping and proper punishment of all offenders of the higher grades, and that work houses and houses of correction are needed for those whose crimes are of a more trivial character, and whose breformation and future insefulness may be accomplished by a humane system of discipline, such as will be recommended.

THE JUDICARY.

Communications have been received from various parts of the State, representing that the present indicatione is inadequate for the purposes designed. Since the number of judges was fixed, the business of the courts has greatly increased with our rapidly expanding population, and the multiplication of commercial and business operations of our growing Commonwealth. How far relief should be afforded is well worthy of careful consideration.

In one district of the Supreme Court over seven hun

far relief should be afforded is well worthy of careful consideration.

In one district of the Supreme Court over seven hundred new cases have been docketed within one year. Many of these involve very large amounts and important legal principles, and their proper consideration imposes upon the judges great labor and responsibility. In the other districts of this court the argument lists are also becoming so crowded that it is impossible to dispose of the business with that promptness and intelligence demanded by the public interests; and especially, with one of the judges, as now required by law, assigned to duty in the Court of Nist Prins at Philadelphia. It therefore, carnestly recommend an additional judge for this court, believing it, a public necessity, in justice to the many suitors, and to the judges who have more work than should be required of the present number of men, let them be ever so laborious and efficient.

than should be required of the present number of men, let them be ever so laborious and efficient.

In obedience to "an act to settle, determine and locate the southern boundary line of the Commonwealth," approved March 20, 1869, I appointed James Worralt, Esq., of Harrisburg, and strickland Kneass, Esq., of Philadelphia, both civil engineers, Commissioners on the part of Pennsylvania, to act "in conjunction with like Commissioners on the part of the State of Delaware."

The Governor of that State was promptly furnished with a copy of the act, and informed of the appointment of Commissioners under it, and his co-operation invited. Int, so forms I am advised, no action of any kind has been taken by Delaware on the subject, and consequent:

y the work contemplated by the act referred to has not

ly the work contemplated by the act referred to has not been performed.
Your-pecial attent, a is layited to the report of our Couraissmers, which is herewith communicated.
It is eminently proper that special notice should he taken of the decease of such persons as have occupied prominent positions in and rendered distinguished services to the State. Conspicuous among these work lith. Joseph Ritner and Hon. David R. Porter, both of whom died during the present administration. During their eventual lives they shared largely in the public confidence and regard, and filled many posts of honer, truet and responsibility, including that of Governor, with distinguished fidelity and patriotism. They were conspicuously identified with all the grave and important questions of State policy and administration through the eventual period which they lived, and contributed largely to shape and strongthen the firm foundations of our Commonwealts, upon which they have been enabled to build securely. They have passed away, type in years and full of henors; and it is respectfully submitted whether it be not proper for the Legislature to take some appropriate notice of the lamented death of these two distinguished public servants.

respecturity submitted whether it do not proper to the lamented death of these two distinguished public servants.

It has grown into the custom to regard an application for Executive elemency as an indespensable part of the machinery of criminal justice. Because the Executive is invested with the power to parlon, it is by many supposed that he has not only the right, but that it is his duty to examine into every allegation of error, and give a favorable response to every application; and hence, petitions for pardon are becoming so numerous that the mere examination of them is exhaustive of a large amount of valuable time; at least an hour in each case, exclusive of the time occupied in correspondence with the Judges. District-Attorneys and other parties. Oriminals are no sooner convicted, than their friends and other interested parties, who seem to think that it is the Governor's constitutional duty to nullify the laws instead of seeing that they are faithfully executed, prepare a raid upon him, and employ in their importunities for pardon every device that human ingenuity can suggest, and if but a tithe of the representations set forth were believed, one would be led to suppose that our Courts are daily guility of the grossest blunders, and that justice is far more blind than she has ever been painted by the most skillful artist.

During the year ending December 31, 1869, there have been fifteen hundred and iffy applications for pardon, of which sixty-two, or four per cent, were granted, cloven hundred and eight rejected, and three hundred and eight rejected, and three hundred and eight rejected, and three hundred and indiscriminate use of the pardoning power. It was only designed for the correction of manifest errors or oppressions, palpable mistakes, cases of after-discovered evidence, and others of exceptionable character. Both the theory of our government and public policy require that the pardoning power should be kept within these reasonable limits; and not be made an instrument to defeat the execution o

NATIONAL APPAIRS.

Having laid before you a general survey of the affairs and condition of the State which relate to the common wellare, it affords me also the laids tratification to add that the amicable intercourse and pleasant relations which have so long existed between the government of Pennsylvania and the governments of all the other States and of the dinion, coatinue unimpaired; and consequently, our resolution, 'to preserve, protect and detend.'' these fundamental principles of humanity, equal rights and justice to all, universal freedom and a united country, is greatly strengthened.

The general relations of the National Government, as set forth in the recent annual message of the President, continue to be "peace at home and without entangling alliances abroad;" the reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion is being rapidly accomplished—the revolues are infiltfully collected—the National debt is being liquidated, at the rate of about one hundred million dollars per annum, and repudiation has been emphatically repudiated. A strict and uncompromising adherence to this policy by a prudent and economical administration has already restored the National character to the fullest confidence in the minds not only of our countrymen but of foreigners, and has allayed all spirit of discontent that might have been dangerous to the stability of our institutions.

There is another subject also of National importance claiming our attention, because it directly affects the industrial operations in which Pennsylvania is so largely interested. Movements, charactorized with the greatest energy, are now being made by those interested in free trade, to induce Congress to take such action as will permit the free introduction of steel, iron and iron materials for ship building, and many other modifications of the tariff laws. Should such efforts be successful, the result must prove disastrous to the great coal, from and other interests of our State, diminishing the production of room abroad. So lar as the present sys gain advantages over our own lun other producers, within our limits.

ciprocity treaties by which the people of Canada can gain advantages over our own lumbermen, farmers and other producers, within our limits.

While acknowledging the rightful constitutional amounts of the General Government to dispose of all questions relative to national affairs, and while in no manner seeking to interfere with the exercise of that authority. I cannot refrain from alluding to the fact, that for more than a year a brave people in Cuba have been struggling for their independence against great-olds, in the face of burbarities and atrocities which will forever be a foul blot upon the history of Spain. We should indeed be unmindful of humanity and of the greatness of our nationality, if we omitted to notice this patriotic effort by the Gubans to throw off the Spanish yoke, and like our own ancestors, "to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which nature and nature's God entitle them." The new organization has abolished slavery and attested its right not only to our sympathy but to recognition, by the vigor and determination of its resistance to the oppressions of the mother country. Almost irom the beginning of our National Government, Congress has furnished numerous precedents for the action here indicated, even when the people struggling for liberly were not upon the American continent. They recognized Greece in her efforts to establish her nationality against Turkish oppression. The same spirit prevailed not only towards Poland, Italy and Hungary, but to kreland in all her movements to regain her long lost nationality. These countries had the unmistakable sympathy of the people of the United States, and our public men, in every branch of the Government, never hesitated to speak in their defence. In the case of the French revolution, the statesmen of America gave encoungement to the people of that country to establish a republican form of Government. Upon this continent there are numerous instances of active sympathies with the struggles of the people for liberty

afterwards she was annexed to our great sisterhood of States.

It is in singular contrast with these historic precedents that the people of Cuba have as yet received no national encouragement or recognition, while they are imitating the example of our fathers, who, as colonists, struck down the hand which oppressed them, and established for themselves a free and independent government. There is no question but that the patriots of Cuba have the warm and emphatic sympathy of a great majority of the people of this and other States, and I but give utterance to what is an abiding sentiment among the masses, when I declare a hearty sympathy with the people of that Island now endeavoring to cast off the yoke of oppression fastened so long upon them by an intolerant government. The gem of the Antilles of right belongs to republican rule, and is, to all intents and purposes, covered by the Monrae doctrine so that whatever recognition the government might extend to republicans of Cuba, it would only amount to the practical enforcement of what our nation has so long advanced in theory. Cuba is an American island. Geographically it belongs to the United States. Its acquisition has been a leading principle with many of our ablest states hen from an early period in our history. Jefferson, Madison, Adams, Clay, Van Buren, Buchanna and many others down cated the incorporation of Guba into the Union. It is looped the time will soon come, if it has not already arrived, when by the counciation of a prompt and decided policy a brave people may be recognized as independent, and the cause of republican principles receive new encouragement.

The management of our national finances is one of the most delicate and important questions now under con-sideration by the American people, and while it is not my intention to offer any plan to settle a matter which seems to give so much trouble to many of our most expe-rienced inanciers, a few suggestions may not be out of my intention to offer any plan to settle a matter which seems to give so much trouble to many of our mostexperienced linanciers, a few suggestions may not be out of place.

It will be remembered that by the establishment of our National banks, the best and safest paper currency that ever existed in this nation has been afforded. Great cantion should therefore be taken not to mar a system that has been so generally beneficial. When the Covernment established the National banks, our State banks were taxed out of existence and destroyed as such, but in many instances thoy were renewed by the soleme enactment of Congress, under whose supervision they were promised a just, kind and fostering care. It seems unjust, therefore, that the government should propose to withdraw a part of their circulation from them and give it to new ones to be organized where none now exist. If now banks should be created whorever they may be required, they should rocewe their circulation from an increase of the amount now authorized by law. The circulation to be the same as the banks now have, and on the same kind of securities. In my opinion, a policy of expansion of the currency should be adopted that will cheer up and reassure our business men and put the wheels of commerce, manufactures and labor in tall operation. It will prevent a decline in the revenues derived from the tariff and internal taxation, and will save thousants of citizens from the crushing effects of contraction. As a part of the same policy, thore should be no hesitation about the abandonment of the idea of reacting the currency by the adoption of any plan to currency at this time would be "productive of railroads an authorized approach to specie payments is the only safe mode, in my opinion, to accomplish that desirable end. An compulsory law that may be enacted will in all probability be a fatture. I do not hesitate to say that the contraction of the currency at this time would be "productive of arising fend, at such a rate as will pay off the debet in about thirty

The forezoing are the only subjects connected with State and National affairs that I have degened of sufficient importance to offer for your consideration at the present time; and I conclude by expressing the hope that your session will be marked by harmony among yourselyes and the members of the several kate Departments, and your deliberations result in lasting benefit to the Companyance.

Executive Chamben, Harrisburg, Jan, 5, 1879.

JNO. W. GRARY.

UITY NOTICES.

INCOMPARABLE, No Cologue equals Bur-NEVER SAY DYE OR "NOT A DYE;" But ask for PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOB THE HAJE. Examine it, you will find it clear; shake it, you will see that it has no sediment, apply it to your head, beard, whiskers, or mustaches; if grey or arizaled, and the color they wore before they faded will return to them.

WATER FILTERS for purifying muddy water.

FARSON & Co.'s

Kitchen Furnleiling Booms,

Dock street, below Walnut,

LADIES' HATS.—Ladies' Hats of the most ceautiful styles, at the lowest prices in the city. OAKPORD'4, 831 and 836 Chestaut street. FRENCH AND ENGLISH CASSIMERS PANTS Made to Order.
312 to \$14.

A similar reduction on all Measured and Ready made Clothing at

OHARLES STOKES'S, No. 821 Chestnut street, Under Continental Hotel. GENT'S AND YOUTH'S ASTRACHAN CAPS OF the bost makes. The cheapest in the city.

OAKFORD'S,

Continental Hotel.

CORNS, Bunions, Inverted Nails, skillfully treated by Dr. J. Davidson, No. 915 Chestnut street. Charges moderate, JUDICIOUS MOTHERS and nurses use tor children a safe and pleasant medicine in Bouser's Infant Cordial.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS and druggists' sun-

DKAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH.

J. Isaacs, M. D., Professor of the Eye and Ear, treats all diseases appertaining to the above members with the utmost success. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city can be seen at his office, No. 805 Arch street. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted. No charge made for examination.

WEDDING CARDS, INVITATIONS for Parties, &c. New styles. MASON & CO., 907 descriptions of descr WEDDING INVITATIONS EN-graved in the newest and best manner. LOUIS DREKA Stationer and Engraver, 1032 Chestnut feature

MARRIED. VAN DERVEER-MOORE.—On the 4th inst., at Old Pine Street Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, by the Rev. R. H. Allen. Pastor, F. F. Van Derveer, of Chicago, Ill. late of Philadelphia, to Ray E. daughter of the late James Moore, of Chester co., Pa. Ne cards.

DIED. ALRICH.—On Friday, December 31, 1869, at the residence of his son-in-law, Calvin Ballard, Esq., in Winterset, Iowa, Rev. Wm. P. Africh, ID.D., formerly of Washington, Pa., in the 73d year of his age.

Lippinct, in the 53d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Friends' Meeting House, at Westfield, on Fith-day afternoon, the 6th inst., at 3 o'clock, without further notice. Carriages will meet the 2 P. M. train from Walnut street, at Riverton. JOUVIN & CO. BLACK KID GLOVES.

—Prices Reduced !—Ladies' plain Black, \$1 75; Em-proidered, \$1 85; Plain, two buttons, \$2 00; Gentle-

BESSON & SON, Mourning Goods, No. 918 Chestnut street. DLACK MOHAIR TAMISE, OR FRENCH
ALPACA.—Just received, one case of Mohair Tamise, from 65c. to \$1 a yard. BESSON & SON,
Mourning Dry Goods House.
918 Chestnut street.

DLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS, \$2.

Just received a case of Lyons heavy Gros Grain Black Silks, at \$2: also, in store all qualities, from \$1.75 Binck Silks, at 52: 2150, 10 500.

BESSON & SON, Mourning Dry Goods,
No. 916 Chestnut street.

No. 916 Chestnut street.

BLACK ALPACA DEPARTMENT.

BESSON & SON have opened a fresh stock of Alpacas, from 37/2 to 871/2c.

Mohairs or Glossy Alpacas, 75c. to \$1 25.

Mohair Tamise or French Alpacas, 65c. to \$1.

Bombuzine Finish Alpacas, Alpaca Poplins, Australian Crupes, 62/5c. to \$1 12/2/2.

MOURNING DRY GOODS HOUSE,

ja56 6t. No. 918 Chestnut street. No. 918 Chestnut street.

No. 918 Chestnut street.

CARD, JANUARY 1. 1870.

EYRE & LANDELL.

FOURTH AND ARCH,

closing out WINTER GOODS low to prepare

NEW SPRING GOODS. SPECIAL NOTICES.

WANAMAKER

The low prices at which we have been selling for the last few weeks

will still prevail until our winter stock is all cleared out and we are ready for our Spring Importations.

JOHN WANAMAKER, Finest Clothing Establishment,

818 & 820 Chestnut St.

Ours is the Finest Ready-Made Clothing in America; far superior in every way to all other Ready-Made Clothing and equal to the best Custom Work of most establish ments, but in closing out our present stock we are selling as cheap as any house either on Market or

Chestnut streets. JOHN WANAMAKER, Finest Clothing Establishment,

818 & 820 Chestnut St. Our Boys' Clothing and Gents Furnishing Goods are all marked down, and can be bought now at prices which would justify any one in laying in a stock for future use. JOHN WANAMAKER,

Finest Clothing Establishment, 818 & 820 Chestnut St.

THE MOYA:MENSING SOUP
HOUSE, located N. W. corner of Eighth and
Marriott streets, will commence the distribution of Bread
and Soup on MONDAY, Jun. 10th, to the descript
boor. Contributions in money or provisions fir aid of or. Contributions in money or provisions in aid is excellent charity will be thankfully received by the Managers. ROBERT GRAFPEN, President, this excellent charity will de thankintly feedward of the Managers. ROBERT GRAFFEN, President, 527 Pine street; Collins West, Vice President, 392 South Second street; J. Lesley Anderson, Secretary, 314 South Sixth street; J. Lesley Anderson, Secretary, 314 South Ninth street; J. M. Cooper, \$29 South Ninth street; J. L. Wilson, 522 South Ninth street; J. L. Wilson, 525 Enterprise street; B. Rickenton, 636 Catharine street; Hugh Stevenson, N. W. Corner Broad and Christian streets. Cellector—A. J. BATON. OFFICE OF THE EPISCOPAL

At a meeting of the Contributors to the Hospital of the P. E. Church in Philadelphia, held this day, the following gentlemen were elected Members of the Board of Managers. to serve for the ensuing three years:

Rev. W. H. Hare.

Rev. W. H. Hare.

Rev. Thomas F. Davies,

John C. Cresson,

Joseph A. Clay,

Edward H. Trotter,

John Ashhurst,

B. G. Godfrey.

WM. BACON STEVENS,

Chairman

ATTEST-JOHN A. CHILDS, Secretary 1109 GIRARD STREET. 1109 TURKIEH, RUSSIAN, AND PERFUMED BATHS, Baths open from Q A. 4. 109 P. M.

OUR SALES

Trabaccian AND abandant

SINCE FIRST OF DECEMBER Amount to \$198,950 00.

The sales books of our houses.

gratified with the

1.166 Men's Sacks

3,216 Mon's Vests,

718 Boys! Overcosts, 678 Roys' Jackets,

1.018 Men's Overcoats, 915 Men's Chesterfields,

2,872 pairs Men's Pasts

1.481 pairs Boys' Pauts,

WILL SACRIFICE IT

SINGLE GARMENTS.

WILL DARE TO SELL AT.

FOR LOTS OF

At \$3 00 (all wl) Cost Elsewhere..... \$5 00

At \$4 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 6 00

At \$5 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 7 00

At \$6 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 9 00

At \$7.50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 10 00

At \$8 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 12 00

MEN'S VESTS.

At \$1 50 (all wl) Cost Elsewhere \$3 00

At \$2 50...... 4 00

At \$3 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 5 00

At \$4 25...... 6 00

At \$5 00...... 7 50

BOYS' OVERCOATS.

are open for the inspection of the

LARGE SUCCESS OF OUR MAMMOTE SALE.

Tot we STILL HAVE by ACTUAL COUNT,

TO GET NEXT SEASON'S STOCK READY.

AT RATES LOWER THAN ANY ONE ELSE

SO, FOR THE NEXT TWO WEEKS WE WILL ACCEPT ORDERS

TWO WEEKS MORE WANAMAKER & BROWN TWO WEEKS MORE WANAMAKER & BROWN WANAMAKER & BROWN WANAMAKER M. BROWN

WANAMAKER & BROWN TWO WEEKS MORE TWO WEEKS MORE TWO WEEKS MORE TWO WEEKS MORE

TWO WEEKS MORE MEN'S OVERCOATS. At \$7 50 Cost Elsewhere \$10 00

At \$10 00...... Cost Elsewhere..... 15 00 At \$12 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 18 00 At \$15 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 22 00 At \$20.00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 30 00 MEN'S CHESTERFIELDS. At \$8 00......S11 00 At \$10 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 14 00 At \$12 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 17 00 At \$15 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 20 00

At \$18 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 25 00

MEN'S SACK COATS.

At \$5 00......Cost Elsewhere...... \$9 00 | At \$5 00......Cost Elsewhere...... \$8 00

At \$10 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 14 00 At \$13 00......Cost Elsewhere...... 17 00 At \$10 00.......Cost Elsewhere....... 15 00 At \$1.75.......Cost Elsewhere...... 2 75 At \$16 00..... Cost Elsewhere...... 22 00 At \$13 50...... Cost Elsewhere....... 20 00 At \$2 50..... Cost Elsewhere...... 3 50

At \$6 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 10 00 At \$8 00...... Cost Elsewhere 12 00

At \$7 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... 11 00

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, LARGE ASSORTMENT AND CORRESPONDING REDUCTIONS.

Now, then, one visit will convince you of every fact stated above. Many of the articles have been made up within the last ten days, and are purchased since the low rates of gold, and during the depressed state of the market.

To for the accommodation of the public, we will keep open every evening until 9 o'clock, and Saturdays till 10 o'clock. WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, OAK HALL, S. E. CORNER. SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

SPECIAL NOTICES. THURBIAY EVENING, Jan. 6th. 1870.
To give proper expression to the Melodies of the Irish Bards

Bards M'DME JOSEPHINE SCHIEFF

Has kindly consented to appear.
Cards of Admission, Fifty Ceots.
Reserved Seats to be had at J. L. Carneross & Co.'s,
No. 6 North: Eighth street; W. H. P. Covert's News
Stand. Continental Hotel; C. W. A. Trumpler's Music
store, No. 925 Chestnut street; John R. Downing's Book
Store, 199 South Eighth street, and at John Treuwith's
News Agency, 614 Chestnut street. SPRING GARDEN SOUP SOCIETY At the Annual Meeting, November 9th, the following entlemen were elected MANAGERS for the ensuing

gentlemen were elect year: James Peters, John M. Ogden, Thomas Mather, F. B. Atmore, C. P. Bower I. James Chambers, Joseph H. Cellins, D. R. Erdman, John Edgar, John Edgar, John Guskill, Eli Krupp. Thomas Marsh,
A. N. Murphy,
Hiram Miller.
Israel Peterson.
Gibert S. Parker,
Franklin Sbemaker,
William Vanderveer,
David Vanderveer,
Henry Warper,
Amos Walker,
John Godbon,
Aaron W. Gaskill,
Dillon.

Eli Krupp, Eli Krupp, Aaron W. Gaskill,
Contributions for the above worthy charity will be
gratefully received by either of the above Managers, or
by the regularly authorized Collector, Mr. Jonathaa
Pugh, who will call upon the friends of the worthy
poor.

by the regularly authorized Collector, Mr. Jonathan Pugh, who will call upon the friends of the worthy poor.

JAMES PETERS, President, 33 Race street.

JOHN M. OGDEN, Vice President, 446 Marshall street, 466 Marshall street.

THOMAS MATHER, Treasurer, 1106 Wallace street.

F. B. ATMORE, Secretary, 1106 Wallace street.

B. B. ATMORE, Secretary, 1106 Wallace street.

W. PHILADELPHA, Dec. 27, 1869.

The Board of Managers of the Germantown Passenger Railway Company have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, Physiological of taxes, on and after January 16, 1870. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 1st and opened on the 16th of January, decreis 12rp JOSEPH SINGERLY, Secretary.

NESQUEHONING VALLEY RAIL
SECOND STREET.

PHILADELPHIA DEC. 22, 1869.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, and an election for President and Twelve Directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held; at this clific, between the hours of twelve and two, on MON-DAY, the 10th day of January, 1870.

W. B. WHITNEY, Secretary.

DAY the 16th day of January, 1870.

Jub-118 W. B. WHITNEY, Secretary.

ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS.

TEMPLE OF WONDERS,

ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS.

TENTH and CHESTNUT streets.

SIGNOR BLITZ, assisted by

THEODORK BLITZ.

Will give a GRAND ENTRETAINMENT in the
LARGE HALL. on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, 6th
inst. at 3, and in the EVENING, at 72, o'clock, for the
benefit of Second Universalist Sunday School. On this
occasion BIGNOR BLITZ will present all the new mysteries brought from Europe, and a grand entertainment
may be expected.

NATIONAL BANK OF GERMANTOWN, PHILADELPHIA.

GERMANTOWN, Dec. 10, 1869.

TOWN, PHILADELPHIA.

GERMANTOWN, Dec. 10, 1869.

TOWN, PHILADELPHIA.

CHAS, W. OTTO.

O'clock P. Bl.

O'clock P. Bl.

CHAS, W. OTTO.

CHAS, W. OTTO.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the contributors to the Germantown Dispensary will be held at their rooms, in Town Hall, on Third-day (TUESDAY), the 11th of this month, between the hours of 4 and 5 P. M., to elect Managers for the coming year, and to hear the report of the Board of Managers.

infi-fits ELLISTON P. MORRIS, Secretary. BLLISTON P. MORRIS, Secretary.

REV. JAMES NEILE WILL
preach in Trinity M. R. Church, Righth street,
above Hace, THIS EVENING, at 7% o'clock, and Rev.
Jacob Todd will preach on FRIDAY EVENING at same
hour and place. our and place.
A cordial invitation is extended to all. A cordial invitation is extended to an invitation in the cordial invitation is extended to an invitation of the cordinal invitation in the cordinal invitati

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
Stockholders of the White Oal City Stockholders of the White Oak Oil Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 13th day of Jan., 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., No. 423 Walnut street.

J. S. McMULLIN,

JANUARY 5, 1870.

Secretary. JANUARY 5, 1870.

WEEK OF PRAYER AT ARCH
EACH EVENING of this week, except
Saturday,
Strangers invited. Scotts free. Strangers invited. Scats free. ja3-5trp*

HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518

and 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department,
Medical freatment and medicinefurnished gratuitously
to the rate.

AUCTION SALES. AMES A FREEMAN, AUCTIONEER, AMES A. FREEMAN, AUCTIONEER,
S. to Under Authority of the Court of Common Riess.
ST BARRELE WHISKY.
ON TOESDAY MORNING.
At 11 o'clock, will be sold, without reserve, at the Augition Store, No 428 Walnut street, of barrels of, to discribed high and low Wides, being the ramaning stork.
The Augition of the Augition Court of the Augition Store, and the Augustion Store, and the August of the Augu

STATIONERY. IMPORTANT TO BOOK-KEEPERS.

> JUST PUBLISHED. THE

"CATCH-WORD"

LEDGER INDEX (COPYRIGHT SECURED.) Book-keepers and all others having to use an Index

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By using the "Catch-word" Index, it will not only

save time and evesight but the finding of a name quickly

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You are invited to call and examine it. PUBLISHED BY JAS. B. SMITH & CO.,

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PHILADELPHIA. CARRIAGES.

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We have now in our Repository,,

THIRTEENTH AND PARRISH STS. · The largest assortment of

WINTER CARRIAGES To be found in the city, and to which we in-

vite the attention of the public. Our work is fully equal in style and quality to any built in the country, and will be sold at the lowest prices possible.

GEO. W. WATSON & CO. GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. WHAT SO DESIRABLE

FOR NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS Gentlemen's Wrappers,

Morning Jackets, Smoking Jackets, Gardigan Jackets. The largest variety and most beautiful styles ever offered, for sale by

JOHN C. ARRISON, Nos. 1 and 3 North Sixth Street, PHILADELPHIA. A large and varied assortment of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. noi2 f m w lyrp R. LEIGH'S IMPROVED HARD
Bubber Truss never rusts, breaks for soils, used in bathing; Supporters Elastic Pales, Rubber Truss never rusts, breaks for soils used in bathing. Supporters, Elastic Belts Stockings, all kinds of Trusses and Braces. Ladies attended to by MES. LEIGH 1230 Chestnut, second story.

DRY GOODS.

BOYS' UNDERCOATS.

At \$ 5 00..... Cost Elsewhere \$ 8 00

At \$ 6 00..... Cost Elsewhere..... 9 00

At \$ 8 00...... 11 00

At \$10 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 13 00

At \$11 50...... Cost Elsewhere 15 00

BOYS' JACKETS.

At \$2 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... \$3 50

At \$3 50...... 4 50

At \$4 00...... Cost Elsewhere..... 5 50

At \$5 00..... Tost Elsewhere 7 00

At \$2 50...... Cost Elsewhere...... \$3 50

At \$3 50...... St Elsewhere...... \$1 60

At \$4 00...... Cost Elsewhere...... 5 50

At \$5 00..... Cost Elsewhere..... 7 00

At \$1 25...... Cost Elsewhere...... \$3 00

1870 January 1st. 1870 EYRE & LANDELL.

FOURTH AND ARCH, DEALERS IN BETTER CLASS OF DRY GOODS. WINTER GOODS REDUCED LOW. TO CLOSE

THEM, BEFORE LAYING IN THEIR
NEW SPRING GOODS.
FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH USEFUL DRY GOODS, BEST BLACK SILKS, FINE STOCK OF SHAWLS, MUSLINS BY THE PIECE,

BEST WOOL FLANNELS. STOUTEST COTTON FLANNELS

LINEN STORE, SP 828 Arch Street.

New Store, 1128 CHESTNUT ST-New Department---Bed Clothing.

Best Blankets, Fresh from the Mills. Marseilles Bed Quilts.

Honeycomb Quilts, all sizes. Allendale and Lancaster Quilts. Linen Sheetings, every width. Cotton Sheetings, " Pillow Casings.

We mean to do a large trade n this departmentiby offering cheap and reliable goods.

USEFUL PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS. Pointe, Real Valencienne LACES

In Setts, COLLARS, HDKFS., and by the yard,
TRIMMED and EMB'D. SETTS.
ROMAN SCABFS and SASHES.
GLOVES, of every description
INDIA and CASHLEBE SCARFS.
Together with our clegant Stock of SILKS, POPLINS,
and every variety of

Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloths, Cassimeres, etc JOHN W. THOMAS, Nos. 405 and 407 N. Second Street,

MILLINERY GOODS. Bridal, Birthday and Holiday Presents. Bridal, Birthday and Holiday Presents.

AU BON MARCHE.

The One Dollar bepartment contains a large assortment Of Fine Franch Goods,

Embracing Desks, Work, Vlove, Handkerchief and Dressing Boxes, in great valiety. Dolls, Mechanical Toys and Tree Trimmings, SNk Kans, Leather Bags, Pocket Books, China Vases and ornaments, &c., c.

Call and examine our Paris Goods, Party and evening dresses made and Trimmed from French and English Fashion Plates.

Fancy Costumes for Masquerades, Balls, &c., made to order in Forty-sight Hours' Notice, at

MRS. M. A. BINDER'S Ladies' Dress Trimmings,
Paper Pattern; Dress and Cloak Making
Establishment,
N. W. Cor. ELEVENTII and CHES ENUT Streets.
OPEN IN THE EVENING.

my25-tf rp CHEATHING FELT. TEN FRAMES English Sheathing Felt, for sale by PETER WEIGHT & SONS, 115 Walnut street.