PRICE THREE CENTS.

VOLUME XXIII.—NO. 201.

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1869.

ADIES, IN PURCHASING YOUR FURS

TARTH-CLOSETS, COMMODES AND Privy Fixtures, Sales-room with A. H. FRAN-OISCUS & Co., 513 Market street. Oct the, tu-2815

WEDDING UARDS, INVITATIONS for Parties, &c. New styles. MASON & Co-auxilia Community WEDDING INVITATIONS EN-Wedge of the newest and best manner. LOUIS DREKA Stationer and Engraver, 1032 Chestnut fe20 tf

ASHHUBST—LACEY.—On the 1st of December, at a Church of the Epiphany, by the Rev. Dr. Newton, and is Ashhurst, M.D., to Sarah D., daughter of the William N. Laces.

Churchman, son of Robert and Julia A; Churchman, in the 25th year of his are. The male friends of the family are residence of his father, to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, No. 23 South Sixteenth street, on Friday, December 3d,

No. 224 South Sixteenth street, on Final, 2008.

ENGARD.—On the 22th ultime, after a short illness, Emma, daughter of Samuel and Hannah B. Engard.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her parents residence, No. 1501 Oxford street, on Friday morning, at 11 ovicek. Interment at Laurel Hill.

FOX.—On the 30th November, Hannah Fox, widow of the late. Joseph M. Fox, of Clarion county, in the such ware of her age.

of the late Joseph M. Fox, of Clarion county, in the Soth year of her age.
Funeral on Friday morning, at 11 o'clock.
GOODMAN.—In Monday, the 29th ult., Catharine A. Goodman, daughter of the late John Goodman, in the 79th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 225 Callowhill street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment in fam ly vault, St. John's Church, Bace street, above Fifth.
TEAL.—December 2d, Charles J., son of Jacob, Jr. and Winute Teal, aged 8 months and 26 days.

SECOND MOURNING DRESS GOODS. Closing out below the cost of importation our entire stock of fall and winter Second Mourning Poplins, Molnins, Alpacas, Plaids, Mouseelines, Robert & S. def-61 918 Chestnut street.

NDIA CAMEL'S HAIR SCARFS FOR CHBISTMAS PRESENTS OF VALUE: EYRE & LANDELL. FOURTH AND ABOH. SPECIAL NOTICES.

See Sixth pase for additional Notices.

To Counteract

An opinion, prevalent among some who have not tried us, that because we are on Chestnut street, and deal only in a class of Clothing finer than ordinary Ready-made Garments, our prices must be enermously high, we here publish a

LIST OF PRICES.

tinks Weight Overcouts	Rusinesa Suita.
Light Weight Overcours,	Chesterfields
from 89 to 825.	Pants 5 00
Black Regate, Metcosta	Vesta 2 50
Chinchilia Overconte, \$20,	Whole Suits 82) 00
822, 825, 825, 835.	Whole Buits
Heavy Petershum Over-	and all grades from
Youthy Dvercoats, from 87	Handsome dress suits, all
dibitation's Observants from	Fine Trecots, 833 to 845.
Children's Overcoats from	Swallow Tail Dress Coats.
Garibaldi Suits from \$5 to	Black Cloth, 818 to 842.
Caribrian pare from de to	Bine Cloth, 825 to 835.
820.	Boys' Inches
Prince Imperial build from	Boys' Jackets 54 50 Boys' Pants 3 50
SRIA BED.	Bole Fants
Bismarcks, 86 to 820.	Whole Suits
and	
twenty other styles.	and
Gents Wrappers,	all grades up to \$20.
85 to 835.	Metropolitan Suits
	from \$10 to \$25_
r r	Youths' Chesterfields from
	# 10 to #50.

This list embraces only a small portion of our Stock, but gives an idea of what buyers can do, and demonstrate that

The Very Finest Styles, The Very Finest Qualities,

The Very Finest Makes

GENTS', YOUTHS' and CHILDREN'S

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Can be sold and are being sold by us very

CHEAPER

Than the People think.

JOHN WANAMAKER,

Chestnut Street Clothing Establishment,

848 and 820 CHESTNUT STREET. Annual Communities (Control Control Co KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY, Corner of Asylum Turnpike & Fisher Lane, NEAR FRANKFORD.

A chance is now offered to secure Lots, at the Low price of \$15, payable in instalments, in what is admitted to be the best adapted grounds for Cemetery purposes near Phila-delphia, being romantically located, perfectly dry and autifully rolling surface. Apply to

PRESIDENT-WILBUR H. MYERS, 419 North Fifteenth street.
VICE PRESIDENT—HARRY M. GEARY, S. E. corner of Ridge avenue and Wallace street. SECRETARY—GEO. CHANDLER PAUL.

Office of the Company, 1723 North Tenth street.
TREASURER—WM. S. SNEYD,
S22 East York street.
SUPERINTENDENT—SAMUEL F. MEADE, On the Grounds

ORGAN CONCERT. FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH, TENTH AND LOCUST STREETS.

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 4, 1869.

OPENING OF THE NEW ORGAN built by E. &. G.

The following talout will appear:—Mme. HENRIETTA BEHRENS. Soprano: Miss THOMAS. Contraito: Mr. F. TIEDMAN Tener: Mr. W. GILCHRIST. Bass; Mr. J. PEARCE, Organist of St.
Mark's: Mr. D. D. WOOD, Organist of St. Stephens's:
Mr. W. G DIETRICH, Organist of the Church, and a
full Brass Band, under the able direction of Mr. GEO.
BASTERT.

full Brass pane, data.

BASTERT.

Tickets 31. To be obtained at Music Stores of W. H.

Boner & Co., and J. Gould, Chestnut street. Boner & Co., and no30 tu th 8 3trp§ A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRU-MENTAL CONCERT,
In aid of the
SPRUCE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH,
SPRUCE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH,
SPRUCE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, Will be held at the Church, Spruce street, below Fifth, ON THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 9, 1839. The Directory take pleasure in announcing that they have secured the assistance of the following eminent

MR. CHAS H. JARVIS, Pianist.

MR. CHAS H. JARVIS, Pianist.

MR. CHAS H. JARVIS, Pianist,

MR. DAVID D. WOOD, Organist,

MISS VIRGINIA PARIS, Soprano.

(Pupil of Prof. Barill.)

MISS CARRIE JARVIS, Soprano.

MR. JARVIS DAVIS, Contraito.

MR. G. A. CONLY, Basso.

(Pupil of Prof. Barill.)

Also the assistance of a talented chorus of ladies and gentlemen.

gentlemen.
Tickets, admitting one, \$1; admitting two, \$150.
To be had at the Music Store of W. H. Boner, 1102
Chestnut street, the Rooms of the Baptist Publication
Society, No. 530 Arch street, and at the Church on the
evening of the Concert.
Doors open at 7 o'clock, P. M., Concert at a 1/2 before 8. FREE CUBA.—PERSONS HAVING in charge the Cuba petitions will please send them in to CALEB H. NEEDLES' Drug Store, S. W. corner TWELETH and RAUE streets, as soon as possible, that ribey may be forwarded in time to be presented to Congress on MONDAY next.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MEMORIAL MISSION. BETHANY

OF THE NOW REUNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

FAIR

FOR THE Sale of Useful and Fancy Articles Suitable for Christmas Gifts,

TO BE HELD IN

HORTICULTURAL HALL. Commencing December 9th at 4 P. M. And Closing " 14th at 10 P. M.

Our Citizens are requested to bear this in mind while arranging for the Fair.

р JOHN В. GOUGH

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

MONDAY EVENING, December 6. MONDAY EVENING, December 13.

Subject-"Habit." HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Subject not ret announced.

TUESDAY EVENING, February 1, HOBACE GREELEY.

THESDAY EVENING, February 22. Tickets for these Lectures for sale at Ashmead's, 724

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

THE STAR COURSE OF LECTURES.

BEV. BOBERT COLLYER, D. D. On Friday Evening, December 3, Subject—"CLEAR GRIT."

December 7-MARK TWAIN

December 9-DE CORDOVA.

December 16-WENDELL PHILLIPS.

Admission. Ecc. Reserved Scats. 75.
Tickets for any of the Lectures for sale at GOULD'S Plano-Warcooms. No. 923 CHESTNUT Street, and at the Academy on the evening of the Lecture. Boors open at 7: Lecture at 8.
Orchestra Prelude at 7% o'clock. de2-2t§

TEMPERANCE BLESSING.—
First Anniversary Meeting, Concert Hall, Chestont street, above Twelfth. SATI(BDAY EVENING, Dec. 4, 1869. Hon. Jos. Allison will preside. Prayer by Rev. R. H. Allen, D. D. Addresses by Rev. A. A. Willets, D. D., Rev. Herrick Johnson, D. D., and Thos, M. Coleman, Esq. All friends of Temperance are cordially invited.

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POST-OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, Mails for Great Britain and the Continent, persteamer City of Brussels, will close at this Office, FRIDAY, December 3d, at 5 P. M. HENRY H. BINGHAM, P. M.

HENRY H. BINGHAM, P. M.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE
to Franklin Insurance Company to reissue Policy
26:31, in name of WILLIAM W. JUSTICE, on premises
1806 Wallace street. Original mislaid.

-A royal meeting is on the tapis,-which ought to be of cloth-of-gold for the occasion. In a silver palace car, Messrs. Claghorn, Harrison, and a few of our chosen connoisseurs, are about proceeding to meet Probasco, the art-king of Cincinnati. It is at the invitation of the latter, and the festa will be simply dazzling. Mr. Probasco, in his own domain, is a kind of viceroy of French art, which he has colonized in the City of Pork. His collection of paintings of that school is unique in the country, and our Philadelphia embassy will

be feasted to repletion on "carnation flesh." -Edward Moran has just finished for Mr. William Binney, of Providence, Rhode Island, a pair of large marine paintings. One represents the sun dispelling a fog, early morning in the Bay of Fundy, with lobster-fishers lifting their cribs; this is the first example in which Mr. Moran has attempted a perfectly level sea. The companion depicts the Bass Rocks, coast of Massachusetts, heavy sea after a gale, gray storm-effect. The same gentleman has purchased one of Mr. Moran's small, gray pictures à la Richards, deline-Nantucket beach-scene, likehis large water-color representing a dell on Tohickon Creek. Mr. Moran has recalled from Bailey's jewelry store, where it was imperfectly displayed.

the large Scene in the New Park. It is a canvas about 60 by 40 inches, and represents the view over the Schuylkill from Judge Peters's farm; it shows the new bridge of the New York Railroad, Girard College, the Cathedral, steeple at Broad and Arch streets, &c., and omits the new river-road in the Park, which would spoil the foreground. It is one of Mr. Moran's largest landscapes, and his friends think it one of his most successful ones; an Indian-summer haze is suffused over the entire scene, affecting the color and treatment of every detail. Two destinations have been proposed for this painting, as the most important representation of the new Park yet attempted: one as a subscription gift to General Meade, as President of the Park Commissioners; the other as part of the nucleus of an Art Gallery, to be established as one of the local attractions of the Park. Mr. Moran has a number of pictures by him; the "Virginia Sands," which was blistered at Earles' fire, he has repaired, and it looks as fresh as ever. A large com-position, full of a most vivid light, represents wreck near Thatcher's Island, Cape Ann. His large scriptural subject, taken from the Book of Job, and representing, we may say, the conflict of sea and shore, engrosses his best attention just now. It illustrates the text: "Hitherto shalt thou come but no further; and here shall thy proud waves be

stayed." Job 38, 11. Moran works on this a good deal at night, by the steady flame of a gigantic kerosene lamp; the light from this precious oil is nearly white, and is quite available for painting. -Bailly is modeling the life-size sitting

figure of Mr. F. W. Hughes, to be cast in bronze, and a bust, for marble, of Eli K. Price, Esq. He has just completed a statuette of fine finish, representing the piquante and spirituelle Mrs. B-

-The Gaulois assures its readers that the following, which it copies, is to be seen on the door of a small house in the suburbs of Paris: 'House for sale at 6,000 francs, to honorable people, and not to vagabonds who grow rich on the sweat of the foreheads of the unfortunate. Back, vampyre! Apply in the court. With refusal." -The flax chignons now in fashion are

rapidly converting Chestnut street into a mere

tow-path.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE

LETTER FROM PARIS.

(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. PARIS, Friday, Nov. 19, 1869.—I said a week ago that the news of M. Emile Ollivier having been called upon to join the Imperial Cabinet was "too good to be true." And, indeed, almost directly after, the honorable member for the Var left Paris and went down to visit his constituents. But he has just been sud denly recalled by the telegraph; and if what I hear be correct, I should not be surprised it the desired combination has at last proved successful, and the cable announces to you to-morrow that Napoleon III. has formed his first really Constitutional Ministry. For it is only fair to say of M. Ollivier that it is believed of him that he will not accept office, save on his own terms; and that those terms are such as will give satisfaction to all the saue part of the French nonulation. Of course they will not satisfy the irreconcilables and the non-swearing party But then these are determined not to be satis fied with anything; and it may be said that they have been equally successful in dissatisfying every one else with themselves. It is not worth while to speculate on the result of the Paris elections, when that result will be known on Monday next. But it seems not too much to hope that there is even a chance of Rochefort himself being rejected, and Carnot elected in his place; so completely has the "man of the Lanterne" fallen in public estimation. The rout, indeed, of the ultras is most complete, as far as public opinion is concerned, and even Ledru Rollin himselt has now with drawn his name as a candidate, teeling sure of being left in a hopeless minority. But I shall dismiss politics for to-day, and await the issue of the poll and of the ministerial crisis. which cannot fail soon to place us in a position of

greater certainty. I gave you an account, at the time, of a number of the Figaro, which took the whole town by surprise, and took-in some people as well, by publishing a pseudo-proclamation of the Emperor, promising all sorts of liberal reforms, and accompanied by imaginary decrees, of a humorous character, for carrying out the imperial intentions. This jeu d'esprit succeeded so well at the time that more than 200,000 copies were sold, and the number of the Figaro had been long out of print. It has just now been republished as a pamphlet, with illustrations; price one franc, with fifty most amusing wood-cuts, caricaturing all the principal persons mentioned in the text, and forming quite a historical souvenir of these critical times.

The celebrated vineyard of Burgundy wine, known as the Clos-Vougeot, or farm of Vougeot, was put up for sale by public auction in Paris, on Monday last. The competition was keen, several foreign capitalists being there, either in person or by their representatives. Beginning at a million, the bids went up rapidly to one million six hundred and thirtytwo thousand francs, at which sum the property was adjudged to the Marquis de la Garde, a French nobleman of the Côte-d'Or. The extent of the vineyard barely exceeds one hundred acres at the present day, and was formerly considerably less, some of the adjacent land having been taken into it about half a century ago. The produce is reckoned on the average, at about two hundred hogsheads; and the price of the piece, or half hogshead, in which form it is usually sold, varies as much as from 600 to 1,200 francs, according to the year and the quality; being about the same rate as the Chambertin and the Romanée which three together are known by the name of les grands vins de Bourgogne. The prices of all three have about doubled within the last twenty years. I may add that the accounts generally from the wine districts for the present year are favorable, the produce being almost everywhere above an average yield, and the quality, so far as yet ascertained, good, though it is too early to decide upon its

keeping properties. A new work of art has just been added to the collections of the Louvre gallery, the pere grinations and hair-breadth escapes of which are rendered more interesting by its intrinsic merit. It consists of a beautifully-sculptured group in ivory, representing Venus playfully bound by herson Cupid, executed by a French artist of Franche-Comté, in the seventeenth century. The work was originally made for Louis XIV., and was subsequently presented by him to the Emperor of China, through a special Chinese ambassador, who came to the court of the Grand Monarque. Being conveyed to the capital of the Celestial Empire, the group became one of the ornaments of the Summer Palace. At the sack of that palace by the English it escaped the general destruction, and fell to the lot of a French soldier, whose naturally artistic eye preferred the graceful product of his own country to the numberless Chinese monsters by which it was surrounded. Being in want of money, however, he sold his prize to an officer for a hundred francs, who, in his turn, parted with it to a dealer for 5,000 francs, who again, offered it to the Count de Nieuwerkerke, Director of the Musée du Louvre, by whom it has been just finally purchased for 35,000 francs. Thus after a couple of centuries, this curious relic, presented as an act of courtesy and friendship by a French monarch to a Chinese Emperor, has been brought back by French soldiers plundering a Chinese

Palace. I mentioned some time ago the fact that the trees in Paris were suffering severely from disease and the ravages of insects. Those affected, at least the older ones, are chiefly elms, such as grow, or rather, it must now be said, such as once grew in the Champs Elysées, and the plantation of which dates from the beginning of the 17th century. But I was taken the other day to see one of these, which may be called the "monarch" of the Parisian groves, and which is, I believe, at once the finest and oldest tree which has escaped the ravages of "improvement," and stood untouched and uninjured in the Capital for more than two centuries and a half. It is a noble elm, growing in the courtyard of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, in the Rue St. Jacques, a quarter which has, as yet, more perhaps than any other, been left in its original dirt and dingi-This old veteran stands upwards of ness. This old veteran stands upwards of a hundred feet high, according to the account of its present proprietors, and measures about fifteen feet in circumference at a height of six feet from the ground. Its history is affirmed to be clearly handed down by fradition, which relates that it was planted by the hand of Sully himself, in the year 1605, and in the reion of Henri IV.

AFROM HARRISBURG.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. HARRISBURG, Dec. 2, 1869.—The meeting of the Board of Public Charities yesterday was a very harmonious one. Dr. Worthington was chosen Secretary and General Agent by the unanimous vote of the Board, he not voting. It was not deemed necessary to appoint a Corresponding Secretary at present, and when the appointment is made the wishes of Dr. Worthington will doubtless be consulted. It seemed to be generally agreed,

however, that the person receiving the appointment should be a short-hand writer. Dr. Worthington handed in his resignation as a member of the Board by appointment of the Governor, this morning. He is, however, a member of the Board ex-officio, by virtue of his position as Secretary and General Agent. He left town this morning, being the last to leave. His place as a member of the Board will be filled by appointment of the Governor

It is understood that rules for the government of the Commissioners of the Board will be adopted at the meeting in Philadelphia tomorrow afternoon.

Friends of Zachary Taylor Hackenberg,

ordered to be hung at Butler on the 7th inst., are interfering in his behalf. The clergy say that they have not time to prepare his soul for

To give some idea of the Governor's pardon troubles, it may be observed that he has now under consideration no less than 78 (seventypinder consideration to less than 78 (seventy-eight) applications for the pardon of convicts in Pennsylvania guilty of murder below the first degree, besides almost innumerable applications for offenders of a less heinous class. Every application for pardon, as soon as received, is referred, with the papers in the case, to Attorney-General F. Carroll Brewster, who invariably after the first papers in the case. who invariably, after due examination, re

Mr. Benjamin Singerly, State Printer, is erecting an immense building on Third, below Market, to accommodate his business. The Odd Fellows of Harrisburg will, next spring, build a very large new hali, the property having already been purchased on Market square. The building will run from the ket square. The building will run square back to Courthouse avenue.

STROUP [From the Harrisburg Telegraph.]

Our State Finances. Instead of a Treasurer who neglected his duty in collecting taxes from a vast corpora-tion we have the *Credit Mobilier* sued for the neat sum of \$529,000 due the Commonwealth. In place of a writ of quo warranto calling on that corporation to show by what authority it existed, when proof of its existence was prima facte evidence that the State had a just claim on it, and a failure on its own part to establish its rights to exis-tence was worth half a million to its stock-

holders, we have a verdict of \$407,000 in favor of the State. Whatever encomiums may be passed on any former management of the of passed on any former management of the affairs of the State, this, at least, is satisfactory. And as practical beasts—Mr. Gradgrinds in fact—the people of the State will not withhold their praise from Treasurer Mackey, Attorney-General Brewster, Auditor-General Hartrauft, and the latter officer's able chief, Mr. Foster, for their vigor and industry in mr. Foster, for their rigor and industry in putting this great sum of money in the Trea-sury. And especial praise will be given to Mr. Mackey, for the reason that this large sum is for taxes which his predecessor should have collected and falled to collect; and to Mr. Brewster for his maiden effort as At-torney-General; for this is the first cause in

as first law officer of the State.

It is not the habit of this newspaper to indulge in fulsome praise or in hypercritical censure, but the thorough business-like work of our executive officers named above, extorts or our executive omeers named above, extores praise from every one who is not blinded by personal or partisan malice against these faithful public servants. And especially does this success against the *Credit Mobilier* illustrate the clear and intelligent financial fore-cast of our present administration, as appears from the following statement of facts. When Mr. Mackey took charge of the Trea-surer's office, the balance on hand was about

\$1,135,000, and overdue loans, payable on presentation, were out to the amount of \$398,000; this leaving an available balance of \$737,000 received from his predecessor. After carefully considering the condition of the finances, Mr. Mackey was convinced that a large re-duction of the State debt might be accom-plished without a new loan for that purpose; and he then determined to do what has not before been attempted in our State, amely: to begin the reduction of the bonded lebt with the surplus revenues. To this end he called a meeting of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, and, with an available sur-plus of \$1,236,856 58, proposed to call in the whole of the five per cent loan due July 1, 1870, amounting to \$1,642,000, and to pay it on resentation with interest to date, with notice that interest will cease on July 1, 1870. His willingness to assume this load, amounting to 104,856 58 more than his cash on hand, was based on an intelligent review of the situation, and his firm opinion, fortified by his col-leagues, that the half million, due from the Credit Mobilier, could be made, and used in the liquidation of our heavy debt. A bungler would never have conceived the idea of advising that a portion of the debt far beyond the present ability of the Treasury should be called in for payment. None but a financier would dare to take so bold a step; and any man not endowed with extraordinary courage would have hesitated before doing so. But Mr. Mackey took the bold step; and events have shown that it was the wise one.

The very high credit which our State enjoys was a protection from too great a volume of the five per cents being at once thrown on the Treasury for redemption. The cash on hand was deemed sufficient to meet any demands immediately made. And a rig-orous collection of the revenue, together with the claim against the *Credit Mobilier*, was de-pended on to meet the voluntary burden Mr. Mackey was ready to assume the collection of the Mackey was ready to assume. Governed by these arguments the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have set aside all the unexpended balance in the Treasury—and a sum in addition thereto sufficient to pay the loan of 1870, before alluded to—and \$189,-613 46 of the overdue loan not yet presented for payment. So that the present actual con-dition of the finances of the State is briefly this: All the money now in the Treasury, this: All the money now in the Treasury, and all, above the current outlay, which will come in for the next year, are set apart in conformity with law, by the only legal body empowered to do so, to pay the funded debt as it may be presented, and they have anticipated this payment on account of the healthy condition of our finances, the masterly management of our affairs, and a determination to apply every farthing not required for the expenses of the State to the payment of its credienses of the State to the payment of its credi penses of the state to the payment of the tors and the relief of its taxpayers. Richlydo they deserve praise for the faithful and enlightened performance of their duties, and we sincerely accord them our thanks.

THE DUKE OF GENOA.

He Refuses the Spanish Crown. The London Times makes the following statement with regard to the Duke of Genoa: "We have good authority for contradicting the assertion of the Madrid ministerial journals that "the Duke of Genoa, if elected, will accept the Spanish Crown. The young Prince has, on the contrary, expressed his arm determination "not to accept the Grown of termination for to accept the Crown of Spain, either now or at any time? We are also authorized to deny the statement that the Marquis Rapallo has been intriguing at Madrid in favor of the election of the Prince. The Marquis Rapalle, who is now in London, has never been in Madrid nor in any other art of Spain; and both himself and the

Duchess of Genoa are, and have always been, strongly opposed to the Prince's acceptance of the Crown."

THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

Formidable Conspiracy and Imminent Eprising of Negroes and Chinamen. HAVANA, Nov. 27.—Some days ago (Tov. Trillo of Sagua-la-Grande sent a telegram to Rodas, requesting him to push forward all the men he could, because he anticipated some insurrectionary movement in that jurisdiction. His request was promptly attended to, and he was shortly reinforced with 1,500 men from here and other places. We have since been in constant receipt of communications from Spanish property-holders residing there, who say that the conspiracy maturing among them is far more serious than that which took place when Gen. O'Donnell was in command of the Island. At that time the Government was assisted by the Cubans to crush the negroes, but now Coolies and Afri-cans are incited by the native owners of the cans are incited by the native owners of the estates to rise. Once reinforced, Gov. Trillo proceeded to some of the Sagua estates, and committed abominable barbarities. Negroes, Chinamen, and whites, have been lashed and bayoneted, until to use their own words, they sang the names of their instigators. Immediately after thus singing, the victims have been shot, and those they denounced have been executed as summarily. These proceedings have created in marily. These proceedings have created inmarry. These proceedings have created in tense excitement in all the wealthy Western districts and a general rising is expected, re-garding which news I have seen confirmatory despatches sent to Gen. de Rodas. Commer-

A Young Frenchman Shot by Spanish Troops...Two Americans Shot at Palo Picardo...Other Outrages by the Span-

cial advices report the destruction of 27 more

The following communication has been re-ceived by the French Consul in New York: Santiago, Nov. 6.-Inclosed please find the official report of an engagement at Sidonia between the insurgents and the Spanish troops. It is stated in this report that among the killed was found the body of Mr. Arthur Cazimajon, a French citizen, whom, it is well known at Cuba, was shot at Guantanamo, at 8 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 2. The fight at Sidonia, like that of Canto-Abajo. did not take place in fact, and the sole object of the report was to announce the assassination of several strangers, yet remove the responsibility from Spain. You shall learn how M. Cazimajon was captured, as well as Messrs. Clavery and Crosland, officers under the command of General Jordan dan, and, moreover, American citizens. Arthur Cazimajon, a colonel of engineers, a fine young man of twenty-four years of age, stopped at the coffee plantation of the Esperanza, about five miles from Guantanamo. He brought despatches from the insurgents, and was about to sail for the United States, he was denounced by a negro. Governor Barges immediately repaired to the spot, and threatened to shoot all the employes upon the estate if M. Cazimajon was not immediately delivered up. The unfortunate young man's father was upon the plantation, and boldly delivered up. denied his son's presence; but one of the la-borers, terrified at the threats that were used, led the Spanish soldiers to the place where our compatriot was con-cealed. He was conveyed to

cealed. He was conveyed to Guantanamo, and shot the next day upon the public plaza. Now, since Caballero de Rodas has published an order that no person shall be shot except assassing and incendiaries, M. Cazimajou ought to have been pared for he was notther one per the other spared, for he was neither one nor the other. Herein lies the reason that they dare not avow his execution. The Spaniards must be made to feel that France would prove, like the United States, a redoubtable foe. Our situation is intolerable; we are persecuted; our property is plundered by soldiers; our animals carried off. But two days ago a drunken soldier fired in the streets at a French physician, M. Penaud, who was in consequence severely wounded. The American officers Calvery and Crosland were made paisoners at the contra guerilla Mendig-men, and were shot by Palo Picardo. The fights and the victories which are pompously fights and the victories which are pompously announced have no other end than that of covering up the crimes from foreigners, before whom the Spaniards wish to appear as humane, civilized, and, above all, victorious; while in reality they are barbarous and beaten assassins. And when the Spanish authorities publish circulars of even moderate tone, we are bound to unmask them, and let the world know the horror of their rule.

know the horror of their rule. A FRENCHMAN.

The Hackensack Bridge Tragedy. The Newark Advertiser of last evening says No event of a tragic character which has occurred in our immediate vicinity during the year now nearly completed has elicited so general an expression of sorrow for those be-reaved thereby, or engendered more bitter-ness of feeling toward the party alleged to have been the cause thereof, than the drowning of Patrick Lane at the Hackensack Bridge, on Monday night; and, if we are not mistaken, it will be the means of bringing about a reform in the policy pursued by railroad companies toward passengers not supplied with tickets. In East Newark, where the unfortunate man resided, great excitement still exists in regard to the affair, and so general was the friendship entertained for deceased by his former neighbors, that a number of them have been unremittingly engaged in efforts, to recover the body, since the sad occurrence. On the night that it happened three boat loads of men proceeded to the bridge, and remained dragging the river through the greater portion of the night, and up to this time the search been prosecuted without cessation. So far, however, all efforts to recover the remain have proved unavailing, and fears are enter-tained that the current may have carried them to the bay. Of course, if they are not found, an inquest cannot be held, and the family will only be able to obtain redress through a civi

uit. This afternoon the two brothers of deceased appeared before Justice Green, and made oath that they "believed James Parker to be the cause of their brother's death," and the Jus tice deemed it proper to issue a warrant for his arrest, in order to secure him and hold him until further evidence could be obtained. The Justice also accompanied the constable to this city, and secured the endorsement of the war-rant by Justice Nugent, and it is probable that Mr. Parker will have been arrested and held to bail ere this paragraph meets the eye of the

The conductor, Wm. James Parker, is young man of 28 or 30, apparently of middle size, and of very slight frame. He appears to feel his position keenly. He has not as yet been suspended from his place, but expects that he will be pending the investigation, as is

that he will be pending the investigation, as is usual in such cases.

The statement that the conductor, James Parker, is the same one who ejected Peter Edward Beale from his train near Waverly, under similar circumstances, on the night of the 30th of October, by which the latter lost his life, is incorrect, the conductor in the latter case being Ross Parker, a brother of James. The Jersev City namers say that Conductor The Jersey City papers say that Conductor James Parker is one of the most accommodating officials on the road, and that when Lane passed out of the car to the platform and stepped to the track, no violence was used, nor did either the conductor or brakeman touch him. He went to the track of the car to the platform and stepped to the track, no violence was used, nor did either the conductor or brakeman touch him. He went out without making any trouble. When he reached the track he stepped backward toward the other side of the bridge, when conward the other side of the bridge, when conductor Parker warned him to be careful of he would fall into the river. As the cars were started the conducter noticed that Lane was still moving backward, and stopped the cars again and shouted to him a second time to be careful; just as he care the careful. to be careful; just as he gave the warning the man fell backwards into the river, and all the aid was rendered that could be under the circumstances, but without avail. The train was rapidly approaching the Hacken

sack bridge when the conductor pulled the bell-rope to stop the train; by the time it came to a stand it was on the bridge. Both the con-ductor and the brakeman warned lim, it is said, that he had better be careful in walking over the bridge, as it has no hand-raft, not being designed for foot passengers. We understand that the rules of the company require conductors, in putting off passentes, shall do so in a "safe place," which the bridge STATEMENT FROM W. J. PARKER, THE COM

Mr. Editor: Your remarks about the accident on Monday night are very severe on me.
I regret the accident very much. I did not intend to put the man off on the bridge or in a dangerous spot. The facts of the case are

I called on the person for his tiefet and found that he could not find it. I passed out and made the other collections and returned and told him he would have to get off at West End or pay his fare. He told me that he would find the ticket or pay his fare before he got to Centre street. After starting from West End I went to

him again and he offered, me a few pennier.

I then told him that he must get off the train and pulled the bell-rope, expecting the train to stop and he would walk back to West-End.

The track was wet and the train ran further than I expected. I did not know that we work on the bridge midway. The man was too quick for me, and got off before I discovered where we were. I then called to him to be careful. The bridge is a wide one and covered tight. I cannot account for the manner in tight. I cannot account for the manner in which the man got over the guard rail and

I had no idea of doing anything but my duty in the case. I have been on the road for five years and no accident of any kind has ever happened to a train or passenger when under my charge previous to this.

Respectfully yours, WM. J. PARKER, Conductor.

AMUSEMENTS. —At the Arch Street Theatre this evening, Robertson's comedy, Single Life, will be presented. It will be repeated to-morrow, and on Saturday evening The Wonder; or a Woman Keeps a Secret, will be given. Tom Taylor's drama, The Overland Route, is announced for Monday next. -At the Walnut this evening, Uncle Tom's Cabin; or, Life Among the Lowly, will be produced. On Monday Miss Bateman in Mary

—This evening Miss Keene will repeat, at the Chestnut, The Saucy Housemaid, an adap-tation of Molière's comedy, Le Malade Imagin-

-At the American this evening there will be miscellaneous performances of unusual ex-

-The annual concert of the Junger Manner-hor will be given at Musical Fund Hall; on Friday evening next. The Germania Orches-

-Messrs. Carneross & Dixey will produce, this evening, several amusing burlesques at the Eleventh Street Opera House. -Duprez & Benedict's minstrels appear this evening in an excellent. Ethiopiau entertain-

ment. The programme includes several laugha--The first of Mr. Charles H. Jarvis's series of six classical solvies will be given on Saturday evening next, in Dutton's plano ware-rooms, No. 1128 Chestnut street.

-At the Amateurs' Drawing Room, Seventeen street, below Chestmit, this evening, Julius Eichberg's comic opera, The Two Cadis, will be presented by an admirable company, including Madame Josephine Schimpt Mr. Gilchrist, Mr. Barnhurst and others. Mr. Wm. Stoll, Jr., will be present and will give a

-The Rev. Dr. Moriarty will deliver a lec--The Rev. Dr. Moriarty wan dealer, ture in the Academy of Music this evening. The lecture is for a worthy purpose, as the whole proceeds are to be given to "The Little Sisters of the Poor."

-A vocal and instrumental concert, in aid of the Spruce Street Baptist Church, will be given at the Church this evening.

-The new organ of the First Unitarian Church, Tenth and Locust, will be opened on Saturday evening next, on which occasion there will be an organ concert.

-The thirty-second matinee of the American Conservatory of Music was given yesterday afternoon at the Academy of very large audience was present, filling every part of the house. The programme comprised excellent selections from the compositions of Rossini, Mendelssohn, Balfe, Chopin and others. The orchestral department of the institution was very fully represented; and, under the direction of Prof. L. Engelke, pertormed the overture to Tancredi in the most satisfactory manner. Prof. Ettore Barili saug "Largo al factotum," from Il Barbière di Siriglia; Prof. Wenzel Kopta performed a solu-on the violin; Prof. John F. Himmelsbach a selo on the piano; Prof. E. Hennig a solo on solo on the piano; Prof. R. Hennig a solo on the violoncello, and Prof. Emil Gastel sang an aria from The Night in Granada. These gentlemen are all well known as thorough and competent musicians. Professor Richard Zeekwer. from the Leipsic Conservatory, made his first appearance in Philadelphia, and played a piano solo—Rondo. Capriccioso, E major, op. 15. His execution was brilliant, and his emphasis and phrasing were excellent. Mr. Max Friedman, who possesses a clear, strong tenor voice, also made were excellent. Mr. Max Friedman, who pos-sesses a clear, strong tenor voice, also made his first appearance in Philadelphia, and sang "The Heggar Child," by Gumbert. The vocal music by the lady pupils showed evidence of thorough training and high cultivation. The most delightful performance was a duo, "Les Contrastes," op. 115, by Moscheles, which was, played on two playes, with much spirit, by played on two planos, with much spirit, by Miss Nellie Bywater, Miss Mary E. Wilson and Professors B. Langlotz and Theo. G. Boettger. The entire concert may be set down as a complete success, and very creditable to those in charge of the Conservatory.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

-We saw a well-dressed young lady going up Chestnut street yesterday, with her toe pressed against the back of her head! At leasther tow was.

Ayer's Hair Wigger is a remarkable comund, mentioned in our advertising columns. In these days, when wigs are made out of all sorts of material, we are glad that the great ell medicine-man still proclaims himself a-Hair-Wigger.

-Modest people have but one objection to the Hair Vigor. They can't use it without taking Ayer's on themselves. But they should remember that it is intended to put new Ayer's

—Lydia Thompson told a Chicago reporter: that her "Philadelphia audiences were cold, stiff and Quakerish." The trouble was that our people were too intelligent and decent to laugh at Lydia's crippled jokes or to become enthusiastic over her legs.

-Gold has been discovered in Lapland. Two men who formerly worked in the Chil-fornia mines wandered last summer over a part of Lapland, and it is said found gold in part of Lapland, and it is said found gold in large quantities. One nugget, as large as an eight-ducat piece, was pure. The govern-ment of the district in which the discovery was made bought this piece for ninety-three marks, and then forwarded it to Helsingfors. The men endured many privations during the four weeks employed in traversing an uninhabited region, and they were finally compelled to discontinue their scarch by scarcity of provisions. In composition with a chief. provisions. In conjunction with a third person, who has earlier been engaged in gold washing in Australia, they are now petitioning the government for permission to search for gold in Lapland. The results of the summer's work of the two mon were satisfactory. for they obtained sixty ounces of gold, for which they received six thousand marks.