BUSINESS NOTICES.

JUNT OUT!

CHERRY PECTORAL TROCHES

Are good, sure to please, and cheap. Sold everywhere.

The Secret of Beauty Lies in the Use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm for the Complexion. Removes Tan, Sunburn, Redness, Blotches, Sunburn, Freckles and Roughness, leaves it in a healthy, and a beautiful condition. Ladies who use the Magnolia Balm for a few days, delight in the delicate features are made to glow with healthful bloom and youthful beauty.

Remember, Hagan's Magnolia Balm is the thing that produces these effects, and any lady can procure it for a dollar at any of our stores.

Dr. Tetenrood Dress. the Hair use Lyon's Katharicon.

Albrecht, RICKER & SCHMIDT, Manufacturers of FIRST-CLASS AGRETED PLATES PIANO FORTES. No. 1021 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

The Weber Pianos, Used entirely by "Madame Parepa," "Miss Kellogg," "Madame Anna Bishop," "Mme. Sanderson, Palmer, with the Bull, Hopkins and other great artists. C. A. GETZE, 1017 Chestnut street.

Conrad Meyer, Inventor and Manufacturer of Improved Grand and Square Pianos, has received the Prize Medal of the World's Great Exhibition, London, 1862, for his improvements. Warerooms, 1004 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Warerooms, 725 Arch street. mytu,th,s,m

Steinway & Sons—First Prize Medal—PIANOS AT FIXED PRICES.

Warerooms, No. 1 Walnut street, Warerooms, Steinway & Sons' celebrated Pianos: Three & Sons's beautiful Square Pianos of the very lowest price. Parlor Grands. WM. H. DUTTON, 1124 and 1126 Chestnut street.

Steinway's Pianos received the highest award for all pianos exhibited at the Centennial Exhibition, Paris, 1867. See Official Report. STEINWAY & SONS, No. 109 Chestnut street.

EVENING BULLETIN.

Saturday, October 30, 1869.

THE AMERICAN CENTENARY.

Although we are yet seven years from the completion of the first century of American independence, it is not too soon to begin to consider how that interesting event shall be celebrated by the American people. The nation's birth-day will be commemorated in every place, and corner of the vast territory over which the people of the United States will then have spread themselves, with varied ceremonies according to the taste and tastes and circumstances of the different communities. But here, in Philadelphia, there should be such a grand national celebration of the Centennial anniversary of the birth-place and cradle of American Independence and Liberty.

The monster peace Jubilee in Boston, in June last, suggested the idea of a great national celebration to be held in Philadelphia in July, 1876, commensurate in its proportions to the dignity of the occasion. Some preliminary steps have already been taken to carry the project into effect, and, if properly managed, it would certainly be a most appropriate and interesting feature of the Centennial Celebration.

But a second suggestion has been made, which does not conflict with the first one, and which would be much more appropriate and national in its character. It is proposed that, Philadelphia be made the scene of a great National Exposition of American Industries, in which shall be collected the varied illustrations of our national growth and enterprise, in the almost countless departments of industry, art, science, and human improvement of every kind.

Such an Exposition would be incomparably the most suitable commemoration of the National Birthday, on its Centennial anniversary. When our Fathers, most of them in natural fear and trembling, cut the cord that bound the colonies to Great Britain, and launched out on the troubled waters of an independent national existence, neither the boldest prophet nor the most sanguine patriot dared to guess even at that future toward which the new-born nation then turned its unknown course. "Appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of their intentions," and with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence," the thirteen little colonies began the career whose first century of progress is now drawing to a close. How wild a dreamer would he have been deemed, who should then have predicted the results which have marked that career! The less than three million people, the hundred thousand of whom were slaves, have grown to fifty millions, with no single slave upon American soil. The thirteen colonies, hedging the Atlantic coast, have spread out giant arms until our free flag waves from ocean to ocean, and from Florida to Alaska. With the tremendous growth of populations and territory, there has been a corresponding growth in the industrial and scientific developments of the nation. Many of the most remarkable inventions of the century are of American origin, and in almost every branch of manufacturing, agriculture and commercial industry, the people of the United States have put themselves in successful rivalry with the best products and results of the Old World.

There could be no more fitting celebration of the National Centenary than an Exposition of what should bring together, upon the spot where the nation was born, a complete illustration of what the nation has achieved during its first hundred years of existence. Within the ample limits of Fairmount Park, such a building can be erected as to accommodate every department of human industry and practical achievement, and such a national character would thus be imparted to the Centennial Exposition that the brilliant World's Fairs of London and Paris would be carried by comparison.

Philadelphia should move speedily in inaugurating this Centennial Anniversary. It is not celebrated here upon a grand national basis, Jubilee will be elsewhere. Here is the proper and the only proper centre for this interesting occasion, and our public-spirited manufacturers and other citizens should bestir themselves, without loss of time, and let it be authoritatively known, in advance, that Philadelphia is to be the scene of America's first Centennial Exposition, on the Fourth of July, 1876.

THE MORMON TROUBLES.

Brigham Young's empire seems likely to go to pieces without the assistance of its Gentile foes. Some months ago the sons of Joseph Smith appeared in Salt Lake City and raised the standard of revolt. They declared themselves to be the true successors of the first Prophet, and in that capacity they denounced Brigham Young, and his polygamous doctrines and practices with bitterness. They were popular, and as Young did not dare to molest them, they won a very large number of the dissatisfied Mormons to their support. Now another threatening division has occurred. For some violation of the polygamic laws of the Territory Brigham has excommunicated half a dozen of the leading men in the church, among them Mr. Stenhouse, editor of the *Salt Lake Telegraph*. This man has always been an enthusiastic friend of Young, and to his earnest advocacy and defence of Mormon doctrines and of the divine right of the Prophet, may be attributed much of the success which has attended the establishment of the hierarchy of Salt Lake. Now he has been transformed into an enemy, and we may expect that he will exercise his immense influence to secure the overthrow of Brigham Young, perhaps by sustaining the claims of the Smiths. If Young is killed or deposed, there will be an end of Mormonism. The empire is kept together by his skill alone, and when he yields the sceptre there will be such dissensions, such quarrels among rival leaders, and such a want of that strong personal power which is so necessary in a government of this character, that we may expect to witness the entire destruction of this, the most extraordinary and the most infamous fanaticism of the present century.

THE NEXT KING OF SPAIN.

The votes taken in the cameras of the various divisions of the Spanish Cortes indicate that a majority of the members of that body will favor the election of the Duke of Genoa to the throne. It is confidently asserted that out of the two hundred and nine monarchists in the Cortes, one hundred and, sixty-six will cast their votes for the young Duke; this leaves but a very small majority for the opposition which will be displayed by the Republicans and Bourbons, but it is not unlikely that some of these will be willing to compromise upon the youth in order to settle a vexed question, and bring peace to the distracted country. In some respects he is the most satisfactory candidate for a monarchy. He is a mere boy, to be sure, but he is said to have a frank, generous disposition, a liberal nature, and first-rate intellectual powers. If he is made King he will, of course, be guided by the men who now control the Spanish government, and if these display the same disinterested patriotism that has distinguished them hitherto, they can mould the boy into a wise and liberal monarch.

Prince Thomas Albert Victor de Savoy, Duke of Genoa, is the son of the brother of King Victor Emanuel, Prince Ferdinand, Duke of Genoa, who died upon the tenth of February, 1855. His mother is the daughter of King John, of Saxony. She married in 1850 the Prince Ferdinand, and after his death she married morganatically Marquis Rapallo, in 1856, and is still living. The young Duke was born upon the 6th of February, 1854, and is consequently in his sixteenth year. He has a handsome person, an amiable disposition and elegant manners. His education is very far advanced, and, if he succeeds, the King of Italy, he has a much greater fondness for riding, hunting, and all out-door sports, than for books. If the Spaniards choose him for their King, he will be likely to enjoy immense popularity, and as he grows to manhood to become the earnest friend of the liberal institutions built upon the ruins of the old monarchy.

The death of William F. Leech, Esq., which occurred yesterday at his residence in this city, will bring sorrow to many hearts. Mr. Leech, as one of the firm of Harris & Leech, and more recently of Leech & Co., has been long known as one of the most active and enterprising businessmen of Philadelphia. Throughout the interior of Pennsylvania, also, he was equally well known and respected. His illness was short, and the news of his death will shock as well as grieve his many friends and acquaintances.

MICAWBER "TURNS UP."

At the Olympic theatre, London, a dramatization of "David Copperfield" is attracting large audiences. It is called "Little Emly." The characters are assidiously made-up after the figures in the original illustrations by "Phiz." Mr. Micawber, particularly, somewhat better the instruction. The actor, indeed, caricatures Mr. Browne's design, which certainly cannot bear such liberties. Mr. Micawber is described as having a head like an egg; Mr. Rowe, however, appears with a head like a pumpkin. The padded pretuberant crown he wears is not to be justified except in pantomime. In other respects Mr. Rowe proves himself a genuine comedian, and delivers Mr. Micawber's grandiloquent speeches, now lachrymose, now convivial, with excellent effect.

It is to be hoped that a man enjoys the immortality of stage-representation in his lifetime. Mr. Micawber, however, since he still survives, may easily be over-confident in the version of him played nightly by his double. It may not be generally known that the original Micawber, the venerable rascal who inspired Dickens's good-natured satire, is living in Hoboken, in the green old age belonging to such a temperament. He has been long associated with a respectable literary enterprise conducted by an Englishman in New York, and is fond of looking through his number as a choice circle of fellow-exiles from the island empire. He is author of some reminiscences, in which his personal memories of Dickens, Tennyson and Robert Browning play an effective part. Micawber's "Australia" was an hospitable sanctuary in Pearl-street.

Desirable Residence and Furniture.—Thomas & Sons will sell on Monday next, on the premises, *Estate of Rev. Samuel Wiley, deceased*, Very desirable residence and handsome walnut chamber furniture. See catalogues.

Bonding, Durborow & Co., Auctioneers, Nos. 232 and 234 Market street, will hold their next week, by catalogue, the following important sales, viz.: On Monday, November 1, at 10 o'clock, Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, including Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucks, Linens, Ticks, Checks, Calicoes, Indiana, &c. Also, Dress Goods, Silks, Shawls, Linens, Shirts, Balmorals and Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. Also, 100 packages Cotton and Woolen Domestic.

On Tuesday, November 2, at 10 o'clock, "Gentlemen's" fresh, about 200 pieces Jaconets, Cambrics, Lawns, Linen Cords, Jeans, Cottonades, Linen Drills, Cotton Flannels, Linen Sheetings, Shirtings, Cottonades and Rag Carpetings.

M. Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Positive sale this morning at 10 o'clock, Valuable Stores, large Lots, Bank and other stocks, Cabinet and Household Furniture, Government Clothing and Equipages, Books, &c., &c., see catalogues issued for morning sales, Sale to be held at Auction Rooms, 139 and 141 Market street.

Auction Notice.—By Barrett & Co., Auctioneers, No. 232 Market street, S. E. corner of Bank street.

On MONDAY MORNING, November 1st, at 10 o'clock, by catalogue, for account of the trade.

On TUESDAY MORNING, November 2, at 10 o'clock, by catalogue, 500 lots clothing, furnishing goods, &c., by order of Sheriff.

On WEDNESDAY MORNING, November 3d, at 10 o'clock, by lots clothing, furnishing goods, large assortment.

On THURSDAY MORNING, November 4th, at 10 o'clock, fifth large trade sale of fresh, new, right, desirable 1,000 lots, by catalogue.

On FRIDAY MORNING, November 5th, at 10 o'clock, 200 lots dress goods, cloths and fancy dry goods.

Public Street Hotel.—Will be Sold on Tuesday next, at the Exchange, the very valuable property known as "BONNER TAVERN," No. 225 Dock street.

CLOTHING.

HOMER, COLLADAY & CO.,

1412 AND 1414 CHESTNUT STREET.

DRESS GOODS

AT

Lower Prices than Before the War.

WE SHALL OFFER ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1st,

10 CASES OF DRESS GOODS,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

INCLUDING

CLAN STRIPES,

DOUBLE WIDTH PURE CHENE MOHAIRS,

DOUBLE WIDTH HEAVY CHENE POPLINS,

FANCY FRENCH POPLINS, &c., &c.,

At 37 1-2c., worth from 75c. to $1 00.

Oak Hall Buildings, Oct. 30, '69.

BEAR IN:

We expect to sell $1,000 worth of Clothing to-day and we would like the price of a new Winter Suit for yourself to go toward making up that sum. Will you favor us with a call?

Yours, respectfully,

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

LET IT BE KNOWN

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY!

CONCERNING ROCKHILL & WILSON'S

GREAT STOCK

OF

UNSURPASSED

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

ALL THE PEOPLE KNOW

That ROCKHILL & WILSON make

The most durable Clothes,

The most elegant Clothes,

The most fashionable Clothes,

The best fitting Clothes,

The greatest variety of Clothes,

The cheapest Clothes.

ALL THE PEOPLE KNOW

That ROCKHILL & WILSON have made

Ample preparation

For complete accommodation

And thorough gratification

Of every aspiration

Of all the population

Throughout this mighty nation!

ALL THE PEOPLE KNOW

That ROCKHILL & WILSON can

Handsomely clothe

Every man and every boy

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap! for Cash!

ROCKHILL & WILSON,

Great Brown Stone Hall,

603 and 605 CHESTNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

EDWARD P. KELLY,

TAILOR,

S. E. cor. Chestnut and Seventh Sts.

Large stock and complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Including Argyle, 42d, Glen Lyon Scotch Tartan Plaids for Pants and Suits.

Best quality First-Class Clothes at MODERATE PRICES for Cash.

F. A. HOYT & BRO.,

ASSEMBLY BUILDING,

TENTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS,

FOR

BOYS AND CHILDREN.

Also, a large assortment of

Piece Goods for Gents' Wear.

WESTON & BRO.,

TAILORS,

No. 900 ARCH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THEIR

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED.

A SUPERIOR GARMENT at a REASONABLE PRICE.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

NEW

BUCKWHEAT MEAL,

Made from the heart of the grain.

ALSO,

Surpassingly Fine and Beautifully Clustered

ALMERIA GRAPES,

At Lowest Market Price.

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ERNEST IRROY

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Carte Blanche and Special

FRUITY AND GENEROUS WINES,

Fully equal to the best on all the list of Champagnes.

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S. W. cor. Broad and Walnut.

CHOICE

PINE APPLE CHEESE

DAVIS & RICHARDS

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FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED

BEST FAMILY FLOUR

AND

"Sterling's Celebrated Mountain" Buckwheat Meal.

(In Bags and Half Barrels.)

Choice brands Ohio, Missouri, Indiana, Illinois, and "best not in issue."

"James S. Welch's" First Premium Flour,

which we warrant superior to anything in the market. All goods *warranted as represented*, and delivered free.

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FAMILY FLOUR DEPOT,

FOURTH AND VINE STS.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.

JEWELERS,

902 CHESTNUT STREET,

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BRIDAL SILVER WARES,

DIAMONDS,

CHOICE GEMS OF ART IN BRONZE.

A large selection of Finest Wares, all of Newest Designs and Latest Production.

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THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF

NORTH AMERICA,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

(MARINE),

INCORPORATED 1794.

Capital, - $500,000 00

Assets July 1st, 1869, $2,593,922 10

This Company is now Prepared to Issue Certificates of Insurance, payable in London, at the Counting-House of Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.

CHARLES PLATT,

Vice-President.

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SABLE FURS,

RUSSIAN AND HUDSON'S BAY.

Our Selection having made the above articles a SPECIALTY in his business, he prepared a large assortment in different styles of Sables.

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Established 44 years ago.

JAMES REISKY.

TO RENT.

TO LET.

The Front Parlor of 1103 Girard Street as an Office.

READ! READ! READ! IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES!

Bilby and Spider Silk Gloves with all the above qualities for Ladies, Misses and Children, and Gents, you can obtain them at WEST'S, No. 704 S. Eleventh street.

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II. COMMUNING WITH THE DEAD. Group V. A. By Oswald Crawfurd. With Two Illustrations.

III. CHILD OF THE STORY. By Ada Cambridge. Two Illustrations.

V. A SUMMER AT AIX-LES-BAINS. By the Editor.

VI. THE CROCODILE AT THE DOOR. By the Rev. Thomas Guthrie, D. D.

VII. UPWARD GLANCES. By Rev. C. Pritchard, late President of the Royal Astronomical Society.

VIII. ON THE MAGIC OF OUR LORD. By Geo. Reynolds, D. D. II. THE CURE OF SIMON'S WIFE'S MOTHER.

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LARGE ASSORTMENT

Persons from the Country will find

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ELSEWHERE!

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Are concluded to offer the very beautiful stock of Real Lace Shawls, and has reduced the prices of the same to a mere nominal advance on Importers' Auction Prices. A carriage to realize, call for a "sample" Shawl.

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WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS, a full assortment of sizes, ready at all hours, at the assortment of sizes, ready at all hours, at the

ERB & BROTHER, Makers,

34 Chestnut Street near Second.

SECOND EDITION

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS.

Financial and Commercial Quotations

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.

[Reported by Deal, Moore & Co.]

FIRST BOARD.

[illegible]

Philadelphia Money Market.

SATURDAY, Oct. 30, 1869.—There is no symptom of increasing ease in the money market this morning. But there is no fear of anything, the other way, as the demand for currency is entirely met and with no increase in the supply of funds to enable them to meet it. Discounts at the banks have averaged down to very short lines, and in all cases are confined to regular and favored customers.

We are not justified in advancing our former quotations, but call from may be fairly set down at per cent. on the favorite collaterals and at 10 per cent. for indorsed lines or securities, while first-class paper is barely current at 10 per cent. on the street.

The course of gold this morning is upward, opening at 132½ and advancing to 132¾.

U. S. securities followed the course of specie, and prices have advanced since the opening.

The stock market, on which has hitherto marked the course of the stock market continues, but prices, on the whole, are better. In State securities there were sales of the six, third series, at 103. City slices were quite active and were firmly supported with ice.

LONDON, Oct. 30, 1 P. M.—Consols closed at 93½ both for money and account. United States Five-twenties of 1862, 82½; of 1865, old, 81½; of 1867, 82. Erie, 19¾; Illinois Central, 97½; Great Western, 24½.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 30.—Cotton closed heavyant; Upland Middlings, 12½; Orleans Middling, 12¾. The sales have been 20,000 bales, of which 7,000 bales were taken for export and speculation. Lard quiet. Cheese, 68s. 6d.

The Cotton Market.

[Special Dispatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The cotton circular for the week ending to-day says the market has been irregular, closing heavy, with a downward tendency. The decline in gold and sterling exchange has tended to depress the ruled exporters almost entirely off the market. Receipts continue large, and more are yet to arrive. The receipts for the week at this port were 16,111 bales, of which 7,000 bales go to Liverpool, 9,957 bales. Continent, 1,154 bales. Exports from all ports to Liverpool, 35,000 bales. Continent, 17,000 bales. Exports to England, 325,000 bales, including 49,000 bales of American. The city goods market is unchanged.

State of Temperature This Day at the Bulletin Office.

A. M. 8 o'clock, 50 deg. P. M. 3 o'clock, 60 deg. Weather clear. Wind Northwest.

AN AWFUL FIRE IN NEW YORK

An Entire Family Suffocated in Their Apartments.

The Fearful Death of the Jessup Family—The Fathers Attempts to Save their Wife and Children—Firemen Driven Back by the Blinding Smoke—Trivial Loss of Property.

The N. Y. Sun says:

A fire in the four-story brick dwelling 63 Liberty street, at 3 o'clock last evening, was subdued with but small pecuniary loss, but unhappily resulted in the horrible death of a whole family, consisting of a father, mother, son and daughter. The building is owned by Frederick Marquand, and was occupied on the first floor by the Jessup Iron Company and the United States Patent Anchor Company. The second floor was occupied by R. S. Raymond as a job printing office. The third floor was vacant. On the fourth, which was simply a large unfinished loft, dwelt the janitor and his family.

The fire was first seen in the rear of the printing-office on the second floor, from what cause is unknown. Owing to the combustible nature of the contents of that apartment, the flames gained headway with fearful rapidity. A huge "swell-hole," or sky-light from the roof to the lower floor, in the centre of the building, gave the flames quick access to the third and fourth floors, and they were discovered.

The janitor took possession of his apartments only a few weeks ago, and being a quiet, industrious man, had made no acquaintances in the neighborhood. He was a stranger, about forty or forty-five years of age, and was unknown by name. His wife was about thirty-five years of age, the son six, and the daughter three years of age. All the facts regarding them that could be gathered.

The fire was first discovered, evidently through the janitor's family, by the janitor's wife, with his wife and children, was at supper. The janitor's son was sent below to investigate, and found the situation of the fire, and then went into the street, called to the janitor, who was passing on the opposite side, informed him that the building was on fire, and requested him to raise an alarm. Meantime the wife became frightened, and ran down to the sidewalk, leaving the children alone upstairs. Here the janitor met her, and he assured her there was no danger, and sent her back upstairs. But the fire had gained such headway, rapidly, the janitor himself became alarmed, and started up stairs to get his family. This is the last that was seen of them by the public.

The alarm was given in the street very promptly, and engine No. 2 was ordered to the scene before the bells began striking; but when it arrived at the corner of Liberty and Nassau streets, the flames had gained such headway that the building. This announcement inspired the gallant firemen to redoubled efforts, and the action was put forth to rescue the helpless victims.

The truckman started up the stairs, but were soon driven back, by the dense and dense smoke. The members of No. 4 had then gained the top of the staircase, and followed close up with the James. Meanwhile the material for a hose-bridge was too good fuel for the fire, and burned despite all efforts to save it, and the hose-bridge was consumed. Then the firemen penetrated to the upper floor, and found the family dead. The father was lying under the scuttle stairs, and the mother, with her arms about her two children, all lying on their faces, but a few feet away. Their clothing was partially burned off, and the skin somewhat scorched and much blackened. It was evident that they had all died by suffocation. The fire had done but little damage to the building, merely burning a few holes through the floor. Their loss by the supper table with the half-eaten evening meal on it, and the cozy appearance of quite a humble apartment, were uninjured.

The fathers attempt to have assisted escaping through the scuttle hole, and with that object in view had mounted the uncased stairs or ladder, but found the scuttle locked. In his efforts to force it open he was overcome by the smoke and fell. His wife, who had been waiting at the foot of the ladder for her husband out with the children, finding this means of escape closed upon her husband, gave up hope, and merely sought to prolong life as long as possible by remaining on the floor.

It has been ascertained from the real estate agents that the janitor's proper name was Jessup, but no further particulars could be learned.

The bodies were borne to the Beekman Street Police Station, where an inquest is to be held at 9 o'clock this morning.

The losses and insurances could not be ascertained last night, but it is hoped the parties interested could be found. R. S. Raymond is the heaviest loser, his job materials and machinery being utterly destroyed. The Iron Company's loss consisting of some fixtures and office furniture. The second and third floors are destroyed.

After the Temple of Diana at Ephesus was burned down, there were found in the ruins the arms of Achilles, a copy of the Iliad, and some expressing the symphony of the Hyssus. M. Jules Janin says that in the ruins of his recently-burnt Paris Hippodrome nothing was found but a pair of stays, a number of chignons, and the pretty feather of some wench who was out in her Sunday clothes.

—The friends of a Metropolitan Police must be prepared to receive the announcement in the Press that it is favored by the Legislature. The bill can be passed in all proper circumstances.

THIRD EDITION

BY TELEGRAPH.

2:15 O'Clock.

FROM HARRISBURG

APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Appointment by the Governor.

[Special Dispatch to the Philada. Evening Bulletin.]

HARRISBURG, October 30.—Governor Geary to-day appointed Captain Jacob W. Wiest as Associate Law Judge of York county, vice Hon. Peter McIntyre, deceased.

The appointment of Deputy Attorney-General is still held in abeyance, there being several applicants from Harrisburg and Philadelphia.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29.—The British bark Strathsbey, hence September 13, for Queenstown, with a cargo of wheat, encountered a cyclone, September 24th, in latitude 30 deg. 15 min. north, longitude 125 west, sprung aleak, and was abandoned on the 26th. Within three minutes after the Captain and crew left the vessel she went down stern foremost. The crew succeeded in getting from the vessel 100 pounds of bread only. At first they occupied two boats, but having only one set of nautical instruments, they all took to the longest one, and shaped their course for McCloud's Island, distant just 100 miles. They were seven days and nights at sea, and were within 20 miles of the island, when the French bark Stormont picked up and brought them to this port, arriving tonight. They suffered severely from exposure and want of provisions.

The first rail of Ben Halliday's Willamette Valley Railroad, in Oregon, was laid to-day. U. S. Senator Williams and other prominent citizens were present.

A destructive fire occurred at Smartsville, California, yesterday. The principal business houses were burned, and the loss is heavy.

Additional rich mineral discoveries are announced in the Reese River district, near Austin, Nevada, last week.

Arizona advices report that the Indians are troublesome throughout that Territory. The news from *Big Bug* Mining district is favorable.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS IN NEW YORK

THE MONEY MARKET EASY

GOVERNMENTS BETTER

GOLD DULL BUT FIRM

STOCKS DULL AND STRONG

New York Money Market.

[Special Dispatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The money market is easy at 5 to 6 per cent., with a great many exceptional cases at 4 per cent., where Government bonds are pledged. The easy in money seems not to have been affected yesterday by the continued shipment of specie to the Continent.

How long this may continue, in view of the probable requirements to move the crops, is a matter of conjecture.

Government stocks are 1 per cent. better than last night's quotations. It is believed this will not be permanent, unless the Sinking Fund policy for November in relation to the Treasury purchases shall be unchanged from that of the present month.

It is not probable, in view of the low condition of his currency balance, that he will bid for the bonds for the Government to continue in the same ratio. Should he reduce his Government purchases, it is probable that he will bid for high gold sales. In either event an unusually high interest is felt.

Gold is dull but firm at 128¼@128¾. The sales are below the average amount, and no important feature has been developed in the market.

The French steamer Periere takes $53,000 in specie.

Stocks are exceedingly dull, and there is barely enough done to establish quotations. Pacific Mail, 54¾; New York Central, 194; Reading, 96¼; Lake Shore, 135¾; Pacific Island, 103¾; Pacific Mail, 26¼.

Foreign Exchange is dull, but steady at 108@109.

Discounts range from 10 to 12 per cent. The firmness in gold and the easiness in bonds in London have given a better tone to the Government bond market.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Gold advanced to 132¾. The Stock Exchange number declined by the Vanderbilt shares, and prices advanced under the fortunate reports in regard to the coming scrip dividend.

The price of New York Central advanced to 94½, and reacted to 93¾. Hudson River opened at 174½, advanced to 175, and declined to 174. Harlem was dull at 135. The balance of the list was firm when the Vanderbilt shares were at the highest point, but afterwards the general market became weak and dull. Business generally was on a very moderate scale, and confined to a small circle of operators.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Archibald Douglas, an anti-Tammany politician, was shot in the head yesterday, and fatally injured, yesterday afternoon, in a bar-room at the corner of Bowery place and Washington street, by Thos. Jackson, an officer of the Court of Special Sessions, during a dispute about politics. Jackson was arrested and committed to the Tombs. Douglas's wounds.

The superintendent of the Roosevelt Hospital, in Fifty-ninth street, was laid with considerable ceremony yesterday. The hospital is intended for the use of the sick and diseased of all nations, colors and creeds, and was endowed by the late James H. Roosevelt, who died in 1863.

Robert D. Bogart, the Paymaster's clerk in the Brooklyn Navy-Yard, stands accused of misappropriating about $12,000 of the Paymaster's funds, and who was tried for the same yesterday by a naval court-martial and convicted, was turned over to the civil authorities yesterday, Secretary Robeson having disapproved of the proceedings and decid-ing that the offence was not properly liable to a naval authorities. He will be tried again by the civil authorities in December.

CITY BULLETIN.

CITY MORTALITY.—The number of interments in the city for the week ending at noon to-day, was 265, against 258, during the same period last year. Of the whole number 135 were adults and 130 children; being under one year of age; 145 were males; 120 females; 73 were born in the city.

The number of deaths in each Ward was:

Second	3	Nineteenth	10
Fourth	2	Twenty-first	10
Sixth	10	Twenty-second	10
Seventh	1	Twenty-fourth	1
Eighth	2	Twenty-fifth	5
Ninth	7	Twenty-sixth	6
Tenth	1	Twenty-seventh	1
Twelfth	1	Twenty-eighth	12
Fourteenth	1	Twenty-ninth	8
Fifteenth	1	Unknown	1
Sixteenth	1		

The principal cause of death were—croup, 8; congestion of the brain, 10; congestion of the lungs, 5; consumption, 38; convulsions, 10; diphtheria, 1; disease of the heart, 5; debility, 14; scarlet fever, 10; typhoid fever, 12; inflammation of the brain, 6; inflammation of the lungs, 18; marasmus, 10; old age, 10; palsy, 1.

POLICEMEN DISMISSED.—Sergeant William Ross and two policemen of the First District were removed yesterday by the Mayor. The Chief of Police made a tour through the District on three days ago, and could not find the patrolmen on their beats, and as the Sergeants are responsible "for the general good order and discipline of their respective districts or squads," the Sergeant commanding the neglectful policemen was dismissed with them.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—The front window of the house of Mrs. Greer, No. 910 South Third street, was forced last night. But the half-past eleven o'clock, but the thieves were frightened away before they had effected an entrance.

ASSAULT UPON A REPORTER.—Mr. William H. Fisher, Jr., reporter for the *Public Ledger*, got on a car at Seventh and Chestnut streets at 12 o'clock last night to go to his home. He was accosted by two men who were drunk, and asked what was to be done with Mars and Dougherty. Mr. Fisher replied that Mars would be sentenced to-day. This ended the conversation. When the car got to Lombard street, one of the men suddenly attacked Mr. Fisher, and beat him in a terrible manner about the head. The assailant and his companion jumped out of the car on to Lombard street, and escaped. The cause of this outrageous assault is not known, as Mr. Fisher never saw either of the men before.

COAL OFFICE ROBBED.—The coal office of Jordan & Rodgers, on Clothier street, between Twelfth, was entered through a back door about nine o'clock, last evening, and was robbed of a coat, revolver, a pair of boots and fifteen cents. A few days ago the same office by the thieves, but it had nothing valuable in it.

A SUGAR THIEF.—Conrad Walters, employed in the sugar refinery of Ficken & Williams, at Crown and Willow streets, was arrested yesterday, and taken before Alderman Toland, upon the charge of stealing sugar. He was committed to answer at Court.

ICE.—During last night ice was formed in the gutters in exposed portions of the city, and some pavements, which were scrubbed early this morning, were thinly covered with ice.

THE COURTS.

The Brooks Case.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Allison.—Neil McLaughlin, who is charged with the murder of Carriage in which Mars and Dougherty were killed, after leaving the Court-house upon Revenue Detective James J. Brooks, was brought up on a writ of *habeas corpus* this morning, to have the bail reduced. The prisoner was carefully guarded by a large squad of policemen.

Revenue Detective James J. Brooks testified as to the fact of his having been shot at Mr. Dougherty's store, and the circumstances of the accident and subsequent, to and which had been put upon the case; all of which has already been published.

On being cross-examined by John Cochran, Esq., he said that he did not think he would be able to identify the driver of the carriage; could not identify the relator as the one of the men who were there at the time. Corporation Sergeant Jones testified to having seen the carriage standing on Front street, but could not identify the prisoner.

A. J. Thorman testified that he saw this carriage on Front street on Friday, Saturday and Monday; was positive that the prisoner was the man who drove it before and after Mr. Brooks was shot.

W. H. H. Taylor could not identify the prisoner.

Detective Benjamin Franklin testified that when on Callowhill street, near Front, with Mr. Tryon, saw a carriage turn the corner of Front street at a rapid pace; could not drive to stop; this driver was Neil McLaughlin.

Judge Allison