PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1869.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS

FRANCE.

The French Press on the Emperor's Health. The Journal Officiel of the 30th speaks of the Emperor's illness as "a rheumatic crisis." The Montteur says: "We once more affirm that the Emperor's malady has never been of a sevice of the says. the Emperor's malady has never been of a serious character. It is only a simple indisposition, and convalescence having begun, there is every reason to hope it will speedily disappear altogether." The Moniteur reports the symptomatic state of His Majesty from St. Cloud, and says: "It is well known that Napoleon III is in the habit of smoking a great many elgarettes. He was for some time compelled, by the orders of his physician, to give up smoking altogether, but on saturday he was allowed to smoke a little. He walked about, not only in his room, but in the Allee des Marronniers, which is on a level with the Vernet Salon. All the material of the Imperial household is still at the Chalons Camp, where, in spite of all that has been said to the contriery, the Emperor still intends to go for the breaking-up about September 15.

September 15.
The Countess of Montijo de Teba, mother The Countess of Montijo de Teba, mother of the Empress of the French, received a telegram on the 28th, signed "Napoleon," and stating that his Majesty's health had improved. The Paris correspondent of the London News says: There are reiterated rumors that the Emperor has refused to be operated upon by Dr. Nelaton, because Marshal Nicl died after being attended by that eminent surgeon. This story has given rise to a palpable mistake by a French paper, which says that Dr. Nelaton's hand shook from a feeling of immense responsibility. The doctor is the last man to be checked by a weakness of this kind. The origin of the tale is a statement, probably untrue, that the Emperor said he had a main malheureuse (an unlucky hand) with Marshal Niel. There is much evidence that, beside the malady last alluded to, the Emperor is infilited with a disagreeable, often painful, but seldom dangerous affection, called in French himerroides.

himercoides.
The Public says that "his chronic malady, The Panac says that "his chronic malady, rheunatism, did for a time affect the bladder, and render the action of that organ very panful, but that now this complication, which was never dangerous, has completely ceased; His Majesty's general health has greatly improved—he sleeps better, and his appetite is better.

The false news lately pounted at his too.

The false news lately pointed at by the Journal Official is probably the assertion of Figure that the Emperor fainted several times during the performance of surgical operations of no gravity. Figure admits, however, that he is much better, and, by way of boasting of its own sources of information, tells the Journal Officiel that his rheumatism is not articular but simply cutangons.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

The Custom House Robbery...The Slave-holders' Scheme.

HAVANA, Sept. 4—A painfulnffair happened the other night at the Custom House. One of the Custom House officers compromised himself by having received a box of merchandise, which for the party of the custom House officers compromised himself by having received a box of merchandise, soff by having received a box of merchandise, which, for so much money, he agreed to get out of the building and deliver to his patron. He waited several days to do this, but could not effect the object. At last he determined to force open the box at night and throw out the contents through the iron windows of the customs building, which contents were to be picked up by his nephew and brother, posted outside for that purpose. The work was begun, but unfortunately for the parties engaged, one of the bundles happened to strike a sailor passing by, who reported the accident to the officers by, who reported the accident to the officers on duty, and a crowd of volunteers and policemen with it is said, the Segundo Cubo at their head, came rushing in upon the scene. One of the young men engaged was found by the troops and murdered without ceremony; the other was wounded, but the guilty man, who originated the scheme is street and the scheme is the scheme in the scheme in the scheme is the scheme in the scheme is the scheme in the scheme in the scheme in the scheme is the scheme in the scheme in the scheme in the scheme is the scheme in the schem who originated the scheme, escaped unharmed. The affair created a great deal of

excitement.

One Schor Gay, a peninsular and planter, has been in town lately with the object of bringing about an understanding with the traffickers in negroes. He thinks that if his ideas should be carried out that the certain result of preserving Slavery would be attained. Schor Gay consulted some of the slave magnates, such as, for example, Don Cayetano del Monte, the Count of Laguinillas, the Count of San Fernando, and the Marquis of Campo Florido, with reference to the project. These of San Fernando, and the marquis of Campo Florido, with reference to the project. These accepted the views of the scheming planner, and are disposed to aid him in the propagation of his views. The plan of operations suggested by Senor Gay is this: 1. The Spanish flag must be upheld. 2. The Government must be sustained, to the extent of a sucrifice of life and property. 3. The planters must guarantee the payment of all the money emitted or to be emitted by the Isanco Espanol. The drawing up of the project, has been even. emitted or to be emitted by the Banco Espanol. The drawing up of the project has been committed to the hands of Castanon, and it is said that General De Rodas will lend his countenance to the scheme. The plan does not seem very clear, at least in showing how slavery is to be preserved. The information is to be drawn however that if all one ference is to be drawn, however, that if all our able-bodied men go out to war, and risk their able-bodied men go out to war, and risk their lives and means in confronting the enemy, success must crown the Spanish arms. In such case, the island being saved for Spain slavery is to be saved likewise. The work of inducing "the children of the soil" to favor the plan has already begun. They are appealed to with such arguments as ruin and desolation, but it seems, according to the best arguments that few of them have lent up to the accounts, that few of them have lent, up to the esent time, their countenance to the support

of the project.

I have not mentioned to you anything with reference to General La Torre. He has, as you have been informed by telegraph, resigned. The immediate cause of this was the dissatisfaction which his administration of the council to the form of the cause affairs gave to the Peninsulars. He caused rivers of blood to flow, but displayed, occawas discovered by which it was proposed to depose him. The Voluntario of Manzanilla, in the issue of the 26th, says that the body of the insurrection is growing more compact, and that the Spaniards are constantly and insurrectively a strategical by layer bodies? successfully attacked by large bodies of the

ANDREW JOHNSON.

His Prospects for the Tennessee Senator.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says: Advices from Tennessee, from trustworthy sources indicate that formidable opposition is concentrating against Andrew Johnson, rendering his election to the Senate very uncer tain, if not impossible. The fact that his elec-tion would give both Senators, the Governor, Secretary of State and Superintendent of Education to East Tennessee, will unite the strength of Middle and West Tennnite the strength of Middle and West Tennessee in support of a representative man from either of the latter sections. It appears that East Tennessee has always had more than a proportion of public officers, and her support of Johnson, it is believed, will be the signal for his defeat. The Old Line Whig element as represented by the Nashville Banner. ment, as represented by the Nashville Bunner and the politicians who frequent Washington denounce Johnson's attack upon Gen. Grant, and remind the rebel soldiery of Grant's magnanimity at the time of Lee's surrender as a reason why they should not countenance Johnson in insulting the President. The quarof between the Democrats and Old Line Vnigs is represented to be fiercely waged and it is thought must result to the disadvantage

ef 'Johnson's supporters, particularly as the recent Massachusetts and Wisconsin Demo-cratic platforms propose to bury obsolete is-sues, and light no more battles with wind-mills

THE COAL MINE HORROR.

Speculations Regarding the Source of the Calamity—Who the Incendiary is Jakely to Be—Enpopularity of the Of-ficers of the Mines—Important Evi-dence Expected on Tuesday.

Gence Expected on Tuesday.

SCRANTON, Sept. 12, 1869.—The story about the malicious firing of Avondale mine shaft was the great topic of conversation in the miners' village of 'Hyde Park to-day, united with the testimony given at the inquest in Plymouth yesterday by Morgan and others, professional miners of long standing, to the effect that the fire must have originated near the top, in place of at the bottom of the shaft. The current of speculation in the village has turned away in a great measure from the consideration of how far the furnace in the mine was responsible for the fire to the formation of opinions as to the manner and the motive of firing the brettice from above.

The witnesses, as you will notice by the evi-

of firing the brettice from above.

The witnesses, as you will notice by the evidence, who, opposed the originally accepted theory of the fire gave no intimation as to whom they thought responsible for the fearfu incendiarism suggested by their testimony, and the counsel for the mining companies made no attempt to secure an expression of opinion on that head. On inquiry, I was informed that the counsel for the companies intended to reserve this point until—they could secure an overwhelming amount of evidence from experts opposed to the idea of fire coming secure an overwhelming amount of evidence from experts opposed to the idea of fire coming from the furnace to the shaft, and then they expect to show by implication that some man or set of men must have maliciously performed the work of destruction and death.

The miners have had quarrelings among themselves from time immemorial; but none of them with whom I conversed to day give any consideration to the thought that one of

of them with whom I conversed to day give any consideration to the thought that one of their number could have deliberately meditated the destruction of human lives in firing the Avondale shaft. Some ignorant, thoughtless miner, determined to revenge himself upon the company for some real or fancied wrong, might have played the incendiary, without ever conceiving to what dreadful results it would lead. The inside boss, Mr. Evan Hughes, it is said, was unpopular with his Welsh fellow-countrymen, and the same is said of his brother, Mr. Benjamin Hughes, and the President and Superintendent of all the mines belonging to the Delaware and Lackawanna Company.

wanna Company.

The miners represent all nationalities, the The miners represent all nationalities, the preponderance being Weish; but even among these there are jealousies and quarrelings from time to time. When Mr. Benjamin Hughes, Thomas Carson and Thomas Watkins come up to give their evidence at the inquest on Tuesday next a flood of light will be thrown upon this now mysterious question, as these three are among the most competent to give a decided opinion on the origin of the fire.

The report that it was the Irish miners who desired to revenge themselves upon the Welsh must be a libel, for I can see nothing but harmony and good will existing among these nationalities.—Herald.

DEFALCATION IN BOSTON.

Loss to the National Hank of Nearly \$100,006—The Latest Particulars.

The Boston Post of Saturday says: State The Boston Post of Saturday says: State street was not a little agutated yesterday by the announcement that the Paying Teller of the North National Bank had defaulted to a large amount: The sums were named in a most miscellaneous manner, varying from \$100,000 to \$300,000. Like most rumors, the figures were too lofty. The offender in this case is Mr. Daniel E. Saunders, Jr., and the story is the old one—that of speculation. This has been carried on for a long time, but by skilful management the Directors and others connected with the bank have been maware of the facts of the case: On Monday. maware of the facts of the case: On Monday, maware of the facts of the case: On Monday, however, the directors had an intimation that all was not right, and at once instituted an examination into the accounts generally. They proceededso far yesterday as to discover the scheme Mr. Saunders had been practicing. He had been engaged during the past three He had been engaged during the past three years, in connection with certain brokers, in stock speculations, using for this purpose money belonging to the bank. These of late money belonging to the bank. These of late are said to have proved disastrous, and concealment became impossible. The affair is as unexpected as it is unfortunate. But it adds another to the long list of similar schemes which have proved quite too much for their unfortunate originators.

As to the amount of the defalcation many rumors are affoat, but from official sources it is stated that it does not exceed \$100 000.

is stated that it does not exceed \$100,000. A careful examination of the books of the bank is progressing, and the defalcation is found to be confined exclusively to the Teller's ac-counts. The bank will not probably be greatly affected by the affair, as its surplus fund pre-vious to the defalcation was \$300,000. Saunders has heretotore borne a good repu-

tation, and is respectably connected. He is married, and resides in Winter street, Salem. He served during the rebellion as corporal in the Salem Light Infantry, which formed part of the Fifteenth Regiment. The affair has naturally produced much excitement on the street, coupled with regret. It also brings no little mortification to the directors, who reposed entire confidence up to Monday in their

It is understood that Saunders is held in ustody, but is not in durance vile. This will outline until the affairs of the bank are thoroughly investigated.

HAYTI.

The Attempt on the Life of the Ex-Minister of the United States.

The Litchfield Enquirer of September 9 says:
From a private letter to this place we learn that the life of the Hon. G. H. Hollister, Minister, ter to Hayfi, was attempted by an assassin, at his residence, near Port au Prince, on the 11th ult, that his wound was not fatal, although he list; that his would was not latter, although he lost a good deal of blood, and that the perpetrator of the act is in prison. No further particulars have been received, but from what we have been received, but from what we tentars have been received, but from what we learn of the state of affairs, we presume that the attempt was made by some one in the Cacos (rebel) interest. Mr. H's life has been threatened before, because his instructions have compelled him to recognize Salnave's Government, and no other. The rebels are still more incensed at Mr. H. because Mr. Bassett, as in duty hound pursue provide the sett, as in duty bound, pursues precisely the same policy, and as Mr. Bassett is staying at Mr. H.'s house, he is supposed to be unduly influenced by him. Mr. Bassett's life has also been threatened by vile agents of the Saget and Dominique faction. Mr. Hollister's action in his official difficult position has ave under his official difficult position has, we understand, won him high commendation from the present as well as the past Administration.

OBITUARY.

Lady Palmerston,

Lady Palmerston, whose death is reported in a cable despatch to have taken place in London oir Saturday last, was the daughter of Hon Wilham Lamb, the first Lord Melbourne, and Lady Caroline Lamb, the daughter of the Earl of Besborough. She was a sister of the second Lord Melbourne, the well-known Whig and Reform Premier, who died in 1848. At the time of her marriage with Lord Pal merston, in 1839, she was the Dowager Countess Cowper, widow of the former Earl, by whom she had several children. There was no issue by her second marriage. Her mother was a lady distinguished for her literary ability and the decided part she took in the political Lady Palmerston. and the decided part she took in the political affairs of her time. Her daughter inherited

AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSO-CLATION.

[Special Correspondence of the Phila Evening Bulletin.]
CHICAGO, Sept. 10, 1869.—The meeting of yesterday afternoon was continued to a later hour than usual, in order to allow the transaction of much important business. The Committee to report upon the time and place of the next annual meeting reported, through their Chairman, Mr. H. Haviland, of New York, that Saratoga had been selected by them. Various other points were suggested, and Prof. Maisch read a telegram from the Maryland College of Pharmacy, dated Baltimore, Md., September 9, 1869.

"The Maryland College of Pharmacy extends a cordial invitation to the American Pharmaceutical Association to meet in Baltimore in 1870.

L. L. Smith." [Special Correspondence of the Phila. Evening Bulletin.

Mr. Tufts moved that Baltimore be substi I. I. SMITH. tuted for Saratoga, which was carried unan

Mr. A. B. Taylor, of Philadelphia, of the Business Committee, reported a resolution providing for the adoption of the suggestions made by Dr. Hoffman for the working of the Committee on the Progress of Pharmacy, the resolution to be considered at the next meeting. It provides for the selection of three members of the Committee on the Progress of Pharmacy, each to hold office for three years, and the labors of the Committee to be divided into three parts.

years, and the labors of the Committee to be divided into three parts.

Prof. Weller, of Chicago, read a paper upon Weights and Measures, which was referred to the Executive Committee. Mr. W. Proctor, Jr., of Philadelphia, from the Committee on Scientific Queries, reported a list of topics to be discussed at the next meeting, together with the names of the gentlemen who had consented to prepare essays upon the various subjects.

Prof. G. H. F. Markoe, of Boston, read a paper in reply to the following query: Are the extract and fluid extract of conium of com-

extract and fluid extract of conium of commerce as inert as some writers assert, and can these preparations made by the process of the United States Pharmacopæia be depended on? The first portion of the query he denied, and the latter he answered affirmatively.

The opinions of Dr. E. R. Squibb and Prof. J. M. Maisch differed from Prof. Markoe's. Scientific papers were read by Mr. E. L. Marrot, of St. Louis; Mr. Van Swearingen, of Indiana, and Mr. J. W. Smith, of Philadelphia. Prof. Maisch read a paper written by Mr. J. L. Lenberger of Pennsylvania, on the substitution of asarum cardamon, canella alba, calamus and ginger, either singly or combined, in place of cardanion seeds (now very high and scarce), in some of the official preparations, at the next revision of the Pharmacourier. parations, at the next revision of the Pharmacopæia. Mr. P. C. Cardicus, of Alabama, furnished a paper on the method of administering Opinion.

tering Quinine.

The Permanent Secretary, Professor J. M.
Maisch, expressed thanks for the past favors shown him, but owing to pressing duties, he should be unable to hold the office longer than the present year.

than the present year.

Last evening the members were entertained at the Academy of Sciences. The cabinet and exhibition rooms presented a fine appearance. The arrangement of the microscopes was very creditable to the good taste and judgment of the Curator and Secretary, Mr. Chas. Stimson. Sixty-three instruments were on exhibition, and the objects exhibited were very interesting. Among the notables present were Gen. essors Blaney, Johnston Andrews and Beal. The company retired at a seasonable hour, greatly pleased with the sci-

entific entertainment provided for them.

The sixth and last session of the Convention was held this morning, and occupied several hours. A considerable amount of private pusi-ness pertaining to the Association was trans-acted. A vote of thanks was passed for the cordial manner in which the hospitalities of the city had been extended, and especially to the Reception Committee and local Secretary. A resolution was offered to the effect, that the hours. A considerable amount of private busi A resolution was offered to the effect that the A resolution was oncrete to the energy man the Association neither expects nor desires any special entertainment at the hands of the Baltimoreans on the occasion of the holding if the next annual meeting at the city named

of the next annual meeting at the city named. The resolution was adopted. The meeting then adjourned to meet in Baltimore on the second Tuesday in September, 1870.

In the afternoon the members of the Association enjoyed an excursion on Lake Michigan, on the steamer S./D. Caldwell. The exposition of drugs, chemicals, pharmaceutical preparations and apparatus constituted a very important feature of the meeting; this was held in a large hall adjoining the Assemblyroom. Space will not permit to speak of all room. Space will not permit to speak of all who exhibited and we can only mention a few of the more prominent exhibitors. T. Maw & Son, of London, England, made a fine dis-play of pharmaceutical apparatus and other tine goods pertaining to pharmaceutists. Gehe & Co., of Dresden, Germany, ex-hibited eighty varieties of fine drugs and chemicals

chemicals. Powers & Weightman, of Philadelphia made the most extensive display of chemicals, all of their own excellent manufacture. It may ot be known to most of our citizens that this firm are among the largest manufacturers of

chemical products in the world.

Rosengarten & Son, and L. Martin & Co., both of Philadelphia, made handsome displays of their fine chemicals. Mellor & Rittenhouse, of Philadelphia, ex-

hibited a line of pharmaceutical preparations, nsters, &c. Bullock & Crenshaw, of Philadelphia, sugarcoated pills in great variety and of superior

Henry Troemner, of Philadelphia.-Fine scales, Hoffman's balances, &c.; these were of fine workmanship, in keeping with Mr. Froemner's reputation; he now supplies all the standard scales and weights in use by the fovernment. E. Parrish, of Philadelphia.— Pharmaceutical apparatus, &c. McKenn & Robbins, of New York.—A fine display of crude drugs. John Matthews, of New York, exhibited one of his handsome soda-water apparatuses. Henry Biroth, of Chicago.—Chemical apparatus. H. G. D'Evers, of Chicago.—Chemical band resimiles. -Chemicals and resinoids The proceedings of the Association on the th inst will be found in another part of today's paper.]:

NEW JERSEY MATTERS.

ATD FOR THE SUFFERENS.—This evening the citizens of Camden will hold a meeting at the Camden County Court-house for the purpose of raising funds for the relief of the sufferers by the late melancholy disaster at Avondale. Such an imperative demand upon the humane ought to elicit that degree of liberality which gives power to do good. No doubt a handsome sum will be realized. The Rev. P. L. Davies, Pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, of Camden, went up to the scene of the disaster, and will be present to recite the horrible details. All who can aid in this work of benevolence should contribute this work of benevolence should contribute their mite, for the occasion is one which calls

IMPORTANT ARREST:—Last evening Officers Ayres and Johntry came upon a man named Graham, whom they arrested, having in his possession tickets for twenty-four pairs of pantaloons which he had pawned at Nos. 2128, 2124 and 1438 Callowhill street. These goods had evidently been obtained from different clothlers to make in and never returned. Graham is the husband of the woman who, a short time since, figured in the Philadelphia Courts, and elicited considerable sympathy, as

her mother's talents, and was remarkable for brilliant powers of mind and fine address. Lady Palmerston was born in 1784, and consequently was 83 years of age at the time of her death.

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STILL WASHING AWAY.—The beach opposite the United States Lighthouse, in Atlantic City, during the past week, was washed away by the high tides a distance of some twenty. by the high tides a distance of some twenty feet. This gradual encroachment on that structure will, within a year or two more, cause it to fall, and as it will be absolutely impossible for the shipping and coasting interests to do without one, it seems to be criminal results to do without one, it seems to be criminal. regulation on the part of the Government in regularity to appropriate a sufficient sum to make a protection to the shore at that end of the beach. Fifty thousand dollars would do the beach. Fifty thousand dollars would do it, and it would cost \$250,000 to replace the

CAMP MEETING.—On the 23d inst. a camp-meeting will be commenced at Vineland, under the direction of the Rev. Mr. Street and the Presiding Elder of the district. It will con-tinue about one week. Preparations are in process to accommodate a large number of visitors.

AMUSEMENTS.

ENGLISH OPERA AT THE ACADEMY: -Wallace's Maritana was produced by the Richings troupe, at the Academy of Music, a the matinée on Saturday. Mrs. Bernard appeared in her old part of "Maritana," and, we thought, sang with even greater spirit than usual. Her performance was more satisfactory than that of any of her colleagues. Mrs. Bowler, however, deserves warm praise for her personation of the Page, and especially for the manner in which she sang the charming aria in the prison scene. The part generally is a thankless one, and unless the singer is in earnest, she is apt to do the little that has to be done carelessly. Mrs. Bowler, seems to be heartily interested in everything she undertakes, and she has already won the good opinion of the public by her sincerity, not less than her artistic skill. Mr. Drayton's "Don Jose" was excellent as far as the acting was concerned, but he did not sing as well as usual. Mr. Haigh gave little satisfaction. His vocalization was wretched, whether from indifference or from sickness we do not know, but we incline to attribute it to the former cause, for the reason that Mr. Haigh several times indulged in levity which did not argue any depression of spirits or physical ill-health. This gentleman has a noble voice, and he hasfavored us once or twice each evening with a brief display of its qualities, but he has not ventured to make a sustained effort. If he has not the excuse of sickness, he will have to do better to succeed here, and win popularity. The chorus did not do justice to the music on Saturday. A chorus master is badly needed to drill the singers thoroughly. Mr. Behrens undertakes it now. we believe, and he could do it well if he had nothing else to engage his attention, but if he can manage to keep the orchestra straight, he will have his hands full, without teaching the singers their duties. The programme for the present week is as follows: This evening, the Wednesday, Martha; Thursday, Maritana. Fri-

day, Mrs. Bernard's benefit in Traviata. The Lydia Thompson troupe will appear at the Arch Street Theatre this evening, in the burlesque The Forty Thieves.

-At the Walnnt Street Theatre, this evening, Mrs. D. P. Bowers will appear in a new drama by Falconer, entitled Snare; or What Money Carlt Do. Mr. Edwin Booth will appear on Monday evening next, in Hamlet. —Miss Laura Keene's Chestnut Street Theatre will be opened with a good company on Monday evening next,

At the American Theatre this evening an admirable miscellaneous entertainment will be given, with the famous Kiralfy troupe in

The Parepa-Rosa English Opera Company opened their season at the French Theatre, New York, on Saturday night, with The Puritar's Daughter. The company will appear in this city shortly. The following are appear in this city snortly. The following are the operas of their repertoire: Balfe's Puri-tan's Daughter, Bohemian Girl and Satanella; Auber's Black Domino and Fra Diavolo; Flo-tow's Martha; Mozart's Marriage of Figaro; Verdi's Trovatore; Bellini's Somambula; Weber's Oberon; Gounod's Faust, and Wal-

lace's Moritma.

—The New York Tribine of this morning speaks as follows of the performance of the Parepa troupe on Saturday night:

"The company showed itself strong and well-balanced. Of the prima donna it is unnecessary to say anything to a public by whom she is so thoroughly appreciated, except that in this new venture she satisfies the expectations of her friends. Mr. William Castle and Mr. S. C. Campbell have good parts, did full justice to them, and were cordially received. Miss Fanny Stockton acted the character of "Jessie" very prettily, and sang what little Miss Fanny Stockton acted the character of "Jessie" very prettily, and sang what little music belongs to it quite well enough for the occasion. Mr. Edward Seguin is very good in some buffo parts, but he has hardly genius enough to put real humor into the signally uninteresting rôle of Ralph, and his performance can only be commended as a gallant struggle against insuperable difficulties. The new member of the company, Mr. Alberto Lawrence, made a very pleasant impression. His voice is a tenor-baritone, resonant, now-His voice is a tenor-baritone, resonant, pow-erful, flexible and true, and trained in the Italian method. He is quite at home on the stage, though not much of an actor, and will prove a valuable addition to the troupe. The there and orchestra are both good. Mr. Carl Rosa makes an even learning of the control of the co arl Rosa makes an excellent conductor, leading with precision, firmness and delicacy. Some new and very handsome scenery has been painted, and the dresses and stage appointments are all satisfactory.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

-National Suez-cide-Egypt cutting her intestinal canal. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher thinks his sister's towe has been injured, By-roning.

-Several of the German singing societies bolted this morning. Hum-boldted we mean. —Since the sudden change in the weather, a number of schooners have got coaled at Richmond. -When the steamers were trying to fill the

reservoirs at Fairmount, the supply was very Downey. Since the New York pump got to work, it is decidedly Fuller. —Why was Mrs. Caroline Richings Bernard, on Saturday afternoon, like Mrs. Grant. Better give it up. Because she was

i Maritana (a marry-tanner!) -When should the friends of Von Humboldt be suppressed by the police? When they Cosmos-es along the street! (Cause musses, yer know.)

—Gen. Meade was too unwell to be present at the Humboldt ceremonies at Fairmount Park, to-day. He sent the following cleverly laconic message: "Dear Horstmann, George's 'Ill." Of course he did.

—England now has its periodical agitation over the question: "Is Dr. Livingstone alive" The matter interests the Doctor more than anyone else, and he knows.

HUMBOLDT

HIS BIRTH.

The Celebration in Philadelphia.

An Imposing Parade

ment at Fairmount Park.

The Masonic Ceremonies

Speeches by Mr. Horstmann and Mayor Fox; Orations by Hon Richard Vaux, Dr. Kellner and Professor Morton.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

German, who, during his life, by his travels and researches contributed so much for the advancement of science, which occurs tomorrow, is to be celebrated in all of the principal cities of the United States, as well as in Europe. The celebration in this city commenced to-day. For several weekspast the Germans of the city have been making preparations for the event, and the scientific societies have also joined in the celebration. The arrangements culminated in a programme for a celebration of two days-for to-day a grand parade, the laying of the corner-stone for a proposed monument to Humboldt in Fairmount Park, and a grand festival at Fairmount Park; and for to-morrow evening a grand concert at Musical Fund Hall, under the direction of Mr. Wm. Hartmann, leader of the Junger Männerchor, and the delivery of orations in German and English.

charge of the affair is composed of the follow-

ing gentlemen:	
CHAIRMAX-WILLIAM J. HORSTMANN.	
Prof. George Allen, M. D., Simon Arnold, Dr. Thomas Hewson Bache Horace M. Bellows, M. D. George F. Benkerb, Louis Berroth, Louis Berroth,	J. L. Leconte.
Harrison Allen, M. D.,	Dr. Joseph Leidy.
Simon Arnold,	Prof. J. P. Lesley.
Dr. Thomas Hewson Bache	Chas. E. Lex.
norace M. Bellows, M. D.	Dr. Francis W. Lewis
George r. Benkert,	Christ. Lindærfer.
Lovin Plade 4	Dr. S. Littell,
Lorin Blodgett, Jasper Bonning,	J. B. Lippincott,
Alonzo Borie,	J. B. Lippincott, Prof. Join G. R. McE Dr. Thos. McEwen,
Thurles Rown	Dr. Thos. McEwen,
Charles Borm, John Bower,	John Meier, J. H. Quillen, M. D.,
L. Braun.	1. H. Quillen, M. D.,
r. Robert Bridges,	Dr. R. Shelton Macke
Chhart Reiger	J. Vaughan Merrick,
Pliny E Chase	Dr. C. Morris, Prof. H. Morton, Dr. E. Morwitz,
Ir. Joseph Carson	Troi. H. Morton,
Pliny E. Chase, Dr. Joseph Carson, Henry C. Carey.	W Bishum 37
DID C. Cresson.	M. Richard Muckle.
ohn Deiser.	De Con W Many
ohn Deiser, Dr. Theo. A. Demme,	Dr. Geo. W. Norris, Dr. John H. Packard,
rederick Dittman,	Dr. Toward Paragrate,
Dr. O. de Dobbeler,	Dr. Joseph Pancoast. Dr. John Rodman Pau
. Drexel,	Chus Protts
loses Dropsie,	Chas. Psotta, Jos. M. Reichard, Gustav Remak,
I. Eggeling,	Gustav Remok
I. Ehrlicher.	Geo Inman Richia
l. Eichholtz, dolph Fanz, 'A. Fleischmann. 'redk. Fraley, ohn F. Frazer.	Geo. Inman Riche, C. T. Robinson. Robt. E. Rodgers,
dolph Fanz.	Robt, E. Rodgers.
. A. Fleischmann.	Dr. Lewis Rodman.
reak. Fraley,	Dr. Lewis Rodman, M. Rosengarten,
ohn F. Frazer.	itien. U. B. Kunn.
rancis Funk,	Wm. F. Schoffer.
ev. w. H. Furness, D. D.,	Caspar Scheettler,
rancis Funk, lev. W. H. Furness, D. D., pr. Fr. Genth, rof Saml D. Gross	John Schilling,
Tol. Sami. D. Gross,	Mounta Schwartz.
rof. Saml. D. Gross, W. Harrison, r. Edward Hartshorne, r. Isanc Hays,	John Schymick,
Trans Have	Christ. Seeger,
Hellmueller,	Coleman Sellers, Wm. Sellers,
r. C. Hering,	wm. seners.
rederick Heyer,	Thos C. Stellwagen,
rof Jacob Hoffman	Dr. Alfred Stille,
rof. Jacob Hoffman. rof. Francis A. Jackson,	pr. Chas. J. Stille,
r. M. Justrow.	Dr. H. Hedeman,
heodore Kell.	Dr. Chas. J. Stille, Dr. H. Tiedeman, F. Tobler, Richard Vaux, Wm. S. Vaux, Chas. Vagin
heodore Kell. rof. E. Otis Kendall.	Turn a Vany
lired L. Kennedy,	Chas. Vezin,
	A. Voigt,
ugene Ketteriinus.	Prof Wm Wagner
m. L. J. Kidderlen,	E. Wallace,
m. L. J. Kidderlen, rof. Chas. P. Kranth.	Geo. B. Wood.

I. Banmann. Emil Herwig, 10. Seddensticker.

The weather to-day opened very propitions for the celebration, and early this morning the streets were alive with members of the

The parade was divided into seven divisions, and each division assembled at the head quarters appointed by the Chief Marshal, and then marched to the places assigned them on Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Everything was in readiness, and the line ommenced to move shortly after 9 o'clock

commenced to move shortly after 9 o'clock, in the following order:

Detachment of Police, under Sergeant Crout.
Chief Marshal—Gen. John F. Ballier.
Personal Aids—Louis J. Ladner, Valentine Bläss.
Aids—Col. Ch. Kleinz, Col. W. Moore, F. Zaiss, Tuisko G. Thomas, W. Mollerus, John M. Schneipp, Dr. W. Jansen, Jacob Spielman, Assistant-Aids—Franz Elsele, Christian Liedle, Gottlieh Kolb, Fred. Klein, Theophilus Häflin, G. F. Köhler, John Zenter, First Division—Marshal, Major A. Herman.
Drum Corps.

CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY OF

Laying of the Corner-Stone of a Monu-

The centennial anniversary of the birth of Alexander von Humboldt, the distinguished

The Committee of Arrangements having

nry Kunzig Kusani Lusenberg, tin Landenberger COMMITTEE.

Wm. J. Horstmann, Lorenz Herbert, R. Koradi,

different societies which intended to partici-pate in the parade, proceeding towards their respective headquarters. Towards eleven respective headquariers. Towards eleven o'clock crowds of men, women and children might be seen going toward Fairmount Park, and all of the passenger railway-cars running to that place were filled to their utmost capacity. In all parts of the city flags are floating, and the headquarters of all of the German societies are decerated. The Philadelphia Demokrat Building presents a very pretty appearance. From the different windows are displayed flags of the United States, Germany and the North German Confederation, and the front of the structure was tastefully decothe front of the structure was tastefully decorated with evergreen and bunting, and a bust of Humboldt. The office of the Frei Press, on Fourth street, above Callowhill, was also handsomely decorated, and presented a very pretty appearance.

The Parade.

Drum Corps, Band,

German Battalion of the Thomas Regiment Philadelphia Turners. Carriages containing Mayor Rox, Mr. Houst-mann, Chairman of the Committee

mann, Chairman of the Committee, and the Orators of the Day.

Honorary Committee.

Humboldt Lodge, A. Y. M. and the Executive Committee, in Carriages.

Second Division—Marshal, Captain A. Mergenthuler.

Recrhatter's Band.

This division was led off by the Singing Societies, viz: Mannerchor, Lie iertufel, Junger Mannerchor, Cecha, Harmonia, Orphiens, Polyhemia, Beethoven, Lielderkranz, Arton, Union Sängerbund, Columbia Mannerchor, Concordia Mannerchor and Concordia Singing Society.

ing Society.

Schiller Reading: Association

Quartette Club of Philadelphia, in carriages.

[Each of the Singing: Societies carried its

Heach of the Singing Societies carried its flag.

Then followed a wagon decorated with evergreen, and the flags of the United States and Germany, and containing figures symbolical of the four quarters of the globe.

The German Society, Managers of the German Hospital and German Theatre, the Garman Reading Association, &c., in carriages.

Third Division—Marshal, Peter Messer.

Ritter's Band.

Lodges of Red Men,
Seven Wise Men, and the Order of Harngari.

Fourth Division—Marshal, F. W. Maurer.

Hoffman's Band.

Schiller and Humboldt Lodges of Odd Fellows

lows. Humboldt, Blücher, Teutonia, Gntenberg and

Herman Lodges of the Sons of Herman.
Herman Lodges, Humboldt and Srenben
Lodges, Knights of Pythias.
Fifth Division—Marshal, John Gaschen. Metropolitan Band.
Workingmen's Beneficial Societies.
Sixth Division—Marshal, Fred. Sencké.
Meyer's Music Corps.
Swiss Mannerchor.

Swiss Mannerchor.
Cabinet-makers' Society.
[The last-named association carried several landsome flags and a pretty banner made of chips.]

Seventh Division—Marshal, G. A. Burger.

Band.

Members of Philadelphia Rifle Club in car-The parade was quite lengthy, and made a very pretty appearance. It passed over a designated route (which was lined with spectators) to Fairmount Park.

The Ceremonies at Fairmonnt Park. Before the procession reached Fairmount Park, thousands of persons had assembled at t that place. The crowd gathered around the stand, which had been erected at the site selected for the erection of the proposed monument to Humboldt, a spot a little to the west of the present deer park. The parade entered by the Coates street gate, and as it wound around the roads to the stand presented, when viewed from the hill-tops, a very pretty appearance, with its numerous and varied flags. Upon reaching the stand the Committee of Arrangements, the singers, &c., took the positions which had been reserved for them. Order was soon obtained

and the exercises began. The hymn, "The Heavens Tell," was sung by all the singers, under the leadership of Mr. mann, of the Junger Manne

REMARKS OF THE CHAIRMAN.

William J. Horstmann, Esq., Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, then addressed the assemblage as follows:

We have assembled, my friends to commemorate the birth, and in our humble way to perpetuate the memory of the man whose memorate the birth, and in our humble way to perpetuate the memory of the man whose varied learning and vast contributions to science entitle him to the gratitude of the civilized nations of the world.

Though a German by birth, he was so truly a cosmopolitan that students and patriots in all countries, and almost every city will celebrate the centennial anniversary of the birth of Alexander Von Humboldt.

The scientific and learned secretics of Phila-

The scientific and learned societies of Phila-delphia will celebrate the occasion with be-coming ceremonies, and doubtless bring freshly to the attention of the present generation the extent, the various fields and the invaluable

results of his labors.

We have assembled in response to an invitation from our German fellow-citizens who propose to commemorate the virtues and services of their illustrious countryman by erectvices of their illustrious countryman by erecting a monument to his memory in the land of their adoption, and I have been requested by them to express their thanks to the gentlemen of the Park Commission for granting them so appropriate a site for their testinonial to one who was truly a citizen of the world and a lover of mankind. In my judgment, nothing could be more appropriate than that the first monument erected in this ground and begutimonument erected in this ground and heautiful Park, in which through centuries the denizens of a crowded city will come to enjoy company of the company of t munion with nature, should be in honor of a man like Humboldt, who had traversed all countries that he might reveal nature secrets to his fellow-men. The modest work of which we are about to

The modest work of which we are about to lay the corner-stone will not long stand alone. Gratitude for patriotism and reverence for wisdom and goodness will soon surround it with more elaborate memorials, by which those who come to enjoy the beauties of the Park will be drawn by the genius of Art to study the lives of the great and good memor other days. other days. Gentlemen of the Park Commission: In the name of the German citizens of Philadelphia, I thank you for the appreciation of Humboldt's life and labors expressed by your grant of permission to erect his monument in Engrand Park.

The orchestra then performed an air. ADDRESS BY THE MAYOR. Hon. Daniel M. Fox, Mayor of the city was

Hon. Daniel M. Fox, Mayor of the city was then introduced. He said:

It gives me great pleasure to participate in these ceremonies. The name of Frederick Flenry Alexander Humboldt is confined to no nation or scarcely any country. Although born in Prussia, and receiving in Germany the education which fitted him for his extraordinary proficiency in philosophy and science, and to turn his remarkable travels in then comparatively unknown countries and especially so on this American continent—to good account—indeed the results of which have been profitable to the whole civilized world—every intelligent people have a right, and it becomes their duty to make some note of his life, his services; and the memory he has left for their admiration the memory he has left for their admiration

to make some note of his life, his services, and the memory he has left for their admiration, and emulation. It is proper that the example of this eminent philosopher should be presented in some marked and impressive manner to the youth of this generation, and by us to those of this city as a stimulant to induce them to excel in useful study, and when acquiring talents, to give to the people at large the benefit of that information of which they may thereby become possessed. I regard it as very suitable that the city of Philadelphia, noted for its superior recilities for acquiring classical and scientific education, for its many medical and polytechnic colleges, and its eminent and distinguished men of learning, should take some part in recognizing this occasion; and, therefore, as one of its authorities, believing and feeling well assured that it meets with the hearty approval of the others, my colleagues in municipal representative position. I most cardially participate in it.

The life and character of this extraordinary