THE SIXTEENTH ALUMNI RE-UNION

INTERESTING EXERCISES

MUSIC, ORATIONS, COLLEGE SONGS

VOLUME XXIII.—NO. 36.

THE EVENING BULLETIN. AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING, 607 Chestunt Street, Philadelphia, EVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION.

GIBSON PEACOCK, CASPER SOUDER, JR.,
F. L. FETHERSTON, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON,
The Bulletin is served to subscribers in the city at 18 cents per week, payable to the carrier, or 58 perannum.

WEDDING CARDS, INVITATIONS for Parties, &c. New styles. MASON & CO A/EDDING INVITATIONS 

MARKIED.

HISS POTTER. On Thursday ovening, May 20th, lie house of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Thomas Brown, Oliver H. Cross to Miss Kafe H. Potter, all of his city.

HAZARD—COLTON—May 20th, 1869, by Rev. Charles F. Brooks, of Newport, Mr. Daniel L. Hazard, of Newport, R. 1., to Miss Delia L., elder daughter of S. W. Jolton, Ew., of Philadelphia.

KITCHEN—ECK EL—On Tuesday morning, May 18, 859, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. Alfred Barnes, ssisted by Rev. Herrick Johnson, D.D., Dr. Frank A. Kitchen, of Springtown, Pa., to Annie M. Eckel, of this city. ity.

SAGE—CURTIN.—On Thursday, May 20th by Rev.

L. H. Beadle, D.D., Mr. H. Sage, of Brooklyn, N. Y.,

o Miss Jennie G. Curtin, daughier of A. G. Curtin.

SANTEH—MCMACKIN—On Thursday evening, May

th, 182, by the Rev. Wm. M. Cooper, D.D., Dr. Eugene

ic Mackin, both of this city.

DIED.

ALEXANDER.—On the 19th inst., Mary, daughter of corgo and the late Fanny L. Alexander, in the 17th year where age the same friends of the family are respectfully rivited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her ather, sortheast corner Third and Coates streots, this Erday faltermoon, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock. Interment at formment Comptery.

4 ECRESE — Un the 18th inst., T. Willard Goorge, in the sting early of his age. The relatives and friends are invited to attend his fu-eral, from his late residence, 638 Marshall street, on atterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. RMIGHT.—On the 13th inst., Samuel Knight, in the 5th year of his age. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to tiend the funeral, from his late residence, 1927 Coates treet, on Seventh day, 22d inst., at 3 o'clock.

DARK LAWNS AND LIGHT ORGAN-PARE FRENCH LAWNS.
FINE FRENCH ORGANDIES.
BAGNIFICENT GERNADINES.
HEON BAREGES, FIRST QUALITY.
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SPECIAL, NOTICES.

# OPEN DAILY

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MRS. FRANCES ANNE REMBER

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For the Benefit of the
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WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 26th, at 8 o'clock.
Admission.
Admission.
TWO DOLLARS.
The Sale of Tickets and Reserved Seats will commence at Trumpler's Music Store, 226 Chestnut street, on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M.

"AND THE SALE OF TH

HORTICULTURAL HALL.—A special meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, June 4th, 1899, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of authorizing the issue of preferred stock. THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNIVER-THE FORTY-FIRTH ANNIVERS
aary of the American Sunday School Union will be
held at the Academy of Music, on TUESDAY EVENING, 25th inst., at 7.45 o clock.
Addresses may be expected from Rev. M. M. G. Dana,
of Norwich, Conn., Rev. N. H. Schenck, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Rev. Frank L. Robbins, of Philadelphia.
A selected choir of 600 young ladies will sing under
leadership of Col. D. W. C. Moore.
A limited number of Secured Stats may be had at the
Society Building, No. 122 Chestnut street. Tickets for
Parquet and Parquet Circle, 50 cents. Balcony, 25 cents.
Family Circle free.

THE FORTY-FIRTH ANNIVERS.

Family Circle free. myll 19 21 22 rpst;

TICKETS FOR CLERGYMEN FOR the Forty-first Anniversary of the American S. S. Union can be had (if called for previous to 22d Inst.) at the Society's Building, 1122 Chestnutst. myl5,17,19,21-4trp5 NORTH BROAD STREET.—LARGE Lot, corner of Montgomery. Divided, if desired. Apply, between 10 and 12 o'clock, to M. C. LEA. 430 my21 f m w 8t§

Walnut.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

COMPANY, TREASUBER'S DEPARTMENT.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCK HOLDERS.—The books are now open for subscription and open for subscription and payment of the new stock of this Company. THOMAS T. FIRTH, myl8-30trp§ Treasurer.

myto-surps

CHEAP AND BEAUTIFUL COTMethod of Building—New Styles of Architecture. Circulars free. A. D. CALDWELL, 112 S. Fourth st. 20-3trp NEW METHOD OF BUILDING CHEAP AND BEAUTIFUL COTTAGES. Circulars free.

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DIVIDEND NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
COMPANY, TREASUREB'S DEPARTMENT
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semiannual Dividend of Five Per Cent. on the Capital: Stock
of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1859.
Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can
be had at the Office of the Company, No. 238 South Third
street. 

Nork.—The third instalment on New Stock' of 1838 is ue and payable on or before June-18. my4-2mrp§ FOR INVALIDS A FINE MUSICAL P Box as a companion for the sick chamber; the finest assortment in the city, and a great variety of airs to so-lect from. Imported direct by KARR & BROTHER, mbl6tfrp 324 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1869.

A PRESBYTERIAN REUNION. THE NEW SCHOOL GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S PRO-

The Opening Services...Opening Sermon by the Rev. Dr. Stearns...The Rev. Dr. Fowler, of Utica, Chosen: Moderator...A Committee Agreed Upon to Confer with the Old School Body on Hennion. The New York Sun of this morning has the

following:
The annual session of the General Assembly (New School) of the Presbyterian Church of the Church the United States was opened in the Church of the Covenanters (the Rev. Dr. Hatfield's), on Park avenue, in this city, yesterday morang. The services were interesting and im-pressive. An invocation was offered by the Rev. Dr. Maxwell, of Cincinnati, after which hev. Dr. Maxwen, or Cincumat, after which a hymn was sung to a familiar tune, in which the whole body of clergymen and ruling elders joined with fervor. The Bev. Dr. Chester, of Buffalogreau the Fourth Epistle to the He-brows, the Apostle Paul's sarriest

APPEAL FOR CHRISTIAN UNITY.

After which the Gloria in Excelsis was sung.

After the chant, Dr. Chester offered an elaborate extempore prayer in which, after invoking the Divine blessing on the body assembled before him, he also fervently prayed for the other Assembly, and asked the Almighty's aid in bringing about a union of the two bodies, withat we might no longer present the sad spec-"that we might no longer present the sad spec tacle of brothers disagreeing." The hymn "I love thy kingdom, Lord."

was sung, and then the sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Stearns, of Newark, N. J., Moderator of the last Assembly. The preacher briefly and feelingly reviewed the history and parrated the growths of the New School branch of the Church since its separation from the Old School body, thirty-one years ago, and then announced as his text the 21st verse of the 17th chapter of the Gospel by St. John:

That they all may be one as Thou, Father art in me, and life Thee, that they also may be one in us. "

WHAT PREVENTS OBGANIO UNITY.

There were differences in religious belief, which the speaker pointed out, which prevented the organic unity of all branches of Cliristian believers, and seemed to necessitate the existence of various denominations. Those differences, he contended, were not on essential points, but were sufficiently great to pretial points, but were sufficiently great to pre-vent co-operation in one organic body. He did not think it desirable had the time arrived, did not think it desirable had the time arrived, nor did he believe the time had arrived, however much it might be desired, when all branches of the Church should be united under one organization. If actuated by Christian love and earnest zeal, they could all unite in promoting the cause of religion, and in the Christian alliance the spectable is seen of Christians of all denominations meeting and singing in common. singing in common,

"Blest be the tie that binds Our hearts in Christian love.".

And this brought the speaker to the question of the union of the various branches of the Presbyterian Church. This, he maintained, if not accomplished now, might not be accomplished for years to come. Well might the Church of Rome laugh at Protestantism, when it suffered itself to be cut up into so many branches and sects by such insignificant differences. The condition of the world demanded that now Christianity should put aside all trammels, and put forth every exertion for the prapagation of the truth. This is the world's new springtime. Why should not the Presbyterian Church unite? They have the same confession of faith; not a word or letter or point of difference. They have the same book of discipline, the same form of worship, the same name. This THE PRESENTERIAN UNION TO BE CEMENTED same form of worship, the same name. This separation is dishonorable. Say what we will about it, the world will always look upon it as a family quarrel, the meanest of all quarrels. A little fraternal feeling, a little candor, a little Christian forbearance would bring all together

Our young men want the union. Many of our venerable fathers would weep for joy could they see the union before they go to their long THE NEW SCHOOL PRESBYTERIES BEADY. The New School Presbyteries have accepted and approved the overture for union sent down

The New School Presbyteries have accepted and approved the overture for union sent down from the Albany Assembly; it, now femains for this Assembly to wait the response of the other body and pray for union. The preacher closed with a grandly eloquent peroration of the advantages to Christendom to flow from this anticipated union.

THE FORMAL ORGANIZATION.

After the Doxology, the Assembly was constituted in due form by prayer by the retiring Moderator. The Committee of Arrangements recommended that the sessions be opened a 8½ o'clock in the morning, daily, for devotional exercises, to continue one hour, and then proceed to business, taking a recess at 12½ o'clock until 2½ o'clock P. M. The recommendation was accepted and adopted.

In the afternoon, the Assembly proceeded to the choice of a Moderator. The following nominations were made: The Rev. Dr. Fowler, of Utica; the Rev. Dr. Wing, of Harrisburg; the Rev. Dr. Crosby, of New York; the Rev. Dr. Chester, of Buffalo; the Rev. Byron Sunderland, of Washington. The balloting resulting as follows:

sulting as follows:

First Ballot. Second Ballot.

90

The Rev. Dr. Fowler..... 122

elected temporary Clerks.

A special committee was appointed to receive and collate the answers of the Presbyteries to the overture on reunion with the other

A COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE. The Rev. Dr. Crosby announced that the Assembly of the other branch had appointed a special committee of five ministers and five a confor with a Big committee of this a special committee of five ministers and five elders, to confer with a like committee of this Assembly on the subject of union, and moved the appointment of a like committee on the part of this body to meet them. After discussion, the motion was adopted unanimously.

The Committee of Arrangements announced a social reception in the Apollo Rooms, next Monday.
The Assembly then adjourned.
A devotional meeting of the ruling blders connected with the Assembly is to be held in

branch.

the Church of the Covenant this (Friday) evening, to which the public are invited.

Proceedings of the Old School Assembly ...First hay.

The General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterians convened yesterday in the church at Fifth avenue and Thirty-seventh street. In numbers, it is already larger than any of the previous assemblages, and its proceedings promise to be equally important. Three hundred and fifty commissions of delegates have been sent in. The Synods represented are those of Albany, Allegheny, Baltmore, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Illinois, Indiana, Towa, Kansas, Kentucky, Missouri, Nashville, New Jersey, New York, Northern India, Northern Indiana, Ohio, the Pacific Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, St. Paul, Sandusky, Southern Iowa, Wheeling and Wissonsin, No Commissioners appeared from the Synod of the Atlantic.

of the Atlantic.
RELIGIOUS CEREMONIES IN THE FORENOON. At the opening session yesterday there were present about 265 ministers and ruling elders, the former constituting nearly two-thirds of the number. The forenoon was devoted to religious services. The Rev. Dr. G. W. Mus-grave, of Philadelphia, moderator of the last Assembly, preached the sermon from the text Mark xvi. 16: "He that believeth and is bap-tised shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned."

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Spring, and Rev. Dr. Jacobus read from the Scriptures.

DR. JACOBUS MADE MODERATOR.

After a recess, the Assembly met again at 31 P. M., and proceeded to business. The election of permanent officers was first in order. Three candidates for Moderator were in the field, and the vote stood as follows.—The Rev. Dr.Melancthon W. Jacobus, of Allegheny City, Pa., 140; the Rev. Dr. Willis Lord, of Chicago, 54; the Rev. Dr. A. G. Hall, of Rochester, 65.

Dr. Jacobus was thereupon declared duly elected Moderator of the Assembly.

The Rev. Dr. Schenck, of Philadelphia, was elected Permenant Clerk, the Rev. R. K. Rogers Temporary Clerk, and the Rev. Dr. A. T. McGill Stated Clerk. RECEPTION IN THE APOLLO BOOMS.

The Committee of Arrangements announced that a reception would be given to the members of the Assembly on Monday evening in Apollo Hall. Tickets for all persons except the Commissioners, \$2 each, to be had at Randolph's and Carter's book-stores. A CONFERENCE COMMITTEE TO BE APPOINTED.

A Committee of Conference, consisting of five ministers and five elders, was ordered to

be appointed to confer with a similar Commit-tee appointed by the other. General Assembly in session in this city, on the subject of the re-union of the two branches of the Presbyterian Church.
The Moderator will announce the Com-A resolution was passed that the sessions of the Assembly be held daily from 91 A. M. to 121 o'clock P. M., and from 21 to 51 o'clock P. M.

Notice was given that the first business this morning would be to fix the order of each day's proceedings.

It is understood that to-day the reports on Theological Seminaries are to be received.

Prayer meetings are to be held in the church each morning at 8 o'clock.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.]

LETTER FROM ATLANTIC CITY.

ATLANTIC CITY, May 20, 1869.—Since your correspondent last acquainted the readers of the Evening Bulletin with matters and things concerning Atlantic City, a mighty transformation has taken place in the topo graphical and other characteristics of this "City by the Sea." Change appears to be the order of the day—not from a bad condition to that of a more disagreeable one, but from good to better. During the past winter there has been more energy exerted towards giving this place an impetus in the right direction than for several years past, and more improvements of every description than heretofore have been of every description than heretorore have been completed, and many are now in a forward state of progress. The permanent residents—those who are really alive and active—exhibit a vivacity of spirit in the work of converting the repulsive features of the Island into useful and attractive. tive improvements, so that when the waste places are covered by broad and well-laid out flower gardens, swampy grounds filled up, and many of the sand banks removed, there will be no draw-backs to keep strangers from pur-basing and improving such leastings is will sing and improvin suit their respective tastes. Every individual who could do anything at all has had plenty of work, from a wheeler of sand to a master mechanic. Horses and carts have been actively employed in hauling gravel upon the avenues and elsewhere, where needed by private individuals to improve their yards, while the Railroad Company have kept a train constantly running to supply the much needed gravel required. A large the much needed gravel required. A large force of workmen are now conveying sand from the banks near the "Surf House" to the new "Excursion House," which will be completed by the middle of June. You have already published the dimensions, architectural plan and the number of rooms of this grand structure, and it would be useless to repeat them here. Suffice it to say that the building is just such as the exigency of the times dethem here. Suffice it to say that the building is just such as the exigency of the times demanded, eligibly located within a few yards of the very finest bathing on the beach, and commanding an uninterrupted view of the ocean for 'miles, in fact as far as the eye can reach, with the many objects of interests that present themselves, leaving the senses almost bewildered with the boundless magnificance of old Ocean as he lifts his sparkling ficence of old Ocean as he lifts his sparkling mane high up in the fury of a storm, or lies like a sleeping lion in the tranquil embrace of rest. Now its surface may be seen dotted all over with the white-winged messengers of com-

over with the white-winged messengers of commerce going in opposite directions, and again not a sail may be seen on its broad bosom. The history of Atlantic City is a history of only the past fifteen years; and yet in that brief period this island has been converted from a wild and barren desert into a rapidly increasing and beautiful city. The whole enterprise at the start appeared like a wild and chimerical undertaking, the Railroad Company having first to build their road through an uncultivated and seemingly lifeless country, and with the patience of Job waiting the slow process of building up a business, which might possibly give them a return for the expenses incurred, or it might possibly not. With commendable zeal they have waited and worked. They had a sagacious belief that the time would come when their investments might become profitable; and like "patience on a monument smiling at grief." might become profitable, and like "pa-tience on a monument smiling at grief," they have waited and are still wait-ing. Yet year by year the prospect grows brighter, the business of the road in-creases, and the spirits of the company grow-more cheerful and buoyant as the income of their road grows heavier. But never, in the darkest days of its existence, have the enter-prising gentlemen composing this company prising gentlemen composing this company faltered in their faith that their undertaking would result advantageously, and, at some time, profitably. They knew that the sea terminus of the road afforded unsurpassed advantageously. minus of the road anorded unsurpassed advantages for the building up of a popular "watering-place." The bathing grounds were unexcelled at any point on the New Jersey coast, and its pure, delightful atmosphere in summer offered inducements of no ordinary character to those who desired to escape from the heat and confusion of cities.

summer onered inducements of no ordinary character to those who desired to escape from the heat and confusion of cities.

A These are the preliminary facts connected with Atlantic City, for, so soon as the construction of the road became a tangible verity, men of capital and enterprise commenced improving the Island, and by the time the road was completed, streets and avenues were laid out, building lots staked off, and improvements on an extended scale commenced. Hotels and public boarding-houses went up as if touched by some magic wand, and everything was completed for a city of future prosperity and attractiveness. From that time to the present its progress has been gradual and satisfactory. It has not been as rapid as some fast spirits anticipated it ought, but it has been sure. The original settlers experienced some inconveniences in adapting themselves; to the new order of things; but they saw the "Golden Calf" in the distance, and grew strong by patiently waiting for coming events. Some of them have lettered their condition to a martiently waiting for coming events. Some of them have bettered their condition to a mar-velous extent, and some plod on the same old beaten track of "from hind to mouth." in which their illustrious predecessors trod for ages before them.

But time and progress have swept away most of the old landmarks, and improvements

are springing up everywhere over the Island. On Virginia and Pacific avenues, just in front of the Clarendon, a Mr. Blood has nearly completed a fine building, three stories in height, designed for a hotel and boarding-house. Charles Stockwell, of New York, has erected three beautifully-finished cottages on Pennsylvania avenue, which present an imposing architectural finish. Joseph Shinnen, on Atlantic avenue, has put up two fine residences opposite the United States Hotel. Dr. Souders has built a very large addition to the Reed has built a very large addition to the Reed House, E.S. Reed has completed an imposing structure, which he occupies as an extensive drug store. There are five new buildings not yet finished on the the south side of Atlantic avenue, above Virginia. On Pennsylvania avenue, north of the railroad, Mr. Engelke, S. R. Morse, Mr. Goldey and Dr. T. K. Reed have each put up tasteful cottages. Mr. McCullough two on Pennsylvania avenue. Mr. Mchler has added another story to his establishment opposite the depot, and Mr. Rotherham has built a large and imposing front of three stories to the Washington House, on Parific avenue. On Washington House, on Pacific avenue. On North Carolina avenue, near the Ocean, a Mr. Hunt has nearly completed a very large boarding house, and at the corner of Pacific and North Carolina avenues, the congregation of the Episcopal church are putting up a small but quite attractive edifice, on the ordinary Göthic style of architecture, for church purposes. The Tank House has been removed from near the depot to Pacific avenue, and an

poses. The Tank House has been removed from near the depot to Pacific avenue, and an additional story put on it. The new Excursion House is rapidly advancing towards completion, and is a splendid building. Many other essential improvements have been made, and are now going forward, which indicate a prosperous future for Atlantic City.

There is a constant change in the shore going on, but the bathing grounds do not seem to be affected by it, except that in its making out, the distance to the surf becomes greater. Most of this, however, will be obviated by setting up the bath houses nearer than usual.

It is anticipated that the present will be a

the bath houses nearer than usual.

It is anticipated that the present will be a grand and successful season, and preparations on an enlarged scale are making for it. A railroad track is to be laid along Pacific avenue, which will be a great accommodation. Altogether, there is more life and energy exhibited in this city at the present time than in any one season heretofore, and it is the general impression that these improvements are but impression that these improvements are but the fore-runners of others of greater magnitude D. W. B.

HEAVY ROBBERY IN PITTSBURGH.

85,000 Stolen from a Safe. The Pittsburgh Commercial of yesterday

A most daring and successful robbery was perpetrated on Liberty street yesterday after-noon, the safe in the wholesale grocery estab-lishment of R. Robison & Co., No. 255 Liberty street, being robbed of \$2,500 in cash, and about the same amount in checks and notes. It appears that in the morning about eleven

o'clock one of the men who is supposed to have been connected with the robbery, entered the store and asked to have a ten dollar bill changed. After getting the bill changed he immediately

In the afternoon, a little after three o'clock, the same man returned and asked the price of a quantity of beans and other articles, and had the clerk call Mr. Robison from the rear of the store. Just then another man came in and inquired of Mr. Robison if he knew a and inquired of Air Robison in the knew a friend of his who was a porter in some whole-sale house in the city, at the same time men-tioning his friend's name. Air, Bobison said he did not know, and was about returning to the rear of the store, when the man called him back and detained him a moment or so in conversation. The two they left suddenly and conversation. The two then left suddenly and Mr. Robison, on going to the office, found the safe had been robbed. The thief or thieves had taken \$2,500 in cash and about the same amount in checks and notes, together with the bank-book. The papers, however, will be of no value to them. Some of the papers were found in Spring alley, in the rear of the store, immediately after the robbery, and it is supposed that the thief entered the back door and robbed the safe while his two companions were in the front part of the store engaging the attention of Mr. Robi-son. The book-keeper had left the store only a moment before, and before he left noticed a large man with black whiskers who passed large man with black whiskers who passed through the store and out through the alley.

As soon as the robbery was discovered the two men who had been in the frontpart of the store were followed. two men who had been in the frontpart of the store were followed. One of them disappeared, and the other went across the Hand street bridge and down the river bank to Sandusky street, where he was joined by another. They both then carried new black traveling bags, and passed up Sandusky street to the corner of Ohio, where they were joined by the other man who was in the store, and has since been arrested. After a moment's conversation, he waited on the corner and the other two passed up Federal street to a saloon near the corner of Diamond, when the third party started down Ohio street. Chief of Police Bowden was informed of the matter about this time, and started in pursuit of the man, and arrested him on the corner of Beaver street and placed him

on the corner of Beaver street and placed him in the lock-up. He then started for the two in the saloon, and just as he came in sight, saw them walking up Federal street; they turned the corner of Jackson street, and passed down Jackson to Monterey street; turned the corner and disappeared suddenly, and no clue to them has since been obtained. They left their traveling bags at the saloon, and these were secured by the police, but contained nothing but a quantity of clothing.

The man who was arrested gives his name as George Stevens, and says he is a bar-tender from Boston, arrived in the city day before yesterday and knows nothing about the robbery. He said he stopped at the Grant House. His name, however, was registered at that he on the corner of Beaver street and placed him

His name, however, was registered at that hotel as from Lockport. About seventy dollars in money were found in his possession.

### MORMON RASCALITY.

The Saints Claim the Title to Government Lands.

The Salt Lake Reporter of the 12th inst. says:
A gentleman, well known in this community, located a piece of land near the Warm Springs, north of Ogden, a short time ago, and proceeded to file his claim in the U.S. Land Office in Salt Lake City. While making arrangements to prove it, several Mormons came upon the land in the night and put up a sort of portable log house on the claim, and next day declared their intention to hold it. The gentleman informed them that he had filed his claim, and was the prior occupant, to tleman informed them that he had filed his claim, and was the prior occupant, to which they responded emphatically that they "did'nt see any title in the United States or the Land Office; that land belonged to the Church of Jesus Christ, they had got it from Mexico, and it belonged to them before it did to the government." The gentleman replied that they ques longed to them before it did to the government." The gentleman replied that that question would be settled in the courts, to which they responded that "might made right in this country; no enemy of their people should get a foothold there, the country belonged to them and they knew no other title," and much to the same effect. And so rests the matter at present. Are these acts the result of religious fanaticism or pure meanness? If the "Saints" really believe, as so many of them pretend that God has given this country to them exclusively, it may be necessary finally to try conclusions with them and let might settle it. The Courts can decide these things, and any Mormon who will not submit to their decision shows himself to be an enemy of law. When are these

taliation of some sort is certain. It would be well enough for our Government to quit grab-bing for more territory, and reduce to actual possession and law some that it now has

#### CUBA.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says:
A consular agent, who has resided in Cuba

A consular agent, who has resided in Cuba during the last iffreen months, has just arrived here, and to day called upon the President for the purpose of informing him respecting the condition of affairs in that Island. The State Department has on file very full despatches from him. His representations place the Cubans larger, in the advantage, and he is of the opinion that the insurgents will eventually succeed. His reasons for so believing are that the opinion that the insurgents will eventually succeed. His reasons for so believing are that the mode of warfare adopted by the insurgents, that of not giving open battle in the field, but by detachments and bands, will greatly harass the Spanish troops, and eventually bring them

Information from Cuban sources, received here by the friends of the insurgents, states that there is the most intense anger manifested on the part of the merchants, planters, and other business men of the island toward Count Valmaseda, on account of his order to put to death all persons over fifteen years of age found away from their homes. The merchants fear the system of reprisals. The late commander at Trinidad is the The late commander at Trinidad is the only Spaniard of note who circulates the proclamation. But its provisions are being carried out with terrible severity, and long lists of brutalities are being constantly reported. Six women, one child, and one editor were recently put to death in one day. The same information reports the success of the Cubans in the jurisdiction of Trinidad, and the defeat of the Spanish commander. Count Legen defeat of the Spanish commander, Count Lesca at Las Tunas.

## MISSISSIPPI AND THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Letter from ex-Governor Brown. [From the Hernando (Mississippi) Press, May 13.]

Governor Brown, in response to leading gentlemen at Jackson, publishes a letter setting forth his views in reference to the recent act of Congress passed in conformity to the recommendation of the President, and the

recommendation of the Fresident, and the best course to be pursued by the people of the State under it. He thus advises:

First—Then, let us have order and rigid enforcement of the laws, to the full extent of meting out equal and exact justice without stint to-all men of all opinions, races and colors, and to this end let every good man resolve, to aid the civil and military authorities by every fair means in his power.

and colors, and to this end let every good man resolve, to aid the civil and military authorities by every fair means in his power.

Second—Let there be no factions or mere partizan opposition to the administration of President Grant. But as the President has shown himself kind to us, let us be generous to him. We cannot afford to be illiberal.

Third—We must stand by the issue as our opponents presented it at Washington. The convention, the constitution and Eggleston & Co., on the one side; the people of Mississippi on the other. The President and Congress sat in judgment and decided in our favor. We will not allow the issue to be changed.

Pourth—We necept the fifteenth amendment.

Fifth—We pledge ourselves one to another, disregarding color and former political opinions, to deal justly by all meh and to secure perfect equality of civil and political rights to every one before the law.

Sizh—That we set ourselves sternly against all men, of all acces, and of every creed and color, who come among us to make mischief, and that we extend a cordial greeting and hearty good will to all men, of all parties, opinions, ruces or color, who come with the genuine purpose of living with, us and sharing in good faith our fortunes, whether they be good or evil.

Mr. Johnson's Pardons.

The State Department has just prepared a list of the counterfeiters convicted and pardoned during Mr. Johnson's term. The total number of cases was one hundred and fortytwo sentences on the day of Mr. Lincoln's funeral, and the last was on the last day of Mr. Johnson's term. A similar list of the pardons granted persons convicted of violating the internal revenue laws shows ninety-one cases.

Fire at Chester. Chester Lead Works, at Chester, Pa., owned by Messrs. Painter & Bair, were entirely destroyed by fire on Wednesday night, 19th inst, Loss, \$60,000; insurance, \$33,000, as

 Narragansett, R. I.
 3,000

 Home, N. Y.
 4,000

 Manhattan, N. Y.
 4,000

### AMUSEMENTS.

-At the Academy of Music this evening Mrs. Richings-Bernard will have a farewell benefit in La Traviata.

Mrs. Bernard deserves well at the hands of the Philadelphia public, and we hope the house will be crowded upon this occasion. To-morrow afternoon Maritana will be given, and this will be the last opportunity to hear the roupe. It will disband at the close of the present engagement.
-Mr. Robert Craig will have a benefit at the Arch St.

Theatre this evening, in four first-rate pieces. Le Gladiateur: the Pretty Horsebreaker; the Toodles, and the Spitfire. It is hardly necessary to recommend Mr. Craig to the public. He is certain to have a crowded house. —At the Theatre Comique this evening, Mr. Thomas Whiffin, a good singer, will have a benefit in Chins-Chow-Hi and Jeanette's Wedding. No matinee to morrow.

—The American Theatre announces for this evening a miscellaneous entertainment of a very superior chaacter. There will be a performance to morrow after-

-To-night, at the Walnut, Mrs. Rose Watkins will have a benefit in the new Irish drama, Kathleen Macourneen; or, Under the Spell, and the original farce, It Takes Two to Quarrel.

Takes Two to Quarrel.

The Dublin Press, speaking of the Kathleen Mavournen, says: "Mrs. Watkins played the heroine most
charmingly. Her rendering of the beautiful ballad was
a gem in itself. Of Mr. W., it is only just to state that his acting of Terrance was worth the applause it elicited from the crowded audience. To our readers we would say, if you wish to enjoy a superb drama, superbly acted. go and see Mr. and Mrs. W. in Kathleen Mavourneen."

—Miss Elise Holt will have a benefit at the Chestnut this ovening, in the burlesque Lucretia Borsia, the Doctress. There will be a matinee to morrow at 2 o'clock.

The annual exhibition of paintings is now open in the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts.

—On Monday night next, Ole Bull will give a grand farewell concert in the Academy of Music. He will be saisted by a number of competent artists. Tickets may pe procured at Trumpler's music store.

—Mrs. Frank Mordaunt, an excellent actress, will have scomplimentary benefit in the Academy of Music, on aturday afternoon, the 29th instant.

—The Chestnut Street Rink, at Twenty-third and

Chestnut streets, will be opened this evening for velociede riding for experts, and for those who wish to mas--J. B. Lent's New York Circus will be open every afternoon and evening this week with a first-class per-formance by the excellent company. This will be the

-A miscellaneous performance of an attractive characfor is announced for this evening at the American Theatre. There will be bullet-dancing by accomplished artists, Ethiopian delineations, and a multitude of things not to be found at any other place of amusement.

not to be found at any other place of amusement.

On Wednesday night next Mrs. Frances Anne Kemble will read As You Like It, in the Academy of Music, for the benefit of the Mercantile Library. Tickets are for sale at Trumpler's Music Store, and are going off rapidly.

On Monday, evening, May 31st, Miss Susan Galton will have a benefit at the Theatro Comique, when Maritima will be produced, with Mr. William Castle and perhaps some other members of the Richings troupe in the cast, Tickets can be secured now, and we advise everybody to apply at once. There will be a tremendous rush.

The Pall Mall Gazette mentions a new play at one of the London theatres in which the utmost limits of realism seem to have been reached. The enthusiasm of the audience culself to be an enemy of law. When are these petty outrages to stop? When are we to have that protection due American citizens? If minates when a live donkey is brought in, and the house resounds with cries of "Author! these acts, small as they are are continued, re- author!"

PRICE THREE CENTS. GIRARD COLLEGE, 13

Reliable Information from Cuba-Report of an American Consul-Favorable Prospects for Cubau Independence.

To-day has been a gala day at Girard College, the occasion being the Sixteenth Annual Re-union of the Alumni. This body of graduates of Philadelphia's great popular College now numbers over seven hundred members. and it is highly gratifying to witness the spirit with which they testify their gratitude and affection toward their Alma Mater.

· Unusual interest appears to have been excited among the Alumni of the College, of late, in consequence of the prominence which it lately occupied in the public mind, in connection with the establishment of the Board of Trusts, and the official references made to the affairs of the College in legislative and judicial utterances. The stimulus thus given to the organization which celebrates its annual re-union to-day is a very healthy one, and cannot but be productive of important good results upon the future interests of Girard Col-

The entire day has been given up at Girard College to the various exercises of the Alumni. commencing with business meetings as early as 8 A. M., and concluding with a social gathering at 6P. M.

The public exercises took place at 111 o'clock in the chapel, which was handsomely draped with the American colors, and was densely crowded with the Alumni, pupils and friends of the College. McClurg's Liberty Cornet Band, in their new brilliant uniforms, were present, and enlivened the occasion by a choice variety of appropriate music.

The exercises were conducted by W. E. Littleton, Esq., President of the Alumni, and commenced with an Alumni Song, written for the occasion by Mrs. William H. Allen:

A greeting to thee, Brother, On this, a Natal day; Remembrance calls each other,

From interests far away. Bring amaranthine flowers, 'Tis meet, with due regard, To hail this day as ours, In memory of "Girard."

The sculptured stone will perish, The chiselled flower decay; But grateful hearts will cherish

What may not pass away.

A Brotherhood's oblation

We bring before his shrine,
And pour the heart's libation
To him, who blessed our prime.

THE INTRODUCTORY ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT W. H. ALLEN, William H. Allen, LL. D., President of the College, delivered the introductory address as

College, denivered the introductory address as follows:

Mr. President and Members of the Society of Alumns:
The return of your anniversary has attracted you once more to these halls which were the know and school of your childhood. Here you acquired the education which has opened to you a career of usefulness in the various walks of life, and prepared you for positions of respectability and influence. Here you meet again the officers and teachers who were the guides of your youth—who encouraged you when you did right, and admonished you when you did wrong, and who sometimes gave

ability and influence. Here you must again the officers and teachers who were the guides of your youth—who encouraged you when you did right, and admonished you when you did wrong, and who sometimes gave emphasis to their admonitions by arguments which were felt. But they are not all here. Some of them have been lassed with the noose matrimonial, and hurried away to be seen among us no more. I think that for the sake of the College you will join me in a protest against any future aspirant for the honors of a Benedick cominghere for his Beatrice. She can't be spared.

On behalf of the survivors of these catastrophes, and of all the I Professors and officers, I greet you with a hearty welcome. We have watched your course with parental solicitude; we have rejoiced to see many of you ascending steadily on the scale of manliness and respectability, and we have mourned when a few, who are not with us to-day, have turned aside from virtue and made for themselves the record of a wasted life. We are gratified that so many of you whom we still delight to call "our boys" reciprocate the affection which we cherish for you, and regard the reputation of the College as inseparable from your own. We are strong in the faith that you will always be ready to defend the institution against unjust aspersions, from whatever source they may emanate.

It gives us pleasure to learn that your society has been organized on a permanent basis, and that you have much of the exprit dw curys which animutes the alumni of more ancient institutions. Your President, already familiar with the usages of deliberative bodies, through honorable public service, will take care that your proceedings are marked with dignity and decoram. Your Exocutive Committee, under the inspiration of its zealous and indefatigable chairman, have spared neither time nor labor in collecting the names, residences, and present occupation of our graduates, the personal history of those who fought for our national union, and especially of those who fought for our national uni

trust which Stephen Girard confided to this city has not been in vain.

And now, my sons, as the frosts of advancing years admonish me that the winter of life approaches, and that every reunion of your society substracts one from the number, already small, how small we know not, of those which I shall be permitted to wintess, I feel that I may address every one of you in the language of David to his son Solomon:

"And thou, my son, know thou the God of thy father, and serve-Him with a perfect heart and a willing mind; for the Lord searcheth all hearts, and understandeth all the imaginations of the thoughts; if thou seek Him, He will cast thee off forever."

ADDRESS BY DAVID CHAMBERS, ESQ. ADDRESS BY DAVID CHAMBERS, ESQ.

cast thee off forever."

ADDRESS BY DAVID CHAMBERS, ESQ.
David Chambers, Esq., was then introduced, and delivered the following address:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Board of Directors, Mr. President and Faculty of the College, and Ladies of the School and Household—It becomes my duty, on behalf of the Alumni of Girard College, to express to you their heartfelt thanks for your cordini velcome to our old Home and School on this bright and beautiful Anniversary of our beneficator's birth. I am aware that no words of mine can give due and proper expression to those feelings. I am aware that no tongue, beit mine or another's, can portray to your minds, so eloquently as we desire, the hallowed reculections whose refluent tide flows over our souls once more as we stand within the sacred precingts of this Chapel-room, or fill the seats where erst we knelt as children around this common alter of domestic worship.

I will not attempt the task. But we have come from shop and store, from farm and factory, from counting room and office, to answer your anxious questionings of our welfare; to tell you of the brothers we have left behind, unable to be with us, but whose hearts beat in unison which and parts of this broad Commonwealth and instituted to day to tell you that we still love and knore, you from all parts of this broad Commonwealth and instituted to be strengthened again for the great battle of life in the percential fount of your pains and your prayers.

Whilst we have amongst our number to day those who but a few weeks agolwere in the far-off islands of the sea, we bring you good, word of others in far, distant states. But there are some who will noter return to greet us. They have fallen at their posts of duty in civil life, or nobly given their lives that the nation might not perish. According to facts and records in the possession of the Chafman of our Executive Committee, of the four hundred, and fifty graduates who let the institution prior to the year. Bat one hundred and eighty-nine enlisted—in the a