EVENING BULLETIN. Monday, May 17, 1868.

of barbarians, not of civilized men.

Why, to this city, where they return to their

THE FREE TRADERS.

THE DELAWARE BARBARITIES. Upon our first page to-day we publish an account of the semi-annual flogging inflicted thus stated by Mr. Greeley, himself: "Betrayupon Delaware criminals in the town of New | ing the confidence reposed in him by this es Castle on Saturday. It is a noteworthy fact, | tablishment to transmit, surreptitiously, the that the number of persons submitted to this | despatches of the Associated Press to his Philabarbarous punishment was greater than upon | delphia journal or journals not entitled to reany single recent occasion. This, and the fact | ceive them." Upon this, Mr. Greeley very that the commission of crime in the State does | fairly and properly remarked: not decrease, but rather increases, seem to prove conclusively that the lash is not as effectual in the promotion of virtue and good be- the means whereby it has been rendered ne havior as the advocates of the system would have us believe. Such a result is perfectly natural and in accordance with experience.

Ferocious punishment never did and never will

Association. make men better or deter them from infraction of the laws. When half the petty crimes in the of the Associated Press, consisting of Messrs.

infinitely more lawlessness than there is now, Raymond, New York Times, and N. D. Bangs, when murder alone is a capital crime. It will New York World, who have submitted a realways be so when the law is savage and cruel. port which has been unanimously adopted by Men must learn to reverence it, not to hate it; the Association. and there can be no respect when As the result of this report, and the action of it is felt that the law itself is a the Association thereon, Mr. Young has recrime, and that it seeks revenge rather signed his editorship, and the office of "Manthan just retribution. Criminals, who for aging Editor" of the Tribune has been petty offences are subjected to the lash, the abolished. This disposes of this branch pillory, imprisonment, fines and the ignominy of the subject. The charge which Mr. of wearing a convict's dress in public, become Greeley calls Abusing his position on the desperate, feeling that they have been Tribune and his influence as a journalist to sinned against. There is born in them an promote his private ends, and especially to utter hatred for the honest men whom they procure loans or subsidies for his or his friends'

revenge. Besides this, a public scounging to be disposed of. numiliates a criminal before his fellow men. DECORATION DAY. robs him of his self-respect, and places upon him the brand of the outlaw, so that the world may know it and shun him. The tendent of Soldiers' Orphans, in reference 1 thong that bites his flesh, also cuts into his soul, and leaves unhealing wounds. Society annually decorating the graves of the fallen hehas no right to do more than simple justice to a criminal. It should punish him for breaking its laws, in nice proportion to the hienousness of the offence, and then it should strive to reform him and make him an honest man. The Delaware code abuses its victim and denies to him the possibility of becoming better, either through his own efforts or the instrumentality of others. This is the method Another unanswerable objection to flogging is, that it gives enormous discretionary power to the executive officer. When a criminal is found guilty, the judge, restrained by laws which define exactly the severity of the punishment, should impose the sentence with precise knowlshould impose the sentence with precise knowlwill be made at Pittsburgh by the soldiers' time, is at orpnan schools in that vicinity, and we trust that a similar one will be made here. The Northern Home, the Lincoln Institution, the Church Home, St. John's Orphan Asylum, the Catholic Home, and the law. So the powers of law makers, judge and jury, are vested in this official and the animater. jury, are vested in this official, and the criminal suffers according to his humor. The New Castle Sheriff, on Saturday, flogged some men nmercifully, while others hardly felt the blows. The people of Delaware claim for this system that it drives criminals from the State. This is the design of the arrangement by which they are turned out of prison dressed in felon's

and supported by our tax-payers. Delaware their fathers. tion. If there was no other reason, this would and as this is probably the last occasion of her be sufficient excuse for our protest against the appearance before an American audience, there whipping-post and pillory. But we have a better one, for we protest against it as eruel and and crowded audience at the Academy. The inhuman, and unworthy of a Christian age and details of the entertainment, sale of tickets,&c.,

The people of Pennsylvania are nearly all Picture Sale. in which this protection has been withdrawn, it has been under Democratic ascendancy in the White House and in Congress. They of Mr. D'Huyvetter, whose sales in this city know that the old rallying cry of the Democracy, "Polk, Dallas and the Tariff of '42" was | The collection includes good works by many a deception; for when Polk and Dallas were of the best French, Dusseldorf, Belgian, Dutch destructive tariff of 1846 was adopted, Dallas names will be found in our advertising colhimself giving the casting vote in its favor as unons to-day.

In the best clear and the best colline at wiley brothers, N. W. corner Eighth and Walnut streets.

The best clears and TOBACCO In the casting vote in its favor as unons to-day. himself giving the casting vote in its favor as unons to-day.

THE TRIBUNE SCANDAL. PER TURNIASI granding of the state of the st

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S

EDWARD P. KELLY. TAILOR.

S. E. cor. Chestnut and Seventh Sts. Choice Goods for Present Season. In daily receipt of New and Staple Spring

THE BUSINESS MAN Wants a Business Coat, and he buys it at ROCKHILL & WILSON'S. Wants a complete "Boy's Suit." Bring

him to ROCKHILL & WILSON'S THE CLERGYMAN Wants a respectable suit of clerical black It is ready for him at ROCKHILL & WILSON'S THE MAN OF LEISURE

Wants a splendid Dress Coat. To get it, th best in town, come to ROCKHILL & WILSON'S. OLD CUSTOMERS And new customers, aged men, and inveniles whose cheeks are just ripening into the manly whiskers of maturer life, want ALL MANNER OF GOOD CLOTHING.

from an immense variety of every descrip tion of fine fabrics, come to ROCKHILL & WILSON'S.

GREAT BROWN STONE HALL. verflowing with every description of Gentle-

To buy cheaply, satisfactorily, promptly, and

BOYS' CLOTHING. BOYS' CLOTHING.

We have a Custom Tailor Department S. E. cor. Ninth and Market Sts.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

DR. R. F. THOMAS, THE LATE OPE-COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORD / ginated the ancesthotic use of NITROUS OXIDE, OR LAUGHING GAS, erth without pain. Office, Eighth and Walnut street4.

DOSTS AND RAILS, POSTS AND RAILS, All styles. Four-hole, square and half round posts. Shingles-Long and short, heart and sap. 50,000 feet will be announced in our advertising columns direct common boards.

Shingles—Long and short, material made a spenishing and store-fitting material made as spenishing and store-fitting material mate Seventh and Carpenter street WARBURTON'S IMPROVED, VEN

SIMON GARTLAND, UNDERTAKER
35 South Thirteenth street, mh25-6inrp

OLD ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE, Corner of Third and Gaskill streets, Below Lombard, N. B.—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, GUNS,

REMARKABLY LOW PRICES. TREAT BARGAINS ID FINE ALBUMS. J. -Velvet, Turkey Morocco and Antique Blinding.
Blank, Books, Stationery, Holiday Books, Bibles,
Games, Jandies' Companions, Pen-knives, Pocket-books,
Scissors and Fancy Goods, selling low.
White, Buff and Canary Envelopes, 15 cents per hundred:
Fine Note Paper, \$1 per ream. Portfolios, 15
cents and upward. Fine Cuttery, Leather Goods, Chess,
Cyrds, Dominoes, and all parlor games, Fancy Goods,
&c., &c.

THOSE FIVE CENT YARA CIGARS!

Splendid, ain't they? Country merchants are invited to call and examine them at WILEY BROTHERS,
Eighth and Walnut streets.

ap23-p16

ALBUMS. 129 and 131 S. EIGHTH Street

SUPERB TEA

Flowery Orange Pekoe TEA.

Only a very small lot imported. FOR SALE BY MITCHELL & FLETCHER

1204 CHESTNUT STREET. SIMON COLTON & CLARKE. AGENTS FOR

PEAK, FREAN & CO.'S LONDON

Having been appointed Agents for the above house the largest and most prominent one in Europe—we desire to call the attention of the Trade, as well as consumers RICKEY. SHARP & CO.

d a large variety of the finest quality of Biscuit fo cs. serenade and evening parties. The Trade will be supplied at the prices charged by the bouse in London, and will find them the most desirable ods ever yet offered to the public

Agents for Peak, Frean & Co., OCKHEAD AND DRUMMOND ROAD, LONDON

TO THE LADIES!!

200 Pieces Reduced from \$2 to \$1 per yard. ALSO,

500 Yards 2% YARDS WIDE. Reduced from \$3 to \$2 per yard.

ALSO, IRISH LINEN SHEETS.

1008 CHESTNUT STREET.

NLIKEN LINEN STORE, &

828 Arch Street.

FOR TRAVELING SUITS.

PRICES RIGHT. ways find our Goods reliable, and ou prices the lowest.

Delaines. Tamises. Hernanies.

Challies.

PERKINS & CO No. 9 SOUTH NINTH STREET.

REFE & LANDER Fourth and Arch. wmmer Silks Closing Out. aghionable Stripe Silks.

Japanese Gray Silks. Summer Mourning Silks

Best Black Silks in the City.

EYRE & LANDELL.

DRY GOODS

Nos. 713 and 715 N. Tenth Street, Yould call particular attention to their stock of THIN DRESS FABRICS, SILK MUSLINS, SILK GRENADINES, SILK HERNANIES. GRENADINE HERNANIES,

IRON BAREGES, of this season's importation, containing all the late velties in Stripes and Figures, both on white and black grounds. MIXED POPLINS FOR SUITS, All the latest novelties, from 371/4 to \$1 50. LAIN FRENCH LAWNS, BEUE, BUFF, GREEN FRENCH LAWNS-a large assortment of new style 20 INCHES WIDE PLAID SILKS AT \$1 121/4. BLUE PLAIDS, GREEN PLAIDS, PURPLE PLAIDS. BLACK PLAIDS, BROWN PLAIDS, AT \$1 121/4. STRIPED SUMMER SILKS, \$1 25 TO \$3. PLAIN, STRIPED AND PLAID JAPANESE SILKS, BARGAINS IN BLACK SILKS.

MATERIALS FOR SUITS In Stripes and Gray Mixtures. THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

Black Silks of the best manufacture, with and without

ON THIS MARKET. 727 Chestnut Street.

SILKS: SILKS! In Stripes, Checks and Shots, IN GREAT VARIETY. RICKEY, SHARP & CO. 727 Chestnut Street.

8-4 BLACK HERNANI HEAVY MESH, AT \$150 PER YARD. RICKEY SHARP & CO. 727 Chestnut Street.

AND POPLINETTES, A FULL ASSORTMENT. RICKEY, SHARP & CO 727 Chestnut Street.

Japanese Silks

LACE POINTS. In New and Beautiful Designs. RICKEY, SHARP & CO. 727 Chestnut Street.

GRENADINES. LAWNS, ORGANDIES.

JOHN W. THOMAS. Has now in stock a large and handsome assortment of New Style Grenadines, in stripes and figured.

New Style Lawns and Organdies. 3-4, 4-4 and 8-4 Iron Mesh Hernani. Together with every variety of new and elegant DRESS GOODS. New and choice Goods are received daily from the New

York and Philadelphia Markets, mh27 3mrp REDUCTIONS! ALTERATIONS Being about to make some improvements to the front ilding occupied by,us, it becomes necessary forthwith

o close out a large portion of our stock, so that the o effect this we have LARGELY REDUCED, LARGELY REDUCED,

LARGELY REDUCED, or prices. And cordially extend an invitation to o iends and the public to share in the bargains.

COOPER & CONAR. S. E. cor. Ninth and Market Sts.

INDIA SHAWLS AND SCARFS. GEORGE FRYER. 916 CHESTNUT STREET, Invites attention to his elegant stock of india Shawls and Scarfs, Black and Fancy Silks, Japanese Silks, Ma-terials for Suits, Dress

and Fancy Goods, n great variety, purchased on most advantageous terms or cash, and will be sold as cheap as at any store in the N. B.—India Shawls altered, repaired and cleansed. AMDEN AND ATLANTIC R. R

Sunday Train for the Sea Shore. On and after SUNDAY next, May 23d, the Mail train for Atlantic City will Loave Vine Street Ferry at...... Leave Atlantic at..... D. H. MUNDY, Agent. H. P. & C. R. TAYLOR.

641 and 643 N. Ninth Street. WANTED TO PURCHASE.—A first-rate Saddle Horse (that has been used as such); must be of kind and gentle disposition, and free from all tricks. One that could also be used in single harness preferred. Any person wishing to dispose of such an animal can find a purchaser by addressing E. B. A. JAMES S. NEW BOLD & SON,
BILL BROKERS AND
GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.
126 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

DOST-OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO MEXICAN AFFAIRS Sinaloa Revolution Becoming Serious First Passenger Train from the Pacific-Horrible Accident at Cleveland, Ohio TWO CHILDREN BURIED ALIVE San Francisco, May 16.—Late Mexican ad vices say a vigorous campaign is being carried on by the citizens against the robbers and kid-nappers in the States of Jalisco and Michoacan. Numerous engagements have taken place, in which the robbers were worsted, and had many

killed. The revolution in Sinaloais assuming a serious aspect. Palacio had captured the town; of Elfuerte, and established his headquarters there. The government troops offered but elight resistance. Three hundred troops from ora joined Palacio at Elfuerte. The Anache ndians who were driven from Arizona are making terrible inroads in Sonora, devastating the whole frontier. Reports from Chihuahua and Neuva Leon are equally alarming in regard to Indian depredations. It is estimated that these frontier States have already lost one-third of their population by the incursions of the savages, and unless the matter is seriously at-tended to, will soon be depopulated. The English gunboat Sparrowhawk arrived at Victoria from Barclay Sound, with six In-

SECOND EDITION

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS.

From the Pacific Coast.

at Victoria from Barciay Sound, with six in-dian prisoners, supposed to be the murderers, of the crew of the wrecked bark John Bright... Investigation has established the fact that the unfortunate men were massacred by the sav-ages. One Indian has acknowledged that the captain and his wife were shot through the head as they landed on the beach. The ship's papers were recovered.

Petitions are in circulation along the line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, asking Congress to nullify the land subsidy and open land pre-emption. The corps of engineers of the Central Pacific Railroad Company have surveyed the line of road from Stockton through Tulare valley to Vizelo, and report a favorable

The First Through Passenger Train from the Facilic. ST. Louis, May 17.—The first through passenger train from Sacrimento, with about 500 passengers, arrived at Omaha yesterday. The travel west from Omaha is very large.

Extensive preparations are being made at Springfield, Illinois, to receive Vice President olfax, who will visit that city in a few days. Horrible Accident-Velocipedic. CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 17.—At 2 o'clock on

and search made throughout the city, but it was not suspected, until Sunday evening, that they had been overwhelmed by the slide. The bodies were recovered after being buried 28 The best time ever made on a velocipede was accomplished at the rink in this city, on Saturday afternoon, by Mr. Frederick Hawley, of Rochester, New York, making 50 miles, in 3 hours, 14 minutes and 39 seconds, actual

Whitsuntide Celebration at Lancaster, Appeal Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.

LANCASTEE, Penna., May 17th.—Whit

Monday is being observed here with universal
fervor by the German people. Thousands of
people have come to-day from a distance within 30 miles, and the main streets are almost
impassable. The lines of carriages extend for
many squares, and the railroad company has
been obliged to place extra cars on the various
trains. Appropriate services are being held in trains. Appropriate services are being held in the churches. All mechanical pursuits have been suspended, and the general observance

New York, May 17 .- A fire occurred this morning at No. 79 Cliff street, in the building occupied by Hecht & Frank, dealers in hides and leather, which destroyed property to the value of \$10,000. The amount of insurance has GLOUCESTER, Mass., May 17.—The new town hall in this place, which has just been completed at an expense of \$100,000, was to-tally destroyed by fire early yesterday morn-

destroyed by fire early yesterday morn-The building was insured for \$40,000. SYRACUSE, May 17 .- The New York Sports-Monday, the 31st inst. The shooting trials are to take place on the three following days: June 1st. 2d and 3d.

SAVANNAH, May 17.—Thomas Gibbs, of this city, has disappeared, leaving behind him liabilities to a considerable amount, but no clue to the direction in which he has gone. State of Thermometer This Day at the Bulletin Office. weather clear. Wind Southwest. A CLEAR SWINDLE.

Miss Susan Galton the Victim. The Chicago Journal of Saturday says: A few weeks ago, it will be remembered our citizens tendered a complimentary benefit concert to that charming vocalist, Miss Susan Galton. The Hall was furnished gratuitously, as also was the assistance. There was no expense except for printing, and that was not much to speak of. The attendance was very large, indicating an eight hundred dollar house, at least. Mrs. Galton writes that the oficiare has never received but forty-five dol-s from the proceeds of that concert. Someody has evidently committed the grave error supposing that the concert was given for e benefit of that somebody instead of Miss Galton: Our citizens who contributed so libe ally to make the concert a success will be in terested in learning who the self-appointed beneficiary really is. A showing of hands is called for and it is to be hoped that no dirty fingers will be visible during the performance FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales. 100 sh Reading R b30 47%

1000 Penn 6s 3d series 103

Philadelphia Money Market. Mowday, May 17, 1869,—The local money market is undently supplied with logueble funds, and lender acumulantly supplied with leanable funds, and lenders are considerably exercised in seeking employment forget their balances at rates far below those usually current. Large amounts are being daily offered at 3 and 4 per cent. on short call, very often, oven at these figures, failing to tempt brokers into negotiations. The condition of the money market may be summed up by saying that the supply of currency is very far in excess of the demand, a condition which will probably continue as long as the present trade depression. prosent trade depression.

Financial and business men are somewhat relieved by

Financial and business men are somewhat relieved by

VHIRD ENDIVION TO USE THE DIVION #115776 (2:15) O'Clibak minorincement cannot fall to advance prices both at home, not abroad,.

Government bonds have again advanced from 1/4% per ent. above opening quicintions. The speculative movement in Gold continues, and inrac sales were made before the opening of the Beard at 141/2. The premium at 11.45.

The Stock market was quite dull this morning, and crices had a downward tendency. State Joans and City versages.

BY TELEGRAPH. Steamer Sunk -- Bodies Recovered. Steamer Sunk.—Boules incover.

Little Rock, "Arkansas, May 17.—The
steamer Lent Loti, bound from Little Bock to
New Orleans, with government freight struck
a snag near McNeal's landing, on the 15th, and
sunk. The boat and cargo are a total loss.
The boat was valued at \$12,000, and belonged
to the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet o the Memphis and Arkansas River Company. No insurance.
The bodies of Messrs. Burt, Adams and and and so for Philadelphia and Krie Railroad.

Canal shares were dull, with the exception of Lohigh avigation, which sold at 33%—an advance of %.

In Coal stocks there were sales of Big Mountain at Miller, drowned from the sinking of pleasure boat, a week ago, have been Suspension of Produce Merchants.

Hestonville Rallway at 13% b. o.

Smith. Randolph & Co., hankers. Third and Chestau
streets, quote at 10 o'clock as, follows: Gold., 1414; U. E.
Fixes, 1891, 1224; 222; do. do. 5-20, 1802, 1212127; do. do.
1894, 116%, 1124; do. do., 1805, 117%, 117%; do. do., July
1866, 119%, 1194; do. do., July, 1867, 1194; a119%; do. do.
July, 1865, 1194; 1193; do. do., July, 1867, 1194; a1094; Cur
yency 6's, 1073/a1073. Philadelphia Produce Market Monday, May 17.—The Breadstuff market is withou improvement, and the transactions in all description are of an extremely limited character. There is no ship ping demand for Flour, and but little inquiry from the trade: Sales of 5500 bils, including Superine, at 555 50 per bbl; Extras at 85 7550 25; Iowa, Wisconsin an Minnesota Extra Family at 85 37537 124, the latte figure for fancy; Pennsylvania do. do., in lots, at 85 756 725; Old do. do. at 87 638 50, and fancy lots at S1031 50; 500 tbls. Delaware Mills sold on secret terms Rive Flour is stouch at 87 750. in the Wheat market is excessively dull, and prices continue to incline downward. Small sales of Red at \$1.50a. \$1.60 per bushel; Amber at \$1.70, and White at \$1.50a. \$2.1,000 bushels Western Rye sold at \$1.43a.\$1.45. Corn is very quiet at the decline noted at the close of the wock, but the offerings are very moderate. Sales of \$5,000 bus, yellow at \$7c., and \$2,000 bushels yellow Western at \$5c. There is less doing in Oats, but prices are unchanged. Sales of Western at \$25c. Whisky is dull, and freely offered at \$4.55c.; tax-paid. Several lots sold at \$1. May 17, 9 A. M. Wind.

the regular weekly purchases of United States bonds take place every Wednesday for the present, will be plied to the establishment of "a sinking fund, and t such purchases will not and cannot be reisseed. "I amouncement cannot fall to advance prices boll at be

rices had a downward tendency. State loans and City's remain unchanged. Sales of the latter at 101%. Levigh told loan was higher-selling at 90% a02%.
Reading Hallroad was quiet at 47 81a47%—a decline, annden and Amboy Railroad at 64%, and Pennsyltailroad at 67; Mine Hill Hailroad at 54%, and Pennsyltailroad at 65%. The bids were 43% for Little chuylkill Hailroad; 34 for Catawissa Railroad Proferred; 45% for do. do. Common; 25 for North Pennsylvania Railroad, and 30 for Philadelphia and Eric Railroad.

assenger Railway shares were steady; with sales of stonville Railway at 18% b.o. mith, Randolph & Co., bankers, Third and Chestnut

The New York Money Market. [From the New York Herald of to-day.]
May 16.—The weekly statement is favorable, except fifthe particulars of a loss in legal reserve as accounted for in the preceding paragraph. The loanable resources are such as to afford colarged accommodations to the business community and induce lower rates on call loans, the deposits having increase in loans of only one million. The increase in logal tenders is less than a million and a half million and the discrepancy as compared with the deposits is due to the large excess of national currency in the puckages shipped to this city. There is a falling off in specie of seven hundred thousand dollars, which is about the amount of the exports for the week. This is the only means of accounting for the loss, the Treasury discounting been \$2.018,076, and the sustems receipts, \$2.584.600. Governments during the earlier portion of the week [From the New York Herald of to-day.] CITY BULLETIN. PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET.-May 17. The Cattle Market was very dull this week, and prices were rather lower. About 1,900 \$2,684.600.
Governments during the earlier portion of the week Governments during the earlier portion of the week were trregular, owing to the contradictory reports of the lisposition of the bonds purchased for the sinking fund, out the final settlement of this point and the advertisement of the Assistant Treasurer on Saturiay led to a revival of the buoyant feeling, and prices advanced to the head arrived, and sold at 10 all for choice; 9a 91 for good to prime; 7a8 for fair, and 5a61

but the mai settlement of this point and the advertisement of the Assistant Treasurer on Saturday led to a revival of the buoyant feeling, and prices advanced to the highest ever reached. In this connection it may interesting to know that, the total receipts of the national Treasury, from excises, during the fiscal year ending with June 30, 1823, were \$131,180,564. The receipts from the some source, thus far in the current fiscal year, commencing with July 1, 1853, have been about \$129,000, e00, according to the latest Wagthington advices.

Foreign exchange has been growing steadily firmer under the apprehension that the payment of the heavy balance in trade against us must be made by shipping gold. Prime bankers at the close put up their rates to 169½ for sixty days, and 110%, for sight sterling, which rates are close upon the specie shipping point. It seems only a few weeks since exchange was down to specie importing figures. The fact is a curious flustration of our increantile wisdom. In the fall and winter, when gold is down, we sell our produce—corny cotton and the like—to Europe. In the spring and summer, when gold is up and exchange dear, we pay for the linens, silks, wines, brandies and other luxuries imported for our extravagant population.

The money market was quiet and steady throughout the week. The rate on call ranged from six per cent, on governments to keven per cent, on governments for keven per cent, on governments for keven per cent, on governments and stocks.

The folly-of-which Congress was guilty-in—the establishment of the national bank system is often illustrated in our ceneral finances, but the condition of our local a\$75 for springers, and \$50a\$90 per head for cow and calf, as to quality. SHEEP were dull and lower; 8,000 head ar-

hundred thousand dollars, but it is nevertheless a curious fact that there should be such a contrary course of "deposits ind'reserve." Inquiry at the banks solves the mystery. The shipments of currency to this centre during the past week were composed in great part of national bank notes, which are now a drug with the banks. Heretofore it has been usual to transmit greenbacks in making these transfers of funds from one point to another; but the diffusion of the real government money has been so extensive that the country banks have great trouble in keeping up anything like a reserve, not to speak of the difficulty of making shipments in it. The city is just now flooded with these national bank notes, representing institutions in every portion of the country. Our banks increase their liabilities through receiving them on deposit. But they cannot correspondingly increase their reserve to Run Oven.—Sallie Davis, aged 10 years, was run over by a carriage on Diamond street, this morning, and was seriously injured. ____ THE COURTS. The Registry Law.

COMMON PLEAS—Judges Allison, Ludlow, P. Brewster.—This morning the application by assessors for instructions and advice in regarderistry Law was heard. The principal point culty has reference to the 2th section of the

division. Mr. Phillips opened the argument, reading the section, and holding that if strictly construed by the the assessors it would diafranchise lodgers. The great mistake made by the Legislature and others is in supposing that taxation is for the purpose of voting. Taxation is part of the power of the government, and has no reference to the vote. All persons are liable to taxation. But under this new law a man owning a haif million of dollars in personalty, and logging at the Continental Hotel,

ars in personalty, and lodging at the Continental Hotel, an escape all taxation if he refuses to appear before the anvascers. The canvascers are not to Lake a list of boarders, and it may be presumed that this will include "lodgers," if the act intended to exclude lodgers," of which there are a large number in this city, he Legislature could have used words that would have conveyed that meaning. As it tands, some of the assessors propose to put on the list only the hotel-keepers, and not the lodgers. It may be hat these parties thus disfranchised can come forward wo or three weeks afterwards. Some may, and some any not, but if taxation has a purpose beyond voling,

assessors think truy are to so who keeps the lote!, Ar. Charles Gibbons, who stated that he resons who was a down to the law one who had any doubt in regard to this had inself the author of the Registry Law, and cased it was substantially as he had written;

of, he supposed nothing could be planter than the guage employed.

Judge Ludlow—"If I board at the Continental Hotel from year to year am I to be excluded from the list, alalthough I have paid my taxes."

Mr. Gibbons—Yes, sir, from the first list, for here is where all the mischlef in the past has originated. "You can afterwards have your name placed on the list when the assessors meet in their ward, remaining in session five days, for the purpose of making additional assessments. It is true that persons whose names are not on

on the occasion of the extra assessment. The second is the second opportunity for any qualified elector have his name upon the assessment. There is a this necting by the assessors in their divisions to review the list, and here again is an opportunity for the assessment of every qualified elector in the city of Philadelphi.

Mr. Hirst contended that under the Constitution and acts of Assembly there must be a list of all the taxables, and then under the Registry Law, an assessment for voting purposes. That was the only mode of reconciling this law to the Constitution and acts of Assembly. There were features in the law which he thought rendered it unconstitutional, but for the present, he was in Court

lips urged that if persons residing in a hote

feits of it are less deceptive with them. It is the money of the great United States Government which sent its myriads of soldiers marching across their country. Everybody in the South is not an aristocrat and a planter. There are people there of the humble classes, and they respect the power and dignity of the nation. On the other hand the national bank note is a dingy, obscure piece of bank paper, suffering from too much rather than from too little engraving. It purports to come from every little village and humlet in the North; East and West. It is not recognized as government paper and is tacitly tabooed. Hence it comes back to us when it can be used to represent dollars as well as greenbacks. Congress made a great mistake in establishing the two kinds of currency. The antagonism between them will only increase and lead to embarrassment unless the banks, or Congress for them, ordain some system of exchanges. The people now pay the national banks eighteen million dollars a year, in gold, for the privilege of receiving and doing business with their paper. Considering this generosity the banks ought to be more willing to accommodate the people and preserve the equilibrium of the money market. There are some who think that this privilege is very dearly bought at eighteen millions a very and that they might old in it for nothing, but to accommodate the people and preserve the equilibrium of the money market. There are some who think that this privilege is very dearly bought at eighteen millions a year, and that they might obtain it for nothing, but they do not know the extent of Uncle Sam's love for his nephews. Secretary Boutwell is at the pains of a great deal of labor and trouble to arrange for saving three million dollars annually in gold interest, while the law compels him to pay out six times as much upon the collateral bonds which he holds against the national bank-currency.

[Special Despatch to the Philadu. Evening Bulletin.]

NEW YORK, May 17th, 1234 P. M.—Cotton—The market this morning was quiet and henvy; sales of about 1,000 bales. We quote as follows:—Middling Uplands, 2334; Middling Orleans, 294,294.

Middling Orleans, 294,294.

Flour, &c.—Receipts, 8,500 barrels. The market for Western and State Flour is more active, and 5a10c. better. The sales are about 7,000 barrels, including Supersine State at \$5 60a6 05; Extra State at \$6 20a6 60; Low grades Western Extra \$6 100 barrels. California Flour is dull but steady. Sales of \$75 barrels. Grain.—Receipts—Wheat, 1,200 bushels. The market is firmer, with a fuir demand. The sales are 1,200 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee at \$145a\$146. Corn—Receipts, 41,700 bushels. The market is firmer, with a food demand. Sales of 40,000 bushels new Western at 80a8224c. affoot; id., 63c. bid affoot. Oats—Receipts, 13,500 bushels, idarket dull and heavy. Sales of 10,000 bushels at 79a80c. orrailrond lots. Rye dull; sales at \$1 33. Barley quiet and nominal.

Provisions—The receipts of Pork are 550 barrels. The market is quiet at \$31 bid, \$31 122 asked for new Vestern Mess. Larli—Receipts, —Ms. The market is quiet but firmer. We quoto fair to prime steam at 3a184c.

Whisky—Receipts 245 barrels. The market is dull. Sal8346.
Whisky—Receipts 245 barrels. The market is dull: Coffee inactive and nominal.
Sugar firm, with a fair demand; sales at 11½a11½; Remed; 18½a16½.
Tallow firm, with a good demand; sales of 10,0000 lbs. at [Correspondence of the Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, May 17.—Cotton quiet; 150 bales sold at Sax. Flour dull; and market favors huyers; sales of 5,000 barrels. Wheat dull; sales of 7,500 bashels; No. 2, 91 45. Corn dull; sales of 23,000 bushels at 81a83. Oats dull and lower; sales of 10,000 bushels at 79a80. Beef quiet. Pork quiet. Lard firm at 18a183. Whisky firm at 92a98.

RALTIMORE, May 17.—Cotton culet at 286 as Wid-

DIG IRON.--100 TONS NO.1 GLENGAR

mit, by PETER WHIGHT & SONS, 115 Walnut street

TREEN GINGER-LANDING AND FOR

S. P.E.R.M.A.C.E.T.I.—25 CASES PURE White New Bedford Spermaceti, in small cakes, for Druggiste', use, in store and for sale by COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., 22 North Front street.

MONTHEAL, May 17.—7. & D. McBurney, large produce merchants, of this city, have suspended. Reports place their liabilities at \$125,000. Suspension of Banking Firms. NEW YORK, May 17 .- The following bankg and exchange firms were reported on the

ohn Pandir, and Kurtz & Hertel. Weather,
Raining.
Overcast,
Clondy,
Clear,
Clear,
Clear,
Clear,
Clear,
Clear,
Clear,
Clear,
Cloudy,
Clear,
Cloudy,
Clear,
Cloudy,
Clear,
Cloudy,
Clear,
Cloudy,
Clear,

Department, to go to Europe on special service, is incorrect. The facts in the case are that Gibbs held such a position in Europe under Secretary McCulloch, but was ordered home by that officer to attend to the celebrated "wine case," with the understan secretary Boutwell has permitted him to do so, but whether he is to be retained in the serice has not been decided, nor has a new com mission been given him, as reported.

Several hundred children, belonging to the
Baptist and Methodist Sabbath-schools of this city, marched to the White House, this morning, preceded by a band of music, and were received by the President in the East room of the White House.

The House Judiciary Committee meet here I ontgomery, Ala., to take testimony in the he thinks it would be unsafe for him to return to Alabama, and requested the Committee to proceed with the investigation here, and it is thought that the Committee will decide to do so.

The officers of the French man-of-war now at Annapolis were received by the President this morning.

The result of the Dyer Court of Inquiry will

be made public this week, and if favorable to Dyer, he will at once be reinstated as Chief of the Ordnance Bureau. [Correspondence of the Associated Press.]
WASHINGTON, May 17.—A large crowd of visitors througed the ante-rooms of the Executive Mansion this morning. Among those who paid their respects to the President were Captain Chanler, and other officers of the French school-ship Jean Bart,

RAILROAD CAR SUPPLIES. . E. WALRAVEN State Department on Saturday, was signed by President Grant to-day. Wm. T. Wheeler, of Minnesota, has been appointed U. S. Marsha for Montana.

HARRISBURG, May 17.—The Pennsylvania Reserve Association meets on Tuesday, Junist, at West Chester, Pa., and notion June 20 s reported in some newspaper VEW YORK MONEY MARKET

3:00 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Reappearance of the Office-Seekers

HE CASE OF JUDGE BUSTEED

enlivened appearance to-day than at any time

for several weeks past. During two or three days a number of Senators and Representatives, accompanied by office-seekers, have reappeared, and were seen at the White House writing international states and the White

use waiting interviews with the President

House waiting interviews with the President this morning. President Grant received nearly all who called, but it was observed that he was very guarded in his replies to applications for office, and would make no promises whatever. He appears determined not to be misled in future into making improper appointments, and acting upon this course, holds out encouragement to no one. The President's movements this summer have not been definitely settled, excepting that he will be absent from the capital for nearly two

definitely settled, excepting that he will be absent from the capital for nearly two

there will prohably go to Boston to remain two or three days, and witness the Peace Jubilee. He has determined to spend some time in the West after his return from Boston, but where he does not exactly know, although he says if time will permit he may go to the Pacific coast. The statement that Montgomery Gibbs had

EXCITEMENT IN GOLD CASH GOLD IN GOOD DEMAND LIMITED TRANSACTION IN BONDS

Market Dull but Firm [Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin.] New York, May 17.—There was great excitement on Wall street this morning, occasioned by the buying in of shorts in the gold sioned by the buying in or shorts in the gold market of some prominent firms, who had made heavy contracts for future delivery of gold at the lower prices at the close on Saturday, when gold was at 139\a139\square\squar ranged from 141414114 on active transactions. Aside from these outside causes, the market is strong on the advance in foreign exchange trates admitting of the shipment of specie wit a profit; and furthermore, the scarcity of gold now held by the banks, as is indicated by las veek's statement Cash gold is in good demand. Seven to one he currency was advanced, carrying no inorime sixty-day sterling bills to 1091; sight

transactions, though the prices are generall firm at Saturday's closing quotations. The excitement in the gold market, especially, and the absence of any London advices momen-tarily checks speculation. State bonds are ull and lower, excepting Southern securities which are all strong.
Railroad shares opened at a decline on S urday's quotations, and so continued until o'clock, when they partially recovered. Th "bears" took advantage of the rise in gold t vigorously attack the stock market, with the success of forcing down prices about two pecent on the general list. Rock Island was the chief point of attack, and by heavy sales was pressed from 1274 down to 1254, recovering the stock of the 61. The rest of the market sympa The miscellaneous shares are firm. Express tocks are dull, though stronger than on Sat

IMPORTATIONS,
Reported for the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin,
SAGUA—Brig Clara Brown, Oggood—662 hhde 37 tes
ugar 30 hhds molasses 6 & W. Welsh,
ARDROSSAN—Bark Elgin, Healey—414 tons pig iron & W Welsh.

CARDENAS—Brig Paragon, Bogart—423 hhds sugar
4 hrs do 51 hhds molasses. I Hough & Morris.

SAGUA—Brig Chillianwallah, Email—430 hhds sugar
tes do 40 hhds molasses. S Morris Waln & Co.

ST JOHNS, PR.—Schr. Waif, Demsen—256 hhds sugar 8T. JOHNS, PR.—Schr Wall, Demsen—av has sugar 7 blis do John Mason & Co.
MATANZAS—Brig Galatca, McKenzie—525 bxs sugar 248 bhds do Dallett & Son.
CLENFUEGOS—Brig Samuel Muir, Morine—320 hhds sugar 39 tcs do 30 hhds molasses 62 bbls do 8 & W Welsh ARDROSSAN—Bark Frank Lovett, Cann—797 ton

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-MAY 17. Bo See Marine Bulletin on Inside Page Steamer J.W. Everman, Snyder, 70 hours from Charles ton, with mase and passengers to E A Souder & Co. Passed in the bay end river, bound up, bark Meaco, from Rio Janeiro; brigs Bessle, from Granton; Scandia; fro Liverpool, and Hermes, from Porto Cabello. Passes gers—Mrs B Cain, Mrs Ellen Ruth, Master Thos Rut Master Jas Buth, W.A Calhoun, Jno Price, W.H. Smith Master Jas Buth, W.A Calhoun, Jno Price, W.H. Smith Platt, John Career, Steamer R. Willing, Oundiff, 13 hours from Baltimore with mase to A. Groves, Jr. Bark Andes, Shipper, 9 days from Cardenas, with mo-lasses to E O Knight & Co.

Bark Geo H Jenkins (Br), Durkes, from Shfelds 221 March, with RB fron to Penna RB. Co-vessel to J. E. Barley & Co.
Brig J Deversaux, Clark, 6 days from Sague, with sugar to B & W. Welsh—vessel to Lathbury, Wickersham & Co.

BY TELEGRAPH.

stigns to 8 & W. Weish-vessel to Lathbury, Wickersham & Co.

Brig Thos Waiter, Robinson, 18 days from Novis, with sulphur ore to More Phillips.
Schr J. O. Hertz, Gray, 16 days from Sombrero, with guano to Morro Phillips.
Schr W. W. Phero, Allen, 6 days from Wilmington, NO. with lumber to Lathbury, Wickersham & Co.
Schr E S Conant, Gerrish, 15 days from Windsor, NS. with plaster to E A Souder & Co.
Schr Mary E Smith, Gay, 17 days from Navassa, with guano to J E Bazley & Co. Bark Constance called at Navassa April 23d from Altavela, at which place the consignees refused to recognize the charter parter; sailed again same evening for St. Jago. 4th inst. off Inagua, passed bark Tremont, of Boston, steering south; 5th, was in company with bark Golden West.
Schr Ann E Valentine, Bayles, 5 days from Jacksonville, Fla., with lumber to Benton & Bro-vessel to Lennox & Burgess.
Schr M C Barnita, Burgess.
Schr M C Barnita, Durborrow, 1 day from Camden, Del. with grain to L Bayley & Co. Reverdy Johnson to Eat More Beet Schr M C Burnite, Durborrow, I day from Camden, Del. with grain to J L Bewley & Co.
Schr J B Connor, Blocksom, I day from Magnolia, Del. with grain to J L Bewley & Co.
Schr H C Thomas, from Matanzas, arrived yesterday, is consigned to E C Knight & Co.
CLEARED THIS DAY.
Bark Maria Adelaide (N G), Shorka, Elsinore for orders, L Westergaard & Co.
Schr John-Stroup, Crawford, New Haven, Day, Huddell & Co. & Co. Sch Kate McLean, Conklin, Shelter Island, Lennox & Burgess Sch John Forsyth, Applegate, Washington, do Sch Julia E. Willets, Boyles, do Sch Breeze, Hawkins, New Haven, do

Sch Breeze, Hawkins, New Haven,

MEMORANDA:
Ship Formose (Fr), Babo, cleared at New Orleans 12th inst. for Havre, with 2119 bales cotton, &c.
Steamer Brunette, Howe, hence at N York yesterday. Steamer Bienville, Baker, at New Orleans 12th inst. from New York via Havana.

Brig Jas Crosby, Baldwin, hence for Portsmouth, at New London 14th inst.
Schr Shilon, Hubbard, was loading at Savannah 14th inst. for this port.
Schre E A Elliott, Nickerson, hence for Hyannis, and Success, Richards, from Haddam for this port, at New London 24th inst. New York Money Market. Success, Richards, from Haddam for this port, at New London 14th inst. Schr David G Floyd, Weeden, from Providence for this port, at Newport 15th inst.

NEW YORK, May 17—Arrived, steamer City of Brookyn, from Liverpool, FORTRESS MONROE, May 17—Arrived, ship Har-Carolino, from Demarara. Sailed, barks Wayfarer, for New York, and Alice Lea. for Demarara. FATHER POINT, May 17.—Arrived, steamer Mora-NEW YORK, May 17.—Arrived, steamer Fah-kee, CURTAIN MATERIALS.

LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS. LACE SHADES AND DROP RIDEAUX.

ST. LOUIS' VANDALIA PIANO AND TABLE COVERS. AND

Gilt and Walnut Carved Cornices

The St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute Railroad is Haute, forming part of the Great Through Line from St. Louis to Philadelphia and New York,

Terries, Plain, Striped and Figured,

OF NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS

TAPESTRY AND EMBROIDERED

Holland and Prepared Cambrid

Window Shades.

n a variety of tints, to which we invite sne-

Wholesale and Retail.

MASONIC HALL,

FOR

cial attention.

The whole amount of the mortgage is \$1,900,000, abo two-fifths of the cost of the road, and the bonds have addition the guarantee of payment of principal and interest of the Terre Haute and Indianapolis Railroad FINANCIAL. Company (a corporation having no debt, and with a large surplus fund), the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Cenral Railway Company, and the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway Company, the last two endorse ments being assumed by the Pennsylvania Bailroad Company by contracts which are matters of record There is also a Sinking Fund created by the mortgage of \$20,000 per annum, to pay the principal of the bond t maturity. No. 35 South THIRD STREET, These Bonds bear interest at Seven Per-PHILADELPHIA. GENERAL AGENTS,

Cent. per annum, payable January Land July 1, in New York, and are offered for accrued interest.

No. 34 South Third Street. W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN S. E. corner Dock & Walnut. PHILADELPHIA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO. Treasurer's Department.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.
Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphiets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had. E.W. CLARK & CO., Railroad Company. No. 35 South Third St All Stockholders as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled \$4,500,000 SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Thirty Years to Run, The Lake Superior and Mississipp River Railroad Company. They are a 1st Mortgage Sinking Fund Bond,

CASH CAPITAL, \$1,000,000, FULL PAID.

SECURED BY One Million Six Hundred and Thirty-two Thousand Acres of Choice Lands. And by the Railroad, its Holling Stock and the Fran A Double Security and First Class Investment in every respect, yielding in Currency nearly

Gold, Government Bonds and other Stocks received in payment at their highest market price. Pamphlets and full information given on application to JAY COOKE & CO., No. 114 South Third Street; E. W. CLARK & CO., No. 35 South Third Street. Fiscal Azents of the Lake Suverior and Mississippi Riv

4:00 O'Clock.

CABLE NEWS. he Critical State of Affairs in Paris

By the Atlantic Cable.

London, May 17.—The critical state of affairs in Paris is variously commented on by the press here. It seems to be the general im-pression that the French Government has fo-mented this discontent, and has adopted reressive measures to stay the disorders arising, thorities of this city have united in an invita-tion to Reverdy Johnson to attend a grand-banquet previous to his departure for Ame-rica. He sails for Baltimore in the steamship cica. He sails for Baltimore in the steamship. Ohio in a few days,

London, May 17.—The Paris correspondent of the London Telegraph says that the opinion is general in Paris that Reverdy Johnson was induced to make certain declarations to the British Government, and was then thrown overboard by the Grant administration.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 17.—There is much excitement in Wall street, in consequence of the failure of the Germanibanking firm of Schepler & Co. This firm is largely short of gold. The general estimate of their short contracts on gold is \$8,000,000. It is understood also that they were short of Government bonds, and had a considerable amount of bills of exchange out. The greatest excitement and confusion prevails, and this failure has caused an unsettled feeling in all departments. The gold market was the first to feel the effects of the failure had the opening there was a perfect rush to buy, which carried the premium to 142%, but it soon declined to 141%. It is rumored that the Bank of England directors; at an extraordinary meeting, had advanced the fixe of

IMPORTATIONS. NAVASSA—Schr Mary E Smith, Gay-355 tons guand I E Bazley & Co. WINDSOR, NS —Schr E A Constant Gaz-14 ley & Co. SOR, NS.—Schr E A Constant, Gerrish—190 tons WINDSOR, NS.—Schr E A Constant, Gerrish—190 tons plaster E A Souder & Co.

8 AGUA—Brig J H Dillingham, Mudgett—453 hhds 42tes do S & W Welsh.

SAGUA—Brig Josic Devereaux, Olark—461 hhds sugar
52 tes do S & W Welsh.

MATANZAS—Schr R O Thomas, Orocket—421 hhds
molasses 60 tes do E U Knight & Co.

MATANZAS—Schr Churlotte Fish, Strong—474 hhds
molasses 50 tes do E O Knight & Co.

ZAZA—Schr Vesta, Waite—310 hhds sugar 60 do molasses 2 tes honey S & W Welsh: ZAZA—Schr Vesta, Waite—Sio hids sugar 60 do molas-ses 2 tes honcy 8 & W Weish: CARDENAS—Bark Sarah B Hale, White—330 hhds molasses 36 tes do E C Knight & Co. CURACOA—Schr Mary E Staples Fensmore—2000 bbls (1 salt 46 tons fustic John Dallett & Co. MATANZAS—Schr Sophie Wilson, Nowell—431 hhds molasses 45 tes do John Mason & Co. OAIBARIEM—Brig Mand Potter, Shields—333 hhds o molasses 38 tes do E C Knight & Co. FINANCIAL.

TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD

Having been appointed the Sole Agents For the sale of the balance (\$750,000) of the above bonds we offer them as, in our judgment, A Most Reliable and Satisfactory Investment.

building to connect the cities of St. Louis and Terre Controlled and Operated by the Pennsyl vania Railroad Company.

No. 719 CHESTNUT STREET

the present at NINETY PER CENT. and PENNSYLVANIA SETA DREXEL & CO., OF THE SO

PHILADELPHIA, PENNA., April 2, 1860. the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania

ubscribe for 25 Per Cent. of their respective interest First-Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, be ween the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June Second-Fifty por cont. between the 15th day of Noven er, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stock olders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each in shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares. Third—That every Stockholder holding less than four

res shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; ar those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share. Fourth—All shares upon which instalments are yet to Free of United States Tax. be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled their allotment of the 25 Per Cent. at par, as though hey were paid in full THOMAS T. FIRTH, TREASURER.

Ten Per Cent. Per Annum.

DREXEL & CO., No. 34 South Third Street AMERICAN AND FOREIGN BANKERS,

esentation in any part of Europe. Travelers can ma Drexel, Winthrop & Co., NEW YORK. Drexel, Harjes & Co., PARIS,

League. This League has its headquarters in New York, the rich importers being the chief members. These are mostly representatives of British, French and German manufacturers, who contribute largely to the funds of the who contribute largely to the funds of the League, because by breaking down protection in this country, they will be enabled to flood this country with their goods made by the cheen. this country with their goods made by the cheap labor of Europe, and to destroy all American manufactures. The people of Pennsylvania must be on their guard, and not be decaived by the specious fallacies of the Free Traders.

Assignce's Sale of the entire stock of Elegant Fancy Goods, Show Cases, &c., to be sold without reserve, on Wednesday, the 18th inst. commencing at 10 o'clock, at Concert Hulf Auction Hours, by T. A. McC'lelland, Auctioneer, to which we call the especial attention of dealers and others. the specious fallacies of the Free Traders,

party, which comprises all the carnest and effi cient friends of protection in the State. We have refrained from any discussion

the charges laid by the New York Sun against he management of the New York Tribune. not because it is not a legitimate subject o public criticism, but because we have been content to await the development of the facts of the case, which alone would verify or disprove the Sun's accusations. These facts are now Coats Carefully Cut coming to light, and we propose to give them as they are developed, because the whole business of American journalism is deeply concerned in whatever affects the conduct of

great leading newspaper like the New York One portion of the Sun's accusation was

"This involves the interests of others whose cessary. We call, therefore, upon our partners in the Associated Press to institute forthwith This scrutiny has been made by a committee calendar were punishable with death, there was | Erastus Brooks, New York Express, H. J

regard as their oppressors, and a thirst for Philadelphia venture or ventures," yet remains We publish, to-day, an interesting order, just issued by Col. Geo. F. McFarland, Superin-"Decoration Day." The beautiful practice of roes of the late war, has been so cordially responded to, here and in other parts of the country, that it may be regarded as a permanent usage, to be observed for many years to come. There is a peculiar fitness in Col. Mc-Farland's suggestion that the soldiers' orphans of Pennsylvania should participate in these ceremonies. While comrades-in-arms and strangers deck these graves with spring flowers, surgly the sons and daughters of the dead soldiers of the Republic | whose should be taught to recognize the day, and to add the tribute of their affection to that which is paid to their fathers' memories. We under-

over four hundred of these children, and we inderstand that the Chester Springs School, numbering one hundred and fifty pupils, would also participate in any demonstration made in Philadelphia. We should like to see these hildren, who are being so nobly cared for by this Commonwealth, assembled on the twentyninth of the month, commemorating, by apgarments. Perhaps such is the result. But where do the Delaware-trained outlaws go? propriate exercises, the day when the country

evil habits, are arrested, placed in our prisons, inextinguishable gratitude which it owes to never lacks victims for her whipping-post and | .We are glad to announce that Mrs. Frances pillory, and, as the former ones do not return, Anne Kemble has consented to give one more she must breed villains very fast. She is, in public Reading in Philadelphia, before her COOPER & CONARI fact, in the position of a nursery for outlaws, return to England next month. Mrs. Kemble who are educated and confirmed in their mode has accepted an invitation from the Mercantile of life; and then turned loose to prey upon us. Library Company, and will read "As You Like It is an economical system for Delaware. She It," at the Academy of Music, on Wednesday is too poor or too niggardly to build a peniten- evening, the 26th inst. The proceeds are for tiary, and so she compels us to do double duty the benefit of the Building Fund of the Merin supporting those for whom she should have cantile Library. Mrs. Kemble has selected one supplied prison room and means of reformal of her most beautiful Readings for the occasion,

makes its fresh acknowledgment of the debt of

devoted to the doctrine of protection to American industry. They knew that in every case nounced to take place at Miner & Barker's littled and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented the approved fashions of the season. Chestnut next door to the Post-Office. Art Galleries, 845 Broadway, New York, on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week.

CLASS NEW WATSON CARRIAGES.
On Thursday Morning next, at 10 v'clock, at the Wars. This will be the third annual sale, in that city, of Mr. D'Huyvetter, whose gales is the city, of the city, of the city of the ci have always greatly interested connoisseurs.
The collection includes good works by many of the best French, Dusseldorf, Belgian, Dutch elected, the Tariff of '42 was repealed, and the and British artists of the day. A list of their myl7-3trp

Vice-President. The Free Traders are now WESTERN RAILROAD INVESTMENTS .renewing their war upon Protection with great | Messrs. Drexel & Co. advertise, in another | vigor, and they are boldly carrying the war into Pennsylvania, with a candor that is certainly more creditable than was the trickery of 1844.

A Free Trade meeting was held in this city through line from Philadelphia to St. Louis, South side, South side, South side, reported in the Democratic local organ. This report is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ and the papers of local organ. This report is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This report is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. This local organ is now going the rounds of the papers of local organ. State appeared, whose speech has been very fully Chicago and Indiana, and the Pittsburgh, same party in the interior of the State, and is quite evident that the printing is paid for by the funds of the Free Trade League. This League has its headquarters in

which, if they once prevail, will bring wide- Estate James A. Freeman's catalogue includes a numwhich, if they once prevail, will bring widespread distress throughout the State. The safe
course to must be repeated by the Republican

Estate James A Freeman's catalogue includes a number of valuable properties to be sold on Wednesday, at the Exchange, and also a number of properties in Regulation, the safe to this, to be sold on the premises on Thomas 4 the tour this, to be sold on the premises on Thomas 4 the tour this week, by order of the heirs of Thomas Thomas, down,

GROCERIES. CLOTHING.

人工等的 网络克朗斯克斯克斯 电影发现的复数形式

Combining Coolness and Comfort,

FANCY BISCUITS

Sixty Different Varieties in Small Tin Packages.

generally, to these fine goods, among which are the original Albert, Floral, Eugenia, Pearl, Mixed, Fruit,

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE

These Biscuits can be had of all First-class Grocers

A RARE OPPORTUNITY. Fine Needle Worked French Muslins,

Hand Spun French Linen Sheetings,

Sheppard, Van Harlingen & Arrison, Nos. 405 and 407 N. Second Street,

AND NEW STORE, 1128 CHESTNUT STREET Our New Importations. SUMMER LINENS

LINEN DRILLS AND DUCKS We intend that our Customers shall al-

MOURNING GOODS. Bombazines.

Parisiennes. M And Every other variety for

H. STEEL & SON,

To Messas. Charles Stokes & Co.: Sirs:-I have the honor to acknowledge the eceipt of your letter under date Philadelphia. April 30, 1869, and in the following words: "As I was about to ask the question, through the press, for you to explain, how it is that the Letter Carriers' uniforms cost them \$48, when our estimate for the same was only \$38 61, hoping you will make a satisfactory explanation of the same, and save a public inquiry through the press, I remain, &c." Messrs, Wanamaker & Brown furnish the uniforms for the carrier force at this office for \$26 50. The overcoats are furnished for

\$15 75. common trimmings, and \$18 for fine trimmings. The selection of overcoats, as to quality of trimmings, was left to the option of the carriers. Without a single exception they ordered the fine trimmings. The cost of uniform complete, therefore, as furnished by Messrs. Wangmaker & Brown, amounts to \$44 50, and not, as stated in your letter, \$48. My instructions from the Department directed me to act as follows: "The Postmaster-General expects you to take a personal interest in this matter, and to give the 'trade' an opportunity to furnish these uniforms at the least expense consistent with a faithful observance of the above order."

I complied with the aforesaid instructions. ind addressed a communication to the se veral arge clothing establishments in this city. After receiving the several replies from the firms addressed. I made a careful examination of the cloth and trimmings submitted. 1 awarded the contract to Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown, for the following reasons: First-I considered the cloth of a better quality than the cloth submitted with your

Second-The class of Trimmings throughout were better. The Italian Linings submitted by W. & B. I regarded as immeasurably superior to the Common Gray Flannel submitted in your proposal. The Gray Flannel was the only article of Linings inclosed in your bid. W. & B. submitted everything that goes to the making up of the uniform: Third-Your bid specifically stated "Terms Cosh upon Delicery." This I could not consider, for the reason that the men were compelled to pay for their uniform from their own compensation, and the cost of the uniform was

too great for the men to pay for upon de-

livery.

Messrs. W. & B. received one-third of their

bill-at the close of the month after the delivery

of the uniform; a second third at the close of

the following month, and the balance at the close of the month succeeding the second The uniforms made by Messrs. W. & B. were, in every respect, up to the standard of their samples. They have given me full satisfaction in their wear, and I have, as yet, to hear the first complaint from any one of the carrier force upon their cost or expense. I do not consider that my instructions from the Post-office Department required me to accept a bid from a clothing firm, simply because said bid on paper had the lowest sum in dollars and cents. I was "expected by the Postmaster-General to take a personal interest in the matter," and I did so, acting as if I was purchasing a uniform for my own use. I feel that in this whole matter I have performed faithfully my obligation to the Depart-

ment, and protected the carrier force so far a securing for them a serviceable, satisfactory miform at a reasonable price. Had you seen proper to call upon me in this matter, I would have with pleasure given you all the information which is contained in this communication. You have my full consent to use this letter in any way you r judgment may dictate. Very respectfully,

HENRY H. BINGHAM,

/ Postmaster.

CHARLES STOKES, Esq., 824 Chestnut street, PHILADELPHIA, May 14, 1869 .- Sir: Your favor of the 1st inst. is at hand. I do not find. in reading your answer to my note of April 30th, the satisfaction I had hoped for, as you utterly failed to convince me alance can be condensed in the rear-during the work. that the house to whom the contract was awarded, was entitled to the contract for making the Letter Carriers' uniforms for this city, and for the following reasons s First-Because the sample of gray cloth sent to you with my estimate came from the same house as that sent you by the house who were awarded the contract, there being but one agent in the country for the sale of this grav

cadet cloth, and which house supplied the con-

tractors. Thus the cloth is shown to be identically the same. Second-The sample of woolen lining was not a light flimsy flannel, but a good fine all-wool twilled flannel, and more suitable than the materialused by the contractors. An experience of thirty years in the manufacture of clothing (and in which business I believe I may be allowed to say I have acquired a reputation at least on a par with the first clothiers of the country, and especially with those who are not practical tailors) has convinced me that for coats to be worn in winter, especially for those exposed to the weather, as these uniforms must be, the woolen lining is warmer, stronger and more serviceable than the Italian lining. Third—Had you favored me with a personal interview, as was given the other party, the payment for the uniforms could have been at ince satisfactorily arranged. And had we supposed that time was wanted, we would cheer-

fully have granted even a longer time for payment than that given to the letter-carriers. It is generally understood that when estimates are invited, as in this case, that the contract will be awarded to the lowest bidder when reputation and responsibility are equal. In this case I find a contract given to another liouse for certain uniforms at forty-four dollars. and tifty cents (\$44 60), which uniforms did not compare favorably with those that I proposed to furnish for thirty-eight dollars and sixty cents (\$38 60). The difference in price is. too great for me to let puss without comment, as it places a reflection upon us and lays yourself open for censure, as being wanting in judgment, or showing partiality at the expense of those who can ill afford to pay for it. In conclusion, I am forced to this: That the letter-carriers have had to pay five dollars and ninety cents (\$5 90) for a light, flimsy Italian cloth lining (for this is the only difference in their coats), which, for warmth and service, was

not as good as the lining which we proposed to-

use. We will now leave this subject with the

public for them to decide if the letter-carriers have not paid \$5 90 too much. Yours respectfully, CHARLES STOKES.