THE DEMPSEY HOMICIDE.

OYEE AND TERMINER—Judges Ludlow and Brewster.—The case of Joseph Demprey, occupied the Court all of yesterday, the Commonwealth closing about six o'clock. The saddest feature in the trial was the placing of the daughter of the prisoner upon the stand as the only witness to the occurrence in which her father is implicated. She is about fourteen years of age, quiet in her demeanor, and she gave her testimony without hesitation, although in a low tone of voice. According to her story, her father was in The Defence. without hesitation, although in a low tone of voice. According to her story, her father was in bed, and listened for some time to the abuse of Dempsey, until at last he sprang from bed, and went to the door, where the conflict began. The parties then got inside of Donshue's room, where Dempsey got Donshue down on the floor and was an then got inside of Donande's room, where Dempsey got Donahue down on the floor and was on top of him. The other testimony had relation to the admissions by the prisoner that he committed the deed, gave up the kuife, and said he "went

the deed, gave up the kind, and that for his (Dunpery's) neek.

The defence opened this morning, A. Haller Gross, for the prisoner, setting forth the facts and theory of the defence. After a few preliminary remarks to the jury. Mr. Gross said:

Joseph M. Donshue, the prisoner at the bar, is 36 years of age, and at the time of this unfor-36 years of age, and at the time of this unfortunate occurrence he was a finishing moulder in the planing-mill of Essler & Bro., Fifteenth

street, above Chestnut.

Mr. Essler, his employer, regarded him as one of the best workmen in the mill, and says he would take him back at once into his service if

he could be acquitted.

Now let us look at the relations that subsisted between Donabue and Dempsey. It seems that Donabue, his wife and two children had been occupying two rooms in Dempsey's house, No.
12 Arrison avenue, since the 16th of April last.
The two families lived in the greatest harmony,

and the most friendly relations existed between them. Dempsey's business was that of clipping horses, but he has no regular employment, being often, for weeks at a time, without anything to do. The money he earned in this precarious way he invariably spent in drink. His wife in reality supported her husband and children by her hard work. Dempsey was a most exemplary husband in all respects save one—he was addicted to strong drink—that great burden of vice and iniquity which, more than anything else, causes crime to stalk abroad over our land, turning the honest man into a robber, the quiet and inoffensive citizen into a merciless, relentless inoffensive citizen into a merciless, relentless murderer, filling our prisons and jails with criminals whose legacy to their children is naught but misery and woe. It is the cause of more ills than any other vice or passion that can ensiave the human breast. While under the influence of liquor, Dempsey would heap the most vituperative epithets upon the heads of all who were near him, calling every one by the vilest names that his imagination. one by the vilest names that his imagination, heated by liquor, could conjure up.

Donahue, who had been repeatedly exposed to

this abusive language of Dempsey's, at last became so worried from it that he took the advice of his employer, Mr. Essler, borrowed eight dolars of him, went to the Sheriff's office and procured a writ for the purpose, as he called it, of "putting the law on Dempsey, and preventing him from further annoying himself and family." In fact, Donahue was afraid that Dempsey, who was a much more powerful man than himself,

had designs upon his life.

Donahue did nothing to foment any quarrel with Dempsey, carefully avoiding any harsh words with him, preferring to let the law take its course, and hoping that the serving of the writ upon Dempsey would effectually put a stop to the preserve and towards him and his e vile language used towards him and his

family.
On Thursday afternoon, January 14, Donahue sent for his sister, Mrs. McFadden, and related to her the way in which Dempsey had been treat-ing him, telling her he called him and his family the vilest and most abusive names. He also said that he thought his, [Donahue's] life was not safe

n Dempsey's house. He told her he had been so troubled from Demp sey's treatment of himself and family, that he had procured a writ at the Sheriff's office to be served on Dempsey to put him under bonds to keep the

After supper Donahue went up into his room, took down a book-rack he was working on, and began puttying it with a knife he had borrowed pegan puttying it with a knife he had borrowed for that purpose. Mr. Dempsey, who was greatly in liquor, came up two or three steps towards Donahue's room, and said: "Is that brute up there? You sued me with the law, and I'll sue you with my fist." Donahue, whose wife asked him to take no notice of this taunt, said: "I am sure I said daing anything. I am here doing my nim to take no notice of this taunt, said: "I am sure I ain't doing anything; I am here doing my work, and ain't harming any one "Donahue's little girl, Mary, said that she would like to oil the book-rack, so to gratify her wish, he gave her the rack, undressed himself and went to bed. About twenty minutes after this Dempsey came the stops to the thin partition, which sape.

up the steps to the thin partition which separates the passage-way from the room, and said:
"Pooh! this place stinks from that Joe in there!
The brute! he ain't got pluck enough to come out The brute! he ain t got pluck enough to come of a nil I fight him! — him, the — of a ___!" Instantly, on hearing this, Donahue, infuriated beyond measure at this unproveked, this unsolicited attack upon him, jumped from his bed and opened the door. Dempsey immediately rushed at him and struck him, and then it is the provention of the dock into his own required. was that Donahue, forced back into his own room against the wall by the superior strength of mpsey, knowing that Dempsey had a knife in his pocket, which might be used at any moment, sees lying near him the knife with which he had

been puttying, and, with the rapidity of light-ning, he uses it in self-defence.

It was, with Donahue, a struggle for life and death, for he knew not at what moment he might be killed by Dempsey.

When Donahue finds that Dempsey is dying,

he makes no effort to escape, but quietly sur-renders himself up to the law.

These are all the material facts of this case, and these we expect to prove to you to day. We will show you that on the Monday previous to Dempsey's death, Donahue took from the mill some boards for the purpose of making book-racks; that on the next day, Tuesday, he borrowed of a tellow-workman a knile for the purpose of using it in puttying the bookracks; that he had no knife of his own, but that he had always been in the habit of borrowing one when he had any work to do, even on one occasion asking Demp-sey for the loan of his. We will show you that on January 13th, Donahue being in dread of personal violence from Dempsey, went to the Sheriff's office, and got a writ for the purpose of putting him under bonds to keep the peace. We will also prove to you that Donahue was only acting in self-defence, and we trust that you wil see, as we do, that you can have no just grounds upon which to convict him of either of the grades

of murder, or even of manslaughter. And now I have done. I have performed, imperfectly it is true (but still as far as in me lay), my duty towards my client, the Court and you,

gentlemen of the jury.

If there is anything in the statement of the facts of this case that I have omitted, I have done facts of this case that I have omitted, I have done so through inadvertence, and my colleagues will supply my deficiency. From the facts, as I have stated them to you from the testimony you have already heard—from that which you will hear to-day—you must acquit Joseph M. Donahue. Though no one could be more desirous than myself that the law should be most strictly and imself that the law should be most strictly and i partially administered in times so fraught as the present is with scenes of bloodshed and violence I must state to you in all candor that the case you are now considering is one which is rather descrying of your sympathy than your condemnation. Donahue only took life to save his own. He was only obeying the dictates of that law of nature so indelibly impressed upon the mind of every man as to be an essential part of his being he was only acting in pursuance of that divine right given to man with birth, the right of selfdefence. Put yourselves in his place, and then

can you tell you would not have done likewise?
Remember, gentlemen of the jury, that in a criminal case, and under the direction of the Court, you are not only judges of the facts, but judges of the line. In that respect you possess all the terrible powers and attributes with which a heathen mythology invested those stern and impartial lawgivers, Rhadamanthus, Alacus and Minos; but with this great difference, that as Minos; but with this great difference, that as they sat in judgment on the souls of the dead meting out to every one the rowards or punishments he had not received on earth, so you sit here to-day to decide the deatiny of a living man.

As we are told "there's a special providence in the fall of a sparrow," how much more should we think such is the case when the fate of a human the fact of a human think such is the case when the fate of a human think such is the case when the fate of a human think such is the case when the fate of the test of the state of the we think such is the case when the fate of a hu-man being is at stake! I trust you will not be found wanting when you bring in your verdiet. All I ask of you is, "good men and true, stand together and hearken to the evidence."

The Park Selicitor. COMMON PLEAS—Judge Allison.—This morning the Judge decided the quo warranto caso brought to determine the right of Mussrs. Archer and Spering to act as Park Solicitor. The Court decided that Pierce Archer, Esq., has the right to the office, to which he was appointed by City Solicitor Barger, and that the term of Joshus Spering ended January 1, 1869.

The Fairmount Park Assessment. COMMON PLEAS—Judge Allison,—This morning the Court decided the application of the owners of property taken for the Park extension, to be allowed interest on the amount of the award from the time the Commissioners organd to take the the time the Commissioners agreed to take the land. The Court decided that interest may be claimed from the time the report of the Commissioners is confirmed by the Court.

THE ASSASSIN BOOTH.

Removal of Mis Remains—Some Historical Recollections.

The Washington Star of last evening says:
The fatal shot which killed President Lincoln was fired at Ford's Theatre on the night of the 14th of April, 1865, and Booth, with Herold, immediately escaped from the city. They were pursued and overtaken at Garrett's farm, near Port Royal on the Bannahannock April 25 and on pursued and overtaken at Garrett's tarm, near Port Royal, on the Rappahannock, April 25, and on the following, morning the troops having fired the barn in which they had sought refuge, Herold was captured and Booth mortally wounded, dywas captured and Booth mortally wounded, dying about three hours afterward. About two o'clock on the morning of the 27th, the tug-boat Ida reached the Navy Yard in this city, and Herold was placed in continement on the Monitor Montauk, where Booth's body was laid on a joiner's beach. During the morning large numbers of persons visited the Navy Yard, anxious to get a view of the body, but none were allowed to go on board the monitor except such as held orders from the Secretary of the Navy. Dr. J. F. May, of this city, was called on to identify the body, and did so by a scar on the neck where he had cut out a tumor. A coffin was made at the joiner's shop but was not called on to identify the body, and that so y a sear on the neck where he had cut out a tumor. A coffin was made at the joiner's shop but was not used, and in the afternoon, after an examination of the wound, and one or two pieces of the back bone where the fatal shot took effect were taken out, the body was wrapped in a gray blanket, in a boat in which was General L C. Baker and two of his detectives, and carried off. Subsequently, the report gained credence that the body had been consigned to the waters of the Potomac, when the truth was that it was landed at the Arsenal wharf, then placed in a box, and between ten and twelve o'clock on the same night buried in the wareroom of the old Penitentiary, in the presence of a representative of the War Department (who took charge of the keys of the room), and General Baker and a few officials of the post. Here it was allowed few officials of the post. Here it was allowed few officials of the post. Here it was about to remain until, the removal of the penitentiary building having been determined on, made it necessary to change its location, and Booth's remains, as also the bodies of Mrs. Surratt. Payne

maine, as also the bodies of Mrs. Surrat, Payne, Herold, Atzerodt and Wirz, were removed to No. 2 warehouse in the fall of 1867. Booth's body occupied the lower end of the row—a white painted board with the name "Booth" being nailed on the top of the box—where the body remained until yesterday.

The Baltimore correspondent of the New York

The Baltimore correspondent of the New York

Times has the following:
There was but little of the remains left, the
ficeh having all disappeared, leaving nought but
a mass of blackened bougs. Upon one foot was
an old army shoe, and upon the other a boot cut
open upon the top. This covered the left foot,
the leg having been broken in his leap from the
stage-box of the theatre after he had assassinated
President Lincoln. The remainder of his dreas
consisted of a rough brown coat, black pants and
vest, all of which were rotten and decayed. The vest, all of which were rotten and decayed. The hair all remained, and the silken curls of glossy black reminded one of the handsome face which people once so much admired, but the intelligent face was gene. During the afternoon hundreds of people visited the place, and some were

of people—visited the place, and some were allowed to view the remains.

After a short time it was found that the curious crowds had cut the blankets almost to pleces to get souvenirs. Many persons also visited Rallimore Cometery during the day hallowing the blactimere Cemetery during the day, believing the interment would be made there, but came away disappointed. Mrs Booth and her sons Edwin Booth and Junius Brutus Booth will arrive here to-morrow, when the body will be deposited in a few vault at the Government Cemetery, and in a few days will be secretly interred, in the presence of

uays will be secretly interred, in the presence of the family, at Baltimore Cemetry, beside the remains of Junius Brutus Booth, the senior.

There seems a disposition on the part of many people here to get up a demonstration, but the relatives of Booth bitterly oppose anything of the sort, and have arranged to inter the remains secretly, as above stated. The presence of Booth' temains has been the topic of conversation among all classes here, and has been the sensation of th day. A number of persons have contributed to defray the expenses of the re-interment of Payne, or whose remains there has as yet been no claim-

RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

Explosion of a Locomotive.

The Omaha Republican of the 13th says: We gained information, at a late hour last light, of a fearful and fatal accident, which occurred at the Union Pacific station, known as Rock Springs, some time during the hours of

From what little we could learn of the matter it would appear that the large eight-wheeled, 40 ton engine, No. 112, exploded its boiler on the day aforesaid, while standing on the switch at the station before named, resulting in what is re-ported to have been instant death to three men, with probable injuries to more. The names ree men killed, as given to us, were Conductor Mulligan, Eugineer Dunivan and James Wilson, fireman. The train was of freight cars,

and the engine is represented as having been blown into a thousand fragments. We regret our inability to give fuller particulars of this fearful aecident, but in giving what we have we shall hope not to have blundered into a mistake concerning the number killed, though we should be pleased to know that no such accident had occurred. It is perhaps well enough to state that this engine, No. 112, is the same one which was thrown from the track some weeks since, by which accident one man was killed and said engine seriously damaged.

OITY BULLETIN.

CORONER'S INQUEST .- This morning Coroner Daniels held an inquest on the body of Jeremiah Ingley, aged 65 years, which was found in the Delaware at Washington street wharf, on Monday afternoon. The evidence showed that Mr-Ingley left his home, No. 1323 South Seventh street, about 7 o'clock on the evening of the 7th of December, and had with him \$35 65. He went to a meeting of a building association on South street, subscribed for 10 shares of stock, and paid \$35 to the Secretary, getting a receipt and a pass book. He then left the room. Nothing was developed of his movements after that, until the body was found by some men engaged in repairing boats at Washington street wharf. On his person the balance of his money, 65 cents, was ound. No marks of violence were visible, and there was no reason why he should commit suicide. He was not very well acquainted with the caue. He was not very well acquainted with the lower section of the city, and the supposition is that he wandered to South street wharf, and then walked overboard. The verdict of the jury was: "Found drowned."

A DRUNKEN SPREE .- Bernard Brannon and David Criss got drunk yesterday. They went to a house on Richmond street, below Verango street, tore down the water-spout, and ther smashed the windows of a house on the opposite side of the street. They were arrested by Lieut. Murray and taken before Ald. Neill, who held them in \$600 bail on the charge of malicious mis-

JUVENILE THEEL - A boy named John Brown was arrested yesterday, at Fifteenth and Vine streets, for stealing clder out of a wagon. He'is said to belong to a gang of juveniles who commit depredations. He was held in \$400 ball by Ald. Pancoast.

SLIGHT FIRE.-This morning, about half-past twelve o'clock, a fire occurred at the house of Mrs. Lavery, No. 33 Reed street. The flames originated from a stove pipe which passed through the floor into the second story. The loss sustained was about \$50.

VIOLATING AN ORDINANCE .- Samuel Jones, from New Jersey, was arrested yesterday at Second and Brown streets for violating an ordinance which requires teams to be kept ten feet apart when passing through the streets. He was fined by Ald. Becker.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY .- The Soldiers of the War of 1812 will celebrate the anniversary of General Washington's Birthday on Monday morning next, 22d inst., at 10 o'clock, at the County Court House, Sixth, below Chestnut street. Let there be a full attendance. The surviving soldiers of the surrounding States and counties are invited to participate in the celebration. The ranks of these old yeterans are thinning very rapidly by death. ning very rapidly by death.

FATAL ACCIDENT .- John Howard, aged 75 years, a carpenter, fell from a grape arbor at No. 332 Wharton street, yesterday afternoon, while engaged in repairing it. He was badly injured and was conveyed to his home, No. 1619 South Second street, where he died this morning.

PRESS CLUB. - The regular meeting of the Press Club of Philadelphia will be held this afterncon. An essay will be read by Mr. F. Shepherd of the Public Ledger.

House Robbery .- Dwelling No. 1837 South Fifth street was entered at an early hour this morning. The thieves were frightened off, and only got an old coat for their trouble.

AN ITEM FOR LADIES ONLY .- In another column of to-day's paper we announce the removal of Mrs. M. A. Binder's Temple of Fashion to the northwest corner of Eleventh and Chestnut sts., an item which cannot fall to interest every lady who wishes to conform to the dictates of the fashionable world. This removal became an acfashionable world. This removal became an actual necessity from the fact that the late location was entirely inadequate either to contain the varied stock or to transact the immense amount of business, which has steadily increased with each succeeding year. Mrs. Birder's patterns are known and appreciated in almost every city. are known and appreciated in almost every city, town and hamlet throughout the Union, and to speak of them in commendation to the ladies of Philadelphia would be, to quote Shakespeare, "a wasteful and ridiculous excess." Therefore, let every lady visit the New Emporium, and bestown a substantial patronage on one whose enterprise and liberality entitle her to a distinguished pre-cedence among the votaries of the beau monde.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE MEETING .- As will be seen in our advertising pages, at the meeting of the Franklin Institute this evening, Shaw's Pile Driving Machine, operated by gunpowder, will be exhibited. This is, we believe, the first instance in which gunpowder has been made to do constructive work, its destructive powers alone having been hitherto employed. This machine seems to be remarkably efficient and well worthy of examination. Prof. Morton will, we believe, on the same occasion, project on the screen photographs of the late solar eclipse, and show other interesting novelties in science and

FIRST WARD GRANT CLUB .- A ball of the First Ward Grant Club will be given at Musical Fund Hall on Monday evening next. Hon. Charles O'Neill will be Master of Ceremonies, and Absalom Taylor and Robert S. Menamin Fioor Managers. A pleasant affair may be expected.

Modern Pictures .- B. Scott, Jr., will sell, without reserve, this evening, at 71/2 o'clock, at the Art Gallery, 1020 Chestnut street, a number of modern pictures, newly framed, comprising marines, landscapes, mountain views, &c. Call and examine them.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—We are indebted to Mr. J. Teal, Jr., Purser of the steamer Wyoming, for late files of the Savannah papers.

NEW JEBSEY MATTERS.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS .- The Camden munici-MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.—Inc Cameen municipal election is rapidly approaching, and its importance begins to excite considerable feeling among politicians of both parties. There are candidates for Mayor and Marshal, on the city ticket: three members of Council, a Constable, chosen freeholders, and all the various other officers for each word. The Republicans have called cers for each ward. The Republicans have called their City Convention for the 26th instant, and their City Convention for the 26th Instant, and the primary meetings in the wards will be held in a few days. A general impression prevails that the present Mayor and Marshal will be renominated, and if so, they will be elected. They have made good and efficient officers, and their reelection will give universal satisfaction to the people. Upon those candidates who receive the nomination however, whether they be the present nomination, however, whether they be the present incumbents or not, the Republican party

a unit. ATLANTIC RAILROAD .- The Atlantic Railroad Company are making extensive preparations for the coming season at the seashore. New cars are being built, old ones are being substantially epaired and made as good and comfortable as new, their track along its whole length is being strong thened, bridges rebuilt, new station houses strongthened, orages reduit, new station houses erected, and every other improvement designed for the comfort, convenience and accommodation of the public is being perfected with as much liberality as possible. It is anticipated that the approaching season will surpass any preceding one at Atlantic Clay. preceding one at Atlantic City.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The building season begins to assume considerable activity in Camden. Thirty permits for fine dwelling houses have already been issued by the City Clerk, some for residences quite palatial in their style of construction. It is believed that the present will be the most lively building season ever experienced the most lively building season ever experienced in Camden, and that over 500 buildings will be

TAX WARRANTS .- The unpaid tax warrants for 1868 have been placed in the hands of the several constables of the different Wards in Camden, for collection, with instructions to proceed at once and make the amounts unpaid by seizing and selling the effects and so forth of the delinquents. Those who have neglected to pay should do so at once, to avoid trouble,

WIFE BEATING .- This custom seems to be on the increase in Camden, as several cases have recently occurred. Mayor Cox had one before him yesterday who had indulged in that kind of re until "forbearance ceased to be a virtue," when the law interfered, and he was arrested.

CHURCH CONCERT .- Last evening, the choir of Rev. Mr. Talmage's church, and some other ex-cellent performers, gave a very entertaining con-cert in Camden, for the benefit of the North Camden Church. It is said the sum realized was quite handsome.

American Artists Abroad.

An English exchange says: "Mr. Henri Drayton, our well-known buffo singer, with Mrs. Drayton, his companion in the popular entertainment with which Mr. Drayton's name was once associated, has anticipated an experiment Herr Formes is said to be about to make, and has his appearance on the dramatic, as distinguished from the musical, stage. Mr. Drayton has obtained complete success in the Theatre Royal, Manchester, as Shylock, Ford, Othello, and Master Walter, and has since been received with equal favor in Nottingham and Edinburgh. We are glad to believe there is a probability of Mr. Drayton's appearance before long in Lon-

General Badeau Under a Cloud. The Washington correspondence of the Herald contains this doubtful story:

There is a report here to-night that the confidential relations heretofore existing between General Grant and his confidential secretary, General Badeau, have been broken off, and to-day Badeau was instructed to remove his desk from the room occupied by Grant to another apartment. The cause of the rupture is not known, but this is the first illustration of the from positions of power and trust even his hith-erto most cherished friends and advisers provided they failed to give due satisfaction.

Anniversary of Abraham Lincoln's Birthday Decorations of his Tomb.
[From the Springfield (Ill) Journal, Feb 13.] (From the Springfield (III) Journal, Feb 13.]

Yesterday being the anniversary of the late Preel'
dean Lincoln's birthday, quite a number of ladies and
gentlemen yisited Oak Ridge Cemetery for the purpose
of decorating the tomb of Mr. Lincoln. Among those
precent, we noticed several ladies, members of that
noble band of women who labored so faithfully during
the late war, in sustaining the "Soldiers' Home" in
this city, and in ministering to the sick and suffering
in the hospitals. If the world at large failed to remember the anniversary of the birth of the late lamemted President, these noble and patriotic ladies did
not. On their arrival at the tomb, they immediately
commenced decorating it with wreaths of evergreens.
Over the arch of the door and along
the front of the tomb were placed
a beautiful circular wreath of evergreens, while the
urns were twined with wreaths arlistically and appropriately arranged. A large and beautiful wreath encircled the entrance to the tomb. The door of the
tomb was decorated with a cross of evergreens, intertomb was decorated with a cross of evergreens,

spensed with rare and beautiful flowers. The scene procented a picture worthy the pencil of an artistascene which may be repeated, but by other actors, on each succeeding anniversary, so long as the patriotiem and virtues of the lamented dead shall be remembered by a loyal and grateful people. Just as the work had been completed, Rev. Mr. Carr, of th's city, and Rev. Mr. Bowles, of Boston, Mass., arrived at the tomb, and, as an appropriate closing of the labors of love and respect, Rev. Mr. Bowles offered an appropriate prayer, after which the assembly left the slient city of the dead. The occasion was one of solemn interest, and will long be remembered by those who were present.

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BROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORE, Feb. 17.—An inquest was held by Coroner Keenan yesterday on the body of Thomas Dunn, who died from the effects of a stab with an oysfer knife inflicted by Michael McGuire, on the 10th nit., in Tweifth street, near First avenue. The testim my showed substantially that the deceased forced a quarrel on McGuire, but the jury rendered a verdict on which be was held for examination.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of Mrs. Ellen O'Hara, of 36 South William street, who is shpposed to have died from the effects of malpractice. Dr. Jemes Walker, of No. 16 Greenwich street, who waited upon her, was arrested and detained to await the results of the inquest.

The recent strange cases of hydrophobia in this vicinity have been investigated by prominent physicians, and they have come to the conclusion that the bite of a dog enraged is as poisonous as that of one that is rabid, and dogs are just as likely to go mad in the winter months as during the heated term.

A case of trichnosis has been discovered in the Brooklyn Hospilal.

The anniversary of the capture of Fort Donelson was celebrated at the rooms of the Central Orant Club last evening. Speeches were made by Rafus H. Andrews, Eq., Gen. H. E. Tremain and Col. Temple Clark, and suitable resolutions were "dopted.

In the case of J. B. Hermaun, a claim agent, accused of embezzlement and forcery, which was to have been heard yesterday, Hormann, who is out on bail, failed to appear, but sent a letter to the Commissioner, alleging as an excuse that he stood in fear of his life.

The local taxes collected since October 7, amount to \$21,049,600 98.

The printers on strike made no progress yesterds.

\$21,049,600 98.

The printers on strike made no progress yesterday in compelling additional employers to accept their terms, and have been for some days at a stand-still. The clothing cutters are daily making progress, and will probably soon gain their ends.

Complimentary Letter from Count Bismarck to General Grant.

General Grant received the following letter from Count Bismarck, of Prussis, in reply to a letter written by the General, presenting to the great statesman of Europe the first volume of Badeau's "Life of General Grant":

of Europe the first volume of Badeau's "Life of General Grant":

Dear Sir—Baron Gereit has transmitted to me a copy, which you have been kind enough to inscribe to me, of the listory of your military career. I haston to return you my hearty thanks for a work which promises me the enjoyment of reviewing in a succinct shape that gigantic struggle, the varying phases of which I did follow at the time with intense interest. It will be a permanent source of gratification and pride to think that I am owing the volume now open before me to the kind and sympathetic feelings of the very man who took Vicksburg and Richmond. May peace re-tored by you afford equal scope to your powers with equal benefit to your country, and may the present interchange of friendly sentiments between its prove a good angury for the continuance of those relations so happily established between America and Germany. Believe me, dear sir, ever yours, very sincerely,

CITY NOTICES.

TERTH CLOUDED WITH IMPURITIES are only for those who will not take the trouble to keep them in perfect order by the daily use of Sozonovi. As certainly as a fresh breeze drives the morning mist from the face of nature, this hypenian preparation will remove every blemish from the dental surface, and keep the teeth always pure and spotless.

BURGLARS cannot enter your house if protected with the Berglar-Alarm Telegraph. Eight years experience without a failure. Send for pamphlet. 1111 Chestaut street. T. E. Cornish, Agent.

Quiet and soothe the pain of children teething.
Use Bower's Infant Cordial. Sold by all Druggists.

We now have a splendid and large stock of Ladies' and Misses' Hats, which cannot be excelled for durability and make.

OAKFORDS', Continental Hotel. CORNS, Bunions, Inverted Nails, skillfully treated by Dr. J. Davidson, No. 915 Chestnut street, Charges moderate.

REDUCTION IN PRICES,

To close off

Winter Stock,
Charles Stockes & Co.,
Clothlers,
No. 824 Chestinut street,

Hor Cross Buns, fresh every day through Monse, 902 and 904 Arch street.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH.
J. BRACCS, M. D., Professor of the Rye and Est J. leads, M. D.. Professor of the hye and bar treats all diseases appertaining to the above members with the numost success. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city can be seen at this office. No. 805 Arch street. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted. No charge made

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS and druggists' sun-Snowden & Beother, 23 South Eighth street.

GENTS' HATS—GENTS' HATS,
Of the latest and most fashionable style,
At the lowest price.
OAKFORDS', 834 and 836 Chestnut street.

MAKINE BULLETIN. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-FEBRUARY 17. Ber Bee Marine Bulletin en Inside Page.

Steamer Richard Willing, Cundiff, 12 hours frem Baltimore, with mose to A Groves, Jr.

Schr Elite, Weoford, 16 days from James River, Va. With lumber to Patterson & Lippincott.

Schr Mohawk, Bradley, 4 days from Norfolk, with lumber to Patterson & Lippincott.

Schr Barah Bruen, Fisher, 6 days from Wilmington, N. C., with lumber to S Bolton & Co., with Lumber to S Bolton & Co.

Steamer Yazoo, Teal, New Orleans via Havana, Philadelphia and Bouthern Mail Steamship Co.

Bark Fdwin, Sorensen, Gibraltar for orders, L Westergaard & Co.

gaard & Co. Schr Sarah Fisher, Moere, Cedar Point, captain. Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.

LEWES, DEL Feb. 15—6 PM.

Brig Ida L Ray, from St. Martuns, and Hunter, from Sombrero for Philadelphia, passed in to-day. The vessels before reported remain at the Breakwater, in company with sobr G M Wentworth, from Demerara, ordered to Philadelphia. The brig Grace M, from Bt Johnz, Pk. has also been ordered to Philadelphia.

JOSEPH LAFETRA.

MEMORANDA

Ship Wm Cummings, Miller, for Boeton, was towed to sea from New Orleans 8th inst.

Ship Tiber, Arey, from Calcutta, Sand Heads Oct. 20, at New York yesterday, with linreed, henry, dc. Ship Vernon (Br). Liston, from Calcutta 25th Oct. at New York yesterday, with linreed, henry, dc. Ship Vernon (Br). Liston, from Calcutta 25th Oct. at New York yesterday.

Ship Argonaut (Br), Baker, cleared at Baltimore yesterday for Hong Kong.

Steamer United Kingdom (Br), Campbell, from Glasgow Jan 29, and Moville 30th, at New York yesterday.

Steamer Brunette, Howe, hence at New York yesterday.

Steamer Brunette, Howe, hence at New York yesterday.

Steamer Glina (Br), Hockley, for Liverpool, cleared at New York yesterday.

Breamer Alice (Br), Ellis, cleared at New Orleans 12th inst. for Liverpool.

Steamer Minnesota (Br), Price, for Liverpool, cleared at New York yesterday.

Breamer Paatheon (Br), Corbishley, from Liverpool 13th ult at New Orleans 12th inst.

Bark Barbados (Br), Soley, 57 days from Buenos Ayres, at New York yesterday, with hides, dc.

at New York yesterday, Wilkie, cleared at New York yesterday ior Lagusyrs and Porto Cabello.

Brig Rush, Petty, 38 days from Bahla, with rosewood, dc. at New York yesterday New Haven, both for this port, at Rehr E. L. Smith, Smith, From Providence, and Sarah

yesterday.

Behre E L Smith, Smith, from Providence, and Sarah Mille, Wright, from New Haven, both for this port, at New York yesterday.

Schr W S Doughton, Tatum, at Providence 15th instant from Washington, NG.

Schr Monantico, Claypole, hence at Providence 15th instant from Washington, NG. Schr Clyde, Gage, and E & E Kelley, Kelley, cleared at Schr Clyde, Gage, and E & E Kelley, Kelley, cleared at Beeton 15th inst. for this port.

Schr Edwin. Tuttle, from Provincetown for this port, at Holmes' Hole 13th inst.

Schr Freeman, Brown, from Boston, at Holmes' Hole 13th inst. for this port.

At Zoza, about 30th ult. brigs Euphemia, Sea Breeze, and schr Minnie Repplier.—Reported by schr Addie F Avery, at this port.

AUCTION SALES. TAMES A. FREEMAN, AUCTIONEER, No. 422 Walnut street.

Sale No 258 South Ninth street.

Sale No 258 South Ninth street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BAR ROOM FIXTURES &c.

TO MORROW MORNING,

At 10 o'click, will be sold without reserve, the Household Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Bedstoads, Stovel, Oil Cloth, Refrigerator, Bar Room Fixtures, Counters, &c. REAL ESTATE SALE, FEB. 24, 1829.
This Sale, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Erchange, will include the following—
STOCKS dc.
Share Mercantile Library,
VALUABLE GROUND RENT OF \$840 per annum, out of lot of ground on Cherry street, E. of 11th, 63 by 93 feet. Sale absolute by order of the Orphans' Court—Estate of Herce Hetrs.

of lot of ground on Cherry street, E. of Ithe, 3. b. 3. b. 3. c. and absolute by order of the Orphans' Curri-Estate of Perce Heirs.

No. 1922 GIRARD AVENUE—Genteel throe-story No. 1923 GIRARD AVENUE—Genteel throe-story brick dwelling and lot, 16% by 70 feet. Clear of incumbrance. Helf the purchase money may remain. Brone Guarry—Shoemaker's lane and Germantown R. lot containing 12% acres. Executors' Absolute Salo-Ward St. Salo-Ward S

JONES' ONE-PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE, 604

MARKET STREET.

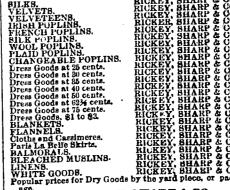
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First Class Ready-Made Clothing, suitable for all Seasons, constantly on hand. Also, a Handsome Line of Piece Goods for Custom Work.

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR PRICES FOR DRY GOODS

RICKEY, SHARP & CO. No. 727 Chestnut Street.



No. 727 CHESTNUT STREET.

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER'S SILK DEPARTMENT

Is now unusually attractive. The assortment is large and prices reasonable.

Rich Black Silks, Rich Fancy Silks, Rich Plain Silks. Rich Evening Silks. Pink Silks, White Silks,

Corn Colored Silks, Scarlet Silks, Blue Silks, Plain Dress Silks, All Shades Dress Silks, 82 00 82 75 Rich Corded Silks, 83 50 82 00 Very Wide Heavy Silks, Good Black Silks,

Heavy Black Gro Grains -Just received, per late steamer, full arsortment of Silk and Linen Poplins in Plaids, Plain and Broche Figures.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER Central Dry Goods House, EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS.



BELLON'S BLACK SILKS, CELEBRATED FOR THEIR DURABILITY AND BRILLIANT BLACK. EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND ARCH,

Always keep the very

REST BLACK SILKS.

BATIN FACED GRO GRAINS.

HEAVIEST CORDED SILKS.

WIDOWS SILKS, HALF LUSTRE.

BRILLIANT LUSTRE LUTESTRINGS.

BLACK SILKS WHOLESALE.

W S I



OPENED THIS WEEK NEW!

BLACK SILKS—Assortment now complete.
BLACK ALPACAS—From 37% to \$1 35.
BLACK POPLINS—From 37% to \$1 75.
BPING PRINTS—Light and medium.
FANCY SHIRTING PRINTS—16 to 50 cents.
WHITE GUODS—Best display we've ever made.
NAPKINS—Bargains, \$1 50, \$2 00, \$2 25, &c.
LINEN DIAPERS—\$1 75, regularly up.
FLANNELS—Attractive in kind and price.
BHIRT FRONTS—Best made, 32, 40, 50, 60 and 70 cents.
LINEN DRILLS—Especially for Boys.
LINEN DUCK—Large stock fresh styles.
BPRING CASSIMERES—For 78, 87, \$1 00, &c.
BLACK DOESKINS—Finest qua fties.
BLACK DOESKINS—Finest qua fties.
BUYS ULOTHING—For early spring.
WATER PROOF CLOAKS—Always all shapes.
SKIRTINGS—Black, White and Gray Stripe J.

SPRING LINEN GOODS

LINEN STORE, 828 Arch Street

BEST IRISH SHIRTING LINENS. LINENS FOR LADIES' USE. NEW LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

SAMPLE CARDS OF NEW STYLES

LINEN CAMBRIC DRESSES. An immense stock of LINEN GOODS of every

AT IMPORTERS' PRICES.

MACCARONI AND VERMICELLI.—125 BOXES
Italian Curled Maccareni and Vermicelli landing
from ship Memnon, direct from Genoa, and for sale by
JOS, B. BUSSIER & CO., 108 South Delaware avenue. CHALK. - FOR SALE, 180 TONS OF CHAPAGE affort. Apply to WORKMAN (& CO., 123 Wash)

description retailing

TO PHYBICIANS.

New York, August 15th, 1867.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, Long LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

Mode of Preparation.-Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs ex tracted by displacement by liquor obtained from Juniper Berries, containing very little sugar, a small proportion of spirit, and more palatable than any now in use. The active properties are by this mode extracted.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists generally, is of a dark

color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients The Buchs in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopæa, nor is it a Syrupand therefore [can be used in cases where fever or inflam mation exists. In this you have the knowledge of the ngredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial and that upon Inspection it will meet with your approbation

With a feeling of confidence,

I am, very respectfully, H. T. HELMBOLD.

· Chemist and Druggist of 16 Years' Experience in Philadelphia, and now located at his Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 624 Broadway, New

HELMBOLD'S PLUID EXTRAOT BUCHU, for weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found Indisposition to Exertion, Lors of Memor, Wakefulness, Horror of Lineage, or Forebodings of Evil, in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoy

The Constitution, once affected with Organic Weak ness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and in igorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU ir variably does. If no treatment is submitted o, Consumption or Insanity ensuce

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, in affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arizing from habits of discipation, imprudence ir, or the

decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRAOT BUCHT AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRAOT BUCHU in all diseases of there organs, whether existing in the male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "imme diate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate consti tutions, procure the semedy at once. The reader must be aware that, however slight may

be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers. All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diurotic.

Bold by Druggists everywhere. PRICE-\$1 25 per bottle or 6 bottles for \$6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y. None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse

Address, Medical Depot, 104 S. Tenth street, Philada.

H. T. HELMBOLD de2 w m

and signed

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