Daily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

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VOLUME XXII.-NO. 251.

THE EVENING BULLETIN:

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NORTH AMERICAN CONTINENT.

LEVITER ON THE ABOVE SUBJECT

COR AESPONDÉ VCE,

HON, GEORGE CONNELL. State Sensor-Dear Sir. The undersigned have heard that you have recently delivered at Erio and other Western cities a locure on "UNE GOVERNMENT FOR THE NORTH AMERICAN CONTINENT," and we desire to have the pleasure of listening to it in Philadelphia.

If you have no objections, please name the time it will suit your public duties to repeat this lecture to the citizens of this city.

C. H. Clark,
Daniel M. Fox,
Jey Cooke,
William B. Thema*,
Jey Cooke,
Richard Vany

Senate Chamber. Harrishueg, Peb. 2, 1869 - Gentlemen—Thanking you for the opportunity of calling the attention of my fellow-citizens of Philadelphia to a subject which I regard as the next great question of the day, I shall be bappy to comply with your request on FRIDAY ERENING Ne XT, Feb. 5, at Concert Hall Very respect fully yours, GEORGE CONNELL.

To Mezers, C. H. Clark, Jay Cooke, Mayor Fox, and others.

others.
Tickets to the Lecture can be had with out charge, at the hall.

BY USING THE MAGIC COMB YOU CAN
Color your Hair or Beard at a trifling expense. If
you doubt it, come and try it at the MAGIC COMB CO.'S
STORE, 523 Arch street, free of charge. Hours for coloring 10 to 13 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M.

ja28-6trp*

THE ANNUAL MEETING FOR ELECTION of Managers for the Francisville Infant School will be held at the School Room, Eighteenth street, above Girard avenue, second-story, on PRIDAY MORNING, February 5, at 13 o'clock.

PENNSYLVANIA HORTICULTURAL SOCIE
TY.— Essay on Plant Culture on TUE-DAY EVE
NING, February 2d. 1t*

PHILADELPHIA ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL

No. 15 South Ninth street.—Club fool, Hip and Springl Diseases, and Bodily Deformatics treated Apply faily at 12 o'clock.

HOWARB HOSPITAL, NGS. 1518 AND 152 Lombard street, Dispensary Department. Medical treatment and medicine furnished gratuitously to the poor.

Dr. Haseitine's Sale. The most intelligent connoisseurs of the city

were found last evening in the large gathering

that met at the sale of the Goupil collection. The Compte Calix, No. 64, brought \$675. Hamon's

Passion Flowers" was pocketed by Mr. Clag-

born, at \$170. Antigna's "Industry" brought \$310. The large Carl Hubner, No. 51, was sold

to Mr. C. H. Clarke for \$600. The same gentle-

man obtained Bridgman's "Children's Favorite"

for \$150. "The Lunch," by Paul Soyer, brought

280, a bargain. The French pictures undoubt-

dly went off cheaper than they could have been

The ninety-five pictures to be sold to-night

The number of Mr. Haseltine's gallery, where

with great tact and ability by our old and favor-

(From the Atlanta Intelligencer of Jan. 22.) On the 17th instant a desperado from Tennessee, calling himself Stillboy, but whose real name is Joel Ritchie, came to Jasper, Pickens

county, pursued by two or three men from Murray county, who represented to the Sheriff of Pickens that Ritchie had stolen

some horses in Murray and was making his escape, and desired the Sheriff of Pickens to accompany them in the pursuit. He prepared himself, and taking along with him Mr. Warren Brown as a deputy, proceeded in the direction Stilliboy, alias Ritchie, had gone, until they had gone about six miles from Jasper. On the road from Jasper to Dawsonville they came upon him at the house of a Mr. Padget and rushed in on him and

house of a Mr. Padget and rushed in on him and

arrested him, but not supposing he had an concealed weapons about his person, did not search him, when contrary to all expectations, he drew a pistol and deliberately shot the Sheriff through the body and killed him, he only surviving

ing a few hours. The deputy sheriff then attacked Ritchie and was himself dangerously, if not mortally wounded in the arm. Ritchie

mounted him and took the best horse they had, mounted him and went en in the direction of Elijay, in Gilmer county, making his way, it is supposed, to East Tennessee.

NEW JERSEY MATTERS.

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL. - Last evening the

Various petitions were presented and referred

Council of Camden held its regular stated meeting in the Council Chamber, President J. C. Kuight in the chair.

The Finance Committee presented their monthly report, which was accepted. By this report it appears that James C. Sloan, Constable of North

Ward, had collected on the tax warrant of 1867, for school purposes, \$206 40; city and ward purposes, \$499 21—total, \$705 61; balance uncollected on tax warrant of 1868 for school purposes of tax warrant of 1868 for school purposes.

poses. \$591 10; city and ward, \$3,006 82—total, \$3,598 92; balance uncollected, \$17,856 93.

collected on account of tax warrant for 1868, for school purposes, \$51; for city and ward, \$200 23;

Joun W. Campbell, for South Ward, had col-

lected on account of tax warrant of 1868, for

school purposes, \$130 28; city and ward, \$582 46; total, \$712 74. Balance uncollected, \$5.927 53. Joseph C. Nichols, Clerk of Councils, had col-

lected for tayern licenses, \$202.
The ordinance vacating Bridge avenue, from

Second street westward to the Delaware, was called up and passed without discussion. This

gives to the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company all that portion of the avenue on the north side, between the points named, now used by the

public as a footway, for the purpose of erecting such conveniences as may be necessary for the transaction of their business. It will also in-

the transaction of their business. It will also increase the safety of travel, and prevent people from crossing the tracks at the dangerous points near the ferry.

An ordinance was also passed providing for the paving of Second street, from Bridge avenue southward. This work will be done by the railroad company, in consideration of the vacating of the north side of Bridge Avenue, and will be a fine improvement.

Council then took up the new city charter, and proceeded to read and amend it until it reached

the seventeenth section, when by the retirement of members, it was found that there was not a

Sons or Malta:—This organization has ever been noted for its philanthropic deeds, and is in a prosperous condition. The Camdon Lodge, in full regalia, accompanied by a band of music, will visit the fair now being field at the new hall

of Wildey Lodge No. 91, Odd Fellows, at Fifth and Pine streets, South Camdon, on Thursday

quorum procent, and the body adjourned.

William H. Hawkins, for Middle Ward, had

to the appropriate committees.

total, \$251 22.

fine improvement.

evening next, the 4th inst.

German pictures of exceptional merit.

'e friends Thomas & Sons.

bought in Paris.

Jay Cocke,
William W. Harding,
Henry M. Phillips,
N. B Browne,
A. J. Drexel,
Morton McMichael,
Charles E. Warburton,
Caleb Cope,
Udan W. W. W.

William Weinh,
William B. Thomas,
Richard Vaux,
Ell K. Prico,
James J. Cisahorn,
Theo. Guyler,
John P. Wetherill,
John Pallon,
D. B. Gummins,
Lewis Waln Smith,
Alfred K. Portor,
Henry Bumm.
Viacent L. Bradford.

ONE GOVERNMENT FOR THE

will be delivered by the
HON. GEORGE CONNELLA
ANT CONCERT HALLA
On PRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 5, at 8 c'clo : k.

Attention is respectfully called to the following

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING, AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING. 607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,

EVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION,
PEOPRIETORS.
GIBSON PEACOCK, CASPER SOUDER, JE.,
F. L. FFITHERSTON, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON,
FRANCIS WELLS.
The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city at 18
sents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8 per annum.

AGENTS AND SOLICITORS FOR LIFE INSURANCE

and all persons contemplating Insurance, WILL DO WELL TO SEE MR. H. G. WILSON, AT THE OFFICE OF THE

Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co., 921 CHESTNUT STREET. 1-16 a tu th tf 1p6

WEDDING CARDS, INVITATIONS FOR PAR MASON & CO., substite 907 Chestnut street, WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE Newest and best manner, LOUIS DREKA, Sta-tioner and Engraver, 1(23 Chestnut street. feb 20, 4f

MARRIED. EGAN-MURPHY. On the let inst. by Rev. F. J. Barbelir, B. J.. James W. Egan, of deergetown, Colorado, to Mary E. U., daughter of the late Dennis Murphy. DIED.

BEOWN.—On the evening of the 1st inst., after a short finness, at his residence in this city, David Paul Brown, at his residence in this city, David Paul Brown, at his residence in this city, David Paul Brown, at his residence in the late Wm. G. Mullin.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the flueral, from her late residence No. 40 North Broad street on Wednessay, the 3d instant, at 10 o'clock at Mr. To proceed to Woodlands Gemetery.

Les Puer,—Un the lat last, at Saltzburg, Indiana county, Les Puer.

ea Pulcy.

Funeration Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the suddings of his brother, James C. Pulcy, at Downings will be in waiting on a arrival of the Fast Line west, leaving West Philadelina at 12 A. M. arrival of the rast Line week, maxing the sail to A. M.

15 MiDT.—On the 50th of January, after a short illa Abule R., wife of R. T. Schmidt.
he relatives and friends are respectfully invited to at
a the tuneral, from the residence of her husband, No.
forth Ninh street, on Wednesday morning, Feb. 8d,
10 c'clock. Interment at Odd Fellows Cemetery.

MITH—Or the 25th of January, Mr. Isaac Buith, no relatives and male friends of the family are invited attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 107 Pins (et. on this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Inter-nifat Woodlands Cemetery.

MAGNIFICENT BLACK DRESS SILKS.

SATIN FACED GROGRAINS.

HEAVIEST CORDED BILKS.

WIPOWS SILKS, NEW LAT.

BLACK SILKS WILOLESALE.

EYRE & LANDELL Fourth and Arch Streets.

American Academy of Music. JAMES E MURDOCH

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WILL READ, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF The Mercantile Library Company,

Monday Evening, Feb. 8, 1869. At 8 o'clock.

Sale of Seats will commence at TRUMPLER'S Music Store, 926 CHESTNUT Street, WEDNESDAY MORN, ING, Pobruary 3, at 9 o'clock. Paranet Reserved Seats.

FAME INSURANCE COMPANY.

406 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18, 1869. This Company, incorporated in 1856, and doing a Fire Insurance business exclusively, to enable it to accept a large amount of business constantly declined for want of adequate carital, will, in accordance with a supplement

to its charter, increase its CAPITAL STOCK FROM \$100,000, ITS PRESENT AMOUNT.

To \$200,000, IN SHARES OF FIFTY BOLLARS EACH. and for which Subscription Books are now open at this

By order of the Board of Directors. CHABLES BICHARDSON, PRESIDENT. WILLIAM H. BHAWN, VICE PRESIDENT.

WILLIAMS I. BLANCHARD, SECRETARY.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

Proposals will be received at IMAUCH CHUNK, Pa., until February the 17th, 1869, for the GRADUATION and MASONRY of the NESQUEHONING VALLEY RAIL ROAD, including the approaches of NESQUEHONING Specifications and information as to the work in detail

may be obtained on application at the Engineer's Office, Mauch Chunk. J. B. MOORHEAD, President.

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CONCERT HALL. MISS JONES'S WEDDING-No Cards. ON THURSDAY EVENING, February 4. The popular and humorous Lecturer, will give Three of his most attractive Lectures in this city at CONCERT

his most autractive account.

HAEL, as follows s:
ON THURSDAY EVENING, Peb. 4.
ON THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 11.
ON THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 11.
MRS. GRUNDY. ON THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 18, DIRD. GROUND THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 18, Feb.

Doors open at 7. Lecture at 8. fel tfrp

HEADQUARTERS SINTH ARMY CORPS LEGION, PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Sir: A special meeting of the Legion will be held at
the District Court Room. No. 2, S. E. corner Sixth and
Chestnut-streets. on-TUESDAY EVENING, February
and these

2d, 1859.

Punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as important changes to the Constitution will be submitted by the Committee on Permanent Organization, and arrangements made to attend, by committee or otherwise, the re-unien of the Army of the Petomac, to be held in New York City, on February 22d next. By order of J. W. LATTA, President 6th A. C. L. CHAS, A. GREENE, Separatories

CHAS. A. GREFNE, Secretaries.

D. W C, HANLINE, SECTIONAL TO THE STATE OF T

VESSEL OWNERS' AND CAPTAINS' ASSOciation, office No. 303 Wainut street, Philadelphia. A convention of the Vessel Owners and Captains of the several States under the auspices of the "Vessel Owners' and Captains' Association of the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware" will be held at the PHILA. DELPHIA CORN EXCHANGE RODMS on Feb. 3, 1869, at 13 20 o'clock. All persons interested in vessels are invited to be present.

vited to be present.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JNO. W. EVERMAN, President.
GMAS. H. STEELMAN, Secretary.
ju23.4t,rpi

PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1869.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

Investigation by the House of Reprosentatives into the Recent Discharges from the Philadelphia Custom House by Order of Secretary McCullech.The Correspondence Called For ...The Inauguration Ball Muddle-Will There be a Ball or Not?-The Question Doubtfut.

Correspondence of the Philada. Evening Bulletin. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- In the House of Represenjatives to day, Mr. Glenni W. Scoffeld, of Penn. sylvania, offered the subjoined preamble and joint resolution, relative to a recent transaction at the Philadelphia Custom House, which were adopted by a large majority, without a division. When the resolution was offered, objection was

the resolution was offered, objection was made by several members on the Democratic side, but upon Mr. Bamuel J. Randall, representative from the First District, stating that he did not object to the resolution, and that it would result in sustaining the position taken by Secretary McCulloch in the matter, the resolution was adopted. Mr. Leonard Myers, from the Third District, took issue with Mr. Randall upon his statement, and declared that the information senght would, when given, show that the Secretary had no law for what he had done. This was all the debate there was upon the subject.

what he had done. This was all the debate there was upon the subject:

Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of members of this House that, acting upon an order issued to him by the Secretary of the Treasury, the Collector of the Port of Philadelphia dismissed twelve men employed in the Customhouse of that city, and that the Secretary of the Treasury, acting upon the suggestion of certain official personages residing in Philadelphia, refused to confirm the dismissal of the men dismissed by the Collector of said port, and named twelve other men for dismissal, which action on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury is believed to be without precedent or warrant of law. And that it is in contemplation on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury to order payment to be made to the said men dismissed by the Collector of the Port of Philadelphia; therefore,

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury

Resolved. That the Secretary of the Treasury of the directed to furnish to the House of Representatives the correspondence upon this subject between the Treasury Department and the Collector and Surveyor of the Port of Philadelphia, and that he be requested to suspend payment to the fficers dismissed by the Collector until further settion of Congress. ction of Congress.

When the correspondence is submitted to the House it will be found that the transactions are not set forth correctly in the preamble. The first letter addressed by the Secretary to the Collector directed the latter to discharge certain inspectors, who were named; but the Collector declined to obey the order, and selected the same number of other inspectors, whom he discharged, and reported his action to the Secretary, who disapproved of his course. This, of course, left the parties whom the Collector had discharged still in their positions, and they have been continued on the rolls here as if the Collector had never discharged them. The report of the Secretary will show that his action in the matter is sustained by the opinions of the Hon. William M. Meredith, of Penrsylvania, by William Wirt, and orecedents established by five of the former Secobey the order, and selected the same number of precedents established by five of the former Secretaries of the Treasury, among them the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, now Chief Justice of the

rule much higher in quality than those now dispersed. They include the finest Hamon, "Twi-United States.

The following preamble and resolution also light," the Merle, Willems, Lejeune, the curious ffered by Mr. Scofield, were adopted, without

Desgosse, the Hamman, Lasalle, Seignac, Chaplin, Kuwasseg pere (Dover Cliffs), Escosura, Whereas, It has been stated in the public papers that the Secretary of the Treasury is about to order that twelve late employes of the General Fichel and Bodner, besides several American and overnment in the Cr phia who were dismissed the service by the Colphia who were dismissed the service by the Col-ector of the Port, in consequence of instructions from the Treasury Department to reduce the force be paid for the time which has elapsed since their dismissal, or a part of it, therefore, Resolved, By the Senate and House of Repre-sentatives, that the Secretary of the Treasury cause said payment to be withheld antil the matter can be examined by Conoress. the sales are held, is 1125; the bids are elicited WHAT IT COSIS TO BE A SHERIFF IN GEORGIA. Killing of the Sheriff of Pickens County-Deputy Sheriff Mortally Wounded-Escape of a Desperado. matter can be examined by Congress.

THE INAUGURATION BALL, MUDDLE. The inauguration ball matter has become Alabama claims question. The action of the senate on Saturday in refusing to allow the hali of the Rotunda to be used even for an inauguration reception it was supposed would have resulted in putting an end to all ideas of a ball among the Republicans. It did not, however, for the National Inauguration Ball Committee afterwards met and appointed a sub-committee to wait upon Secretary McCulloch and requested him to grant them the new of the Cachievise. im to grant them the use of the Cashier's room in the Treasury Building, in which to hold the ball. This room, it was positively asserted last ball. This room, it was positively asserted last week, had been granted by Mr. McCullech, to the "Citizens' Inauguration Ball Committee," to bold their inauguration ball in, which arrangement, it was understood, was a Conservative

Danœuvre.
The Sub-Committee from the National Committee, consisting of Sergeants at Arms Brown, of the Senate, and Ordway, of the House, and Mr. the Senate, and Ordway, of the House, and Mr. 'iark, the Supervising Architect of the Capitol, waited upon Mr. McCulloch this morning, at the Treasury Department, and made the request, but the Secretary did not give them a decided answer. He rather favored a compromise between the two parties favorable to getting up a ball, but this suggestion will not probably be adopted, insuch as it would be like mixing oil and water ogether, for each side is apparently determined o maintain its distinctive characteristics. In the meantime, many of the Republicans think it discourteous to Gen. Grant to get up a ball when courteous to Gen. Grant to get up a ball when the has so emphatically expressed timeds as not desiring any such demonstration. Others, however, as-ert that Mrs. Grant is favorable to a ball, and

bey think she may persuade the President elect to change his mind and be present, and they are determined to get up one, if possible. Then, again, there are other Republicans who declare that if Secretary McCulloch has given permission to the Conservatives to use the Treasury building for this purpose, they will press the passag of a joint resolution through both Houses, pro of a joint resolution through both mouses, pro-hibiting the use of any of the public buildings for any such purpose, and feel confident that they can carry such a measure through. They are opposed to any ball being given. This is the condition of the case at this writing, and it is im-

possible to predict what he take place within a day or two.

Suggethanna. possible to predict what new developments may

The Delaware Whipping Post. The Wilmington Commercial of yesterday says The debate on the Whipping Post, at the American Mechanics' Lycenm, on Saturday night, was quite lengthy and carnest, but ended without any decision of the question. Several outsiders took part in the discussion, among them Mr. H. H. J. Naff and a member of our city Board of Public Education, who work had been decided as a city of the control of the city of the control of the con

Public Education, who warmly defended the pillory and the lash. In the course of the debate, Mr. Joseph L. Kilgore, one of the disputants in the affirmative, stated that he had examined the cases in which felony was charged on the Mayor's docket from January 2, 1868, to Jan. 30, 1869, with the fol-

owing result:-Cases in which whipping is not the penalty: Assault and battery with intent to kill..... Purchasing stolen goods.
Passing counterfeit money.

Attempt to break into houses..... Cases in which whipping is the ponalty: Highway robbery..... Burglary

This statement seemed to tell strongly with the

DISASTERS.

ANOTHER NITHO-GLYCERINE EX-PLOSION. Three Mon Billed and Sevon Others injured. The accident the Besuit of Carelessness.

affrom the Troy Times, of Feb. L. On Saturday morning at ten o'clock a loud explosion suddenly alarmed the inhabitants of the quiet village of South Pelersburg, in this county,

plotion suddenly alarmed the inhabitants of the quiet village of South Petersburg, in this county, and for a few moments the utmost consternation was depicted on every countenance. This soon gave place to the intensest feeling of horror, as the news spread from mouth to mouth that the shock which had been experienced throughout the willage proceeded from a rock cutting along the track of Parks' Lebanon Springs Railroad, and resulted from the premature explosion of a can of nitro-glycerine, and that numbers of the workmen engaged upon the road had been killed and injured. The reality was bad enough, for three men had in an instant been hurled litto eternity, while seven others were little better than mangied, quivering masses of humanity; but as it was known that 30 men were at work in the cutting, and as the terrible effect of glycerine was comprehended in a moment, the fears of the populace magnified the horrors of the accident tenfold, and rumors of even greater destruction of life prevalled until the sad reality was known. A shocking sight burst upon the view of those who, hastening to the relief of the unfortunate workmen, were the first to arrive upon the scene. Those who had escaped fled in terror from the place—their cries of horror and alarm mingling with the ahrieks of the wounded as they lay helpleas in an agony utterly beyond the power of pen to describe or the mind to realize. Three men—Ephraim R. Webster, the foreman of the works; John Connors and William Clayton—were blown into masses of almost unrecognizable humanity, while eeven others, some of them with arms and legs wrenched from their bodies, hay in all directions—perhaps the most pittable victims of the borrible wrenched from their bodies, lay in all directions— perhaps the most pitiable victims of the horrible calamity. The names of the wounded are John O'Neal, injured beyond all possibility of recovery; Bryan Higgins, Michael Maloney, Patrick Riley, James Conners, Henry Breen and John Rush—two of the last named being severely burt.

hurt. The place at which the accident occurred lies upon the outskirts of the village. A rocky ledge, some two or three hundred feet long, was in prosome two or three hundred feet long, was in process of excavation to reduce the grade of the road bed at that point. Mr. Webster was in charge of the work, and for the purpose of facilitating the blasting used nitro-glycerine, an explosive agent some twenty times more powerful than gunpowder. He was in the habit of placing the cartridges containing the glycerine in the blasting holes drilled in the rock, and on this occasion seems to have acted with a carelessness which cost him his life. The cartridge consisted of a tin tube about an inch and a half in diame ter and about three or four inches long. In this of a till tuce about an inch and a half in diame ter and about three or four inches long. In this tube the glycerine was inserted, and in an inner-tube a small quantity of powder, to which the fuse was attached, served as the means of exploding the fluid when placed in position in the rock.
On Saturday evening preparations had been made to discharge a blast. Mr. Webster had prepared a cartridge, but upon examination found that it was defective in some way. He picked up a small was directive in some way. He picked up a small hammer that lay upon the ground near him and began to tap the cartridge gently upon one of the ends. In an instant it exploded. One of the men who were killed was standing in the immediate presence of Mr. Webster, nolding in his hand a can of the glycerine. The can was exploded by the force of the explosion of the cartridge, and thus the calamity became general. Mr. Webster was blown into a hundred pieces almost **Vebster was blown into a hundred pieces almo** his head and trunk being much mangled, while his limbs were literally torn into shreds. Both Connors and Clayton were also mangled in a horrible manner, and it was with much difficulty that the several parts could be collected and identified. O'Neil, who was still alive this morning, was injured internally and cannot re-

cover. The citizens of the village and vicinity, many coming a great distance, did all within their power to relieve the sufferings of the wounded. Dr. Moses and other physicians of the town were promptly at the score of the accident, and rendered all necessary medical and surgical attend-ance. Messrs. Andrew L. Stillwell and Charles derea an accessary measure and Charles and Charles Crandall came into the city and notified Coroner Brennan of the accident, and that officer went out and held inquests upon the bodies of the victims yesterday. At first the town authorities were averse to any investigation by the Coroner, and when he arrived in Petersburg the Coroner, and when he arrived in reterbuild had already gathered together the fragments of the body of Mr. Webster and caused them to be interred. Coroner Brennan, however, showed them the necessity for an inquest, and soon them the necessity for an inquest, and soon gained them over to his views. B. B. Hewitt was foreman of the jury, who, after hearing the testi-mony in the case, rendered the following verdict: That John Connors, Ephraim R. Webster and William Clayton came to their death on the 30th day of January, 1869 from the explosion of nitro-glycerine used for blasting purposes, on the Lebanon Springs Railroad, near that portion of the village of South Petersburg known as Rock

Cut; and that said explosion, in the opinion of the jury, might not have happened but for the carelessness of one of the deceased, Ephraim R. Mr. Webster is the only one of the killed or injured whose residence is known or who leaves a family. He resided in Syracuse, where his wife and family also live. The others were workmen who had come there from various sections, and

some of them had been but a short time in the country. Connors and Clayton were buried yesterday in the Catholic burying-ground at Hoosic Falls, a large concourse of citizens being present on the sad occasion. on the sad occasion.

HAYTI.

Trouble Between the Government and the french... The French Admiral Befusing to Recognize the Blockade. By the arrival at New York, yesterday, of the orig Oliver Cutts, direct from Port-au-Prince, in 14 days, we have Haytian advices to the 17th 14 days, we have Haytian advices January. The news is important.

There was a prospect of serious trouble be-tween the French and the Haytian Governments. The demand of the French Admiral that Victorine Chevaller, the Governor of the town of Gonaives, should make an ample apology for insults to French subjects at that place, had not been satisfactorily responded to. Matters had become further complicated through the attitude become further complicated through the attitude assumed by the Admiral relative to the blockade of the robel Haytian forts. It appears that recently that functionary paid a visit in his flagship to St. Marc, which is held by the insurgents under Nissage Saget, and is the seat of the Robel Government. While his ship was lying there two French merchant vessels at mudel to enter the port, but were prevented tempted to enter the port, but were prevented doing so by the presence off the port of the Haytian war steamer Salnave. Upon being informed of this the Admiral immediately got up stream, left Sr. Marc late in the evening, and the next morning returned to St. Marc having the two vessels in tow. He had positively refused to re-orgalize the blockade, contending that it was not effective, and, therefore according to the terms of the treaty of Paris, not binding. It was be-lieved at Port-au-Prince that the French were acting in concert with the insurgents. While he acting in concert with the insurgents. While he was at St. Marc a Te Deum was celebrated on board his ship, at which Soget and all his Ministers were present, as well as the officers of the British man-of-war Niobe, then in that port. In fact, it was reported at Port-au-Prince that the Admiral had recognized the rebels as belligeronis, and that it was his intention to belle was and that it was his intention to insist u gress and egress at all the ports held by the inaurgents. It was further reported that the rebel authorities had pledged to the Admiral a portion of all their coffee shipped in French vessels toward the liquidation of the debt owing to France

by Hayti. Meantime Sainave had published in the Monitour the despatch of Scoretary Seward refusing the protection of the American Government to any American vessel which should attempt to enier Haytian ports in violation of the blockade. The Moniteur enlogizes Mr. Seward's despatch as conformable with right and justice, and maintains that the Haytian naval forces, conveniently districted elong the wholes distrituted along the whole extent of the coast, and constantly in movement, are keeping up an flective blockade. The French Admiral accompanied by the Niobe, had returned to Portau-Prince from St. Marc, and the officers of both vessels had expressed themselves as delighted with the reception they met with at the latter Secretary Seward bad written to the United

States Minister at Port-au-Prince, asking explanations of the uncontradicted statement that on wo occasions Haytian war-vessels had gone into action flying the American flag—the first being that of the attack upon the rebel war yessels at Petit Goanc, which was destroyed by the Petion, and the second, the bombardment of the town of Jeremie, by the Sainave, the American Minister being, in the latter case, on board at the time.

President Sainave was still in the South directing till the president Minister being till the south directing till the south directing till the south directing till the south directing till the south directions. ing military operations. The American Minister at Port-au-Prince had received despatches from

the President, but nothing was known at Port-su-Prince further that the Government forces were operating successfully against the rebels. From Jacmel, Cape Hayti and Gonaives dates to the short January had been received, but matters remained unchanged at those places.

The affair of the American schooner De Hart was amicably settled through the intervention of

the captain of the United States war steamer Nipsic, which subsequently left for Aspinwall. The De Hart was at Pert-au-Prince for charter.
A decree had been issued by the Government,
requiring all foreigners in Hayti to register their names and their occupations at offices designated by the Government for that purpose. The measare, says the decree, is simply precautionary, and not intended to operate in any way against for-eigners in Hayti engaged in legitimate pursuits.

AMUSEMENTS.

-If the success of the Galtons upon the first —If the success of the Galtons upon the first evening of their engagement at the Chestnut is an angury of the future, they will have cause to congratulate themselves that they ventured upon the enterprise. The house was crowded, and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested by everybody. The operetta "66" was the attraction upon the bills, and it was even more of an attraction than of old, for it was given entire, and the pleasant little airs contained in it were sung very charmingly. Miss Susan Galton of course carpleasant little airs contained in it were sung very charmingly. Miss Susan Galton of course carried off most of the honors. She played with her accustomed animation and verve, and her singing was characterized by as much grace and sweetness as usual. This young lady fairly deserves the remarkable popularity that she has won. Her voice is a clear, flexible soprane, of tolerable compass, and her method is excellent. Evidently she has had is excellent. Evidently she has had careful training and a good musical education—much better than any other member of her company. As an actress she is even better than as a singer. She is pretty, and there is a certain vivacity and a graceful abandon about her movements that does not fail to please. She is head and shoulders, and several ribs besides, above any of the comic opera singers who have ap-peared here as members of foreign companies. She deserves especial credit moreover for the fas-tidious delicacy of her performance. There is

not a look, a gesture, or a word inroughout, that can give offence. Whether this will recommend her to the people who frenzied over the gross and unpleasant Tostee, we do not know, but it is quite certain that it will win for Miss Galton the favor of refined and decent people.

Mr. Whiffle's performance last evening was excellent. He is a little carcless sometimes with his singing, slurring his notes and missing the time but he has a fine voice, and he is one of the best comic actors upon the stage. With Miss Galton he deserves high praise for his propriety. The chorus last night was large, containing nearly if not quite as many singers as the chorus

not a look, a gesture, or a word throughout, that

of the Richings' troupe—with many of the per-cons who appear with that company. They sang with precision and good effect. The orchestra is large, and it was ably conducted by Mr. Wm. G. Districh. Altogether the entertainment was of he most satisfactory character, and we sincerely Lope Miss Galton may always be able to present so good a performance to such a large audience, while she remains at the Chestnut. -A large audience attended the Theatre Comi-

que last night, to witness the debut of Mr. J. Holmes Grover, the comedian. This gentleman was announced to appear in a drama entitled, The Way of the Wicked, but unfortunately, the programme had to be changed at the last moment. t seems that some of the machinery necessa to make The Way of the Wicked smooth and easy had been delayed by an aggravating railroad company—themselves owning a railway of the wicked—and the piece could not be produced wicked—and the piece could not be produced. One of the missing effects is a sawmill with a sharp and deadly array of gang-saws, which threaten to slash into the anatomy of Mr. J. Holmes Grover, who is fastened to a log, and would inevitably be cut to pleces if it were not for the opportune arrival and intervention of the heroine. The Press this morning describes this scene accurately, and inferms its readers that it and the play were presented last evening. It was a very poor guess. The machinery is expected to arrive in time for to-night, and everybody who loves a sensation will find an opportunity to gratify their tastes with one of the most exciting ever presented upon a stage. If we can judge by the performance last evening, Mr. Grover is a player of good abilities. His specialty is Irish comedy, and he is quite as good in parts of this kind as any o

...Mr. De Cordova, the well-known comic lecturer, will appear in Concert Hall on Thursday evening, and discourse on "Miss Jones's Wed-

-Mozart's Twelfth Mass will be sung in the Academy of Music on Thursday evening by the Handel and Haydn Society.

—On Monday evening next, at the Academy of Music, Mr. James E. Murdoch, the tragedian, will read under the auspices of the Mercantile Library. -At the Walnut, this evening, the drama Afler

Dark will be presented, with the farce The Swiss The manager, we perceive, announces for next Saturday atternoon an anomalous "daylight performance After Dark," -Twelfth Night continues to attract large audiences at the Arch. It will be repeated this

evening. The American announces a miscellaneous entertainment for this evening.

—To-morrow (Wednesday) night Madame Jo-sephine Schimpf will give a concert at Concert Hall. It promises to be a first-class entertainment. Tickets can be procured at Trumpler's, Boner's and Gould's.

-The "wonderful musical rocks," and the conderful musical instruments with wonderfully hard names, will be performed upon at Assembly Buildings this evening by Mr. Madison Obrey.

The Great Railroad Combination Further Particulars.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.] The stockholders of the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railway Company, at their meeting to-night, refused to lease their road to the Atlantic and Great Western and Eric Railroad Companies, and ratified a lease of their road and Companies, and ratified a lease of their road and property, in perpetuity, to the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis and the Pennsylvania Railroad Companies. The vote was large, comprising nearly all the atock of the Company. The lease takes effect on the 1st of February. When Judge Jewett, representing the Pan-Haddle and Pennsylvania Railroads, offered the counter-proposition, it was unanimously ratified. The contract offered by the New York and Erde was to pay the interest on the debt of the Lo-

was to pay the interest on the dobt of the Co-

lumbus, Chicago and Indiana Contral, and to lumbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, and to guarantee to stockholders an average annual dividend of seven per cent. The proposition of lered by Judge Jewett, President of the Pan-Handle Road, which was accepted, is to have seventy per cent. for operating the road, and the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central thirty per cent. to pay the interest on the debt. Over, \$3,000,000 atock was voted. The capital stock in \$10,000,000.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

-Ripe watermelons are plenty in Florida. -Salm-Salm's book displeases French critical In an Indiana jail the female convicts out-Red Wing, Minnesota, has a new journal in the Swedish language called the Sevenska Minnesota Bladet. The Roman type is used.

-Miss Lucille Western has been playing in San Francisco since the recent death of her sister

—The Independance Belge (Brussels) states that the Emperor Napoleon means to summon to the Senate a Protestant Pasteur and a Jewish Rabbi--The Navy Department has changed the color of its vessels from the dingy lead to a sort of a buff.

-Wisconein paid last year ten dollars bounty for each of 1,231 wild cats, 190 lynxes, and 241

Enamelled bricks for store fronts have been introduced in Cincinnati. They are made of any -It is estimated that \$200,000 in gold are daily lost and won at cards at private clubs in Paris. The cards alone cost about \$1,600 every

-The New Lisbon (Ohio) Patriot grieves to learn "that some of our school girls carry toilet-glasses to school, and paint and powder when they should be engaged in their studies."

—Another indication of peace. The Frenchi Minister of Marine is about to nominate five Ad-mirals, forty-six Captains and forty-two Lieu--The Emperor of Austria has sent a magnifi

cent missal, enriched with exquisite miniatures, as a present to the Pope. This chef d'augre of its kind has employed ninèteen artists for ten days.

"Vaccinate your children and kill your dogs," is the advice of a country paper in Ohio, which State has small-pox and hydrophobia in unpleasant quantities.

—A man in Greenshoro, Vt., nearly broke his wife's neck, recently, by playfully shaking her. Her neck cracked, she became partially paralyzed and was confined to her bed several days. —An exchange says: "It costs ten dollars to knock down one's sister in Mobile." It is not long since it cost a thousand dollars. In Mobile to "knock down" one's sister on the auction'

block. -Mr. Dierberger, of St. Louis, married a wife on Tuesday, complained of chilis on Wednesday, made his will on Thursday, went mad on Friday, and died on the following Friday.

—Orders have been received at the Arsenal of Bourges, France, to despatch a large quantity of muskets to Marseilles, and 4,000,000 rounds of ball cartridge have been packed for transport by -One of the Minnesota papers speak of a

neighbor as "the nondescript newspaper con-cern" which is published by the "sentic slinger of unsavory English and crazy crotchets." -Rev. Mr. Trask's antidote for tob "Resolution, gentian and the grace of God." The gentlan root, coarsely ground, is to be chewed in-sead of tobacco until the appetite for the latter dies out, and can be purchased at the apothe-

-King John of Saxony has just published a —Ang John of Suxony has just published a popular edition of his verse translation of "Dante." Contrary to the rule in the case of royal authors, his Majesty, it is said, has produced a work which is considered excellent, and deserves the esteem in which it is held in Ger-

The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily News writes that the Spanish clerry are greatly alarmed by the sale of Protestant books. and an association has been formed for the pur-pose of reinstating Catholicism as the sole religion of the State on a firmer basis than ever and to the exclusion of all others.

-The palindrome is a line that reads alike —The palindrome is a line that reads alike backward and forward. One of the best is Adam's first observation to Eve—"Madam, I'm Adam!" Another is the story that Napoleon, when at St. Heiena, being asked by an Erglishman if he could have sacked London, replied: "Able was I ere I saw Elba." The latter is the best palindrome, probably, in the language. The following, the third and last, reads precisely the same backward as forward: "Snug & raw was I ere I saw war & guns." 'Snug & raw was I ere I saw war & guns."

-A celebrated cliff in Denmark, the "Queen's shock of earthquake. The rock, about 400 feet high, was an object of great interest to tourists from the magnificent view to be had from it. Everything has disappeared except some masses of chalk, which form a sort of island near the shore. No life has been lost, but the inhabitants and neighboring villages were terrified at the noise produced, which lasted several seconds.

-The Georgia Statesman says that Harriet eecher Stowe "has now the effrontery to solicit eccher Stowe "has now the effrontery to solicit patronage for a new paper, of which she is editress. Is it possible to stigmatize too severely so malignant a foe to humanity—one who so malignant a fee to humanity—one who, though a woman, has so far unsexed herself that she can watch, with the satisfaction of a Mohawk, the writhings of a prostrate and suffering people, and seek to stab them as they writhe?" The editor of the Savannah News adds: "Not content with the 'blood money' which she has already received for her Hecate's share in the infernal incantations of hypocrisy, falsehood and envy which first conjured up the demon of discord, and then let loose the furies of sectional hatred and fraternal strife, she is now seeking to invade our Southern hearths and homes with her invade our Southern hearths and homes with her false morality, her perpicious, demoralizing and debasing fanaticism."

-Fitz Greene Halleck and Joseph Rodman Drake were fast friends, and wrote much to-gether. The American Flag, written by Drake between the 20th and 25th day of May, 1819, originally concluded with the following lines:

"As fixed as yonder orb divine, That saw thy bannered blaze unfurled, Shall thy proud stars resplendent shine, The guard and glory of the world."

These not satisfying the author, he said, "Fitz, an't you suggest a better stanza?" Whereupon can't you suggest a better stanza?" Whereupon Halleck sat down and wrote, on the spur of the the lines, which Drake immediately accepted and incorporated in his, perhaps, most opular poem :

"Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but fall before us 3 With freedom's soil beneath our feet.
And freedom's banner streaming o'er us?"

The Medico-Chirurgical Academy at St. Petersburg conferred, at its recent annual conference the degree of M. D. upon Mme. Kaschewarow, the first female candidate for this honor who had presented berself before them. When her name was mentioned by the dean it was received with an immense storm of applause, which lasted for several minutes. The ceremony of investing her with the insignia of her dignity being over, her fellow-students and now colleagues over, her fellow-students and new colleagues lifted her upon a chair and carried her with triumphant shouts through the hall. At this moment Mme. Lucca, the prima donna, was espiced among the audience, and such was the students fickleness that the lady doctor had to yield her elevated seat to the popular singer. The latter not only remained in undisputed possession of the extemporized throne, but was carried upon it to her carriage, while the new doctor had to find what comfort she could in her diploma.