BUSINESS NOTICES.

New Styles Fall Clothing.— In Store and receiving daily; also new and elegant styles in the piece to be made up to order. Great bargains in Summer Goods, ready made or made to order.

Stylish and workmanship of our garments surpassed by none, equalled by few.

All prices guaranteed lower than the lowest elsewhere and full satisfaction guaranteed every purchaser, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.

Wm. Wilkins { Rockhill & Co. / Wilson Hall, 518 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Sign Stars.

AND 603 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Lyon's Magnetic Insect Powder.

IT KILLS INSTANTLY.

Cockroaches, fleas, bugs, and every kind of insect vermin are most troublesome during the fall months. They have killed at cost by the remarkable powder. It is not poisonous, but certain to do its work. A single 25 cent flask has often

KILLED A PECK OF COCKROACHES.

The new, it keeps vermin from depositing their eggs, and thus prevents next year's crop. Be sure you get Lyon's. It is the original and true Insect Destroying Powder. Beware of imitation. See the signature of E. LYON on the flask. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is an combination and a form indeed, for healing and curing all diseases of the throat and lungs. Prepared only by Ingersoll and Brother, Druggists, and allopathic physicians; thus reserving the cause instead of drying up the mucus, leaving the cause to cure itself.

EVENING BULLETIN.

Tuesday, September 1, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC DESPAIR.

We predicted at the commencement of the campaign that the Democrats would conduct it with every weapon of personal and political slander that they could invent, and the torrent of falsehood and invective that has been poured out upon General Grant and the Republican party has justified the prediction. But, accustomed as we are to the reckless tactics of the Democratic party, the ingenuity and ability with which it has been forging and turning out lies, upon all conceivable subjects, exceed all past experience. Newspapers in this city and throughout the country, conducted by men who, in their personal relations, profess and call themselves gentlemen, or, at least, decent members of society, have surrendered themselves to a system of warfare which sinks every principle of truth and honor, in the desperate struggle for a success to which they have little or no hope. Quotations from Republican journals are daily reprinted in wilfully distorted and falsified shapes, and then made the texts for assaults, the whole points of which are derived from some ingenious interpolation, or omission of the original text. Every measure of the Republican party and its candidates are fabricated out of the whole cloth. Opinions and declarations are put in the mouths of prominent Republicans which were never spoken; and so the war is carried on with a wild disregard of all truth which can only spring from the very depths of despair.

While this is the general aspect of the tactics of the Democratic journals, the operations of the political managers indicate the same sort of desperate determination to win at all and any cost. The frauds that carried Pennsylvania last year are dwarfed into insignificance by those that are now contemplated, and in course of execution. In this city and State, gigantic schemes of colonization are being concocted, and we may expect such attempts to pack the Democratic Wards and districts with fraudulent voters as have never yet been made. The outlines of some of these nefarious schemes have already been foreshadowed in various directions, and will develop themselves rapidly from this time until the election.

The Democracy is thoroughly desperate; but this desperate fall will nothing. It only has the effect of betraying the wretched weakness of a bad cause, and of encouraging and arousing to more earnest and vigorous efforts for the election of General Grant. The knowledge of the desperate straits to which the enemy is reduced is producing a more perfect organization of the Republican party than ever before; and while there is a despoless vigilance exercised toward the plots and schemes of the Democracy, there is a determination to bring out the whole popular vote both in October and November, and so to carry out the people's will, in spite of Democratic falsehood and fraud. This is the people's contest. General Grant is the people's choice; and the more plain becomes the design to deceive and defraud, and betray them into the hands of the very spirit of rebellion, the more spirited will be their determination to put none but tried and loyal men in all the places of trust and honor. The deep conviction that they are not going

TO BE DEFEATED

in the coming struggle, and the despair of the Democracy is the sure sign of their overwhelming confusion and defeat.

SEPTEMBER.

The month of "fall trade," fall fashions, returning absentees, re-opening schools, arrival of oyster-eating, equinoctial storms and political excitements, has opened again, but with a hot atmosphere that is not in the least refreshing. He is a bold, wise man, who will order an oyster supper to-day because there is an *r* in September. He is a foolish man who will desert a cottage by the seaside because this is the first day of the first autumnal month. She is a deluded female who comes from the country or the ocean to-day, to parade her Grecian bend, or her patent pointe bustle, in Chestnut street. They are courageous politicians, who join in processions, by hot sun-light, or equally hot torch-light, in this steaming weather.

But the date, the 1st of September, is at least encouraging and full of promise to the unfortunate people who have to endure and quit the oppressive city during the long summer. There must be an end to the summer, however long. The sun must cross the equinoctial line on the 21st of September, and the fierce heats of the season must abate then, or soon after. The schools must open, according to the promises made in the BULLETIN advertising columns. The oysters cannot help getting into good condition for human consumption. People must come back to town—all of them, at least, who have not purses of indefinite length. There must be a State election in October and a Presidential election in November, and the politicians of both parties must work briskly in September. To the working politicians of the Republican party we especially appeal, to take off their coats, roll up their sleeves, and begin hard work for their candidates now, in the beginning of September. They will have their reward, in the success of their State and local tickets in October, and in that of Grant and Colfax in November.

COPPERED AND COPPER-FASTENED LOGIC.

The daily Copperhead organ in this city commences an article upon the prospects of the Republican party with the following words:

"The people own these United States. Eight years ago they let them to the Radical party in good condition, prodigious well in all the departments of industry. The lease is about expiring, and the lessees apply to have it renewed for four years."

It then goes on to argue that the property is not in as good condition now as it was when the Republican party entered upon possession, and that therefore the lease should not be renewed.

Let us see how far this assertion of the premises being "in good condition" at the time the Republican tenants came in, will accord with the truth of history. On the Fourth of March, 1861, when the lease commenced, ten States of the Federal Union, instigated thereto and encouraged by the Democratic party, had passed formal ordinances of secession. In no one of these ten States did the stars and stripes float; in no one of them could the new lessees take possession of revenue, for all the Custom-Houses had been given up to the rebels by the Democratic tenant of the White House; while the new tenant found himself without forts, money, arms or ships with which to maintain his authority or assert his rights. Forts, arsenals and dockyards were seized or scattered all these necessary adjuncts to successful government, and what could not be destroyed or wasted was the basis of the bitter and most vindictive enemy of the new tenant. Besides the ten States that had declared themselves out of the Union, eight others were preparing to go out, and the entire range of border slave States were in a condition of *quasi* insurrection that caused the new tenant more trouble than if they had been in open rebellion. Two-thirds of the property upon which the Republican party had obtained a four years' lease, was beyond its control when it entered upon possession, and through no possible fault of its own. The old tenants were clearly responsible for the condition of things. And this was getting the property in good condition!

But this was not all. The Southern branch of the old Democratic firm that held the former lease sets to work to destroy as far as possible the remainder of the property. They made numerous attempts to seize the Federal Capital, they murdered the people of the new tenant, they burned his towns and ships and they attempted to spread disease and death throughout the estate. And this was getting the property in good condition!

But this is not all. The people who owned the property perfectly understood all the troubles of the Republican tenant, and they also knew that the estate only desired to get possession of the property for their own purposes of rule or ruin. They accordingly renewed the lease to the opposition firm, butchered the chief representative of the Republican tenants, and having got a creature of their own in his place, they are endeavoring to complete the work of destruction begun by Davis, Lee and Semmes. And all this damage and trouble is charged to the tenant who has already suffered so shamefully at the hands of the opposition!

If our Copperhead cotemporary were to lease a property and find two-thirds of it in flames when he went to take possession of it, and incendiaries on the look-out for a chance to fire the remaining third, he would hardly be willing to agree that the property was "in good condition" at the time when this lease began. Such logic as this which we have taken as the text for this article shows the desperate straits to which the colleagues of Forrest and Wade Hampton are reduced in their efforts to make out a case against the Republican party, which saved the country during four years of war, and which will save it again in its new peril.

NEGRO WORSHIP IN THE SOUTH.

The most advanced, radical and progressive abolitionists of the North never showed such extravagant admiration of the negro as is now paraded by the Democratic politicians of the South. They are down on their knees before the negro, since he has become a voter. They make speeches to him. They write and print addresses to him. They show the highest respect for his intelligence. They lie to him, and they try to reason with him, to convince him they are not lying.

The poor black creatures who were pronounced unfit to take care of themselves, unfit to vote, unfit to reason, unfit to form an opinion, have suddenly become endowed with all the attributes of intelligent human beings, in the eyes of the Southern politicians. The once despised and maltreated slave is exalted to be not only free, but equal to the white, if not superior; for the white goes begging for his vote and promises him all sorts of favors if he will give it. The white Seymour and Blair men of the North still abuse "the nigger;" but the white Seymour and Blair men of the South invite "the nigger" to their meetings, listen to his speeches, and give him the choice of seats at "barbecues" and other political banquets.

The Northern Seymour and Blair organs do not copy the flattering appeals to the intelligence of "the nigger" that appear in Southern organs of the party. Nor do the Southern Seymour and Blair organs copy any of the numerous tirades against "the nigger" that appear in the *World* and all the other Democratic organs in the North. But those people who see the party papers from all parts of the country cannot help being impressed with the difference in the language held by Democrats North and Democrats South. A black man's vote is despised at the North, but it is respected and begged for at the South. And no matter how much the negro may be despised by the Democrats of Pennsylvania and New York, he is highly respected by the Democrats of South Carolina. The Northern Abolitionists used to be jeered at as "nigger-worshipers;" but the true "nigger-worship" is to be found now in the Carolinas, Georgia and Alabama.

General Carl Schurz, in the course of a speech which he made in this city, yesterday, summarily and conclusively disposed of the charge of despotism which has been brought against the Republican majority in Congress. This despotism, it had been asserted, was cruel as that practiced in Russia. General Schurz recommended the men who talk thus flippantly to read some hand-book of history, and learn how conquerors disposed of the conquered in Europe. Across the water, men said to be rebels had been hanged by thousands, while the wilds of Siberia were covered with the bones of those who had been driven into exile. If it were true that the Republican had inaugurated a despotism, we would not see such men as Forrest and his companions dictating to the people their candidate for President. Instead of this, they would long ago have been hanging from the gallows. Wade Hampton would have been biting the dust, and Wise would have been food for the worms, instead of predicting the success of the "lost cause." This is as true in point of fact as the argument is conclusive. Posterity will read with amazement the history of a wanton, wicked rebellion; it will marvel at the forbearance of the victors at the close of the great struggle, and it will admire the sublime impulses of folled and beaten traitors who presume to dictate candidates' and principles for the nation which they have so deeply avenged.

At the time when Mr. "Bob" Ould, the rebel commissioner of exchange of prisoners, undertakes in the interest of his Democratic friends to attack General Grant, and lay upon him the responsibility for the suffering of our soldiers in rebel prisons, it is interesting to unearth such documents as the following. It was written from City Point while the exchange was in progress:

SIR: A flag-of-truce boat has arrived with 350 political prisoners, General Barrow and several other prominent men among them.

I wish you to send me at 4 o'clock, Wednesday morning, all the military prisoners (except officers) and all the political prisoners you have, if any of the political prisoners have no bond proof ready to convict them of being spies, or of having committed other offences which would subject them to punishment, so state opposite their names. Also state whether you think any of them, under all the circumstances, they should be released.

The arrangement I have made works largely in our favor. We get rid of a set of miserable wretches, and receive some of the best material I know.

ROBERT OULD, Agent of Exchange.

Brigadier-General WEITZEL.

This tells the whole story. The rebels starved our men until they were helpless in rags, and then sent them back to us, skeletons, in exchange for the hearty, well rebels who had been under our care, and who were placed immediately in Lee's army. Ould's letter is evidence that this was a part of a deliberate, devilish system, and not the consequence of inability to procure supplies.

General Rosecrans appears to be the cautodian of the *ultimatum* of General R. E. Lee as to the amount of Northern concession that will pacify the South. A little uncbin once asked his mother to save a piece of cake until he got cross when it would quietly pacify him. A reasonably good spanking quietly answers as well as cake in such an emergency. Bobby Lee & Co. had the spanking and our Democratic encouragement they are now pouting for concession cake. The general impression outside of Copperhead circles is that they got off too easily three years and a half ago, and the result of the November election will show that their chances for participation cake are very slender indeed.

"The United Security Life Insurance and Trust Company of Pennsylvania" is a new institution, whose advertisement appears in our columns to-day. It is incorporated by the State, with a capital of one million of dollars. George H. Stuart, Esq., is President, and the Directors are all business men of high character and responsibility, so that there can be no question concerning the soundness of the company. The business of insurance on lives grows even at a greater ratio than the population of the country, and this new corporation will undoubtedly secure a very large share of it.

The Antique Class of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts begins its studies today, under the direction of Prof. Christian Schussele. The importance of this class of study is unique in America, and the opportunity for gratuitous improvement under an artist of such thorough education as Prof. Schussele is certainly a chance to be highly valued by young persons who desire to make the Fine Arts their profession. Study from the Life Model, under the same competent tuition, will follow a little later.

Very Extensive Sale of Real Estate.—Attention is invited to the sale of Valuable Real Estate, to be held to-morrow at the Exchange, by Messrs. Freeman, Assistant, will be found *Very desirable large ground rents.* Also, the Church at the corner of Fourth and Cherry street, six hundred feet. This property could be altered into a warehouse or extensive manufactory. In proximity to the centres of business renders it valuable for any large business purpose. Three arcuvery dwellings, WOODLAND TRACT, Twenty-seventh Ward, stores, etc.

Bear in mind that every property is to be sold without reserve, under decree of the Courts.

To Capitalists, Builders, and others.—Thomas & Sons advertise for the 6th October, use very valuable business locations, Nos. 12 and 14 South Front street, extending through to Dock street, on Dock street, a four-story brick store. Lot 20½ feet front, 112 feet deep.

Broad Street Lot.—Especial attention is requested to a large and valuable lot, to be sold by Messrs. Thomas & Sons, on the 15th of this month, adjoining the Academy of Music, on Broad street, one hundred and thirty-four feet deep. Sycamore street, two fronts, opposite the Academy of Music.

Market Street Stores.—Thomas & Sons advertise for their sale on Tuesday next two valuable Stores, Nos. 257 and 259 and 305 Market street. For sale at Exchange, Logan, Real Estate, Furniture, etc., see their advertisements.

SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER, WICK & CO., AND HAINES BROTHERS [illegible] Hinsons, and Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs. J. E. GALLAHER'S Sale Room, No. 923 Chestnut street.

HENRY PHILLIPS,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

NO. 128 RANSOM STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN CRUMP, BUILDER,

NO. 1137 SPRUCE STREET, and 141 LODGE STREET.

Mechanics of every branch employed for repairing and fitting up houses and furniture.

AWARDS IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy fitting Dress Hats (patent), adapted to all the approved fashions of the season. Cheaper than any other in the Republic. 418 CHESTNUT STREET.

A WATCHMAN'S RATTLE IS THE BEST MEANS of alarm for a family to use; it is always ready, and is to be a call for assistance. For sale, with a variety of other Rattles, Watchmen's Supplies, Repeaters, &c., at Hardware Store of THOMAS & SHAW, No. 646 (Eight-thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

FREE STANDPIPE FAUCETS, COMBINES great strength with security against freezing. Also, Ladder and Hose Nozzles, Fire Plugs, Fire Hydrants, for sale by THOMAS & SHAW, No. 646 (Eight-thirty-five) Market street below Ninth.

BOXES AND CHESTS OF TOOLS IN VARIETY, from the best makers, for sale by THOMAS & SHAW, No. 646 (Eight-thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

ADVERTISE IN THE WILMINGTON DAILY COMMERCIAL.

TO GROCERS, HOTELKEEPERS, FAMILIES AND Trade.—The undersigned offers a choice and full supply of Catawba, Claret, and Champagne Wines, Tonic Ale (for invalids), constantly on hand.

JOHN F. JORDAN,

Below Third and Walnut streets.

ADVERTISE IN THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.

ADVERTISE IN THE WILMINGTON DAILY COMMERCIAL.

CLOTHING.

Autumnal Attire for Gentlemen and Juveniles.

Wanamaker & Brown.

FALL GOODS.

Entries for the Fall Meeting WILL CLOSE To-morrow, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock, noon, At 144 South Fourth Street.

EDWARD P. KELLY,

TAILOR

S. E. Cor. Chestnut and Seventh Streets.

A Reliable Cure for Your Dyspepsia.

Ho! Good friend! Are you Dyspeptic? Have you a miserable feeling of "gone-ness" before you have had your dinner, and general wretchedness after you have swallowed it? Have you forty other distressing symptoms, each one worse than the other?

Well, come along then, you are the man. Here is the cure!

"Get a nice piece of beef, and give it to a hungry dog; the long leggedest dog you can find. Then start him off on a full run, and go after him with all your might until he drops it."

In doing this a few times your activity will be promoted to such an extent that you will cure your dyspepsia. You will probably spoil your clothes too, but that is no matter, for, at our magnificent BROWN STONE HALL, you can get a new suit of clothes for a great deal less than your doctor's bill would be if you get cured on the old plan.

The most elegant lot of clothes you ever saw for the early Fall. Come see how cheap they be!

ROCKHILL & WILSON

603 and 605 Chestnut Street.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

JONES'

Old Established

ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE,

604 MARKET STREET,

ABOVE SIXTH;

For style, durability and excellence of workmanship, they cannot be excelled. Particular attention is called to customer work, and a perfect fit guaranteed in all cases.

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS.

MARY B. CONWAY,

LADIES' DRESS FURNISHING AND SHOPPING EMPORIUM,

31 South Sixteenth Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Ladies from any part of the United States can send their orders for Dress Materials, Dresses, Cloaks, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Hoops, Morning Sacks, Shoes, Stockings, Trimmings, Sewing Silk, Needles, Pins, Children's Clothing, Infants' Wardrobes, Gentlemen's Shirts, Drawers, Underclothing Garments. Ladies will please send a chart for FITTING BODIES for measurement; and Ladies unacquainted in the city will find it to their advantage to use our facilities for our large experience.

Refers, by permission, to

MR. A. T. STEWART,

Broadway and Tenth Chestnut street.

MESSRS. HOWES & COLLADAY, 6 Cts. 6th and 6th Chestnut street.

auto 3mrp

SEWING MACHINES.

1106. REMOVAL. 1106

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Have Removed their Warerooms to

No. 1106 Chestnut Street.

SINGER'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is simple, durable, quiet, and rapid. It sews all seams, performing an a lonishing range and variety of work. It will hem, fell, tuck, gather, stitch, bind, braid, cord, quilt, and embroider.

ap22 1yrrp

H. P. & C. R. TAYLOR,

PERFUMERS AND TOILET SOAPS,

641 and 643 N. Ninth Street,

Opposite the Diamond Refinery.

LUNE WAFERS AT REDUCED PRICES. A FRESH invoice, just received.

JOHN F. WEBB & BROTHER, Importers, 728 CHESTNUT STREET.

ISAAC NATHANS, AUCTIONEER, N. E. CORNER Lombard and Sharpe Streets, only one door from Exchange. $500 to loan in large or small amounts, on City or adjacent City Real Estate. Also, Furniture, &c., liberal terms, from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. ap27 6mrp

INDIA RUBBER MACHINE BELTING STEAM Packing, &c.

Engineers and dealers will find a full assortment of Goodyear's Patent Velvet Stretching Belting, Packing, Hose, &c., at the Manufacturer's Headquarters.

HENRY C. GIBBONS,

No. 302 Chestnut street, South side.

N. B.—We have now on hand a large lot of Leather Belting, Lacing and Sheet Gum Packing. Also, every variety and style of Gum Overcoats.

ADVERTISE IN THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.

ADVERTISE IN THE WILMINGTON DAILY COMMERCIAL.

AUCTION SALES.

By SAMUEL C. COOK,

124 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

NEW CROP GEORGIA COTTON,

ON THURSDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock,

AT THE AUCTION STORE,

Will be sold 2 Bales New Crop Georgia Cotton,

Received per Express, consigned to COCHRAN & BURDSALL.

DAVIS & HARVEY

AUCTIONEERS.

Established in 1863.

FIFTEEN YEARS PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE.

Store No. 421 Walnut Street,

Near entrance on Library street.

Increased Facilities for the Transaction of the General Auction Business.

Large and Elegant Rooms

100x45 feet and 60x30 feet.

SALES AT RESIDENCES ON OBJECT OF SPECIAL ATTENTION

ap28 4t to 1t Insrt.

THE TURF.

Point Breeze Park,

FALL TROTTING MEETING

TO COMMENCE

Monday, September 7th,

Entries to close Wednesday, September 2d.

For particulars, see posters.

No. 1. $250—Horses 6 years old or under, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness. Purse, $150 to first, $50 to second.

No. 2. $600—Open to all horses, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $450 to first, $150 to second.

No. 3. $300—Open to all double teams, mile heats 2 in 3; $250 to first, $50 to second.

No. 4. $300—Horses that have not trotted in 2.35 prior to 1st July, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $250 to first, $50 to second, and $50 to third horse.

No. 5. $300—Horses that have not beaten 2.29 prior to 1st July, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $250 to first, $50 to second horse.

No. 6. $300—Horses that have not beaten 2.19 prior to 1st July, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $250 to first, $50 to second horse.

No. 7. $300—Horses that have not beaten 2.40 prior to 1st July, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $250 to first, $50 to second horse.

No. 8. $300—Horses that have not beaten 3 minutes prior to 1st July, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $250 to first, $50 to second horse.

ADDITIONAL PURSE.

No. 9. $150—Horses that have not beaten 2.50 prior to 1st July, mile heats 3 in 5 to harness; $100 to first, $50 to second horse.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c.

EXTRA FINE NEW

MESS MACKEREL

IN KITS.

ALBERT C. ROBERTS,

Dealer in Fine Groceries,

Corner Eleventh and Vine Streets.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

One of the finest assortment of Teas (New Crop) ever offered to the citizens of Philadelphia, now in store, and will be sold to families by the package at wholesale prices.

FAMILY FLOUR,

Made from prime quality of Southern White Wheat, for the best mills in the United States, always on hand.

SALMON!

New Smoked and Spiced Salmon, just received.

Families going to the country can have their goods carefully packed and delivered, free of charge, to any part of the depots in Philadelphia. All our Groceries are sold at the lowest rates and warranted to be as represented.

CRIPPEN & MADDOCK,

(Late W. L. Maddock & Co.)

Importers and Dealers in Choice Wines, &c.,

116 S. Third Street, below Chestnut,

ap28 2p 4t to 1t Insrt.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.

ARTISTIC

SILVER WARES.

THE FINE ARTS.

NEW STYLES

OF

LOOKING GLASSES,

NEW ENGRAVINGS,

NEW CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS,

EARLES' GALLERIES,

816 Chestnut Street.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Paper Hangings

AT RETAIL.

JOHN H. LONGSTRETH,

No. 12 North Third Street.

ap28 6t

INSURANCE.

THE UNITED SECURITY

LIFE INSURANCE

AND

TRUST COMPANY,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Incorporated by the State.

Capital, - - - $1,000,000.

OFFICE:

S. E. Cor. Fifth and Chestnut Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia Directors.

GEORGE H. STUART,	A. J. DREXEL,
GEORGE W. CHILDS,	JOSEPH PATTERSON,
HON. WM. STRONG,	WM. V. McKEAN,
F. A. DREXEL,	WM. L. HOUSTON,
JOSEPH W. EVANS,	S. J. SOZMS,
S. H. HOWARD,	HENRY E. SOZM.

Directors in Other Cities.

NEW YORK—James M. Morrison, President Manhattan Bank; Joseph Stuart, of J. & J. Stuart, Bankers.

BOSTON—Hon. E. R. Tobey (late President Board of Trade).

CINCINNATI—A. E. Chamberlain, at Chamberlain & Co

ST. LOUIS—C. E. Smith (late of Geo. C. Smith & Co Bankers); R. L. Ferriss, of Field, Letter & Co.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Wm. Garvin, of Garvin, Bell & Co.

BALTIMORE—William Prescott Smith, Superintendent Consolidated Railway, Baltimore and Ohio.

Officers.

GEORGE H. STUART, President.

HENRY E. SOZM, Vice-President.

C. P. BETTS, Secretary.

J. L. LEIDY, M. D., Consulting Physician.

R. M. GIVEN, M. D. } Medical Examiners.

JOS. F. GERHARD, M. D. }

C. STUART PATTERSON, } Counsel.

JOHN W. MAYNARD, }

This Company is prepared to issue policies of Life Insurance upon all the approved plans, either at mutual rates, or at stock rates, with the security of a large cash capital.

Blank applications and tables of rates can be obtained at the office of the Company.

ap1 tu th s 6t rp

E. W. CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 35 South Third Street, Philada.,

GENERAL AGENTS

FOR THE

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF THE

United States of America,

FOR THE

States of Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.

THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Chartered by Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868, with a

Cash Capital of One Million Dollars,

And is now thoroughly organized and prepared to prosecute

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,

No. 35 South Third Street.

ap8 s tu th 6t

The Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company.

The Report of this Company for 1868 shows:

Premiums - $5,479,278

Loffes - - - 3,344,728

and after paying a dividend of 30 per cent., the Total Affets are, in Gold,

$17,005,026.

ATWOOD SMITH,

General Agent,

No. 6 MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE,

Philadelphia.

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER CABLE NEWS

Financial Quotations.

FROM NEW YORK

To-Day's Local Affairs.

By the Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, September 1, A. M.—Consols, 93⅞ for both money and account. American securities opened firmer. Five-twenties, 72¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 29; Illinois Central, 91¾; Erie 20¾.

FRANKFORT, September 1.—U. S. Five-twenties, 75½@75¾.

PARIS, September 1.—The Bourse is dull. Rentes closed last evening at 67f. 72.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 1, A. M.—Cotton firm. The sales to-day will reach 12,000 bales. The shipments of cotton from Bombay to the 28th inst., since the last report, were 6000 bales. All other articles unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 1, A. M.—Tallow, 45s. Sugar to arrive, 23s. Linseed Oil, £31 15s.

BREMEN, Sept. 1.—Arrived, steamer Ville de Paris, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 1.—Arrived, steamship Malta, from New York.

LONDON, Sept. 1, P. M.—Atlantic and Great Western, 28¾; Illinois Central, 91¾.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 1, P. M.—Cotton firmer, but not quotably higher.

LONDON, Sept. 1, P. M.—Produce quiet and steady. Sugar firm at 33s. 6d. on the spot.

ANTWERP, Sept. 1, P. M.—Petroleum is firmer.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 1.—Arrived, Steamship City of Boston, from New York Aug. 22d.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 1.—Arrived—Steamship Rhenish, from New York.

LONDON, Sept. 1, 3 P. M.—Five-twenties are easier. The money market is firm. Stocks quiet.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 1, 3 P. M.—Cotton firm. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are firm and unchanged. Corn is firmer. Wheat advanced to 10s.; Red Western, 11s. 3d.; Flour is dull.

Affairs in New York.

(Special Dispatch to the Philada. Evening Bulletin.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Nearly all the banks and in response made his appearance in front of the counter, and, in a few very unfortunate but cheerful, and in acknowledgment made the *follow*ing remarks:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I appear before you this evening for the last time. I have labored devoted to your service as actor and manager. During that long period I have spared no pains and endeavor to do my duty to all with whom I have had business relations. That my efforts have been crowned with success I attribute to the generosity of a generous public, which enables me to withdraw from my labor and responsibilities, and to the very many affectionate expressions of kindness and sympathy I have received from the members of my profession. I leave behind me a final legacy of the satisfaction is naturally mingled with sorrow, that I have spent the best years of my life, labor of love, and I look back upon my seven years at the very height of its prosperity and renown! I leave behind me a name for my successors in enterprising successors, Messrs. Jarrett & Palmer, wishing them a long and prosperous career of success, which I am convinced will be achieved. Now, ladies and gentlemen, I must pronounce that last and word "that must be said to the world" "exceeds which makes us linger," to us one and all, respectfully, farewell.

As the last word fell from his lips a shoot of cheers arose from the great crowd assembled in the walls of this theatre rent the air from parquet to dome.

The remaining three Deputy Sheriffs who were concerned in the Broadway theatre affray were released on bail yesterday in the sum of $15,000 each.

A number of whisky distilleries in this city, which have suspended operations by order of the revenue officers for the last few months, commenced business yesterday under the new law.

The Tobacco Manufacturers' Protective Association held their second meeting at the Steuben House, Rooseveltstreet, yesterday, and a code of by-laws, and elected permanent officers.

Dangerous Epidemic in York.

It is stated that a dangerous fever, of a malignant type, has broken out at York, Pa., especially in that section east of Main street bridge, and a large number of persons (one account says hundreds) are down with it. Dr. John Hay, leading physician, died of the disease on Wednesday. The York *Pennsylvanian*, of Saturday, referring to the disease, remarks:

If a good number of individuals in this place are at present prostrated with sickness, the number of deaths have thus far been comparatively few. In cases which have proved fatal, death has been mostly confined to adults. The query arises on all sides, "What is the cause of the sickness?" Some say it is produced by using water of a certain character, for drinking and culinary purposes—that the washings of ore in the upper portions of the Susquehanna Rivers have imparted impurity and the seeds of sickness. We cannot say that this is the cause or even a consequence of the winter, though the ore-washing in the Codorus at Hanover is well known to contain and nucleus, and for these reasons alone the process should be prohibited.

Our physicians themselves do not know to what cause to attribute the malignancy of the disease. Some of them claim one things—some another. The excessive heat of the early part of July may have something to do with it. But then it was so hot in the South that there is no sickness, as in town. If the filthiness of sewers, and stagnant and foul pools and streets and alleys are accessories, these evils will be remedied, the sanitary authorities having caused lime to be sprinkled freely on such spots. It is hoped and believed that a copious rain and the approach of cooler weather will result in more healthiness.

CITY BULLETIN.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—A lad named James McBride, aged two years, was run over by a car on the Race and Vine Street Railway at Twenty-third and Wood streets this morning, and was instantly killed.

PRESS CLUB.—The regular stated meeting of the Press Club of Philadelphia, will be held to-morrow afternoon, at four o'clock, at the rooms, No. 607 Walnut street.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

The Philadelphia Money Market.

Sales at the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

FIRST BOARD.

$600 City 6s new	95	100 sh Read R c tr	45¾
1000 do	95	100 do	45¾
100 sh Penna R	56¼	100 do	45¾
100 sh Girard Bank 6s	61	100 do	45¾
100 sh Read R	45¾	100 do b 30	45¾
100 do b 30	45¾	50 sh Leh Valley	55
4 sh Mech'c R Ins	13½	100 sh Penna R	56¼
		5 sh	54¾

SECOND BOARD.

$600 City 6s new	95¼	100 sh Read R	s5b 45⅞
18 sh Northtown R	70½	100 sh do	s5b 45.56
100 sh Leh Valley	55	100 sh do	s5b 45⅞
200 sh Read R	45⅞	100 sh do	s5b 45⅞
100 sh Penna R	56¼		

THIRD BOARD.

200 City 6s new	95¼	100 sh Penna R	53¾
100 Pa & Del Canal	104¼	16 sh do	53¾
100 City new	95	100 sh Chas of 650	33
100 sh Emma R	52	100 sh Read R	s5 45.44

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday Sept. 1.—There is very little change in the financial situation. The Bank statement, made public this morning, reflects the languid condition of trade, and the general indisposition to enter into any extensive operations in either stocks or merchandise. The Fall business will be very moderate, as there is no desire to purchase more goods than rigid economy would seem to dictate.

Stocks were very quiet this morning, but for Government stocks and other first-class Bonds there was very little change from yesterday's quotations. Lehigh Gold Loan was fair at 89¾; City Loans were firmer, and the new issue sold at 103@103¼.

Reading Railroad advanced ¼, and closed strong at 45¾. Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 56¼—an advance of ¼. Lehigh Valley advanced at 54¾—no change. Mine Hill Railroad at 57¾, an advance of ¾, and Norristown Railroad at 70¾—an advance of ½. 29 was bid for City Passenger and Amboy Railroad; 34 for North Pennsylvania Railroad; 32¾ for Chestnut Hill Railroad; 53¾ for Penna.-Railroad Preferred and 20¾ for Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

Canal stocks were inactive. 20¾ was bid for Lehigh Navigation; 19¾ for Schuylkill Navigation Preferred and 14 for Susquehanna.

In Bank and Passenger Railroad Shares there were no changes.

Smith, Randolph & Co., bankers, 16 South Third street, quote at 11 o'clock, as follows: Gold, 144⅞@ U. S. 6s, 1881, 113⅝@113¾; do. 1862, 113⅝@113⅞; 1864, 109⅝@109⅞; do. 1865, 111⅝@111⅞; do. July, 1865, 108⅝@108⅞; do. 1867, 108⅝@108⅞; do. 1868, 108⅝@108⅞; Five-20s, 108⅝@108⅞; 10-40s, 102⅞@103⅞.

Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government Securities, &c., to-day, as follows: United States 6s, 1881, 113⅝@113⅞; old Five-twenties, 113⅝@113⅞; new Five-twenties of 1864, 109⅝@109⅞; do. 1865, 111⅝@111⅞; do. 1867, 108⅝@108⅞; do. 1868, 108⅝@108⅞; 10-40s, 102⅞@103⅞; Gold, 144⅞@144⅞. Ten-forties, 99¾@100¼; Gold, 144⅞.

Messrs. De Haven and Brother No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange at 11 o'clock:

United States 6s, of 1881, 113⅝@113¾; do. do. 1862, 113⅝@113⅞; do. do. '64, 109⅝@109⅞; do. do. '65, 111⅝@111⅞; do. do. '67, 108⅝@108⅞; do. do. '68, 108⅝@108⅞; 5-20s, new, 108⅝@108⅞; do. old, 108⅝@108⅞; Ten-forties, 99¾@100¼; Gold, 144⅞@144⅞.

AUGUST 31.—The Cotton market opened with a little off in the morning under the pressure of short sales. The 1868 were sold down to 107½, but afterwards advanced, and closed firm at 108 to 108½. The new 1865s were in demand for shipment. Some orders were received today from the West to buy bonds, and the demand over the counter is improving. The difficulty of finding money on fair class loans, is inducing purchases of Government for the sake of making interest.

The money market is easy at 5 to 4 per cent. on call, and 6 to 7 per cent for discounts.

The foreign exchange market is quoted firmer, but without change in quotations. Prime bankers' sixty-day sterling bills are 108½ to 109.

The gold market opened at 145, declined to 144¾, and closed at 144⅞ at 3 P. M. The rates for carrying were 4 ½, 5, 3, 3½ per cent. to flat. After the board the gold sold at one-eighth to ten-sixteenths of 1 and dull. The interest gold coin in the stock on the market.

The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank to-day were as follows:

Gold balances, coin:	$1,417,350 00