EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

[Continued from the First page.]

has hitherto visibly sustained me, will not abandon me. My fate, moreover, is in its hands. It will decide whether my life or my death can best serve the interests of the country. In presence of so many parties animated by rival ambitions and subversive passions, there is no security for France unless she remains closely united to my dynasty, which is the only symbol of order and progress. It might happen that a violent death, if such befel me, would contribute much more to the consolidation of my dynasty than the prolongation of my days. Just see what happens: the man who instigates or who commits a political assassination, who makes himself at once judge and executioner, always produces a contrary effect to that he wishes to attain; it is the punishment of his crime, it is inevitable. What has just taken place in Servia is the evident proof of this. The conspirators hoped, by killing Prince Michael, to bring another dynasty into power; they have strengthened, for a long period, the family of the Obrenovitch. Here, at home, if one of the many attempts against King Louis Philippe had succeeded there is every probability that the House of Orleans would still be reigning over France. If I fell under the assassin's blow to-morrow or to-day, the people with one voice would acclaim my son; and even if all the Imperial family disappeared, they would go forth, as in Servia, in search of some little nephew heir to my name, some Milano or other, to raise up anew the flag of the Empire, revenge the murder, and sanction once more this truth, that the parties which stain their hands in blood never profit by their crime. I can thus regard the future without fear. Whether I live or die, my life or my death will be equally useful to France, for the mission which has been imposed upon me will be accomplished either by me or mine."

These words (says the correspondent of the *Nord*, in conclusion) were uttered in the midst of a rather numerous circle; some of the persons who were present repeated them to us. We have thought that they would not be without interest to your readers, to whom we can guarantee their complete authenticity.

Queen Victoria's Continental Journey

The London *Telegraph* says that the Queen will certainly visit the Continent in the course of the recess. The journey will include some parts of Germany, but will also extend to Switzerland; and a house has been taken at Lucerne, where her Majesty will probably remain some three weeks or a month. The Royal tourist will travel incognita; and though, of course, it will be impossible to prevent the people of the several countries from knowing who is among them, the well-recognized method of avoiding forms and ceremonies will spare much irksome hindrance and fatigue. The best wishes of all her subjects will accompany the Queen on her intended journey. It is no secret that health presents the principal inducement to undertake the tour; and it is only reasonable to suppose that a visit to some of those scenes associated with the early youth of the late Prince Consort, and with the first happy years of her Majesty's wedded life, will exercise a soothing influence on one to whom State ceremonial and the excitement of a London season are constitutionally distasteful. Critics who grumble at the Queen's comparative abstinence from such gayeties for so long a period will do well to remember that at Windsor, and even at Osborne, her Majesty cannot be said to enjoy the sort of rest which an interval of entire leisure from business and State affairs should yield. She receives a constant succession of visitors at both places, and neglects none of the duties incident to her high station even at times when considerations of health would entitle her to some immunity. Her real vellegiatura—that change of scene, occupation and enjoyment to which she has the same claim as the humblest of her subjects or the most malicious of her detractors—is when she can escape from the pursuit of State cares; and this year Switzerland will afford her healthful refuge.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

Some of the large towns in Hungary have protested against the Papal Allocution. The *Lloyd* of Pesth says: "We shall no more tolerate the interference of Rome in our legislation than we did that of Vienna. We shall tremble as little before a council of churchmen in Rome as we did before a council of war in Vienna. A nation which has passed without wavering through the fusillades of Haynau will be able to defend its independence against the thunders of the Vatican."

A Florence correspondent remarks that whilst the King of Prussia has been inaugurating the Luther monument, whilst the festival of Constance commemorating in like manner the reforming services of Huss has been awakening kindred traditions, the Italian government has been doing honor in appropriate fashion to the memory of the great Florentine reformer, Girolamo Savonarola, and adopting those measures best calculated to show their sense of his services to his country and to religion. The convent of St. Mark has been converted into a national museum, in which, in addition to the great artistic treasures, the works of Fra Angelico, which it previously contained, will be preserved whatever relics, antiquarian, artistic or literary, can be found in any way connected with Savonarola's history. The municipality of Florence has decreed that one of the great squares in the new quarter of the city shall be termed the Piazza Savonarola.

A petition signed by 400 ladies has been presented to the Russian Minister of Public Instruction, praying that the professors at the university might give special lectures for ladies, so as to satisfy their legitimate desire for higher instruction. There is no doubt that the petition will be rejected, more especially as many of the ladies whose names are attached to it belong to the Nihilistic school, supposed to be dead and gone some time ago. It is a strange phenomenon that Nihilism, which seems to strike at the root of so many religious and social institutions, should be particularly espoused by women.

DISASTERS.

CALIFORNIA.

Catastrophe in San Francisco Bay—A Number of Lives Lost by the Falling of a Steamboat "Draw."

[From the San Francisco Alta Californian, July 6.]

On Saturday afternoon a frightful disaster took place at the terminus of the Oakland Railroad, at the extreme outer end of the wharf, which has recently been considerably extended toward deep water. The 4.30 o'clock train, coming toward San Francisco, had reached the end of the wharf, and the heavy drawbridge, or suspended gangplank, commonly known as the "apron," had been let down from the wharf to the lower deck of the steamer El Capitan, when a rush to get on board occurred, the train having been densely crowded and everybody in haste to get back to San Francisco. Suddenly, as the crowd on the "apron" was the densest, quite a number of passengers having already got on board, there came a crash, and those who had reached the deck, on looking back were horror-struck to see the draw hanging to a right angle with the wharf, and the water filled with men, women and children, struggling for life, while the women on board the steamer and on the wharf, who had children and other relatives in mortal peril, rent the air with their shrieks of terror. The scene was appalling beyond description, and the excitement on all sides was almost inconceivable. There were among the passengers by the train a large deputation of the Garibaldi Guard, composed of Italians, who had been to Oakland to participate in the celebration, and a number of these brave fellows, without a moment's hesitation, plunged into the water, and, swimming among the struggling mass, saved many from immediate death by lashing them to the piles with pieces of rope, where they remained until rescued by boats; or were drawn up by ropes to the wharf.

A boat from the steamer, in charge of the steward and another man, was lowered, but was immediately stove and filled with water. They, however, rescued two ladies and several men, who were obliged to climb on the paddles of the wheel, from which they were taken on deck as the boat was in a sinking condition. Life preservers, planks, &c., were thrown over by parties in the boat and those on the wharf, and some were saved in this manner. One little boy, while in the water, being luckily able to swim, caught hold of a little girl and kept her afloat until he was seized by a man who reached down his hand to draw them up. At this instance a man in the water caught the boy by the leg, and said, "Don't be scared, sonny—don't struggle: you hold on to that man's hand and we can all be saved," and all three remained thus together until finally rescued. C. S. Davis, a boy attending the Oakland College, had just stepped on the plank as it fell. He succeeded in saving two women, and was ultimately rescued by means of a rope thrown to him from the wharf. He was seized twice by a drowning man, who drew him under each time. When the water had been cleared, and no more were left to be rescued, the boat left the wharf and returned to the city. None of the bodies of the drowned had been recovered, and in the confusion and uncertainty, no one knew how many or who were drowned or missing.

Yesterday morning the Italian fishermen, to whom unbounded credit is due, went to work with energy to recover the bodies of the victims. Two men in the employ of the Railroad and Ferry Company, with a boat, also aided in the search. The Italians during the day recovered eight bodies, and the others two more, making ten in all. At 10 o'clock a cannon was brought down to the wharf and fired, which aided in the recovery of the bodies. The platform, apron or drawbridge, which fell, is 12 by 24 feet in size, and fastened to the wharf by heavy iron hinges at one side, and the outer edge is supported by chains which pass over pully wheels with heavy weights to balance it. The platform is raised and lowered by a windless, and to prevent falling too low ratchet wheels are used to hold the apron in the place to which it has been brought by the windlass.

CRIME.

SUICIDE IN ST. LOUIS.

A Pennsylvanian Shoots Himself.

[From the St. Louis Democrat of the 24th.]

Capt. Edward Morgan, one of the Local Inspectors of steamboats at this port, residing at No. 1511 Franklin avenue, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head, at an early hour yesterday morning. The night previous he had retired in apparent good health and spirits—nothing out of the way was observable—and he told the servant-girl to get breakfast early, as he desired to go to his office before the usual time, in consequence of his detention at home most of the time during the two or three days previous, from illness. Mrs. Morgan herself went out Thursday evening, and told the girl to take care of the house; being pressed to remain by friends whom she went to visit, she did not return that night. Captain Morgan arose early in the morning, dressed himself and went across the street to Riedel's saloon. After taking a drink, he picked up the *Democrat*, sat down at the table and commenced a perusal of its local page. Coming to the account of the suicide of Theodore Keydal, the tailor, he was heard by the barkeeper to make some remark concerning the event, and shortly afterwards started over to his own house, somewhat hurriedly. On going in, the servant remarked to him, "breakfast is ready." He replied, with an impious recklessness that only insanity can extenuate: "the next meal I eat will be in h—ll!" He went up stairs to his room, and in perhaps four minutes the report of a pistol was heard. At so unusual a sound, neighbors living on either side went into Capt. Morgan's house—the report having been heard very plainly—and with the girl proceeded upstairs. Capt. Morgan was lying upon the floor, blood slowly oozing from a wound on the side of his head, over the right ear, and life being extinct. A chair was tipped over by his side, from which the inference is drawn that he was occupying it when he placed the muzzle of the pistol at his head and fired the shot which must almost instantly have sent his soul into eternity. The weapon used was a Smith & Wesson seven-shooter, of small calibre, and this was also lying upon the floor near.

On Monday night, we were informed, Captain Morgan had a fall, and returned to his residence with his face bruised and complaining of a pain in his side. On Tuesday, when his daughter (the wife of our well-known fellow-citizen, Charles Carr, Esq.) visited the house and conversed with him he did not at times recognize her, and from Monday night to the hour of his death, at intervals, he was a sufferer and subject to fits of aberration and abstraction—in some of the former threatening to shoot himself. Mrs. Morgan, who returned home shortly after the inquest, says her husband spoke of being sunstruck on Thursday.

Captain Morgan was a native of Brownsville, Pa., and born in 1817. His family were Quakers. In 1836 he was engineer on the steamer Lady Madison, running from Pittsburgh to St. Louis; and since that time—with the exception of the past two years—has been upon the Western waters most of the time in that capacity, where he was regarded as one of the very best in the profession. For a while during the war he commanded a gunboat—the Lafayette, if we remember correctly—in the Federal service, and from the first himself and family were loyal to the core. He leaves a wife and three sons and a daughter, all grown, besides relatives in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Havre de Grace. Scores of warm friends will mourn his untimely end.

POLITICAL.

Grant's and Seymour's "Friends."

The following are among the ardent supporters and friends of Grant and the Chicago Platform:

Sherman,
Sheridan,
Thomas,
Meade,
Farragut.

The following are among the ardent supporters and friends of Seymour and the Tammany Platform:

Beauregard,
Forrest,
Hampton,
Semmes,
Toombs.

Letter from Thaddeus Stevens.

[From the Lancaster Express, July 25.]

The following letter was received from Mr. Stevens by a friend in a neighboring town, in reply to one he had written him on the subject, which is now the source of so much comment. It will be read with interest:

House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., July 23, 1868.—*Dear Sir*: I have not declared for Seymour and Blair, and never expect to. I have only declared against fools and swindlers, who have fabricated the most atrocious falsehoods as to my position upon the currency question.

When I am a little stronger I shall give a full history of this matter, which will put the fellows to shame, if they are capable of blushing. I shall take care and protect the taxpayers from usurers, by making every man pay and receive just according to his contract.

Yours, &c.,

Thaddeus Stevens.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Affairs in the United States of Colombia.

[From the New York Times.]

Panama, Saturday, July 18, 1868.—In Panama matters do not mend much. General distrust of the new revolutionary authorities exists, and everyone is expecting an outbreak. Correoso, an uneasy sort of a character, has been made General of Militia, and the militia is composed entirely of his friends—the negroes. Soldiers are patroling the streets day and night, and guards are even set around the houses of some of the most respectable citizens, who are suspected of harboring an intention to further a counter-revolution. Besides, there is a general apprehension that Correoso himself, who was the head and front of the movement that overthrow the late Government, and made Gen. Ponce Dictator, is perfecting a plan to seize the reins of power now that Ponce is absent in the interior, and that there will be a fight between him and the Dictator on the return of the latter with the "Battalion of Santander." So you see we are in a pretty mess on this "highway of nations." It is quite time the nations clear the road of the turbulent fellows that infestit and made it safe for travel and commerce.

The steamer Montigo, which went down the coast to release Gen. Gortia, one of Ponce's officers, from prison, has returned. Gortia was found free, after having been kept in the stocks two days. He had gone with sixty men to win over the district of Agua Dulce to the Dictator. Gen. Ponce remains at Los Santos to recruit men, and expected to march yesterday with 600 men on the City of Santiago.

—The father of Julia Ebergenyi, the beautiful Austrian poisoner, is leaving no stone unturned to secure the release of his wicked daughter; he offered fifteen hundred florins to her defender Dr. Neuda, for his services during the trial and as much more if he would assist him to obtain her release, but the lawyer rejected both offers.

CITY BULLETIN.

Mutilation of United States Records.—Ole Bonman, private Co. K, 42d United States Infantry, and Albert E. Osbourne, Co. C, 1st United States Artillery, have been arrested for the larceny of records from the office of Captain John Elliot, Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for Pennsylvania and New Jersey, No. 1214 Spruce street. Osbourne had been detailed to act as messenger in the office. On the 14th instant he was relieved from that duty and was sent to his company, which is stationed at Fort Hamilton, in New York harbor. On the next day, however, he returned to the city, and obtained employment in the gas office.

After Osbourne had been released Bonman was detailed as messenger and had charge of the office after the cloaks had left. Last evening one of the clerks went into the third story and found some of the books scattered around the floor in rather an unusual manner. Further examination showed that the covers had been torn from the books and the leaves had been abstracted. These records comprised the muster rolls and other documents relating to the Pennsylvania and New Jersey regiments during the war, and were being so arranged that they could be readily got at when any information was required. The matter was placed in the hands of Sergeant Crout, of the Reserve Corps, who obtained the assistance of Edward Burns, who had formerly been employed at the mustering office. Bonman and Osbourne were arrested in that office on Friday night. Osbourne had been in the habit of sleeping there since his return to the city. A search was then made for the missing papers. At the establishment of Geo. Megee, No. 1019 Locust street, a roll was found in a back room, and at the place of Owen Riley, No. 1024 Locust street, a pile was found under the counter covered with a newspaper, and another was found in the cellar. Megee and Riley at first denied having purchased any such paper. They were arrested and held in $1,000 bail by Alderman Jones, for receiving stolen goods. They were confronted with the two soldiers. Both identified Bonman as having been in their places, but were unable to recognize Osbourne. Bonman acknowledged the theft, and said that he had been once to the place of Megee, and five or six times to the store of Riley. The most of the stolen papers have been recovered. The value of the paper taken, by weight, was about $1,000, but the men received a very small amount for it. Bonman and Osbourne are to be taken to New York to be tried by court-martial.

Policeman Accidentally Shot.—On Saturday a warrant was issued for the arrest of John Clark, upon the charge of having shot at James McGucken, on the Germantown road, above Master street, on Friday evening, and was sent to Lieutenant Spear, of the Tenth Police District. The document was placed in the hands of Policeman McKibbin for execution. On Saturday evening McKibbin went to a tavern at the N. E. corner of Second and Thompson streets, and there found Clark. The latter was perfectly willing to go with the officer, but his friends interfered and attacked McKibbin with bottles, glasses, &c. While McKibbin was engaged in dodging the blows, Clark was dragged away. The officer was driven to the wall and then drew his pistol to defend himself. He fired at one of his assailants and as he did so Policeman William Urban entered. The ball from the pistol struck Urban in the groin, causing a painful, though not dangerous wound. Frank McDevitt, Pat McAnany and James McCarty were arrested for interfering with the officers. They were held in $1,500 bail by Alderman Eggleton. During the evening Clark gave himself into custody and was locked up to await a hearing.

Assault with a Bayonet.—James McGuigan and John Richie were before Alderman Eggleton this morning upon the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill. McGuigan resides at No. 249 Jefferson street. Last evening about 9 o'clock he was drunk, and made an attack upon a woman who occupies a part of the same house. It is alleged that he used a bayonet, and that he struck the woman on the head, causing a severe wound. The affair caused great excitement. A large crowd gathered about the house, and as it was at first reported that the woman was dead, there were serious threats of lynching McGuigan. The police were obliged to break in the door of the house, and then Officer McClees was assaulted with a club. Richie was guarding one door and McGuigan the other. Both were arrested after considerable trouble. They were committed in default of $1,500 bail for trial.

Attempted Robbery.—The store of Brown, Bailey & Co., on Letitia street, above Chestnut, was entered last night through the trap-door, which was reached by passing through a new building adjoining. A lot of goods were packed up for removal and were placed behind the fence which is in front of the new store. Early this morning a policeman observed a man acting in a suspicious manner in front of the store. The fellow ran, and after a chase to Second and Dock streets, was captured. He will have a hearing this afternoon at the Central Station.

Fire.—Last night, about eleven o'clock, a fire broke out in the first floor of the store of H. Sloan & Son, No. 31 South Water street. The flames were confined to the first floor, which was pretty well damaged. About 110 bales of cotton were destroyed or partially burned. About 100 bales, which were stored in the cellar, were badly injured by water. The cotton in the upper stories escaped. The total loss will not exceed $3,000, and is fully covered by insurance. The building is owned by Francis King, and is insured.

Robbed while Asleep.—Frank McCluskey was sitting on the step of his house on Second street, above Girard avenue, about half-past one o'clock this morning, and fell asleep. A fellow came along and robbed him of his watch and chain and about $4 in money. The thief was arrested. He gave his name as James Walker, and says that he hails from Montreal. He threw away the stolen articles and they were recovered. He was taken before Ald. Eggleton, and was committed in default of $1,800 bail.

Juvenile Thieves.—Several boys were observed to come out of a lumber yard in the neighborhood of Tenth and Wood streets. They had with them two dress coats. A policemen gave chase and captured one of the juveniles, and recovered the coats, which had been stolen from the entry of the house of Mr. Lukins, No. 1234 Spring Garden street. The prisoner also had on his person a silver butter dish. His name is John Maxwell. He was committed by Ald. Massey.

Christ Church, Germantown, was opened for divine service yesterday, having been closed for repairs for some weeks. During this interval the whole interior has been beautifully decorated, and the work was greatly admired by all who attended the services yesterday. The fresco work was by Mr. Gibson, and it does him high credit, as does also the work performed by Mr. Hewitt, the architect, and Mr Shaffer, the painter.

Highway Robbery.—A man who was carrying a pair of pants was attacked at Twenty-third and Market streets, on Saturday night, and was robbed of his bundle and his hat. His cries brought a policeman, who captured Owen Gallagher, aged 16 years. The prisoner is an old offender, and was held in $1,000 bail by Alderman Jones.

Heavy Haul of Corner Loungers.—Last evening the Fifth District Police made a descent upon the corner loungers at Seventh and St Mary streets, and captured 44 colored men. The prisoners were taken before Alderman Morrow. Twenty were sent to prison and the others held to keep the peace.

Disorderly House.—Samuel Shaw was held in $1,500 bail by Recorder Givin to answer the charge of keeping a disorderly house on Margaretta street, below Second.

Parents and Guardians are referred to the advertisements of "*Lasell Female Seminary*" and "*Select Boys' School*," at Auburndale, Mass., both of which afford every advantage for thorough instruction, and are under the direction of Rev. Charles W. Cushing, who is well known as an accomplished and successful teacher.

Drink the famous Arctic Soda Water and read the Evening Bulletin, at Hillman's News Stand, at North Pennsylvania Depot.

Real Estate.—We call the attention of our readers to the card of Wm. L. Creece, to be found in our Real Estate column. Persons desirous of purchasing or renting cottages at Cape Island would do well to consult him.

NEW JERSEY MATTERS.

The Late Fire.—The following are the names of the losers, and amount of loss sustained at the late fire in Camden; as far as can be accurately ascertained: Messrs. Goldey & Cohn, $22,000—insurance, $6,000; Leonard Repshur, $3,500,—insurance, $2,000; J. G. Wall, $7,500—insurance, $2,000; B Middleton, $4,000—insurance, $3,000; Samuel Jones, $300—no insurance: F. Chevrier, $2,500—insurance, $1,000; Messrs. Ware & Marshall, $800—insurance, $500; Mr. Marshall lost $500 on household furniture—insurance, $200; Joab Scull, $1,800—insurance, $1,800; Mr. Whilldin, $4,000—insurance, $2,500; James M. Cassady, $5,000—covered by insurance; William Scull lost $500 in fixtures belonging to the store of Mr. Whilldin—no insurance. Total loss, $54,900—total insurance, as reported, $24,000.

A Desirable Improvement.—The first iron bridge ever contemplated in Camden county is to be soon commenced, over Cooper's creek, in the vicenity of Camden, the Board of Chosen Freeholders having already resolved upon such a measure. This will be an improvement of considerable importance to the county.

A Commendable Measure.—Measures have been set on foot to raise by subscriptions sufficient funds to erect an appropriate monument to the memory of John Hutchinson, the engineer who was killed at the late accident on the Camden and Atlantic railroad. He was a careful and faithful man, and highly esteemed.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, July 27—Michael Roach, the proprietor of a lager beer saloon at West Hoboken, in endeavoring to prevent the entrance into his place of six canal-boat men yesterday, attacked them with a chisel and stabbed two of them fatally.

Two men, named Henry Canadan and Patrick Madden were fatally stabbed at West Hoboken with a chisel yesterday afternoon. Michael Roche, the alleged murderer, is in custody.

John Bretrom, a German who resided at No. 118 Washington street, was locked up in a cell of the Twenty-seventh Precinct Station House in Liberty street, upon the complaint of his wife, who alleged that he had threatened to kill her. He was incarcerated at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and at about 6 o'clock was found to have committed suicide by hanging himself to the grated door with his suspenders.

The Convention of the Order of B'nai B'rith was again in session yesterday, it being the seventh day of its meeting. Most of the day was consumed in debating and voting on the constitution. Towards evening Rev. Dr. Isaacs proposed an amendment restricting membership in the Order to Israelites of good moral character. This gave rise to a very animated and at times even exciting debate, during which the religious differences of the Hebrews, divided, as they are, into orthodox, reformers and radicals, sprang vividly into light. After four hours of discussion the amendment, by means of some parliamentary legerdemain, was shoved aside, the constitution as reported by the committee adopted, and at 9 P. M. the Convention adjourned.

CITY NOTICES.

Mr. F. M. Caldwell's Temporary Removal.—We publish in another column of our paper to-day, the card of F. M. Caldwell, Esq., dry goods merchant of Eighth street, announcing his temporary removal to No. 704 Chestnut, while his Eighth street store is being altered and improved. His stock is one of the largest and most varied in the city, and as he is closing it out at an immense reduction, a rare opportunity for bargains is offered to our citizens. His new locality at 704 Chestnut will doubtless for some weeks to come present a busy scene.

More economical, remarkable certainty of prompt action, in fact, every good quality, is guaranteed for Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (new style) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (in one bottle.) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

To Gents.

If you wish to keep cool, get your Straw Hats at Oakford's, Continental Hotel.

Bower's Senna Figs, for Constipation—fifty cents. Depot Sixth and Vine.

Encke's comet is due, and the star-gazers are turning their telescopes to the skies in the hope of discovering the presence of the expected visitor. It is interesting chiefly for performing its revolution within the boundaries of the solar system for the comparatively short period within which its revolution takes place, and for the reason that we know more about it than we do of those vast ethereal creations which visit our system and then rush off into space. When the interest in comets equals that which the public have in Charles Stokes & Co.'s Clothing House, under the Continental, people will know more about them.

There is a Peculiar Freshness of Odor in the new perfume, Bouquet des Antilles, possessed by no other. Sweet, lasting and cheap. Price 75 cents. Sold everywhere. A. L. Mathews & Co., 12 Gold Street, New York.

Fine Custom-made Boots and Shoes for Gentlemen. Bartlett, 33 South Sixth street, above Chestnut.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats, of the very latest styles. Oakford's, Continental Hotel.

Fine Watches.—We desire to call the attention of watch-buyers to the very fine Watches made by the American Watch Company of Waltham, and known as the ¾-plate, 16 size.

To the manufacture of these watches the Company have devoted all the science and skill in the art at their command, and confidently claim that for fineness and beauty, not less than for the greater excellencies of mechanical and scientific correctness of design and execution, these Watches will compare favorably with the best made in any country. In this country the manufacture of such Watches is not even attempted except at Waltham.

For sale by all respectable dealers.

Robbins & Appleton, Agents, No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.

Sundowns! Sundowns!! The largest assortment in the city. Oakford's, Continental Hotel.

Judicious mothers and nurses use for children a safe and pleasant medicine in Bower's Infant Cordial.

Surgical Instruments and druggists' sundries. Snowden & Brother, 23 South Eighth street.

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

J. Isaacs, M. D., Professor of the Eye and Ear, treats all diseases appertaining to the above members with the utmost success. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city can be seen at his office, No. 805 Arch street. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted. No charge made for examination.

IMPORTATIONS.

Reported for the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

TRINIDAD—Brig E P Stewart, Holland—431 hhds 102 tcs sugar S & W Welsh.

BROAD CREEK, NC.—Schr Luck, Tolson—23,000 feet 4-4 yellow pine lumber 10,000 20-inch heart cypress shingles 4200 24-inch do Norcross & Sheets.

WILMINGTON, NC.—Schr Sarah Bruen, Adams—6400 cedar shingles 166,115 cypress do 32 cords stave bolts Patterson & Lippincott.

NORFOLK—Schr Rising Sun, Moore—62,500 feet yellow pine lumber 17,975 cypress shingles Patterson & Lippincott.

JACKSONVILLE—Schr E D Finney—112,000 ft yellow pine flooring boards Patterson & Lippincott.

MARINE BULLETIN.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA—July 27.

☞ *See Marine Bulletin on Inside Page.*

ARRIVED THIS DAY.

Steamer Brunette, Freeman, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to John F Ohl.

Steamer A C Stimers, Knox, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W P Clyde & Co.

Schr Rising Sun, Moore, 7 days from Norfolk, with lumber and shingles to Patterson & Lippincott.

Schr Georgie Deering, Willard, from Portland, with mdse to Crowell & Collins.

Schr H M Fillmore, Chase, from Boston, with mdse to Crowell & Collins.

Schr Vandalia, Savin, 2 days from Little Creek, Del. with grain to Jos E Palmer.

Schr J J Barrell, Perry, Washington.

Schr E V Glover, Ingersoll, Providence.

Schr Grace Watteon, Nickerson, Brooklyn.

Schr Restless, Baxter, Boston.

Tug Thos Jefferson, Allen, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W P Clyde & Co.

CLEARED THIS DAY.

Bark Maria (Russ), Bowman, Antwerp, Merchant & Co.

Schr M P Smith, Grace, Newburyport, Westmd Coal Co.

Schr Ella Amsden, Smith, Salem, Lennox & Burgess.

Schr Eastern Belle, Kilburn, Bangor, captain.

MEMORANDA.

Steamer Whirlwind, Geer, hence at Providence 25th instant.

Steamer Fanita, Howe, hence at New York yesterday.

Steamer Mariposa, Kemble, from New Orleans 18th inst. at New York yesterday.

Steamer Santiago de Cuba, Smith, 7 days from Aspinwall, at New York yesterday. July 25, 1.25 PM passed steamer Rising Star, for Aspinwall.

Bark Columbia, Ross, from Liverpool 16th ult. for this port, was spoken 25th inst. lat 39 33, lon 74 25.

Bark Telegraph, Hansen, from Cronstadt, May 23, via Elsinore June 10, at New York yesterday.

Bark J B Stewart, was at Guana, PR, 10th inst. to sail for this port in a few days.

Brig Chief (Br), 41 days from Leghorn for this port, was spoke 25th inst. lat 27 42, lon 55 14.

Brig Mary A Rowland, Rowland, 54 days from Buenos Ayres for Boston, put into New York yesterday for supplies and repairs.

Brig Green Olive (Br), Fenbow, 70 days from Rio Janeiro, at New York yesterday, with coffee.

Brig La Plata, Mackenbux, from Rio Janeiro 6th ult. at New York yesterday, with coffee.

Schr Wm Hunter, Harkness, from Bahia 20th ult. with dyewood, &c. at N York yesterday.

Schr J S & L C Adams from Santa Cruz for New York, was spoken 22d inst. lat 23 55, lon 62 29.

Schr W H Read, Benson, hence at N Bedford 25th inst.

Schrs E Nickerson, Nickerson for this port, and Chris Locker, Smith, for Georgetown, DC, cleared at Boston 25th inst.

Schr Gen Grant, Colburn, hence at Richmond 25th inst.

Schrs W W Pharo, Allen, and John W Rumsey, Cranmer, were loading at Savannah 24th inst. for this port.

Schr J R Clements, Garwood, sailed from Newbern 23d inst. for this port.

Schr Golden Dream, from Jamaica for this port, was spoken 14th inst. lat 23 24, lon 83 23, by brig E P Stewart, at this port yesterday.

SUMMER RESORTS.

UNITED STATES HOTEL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
Will be opened for the reception of guests on
SATURDAY, JUNE 27.
The house has been repainted, papered and otherwise improved.
Music will be under the direction of Simon Hassler.
Persons wishing to engage rooms can do so by applying to
BROWN & WOELPPER,
Atlantic City, or
No. 827 Richmond Street.
je3 tfrp§

The Neptune House,
Atlantic City, N. J.,
Has been enlarged, repainted, refurnished with new furniture and spring beds, and is now open for the reception of visitors. It is within FIFTY YARDS of the beach.
ROBERT L. FURY. JOHN SMICK, Proprietor. jy6-1m§

LIGHT-HOUSE COTTAGE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
This well-known House has been Removed, Remodeled and very much Enlarged—with commodious and comfortable Rooms.
LOCATED BETWEEN U. S. HOTEL AND THE BEACH.
The grounds surrounding are nicely enclosed and well shaded. Guests for the house will leave the cars at U. S. Hotel. ☞ NO BAR.
je18 2m§ JONAH WOOTTON, Proprietor.

SUMMER RESORTS.
ON LINE OF PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.
MANSION HOUSE, MT. CARBON.
Mrs. Caroline Wunder, Pottsville, Schuylkill co.
TUSCARORA HOTEL.
Mrs. M. L. Miller, Tuscarora P. O., Schuylkill co.
MANSION HOUSE.
W. F. Smith, Mahanoy City P. O., Schuylkill co.
WHITE HOUSE.
E. A. Moss, Reading P. O.
ANDALUSIA.
Henry Weaver, Reading P. O.
LIVING SPRINGS HOTEL.
Dr. A. Smith, Wernersville P. O., Berks county.
COLD SPRINGS HOTEL, LEBANON COUNTY.
Chas. Rodearmel, Box 170, Harrisburg P. O.
BOYERTOWN SEMINARY.
L. M. Koons, Boyertown P. O., Berks county.
LITIZ SPRINGS.
George T. Grider, Litiz P. O., Lancaster county.
PERKIOMEN BRIDGE HOTEL.
Davis Longaker, Freeland, Montgomery county.
PROSPECT TERRACE.
Dr. James Palmer, Freeland, Montgomery county.
my27-2m

COLUMBIA HOUSE, CAPE MAY.
The Columbia House, at Cape Island, N. J., will be opened this season on the 25th of June.
Situated but a few rods from the beach, with three hundred good bathing rooms standing directly at the surf, and with fine shade trees upon the lawn, this house must surpass any other at the *Capes* as well for its outside attractions and conveniences as for its extensive and well regulated interior.
The *Columbia* has long been sustained by a substantial and select patronage from all parts of the country, and its appointments may be depended upon as strictly first-class. For rooms, &c., address
GEO. J. BOLTON, Proprietor, Cape Island, N. J.,
BOLTON'S HOTEL, Harrisburg, Pa.
je19 s tu th tfrp§

The Beasley Point Hotel,
CAPE MAY COUNTY, N. J.
is in complete order for the accommodation of Guests, with good
FISHING, SAILING, AND BATHING.
in close proximity.
Terms—$12 per week.
jy22-6t* WOOD & BLACKWOOD.

Congress Hall, Atlantic City, is now open for the season. This house is most convenient to the surf.
Many improvements have been added for the comfort of the guests.
A band of music has been engaged for the season.
GEORGE W. HINKEL, Proprietor.
jy13-1m§

Ashland House, Atlantic City, N. J.—A this favorite first class Boarding House, renovated and refurnished, is now open for the reception of guests.
JOHN C. HESS, Proprietor.
je27-1m§

Fountain House, at Crystal Springs, Allentown, Pa., will be opened on the 23d of June. This new establishment is fitted out in magnificent style for the especial accommodation of those from abroad, who seek a healthy and pleasant summer retreat. Rooms can be secured by letter, by addressing
je23 2m§ BERNDT & CRADER, Proprietors.

"Chalfonte."
This new, commodious, first-class boarding-house, will be ready for guests Sixth month, Twenty-fifth.
It is beautifully situated on North Carolina Avenue, in full view of the ocean.
ELISHA ROBERTS, Proprietor, Atlantic City, New Jersey.
je15-36t*

The Broad Top Mountain House,
BROAD TOP, PA.,
will open for the reception of guests on June 17th. For terms, &c., address
je9 2m* W. T. PEARSON, Proprietor, Broad Top, Huntingdon county, Pa.

Two persons can be accommodated with Board at a pleasant farm-house, by addressing M. F., Media Post-office. jy28-3t*

DRUGS.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,
N E corner Fourth and Race Sts.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS AND PAINT MANUFACTURERS,
Offer to the trade or consumers,
Pure White Lead, Zinc White Colored Paints, Varnishes, Oils, Artists' Materials, &c.
Agents for the celebrated
VIEILLE MONTAGNE SNOW-WHITE ZINC,
superior to any other White Paint for inside work. We solicit orders from those who want
PURE PAINTS:
201 and 203 North Fourth Street,
Northeast corner of Race Street.
ap18 tfrp§

SEWING MACHINES.

1106. REMOVAL. 1106.
THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Have Removed their Warerooms to
No. 1106 Chestnut Street.
SINGER'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is simple, durable, quiet and light running, and capable of performing an astonishing range and variety of work. It will hem, fell, stitch, braid, gather, cord, tuck, quilt, embroider, &c.
my2 1yrp WM. E. COOPER, Agent.

TO RENT.

TO RENT.
The First Floor (Back)
OF THE
NEW BULLETIN BUILDING,
No. 607 Chestnut Street,
(And 604 Jayne Street,)
SUITABLE FOR AN INSURANCE COMPANY
Rent $1,000 per annum. Possession immediately. Inquire in the Publication Office of the Bulletin. je9 tfrp

Crown Brand Layer Raisins.—Wholes, halves and quarter boxes of this splendid fruit, landing and for sale by Jos. B. Bussier & Co., 108 South Delaware avenue.

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FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
LONDON.
Established 1803.
Paid up Capital and accumulated Funds,
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James Stewart, of J. & J. Stewart.
E. W. Crowell,
Resident Manager, No. 40 Pine street, N. Y.
Prevost & Herring, Agents,
No. 107 S. Third Street, Phila.
jy13 m w f 1m§

The Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company.
The Report of this Company for 1868 shows:
Premiums - $5,479,278
Losses - - - 3,344,728
and after paying a dividend of 30 per cent., the Total Assets are, in Gold,
$17,005,026.
ATWOOD SMITH,
General Agent,
No. 6 MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE,
Philadelphia.

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