operations of this house.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

TAILOR,

CHOICE SPRING GOODS

Carrs' Meltons and Scotch Cheviots.

HOW TO MAKE YOUR HORSE GO.

If you will send one dollar, with your

name, photograph and P. O address to

But we will give you the receipt for

nothing Here it is:
Sadole your horse and get on him.

603 and 605 Chestnut Street.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

Old Established

ONE PRICE

604 MARKET STREET,

ABOVE SIXTH.

PURSE AND STAKE \$400.

NOW IN FULL OPERATION.

him go fast.

Half way between Bennett & Co.
Fy th and Tower Hall.
Sixth streets. 518 Market Street AND 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Startling Truth! Thousands die a military enthusiasm to the party which, so President and President to be collected and

EVENING BULLETIN.

Persons leaving the city for the summer. and wishing to have the Evening Bulletin sent to them, will please send their address to the office. Price, by mail, 75 cents per month.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRACY. About the only thing of real importance done up to last night by the Democracy sitting in convention in New York, is the adoption of the two-thirds rule. There has been considerable mutual admiration which is of no account; there has been a comdimentary resolution to Chief Justice Chase which would not have been passed had the Chief Justice preserved himself free from the taint of having allowed himself to be used for the purpose of shielding a traitor, and there was an endorsement of the Amnesty Proclamation, which would have been enlorsed with ten-fold enthusiasm had Mr. Johnson gone farther and had not only pardoned traitors but declared that they never general claims no such privilege. All he advanced by the ratification of the treaty. had committed any crimes against God and

But the re-enactment of the two-thirds rule is important. This rule was adopted in 1832, but as there was but little or no opposition to the leading candidates who became the Democratic nominees, the rule then attracted little attention. Jackson, Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson having been nominated nominated had no such rule existed. In 1844 the Texas question having come upon the carpet and raised new issues, the case became different. In that year Mr. Van Buren had with him a large majority of the convention; but the friends of Annexation and Nullification defeated his nomination under the twothirds rule and James K. Polk, George M. Dallas the Mexican war and the tariff of '46 were the consequence. In the Convention of 1848 General Cass

eceived the nomination under the operation the two-thirds rule, and the result was the election of General Taylor, the Whig candidate. In 1852 the two-thirds rule defeated ne aspirations of Buchanan, Marcy and lass, and the nomination of "Poor Pierce." an unknown man, was forced through as a compromise. Everybody knows what a pitiable failure his administration was. In 1856 Mr. Buchanan had a majority in the convention, and the friends of Pierce threw into the scale sufficient votes to give him the necessary two-thirds. In 1860 the nomination of Douglas by a united convention was defeated under the two-thirds rule, and eeded in their scheme of splitting the Democratic party, forcing the election of Mr. Lincoln, and thus "firing the Southern

The nomination of McClellan in 1864 was not affected by the operation of the rule. The result would have been the same had the rule not existed. The rule has worked disastrously for the interests of the party in every instance where it has been practically operative. It has always been a favorite weapon in the hands of the Southern managers for the accomplishing of their purposes, and through it they brought about the Annexation o Texas, the acquistion of new slave territory. the Mexican war, the splitting up of the Democratic party in 1860, and the War of the Rebellion. Its re-enactment yesterday, indicates that the majority of the presen Convention still cling to their old idols, and that they are willing to continue to submit to the thraldom that brought misery upon the country and disaster to the party. It is useless to speculate at this time upon the effect of the passage of the rule by the Convention, yesterday, when the wires may set all our surmises at nought before this article meets the public eye. We can only wait for more light than has been vouchsafed us by the assembled Democracy up to the time of the present writing.

DEMOCRATIC BATTLE FLAGS. The Associated Press reporter waxes even Grant, and the brave men who, like him, warmer than the weather warrants over the "Soldiers' Convention" in New York. He grows ecstatic over the scenes at the Cooper Institute, where certain ex-soldiers have assembled to make their formal surrender to their enemies. Among the many touching sights at this New York Appomattox Court House we are told that battle-flags from almost every field of the war were displayed Supposing this flight of Democratic imagination to be true, what a singular incongruity is presented by the spectacle. America battle-flags waving over such a crowd, gathered for such a purpose, remind one of nothing but the sacred of Jerusalem defiled by the wild debauch or Belshazzar's feast. Those battle-flags, al ways supposing that they were Union, and not rebel battle-flags, were never before so strangely misplaced. There are but three flags that belong to this "Soldiers' Conven-Mon." The "Stars and Bars" might well wave over it, for it has formally declared that it sympathizes with none but those who sympathized with the "Lost Cause." The black flag of Beauregard and Forrest would not be out of place, where the hero of Fort Pillow is welcomed with open arms. And the white flag of unconditional surrender would be most befitting an assemblage of men who. still calling themselves soldiers, have, in good set terms, set their feet upon the good old flag of the Union, and humbly begged that the vanquished rebels, North and sympathizes with none but those who begged that the vanquished rebels, North and begged that the vanquished rebels, North and torious infamy, until the suggard step of munifoundation, will become their patron and their cipal justice can overtake his enormities? Must they tamely see the lives and fortunes of miltion" has betrayed its true character.

future policy of the Government coincide."

hereafter, all the days of his life.

for its overthrow, the great loyal heart of the ever built, which does not seem by any paign. General Ewing told nothing but the of it, would puzzle even ingenious Commistruth when he said yesterday that his views sioner Taylor to demonstrate. cratic Conventions in New York are laboring than eyer the necessity for the immediate to organize. But the people who are to do transfer of Indian affairs to the War Desustained the country and the army through before it adjourns. the war, and they will carry the Presidential election as an overwhelming testimonial to that true soldier of the Republic, Ulysses S.

will never surrender into the hands of their known and confessed enemies the hard-won fruits of Union victory. ____ JOHNSON VERSUS JOHNSON. Andrew Johnson, President, in his zeal to restore rebels to power, is singularly oblivo be pursued in the treatment of traitors. reputation for extraordinary patriotism which has since been so completely forfeited. In that report Mr. Adams used this language, which returns to plague Andrew Johnson for his total repudiation of its sentiments in his amnesty proclamation.

World to do with a previous the deep in the originally humble position.

Sale of Valuable Building Chestnut Hill, the estate of Owen Sheridan, de James A. Freeman, Auctioneer, will sell on Sa fermoon, a number of desirable Building S Chestnut Hill. timents in his amnesty proclamation: "Soldiers' Convenits true character, its true character, first true character, and the safety of present and future ages, depending upon his vote, recorded with their amaxims may have remitted to him the forfeiture

good record in the early days of the Rebellion he practically gives them the lie, and bends must be re-read in the light of the proceed every power which the Executive can usurp ings with which they have now connected to the work of forcing such men as John themselves! Beside them, there is a motley group of unknown names, of some of whom honor and power in the Federal Government. may have seen service and many of whom There have been few men, if any, who have the service saw little and had better have seen | written and spoken their own condemnation less. A riotous, disorderly crowd, collected so fully and strongly as Andrew Johnson did by the crafty New York managers to supply | when he caused his speeches as Senator. Vice constantly cries down all things military. printed. They stand to-day, opposing their This Convention, in its material and in its crushing testimony to his present record, carmeasures has missed its mark, and yesterday, rying the conviction of his perfidy on every

when it made its formal submission to the | line A VERY WEAR DEFENCE. Convention whose tool it is, it proposed to surrender upon terms so grossly abject that it Mr. N. G. Taylor, Commissioner of Indian has turned itself into a most formidable Affairs has addressed a letter to Senator Henweapon in the hands of the loyal Republican | derson complaining, in what we think an impertinent manner, of the action of the House The speech which General Thomas Ewing, of Representatives in the case of the attempted Jr., made yesterday in behalf of these "soldiers and sailors" is one of the best Republiar a railroad company. The House very procan campaign documents that can well be perly passed a resolution condemning the published. It has the advantage of an official scheme as an outrageous swindle, designed for character. General Ewing speaks for the sole benefit of a private corporation and a his Convention, and the pitiful sur- few individuals, intimating at the same time render which he makes of his that the Indians had been bullied into signing own manhood must be taken as including the treaty. Mr. Commissioner Taylor, who all those whom he represents. If he has is one of the interested parties, grows viroverstepped the bounds of good policy in his tuously indignant at these accusations, and declarations of love for the rebellion and hatred for the Union cause, it is the fault of the were not used against the Indians; that they Convention in not selecting a more plausible were eager to give their consent; that the mouth-piece. In almost all capitulations the State of Kansas will be benefitted by the vanquished are permitted to retain their side- transfer of the lands; that the settlers are S. E. Cor. Chestnut and Seventh Sts. arms and preserve some of the emblems of an satisfied with the arrangement, and that the honorable self-respect; but this doughty public interests of the United States will be asks is forgiveness for ever having fought | To all these allegations we take decided against such magnanimous, such honorable, exception. We positively deny the truth of such worthy Christian gentlemen and patriots, and permission to serve them faithfully | The full report of the interview of the Indians

with these Commissioners was published in There is not a particle of exaggeration in several of the Kansas papers, and the this definition of General Ewing's speech. speeches of the chiefs thus given demonstrate He confesses that the soldiers of the country | very clearly that so far from their expressing and the Democracy have been traveling any anxiety to effect the sale, they hesitated "widely-separated paths in the past." He for a long time about it, and the majority of declares an earnest desire to associate only them yielded at last very reluctantly. These with those against whom he fought reports had every appearance of truth, and with those against whom he fought reports had every appearance of truth, and york, you will receive full instructions during the war, and who "felt we, in common with the whole Kansas press, coldly in the North toward the believe them. Whether threats were Union cause while the war went on." He or were not used, may perhaps remain descants with unfeigned delight upon the an open question, but it was generally so privilege of "friendly intercourse with asserted throughout the State, and it is diffimany of the most prominent generals of cult to perceive, if such was not the case, the Confederate army." He finds himself why the Indians should consent to sell their Just before starting put a hancfull of in perfect unity with them, and is thankful to know that "their views as to the present and by other and less powerful parties. That the just under the saddle. Then he will go people of Kansas are opposed to the transac- so fast that if you don't stick fast to him He recognizes no political enemies but the tion is evident from the earnest opposition of he will pitch) ou off. depublican party, and no political friends the newspapers, from the action of their repbut those that are sworn to overthrow its resentatives in Congress, and from the fact, go fast, drive round to our store and ask

also, that so far from the State deriving any us for a new pair of pantatoons. The Republican party gladly takes up this benefit from it, it actually loses in two direc- A ride on a horse going in this fashion issue. It gladly parts company with men tions; by receiving nothing, contrary to custom, calling themselves soldiers, thus determined tom, for its school fund, and by having onenounce the only party that preserved the sixth of its whole territory held by specu-Union and sustained the army during the lators, who will ask such exorbitant prices, for their new clothes is the Great Brown rebellion. It willingly goes before that rapid settlement will be prevented. No Stone Clothing Hall of the country upon the question which this same man can be made to believe that the Convention raises. While this "Soldiers people are anxious to give 800,000 acres of people are anxious to give 800,000 acres of a ROCKHILL & WILSON Convention" declares itself the humble ser-splendid land to the corporators of a vant of Wade Hampton and Forrest, of Buck miserable railroad, which has already been ner and Hill, and of all and everybody who richly endowed by the State, and which ever swore hostility to the Union and fought | will not touch the land at any point if it is country swells up indignantly against the means an assured fact. If we had no other dastardly confession, and rallies again around evidence that the settlers in the territory did the standard of the Union. That standard is | not favor the scheme, it would be amply sufstill upborne by Grant and Sheridan and ficient to know that the raliway company has Meade and Howard and Thomas, and all already fixed a price upon their established the noble host of officers and men who homes, much greater than they would have honestly believed during the war, and be had to pay either the Indians or the governlieve it now, that the party North and South, | ment. But we have other evidence of their which sustained what Andrew Johnson used | disapprobation, by the violent denunciation o call "the infernal rebellion," had and has of the scheme in the papers which represent nothing in common with the truly honorable these settlers, and give expression to their and loval soldier. The Republican party sentiments. How the United States as a wants nothing better than the action of this whole will gain anything by an oppressive envention for the great issue of the cam- and iniquitous fraud perpetrated upon a part

and those of Wade Hampton coincide. The fact is Mr. Taylor's letter is a bold Hampton has been at no pains to conceal his views. He has steadfastly held to transaction in which he is interested. That the doctrine that the rebel cause a Government officer, holding a responsible was ultimately to triumph, and the and important position should be found to be Convention for which General Ewing implicated in such a transaction is scanspeke yesterday avows its desire to aid that dalous. Mr. Taylor, so far from having riumph. Every rebel battle-flag would wave | cleared himself and his scheme from suspiin celebration of such a victory as the Demo- cion, has only demonstrated more forcibly the voting are true to the principles which partment, and this we hope Congress will do

An intensely Democratic paper in Paris, France, contains the following paragraph in FITLER, WEAVER & CO. a late number: "If the United States wants to pay off any old and their tools would have to treat the unwel-come visitor with as much politeness and kind-ness as if he were one of their own class." we sincerely hope President Johnson will and set upon this advice. He would be a sorry ious to the testimony and arguments of An- not act upon this advice. He would be a sorry

drew Johnson, Senator, as to the true policy representative of the American people in any Use whitman's Chocolate.—FOR DRINKING position, but if he went to Europe, and In his famous speech on the expulsion of Jesse swung round the circle" of the kingdoms Bright, he quoted at length from the re- as he did in our States, he would not only disport of John Quincy Adams, in the case of gust and dishearten the masses from whom Senator Smith, expelled for complicity with he boasts to have sprung, but he would conthe treason of Aaron Burr. The earnest firm the "despots" and the aristocracy in truth of Mr. Adams' argument suited Mr. their opinion that the very best thing in the ohnson well when he was building up that | world to do with a plebian, is to keep him in

STECK & CO.'S, AND HAINES BROTHERS
Planos, and Mason & Hamilin's Cabinet Organs,
only at J. E. GOULD'S New Store,
apl6-3m,rp Ne. 923 Chestnut street. HENRY PHILLIPPL CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

NO. 1024 BANBOM STREET, PHILADELPHIA. JOHN CRUMP, BUILDER,

JOHN CRUMP, BUILDER,

1721 CHESTNUT STREET,

and 312 LODGE STREET,

Mechanics of every branch required for househn
and fitting promptly furnished. WARBURTON'S IMPROVED. VENTILATED and escylitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the approved fashions of the season. Chestnut street, next door to the Post-office.

Ing Hose, &c.
Englineers and dealers will find a full assortment of
loodyear's Patent Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Packing
loodyear's Patent Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Packing
loodyear's Patent Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Packing
loody English Section 1 and 1 a door to the Post-office.

FOR SEA SIDE PROVISION BASKETS
Clothes Haupers, we have small and large sizes of
extra quality Brass Spring Padlocks, with duplicate keys
to each. For eale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight
Thirty-five) Markot street, below Ninth. MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT LOANED UPON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLACE, CLOTHING, JONES & CO.'S

OLD ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE,
Corner of Third and Gaskill surcets, TORREY'S "FIVE MINUTE" AND OTHER ICI Cream Freezers of standard reputation—and Ice Tools and Water Cool is For sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 825 (Eight-Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth Below Lombard.
B.-DIAMONDS. WATCHES, JEWELBY, GUNS. REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

CLOTOING. WATCHES, JEWELRY, &U. J.E.CALDWELL & Co. ON THE O'S EDVICABLE ON

rendration danished Have just received direct from Paris, a large invoice CHARLES AND THE HAR FRENCH JEWELRY. [Co-Partnership, July 1, 1868.] The public are admitted to an interest in all the

Half Sets, Sleeve Buttons, Medallion Necklaces Bracelets, Chains, &c., &c.,

902 CHESTNUT STREET.

a beautiful designs, the newest and choicest PARIS NOVELTIES. JEWELRY! JEWELRY

8. E. corner Tenth and Chestnut. NEW STORE. NEW GOODS. WRIGGINS & CO., (Formerly Wriggins & Warden, Fifth and Chestnut (Formerly Wiggins at Wardel, Fifth and cheshuly invite attention to their New Jowelry Store, S. E. corner TENTH and "BESTNUT Streets.
We are now prepared with our Extensive Stock to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS to Buyers.
WA FUHES of the most celebrated makers. JEWELRY and BILVER WARE, always the latest designs and best ualides.
Goods especially designed for BRIDAL PRESENTS.
Particular attention given to the Repairing
VATCHES and JEWELRY. WRIGGINS & CO.

CARPETINGS AND OIL CLOTHS. NEW CARPETINGS.

S. E. corner Tenth and Chestnut Streets.

Of the best French, English and American Manufacture, embracing Moquette, Chenille, Axmin-ster, Wilton's Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-Box No. Something-or-other. New ply Ingrains, Damask and Venetians. Also, Oil loths and Mattings, every quality, great variety

R. L. KNIGHT & SON. 1222 Chestnut Street.

BARGAINS. WE OFFER, FOR A SHORT TIME. CARPETINGS. Of All Kinds. MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c., At Low Prices.

E. H.GODSHALK & CO 728 Chestnut Street. THEO, E. WIEDERSHELM H. GOZEHALK.

SEWING MACHINES. 1106. REMOVAL. 1106. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY WM. E. COOPER, Agent. BANK STATEMENTS.

QUARLERLY REPORT COMMONWEALTH NA RESOURCES. 8 764.403 99 JULY 6, 1868. CLOTHING HOUSE. LIABILITIES

Point Breeze Park, Friday, July 10. Due to Banks and Bankers... Discount Account...... Profit and Loss.... B1 883,507 2 Mile heats best in five. Good day and track. LOVETT enters g. g. GEN. THOMAS. WAGNER enters s. g. FRANK WAGNER. VNER enters s. g. Harky. vilege of members introducing a male friend sus QUANTERLY REPORT OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA. FEANRFORD, Pa., July 6, 1868. RESOURCES. RESOURCES
U. 8. Bonds Deposited with the Treasurer U. 8. to secure et culation.
To secure Deposits.
U. 8. Scourities on hand.
Philadel; hia City Warrants. **NEW CORDAGE FACTORY** \$831,791 68 U.S. Legal Tender Notes..... 80,731 5 306 No. 22 N. WATER and 23 N. DEL. aven old..... ational Bank Notes and Fractional L. B. Three Per Cent. Certificates. 25,000 FOR RECREATION WE HAVE QUOITS, DUME Bells, and a variety of Groquet TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 885 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below beinth. 113,391 96 1,469 78 82 91 16 000 00 1,727 94 117,219 73 Cash Items and Revenue Stamps 81 081 684 00

STEPHEN F. WHITMAN. \$300,000 00 75,000 00 7,691 39 Btore, No. 1210 Market street 1868. -ELIAS HULL, FIRST-CLASS HAIR CUT 1868. ter, at Kopp's Shaving Salcon. Shave and bath only 25 cents. Razors set in order. Children's Hair Cut Open Sunday morning, 125 Exchange Place. It* G. C. KOPP. 81.081,684 WILLIAM H. SHELMERDINE, Cashie TINE WATCHES AT REDUCED PRICES. A FRESH
invoice, just received, by BROTHER, Importers,
je23-tfrp 524 Chestnut street, below Fourth. LTHA, July 6, 186 PHILADELPHA, JU RESOURCES. 81,195,762 92 BAAC NATHANS, AUCTIONEER, N. E. GORNEB
Third and Spruce streets, only one square below the
Exchange. 28:55,000 to loan in large or small amounts, on
diamonds, sliver plate, watches, jeweiry, and all goods of
value. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. 187 Established for the last forty years. Advances made in large
amounts at the lowest market rates. Legal tender notes and certi-RICH, RARE AND FASHIONABLE CONFECTIONS. ficates..... National bank notes. Fractional currency and stamps. For family use, for presents, and for tourists.
STEPHEN R. WHITMAN,
No. 1210 Market street Premiums.... Due from other banks... LIABILITIES

CORSETS. CORSETS. MADAME A. BARATET has removed her well-known corset establishment from 11s South Fitteenth street to 112 South Eleventh, below Chestnut, Philadelphia. Attention is invited to her beautiful light linen corset for summer my26 Smrp5 82,844,988 24 UBBERMACHINE PELTING, STEAM PACE \$2 844.988 2 JOSEPH P. MUMFORD. J. MAHAN WILL CALL AT ROOM NO. 45, AME MARRING WITH INDELIBLE INK. EMBROIDER ing, Braiding, Stamping, &c.

1868. SUMMER. 1868 EDWIN HALL & CO. NO. 28 SOUTH SECOND ST., HAVE A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Figured Silk Grenadines. Figured Silk Iron Bareges, Black Silk Grenadines. Heavy Mesh Iron Bareges, Black Grenadine Bareses Black Byzantines and Florentines, Black Grenadine Bareges. Iron Bareges from 75c. to \$7 per yard Rich Organdy Lawns,

Nest and Rich Styles of Lawns, Brown Ground Lawns. Lawn Robes, Figured Pequets, Percales, &c., Summer Sikks and Poplins.

> BLACK AND WHITE LACE POINTS. Black and White Lace Rotundas. Real Shetland Shawls. Imitation Shetland Shawls, White Llama Wool Shawls,

White Grenadine Shawls. White Barege Shawls, Black Silk Mantles. Ladies' Suits Ready-Made of Silks and other Materials. Suits made to order at the shortest notice.

NO. 28 SOUTH SECOND ST.

Spring Trade.

EDWARD FERRIS.

No. 36 South Eleventh Street.

Piques & Welts, Plaid and Striped Sainsooks, Hamburg Edgings and Inscriings, Needle-work Edgings and Inscriings meedle-work Rugings and insertings.
Imitation and Real Valencieunes Laces,
Jaconet Muslins,
Soft Cambries,
Swiss Muslins,
French Muslins, &c., &c.

A general assortment of

Which he offers to the trade at Importer's prices, thu saving Retail Dealers the Jobber's profit.

N. B.—The special attention of Manufacturers of Children's Clothing is solicited.

in 224m th s

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!! One of the finest assortment of Teas (New Crop) eve offered to the citizens of Philadelphia, now in store, and will be sold to families by the package at wholesale prices FAMILY FLOUR. Made from prime quality of Southern White Wheat, from SALMON!

New Smoked and Spiced Salmon, just received. Families going to the country can have their goods carefully packed and delivered, free of charge, to any of the depots in Philadelphia. All our Groceries are sold at the CRIPPEN & MADDOCK (Late W. L. Maddock & Co.,)

Importers and Dealers in Fine Groceries, Winez, &c. 115 S. Third Street, below Chestnut. NEW

SMOKED AND SPICED

Just Received by

THOMPSON BLACK'S SON & CO... Broad and Chestnut Streets.

PURNITURE, ac.

FINE

FURNITURE

GEO. J. HENRELS. LACY & CO., Thirteenth and Chestnut Streets ROUCH. FITZGERALD & BROWN 1235 OHESTNUT STREET.

TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS.

Cool's companion in the cell was wakened by the blood dripping in his face, and found Cool to LATER CABLE NEWS he dead. His trial commenced vesterday. From Massachusetts.

Holyoke, Mass. July 7.—Three persons were drowned while crossing the Connecticut river at the ferry at this place yesterdsy. They are supposed to have been Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Davis and their son, of Springfield. London and Paris Money Markets LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET. Weather Heports

FROMNEWYORK July 7. THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. MORE PLATFORM TINKERS. Platform Reported.

A Set of Glittering Generalities

A Set of Glittering Generalities.

By the Atlantic Cable.

London, July 7, A. M.—The money market is declining. Consols, for money, 94%@95; and for account, 95. American securities quiet and steady. Bonds, 78%@75%; Erie, 46; Illinois Central, 101%.

Paris, July 7.—The Bourse is steady. Rentes, 70f.

Frankfort, July 7, A. M.—U.S. Five-twentics, 1000 Ca Am 65 28 its 91% 500 sh Sch Nav pf its 21% 500 sh Sch and steady. Cheese quiet and steady.

LONDON, July 7.—Sugar to arrive. 26s. No

whale oil in market.

Brist, July 7.—Arrived. Paris, from New York, June 27. Sourgaseprov Inly 7 .- Arrived, steam mann, from New York. QUEENSTOWN, July 7.—Arrived. of Paris, from New York. LONDON, July 7. P. M.—The financial market is unchanged. Linseed Oil at #32 5s. LIVERPOOL, July 7, P.M.—Cotton firmer; sales of 12,000 bales. Beef 108s. 6d. Pork dull. Lard firm. Cheese buoyant. ANTWERP, July 7, P. M .- Petroleum i LONDON, July 7th, P. M.—American securities are quiet, but firmer. Illinois Central, 1013/@ 0114. Atlantic and Great Western. 35. MANCHESTER, July 7th, P. M.—The market for yarns and fabrics is firmer and higher.

LIVERPOOL, July 7th, P. M.-Corn is firm. Wheat firmer but not quotably higher.

LIVERPOOL, July 7, 3,30 P. M.—The shipments of cotton from Bombay to the 30th ult. since ast report, for one week, were 4,000 bales. Peas quiet. California wheat steady. Oats Democratic Convention NEW YORK, July 7 .- The police arrangement

this morning on Fourteenth street are excellent. All crowding at the doors of Tammany Hall is prevented by a line of police, who permit none but colders of tickets to the Convention to approach the building.

At 10 o'clock the delegates were generally on hand, and the galleries were filled with spectators, as also were all the seats appropriated to the ladies. Prior to calling the Convention to last six months, payable on demand, clear of all tax, to stockholders or their legal representatives.

Mesers. De Haven and Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to day, at 1P. M.: United States Sixes. 1831, 113 1134; do. do., 1852, 113(3)113/2 (do. do., 1855, 113/2)113/2 (do. do., 1855, 113/2)113/2 (do. do., 1855, 113/2)113/2 (do. do., 1856, 113/2)113/2 (do. do., 1856, 113/2)113/2 (do. do., 1857, 185/2)13/2 (do. do., 185/2)13/2 (do., 185/2)13/2 (do order the hall was filled with rumors. Some of Pendleton's friends say that combinations have been made which render his defeat certain. President at 10.40. Prayer was offered by the eRev. Mr. Plummer, who referred with appropri-

Fives. Ten-forties. 107610734: Beven-thirties, second ceries. 108%@108%; do. third series. 108%@108%. Market duil.

E. Mezerz. Wallace & Keene. 42 South Third street, quote Border State Bonds as follows, viz: Tennessess old. 71%@71%; do. new. 56%@52; Virginias old —@77; do. new. 56%@52; North Carolinas old. 75%; do. new. 74@752; Missouris. 91%@91%.

Philadelphia Produce Market.
TUEDNA, July 7.—There is not much activity in the Flour market, and the inquiry is entirely from the home concumers, who purchased principally of medium and choice brands of Spring Wheat family. Sales of superfine at \$7.50% \$8.56. Karra at \$8.50% \$8.26. 500 barrels of Northwestern Extra Family at \$9.50; 200 barrels of Northwestern Extra Family at \$9.50; 200 barrels Minnesota do. do. at \$10.00 kg. 10.57; Pennsylvania and Uhio do. at \$10.0 On motion of Mr. Bigler, of Pennsylvania, the reading of yesterday's journal was dispensed Mr. Wright, of Delaware, submitted a series of resolutions from Alexander H. Stephens.of Georgia, which he asked to have read and referred. The name of Stephens was loudly cheered.

The resolutions were read by the Secretary. The resolutions declare adherence to the Union; union of States, and that the doctrines of Jefferson should be reaffirmed, and the necessity of bringing the Government back to their observance; that the Democratic party, in sustaining the Federal during the late war did so in good faith to susdignities of all the States unimpaired; that the per ton.

Seeds—Clover Seed is scarce and held at 85@\$7. Timothy ranges from \$2 25 to \$2 75. Flaxseed is selling to the cruehers at \$2 50@\$3 8. Flaxseed is selling to the Provisions are dull, and prices have a downward ten highest meed of patriotism is due to all who perilled life and fortune for the maintenance of the Union, but we have no thanks for those who Whisky-Prices are nominal. carried on the war for the subjugation of the States or to subject the white to the black race. Mr. Richardson (Ill.) moved that all resolutions hereafter submitted be referred without

Richardson would withdraw his motion.

Suicide of a Murderer.

CLEVELAND, July 7 .- John Cool, who killed

The New York Money Market. [From the N. Y. Herald, of to-day]

JULY 6.—The week has opened on an easier mo
market than we had in the beginning of the month,
the general rate for loans on call was four per cent. C
microial paper continues very scarce, and the best grad
in request at 5636 per cent. The quarterly statements
all the national banks having now been made up,
rency will return to this centre, where the supply prom
to be superabundant until Occober, when an advance reading. If the Convention took any other course it would make some mistake, and commit itself to something it would not maintain on the motion to all resolutions relating to the plat-Mr. Cox said the Committee on Resolutions was now ready to report, and he hoped that Mr. A delegate from California sent up the resolu-The stork market was on the whole steady throughout the day but rather dull. The speculative feeling of the street continues bullish and the tendency of prices is up ward. The settlement of the difficulties formerly existing between the Erie directors and the Vanderbilt party has not yet been responded to by the stock, but there is probably no eignificance in this circumstance. The crop prospects continue unusually good in all sections of the country, and the current earnings of all the railways are so large that the bears are discouraged from selling their stocks, while the bulls are emboldened to extend their operations. tions of the labor convention of California against negro nominations; in favor of the eight hour rule as Democratic doctrine. Mr. Richardson insisted on his motion to refer the table, which was rejected.

The question was then taken on Mr. Richardson's motion referring all resolutions without so large that the pears are decouraged from summy their stocks, while the bulls are emboldened to extend their operations.

The gold market has been strong to-day and moderately active, while the current of speculation was mainly for a rise. The fluctuations were, however, limited to \(\frac{1}{2} \) per cent—mainly from 140\(\frac{1}{2} \) to 140\(\frac{1}{2} \), with the closing trans actions at 140\(\frac{1}{2} \). The borrowing demand for coin was well supplied, owing to the Treasury disbursements, and loans were made at 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) per cent, for carrying. The gross clearings amounted to \$23.800 000, the gold ballances to \$1.839,855, and the currency balances to \$1.839,855, and the corrency balances to \$1.839,855, and the currency balances to \$1.839,855, and \$1.939, Mr. Price, of Missouri, here took the chair. Before the vote was taken on Mr. Richardson's Mr. Murphy, of New York, rose to report from

the Committee on Resolutions the Platform agreed upon, and which he sent to the Chair, where they were read by Mr. Murphy. They declare that the Democratic party, reposing trust in the intelligence and justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution, recognizing slavery and secession as settled by the which issued does not provide for payment in coin, should be paid in lawful money of the United States. [Prolonged cheers.]

Fourth—Equal taxation of all property, including Government bonds. [Cheers | cult to pass under 7 per cent
The Government bond market was dull throughout the
day, but the investment demand of small purchasers is
steady. The foreign bonds are firmer than the domestic.
The gold market opened and closed at 140%, at 3 P. M.,
ranging from 140% to 160%. The rates paid for carrying
were 2, 3, 3% per cent. After the board adjourned the protations were 140% to 140%.

The foreign exchange market is firm, with free offerness of sight sterling bills at 110%, drawn against bonds, which limit business in the sixty-day bills, for which prime bankers ask 110% to 110%. tion of the army and navy, abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau [Cheers] and of the inquisi-torial modes of collecting revenue, tariff for reve-The Latest Quotations from New York nne, and such equal taxation, under internal reve opted citizens against the doctrine of immi

June 27th, cut his throat, last night, in his cell-BY TELEGRAPH. FROMNEWYORK

> FIRST AND SECOND BALLOT Pendleton on the Lead ANDY SECOND IN THE RACE. Judge Chase's Name Not Mentioned National Democratic Convention.

Weather.
Clear.
do.
Hazy.
Clear.
Cloudy
Hazy.
Clear.

placed at 4%@5 per cent. and other collaterals at 5@5 per cent. The merchant, as a general thing, are doing but tittle business, and their want are extremely limited. The transactions at the Stock Board this morning were again small, and without any noticeable fluctuation in prices. Government bonds were a shade higher, and State loans were held very firmly. City Sixea, new issuesed at 10234@103, an advance of \$4; the old certificates closed at 10234@103, an advance of \$4; Camden and Amboy Bailroad cold at 1224—an advance of \$4; Camden and Amboy Bailroad cold at 1224—an advance of \$5; Lehigh Navigation closed firm at 22.

Bank shares were unchanged.

The merchant, as a general thing, are doing but tittle business, and that the motion to reconsider the vote just taken, and that the motion to reconsider lie on the table. Agreed to.

Mr. Seymour said it was very important that the Convention, before proceeding to ballot, abould clearly understand what the two-thirds about the convention, before proceeding to ballot, and the true convention about the convention about the convention about the convention and the clear about the convention and the clear about t Solution closed firm at 22.

Bank shares were unchanged.

Passenger Hallroad shares were held with more confidence.

The Board of Managers of the Mine Hill and Schuytkill Haven Hallroad Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent. equal to two dollars per share, payable on and after the 16th inst.

and said if there should be any doubt upon the true operation and effect of said rule, he invited discussion and some form of resolution by the Convention which should determine whether two-thirds of the entire Convention, or. if the vote should not be full, two-thirds of all those voting, should determine the ballot.

Mr. Richardson moved that two-thirds of all county of Philadelphia, have declared a dividend of three per cent. payable on and after the 17th inst.

The Directors of the Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities have declared a dividend on their capital stock of five per cent. for the last six months, payable on demand, clear of all tax, to last six months, payable on demand, clear of all tax, to last six months, payable on demand, clear of all tax, to last six months, payable on man would be a six of the country. We want not only to nominate, but to win, and he hoped no man would be a six of the country. The same and the same of the country was not voted for by two-

be nominated here who was not voted for by two-thirds of all the delegates. He hoped there would be no change of the rule as keretofore ob-served, and that the Richardson resolution would not be adopted. [Cheers.] He wanted a would not be adopted. [Cheers.] He wanted a nomination made only by the concurrent judgment of two-thirds of all the delegates from all the States. [Applause.]

Mr. Richardson rose to reply, but gave way to Mr. Clymer, of Pennsylvania, who as Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, said the committee unanimously supposed, in the control of the two thirds who

tion.

Mr. Hoyt, of Maryland, attempted to offer an amendment to Mr. Richardson's resolution, but the latter withdrew his resolution, and the amendment fell with it.

The chair announced that as the resolution had been withdrawn by world rule as we ruled. had been withdrawn, he would rule as was ruled at the Baltimore and Charleston Conventions, that two thirds of the entire number of delegates shall be necessary to a nomination. The decision as rendered at Baltimore was read by the Secre-He then urged the audience to be quiet and

repress any manifestations to influence the result of the deliberations of the Convention. After some unimportant discussion of points of order, Mr. Bigler moved that the Secretaries of the Con vention act as tellers. Agreed to.
A Nevada delegate inquired whether after the A Nevada delegate inquired whether after the nominations are closed to-day, any new candidates can be brought forward.

The Chair replied that the Convention could at any time bring forward new candidates. Subsequently he said it was in order, under the resolution already adopted, for any State to now bring forward its candidates.

The Secretary proceeded to call the roll in order to give an opportunity for States to present their candidates.

The Secretary proceeded to call the roll in order to give an opportunity for States to present their candidates. nominations are closed to-day, any new candidates can be brought forward.

The Chair replied that the Convention could at ent their candidates.

Mr. Eaton. of Connecticut, referred to the Mr. Eaton, of Connecticut, referred to the gloom which hung over the Democratic party at the close of the war, and retained the convention that Connecticut was the first State to pierce the gloom by the election of a Democratic Governor, James E. English, whom Connecticut now presents as her candidate.

Mr. Richardson, of Illinois, said he would vote for Mr. Pendleton, but would leave Ohio to make

Hancock. [Cheers.]

Mr. Emory, of Maine, on behalf of the minority Mr. Emory, of Maine, on behalf of the minority of the Maine delegation, and in behalf of the laboring masses, nominated George H. Pendleton. Great cheering in the gallery. New Jersey nominated Ex-Governor Joel Parker, for whom she claimed a national reputation, stating that while he earnestly supported the national government throughout the war, he never consented to any usurpation of the rights of the citizens. of the citizens.

Mr. Tilden, of New York, by a unanimov vote of the delegation, nominated Sanford I Church, whom he eulogized as a statesman of er larged experience, and a man who has alway achieved success before the people.

General McCook, of Ohio, by the unanimous voice of her convention, placed in nomination George H. Pendleton. [Cheers.]

Mr. Woodward, of Pennsylvania, by unanimous vote of the delegation, nominated Hon. As Packer. He declared that this nomination was not intended as a mere compliment. The delegation They intended to stand by him as long as shou seem necessary to give the Convention enough to rally to his support. The Spe enough to rany to his support. The Speaker proceeded at some length to present the candidate's public and private merits, and had not concluded when the five minutes allotted to each speaker expired. Time was called, but by unanimous consent Mr. Woodward was permitted to go on. Mr. Packer's name was greeted with a polarge minuted with a few cheers.

go on. Mr. Facker's name was greeted with ap-plause, mingled with a few cheers. Mr. Nelson, of Tennessee, rose to present the name of one whose claims and qualifications he set forth in a few earnest and forcible remarks, concluding by nominating Andrew Johnson. [Great cheering both among the delegates and spectators, renewed and long continued.] Mr. Smith, of Vermont, nominated the only Democratic Governor of New England, James E. Cheers. Mr. Clark, of Wisconsin, in behalf of a majority of the delegation, nominated James R. Doolittle.

The roll was then called on the i with the following result: THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. Mr. Price, of Missouri, assumed the chair here.
Five minutes having been allowed for consultation, the roll was called on the second ballot,

The Democratic Platform

[Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.]
NEW YORK, July 7.—The platform as reported is earnestly discussed by delegates this A. M. southerners accept it as sound; Westerners find fault only with the clause repudiating the doctrine of repudiation.

Pendleton's friends are in despair. Chase stock

Pendleton's friends are in despair. Chase stock

Pendleton's friends are in despair. Chase stock

Call was suspended.

Pennsylvania asked and obtained leave to that on the 6th ballot his strength will have greatly increased. The Indiana delegation are now holding a secret meeting at which the name

belongs exclusively to the control of each state, 100 sh do ss 483-16 and that Congress has usurped it in violation of the constitution.

15000 Penna cp 5s 100 | 100 sh do ss 483-16 2700 City se new 103 | 200 sh do ss 60 29 | 100 sh do ss 6 time of the House with articles, nor with the evi-

dence taken before the Judiciary Committee at their former investigation.

He would ask to have them printed, and would only read what he had to say in support of his should be read, which Mr. Stevens began to do in feeble voice. He shortly gave way to Mr. McPherson, who finished it for him.

Very little attention was paid to the reading by

sible in the gallery to hear much, either of the not intend to ask action on the subject at this The Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention New York, July 7th.—The Convention was adjourned on Monday to 10 A. M. of to-day, but at the hour named a very slim attendance was

found.

The probability being that owing to the confused debate which occurred at the time of the adjournment on Monday, the time to which the adjournment was made was misunderstood by a WASHINGTON, July 7.
SENATE.—Mr. Morgan (N. Y.) presented a petition from citizens of New York protestinggainst any cession of the Yo-Semite Valley to private parties. Referred to the Committee of adjournment was made was misunderstood by a majority of the delegates, a motion to adjourn till 12 o'clock was made and carried. Marine Intelligence. tion in relation to the settlement of accounts of certain officers and agents, who have disbursed public money under direction of the Chief of New York, July 7.—Arrived, steamer France,

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY'S Mortgage Bonds due in 1898. Cent., payable on the first day of

June and December of each vear. Free from State and United States Taxes. Company, in use on the said Railroads.
This mortgage is a first lien on all of the above Roads, except 46 miles, from Easton to Mauch chunk, on which it is preceded by a mortgage for \$1,500,000 due in 1873, the coupon or registered are offered at ninety five per centum with interest from the day of sale, free from State and

CHAS. C. LONGSTRETH, Treasurer OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD, COMPANY, No. 303 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CONVERTED INTO Or Bought at Highest Market Rates. DREXEL & CO. BANKERS.

34 South Third Street.

CLARK'S GOLD MEDAL RANGE JOHN S. CLARK'S. 1008 Market Street, Philadelphia

The Directors have this day declared a Dividend on their capital stock of Five Per Cent, for the last six months, which will be paid to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on damagnetic stockholders, or their

3:15 O'Clock LATER CABLE OUOTATIONS FROMNEWYORK DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

nd New Hampshire.
Mr. Trumbull (Ill.) called up the bill to revive

350, and the acts amendatory thereof. He e

Judges of the Supreme Court was repealed; some of the Justices of the Supreme Coubted whether their authority to call Dis

pose of compensation for expenses thus incu-He opposed the amendment.

written to affect the pending bill for the creation of a second District Court in California, it was

ery strange that it had not been sent to one

e Senators from California. He reiterated

the senators from California. He reiterated hi statement in regard to the business of the Cali-fornia District Court.

Mr. Conkling, as a personal friend of Judge Hoffman, said his character was too well known

or stores and articles used by the engineer partment in the army of the United States.

SPECULATING ON THE RESULT. 3d.4thand5th Ballots STILL NO CHOICE. SIXTH BALLOT AND NO CHOICE LONDON, July 7th, Evening.—Consols, 94%@
95, for money and account. Five-twenties, 73%
@73%. Eric, 46. Illinois Central, 102.
LIVENPOOL, July 7, Evening.—Cotton sales, 12,000 bales. Barley 4s. 11d. Peas 43s. 6d.
Petroleum firm. Sugar heavy.
Antwerr, July 7, Evening.—Petroleum active at 51f. Adjourned Until 11 A. M. To-Morrov WASHINGTON MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.

FIFTH EDITION

BY TELEGRAPH

The Chase Movement

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTI

4:00 O'Clo

The Democratic Convention.

[Continued from Third Edition.]

Mr. Scott, of Pennsylvania, moved to adjourn till 4 o'clock P. M., but withdrew it on the appeal of friends. (Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.)
NEW YORK, July 7.—Chase has not yet been of friends.
Mr. McCook, of Ohio, asked a revision of the Mr. McCook, of Ohio, asked a revision of the last ballot, stating that there was an error some where. It was found on investigation that the vote of Maryland had been erroneously rendered, and that the total vote for Pendleton was 104 and for Hancock 40½.

A motion for a recess till four o'clock P. M. was made and lost.

The call of the roll on the third ballot was begun. Pennsylvania asked and obtained leave to retire for consultation, and in the meantime the call was suspended.

THIRD BALLOT.

Virginia on the third ballot went to Pendleton of Chase will be presented, strongly backed by The Southern delegates will probably withdraw Packer, of Pennsylvania, or English, of Connecticut. They say that Chase cannot stand upon a Democratic platform, and they will not support him unless he expresses himself more fully this afternoon. Church has a strong party, but will not stand long.

Hancock's followers are active. They count woon the undivided support of the Southern delayers.

upon the undivided support of the Southern delegations on the seventh or eighth ballot. A strong effort is now being made to effect and adnment, but the result was vet doubtfu The Democratic Convention. (Continued from Fourth Edition.)
After some delay the vote of Indiana was an-

SIXTH BALLOT.

Missouri cast half vote less than her full vote.
Vote ordered by States, on motion to adjourn
until 6 o'clock, P.M. Lost.
Motion to adjourn till to-morrow carried. Enormous Frauds in the Mississippi Election.
[Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.] WASHINGTON, July 7 .-- A letter to the Congressional Executive Committee from the Chairman of the Republican Committee in Mississippl, dated Vicksburg, July 3, says the indications are that the rebel party has carried the State. It says enormous frauds have been perpetrated and many loyal men and negroes have been kept moval of McDowell, who, he says was the only good military man they ever had. The river counties, where the most soldiers are and where the voters were protected, give fifteen private parties. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Wilson (Mass.) called up the joint resolution. The other letters give some hopes. They say the telegraph is entirely in the control of the rebels,

at three o'clock, reached the Bank Sections the Tax bll, and carried a motion to strike then The Finance Committee's amendments to the House bill have been uniformly agreed to, and the bill stands very nearly as printed. The Senate is now acting on some further amendments moved by the committee, none o

ned that a year ago the salaries of most of the which affect the general character of the bill. From the progress already made, it looks as if Judges out of their Districts was not also thereby repealed by implication, and desired this declar-ation that that provision was now in force. the Senate and the House would both get through with it, and the bill will be in the hands of th Conference Committee by the close of the week.

[Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.] Washington, July 7th.—The Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads will probably there.
Messrs. Conness, Cole and Corbett testified to report a substitute for the long span bridge bill the same state of facts, and
Mr. Williams moved to amend, by providing
that the District Judge of Oregon receive his exwhich passed the House yesterday. Their view fixed by a Board of Engineers from the War Depenses for holding a Circuit Court in San Franpartment. A number of railroad men are here, cisco.

Mr. Trumbull reminded the Senate that the inlooking after their interests in this matter. The Nominations Before the Senate. Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. Mr. Conkling (N. Y.), as having been a member of the Committee of Conference on the bi making the increase last year, corroborated th on Foreign Relations, at their meeting this morning, decided to report against the confirmation of H. A. Smythe as Minister to Austria. It was determined to take no action on the nomination of Stillwell, as Minister to Vene-

> Cancus of Republican Senators. [Special Despatch to the Phila. Evening Bulletin,] WASHINGTON, July 7.—The Republicans in th Senate held a caucus this morning on Mr. Edmunds's bill for the next meeting of Congress on the third Monday in November, but deter mined nothing. The Revised Warehousing System. [Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.]
> WASHINGTON, July 7.—Mr. Morrell's bill revis-

to require any defence of his veracity here.

After a few further remarks from Mr. Conne After a few further remarks from Mr. Contests the amendment was rejected, and the bill passes Whereupon, the morning hour having expire the consideration of the Tax bill was resumed. House.—Mr. Delano (Ohio) introduced a bit to provide for the payment of a certain deman ing the warehousing system, after considerable debate, was referred to the Ways and Means Committee, on motion of Schenck and others erred to Committee on Claims.

Mr. Boutwell (Mass.) introduced a bill to fi: who called it the tariff bill in disguise. The the time for holding the terms of the United States District Court in Virginia. Referred to House is now in Committee of the Whole on the Valsussia appropriation. The Treaty With Siam.

States District Court in Virginia. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Van Horn (N. Y.) asked leave to offer a resolution making the Niagara ship canal bill a special order for the 10th of December next.

Mr. Holman (Ind.) objected.

Mr. Julian (Ind.) offered a preamble and resolution reciting the fact of a so-called treaty between the Potowattomie Indians and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, by which 342,000 acres of Indian lands, were transferred at the retter of one dellar an agree mon WASHINGTON, July 7.-An amendment to the treaty with Siam, to the effect that our ships may now go up to Bangkok by simply unloading nition, as heretofore, was ratified in the Senat The Beath of Peter Cagger.

ms and papers. Adopted.
Mr. Stevens (Pa.)—I rise to a question of privinge. I desire to introduce a resolution, and to ollow it with some remarks, but will not ask ods under the wreck. Cagger was instantly killed. Mr. Develin was erlously injured, and it is feared will not recover. They were on their way to attend the reception at the Manhattan club. Mr. Cagger's remains are at St. Luke's Hospital, and will leave for Al-

Among its prominent members are A few years ago, Andrew Johnson refew men who were good soldiers under garded these searching questions as unanswer-