BUSINESS NOTICES.

Drap d'Ete Sack Coats.—
Fancy colors Cloth Sack Coats, full weight
Fancy colors Cloth Chesterfields, light weight
Black Sack Coats, white and colored.
Linen, Drap d'Ete and Linen Vests.
Pants and Linen Pants, large assortment.
Prices.
Artists of Clothing suited to the season for Men Boys and Children, new, fresh and fashionable produced daily, and selling rapidly at prices guaranteed lower than the lowest elsewhere, and full satisfaction guaranteed every purchaser, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.
GRANT WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, S. E. Cor. MARKET and SIXTH Streets, PHILADELPHIA.
Lower 600 BROADWAY, New York.

Taking Medicine to cure diseases occasioned by a deficiency of Iron in the Blood, without restoring it to the system, is like trying to repair a building when the foundation is gone. The Peruvian Syrup (a preparation of Iron) supplies this deficiency and builds up a broken constitution. 5rp7-6t

CONRAD MEYER, INVENTOR AND Manufacturer of the celebrated Iron Frame Trusses, has received the Prize Medal of the World's Great Exhibition, London, 1862. The Simplest, Easiest, and Cheapest Truss in existence. Warehouse, 629 Arch Street. Established 1857. 3p5m w s6m

EVENING BULLETIN.

Wednesday, July 1, 1868.

Persons leaving the city for the summer, wishing to have the EVENING BULLETIN sent to them, will please send their address to the Office. Price, by mail, 75 cents per month.

ANNEXATION OF GREENLAND AND ICELAND.

When Mr. Seward surprised the world with his treaties for the purchase of Walrussia and the Danish West Indies, the sober portion of people proposed that he should also buy Greenland, to balance Walrussia on the northeast, and the Sandwich Islands, to balance the Danish Islands in the southwest. The idea, then ridiculed in jest, seems on the point of becoming a reality. It is announced from Washington that Secretary Seward is about to issue from the Government Printing Office, his full and interesting account of Greenland and Iceland, with official reports of their population, resources, climate and history, which will be laid before the Senate with a new batch of Alaska and the treaty be but a new one with Denmark? What can it be for, but the purchase of Greenland and Iceland, and their annexation to Walrussia? Then we have, also, strange rumors from Honolulu of annexation to the United States, and of parties for and against it; these rumors leading to the conclusion that there have been secret negotiations carried on by parties representing our government. At all events, they have gone so far that the King is reported to have declared that if annexation is determined, he would join the kingdom under the protection of Great Britain.

Greenland and Iceland business is looking more and more imminent. It is before the public rather inopportune the Walrussia and the St. Thomas treaties have not yet been ratified, and there is every supposition to both in Congress. But Mr. Seward feels that his time as Secretary of State is short. His friends of administration have nearly run their course. Only eight months of Andrew Johnson's term of the Presidency remain. Thank Heaven! It is not to be expected that Secretary Grant, when he becomes President, will consent to keep Mr. Seward in the State Department. So, in furtherance of his grand idea of making all North America, including Greenland, one Republic, Mr. Seward is constrained to hurry before Congress and the public his voluminous history of Greenland and Iceland, with a new treaty about them. It is a refreshing subject, and we hope this subject thus quietly presented at this particular season. Visions of Greenland's icy mountains incorporated in the United States are refreshing, when through all the war. And so the tribes of the Democracy go up together to the Democratic Jerusalem to worship at the shrine of St. Tammany, and to put themselves once more in battle array against the old Army of the Republic. It is a motley host that is thus marching upon New York. Here and there in the ranks goes an apostate Republican like Doolittle, but the great mass is the same old host that the loyal North confronted here at home and on every Southern battle-field.

It is well for the cause of liberty that this Democratic Convention thus openly welcomes the undisguised rebel element into its councils. In 1866, it was timidly feared that the presence of Fernando Wood and Vallandigham would damage the respectability of the Wigwam Convention. But Mr. Doolittle and his party have gotten bravely over any such delicate qualms of conscience. Now the worst rebel is the most welcome guest, and the Northern Democracy, casting off all shame, and all pretence of sympathy with the cause of the Union, proclaims its readiness to recommit the grave business of making a President of the United States to the very individuals who were, but yesterday, trampling constitution, and laws, and sacred oaths, under bloody feet, in their mad effort to destroy the government which they now aspire to control and direct.

There is a glorious impudence about this Democratic Convention which will be its own best antidote. Searching about for an available candidate who will be thoroughly acceptable to the rebel element of the country, some man will be put up as the representative of the interests of the rebellion, upon a platform which, however speciously framed, will mean but one thing, *the regaining of the lost cause.* It matters not one whit who the nominee may be. He may be anyone of the legion of published aspirants, or he may be some man not yet named. In the mad struggle of opposing factions, no one can safely predict the result. A new name may Chase and Pendleton, the Hancocks and McClellans, the Johnsons, Seymours, Blairs and Hendricksen, who are entered for the race, it is doubtful if there will be any dark horse, some new man like Buckalew of Pennsylvania, for instance, may be put upon the track. But all will be required to accept the same mission, and to set up the Confederacy that General Grant, three years ago, tore down. The platform may be cunningly worded, but the character of the men now passing through Philadelphia to construct it, leaves no doubt of its real meaning.

SPARROWS AND WORMS.

After such a dispensation of the worm nuisance as Philadelphia has just experienced, there can be no excuse for not trying the only experiment which seems to offer any good hope of relief. The evil has reached a point so grievous that the question must soon be settled whether we are to have any shade trees or not. Every species of tree now used in Philadelphia for shade, except the ailanthus, which is a worse nuisance in itself than the most worm-infested of its neighbors, has been attacked by these disgusting pests, and their myriad increase is now spreading into the neighboring rural districts, where they will soon be as serious a plague as they now are in the city.

All the artificial means that have been adopted to arrest the ravages of the worms have failed. Either the means themselves were ineffective, or there is a practical difficulty in securing their general application, so that each person owning shade trees is liable to have his precautions nullified by the carelessness of his neighbor. The natural means of protection are the cultivation of animals that are the best, and where a lower order of animals would otherwise increase too rapidly, superior orders are provided whose instincts prompt them destroyers of what would otherwise become destructive. The insectivorous birds are the true remedy against the herbivorous worms and caterpillars, and unless this remedy is at once applied, our beautiful shade trees will not be worth saving.

The introduction of the English house sparrow into this country has been a success wherever it has been properly fitted. In the New York parks and squares, where it has been domesticated, the worms have entirely disappeared, while in other parts of the city they are as numerous as in Philadelphia. A single pair of these little birds will destroy 4,000 caterpillars or worms in a single week, while their rapid increase is so rapid that a few pairs of them would soon stock all of our public squares, and rid them and their neighborhoods of this yearly increasing pest.

The cost of trying this natural experiment must be very trifling, and if taken in hand now, so that the birds may become domesticated in their new homes before next spring, there is every reason to believe that Philadelphia will speedily be delivered from a nuisance almost as intolerable as foul gutters and unswept streets. Councils cannot do anything for the public comfort that will cost so little money and meet with such general approval as the importation of a few hundred of these voracious little birds. Once fairly established in the public squares, citizens will find means to distribute them in other parts of the city; the beautiful trees which have so long been the comfort and ornament of Philadelphia will be saved from destruction, and the horrid nuisance inflicted by these dangling, black worms will be effectively and permanently abated.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN ENGLAND.

By an absurd and inexcusable oversight in the draft of the Reform Bill, passed by Parliament last Session, the people of Great Britain have been saved the discussion of a branch of the suffrage question which is likely to assume considerable importance in future movements of political reform in this country. In defining the qualifications necessary to the new voter, the English reform bill strangely omitted all reference to sex. It conferred the right of franchise upon certain freeholders, and payers of taxes and rents of specified amounts; but, ignoring the somewhat important fact that there are women in this world, and that they sometimes disburse moneys, it failed to state that they should be excluded. The fact that the bill was read was the subject of exciting discussions, without this important omission being discovered, in an unpleasant evidence that the representatives of the English people have not a great deal of penetration. It was clearly the design of the friends of the bill to extend the new franchises only to persons of the male sex. But in this instance, at least, the law beam is larger rather than a spiritual interpretation, and no one has been bold enough to deny that under it women have a right to cast votes.

Last year, as far as we can learn, but one heroic woman in all Britain had courage enough to appear at the polls and offer her ballot. It was not refused, and her example has already found imitators. She was the apostle of a new political dispensation, and the single deed was most effective preaching. In one English borough, this year, it is said that six hundred women have been registered as legal voters, and while we have no information from other quarters, it is fair to suppose that others of the fair sex throughout the kingdom have done likewise. English foggy, clime is considerably frightened, and some of the ungallant males who inhabit the afflicted borough of Bradford have addressed a communication to the Home Secretary, inquiring if registry of "females," as the women are contemptuously styled, is legal. The Home Secretary is a cautious man, and while he is evidently very much opposed to the new order of things, he is painfully conscious of the helplessness of the vanquished males under the stupidly constructed law. He therefore indulges in a little circumlocution, and instead of boldly stating the truth, he asserts, first, that it is not his duty to interpret the acts of Parliament, and secondly, that "it is clear that Parliament did not intend to give votes to women." This latter sentence is a confession of weakness. The bold British woman does not care anything about Parliamentary intentions. She has the plain, hard, uncontrovertible fact, and she intends to act upon that. It is probable that she will never be denied the right. The present Parliament is too deeply engaged in the discussion of new reforms, to attempt to remodel old ones. The next Parliament will be elected partially by woman suffrage, and there will be no danger then, for no politician in this sinful world ever yet voted to disfranchise his own constituents.

The ultra Democratic journals which advocate the whole creed of the party, including opposition to negro, suffrage, reconstruction and all the old issues which are as dead as the Jackson Bank quarrel, are excited and alarmed because of a proposition to introduce the ballot for the choice of a candidate at the New York Copperhead Convention. A strong effort is being made to have this done, and papers of the above description are denouncing the system as in the highest degree dangerous and hurtful to the best interests of the party. Precisely why the movement meets with such violent opposition is not fairly stated, but it is very evident. It may be thought advisable to incorporate into the Democratic platform a few planks upon which such men as Pendleton cannot stand. And it may consequently become necessary for the party to select a candidate whose views are more liberal than those at present held by the great untertified. Of course the virulent Copperheads and spiteful secesh are dread such a contingency and while the delegates vote openly, they can exercise large control over them, and in the event of the nomination and defeat of a liberal man, they can hold them personally responsible. The secret ballot covers a multitude of sins, and if the managers of the party find it necessary to advance a little into light and truth and decency, it will be much easier to whip in the delegates to the support of the manufactured principles, if they are permitted to eat their leek in secret. Meantime we can afford to laugh at their perplexity. At our end of the alley we can look composedly on while they dispute over the precise ten-pin which they are to set up for us to knock down, and the exact place in which it shall stand.

The Irish Church bill has been defeated in the British House of Lords, and by an unexpectedly large majority, the vote standing 97 to 192 against it. The ultra conservatism and illiberality of the Peers and Bishops are thus illustrated afresh: it was thought here a good thing for England as well as for Ireland, if the bill had been passed as it was in the Commons. Still the party of progress will not be discouraged. The agitation will go on, and like other great reforms, although the work may be slow, it will be accomplished.

Auction Notice.—Sale of Boots and Shoes.—Dealers will find it to their interest to be at Auction rooms this morning when a portion of the city stock will be offered for cash, to-morrow (Thursday) morning, July 2, by Thos. Wagner & Co., Auctioneers, No. 506 Market street.

STECK & CO.'S AND HAINES BROTHERS' Pianos, and Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, at K. GERHARD'S, 1102 Chestnut street. 4p30-3m.rp No. 923 Chestnut street.

HENRY PHILLIPS,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
No. 1624 SANSOM STREET,
1p5-1yrpd PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN CRUMP, BUILDER,
124 CHESTNUT STREET,
and 33 LADDER STREET.
Mechanics of every branch required for housebuilding and fitting promptly furnished. 6m7-4p

TOWNSEND'S AMERICAN LIQUID CEMENT, FOR all mending broken ornaments, and other articles of value. Cheap, Ready, Reliable. Ask for TOWNSEND'S. Extract of the article to be mended, or the Cement. Always ready for use. Price, 25 cents. NEW & CO., Druggists, Agents, 4p6-3m 704 Arch Street.

WASHINGTON IMPROVED, VENTILATED and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the approved fashions at the season. Chestnut street, next door to the Post-office. 4th1-1yrp

IVORY HANDLED TABLE AND TEA KNIVES with steel or silver-plated blades; Game and Meat Carvers and Table Steels. For sale by THOMAS W. SHAW, No. 852 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Eighth.

ROSEWOOD, ROSEWOOD! LIGNUMVITÆ, ROCK Maple, Ivory and Box Rules, Ivory Scales, Boxwood Rules Quoits and Dumb Bells, at THOMAS W. SHAW'S, No. 852 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Eighth.

VERY SUITABLE FOR HOT NIGHTS ARE THE CHAIN Suspenders, Gauze Suspenders, Gauze Shirts, Gauze Drawers, and all other articles of gentlemen's wear, at the store of JOHN KELLY, No. 704 (Seven Hundred and Four) Arch street.

ICE.—GET SHAVED AND HAIR CUT AT KOPP'S Saloon, by first-class Hair Cutters; shave and hair cut, 25 cents. Shop closed 4th, July afternoon, from Sunday morning. 1S Exchange Place. G. C. KOPP.

USE WHITMAN'S CHOCOLATE—FOR DRINKING it is delicious and best. STEPHEN F. WHITMAN, Sixth and Market Streets.

FINE WATCHES AT REDUCED PRICES. A FRESH invoice, just received. FARR & BROTHER, Importers, 324 Chestnut Street, below Fourth.

NOVELTIES IN FRENCH BREAKFAST AND Dessert Toilet Sets.—GEO. W. VOGEL, 1, Chestnut street, opened this morning, 1 case of new French Breakfast and Dessert Toilet sets. Also, an assortment of Black Lace Sacques. 1p25 6t rp

JUST RECEIVED, FIRST OF THE SEASON, 10 BARRELS Of Genuine Lady Apples and for sale by JOS. H. BUSSIER & CO., Agents for Norton & Elmer, 108 South Delaware Avenue.

CLOTHING.

SUMMER SILKS.—REDUCED PRICES
BARGAINS IN
LIGHT STRIPES, CHECKS AND CHENES, at $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75.
SOLID COLORS, ALL PREVAILING SHADES, at $1 25, $1, $1 25 to $2 75.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
No. 920 Chestnut Street.

[Co-Partnership, July 1, 1868.]
The public are admitted to an interest in all the operations of this house.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
Clothiers.

DRESS GOODS.—REDUCED PRICES
FRENCH PERCALES, BEST QUALITY, REDUCED to 37½ cents.
FRENCH GINGHAMS, 25, 28, 30 cents.
FRENCH PRESENTED PIQUES, THE BEST, at 75 cents per yard.
SILK GRENADINES, BLACK AND COLORED GROUNDS, 50 to 75 cents, REDUCED from 75 cents and $1 25.
SILK AND WOOL BALINS, $1 A YARD, FORMERLY $2 25.
FRENCH ORGANDIES, 50 to 60 cents.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
No. 920 Chestnut Street.

EDWARD P. KELLY,
TAILOR,
S. E. Cor. Chestnut and Seventh Streets.
Large stock and complete assortment of
CHOICE SPRING GOODS,
Including all fashionable shades
Carrs' Meltons and Scotch Cheviots.

CONCERNING THE ROBIN.

The Robin that sits in the top of the tree
Singing his summer song,
Has nothing whatever on earth to do
But to whistle the whole day long.
He sits on the top of the hickory tree,
Exposed to all sorts of weathers,
Singing and whistling and chirping away,
With nothing upon him but feathers.

But we can't go like the musical bird,
With never a suit of clothes,
For it wouldn't be exactly genteel;
So we furnish ourselves with those
Which Rockhill & Wilson sell for Cash
At their elegant Brown Stone Store!
There's clothing enough for all we want,
And thousands and thousands more.

Thousands and thousands of splendid Spring and Summer Suits of elegant patterns, durable material, admirable fit, and at the most ridiculously low prices. Come and see them.

ROCKHILL & WILSON
603 and 605 Chestnut Street.

SEA-SIDE SHAWLS.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.
NO. 727 CHESTNUT STREET,
Open To-Day and offer several of the
Empress, Sea-Side, and Traveling
SHAWLS.

RETAIL DRY GOODS.

EYRE & LANSDOWN,
Fourth and Market Streets,
SUMMER AND WINTER
SHAWLS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
LADIES' SUMMER CLOAKS.
LAWNS, ORGANDIES and
SUMMER POPLINS, FOR
TRAVELING DRESS GOODS
BIDEFS, COLLARS, GLOVES

ICE AND COAL.

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE.
ICE
SUPPLIED DAILY TO LARGE
To any part of the navy yard in lots of
WEST PHILADELPHIA:
MANTUA, CORA,
RICHMOND,
BRIDESBURG.
Families, Offices, Stores, &c.
IT IS THE ARTICLE SERVED
and at the lowest market rates.
COAL. COAL. COAL.
BEST QUALITY OF LEHIGH
COAL
at prices as low as the lowest, for all
BLACKSMITHS, BREWERS, DISTILLERS
AND LARGE MINES.
SEND YOUR ORDERS FOR
Cold Spring Ice and Coal
THOS. E. CAMPBELL & BRO.,
HENRY THOMAS,
OFFICE
No. 435 Walnut
UNION DEPOT,
TWELFTH AND WALNUT STREETS.
BRANCH DEPOT,
TWENTY-FIRST AND LOMBARD STREETS.
NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
FIRST STREET WHARF, SCHUYLKILL.
4ml1-m s 3m 5p5

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, ETC.

CLARET WINE
700
Cases of CLARET WINES, of different grades, for sale by us in wood and bottled to order.
ALSO,
FINE HOCK
At Low Prices.
Longworth's Sparkling
At the same prices as in 1867.
Three Wines, light and pure, are of
FOR SUMMER
SIMON COLTON & SONS,
Importers of Fine Wines, Brandies, &c.
S. W. cor. Broad and Market Sts.
w f m 12rp

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE
THE DESIRABLE THREE-STORY
With Three-story Double Back Building, and lot of ground, situated at
No. 1515 POPLAR
Built in best manner for owner's use.
Apply to J. C. A. BALLIET,
1p5 1m* No. 1 and 3 NORTH

TO RENT.

TO RENT
The First Floor
OF THE
NEW BULLETIN
No. 607 Chestnut
(And 604 Jayne Street.
SUITABLE FOR A BANKING
Inquire in the Publication Office of the
EVENING BULLETIN.

THE TURF.

Point Breeze Park,
Friday
MATCH FJR $1,000
Mile heats, 3 in 5. Good day and track.
By o'clock P. M.
M. GOODIN names bay mare MARY
J. TURNER names black mare MAGGIE
The privilege of a member introduce without pay is suspended.

MILLIKEN'S
LINEN STORE,
822 Arch Street.
Linen Ducks and Drills.
White Drills and Ducks.
Flax Colored Drills and Ducks.
Buff Coating Ducks.
Fancy Drills. Fast Colors.
Striped Drills, Fast Colors.
Mottled Drills, Fast Colors.
Blouse Linen, several colors.
Plain Colored Linens, for Ladies'
Traveling Suits.
Printed Shirting Linens.
Linen Cambric Dresses.
The largest assortment of Linen Goods in the city
Selling at Less than Jobbers' Prices.
GEORGE MILLIKEN,
Linen Importer, Jobber and Retail Dealer,
828 Arch Street.
6m5m w s

REDUCTION IN PRICES.
On and After Monday, June 29,
WE SHALL OFFER OUR STOCK OF
MOURNING GOODS
AT REDUCED PRICES.
3-4 Bernazines, from $1 to 75 cts.
7-8 Bernazines, from $1 25 to $1 00.
4-4 Bernazines, from $1 50 to $1 12.
4-4 Bernazines, from $2 25 to $1 75.
8-4 Bernazines, from $5 50 to $4 50.
OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.
PERKINS,
9 South Ninth Street.
1m7 s m w 8rp

FIREWOOD.
Philadelphia Pyrotechnic Fireworks
107 S. Water St., below
The subscribers offer to Private and Clubs, &c., an immense variety of fireworks, comprising new designs in Bouquets, Batteries, Pyrke Batterie, Chapelets, Silver Globes, Brass Wheels, Illuminated Roman Candles, Tri-Colored Candles, Roman Candles, Thunder Wheels, Chinese Serpents, Fairy Dances, Lychpoulens, Double Giantes, Diamond Stars, Fire Fans, Red Wheels, Sun Rises, Globes.
Also, a very large assortment of small Price guaranteed lower than Eastern Houses.
JOS. B. BUSSIER
1p30 11trps

CROUCH, FITZGERALD
1235 CHESTNUT ST
MANUFACTURERS OF
TRUNKS, VALISES AND
Every article warranted "our own make" represented.

EDMUND YARD
617 Chestnut St
Are closing out their stock of
WHITE GOODS, LINENS, &c.
By August 1st.
They invite the attention of the Trade.

To Architects and Builders.
Pretty Patterns in Slate Mantels, Vertical and Horizontal Slate, Floor and Roof Slate, Slate Tubs, Sinks, Tiles, Blackboards, Brown Stone, Chimney Pieces, &c.
ROBERT WOOD
Sole Agents for
4ap6 w f m 3mrp3

ISAAC NATHANS, AUCTIONEER,
1 Third and Spruce streets, only one door Exchange. $20,000 to loan in large or small sums, either plate, watches, jewelry, silver, office hours from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. Advances made on Saturdays for a short time only. Also to hire for sale. 1m1

GOOGINS, HOVELKEEPERS, FRENCH Restaurateurs, Confectioners and others. Oil Cake (Kuchen), constantly on hand. 5m 1 Arch street, Below Third and Vine.

TO RENT.

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By o'clock P. M.
M. GOODIN names bay mare MARY
J. TURNER names black mare MAGGIE
The privilege of a member introduce without pay is suspended.

SECOND EDITION.
BY TELEGRAPH.
LATER CABLE NEWS.
Financial Quotations.
LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
WASHINGTON.
Delegates to the New York Convention
Andy Hopes for the Nomination.

By the Atlantic Cable.
LONDON, July 1, A. M.—Consols, 94⅝@94⅞ for money, and 94⅝@94⅞ for account. U. S. Five-twenties, 73¾; Illinois Central, 101¾; Erie Railroad, 45¾.
LIVERPOOL, July 1, A. M.—Cotton dull and has declined one-sixteenth. The sales for to-day are estimated at 8,000 bales. Upland Middlings, 11⅝@11¾; Middling Orleans, 11⅞@11¾.
Breadstuffs—Corn is firm at previous quotations. Wheat and flour heavy and unchanged.
Provisions and produce steady.
LONDON, July 1st, P. M.—United States 5-20's, 73½@73¾. Others unchanged.
LIVERPOOL, July 1st, P. M.—Cotton easier. Sales to-day, 10,000 bales. Beef and pork dull. Petroleum firmer. Lard 61s.
ANTWERP, July 1st, P. M.—Petroleum firm at 67¾ francs.

The Democratic Convention.
(Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.)
WASHINGTON, July 1.—Compromises of the views of the delegates passing through here to the Democratic Convention only shows that little can be progressed, and that the action will be shaped by the course of events and canvassing at New York.
Mr. Johnson has strong hopes of securing the nomination. The Tennessee delegation are here, working with other Southern men in his favor.
Jesse D. Bright and others are here, but Pendleton and Seymour would go into the Convention the strongest, and one of them would be the nominee.

Perry Fuller's Nomination.
(Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.)
WASHINGTON, July 1.—The nomination of Perry Fuller, which was to have been withdrawn after the Committee's adverse report, was left before the Senate at his earnest request. He is trying to induce the Senators to take no action till after the New-York Convention.

Weather Report.

July 1.	Wind.	Weather.	Thermometer.
7 A. M.	W.	Clear.	65
Halifax,	S.	Hazy.	65
Boston,	S.	Clear.	76
New York,	W.	Cloudy.	70
Wilmington, Del.,	S.E.	Hazy.	76
Washington,	S.	Clear.	80
Fortress Monroe,	S.W.	Clear.	78
Oswego,	W.	do.	81
Buffalo,	W.	do.	76
Pittsburgh,	W.	do.	78
Chicago,	S.	do.	84
Louisville,	S.	do.	84
New Orleans,	S.E.	do.	86
Mobile,	S.	do.	86
Key West,	E.	do.	86
Cairo,	E.	Cloudy.	84

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER THIS DAY AT THE CORNER OF SECOND AND CHESTNUT STREETS.
10 A. M.....72 Deg. 12 M.....80 Deg. 3 P. M.....80 Deg.
Weather clear. Wind northwest.

FROM ATLANTIC CITY.

Opening of Gideon's New Inlet House.
(Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.)
ATLANTIC CITY, June 30.—The "City by the Sea" is beginning to present a very lively appearance. The best weather which has been prevailing for several days past has caused many people to migrate this way, and although the season has not fairly set in, the hotels are open, and towards the latter end of the week, no doubt, the ball will commence. The bathing, fishing and sailing at the present time has never been surpassed, and Atlantic City will become more popular every season as a first-class watering-place.
Since last summer the city has undergone some changes, which will be of considerable benefit to the public houses have been repainted and generally improved, and several handsome cottages have been erected.
One of the finest improvements in the place is a new hotel called "Gideon's New Inlet House," which has been put up within a few yards of the railroad wharf, on the inlet. The house is a large, three-storied structure, surrounded by a porticu, and presents a handsome appearance. The interior arrangements are excellent. The parlors, dining-room, and sleeping apartments are light and airy, and are newly and elegantly and comfortably furnished. The new establishment is capable of comfortably accommodating seventy-five persons. For those who desire to remain during the entire period of the bathing season, this house is just what has long been needed. The railroad is but a few feet from the house, and the boat rendezvous is immediately in front. From the portico a magnificent view of the ocean can be had, and Atlantic City can be reached by a short and pleasant walk along the beach. Messrs. Geo. D. Glenn and John Daly, the proprietors of the house, are well known to most of the visitors of this place, and as they are celebrated for having first-class men in their line of business, their establishment must necessarily become exceedingly popular.
The New Inlet House was formally opened to-day, and this event was duly celebrated by a party of excursionists from Philadelphia, who came here, accompanied by the Liberty Band. Upon the invitation of Messrs. Glenn & Daly, they passed the time pleasantly, and finished in the yacht "John Daly," and upon returning partook of an excellent dinner. A meeting was then held. Richard Peltz, Esq., presided. Resolutions complimenting Messrs. Glenn & Daly for their enterprise were adopted, and a committee was appointed to prepare and present to them an appropriate testimonial. The excursionists have had a good time generally and will return to the city in the morning. P.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The summer meeting at Jerome Park opened yesterday with four capital races. Nemesis was the first horse to start, the second, Inverosnil the third and R. B. Connolly the fourth. The mile and a quarter race for the Nursery Stakes was won by Nemesis, in 2.15¾, or 1.46 to the mile, a trifle faster than any on record.
Peter Trempe, the champ of the saloon No. 199 Bowery, was shot yesterday afternoon by a man named Jack Williams in the neighborhood of Rivington street. Death was almost instantaneous.
The Schnetzenfest is a continued success, but no shooting has yet been done. Some fears are entertained of dissatisfaction among the sharpshooters from abroad; but the matter was amicably adjusted to-day and the shooting will certainly commence to-day.
Conservative opinion on the Consolidation National Bank, of Philadelphia, altered from fives, were in demand at higher rates.
The case of Moser against Polhemus & Jackson; a suit brought to set aside a judgment for $150,000, obtained by defendants against Moser in a Pacific mail stock transaction, and in which Moser charges fraud in obtaining the judgment, was resumed yesterday in the Supreme Court. Some strange revelations of perjury are expected to be developed on the trial. A "free fight" between witnesses took place yesterday in the Court building immediately after adjournment.
Says the *Evening Post:* Within a few days past the chances of Mr. Chase have rapidly increased. It is not expected that he will have a very heavy vote on the first ballot, but it is reported that he is the second choice of a large part of the delegates, and he will support him as the weaker men are withdrawn."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Philadelphia Money Market.
Sales at the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

FIRST BOARD.					
1000 N Penna 6s	93¾	50 sh Leh Nav Stk			27¾
1000 Warren & Franklin		100 sh do			60
1 lot in	6	100 sh do			27¾
1000 do	83	100 sh do			28¼
200 Consol bds	12	100 sh do			28½
1100 Lehigh 6s R Ln	87¾	100 sh do			60
1500 Lehigh Val 6bds	93¾	100 sh Catawissa pf			29
5 sh Lehigh Val R	50¼	600 sh Read R		15	50¼
		500 sh do			50
100 sh do opg	50	100 sh do			50
100 sh Penna R	57¾	100 sh do		15	50¾
63 sh do rcpt	57¾	100 sh do			50
100 sh do	57¾				
BETWEEN BOARDS.					
20 sh Cam & Am	57	100 sh Read R		1s	50.31
$18 sh Penna R rcpts	57¾				
SECOND BOARD.					
2400 Crime bds	102	25 sh Read R			
200 sh Green St	1-1.15	400 sh do		5s	50¾
100 sh Dalzell Oil	1	15 sh Penna R			57¾
100 sh Leh Nav stk	c 29¾	25 sh Leh Val rcpt			56¾

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, July 1, 1868.—The money market has undergone no change, the supply of capital being as large and the rates of discount as low as at our last. $4@8 per cent on Government, and 5@6@8 per cent. on other collaterals. The bulk of the transactions, however, are at 5@6 per cent.
There was considerable activity at the Stock Board this morning, with a general stiffening of prices for almost everything on the list. The resolution introduced into Congress a day or two ago, forecloses the taxation of government bonds, has had no effect on prices, and they closed steady at 101¼ for the new, and 96¾ for the old. All the better class of investment bonds were steady.
Reading Railroad closed at 50¼, an advance of ¼ on the last sale regular figure of last evening. Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 57¾, a decline of ¼. Lehigh Valley closed at 56¾@57¾, an advance of ¼. Lehigh Navigation sold at 29¾, a decline of ¼. Northern Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 50¾, an advance of ¼. Catawissa Railroad sold at 29 for preferred, and 28¾ for the common. Camden and Amboy Railroad; 58 for Mitchill Railroad; 60¼ for Little Schuylkill Railroad; 56 for Lehigh Valley Railroad; 33 for North Pennsylvania Railroad; and 27 for Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.
Canal stocks were firmer. Lehigh Navigation sold largely at 29@29¾, an advance of ¼ from the closing figure of yesterday. Schuylkill Navigation preferred sold at 27¾, and the Common stock at 11. Union Canal bonds sold at 13—a decline of 1 per cent.
Coal stocks were held firmly, but the sales were unimportant.
There were no transactions in either Bank or Passenger Railway shares worthy of notice.
The Managers of the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company, held a meeting, and have declared a dividend of four per cent. for the last six months, to be paid to the Stockholders or their representatives, free of United States taxes.
The Board of Directors of the National Exchange Bank have declared a dividend of four per cent., payable on and after the 10th instant.
A quarterly dividend of two and a half per cent. has been declared by the Philadelphia Railroad Company, payable on and after Wednesday, 15th inst.
Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day, at 1 P. M.: Gold, 140¼@140½; do. 1864, 113¾; do. do. 1865, 111¾@111¾; do. do. 1866, 110¾@111¾; do. do. 1867, 111¾@111¾; do. do. 1868, 111¾@111¾; do. 10-40's, 107¾@108¼; Coupons, 1881, 113¾@113¾; do. 1867, 111¾@111¾; do. 1868, 111¾@111¾; Five-Twenties, June and December, 107¾@108¼; do. January and July, 107¾@108¼; Ten-Forties, 103¾@103¾; Tens, June, 109¾@109¾; do. July, 109¾@109¾; Sixes, June, 109¾@109¾; do. July, 109¾@109¾; Pacific 6's, 112¾@113; Uncurrent Money, 19¾@20¼; Silver, 135@137; Quartermaster's Vouchers, 1864, 110¾@111¾; do. 1865, 110¾@111¾; do. 1866, 110¾@111¾; do. 1867, 110¾@111¾; do. 1868, 110¾@111¾; Five-Twenty Compound Interest Notes, 19¾@20¼; Seven-Thirties, 105¾@105¾; Gold, 140¼; United States Currency Sixes, 109¾@109¾; Interest on Bonds, 15¾@16¾; Gold Interest, 19¾@20¼.
Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government Securities, to-day, as follows: United States 6's of 1881, 113¾@113¾; old Five-Twenties, 111¾@111¾; new Five-Twenties of 1865, 111¾@111¾; do. 1867, 111¾@111¾; do. 1868, 111¾@111¾; Ten-Forties, 103¾@103¾; Tens, June, 109¾@109¾; Tens, July, 109¾@109¾; Sixes, June, 109¾@109¾; Sixes, July, 109¾@109¾; Pacific 6's, 112¾@113; Uncurrent Money, 19¾@20¼; Gold, 140¼@140½; Silver, 135@137; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 110¾@111¾; do. July, 1864, 110¾@111¾; do. June, 1865, 110¾@111¾; do. July, 1865, 110¾@111¾; do. June, 1866, 110¾@111¾; do. July, 1866, 110¾@111¾; do. June, 1867, 110¾@111¾; do. July, 1867, 110¾@111¾; do. June, 1868, 110¾@111¾; do. July, 1868, 110¾@111¾; Seven-Thirties, 105¾@105¾; Gold Interest, 19¾@20¼.
Reported by Smith, Randal & Co.
Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.
Reported by Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.
Sales at the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.
FIRST BOARD.
1000 Warren & Franklin 1 in 6 c 83
1000 do 83
200 Consol bds 12
1100 Lehigh 6s R Ln 87¾
1500 Lehigh Val 6bds 93¾
5 sh Lehigh Val R 50¼
100 sh do opg 50
100 sh Penna R 57¾
63 sh do rcpt 57¾
100 sh do 57¾
20 sh Cam & Am 57.19
$18 sh Penna R rcpts 57¾
SECOND BOARD.
2400 Crime bds 102
200 sh Green St 1-1.15
100 sh Dalzell Oil 1
100 sh Leh Nav stk c 29¾
50 sh Leh Nav rcpt 29¾
50 sh Leh Val rcpt 56¾
50 sh Leh Nav Stk 27¾
100 sh do 27¾
100 sh do 28¼
100 sh do 28½
100 sh do 60
100 sh do 27¾
100 sh do 28
100 sh do 29
600 sh Read R 15s 50¼
500 sh do 50
100 sh do 50
100 sh do 50¾
100 sh do 50¾
25 sh Read R 50¼
400 sh do 50¾
25 sh Penna R 57¾
25 sh Leh Val rcpt 56¾

Reported by Smith, Randal & Co.
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