VOLUME XXII.—NO. 55.

PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1868.

THE EVENING BULLETIN PUBLISHED EVENING AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING. 607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

EVENING BULLETIN ABSOCIATION. GIBSON PEACOUK, CAPPER SOUDER, JR. F. L. FETHERSTON, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON. FRANCIS WELLS. The Bullerin is served to subscribers in the city at 18 tents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8 per annum.

AMERICAN

## TIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Of Philadelphia, S. E. Corner Fourth and Walnut Sts.

This Institution has no superior in the United

INVITATIONS FOR WEDDINGS, PARTIES, &C., DREKA. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET. fe20-t/5

MARRIED.

BIRNBAUM—FRIEND.—On the 11th inst., by the Rev. Charles Murray, Charles N. Birnbaum and Baule N. Friend.

DB LA COUR—NIVIN.—On the 11th instant, at the Presbyterian Church, New Caselle, Del., by the Rev. J. B. Bpottswood, J. L. De La Cour, of Camden, N. J., to Mary G., daughter of Grantham I. Nivin, Req. of New Caselle, Del. Wart—HiBBellD.—On the 16th inst. by the flev. Arthur Milby, at the residence of the bride's father, Homer C. Brewart, of Delaware, to Margaret Leviz, only daughter of Joseph Hibberd, Esq., of Upper Darby, Delaware county, Feonsylvania.

8UDLEK—HOPKINS.—In this city, on the morning of June the 11th, by the Rev. Alfred Cookman, John W. E. Sudler, of Queen Anne's county, Md., to M. Virginia, daughter of the late Thomas Hopkins.

HOUSTON.—On Wednesday, the 10th instant, Mary, widow of George S. Houston, of Payton, Ohio.

Her relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of herson, William C. Houston, E. Washington lane, Germantown. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

MACNEILL.—On the lith inst., Malcom Macneill, aged 73 years.
The male relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 310 Sunth Fifth street, on Tuesday after

ffolly invited to attend the funeral from his late lence, No. 310 South Fifth street, on Tuesday affer, at three o'clock. Funeral services at St. Joseph's rch. Interment at St. Mary's, South Fourth street, pradden.—Suddenly, on the 10th instant, Georgi Fadden. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully viced to attend his timeral, from his late residence, No. I North Eighth street, on Saturday, June 13th, at 3 lock P. M. Interment at Laurel Hill. (Memphis paper wase copy.)
SHOEMAKER—On the 11th inst., Nathan Shocmaker,
D. in the 60th year of his age.
The friends of the family are invited to attend his
acral from his late residence, No 830 Arch street, on
cond-day, 15th instan, at 10 o'clock A. M., without
ther police. Interment at Fair Hill.

BLACK LLAMA LACE POINTS: #7 TO \$100,
WHITE LLAMA SHAWLS,
WHITE SHETLAND DO,
WHITE BAREGE DO,
WHITE GRAPE MARETZ.
EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Archete.

POLITICAL NOTICES. CORRESPONDENCE IN RELATION TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYSHIP.

FERMAN SHEPPABD, Esq.

I LAR Sig: "The undersigned, members of the Bar, respectfully request you to permit the use of your name in the nomiration by the Democratic Convention of a candidate for the oilies of District attorney.

James Page.

James Page.

Jun C. Bullitt,

Geo. W. Biddle,

James E. Gowen.

W. H. Dragton,

W. H. Dragton,

G-a. W. Biddle, James E. Gowen, Fr. d. C. Brightly, E. Ingerfoll. James Foss Bnowdon, Franklin B. Gowen, John B. Gest, Arthur M. Burton, Samuel Dickson, Wm. Frast, David Webster, Harlan Ingram. David Webster,
Harlan Ingram,
John M. Thomas,
John M. Powell,
Wm. F. Johnson,
J. K. Folwell,
Wm. F. Johnson,
J. K. Folwell,
J. Poulson Dobson,
Frederick Heyer,
Henry J. McCarthy,
E. C. Mitchell,
Benj. Johnson,
Boht H. McGrath,
J. Rich Grier,
Jami. G. Thompson,
Charles B. Lincoln,
Chas, G. Collier,
Lewis Stover.

Theo. Cuyler,
W. H. Drayton,
P. McCail,
Samuel Hood.
James Gampbell,
Geo. W. Wollaston,
John P. Montgomery,
Robert P. Kane,
Wm. Duane,
Wm. Duane,
Wm. A. Leech,
C. Ingerroll,
Robert M. Loran,
G. M. Husbands,
Hrinton Gaxe. C. M. Husbanda,
Hrinton Coxe,
James Farrons,
Geo. Bergeant,
Samuel Robb,
John Samuel,
S. W. Lacy,
John E. McDevitt,
F. Erichson,
S. Paschuli,
obort E. Randall,
haa Henry Jones. Chas Henry Jones, Bernard C. Bradley, Chas, 6, Collier, Lewis Stover, Thomas R. Flock, Theo. H. Ochlechager, L. C. Cleeman, Montelius Abbott, Jos. J. Doran, W. Grier Hibler, C. W. Littell, John H. Campbell, J. Roblinson, Lucas Hirst, Frank Wolfe, Alex. D. Campbell, Alex D. Campbell,
J. D. Benneit,
J. H. Wheeler,
Henry Flanders,
M. Arnold, Jr.,
William H. Staake,
John F. Belsterling,
Henry Kelm,
Joseph Enou,
John E. Fannce,
J. Duross O'Bryan,
C. H. Melcher,
Henry W. Gimber,
E. D. Keenan,
Chas. Davis,
James N. King,
Edw. S. Lawrence,
W. Henry Sutton,
Bainbridge H. Webb,
R. Runsay Patterson,
W. M. A. Manderson. John H. Campbell,
J. Robinson,
John Gadwalader, Jr.,
C. H. Mathews,
John Bword,
John J. Rogers,
Samuel V. Mays,
Emanuel Rav,
John J. Hargadon,
Geo. L. Dougherty,
Chris. Stuart Patterson,
Chas. E. Morris,
John Bellangec Cox,
Walter B Stark,
J. Davis Duffield,
R. L. Wright, Jr.,
P. T. Ransford,

Gentlemen: Treturn you my sincere thanks for the con limentary letter of the 8th instant, with which you hav avored me. It would scarcely be courteous to declin To Messrs. G. M. Wharton, James Page, A. V. Parsons Edward Olmsted, William A. Porter, John C. Bullit and others

SPECIAL NOTICES. American Academy of Music. S. W. corner Broad and Locust Streets. PHILIP PHILLIPS'S

GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT,

Monday Evening, June 15, 1868. 

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COM-OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY

PHILADRIPHIA, May 18th, 1853.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—In pursuance of resodutions adopted by the Board of Directors at a Stated
Meeting held this day, notice is bereby given to the Stockholders of this Company, that they will have the privilege
of subscribing, either directly or by substitution, under
auch rules as may be prescribed therefor, for Twenty-five
Ear Cent. of additional Stock at Paxin proportion to their
respective interests as they stand registered on the books
of the Company, May 20th 1858.

Holders of less than four Shares will be entitled to subceribe for a full share, and those holding more Shares
than a multiple of four Shares will be received on and
after May 50th, 1858, and the privilege of subscribing
will cease on the 50th day of July; 1863.

The instalments on account of the new Shares shall
be paid in cash, as follows:

1st. Twenty-five Par Cart at the time of subscription.

The instalments on account of the new Shares shall be paid in cash, as follows:

1st. Twenty-live Per Cent. at the time of subscription, on or before the Soin day of July, 1868.

2d. Twenty-live Per Cent. on or before the 18th day of December, 1868.

2d. Twenty-five Per Cent. on or before the 15th day of Beacomber, 1863.
2d. Twenty-five Per Cent. on or before the 15th day of June, 1863.
4th. Twenty-five Per Cent. on or before the 15th day of December, 1863, or if Stockholders should prefer the whole amount may be paid up at once, or any remaining instalments may be paid up at once, or any remaining instalments may be paid up in full at the time of the payment of the second or third instalment, and each instalment paid up shall be critical to a pro rata dividend that may be declared on full shares.

THOMAS T. FIRTH.

THOMAS T. FIRTH. my14-tjy80%rp PHILADELPHIA ORTHOP EDIC HOSPITAL, No. is South Ninth street. Club-foot, hip and spinal diseases and bodily defermities treated. Apply daily at 18 o'clock. SPECIAL NOTICES.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD STREET. STREET.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27, 1888.

NOTICE to the holders of bonds of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, due April 1, 1870:—
The Company ofter to exchange any of these bonds of \$1.000 each at any time before the lat day of October next, at per, for a new mortgage bond of equal amount, bearing per cent interest, clear of United States and State taxes, having 25 years to run.

The bonds not surrendered on or before the 1st of October next will be baid at maturity, in accordance wit their tenor, my204 octi 8. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

the state was the second

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FACULITY OF ARTS.

The annual Examinations of the Junior, Sophomore and Freehmen Classes, at the close of the College Year, will on held daily (except Satudays) from 10 till 2 o'clock, from June 5th to June 23d.

Candidates for admission will be examined on Wednesday, June 24th, at 10 o'clock.

The Commencement will be held at the Academy of Music on Thursday, June 25th.

Jes 18tf.

Scoretary of the Faculty.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVI-Gation Company.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8, 1863.
Coupons due on the 15th inst., on the GOLD LOAN of the Company, will be paid in coin, at their office, on and after that date. this Company, will be paid in com, as after that date, after that date, ltolders of ten or more coupons are requested to present them before the lith, and receive therefor receipts payable on the lith. SOLOMON SHEPIERD. Treasurer.

MUSICAL JUBILEE AT HORTIGULTURAL Hall, on PRIDAY EVENING. June 12th. Four hun-dred happy voices—glis and boys. Tickets 25 cents. Under the direction of Mr. John Bower. HOWARD HOSPITAL NOS. 1518 AND 1520
Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Medical
reatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the

NEWSPAPERS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, WASTE paper, &c., bought by E. HUNTER, ap28-U rp No. 618 Jayne street.

HAYTI.

Sainave's Conscription—He is Pro-claimed Dictator—His Abreats Against the City. Kingston, JA., May 26, 1868.—By her Ma-jesty's steamer Phobe, thirty-five guns, Captain Bytheses, from Port au Prince on the 20th, we Bythesea, from Port au Prince on the 20th, we learn that on her arrival there she found Salnave entrenched within the city, the revolutionlets surrounding it and encamped within eight miles distance. Salnave had called upon the inhabitants to take up arms in his defence, declaring that every citizen above the age of eighteen would be treated as a rebel who refused obedience to his command. A general conscription followed, and about five hundred men constituted the national guard of Port au Prince. The revolutionists were momentarily expected to make a dash on the capital, and Salexpected to make a dash on the capital, and Salnave was preparing for this. The National palace, which commanded the town, had been fortified, and a few guns mounted in front of the

gates protected the approaches.

Salnave had been publicly proclaimed the Dictator of Hayti. The foreign consuls still refused to deliver over the refugees who had sought shelter, in the con-

Her Majesty's steamer Royalist, Capt. Jones, ad arrived at Port su Prince, but in entering the harbor at night got on shore in consequence of naror at hight got on shore in consequence of the revolutionists having gained possession of the light-house and extinguishing the light, and the Royalist mistook the light of a vessel lying in the harbor for that of the light-house, remaining without assistance for fourteen hours. Salnave, at the head of a reconnoitring party,

had marched out of the capital to ascertain the position of the revolutionists, but, after a march of seven miles, failed in meeting any in position or in number. On the march the President's party were fired at from the heights and bushes, and returned to the capital without accomplishments. ing anything beyond the loss of ninety men. Sainave had determined to attack the enemy, and was preparing for a march when the Phobe left tor Jamaica. Strong remonstrances had been gain made by Mr. St. John and the other consuls of foreign Powers against Salnave's threat gainst the city. A proclamation had been issued to the effect that if the citizens of the town did not present themselves armed in front of the palace within two hours of the President's order the most rigorous and determined measures would be adopted against the city, the President at the same time declaring that this would be his last announcement. No citizens were to leave Port au Prince and none dare to express an opinion. Mr. Hollister, the United States Minis-ter, had also informed the Government that it would be held responsible for any damage that might be done to the property of peaceful citi-zens, and for the property of American citizens in particular. Sainave replied that the proclamation had been lesued with a design to frighten his own subjects into obedience, and that he had no intention whatever of carrying out the threats which that proclamation had declared. When the Phoebe sailed into Port au Prince

there was general rejoicing. Commodore Boggs, with the United States steamer De Soto, had also arrived to assist Mr. Hollister,
Salnave announces in an order of the day,
which appears in Le Moniteur, that the revolution in Hayti had been induced by correspond-ence from Jamaica, which had won over the opinions of foreign newspapers. This corres-pondence, the President declares, has run down the government and taken away their credit. As Sir Bulwer Lytton has written, "the pen is mightier than the sword."

The following is the text of Salnave's conscription decree as it appeared in the Haytlen Moniteur of May 13:

of May 13:

SYLVAN SALNAVE, President of Hayti—
Considering that the district of Port an Prince
is declared in a state of siege, that martial law is
in force therein and that all citizens who enjoy
civil and political rights owe active service to their country-

DECREES:—

ARTICLE 1. All citizens from the age of fifteen to sixty years are called to the defence of the ART. 2. All who are in this category and who seek refuge in the foreign consulates of this city, shall be declared traitors to their country, adherents of the Cacos and disturbers of order and

public tranquillity.

Arr. 3. Considering that their obstinacy in remaining deaf to the relterated appeals of the executive authority of the nation will occasion in the control of the relevant of the releva jury and extraordinary outlays to the governmen it is declared that their property shall be seques-trated, to be sold for the benefit of the soldlers who are fighting for liberty and equality. Given at the National Palace, Port au Prince, May 4, 1868, in the sixty-fifth year of the independence of Haytl.

pendence of Hayti.

1 rivial Success of Sainave—His Mints ters Leaving Him Business Sal-nave Complains of the Herald. Kingston, May 28, 1868.— Her Majesty's steamer Cordella returned from Port au Prince,

Port Royal to 26th inst.

There had been some small engagements with
the insurgents outside the city, and a small fortress six miles from Port an Prince had been recaptured by the army of the Dictator. It was nothing of any importance and required no effor to accomplish it: but Salnave made the most of it to obtain confidence with the citizens. Delorme had become so frightened at his un-

popularity, and much more alarmed at the very desperate situation of the government, had tendered his resignation to Sainave as Prime Minister and Chief Secretary of State; but Sainave, smiling at the cowardice of his subordinate in office, said, "No, no, Monsieur Delorme; we have been roasting steaks together; we are getting to be bone now, and must stand a little more of the fire, Monsieur Delorme; You must not ran away; you know when it gets hot we must stand the fire, and you must stand by me." Resignation would not be received:

General Lamont, who was Sainave's great friend and Geffrard's great enemy, had been apprepopularity, and much more alarmed at the very

and Geffrard's great enemy, had been appro-hended the Dictator suspecting that the gallant general was looking out for himself and secretly contemplating the everthrow of the present administration, in the belief that in the downfall of the Dictator he might occupy some position in the new order of things. Lamont it was feared General Faubert had been the most active in the

work of revolution there was a better chance for him than either Hector or Missage.

Business was altogether suspended and ex-change enormously high. The Haytien cur-rency was fifty-two to the single American gold

There was no hope whatever of Salnaye's ever excelsing power again out of the city of Port au Prince, where he had intrenched himself. His behavior was checked by the determined policy of Mr. Hollister, supported by the presence of the United States steamer De Soto, bearing the flag of Commodore Boggs. The Dictator's replies to Mr. Hollister were much more polite and satisfactory than they were prior to the De Soto's arrival.

Salvave, in Le Moniteur of the 18th, denounces the correspondents of the New York *Herald*, and declares that the *Herald's* telegrams fostered the revolution of the South.

MEXICO.

Winister Campbell and the Juarez tiovernment.

The following document will throw light upon

the considerations which kept Minister Campbell from joining the Juarez government. The correctness of the appreciation therein made of the policy and statesmanship of the Mexican govern-ment can now be more easily tested than when the document was written:

the document was written:

[CONSULATE OF THE UNITED STATES OF ANKRICA, July 9, 1867.—Sir: In the supposition that
the department has come to no positive determination as regards our representative here, I
consider it my duty to offer the following suggestion, which, in the present juncture of affairs
in Mexico, appears to me of the highest importance to our relations with this country in
inture. The time appointed in his instructions,
October 25, 1866, for Mr. Campbell's arrival has
passed. The circumstances which rendered our passed. The circumstances which rendered our Minister's presence in Mexico desirable imme-diately after the evacuation of the French expeditionary corps have changed, both in regard to the situation of the country, its relations with European governments, and the disposition of

the people toward foreigners in general.

President Juarez will arrive in a few days, and reorganization in all the branches of administrative policy, &c., is said to be the task devolving on those who are at this moment charged with the government of Mexico. The question then is, whether our government is prepared to place its representatives in a position where we must unavoldably take an active part in the organization of this country—a serious responsibility in itself, and one for which we may hereafter have to account, should the result be other than andicipated—or where he must continue a passive spectator, to be charged with no less serious reponsibility of a course of measures which his character as a foreign Minister would not permit bim to control or direct. The basis for the sub-equent organization of Mexico has been settled in San Luis Potosi, where we had no representa-tative, could use no influence and have accepted

no responsibility.

The department, in possession of these facts, can determine whether it were better to stand can determine whether it were better to stand aloof and await the development of the policy of those who to-day are endeavoring to shape the destinies of Mexico as a sovereign and independ-ent nationality, or to incur the danger of sharing hereafter in the failure of Mexican statesmen to regenerate their native land. It will not attract particular attention should our Minister not pre ent his credentials during the prevalence of the vomito at Vera Cruz.

The reasons which prompt the foregoing suggestions are to be found in the results of an experience, during six years' residence, of the char-

acter, habits and disposition of the people and of political parties in Mexico, and that I am not more explicit is due to the difficulty of expressng as thoroughly in writing what can only be explained orally, and of the danger of entrusting the mails subjects of this delicate nature. While, then, it is my duty to give information, cel a certain reluctance in so far submitting the certain reluctance in so far submitting the certain of an experience which might even prove available for the benefit of government, from a doubt as to the manner in which an unso-licited opinion might be received in matters of so grave an importance, and from an unwillingness to overstep the limits marked for the intercourse of a consul with that department under whose instrictions he is acting. If I have, nevertheless, ventured to write the foregoing, it was because I felt that there was, under the circumstances, no option, and that, the department once acquainted with the motives which actuate me to-day, would not censure if they did not approve this effort to present a true and impartial prove this effort to present a true and impartial statement of affairs at the capital of Mexico. I can more satisfactorily and perhaps more advantageously explain should the department by return of mall consent to my absence from Mexico in consideration that the business of this

office during a lengthened period of extraordinary trials and exertion has previously affected my health, to the restoration of which a change of climate and life has become absolutely necessions. ary. My desire is to leave as soon as the season permits (end of September) for the United States. I shall, if the department do not determine otherwise, leave Mr. Crepps in charge until some one else be appointed. He is a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with the duties of the office and acts under my responsibility while the department is making those dispositions which it shall deem proper. I have the honor to be very respectfully your obedient servant,

MARCUS OTTERBURG, United States Consul in charge of United States Legation. Hon. F. W. Seward, Assistant Secretary of State of the United States, Washington, D. C. SPAIN.

A Bourbon Reunion—The Count de Chambord to the Ex-King of Napies.

The Rome correspondent of the Florence Nazione, writing on the 21st of May, communicates the following as the text of a letter written by the Count de Chambord, to the ex-King Francis I. on the occasion of Count Girgenti's marriage with the Infanta Maria Isabella, of Sirk: It is always grateful to me to wish hap-

plness to your Majesty, but much more do I experience this feeling under the auspicious circumstances in which you, sire, acquaint me with the happy marriage between your august brother Count di Girgenti, and the Royal Princess Infanta, of Spain.

I carnestly hope that these nuptials may be the

dawn of happier and more fortunate days for you, for your royal family and for all the Bourbons, whom the combined usurpation of Europe, united to the apathy of friendly governments, has brought to exile far from their country and their homes.

Yet permit me, sire, to advert to what I wrote with the freedom of relationship to my royal cousin Queen Isabella, of Bourbon. The younger branches of our house, although greatly beloved by their people, will always experience the same disquiet so long as the elder branch shall not have revindicated their throne from the usurpa-

have revindicated their throne from the usurpa-tion which invaded it, and dispossessed the law-ful sovereign by the same arts as those by which your Majesty's kingdom was usurped.

The French people, fortunately, begin to com-prehend that the sole race under which flourished the glory of France and popular liberty was pro-moted is that of my great ancestor Henry IV. While under the government of the usurpation I only find a brief ray of delusive glory, twice followed by the most cruel disenchantment and followed by the most cruel disenchantment and the deepest humiliation for French national This noble people also felt that as a greater

distance separates France and the Bourbons so do the libertles diminish which my aucestors bestowed upon France.

This hard experience of almost forty years unhappily suffered by my dear France is bearing its fruits, and the day cannot be far distant when this noble and unhappy nation, again possessing

Nissage was looking for the Presidency, but as eneral Faubert had been the most active in the ork of revolution there was a better chance for im than either Hector or Nissage.

Business was altogether suspended and exrestored to throne and country, should they still be leading the unhappy life of exile. It is with these feelings, sire, that I offer you

my congratulations and my best wishes upon the auspicious marriage which your Majesty has bad the goodness to announce to me. I am, with fraternal affection, your Majesty's oving cousin.

Mr. Buchanan's Will in Full. Below we give the last will and testament, with

the three codicils attached, of the late ex-President Buchanan. The will, which is in the handwriting of the testator, is written on alternate lines of fine foolscap paper. The first and second codicils to the will were also written by Mr. Buchanan. The third is in a different handwriting from that of the others.

others.
In the name of God, Amen! I, James Buchanan, late President of the United States, in the humble hope of salvation, through the merits and atone-ment of my Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ, do make and publish the following as my last will and testament:

1. I direct that my body shall be interred in the Woodward Hill Cemetery, in a plain and simple manner, and without parade. 2. I direct that my debts (which are small) and

2. I direct that my debts (which are small) and my personal expenses shall be paid by my executors; out of my personal estate not herein specifically bequeathed.

3. I give and bequeath to my niece Harriet Lane Johnson, the wife of Henry E. Johnson, my brother, Edward Y. Buchanan, and my nephew, J. Buchanan Henry, all the books, plate, beds and bedding, and all the household and kitchen furniture belonging to me and in my dwelling house at Wheatland at the time of my decease, to be equally divided between them by themselves—they allowing Esther. Parker two hundred dollars worth of the same free of charge; and it is my will that no inventory or appraisement be made of these articles. ment be made of these articles.

4. I give and bequeath to my brother, Edward Y. Buchanan, all my wearing apparel, my gold watch, watch chain and seals. 5. I give and bequeath to my valued friend, Eather Parker, who has long been a faithful and useful member of my family, the sum of \$5,000, which with \$2,000 already given to her, she well deserves, and I commend her to the kindness of

all my relatives after my decease.

6. I give and bequeath to the city of Lancaster, my two certificates of loan, Nos. 42 and 43, from raid city, for one thousand dollars each, or in case I shall dispose of them in my life time, then the sum of two thousand dollars, instead thereof. in truet, to employ the annual interest of the same in purchasing fuel for the use of poor and indigent females of the city of Lancaster during the winter season. This bequest is to be incor-porated with the fund of four thousand dollars, provided by me some years ago for the same purpose, and is to be administered in the same manner by the city authorities.

7. I give and bequeath to the Presbyterian

7. I give and bequeath to the Presbyterian of Church of the city of Lancaster, of which I am a member, the sum of one thousand dollars.

8. I direct that all the real estate of which I may die selzed shall be sold by my executors, either at public or private sale, when in their opinion this will best promote the interest of my residuary legatees, and conveyed by them or the survivors of them to the purchaser or purchasers

on fee simple.

9. It is my will that the proceeds of the sales of my real estate, with the rents, issues, and profits thereof, together with the whole of my remaining personal estate, of whatever nature or kind this may be shall be disided and discussed. his may be, s tributed among my relatives, in the following proportions, to wit: I give and bequeath the one-fourth part of the same to my nice, Harriet Lane Johnson, the daughter of my deceased sister, Jane B. Lane; and I give and bequeath another fourth part thereof to my brother, Edward Y. Buchanan, and it is my will that neither of these shall be charged with the considerable advancements I have made to each in my life-time. I give and begreath the onein my life-time. I give and bequeath the onefifth part of the same to my nephew, J.Buchana
Henry, the surviving child of my deceased sister,
Harriet B. Henry. It is my will that the remaining portion of this my estate shall be divided into three equal parts, the first whereof I
give and bequeath to John N. Lane, James B.
Lane and Elliott E. Lane, minor sons of my deceased nephew, James B. Lane, and to the survivors or survivers of them, another sould third ceased nephew, James B. Lane, and to the survivors or survivor of them; another equal third part thereof I give and bequeath to my nicce, Mary E. Dunham, the daughter of my deceased sister, Maria I. Yates; and the remaining third part thereof, I give and bequeath to Maria B. Weaver, Jessie Mugaw (formerly Jessie Weaver), James B. Weaver and John Bluss Weaver, minor children of my deceased niece, Jessie Magaw Weaver, and considerated in the deceased sister. Maria, by grandchildren of my deceased sister, Maria, by her first husband, Dr. Jesse Magaw, and to the urvivors or survivor of them. And it is my will that my Executors shall retain in their own hands the amount of the legacy to the three minor sons of James B. Lane, with its accumulations, and as each of them shall severally attain the age of twenty-one, pay over to him the share to which he may be en-titled. And it is also my will that my ex-ecutors shall retain in their hands the amount of he legacy to the four minor children of my neice, Jessie Magaw Weaver, with its accumulations, and as each of them shall severally attain the ego of twenty-one pay over to him or her the share to which he or she may be then entitled. Should my executors deem it necessary for the maintenance and education of the two young of these children, to wit, James B. Weaver as John Bliss Weaver, they may apply the interest and even a portion of the principal of their re-spective shares for this purpose, under their own

mmediate direction. Whilst feeling full confidence both in the integrity and eminent business capacity of Edward E. Johnson, the husband of my niece Harriet Lane Johnson, I yet deem it pradent to secure to her a maintainance against the unforeseen contingencies of future years. For this purpose I appoint my hereinafter named executors, Hiram B. Swarr and Edward Y. Buchanan, or the surprise of them trateges or trustee, and direct them to retain in their hands, and invest and them to retain in their hands, and invest and manage to the best advantage, free and discharged from the debts and control of her said husband, the two-thirds of the amount bequeathed to her as one of my residuary legatees under this my will, in trust, that they or the survivor of them shall pay to her, annually or semi-annually, the interest accraing thereupon for her sole and separate use during the life of her said husband, and her separate receipts for the same shall be a sufficient rate receipts for the same shall be a sufficient acquittance. And on these further trusts, that should the said Harriet Lane Johnson survive her and husband, then to pay her the principal of the fund thus created. Should she die in his life-time, leaving a child or children, then in trust to pay such child or children, or the survivor or survivors of them or their lawfully appointed guardians, for their use and as their property, the whole of the said fund. But should the said Harriet Lane Johnson die in the lifesaid Harriet Lane Johnson die in the lifetime of her said husband, without leaving a
child or children, then it is my will that the said
trustees or the survivors of them shall pay the
whole of the said fund to the children of my
brother, Edward Y. Buchanan, and to my
nephew, J. Buchanan Henry, and to the survivors or survivor of them all, share and share
alike; to whom I give and bequeath the same.
And, finally, I appoint my brother, Edward Y.
Buchanan, and my trusty friend, Hiram B.
Swarr, to be the executors and executor of this
my last Will and Testament.

my last Will and Testament.
Given under my hand and seal, at Wheatland, in
the county of Lancaster, this twenty-seventh
day of January, one thousand eight hundred

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Declared and published by the testator to be his last will and testament, in presence of us.
W. W. Brows,
J. W. F. Swiff.

I, James Buchanan, do hereby add this codici

to my last Will and Testament, dated on the 27th of January, 1866, viz.: I direct that my Executors shall apply toward the payment of the residuary legacy left to my nephew, J. Buchanan Henry, by my last Will and Testament, the principal and interest due upon a Bond from him to me, dated on the 15th June, 1866, for the sum of fourteen thousand sho hundred and fifty dollars.

Item: I give and bequeath to Marths J. Lane, the widow of my deceased nephew, Janes B. Lane, a legacy of two thousand dollars:

Given under my hand and seal at Wheatland, this twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand

eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

I'declare the following to be a codicil to my last Will and Testament, dated on the 27th of January, 1866: I give and devise to Harriet Lane Johnson, the

wife of Henry E. Johnson and to her heirs and nesigns, my dwelling house at Wheatland, and the tract of land connected therewith, containing about twenty-two acres, with the appurtenances and I charge her for the same the sum of twelve toonsand dollars. In the settlement of my estate she is to account to my Executors for this sum of money, and it is to be deducted from the residuary share of my estate bequeathed to her

under my Will. Given under my hand and seal at Wheatland in the county of Lancaster, this thirty-first day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-seven.

James Buomanan.
This is a codicil to be added to and taken as

part of the last Will and Testament of me, James Buchanan :

I horeby direct my Executors named in my last I hereby direct my Executors named in my last Will and Testament, to place all the papers, correspondence and private and public documents connected with my public life, in the hands of my friend, William B. Reed, who having shown to me in my retirement great kindness, and in whom I have entire confidence, to enable him to prepare such a biographical work as I desire. With this view I direct my Executors to pay to the order of William B. Reed such sums in the aggregate not exceeding one thousand dollars, as may be necessary in his opinion to secure the proper publication of such biographical work. proper publication of such biographical work. and in case it or any part of it is not so used, is shall go unto the remainder of my estate.

As some compensation for the work which Mr. Reed has undertaken to perform, I give and bequeath to his wife, Mrs. Mary L. Reed, the sum of five thousand dollars, which I direct to be a legacy for her separate use and benefit, and in case of her death, for her children, said amount to be paid to her on the completion of the work, or in the event of her death before that, to her

children. I give and bequeath to Peter Hillyer, Mary Smithgall and Dizzle Stoner, domestics now with me, or lately in my employ, each the sum of one hundred dollars.

hundred dollars.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal at Wheatland, this twenty-ninth day of August, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JAMES BUCKANAN.

Signed, sealed and declared by the said James Buchanan as and for a codicil to his last will in the presence of us.

J. B. BAKER, ELIZA GUEST.

Note From a Fenian.

Рипловерны, June 11th, 1868.—To the Editor fithe Philadelphia Evening Bulletin: I perceive by an article in your paper of yesterday that the Editor of the London Herald flatters himself of being thoroughly cognizant of the Fenlan movements. But let me assure that gentleman if he allows himself to make such a dolt of his faculties (if any he has), he will get lost in a fog of metaphayles before he can ever discover the wellmetaphysics before he can ever discover the well kept council of John O'Nell—the noble, the gal lant and the true. Fortunately we have a set of men at the helm just now who are renowned for truth, bravery and common sense (which latter qualification reigns supreme over all mat-ters now a days), and have rendered themselves illustrious in by-gone days, by their actions and talents in the late war. So it would be futile for the tardy brains of John Bull's editor to even divine the most trivial movement concerning the present organization. So well kept are the ouncils of the present men, and thanks to God. so little sophistry and decelt amongst them, is leads me to think they will rival the days of Wil liam Tell, who is renowned in history and song, and whose undying fame will soar aloft until the glitter of monarchs shall cease. In conclusion, I trust Mr. John Bull's editors will have a little more caution in expressing opinions they have not the faintest idea of. Trusting you will parden my intrusion on your valuable space, I remain a friend to the cause. Scipio Africanus.

THEATRES, Etc.

THE THEATRES.—At the Arch this evening the sensational drama Under the Gaslight will be presented, on the occasion of Mr. Lewis Baker's benefit The pantomime Humpty Dumpty will be repeated at the Chestnut this evening, and there will be be matinee to-morrow afternoon. At the Walnut Mr. Joseph Jefferson will appear this evening as "Rip Van Winkle." A varied performance will be given at the American.

Musical Jubilee .- On Friday evening a sical jubilee" will be given at Horticultural Hall, under the direction of Mr. John Bower. There will be a chorus of four hundred children. An attractive programme has been prepared, embrac-ing popular selections of the most approved cha-racter. Mr. Bower has been a teacher of music n our public schools for fifteen years past, and is faithfulness and efficiency demand a recogni

tion from the public.

RISTORI. — Madame Ristori will appear thi evening at the Academy as "Mary Stuart." To-morrow afternoon the final performance will be given, when *Marie Antoinette* will be pre-

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE-Seventh, below Arch. This popular place of amusement will open on Monday, June 15th, with Hooley's Minstrels, Monday, June 15th, with Hooley's Minstrels, from Brooklyn, where they have been permanently located for the past seven years. The opening bill will embrace the spectacular burlesque of The Wild Fawn, Manager Hooley dresses, &c., from the Brooklyn Opera House. The New York and Brooklyn papers praise the magnificent scenery used in the piece, particularly the grand transformation scene. Cool White is the stage-manager of the company. White is the stage-manager of the company.

White is the stege-manager of the company.

MR. PHILLIPS FAREWELL CONCERT.—On
Monday evening next Mr. Philip Phillips, the
well-known singer, will give a farewell concert
at the Academy of Music. A very attractive programme has been prepared, and an unusually
brilliant entertainment may be expected. Mr.
Phillips has fine talents, and it is his purpose
during his proposed stay in Europe to apply himself closely to the study of his art. Tickets for
the above concert can be procured at Trumpler's
mysic store. No. 296 Chestnut street. muzic store, No. 926 Chestnut street.

LLEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE .- A VETY representation of farces, burlesques, will be a choice selection of farces, burlesques, extravaganzas, negro comicalities, together with ballad singing by Cameross, instrumental and vocal music by the troupe, and a general melange

THE EUROPEAN CIRCUS.—This menageric and circus combination, now exhibiting on Eight street, between Race and Vine, will remain here during the present week. Performances will be given every afternoon and ening. The company of acrobats and equestrians is an excellent one, and the collection of wild animals decidedly the best of any we have had in this city for a long time. The exhibition will be open to-day and to-morrow in the afternoon and evening. Next week it will visit Frankford, Manayunk, Germantown and West Philadelphia, proparatory to going South,

## FACTS AND FANCIES.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

-Custave Dois is in London.

-One thousend empty houses in Chicago. It is proposed to put up a statue of Mr. I.a. body near the Royal Exchange in London. Beecher would like Chase for Fresiden.
But we will beat-yer candidate, Beecher.

-Eugenie frowns upon the short skirt movement. Its-kirt-aliment she doesn't think nice. —Not long ago a man publicly committed hari-karl in a Paris theatre.

—Manry has entered upon his scientific professorship labors in General Lee's college. The new Bishop of Missouri—Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle—is only thirty-one years old.

—Mr. Dickens will give his ultimate course of readings in Vegland during the autumn. Sumter, S. C , Seems to to the kirthplace of

-We all hav our brais- all except Jeff. Davis: -Chicago Post. Fortune, the barrone, well known as a member of the Parepa troupe, died recently at Lime, from the effects of yellow fever.

—A western paper is responsible for the suggestion that the ballet girls are wrongs which should be re-dressed.

—A man in New York killed himself with a dose of blue ink. He probably desired an azuro-ance of certain death.

—Senorita Filomen, a Chilean girl under fif-teen years of age, is astonishing St. Louis with her proficiency on the plane and violin. The Papal government is still vigorously at work on the fortifications around Civita Vec-

The Czar and Czarina are going to Darmstadt in July—Ex. How does a man act when he Darmstadts? -Nine-tenths of the newspapers of Germany are in favor of General Grant, and so are all the

liberal papers in France. Sorry the editors don't —Oxyethylendisulphonic acid, a new discovery, is useful for some purposes, but the sale is small because people always strangle when they try to ask for it.

A negro hanging in Florida was productive of rare sport, three persons being shot in the height of the fun. The fierce Democracis had charge of the affair.

-At a boat race in Portland this week the prize: contended for was "a hundred tarts." Boatmen, we should think, would rather object to turnovers. -The publisher of the Leipzig Illustrated News

says that the artistic and literary matter of every number of his paper costs him one thousand dollars.

—Carozzi-Zucchi has appeared in opera at Brussels and was not at all successful. The receipts fell off, the company broke up and the season ended in utter failure. —Swiss papers say that Jeff. Davis is going to: take up his abode in Geneva as soon as his trial is over. He will probably not visit Geneva for some time set.

some time yet. Fenian picates are being held throughout California. The theory of the organization is that the leaders pick the people's pockets, and the people pick-nix. —An Indiana correspondent of the Cincinnati-Commercial writes that the seventeen years' locust has appeared in some parts of Indiana in

-General Carver, who has just ridden over the Pacific road to Fort Laramie, claims to be the prime projector of it, and to have published a pamphlet arguing its feasibility in 1847. He is now eighty years old.

The negroes who gutted the restaurants in Washington the other day justify their course by asserting that on election day some of them were dosed with croton oil in lemonade which they ought in these places. -The "Pendleton Escort" that is to come from the West to the Democratic National Convention,

will wear a peculiar brown linen duster coat, dark pants, and a light felt hat of a pattern to be known as the "Pendleton Hat." —Among the petitions lately presented to the French Senate is one of the son of an American settler in France, who applies for permission to change his name Carter to Cartier. The fool's request will probably be granted.

The workmen employed on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad have allowed no trains to go out on the road since the strike. It, is also ascertained that there is a strike of the men over the wholelength of the Mobile and Ohlo roads. The track, it is said, has been torn up in a number of places.

his "American Conflict" to be distributed to the public libraries of Great Britain, with the intention, as his letter explains, "to proffer the British people, through their most popular libraries, the means of making themselves acquainted with the causes, nature and incidents of our great —Some of the Italian papers berate Ullmann soundly for the humbug by means of which he tries to puff up Carlotta Patti. They say that he sends to the illustrated papers portraits of Carlotta, for which some pretty Parisian lorette must have sat; and they also object to Ullmann's styling Carlotta "an angel of beauty, grace and metody."

-Mr. Greeley has given one hundred copies of

-At a recent sale of pictures in London, Turner's "Modern Haly" brought 2,820 guineas, or about \$14,100 in gold; Landscer's "Deerstalkers" sold for 1,500 guineas; Rosa Bonheur's "Chalk Wagons" 900 guineas; Linnell, Sr.'s "Cornfield—Labor," and "Cornfield—Rest," and "Dusty Road," 1,000 guineas each. These were restallar good, "1,000 guineas each.

certainly good prices. —Thiers said recently to an Englishman that if another Dante should write another Inferno, he has no doubt he would mention among the dreadful penalties inflicted in that hot place the reading of Scott's Life of Napoleon and Alison's History of Europe. He said he always felt ill at ease when anybody mentioned those two "execra-

—It might be more consistent in some of the Southern papers to amend their judgment concerning either General Grant or Robert E. Lee—it matters little which. Lee cannot be "the greatest general of the age," as we are assured he is, and General Grant a "blockhead" and "third is, and General Grant a "blockhead" and "third." rate commander," as the Petersburg Express sol-emnly pronounces him.—Ex.

Victor Hugo has sent to Pope Plus IX a little ode, embracing only twelve lines, and pronounced by French critics to be one of the finest poems he has ever written. It says that the thought uppermost in the mind of the Supreme Pontiff of the religion of peace and love is a murderous weapon (the Chassepot rifie) with which twelve persons can be killed in a minute. The first copy of the poem was duly mailed from Chapters to his Holiuess.

Guernsey to his Holineas.

—The July number of the Galaxy will contain, an important article on our national prospects and resources, with especial reference to the development of our commerce, by a writer whose initials. "D. D. P." indicate him as the distinguished Vice-Admiral of our navy. The same number will contain the first of a series of articles on the nerves, the sympathetic and emotional system, by Dr. W. A. Hammond, formerly Surgeon-General of the United States army, who has made this subject a specialty. Guernsey to his Holineas.

-At a sale of engravings in London last month —At a sate of engravings in London last mouth a magnificent impression of Rembrandt's etching. "Christ Healing the Sick in the Temple," known, to connoisseurs as the "Hundred Guilder Piece," was purchased for the enormous sum of £1,100, or \$5,500 in gold. It is probably the finest imor \$5,000 in gold. It is probably the meat impression extant. Another copy of the same etching brought £270, and a third £150. A proof-before the letters by Raphael Morgan of Leonardo da Vinci's "Last Supper" brought £250. Two days sales brought nearly £3,600.