TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The steamship Bremen took out $400,000 yesterday for Europe.

The works of the American Fibre Distinctorating Company, at The Bronx, Brooklyn, were burned yesterday. The loss is $95,000.

THOMAS H. LYON, a prominent citizen of New-York, N. Y., was drowned yesterday by falling into the river there.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE will remain in Richmond about ten days, trying civil cases in the U. S. Circuit Court.

A LAD, twelve years of age, was committed in New-York, on Wednesday, for attempting to stab a man whole property he was trying to steal.

WITHIN the last four days over three million dolls. worth of the first mortgage bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company have been subscribed for.

Nearly all the delegates from the State of Maryland to the Democratic National Convention favor the nomination of Hancock for the Presidency.

The Grand Lodge of F. and A. Masons of the State of New York yesterday elected the following officers: Grand Master, James Atkinson; Dep. Grand Master, John H. Anthon; Senior Grand Warden, Christopher Fox.

The Alabama Democratic Convention adjourned last night, after choosing delegates to the New York Convention, and declaring that, under present circumstances, they might not be wise for confederation.

About a thousand people assembled yesterday at Xenia, Ohio, to witness a match game of base ball between the Xenia Club, of Xenia, and the Atlantics of that city. Twenty-five innings were played, the score resulting—Xenia, 8; Atlantics, 7.

In Memphis, on Wednesday night, an affray occurred among the colored people, and a gang of negro burglars. Shots were exchanged, and two of the police officers were wounded, one of them mortally. One of the burglars also received a mortal wound.

WASHOE, the pedestrian, who commenced the task of walking 100 miles in 100 hours at the Riverside Park, Boston, on Wednesday, only accomplished 80 miles in 80 hours and 27 minutes. Hayes, of Albany, who started to walk 70 miles in the same time, and Weston walked the last 5 miles of the journey, on a wager of $500, accomplished the distance in 69 hours and 42 minutes, a lead of 18 minutes inside of time. About 5,000 people witnessed the finish, and the pedestrians were urged on by a brass band.

A DESPATCH from General Sickles, dated at Alargarda, May 31st, says a small detachment of troops will remain at Zonlis. All the remaining troops of the expedition have now left the country. Rey to embark. Another official despatch, the last received from Napier, dated June 3d, states that the royal crown of the late King Theodorus, which the expedition went to Magdala to recover, turned to the Queen, who remained at the capital. A crowd of 15,000 people, said the despatch, cheering much damage and rendering the road impassable. The loss of life was small, only six natives being drowned, instead of 600, as reported.

JOHN BRIGHT was entertained yesterday morning at a public breakfast by representatives of the Liberal party in Liverpool. He made an eloquent speech, in which, after stigmatizing the policy of the various Tory administrations on the question of the Irish Church, he drew a strong contrast between the course of the present Premier and that of Mr. Gladstone, in dealing with this matter. He advised the Liberals to put forth all their strength in the next Parliamentary election, and with great earnestness and warmth of language entreated the people of Great Britain to support the Liberal party, declaring the success of its policy the only means of adjusting the disentanglements in Ireland, and of perfecting union with England.

41st CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

CLOSE OF YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

HOUSE.—General debate on the tax bill closed at 3 o'clock, and the Committee proceeded to consider the bill detail.

Mr. Blaine (Me.) moved to strike out the first section of the bill, which constitutes the office of Internal Revenue Commissioner a department. The effect of the amendment would be, that while that officer would have autocratic power in appointing all the subordinate internal revenue officers in the country, the President might, the day after the adjournment of Congress, suspend the Commissioner and appoint another *de novo*, which other officer would be clothed with every officer of the Department and fill the places with his own appointees.

Mr. Judd moved to amend the section by providing that the Commissioner shall be subject to removal or suspension only with the advice and consent of the Senate; that amendment would remove the objection made by the gentleman from Maine, Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Schenck opposed the motion of Mr. Blaine, and replied to his argument. The question, he said, was one merely of form, and not of substance. He referred to numerous cases where officers were months ago recommended to be removed for treason, but not one of whom had been removed.

Mr. Beck opposed the first section, and argued that under the Constitution, Congress had no right to create a department and declare who should fill it. It was for the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to fill the office by appointment.

Mr. Mayfield replied to that objection by citing the case of the Department of Agriculture, which was raised by the President to the position of a bureau, without any such objections being made.

Mr. Farnsworth was opposed to the section, the effect of which, he thought, would be to legislate Mr. Rollins out of the service.

Without disposing of the section or amendment, committee, at half-past four, took a recess until half-past seven.

Evening of the House the House met at 7.30, in Committee of the Whole, Mr. Pomeroy in the Chair, and resumed the consideration of the tax bill.

Mr. Farnsworth commenced his remarks in opposition to the first section of the bill.

Mr. Poland argued that Congress had not the constitutional power to create an independent department of the Government, and to say that Mr. A and B should be at the head of it. He would move to amend the section by providing that the President should by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the head of the department. That would not alter the section in reality, for that was now the legal effect of it.

The question was taken on Mr. Judd's amendment, "That Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall be subject to removal or suspension only by and with the advice and consent of the Senate," and it was agreed to.

Mr. Garfield moved to amend the section by making it read, "That the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue be and hereby is created." The effect the object of the motion of Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Blaine withdrew his motion to strike out the first section.

The question was taken on Mr. Garfield's amendment, which strikes out the words creating a department, and provides that the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall be continued, which was carried by yeas 60, nays forty-seven yays and forty-six noes. No quorum.

Mr. Garfield moved to amend the bill by an amendment he adopted, and have a vote by yeas and nays in Committee.

Mr. Schenck refused to do so, saying he did not want to lose his bill.

The roll was called, and ninety-five members, making with the Speaker, a quorum, answered to their names.

The Committee resumed their places, and the vote was again taken, resulting 46 yeas to 49 nays. The Chair voted "nay," making a majority, no quorum, and the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Farnsworth moved to amend by providing that the Commissioner shall be appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Rejected.

Mr. Farnsworth moved to strike out the first section, which was rejected, there being only 36 votes in the affirmative.

The first section as amended is as follows:

Be it enacted, &c. That the Commissioner of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue be, and the same is, established and constituted a department of the Government, to be designated and known as the Department of Internal Revenue, which shall be chief officer of which department shall be the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, whose salary shall be $5,000 per annum, and who shall be subject to removal and impeachment from the performance of the duties of the office only by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and whenever the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall become vacant by death, resignation or otherwise, the President shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, will appoint a suitable person to fill said office.

Mr. Kasson offered another amendment requiring clerks to work for eight hours, and that only so many as were needed should be employed in one place, and requiring 40 clerks to be employed in one place, and in another, while the work brought up by charges.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Blaine moved to strike out section 4 by striking out of subdivision 10, 4 the words "and the city, giving notice of the time when that part of the bill was reached which imposes a tax of 10 cents per gallon on alcohol (?), but the world would be strike it out, so that there should be no tax on internal stamps.

Mr. Schenck thought that it was a question of sufficient importance to be carefully considered and passed upon by a fuller committee.

Mr. Blaine adhered to the opinion that internal oil should be allowed to take its place among other manufactures.

Mr. Hooper thereupon withdrew the amendment.

The sixth section, which gives to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue power to appoint and remove all collector, assessors, supervisors, inspectors, &c., gave rise to opposition.

Mr. Pile moved to amend by leaving the appointment of collectors and assessors with the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Mr. Schenck replied to his colleague, reminding him that he did not object to the same power in making in the hands of his beloved Secretary of the Treasury.

Without disposing of the sixth section, the committee rose, and at ten o'clock the House adjourned.

CITY BULLETIN.

CITY COUNCILS.—A stated meeting was held yesterday afternoon.

Select Branch.—A communication was received from the College of Physicians, asking the necessity for prompt action with reference to cleansing the streets, alleys and gutters of the city. Referred to the Committee on Health. A petition of citizens of the Eighth District, for a Fourth Ward bath house, was presented, asking that the Division be divided. Referred to the Committee of Law.

The resolution from Common Council, relative to the death of ex-President James Buchanan, was agreed to. Adjourned.

Common Branch.—A communication was received from the Managers of the Point Breeze Park association, requesting Councils to take Point Breeze Park on Thursday afternoon. The invitation was accepted. Speeches were made by Messrs. Freeman, asking for an appropriation. Referred.

Mr. Harper introduced the following resolution in reference to the death of the Hon. James Buchanan, late President of the United States, viz:

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the city of Philadelphia, That the Sergeant with decorated the death of Hon. James Buchanan, late President of the United States, who during a long and distinguished career, represented his native State (Pennsylvania) in various important public stations, and whose private character was without a stain and reproach.

Resolved, That as a mark of respect to the memory of the distinguished statesman, the State House bell shall be tolled during the period of the funeral ceremonies.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased.

Adopted unanimously.

Mr. Bound offered a resolution to permit Miss Mary Gold to occupy the refreshment stand in the passage way of Independence Hall. Not agreed to.

The resolution from Select Council granting permission to the Church of the Holy Apostles to erect a wooden building was agreed to.

Mr. Vanhouten moved that in token of respect to the memory of James Buchanan, the chambers be adjourned. Agreed to—yeas 16, nays 12.

THE BOARD OF TRADE AT POINT BREEZE.—After the adjournment of the session of the National Board of Trade Convention yesterday afternoon, the delegates took carriages and were driven to Point Breeze Park. At that place, the banquet was served in a Mr. Frost's caterer's best style, and in response to a toast, Governor Geary responded to the toast and said, Mr. Weberill, of this city; Mr. Armstrong, of Philadelphia, and others made speeches, and the Blow, of St. Louis. The guests then repaired to the Park, where the purpose of interest was carried out.

The first race four horses were entered, as follows: "Blue Dick," driven by Goodin; "Sunburn," by King; "Bessie," by Thomas, and "Rose," by Nugent. The race was best three in five, and the race was by "Sunburn," in three straight heats. Time, 2.42½, 2.37, 2.37.

The second race was between the horses "Polly Ann" and Fenny Allen," best two in three, mile heats. "Polly Ann" won in, making time 2.31½ and 2.32.

On the conclusion of the races the carriages were again brought around, and the delegates drove to the city.

FORMATION OF A BOARD OF TRADE.—Yesterday afternoon a large number of gentlemen engaged in the tobacco business met at No. 47 North Water street, for the purpose of forming a Board of Trade. Mr. John D. Taitt was called to the Chair, and Mr. W. M. Abbey was appointed Secretary. The election for permanent officers then followed, resulting as follows:

President, D. McCartney; Vice President, H. L. Pugnet. W. M. Abbey was, on motion of James Gillespie, elected by acclamation to the office of the meeting for Secretary. A ballot was then taken for Treasurer, resulting in Mr. Wm. Wagner being duly elected. Mr. George W. Bremer was elected Sergeant-at-Arms. The President declared the choice of the following gentlemen, consisting of two Directors from each of the tobacco interests, been from each branch, which was extended to the Secretary, Mr. Abbey, for the purpose of having the interests of the tobacco dealers fairly represented in Congress.

THE TWO NEGRO RECEIVERS.—John Cullen and his wife Jane Cullen were yesterday held by Alderman Beitler, to answer the charge of the larceny of twenty-eight pieces of cream ware, from Ogle, Mrs. Givins and Mr. Mitchener, on Sansom street above Seventh, and also from dwellings in other parts of the city. Mary Morrison was charged with having received the stolen goods with a guilty knowledge. John Cullen, one of the prisoners, deposed that he had sold her stolen property, and on one occasion to her that he came by it dishonestly. The prisoners were held to answer.

STABBING CASE.—Yesterday afternoon a difficulty occurred between Calvin and John Kennedy, in the store of the latter, Second street, above Green. In the course of the dispute John stabbed Calvin in the neck, inflicting a serious but not dangerous wound. The wound was dressed in a neighboring drug store, after which Mr. B. was taken to his home.

INSTALLATION.—The installation of the Rev. Herrick Johnson, D. D., as Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Washington Square, took place last evening. Rev. Dr. Humphrey preached the sermon, Rev. Mr. Barnes was ordained as the pastor, and Rev. Dr. Shepherd to the people. The audience was large.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT MANAYUNK.—Yesterday afternoon, William Brodin was instantly killed by the falling of a heavy mass which was being elevated to its position in a new building, owned by Mr. Spencer, on Cresson street, Manayunk. Mr. Brodin was in his 21st year, and resided at No. 181 Cotton street.

THE COUNCIL TREE CLUB.—The third of the series of weekly meetings at the National Union Club House, 907 Walnut, last evening. Addresses will be delivered by Hon. H. H. Brewster and Colonel T. J. O'Brien.

ACCIDENT.—John Henry, aged 26 years, and residing in Fifteenth street above South, while loading a wagon at Thirteenth and Market street, had his collar bone fractured and received other injuries by a box falling upon him.

FELL FROM A WINDOW.—Mary T. Lacey, aged 28 years, and residing in Twentieth street above Wallace, while washing the windows of a house in Cathbrine street, fell out of the second-story window, receiving severe injury.

OPENING SERVICES.—The newly-finished audience room of the Olivet Baptist Church, at the southeast corner of Sixth and Federal streets, was formally opened last evening.

NEW-JERSEY MATTERS.

ATLANTIC CITY.—The numerous and elegant improvements in Atlantic City are rapidly advancing towards completion. Owners of private cottages are busy in fitting up their dwellings and yards, while the boarding house and hotel proprietors are making extra arrangements for the increased accommodations the visitors which is anticipated the present season. The streets are being cleaned of impediments and the crossings repaired, so that the drives will be in good condition; the lamps are to be more improved, and, altogether, greater inducements and accommodations than have ever before been enjoyed at this seaside city will be presented. On Monday evening, the Council granted license to a large number of hotels, but resolutely refused the application of several houses which did not come up to their requirements and rules, and which they did not deem necessary for the public good. Mayor D. W. Bellen sent in his resignation, but the council refused to accept it.

NEW RAILROAD.—The work on the contemplated railroad from May's Landing to Egg Harbor City, connecting with the Camden and Atlantic road, it is thought, will be commenced sometime during the present year. The people of those places are very anxious to provide themselves with such much needed accommodations. The road would certainly be of great advantage, and would be a profitable investment. Let it be built.

FONOBAY.—Yesterday, in the Camden county courts, the case of Mr. Dickson, a writing master of Philadelphia, charging him with having been a party to the forging of various minutes and resolutions in connection with the Union Bank, came up for trial. Mr. Dickson is represented to have confessed, and he admits all the part he took in the matter. There are many witnesses to be examined, and the case will probably be a protracted one, and will bring out much interest to the people of Camden.

MAKING CORRECTIONS.—The Camden and Atlantic Railroad Company are grading and laying tracks to connect with the West Jersey and Camden Railroads, in order to run through trains of New York without change of cars, in order to accommodate the fruit growers along those roads to convey their berries, &c. to market in the most possible time.

SENTENCED.—Thirty-four criminal cases have been disposed of at the present term of the Gloucester County Courts, and sentences passed. A large amount of business is yet to be acted upon.

The First Dog Law in America.

The New York *Nation* gives the following the law printed below to be the first "dog law" ever passed in this country, though it is probable that unprinted records may contain an earlier. Mr. George H. Moore ought to be delighted with it. Certainly it shows that the Puritan, though his descendants in our day, animated by a sectional spirit, used to be fond of the chasing of negroes with blood-hounds, did himself rear hounds for the purpose of hunting the weak in pursuit of colored persons. Treat the Puritan dog was employed to the end that his bigoted master and strait-laced minister and the young Puritans might not be waked in the night to have their consciences stirred up by the howling to the purpose, perhaps. The act was passed by the Massachusetts General Court in 1705, and reads as follows:

"An Act for the Raising & Increase of Dogs, for the better Security of the Frontiers."

"Whereas upon Tryal lately made of Hangmen, Bloodhounds, Scouring the Woods on the Frontiers, with Hounds and other Dogs used to Hunting, It has proved of great Service to discourage and keep off the Indians.

"For Encouragement, therefore, to Raise and Train up a greater number of Dogs, to be improved,

"Be it Enacted by His Excellency the Governor, Council and Representatives, and General Court Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such Person and Persons living in any of the Frontiers within this Province, who shall take, keep and raise up any Whelp of the breed of the Hounds, and have them at all times in readiness to attend the Chief Serjeant, or others imployed in this Service, when they shall come to such Town, and require the same, shall be allowed and

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, May 27, 1868.

NOTICE.—The attention of the Select and Common Councils of Philadelphia is called to the following ordinance of Councils, approved the 29th day of April, 1868:

Section 1. The Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia do ordain, That no appropriation shall be required, one month prior to the date of the City Loan, to be appropriated to the use of the City Treasurer, for the purpose of redeeming the loan, so that the City will be required to present such certificate to the City Treasurer, on or before the first day of the month prior to the date of the City Loan, for the purpose of redeeming the same, and the City Treasurer is directed to make ready for such purpose the money so appropriated, and the ordinance will be strictly adhered to.

Section 2. That no warrant shall be produced for payment of the interest on the City Loan, unless the same shall be presented.—On

Monday evening, the Council granted license to a large number of hotels, but resolutely refused the application of several houses which did not come up to their requirements and rules, and which they did not deem necessary for the public good. Mayor D. W. Bellen sent in his resignation, but the council refused to accept it.

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AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

DIRECTION ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS & LEONARD GRAU.

SEASON OF 25 NIGHTS ONLY. TWO MATINEES.

THIRD AND LAST NIGHT OF THE ENGLISH OPERA.

Introducing the Celebrated Prima Donna, MISS ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS.

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

MARTHA.

SATURDAY MATINEE, THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.

MONDAY, THE CRUSADERS.

WEDNESDAY, THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.

FRIDAY, THE CRUSADERS.

SATURDAY MATINEE, MARTHA.

Are the attractions.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE GERMONIA ORCHESTRA, SATURDAY, June 6th.

Programme—Grand Overture, Mozart; Adagio, Beethoven; Cavatina, Bellini; Grand Overture, Mozart; Minuet, Boccherini; Grand Overture, Mozart; Minuet, Boccherini; Grand Overture, Mozart; Minuet, Boccher