BUSINESS NOTICES.

Allcock's Porous Plasters.

Especially useful in pains of the breast, cause of weakness and lowness of spirits, for coughs, colds, asthma and difficulty of breathing, oppression and fatigue about the diaphragm. They give much ease in Gout and Rheumatism, weakness of the back, and in affections and pains about the kidneys. In Lumbago they act like a charm. A few hours without cough is relieved by a plaster applied on the chest. Many persons believe a cold cannot be 'at' on while a plaster is worn among the chest. We do know, they greatly assist in the cure of a neglected cold, as often the introducer of Consumption.

No plaster yet made is so entirely free from objections as the *POROUS PLASTER*. Unlike a preparation from Vesuvius, rubber and Burgundy pitch, they seem to *remove* the quality of

ACCUMULATING ELECTRICITY

and interesting it to the body, whereby the circulation of the blood becomes equalized upon the part where applied, causing painful and morbid action to cease. The Porous Plasters are flexible, and found of great help to those who have weak backs, or pain in the side. Especially are they valuable to those who have neglected colds. They are often preventive of Consumption; may they are believed to have often lessened the grasp of this terrible affliction, and been mainly instrumental in effecting a cure. In variable climates they should be worn on the breast or between the shoulders, or over the kidneys, by those who are subject to take cold easily. This simple plan will soon produce a constitutional vigor that will enable it to resist extraordinary changes of temperature. Experience has proved the Porous Plaster to be a blessing to the consumptively inclined, invariably producing the most remarkable abatement of the worst symptoms.

$5,000 WORTH SOLD BY ONE DEALER.

Messrs. J. Balch & Son, Druggists, of Providence, R. I. write, Nov. 25, 1867:

"We have sold at retail over our counter upward of $5,000 worth of Allcock's Porous Plasters, and in every case they gave satisfaction. They are favorites with physicians, because they are the most convenient and unobtrusive method of making them are known.

IMPORTANT FROM A PHYSICIAN.

Messrs. Thos. Allcock & Co.:

Please send, with despatch, twelve dozen Allcock's Porous Plasters. Our daily experience confirms their very superior excellence. A little attention to instructions, in applying for one, who, by entanglement in the shaft of machinery, had both his legs broken, spine severely injured, and scarfer nearly a year entirely helpless. This man found relief very soon by the application of a plaster to his spine. He was soon enabled to work, and now he labors as well as ever. He would cheerfully pay $5 for a single plaster if they could not be had at a lower rate. Knowing the plasters to be useful, I have no scruples that my testimonials should be known.

J. W. JOHNSON, M. D.

HOME EVIDENCE.

Messrs. Thomas Allcock & Co.:

I have suffered greatly from a weak back; at last the pain became so severe I could not get out of my bed. My doctor, S. J. Fisher, of this village, recommended me to apply an Allcock's Porous Plaster. I did so, and in two hours the pain began to abate. I got a good night's rest, and was able to move about the next day. The day after I applied a second plaster. The day after I applied a third strip, and now my trouble was all gone. I wore the plaster three weeks, and since the second day after applying it, have had no pain and feel as back as any one. If I had paid fifty dollars for a plaster I should have considered it cheap.

YOURS,
CLINTON D. HAMMOND.

AFFECTION OF THE HEART CURED.

Allcock's Porous Plaster Co., Delaware, Pa., March 15, 1868.

Messrs. Thomas Allcock & Co.:

Having been troubled with heart-disease for a long time, and after doctoring with our physician for months and obtaining no relief, I gave up in despair. I was troubled with sharp pains in my chest, and loud sounds about my heart, and often felt that death would be a blessing. At the time I was persuaded to apply one of your Porous Plasters. Within twenty-four hours after I put one on my chest, I felt no more pain, and all throbbing ceased about my heart, and I have felt like a new man. Send me your prices by the quantity.

YOURS, respectfully,
CHARLES BATTY.

PAIN OF THE SIDE CURED.

Allcock's Porous Plaster Co., Allcock's Porous Plaster Co., Feb., April 4, 1865.

Messrs. T. Allcock & Co.:

Dear Sirs: My daughter used one of your Porous Plasters. She had a very bad pain in her side, and it cured her in one week.

Yours, truly,
JOHN V. N. HUNTER.

SORE CHEST AND COUGH.

Dr. Allcock:

Sir: In May last I was visiting my cousin in Corning who got one of your Porous Plasters for my chest. I was so sore throughout me at the time that I could hardly speak or breathe. It was not more than three hours after I put it on before I felt comfortable. The day after I paid much from soreness of the chest, with cough and hoarse sore, for months; but your Plaster cured me, and my health is better than it has been for years.

Yours, respectfully,
PHEBE PATCHER.

Hayes Dan. School-house Co., N. Y., Sept. 14, 1866.

CURE OF CRICK IN THE BACK AND LUMBAGO.

Lansing, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1865.

Messrs. Allcock & Co.:

Please send me a dozen more of your Plasters. They have cured me of a crick in the back, which has troubled me for some time, and I can say my father is ready to try them for difficulty about the heart.

L. H. SHERWOOD

PLASTER WORKS, SING SING, N. Y.
BRANDRETH AGENCY,
BRANDRETH BLOCK, NEW YORK.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. [109AJ6m]

Cynthia Dentifrice *recently introduced to the public, with a choice selection of Goods in the place, to be made up to order in the most fashionable style.*

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Spring Clothing, *all kinds, styles and sizes, cut to order and warranted to make and fit.*

All prices guaranteed lower than the lowest elsewhere, and full satisfaction guaranteed every purchaser, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.

Half way between { Beloney & Co.,
Third and { Tailors,
Sixth streets. } 518 Market St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
AND 60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

DONNAY, PEYEL, INTYPON AND Manufacturer of the celebrated Jos. Pleyel Pianos received the Gold Medal at the World's Great Exhibition, London, for the highest prizes awarded to pianos. Warerooms, No. 1004 Chestnut street. Established 1842. [5m5 rp]

Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This Balsam continued its success in the future. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their colds, coughs, asthma, or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequaled remedy. It can be relied upon, as it has stood the test of time, and has added many new testimonials to ample proof of its efficacy. [m5 7 rp]

EVENING BULLETIN.

Wednesday, May 13, 1868.

CORRUPTION IN THE SENATE.

It has happened again and again, since the outbreak of the rebellion, that the Senate has been found lagging behind the House, and, at times, the House lagging behind the great institutions sentiment of the country. In the later years the House has permanently been up to the front line of the public will, but the Senate has usually hung back, shrinking from great responsibilities until they have been forced upon them. This, however, has been removed south of Market street, should be the immediate concern of the President. The Senate assumed its responsibilities promptly and fearlessly, accepting the challenge which Andrew Johnson cast into the teeth of the outraged law, and joining issue with him in the name of the Constitution and of all the people.

The Senate, as a body, has been true, and Johnson, finding that he could not control the mass, has attacked it in detail, and with a degree of success that has filled the country with distress, indignation and alarm. He has gone round about the Republican lines, testing the fidelity of one sentinel after another, until he has found the weak points and has overcome them. Corruption has done its work with men who have hitherto borne irreproachable names before the world, and they have sunk into sudden infamy, from which there is no hope of redemption. Fessenden, Grimes, Henderson, and Trumbell, if no more, have sold themselves and betrayed their great trust, each for his own price. This is the sober verdict of the people, and it is grounded upon an intelligent common sense.

That these men have been corrupted, and have betrayed their avowed principles for some price, is evident from several considerations, both of a positive and a negative character.

I. These recreant Senators have again and again recorded their votes in favor of the law which they now condemn, and in condemnation of the criminal whom they now befriend. There is no honesty in this sort of inconsistency.

II. No pretence is made that any evidence has been presented or argument made for Mr. Johnson's defence which was not perfectly familiar to these men long before this trial was thought of. There is, therefore, a total absence of all ostensible cause for their defection.

III. The inducements and appliances of corruption are numerous and powerful beyond what has ever been known in the history of this nation. The illicit whisky and tobacco interests have everything at stake in the impeachment of Andrew Johnson. Millions of revenue are involved in the question of his conviction or acquittal, and it is so well known that this illicit traffic depends, in great measure, on his retention in office, that there is no difficulty in securing all the money that may be needed for the purpose.

IV. There is no ground upon which any claim for honesty can be founded, in the case of these Senators. They are fully aware of all the consequences which must follow on the heels of their treachery. Truth owes no restriction in their own affair. No one will mourn over that. But men do not usually overturn all the professions of a life-time, and run counter to all the opinions and influence of the great mass of their colleagues, and strike hands with a man whom they have despised and denounced, and open the flood-gates of despotism and confusion upon their country, and cast off the respect and support of honest and decent men, from pure and noble and upright motives.

V. The conduct of these Senators has not been that of honest men. Had they been acting upon any manly conviction of duty; had they been men of clear consciences and clean hands, they would not have taken such pains to hide their purpose from their friends. "He that doeth truth, cometh to the light, that his deeds may be made manifest." Grimes, it is true, was not able to conceal his treacherous purpose, for with him a deep personal spite is the controlling motive, but Fessenden, Trumbull and Henderson wore their disguises to the last, and only cast them off when they were no longer possible.

For these and other considerations, it is out of the question to talk about the honesty of these recreant Senators. Some of them are men of not very brilliant intellect, but none of them are deficient enough in brains to establish the one saving plea of imbecility. They have listened to the inducements, political and personal, which Andrew Johnson and his friends have poured into their ears, and they have fallen. There is too much indignation at their faithlessness to leave room for regret over their loss to their party, or pity for the shame they have brought upon their good names.

THE TREE NUISANCE ON SOUTH BROAD STREET.

The shocking and lamented death of Mr. Lemuel S. Levering, from being hurled against a tree while driving on South Broad street, has all at last awakened the public to the necessity of removing the trees that form what is miscalled a "Boulevard." This is the third fatal accident from the same cause within a year, and there have been many others not fatal. The trees make the carriage-ways so narrow, that there is constant liability to such accidents on days when there is much driving, and this fact, with the and illustrations it has had, ought to be sufficient reason for ordering the removal of all the trees and the restoration of the street to its former condition.

But, besides this, the trees do not thrive; they are continually damaged and broken by cattle; none of them are ornamental; they afford no such shade as would make a promenade among them agreeable, and the dust from passing vehicles would spoil them for such a promenade. Such a sight as promenaders in the so-called "Boulevard" is entirely unknown. The uselessness of the trees is, therefore, acknowledged. Now that there have been so many deaths and injuries from them, there ought to be no hesitation about removing every tree, and we trust the subject will be acted upon at the meeting of City Councils to-morrow. Those citizens interested in the improvement of the street, who have laboured so effectively to have the freight railroad removed south of Market street, should turn their energies with those owning property further South, so that the street may be made safe for those who ride and drive upon it, whose number increases every year.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

We devote considerable space to-day to the proceedings of the Episcopal Convention, now in session at St. Andrew's Church, in this city. The important religious body represented by this Convention embraces a large proportion of the intelligence, culture, wealth, social influence and benevolent enterprise of this community. The Convention has a number of interesting subjects before it, among which is the question of the employment of Christian women in the work of the Church. A very interesting report on this subject will be found in to-day's paper. The division of the Diocese will also be discussed, and excites much interest among the clergy, as it involves the selection of another bishop. The much agitated question of Ritualism will also probably come up, in the form of an effort to establish a Philadelphia "St. Alban's," which, having been opposed by the Standing Committee, will, it is understood, be brought before the Convention. These are some of the more prominent topics which will engross the attention and deliberations of the Convention, of which we shall lay full reports before our readers. We are glad to see that Bishop Stevens has sufficiently recovered from his recent accident to resume his official duties, and to preside over this important Convention of his Diocese.

The master bricklayers of this city are agitating the apprentice question, and they insist upon their right to take more than two apprentices each, the number to which the rules of the associated journeymen now limit them. The Journeymen's Union warmly opposes the movement, and if the employers attempt to carry into effect their desires to employ their own business in their own way, there will probably be a strike, and while the improvement and progress of the city are retarded by the movement, the families of hundreds of men, who might be usefully and profitably employed, will suffer from want. But this is not all; boys who should be learning trades will be left to run the streets in idleness, and grow up worse than useless members of society; and when the building season is at an end, and work is no longer to be obtained, there will be want and suffering among families because husbands and fathers refused to make hay while the sun shone. The Bricklayers has always held, and it still holds, that the services of every man are worth whatever they will bring, and however unwise exorbitant demands for wages may be, the journeymen have the right to manage their own affairs in their own way. But when they go a step farther and also undertake to manage the business of their employers, and dictate to them how many apprentices each shall be permitted to take, they go entirely too far, and enter into a conspiracy to accomplish a mischievous purpose. We are persuaded that if a test case were made and brought before the courts of law, it would be decided that such combinations and movements are impertinent, contrary to public policy, and of course illegal.

A State Fenian Convention is now in session at Syracuse, New York. It has adopted an address to the "Irish Nationality of New York" (what is the "Irish Nationality of New York?") in which it says: "We have pledged ourselves to meet the enemy soon upon the battle-field, and we earnestly call upon you to exercise your utmost energies to furnish the necessary means to equip and arm the many thousands of willing hands and brave hearts impatiently waiting the order to march." What energy and what battle-field! "We presume that either Canada, England or Ireland is to furnish the battle-field; but as the United States are at peace with Great Britain, American citizens, whether native or of Irish birth, have no right to contrive war upon a friendly power. If the Fenian Convention is made up of unnaturalized foreigners, they have no more right to plot mischief upon our soil than rebel emissaries in Canada had a right to plan raids, steamboat piracies and hotel burnings in the United States. We have much and just cause of complaint against Great Britain and against the people and the authorities of Canada for the aid and comfort afforded the enemies of our country during the time of the Rebellion. Two wrongs do not make a right, and whatever may be the private feelings of Americans in respect to the rights of England or the wrongs of Ireland, we should be careful not to follow an example which has brought about international complications and difficulties that seem about as far off from a satisfactory solution as ever.

The trial of John H. Surratt was called up yesterday and postponed. Of course there will be further postponements, then perhaps will come the mockery of a trial before a Washington jury, then a disagreement, and finally a discharge of the prisoner. So we go. Jefferson Davis not only unpunished for his great crimes, but the object of Southern gloriications; one of the assassins of the martyr Lincoln an actor in a judicial farce, and Andrew Johnson, the meanest, if not the greatest, culprit of them all, threatening to cheat justice through the treachery of Senators who, in their degree, are as false to their professions and principles as the Tennessee spoken of. Heaven help the Republic when it is not only compelled to struggle against its open foes and with hulled rebels, but when its own honored servants betray their sacred trusts and sell themselves out to the Presidential Catiline. Mr. Lincoln made a prophetic utterance when he spoke of "a government of the people, by the people, for the people." The people who carried the country through the dread struggle of the rebellion, who defeated the great conspiracy against the nation and who restored our national integrity, will right the wrongs of the nation in the present crisis and send the tribe of stultified traitors, Johnson, Grimes, Fessenden and the rest of them, into a purgatory of infamy in comparison to which utter blank oblivion would be a merciful boon.

The Union Pacific Railroad is moving towards the Pacific coast at the rate of two hundred miles a year. The track of the Omaha route is now laid five hundred and eighty miles west of that town, and ties, bands and workmen are shortening the distance toward the setting sun at a rapid rate. Posterity, when it comes to study the history of the present era, will turn with disgust from the perusal of treachery and corruption in high places, to contemplate the grand achievement of an age which spanned the immense gap between the Missouri river and the Pacific, which overcame the great mountain barrier of "the far West, and which throw open to the use of man the agricultural and mineral resources of half a continent.

Amid the grave aspects of affairs at Washington, there are one or two glearns of actual humor. Mr. Henderson, whose colleagues have demanded of him his resignation or the performance of his duty, is reported as having promised, in lieu of his vote for conviction, that he "*will stump his State for the Radical ticket at the coming election.*" We are not told whether this magnificent offer has been accepted or not, but we greatly mistake the Republican party of Missouri, if it ever permits a man, who proves recreant in such a crisis as this, to serve again among its standard-bearers. Such men will be driven over to the enemy, where they belong, and not be trusted with fresh opportunities to deceive and betray the people who confide in them. Bishop Stevens has sufficiently recovered from his recent accident to resume his official duties, and to preside over this important Convention of his Diocese.

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CLOTHING.

Our Clothing ranks Higher in Style and Lower in Price than any in Philadelphia.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
The Largest Clothing House,
Oak Hall,
The corner of Sixth and Market Sta.

CLOTHING FOR SPRING.
CLOTHING FOR SPRING.
CLOTHING FOR SPRING.
All-Wool Cassimere Suits.
All-Wool Cassimere Suits.
All-Wool Cassimere Suits.
Ready Made Clothing.
Fresh Made and Reduced Prices:
Fresh Made and Reduced Prices.
Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing.
Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing.
Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing.
Always on hand a carefully selected stock of finest goods for Men and Boys' wear. Clothing made to order.
We make the Boys' trade an especial feature in our business, and parents may rely on purchasing at this establishment Boys' Clothing well cut, well made, well trimmed and reliable.
ROCKHILL & WILSON,
ROCKHILL & WILSON,
ROCKHILL & WILSON.
603 and 605 Chestnut Street.

ICE AND COAL.

ICE. ICE. ICE. ICE. ICE. ICE. ICE.
ICE
SUPPLIED DAILY TO LARGE OR SMALL CONSUMERS.
Ice Offices and Depots of the Consolidated City—
WEST PHILADELPHIA,
MANTUA,
RICHMOND,
MIDDLE BRANCH, MIDDLETOWN, and MIDDLETOWN.
Families, Offices, etc., can rely on being furnished with a pure article of ICE, DELIVERED PROMPTLY.
COAL. COAL. COAL. COAL. COAL.
BEST QUALITY OF LEHIGH AND SCHUYLKILL
COAL,
Prepared for Family use, and warranted to give satisfaction.
BLACKSMITHS' COAL, BLACKBERRY COAL, AND PINE
SMITHING COAL, FOR SALE LOW.
SEND YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE OR COAL TO
Cold Spring Ice and Coal Company.
THOS. E. CAMILLE, Pres't. 1420 GOODYEAR SCY.
REAR OF 1420 CHESTNUT ST.
OFFICE,
No. 435 Walnut Street.
BRANCH DEPOTS.
TWELFTH AND PRESTON STREETS.
TWELFTH AND HAMILTON WASHINGTON AVENUE.
TWENTY-FIFTH AND JUNIPER STREETS.
NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND MASTER STREET.
PENNSTREET WHARF, SCHUYLKILL.
[m5 6m rp]

CROSS CREEK LEHIGH COAL.
PLASTERED & MCCALLIN,
NO. 300 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, Philadelphia.
Sole Agents, Office and Yard, Cross Creek, the celebrated Buck Creek Lehigh Coal, from the Buck Mountain Vein.
This Coal is particularly adapted for making Steam, for Family use, and for Blacksmiths' use. Orders left at the Office, or sent by mail, will be promptly filled.
Miners, No. 26 WALNUT Street (1st floor), will receive orders for Coal at their residence, and attend to the manufacture of coal by a regular country. [m9 1m]

MILLINERY GOODS.

Ladies Making their Bonnets
CAN FIND ALL THE MATERIALS AT
GEORGE W. MILES'S,
911 Chestnut Street (North Side),
Straw Bonnets, Trimmings,
French Flowers,
Ribbons, Laces,
Frosted and Plain Velvets,
With narrow LACES, in Colors to match.
French and Plain Crapes, Bonnet Frames,
Silk &c., &c.
Liberal discount to MILLINERS.
MILES,
911 Chestnut Street.
[m9 2m rp]

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS.
MARY B. CONWAY,
LADIES' DRESS FURNISHING
AND
SHOPPING EMPORIUM,
N. EAST SIXTEENTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Ladies from any part of the United States can send their orders for Dress Materials, Dress Goods, Dressmaking, Shopping, Information, Patterns, Circulars, Fashion Plates, Corset Waists, Corsets, Gentlemen's Linen, &c.
Ladies residing in the country can send a piece of their dress for a pattern to match, and have their orders executed to perfection at moderate prices. Ladies can be suited by sending their measure. Ladies may also have their Dresses Made and Trimmed by me, if desired.
Refer, by permission, to
MR. J. M. HAFLEIGH,
Corner Sixteenth and Chestnut Streets;
MESSRS. HOMER COLLADAY & CO.,
[m9 4m] 102 and 104 Chestnut street.

TO RENT.

TO LET.
NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.
Entire Upper part, Basement and Sub-Cellar. Apply at
430 Chestnut Street.
[m12 6trp]

To Architects and Builders.
Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes, Lead Pipe, Vault Lights, Floor and Roof Lights, made by the Patent Prism Glass Co., Varnish, Glue, Size, &c.
ROBERT SMITH & CO.,
118 Dock Street.
[m12 6trp] Sole Agents for Philadelphia.

CANE SEAT CHAIRS
REPAIRED
AT THE
INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND,
Twentieth and Race Streets.
Orders may also be left at Messrs. Jas. Barton's, 1107 Chestnut St.
[m12 3trp]

HEALTHSTONES AT THE ARCADE!—THE MARVELLOUS HEALTHSTONES, the celebrated prizes for sweetness, purity, and delicacy, Chocolate Drops, Hendolene, Paste with enveloped Bars and Gates Chocolate, effects will be sold at a new design, at fortnightly.
Gentlemen are invited to call and see them, up in the Arcade, at 1124 Chestnut. Open after night.
[m12 3trp]

RETAIL DRY GOODS.

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS
Silks in all the new shades, Stripes Checks and Glaces.
Black Poult de Soie, Gros Grains, Satins, Merveilleux.
Lustrous de Soie, sublime, from $1 75 to $7 50.
Silk Poplins, Poplinettes, Plain French Silks and Irish Poplins; all colors Corded and Poplin Alpaccas, Plaids and Stripes Poplinettes, Poplin Alpaccas, for Skirts, Plain Black Gros Grains, Satins, Merveilleux.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

Laces, Fancy Goods, Hosiery and Parasol Departments
now offer, in their variety and economical character, great inducements to buyers.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

MOURNING GOODS.
BLACK MOHAIRS.
The celebrated Crape Bond, warranted to retain their color, sold only by us.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

LADIES' KID GLOVES.
Josephine, Alexandre, Jouvin, Perrin, Fabrique and Comte, celebrated makes.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

Shawls for Spring and Summer.
Now open, all the leading styles from $5 to $150.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

WHITE GOODS AND LINENS.
Now open, a complete line of all the republics in these goods, including Linen Cambrics, Jaconets, and Cambrics.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

LUPIN'S BOMBAZINE, GENUINE.
Hernani Coarse and Fine Mesh,
1 yard to 3 yards wide.
At Manufacturers' Prices.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
920 Chestnut Street.

Spring and Summer
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
ALSO,
HANDSOME WALKING SUITS.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.
920 Chestnut Street.

SILKS! SILKS!
RICKEY, SHARP & CO.
NO. 727 CHESTNUT STREET,
Have Just Received from the late Auction Sales and Offer at
POPULAR PRICES,
A Large Stock of Superb Qualities of
TAFFETA AND POULT DE SOIE
SILKS,
OF THE
CHOICEST SHADES,
To which they invite Special Attention.
RICKEY, SHARP & CO.
No. 727 Chestnut Street.

RISTORI FRINGES,
BULLION FRINGES,
PLAIN FRINGES:
J. G. MAXWELL,
1032 Chestnut St., corner of Eleventh.
Entire stock of the
LATE FIRM OF
J. G. MAXWELL & SON selling off regardless of cost.
[m9 1m rp] [m9 1m rp]

JOHN W. THOMAS,
Nos. 405 and 407 N. Second Street,
HAS NOW OPEN
Figured Grenadines,
Stripe Grenadines,
8-4 Black Canvas Hernani,
Figured Grenadine Barages,
French Lawns,
French Organdies.
[m9 1m rp]

DRUGS.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,
N. E. corner Fourth and Race Sts.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
AND
PAINT MANUFACTURERS,
Offer to the trade or consumers,
Pure White Lead, Zinc White,
Colored Paints, Varnishes, Oils,
Artists' Materials, &c.
Agents for the celebrated
VIELLE BONNAIRE SNOW-WHITE ZINC,
superior to any other White Paint for inside work.
We submit orders from those who have used it.
PURE PAINTS.
201 and 203 North Fourth Street,
Northeast corner of Race Street.
[m9 3m rp]

BOARDING.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, NEAR NINETEENTH AND CHESTNUT, can accommodate a few Gentlemen with Lodgings. A handsome furnished room. Address B. M., Bulletin Office.

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER CABLE NEWS.

Financial and Commercial Quotations.

By the Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, May 13th, A. M.—Consols for money, 93½@94⅛, and 93⅞@94 for account; United States Five-twenties, 70⅝; Erie, 40⅝; Illinois Central, 94⅞.

PARIS, May 13th, A. M.—The Bourse is quiet.

LIVERPOOL, May 13th, A. M.—Cotton firmer, prices unchanged; sales will probably reach 1,000 bales. Breadstuffs and provisions quiet. Other articles unchanged.

LONDON, May 13, P. M.—Illinois Central, 94⅞. Erie, 40. Atlantic and Great Western, 33.

LIVERPOOL, May 13, P. M.—Breadstuffs dull. Lard quiet. Pork, 80s. Cut Beef, 112s. 6d. Bacon, 49s. Other articles unchanged.

ANTWERP, May 13, P. M.—Petroleum dull at 49¾ francs.

LIVERPOOL, May 13.—The schooner May, of Newburyport, sunk off the coast of Ireland. It is supposed the crew perished.

Weather Report.

May 13, 8 A. M.	Wind.	Weather.	Thermometer.
Port Hood,	N. W.	Clear.	46
Halifax,	N.	Clear.	52
Portland,	W.	Clear.	52
Boston,	N.	Cloudy.	52
New York,	N. E.	Raining.	48
Wilmington, Del.	N. E.	Raining.	50
Washington, D.C.	N. E.	Raining.	50
Norfolk,	N. E.	Cloudy.	54
Buffalo,	E.	Raining.	54
Pittsburgh,	E.	Raining.	48
Chicago,	N. E.	Raining.	44
Louisville,	N. W.	Clear.	60
New Orleans,	N. W.	Clear.	66
Key West,	S. W.	Clear.	80
Havana,	S.	Clear.	84

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Opening Services

SERMON AND PASTORAL ADDRESS

THE DIVISION OF THE DIOCESE

The Bishop Potter Memorial House.

THE P. E. CONVENTION.

The Convention of the P. E. Church of the Diocese of Pennsylvania assembled at St. Andrew's Church, in Eighth street, above Spruce, this morning, for the twelfth session. Despite the inclemency of the weather, a large congregation was in attendance at the opening services, commenced at 10 o'clock. Rev. Thos. B. Barker, read the introductory service; Rev. John Bolton, the lessons; Rev. Dr. Dunlap, read the Litany. In any of the Halsey the Creed and Litany and special thanksgiving for the fruits of the earth, commenced at 11 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Dunlap read the