BUSINESS NOTICES.

Gents:—One application of your wonderful Pain Paint entirely cured me of a violent sore throat in the back part of my mouth, which had kept me from work for a great deal of time. Once Ghost, I am at liberty to use my name and reference, for you may be at all times that I am Yours well and truly, JOHN SCHOOLCRAFT, Oysterman, No. 12 S. Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

A Clergyman, writing to a friend, says: "Everyone I know is using the Pain Paint with the greatest benefit. Certainly it deserves the name of the Ambulance, for the Pain-Paint has proved one from the jaws of the Grim Ferryman. Dyspepsia should drink Pain-Paint.

EVENING BULLETIN.

Thursday, April 23, 1868.

GOV. HOUTWELL'S ARGUMENT.

The high expectations which were indulged in in reference to ex-Governor Boutwell's part in the work of impeachment, are fully realized by all who have read the superb argument which he commenced yesterday and finishes to-day. The abstract of this great speech which was published in the EVENING BULLETIN yesterday, gives a clear idea to the reader of the style, tone and general character of Governor Boutwell's argument, but it can only be by a careful perusal of the entire text that the exhaustive depth of its research, and its unanswerable cogency of its reasoning can be properly appreciated. Almost without rhetorical effort, the argument has all the charm of an eloquent oration, combined with all the learning and logic of the strongest legal talent. Very bold in its convictions of the President's guilt, severe as it holds up his servile Cabinet to the well-merited scorn of the Senate and the country, very uncompromising as it reminds the Court of the precise responsibility which rests upon it; very searching in its analysis of every Constitutional question; very statesmanlike in its grasp of the past legislative history of the country; this argument of Governor Boutwell's is, like himself, dignified in its language, lofty in its tone, sincere in its convictions, fearless in its assertion of the truth, and full of the strongest moral force.

The Board of Managers have made an excellent disposition of their force in the conduct of this great trial. General Butler, with whom the impeachment of the President has been the engrossing purpose and study for two years past, and whose long professional faculties and long practice made him the man of all others to conduct the evidence of the prosecution and the cross-examination of the defence, was rightly assigned the first position, and he has done his work, taking it all in all, better, probably, than it could have been done by any other man now in Congress. Then comes the grave, earnest, sound, exhaustive logic with which Governor Boutwell sums up the case, and presents it with all its irresistible force to the minds of the Senate and of the country. To Judge Bingham is assigned the post of honor in the closing argument, and although it is almost impossible that he should add anything to the argument so splendidly laid down by Governor Boutwell, yet his peculiar powers will find full scope in impressing upon the Court the grave responsibility which rests upon it to convict and remove the great criminal, whose high crimes and misdemeanors have been so clearly proved upon him. Three of the other Managers, Messrs. Stevens, Williams and Logan will also file arguments, but these may be considered as supplementary to the main argument of the trial. General Logan will probably present an address in consonance with the servid loyalty of his nature and worthy of his high reputation as a patriot and an orator. Judge Williams will be apt to confine himself more closely to the purely legal aspect of the case, while the veteran Stevens will press home, with characteristic directness and power and wisdom, the great principles which lie at the foundation of the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, and upon which the country now demands his conviction and removal from office.

THE NEGRO IN A NEW CHARACTER.

Among other places in the South, an election was held yesterday in a certain "Stump Sound Precinct" in North Carolina, and the meagre returns from this elegant locality show that an immense majority of the negro votes cast were in favor of Democratic principles. The indications are that in southern districts the same results will be apparent, and that either through intimidation or a lamentable want of proper perception of the right, at least a portion of the negroes have voted with their enemies. So long as this does not affect the grand result in each case, it will not make any great difference to the Republican party in the North. Indeed, it may result beneficially, for while we cannot help sorrowing over that condition of moral degradation and mental darkness which makes it possible for negroes to assist the men who have striven to rob them of the rights of their manhood, we may reasonably hope that the appearance among them of this disposition to co-operate with the Democratic party, will effectually hush the clamor which the leaders and organs of that party have raised against them, and against those who have given them freedom and citizenship.

Hitherto it has been supposed that the freedmen would give their votes and their influence to the Republicans. Under these circumstances the Democracy could not find language harsh enough to express their hatred of and contempt for the race of the swarthy Ethiop. But if it shall occur that the love, even of a portion of the negroes, is bestowed upon our adversaries, we shall presently find all this hate and scorn giving way to a most amiable color blindness; Ham and Cheshire will be reconciled; and the good old Democratic theory which developes the negro from the gorilla will be carefully unlearned by the disciples of the unwashed philosophers. Your true Democrat welcomes all men who are voters. What appeared to him to be crickers while in our net, will be transformed to gold fish in his. Men are only unit to exercise the right of franchise when they exercise it against him. Every saint is a devil unless he is canonized by the Democratic party, and named in its calendar.

If the loss of a few negro votes to the Republican party will stop the scurrilous tongues of the negro haters, we shall consider the bargain an advantageous one for us. All we demand is that the Democracy shall not pursue their old policy, and withhold from their new converts the blessings of liberal education. If this should be done, we might well despair of recovering our lost ground; but as the negroes of the South advance in intelligence, and learn to discriminate between false and true friends, the few who have wandered from the fold will certainly return to their allegiance, and matters will stand as they did before, with this gain, that we have been permitted to advance the interests of the negro without the annoyance of Democratic opposition. The result of the election in Stump Sound Precinct may be the augury of a quicker and easier regeneration of the negro race than we had hoped for. Under any circumstances it is only fair that the colored democracy should have a "Stump Sound Precinct," in North Carolina. Their white brethren have "Mackerelville" and "Skunk's Misery." Let the colored Democrats have "Stump Sound" by all means.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Now that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is fully organized and in good working order, we beg to call its attention and the attention of the community to one form of cruelty which needs redress as much as that which has so long shocked the moral sense of the people in the maltreatment of horses and mules on Broad and Market and other streets. We refer to the present method of transporting live stock from the West to the Eastern markets. The present method of cramming cattle into cars as many as possible can possibly stand in them, and thus whirling them over the weary miles of dust and cinders and heat without rest or refreshment, is a most barbarous one and demands a radical reform. The attention of the humane has been called to this subject in various parts of the country, and a bill was recently introduced into the New York Legislature providing a simple, practical relief for the unfortunate animals that now undergo such exquisite tortures on all the principal railroads of the country. This bill required that all cars used in the transportation of cattle, sheep, &c., shall be provided with troughs containing food and water, and shall be filled three times during every twenty-four hours with good and wholesome water. An act so proper and so merciful as this might well have challenged the prompt and favorable consideration of any Legislature, but to the shame of the State of New York, and of the railroad interests which were probably responsible for the result, this humane bill was defeated, and the cattle-trains are still permitted to carry their crowded freights of living misery, parched and tormented with thirst, with no law to modify or prevent the tortures which human recklessness and cupidity thus inflict.

Such forms of cruelty to animals are not abstract or sentimental ones. Over and above the abstract brutality of such treatment of cattle and sheep and other animals for man's consumption, there is a grave consideration in the fact that the masses of the great Atlantic cities are thereby continually supplied with meats, in a deteriorated and half-diseased condition. And over this is not all. This habit of wholesale cruelty to dumb animals cannot but act directly upon the general tone of the public and make the people familiarized with inhumanity, and that crime among men is increased by all such cruelty toward brutes is a principle too self-evident to need any argument. If it be true that the "merciful man is merciful to his beast," the converse proposition that the man who is unmerciful to his beast cannot be merciful to his fellow man," follows as a necessity of our human nature.

We hope that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will take up this branch of their proper work vigorously, and that the next winter will give us such legislation for Pennsylvania as will rebuke the heartlessness of the legislature of New York, and remove an abuse and an evil which is utterly without reason or excuse.

THE KUR-KLUX-KLAN.

It was a very natural conclusion to which many sensible people came that an organization which adopted such arrant nonsense in all its forms, as is displayed in the manifestos of the Ku-Klux-Klan, could not be a very powerful or alarming one. So far as it presents itself to the eye of the public it is high fairly to suppose to be either a brazen burlesque upon secret societies generally, or at most, an association of uneducated "Jakeys" with a strong predilection for the melodramatic and sensational, and with the lowest possible average of brains and common sense. This would be the natural inference if there were not such startling proofs to the contrary.

This secret society is composed of the worst and lowest rebel classes of the South, and has its ramifications in all the Southern States. It has increased in members very rapidly, and growing bold upon an imagined impunity, it has committed a numberless crimes until it is becoming an element of real terrorism in the section of the country to which it owes its origin. As far south as Florida its outrages are recorded, and one of the latest of these is the cold-blooded murder of a sober, quiet, unoffending seaman from the revenue cutter Resolute, at St. Marys, Florida, who, while ashore on a short leave of absence, was shot down and murdered by a gang of the Kuk-Klux-Klan who set upon him with the avowed purpose of compelling to "kill all abolitionists." Here is an instance of the brutal murder of a United States sailor, almost within sight of his vessel, and upon the soil of a State which Andrew Johnson and his friends would force into power without any guarantee, assuming its fitness to participate in the government of this country, while its people permit and encourage such a spirit of murderous hatred toward all loyal men. Will the Navy Department take any real steps to ferret out and punish these wretches? Probably not, unless we shall have such a thorough reorganization of the Cabinet, as will give us a Secretary of the Navy who will appreciate the fact that the old Serpent of the rebellion still crawls and hisses and strikes his venomous blows, among the ruins of the "lost cause," at everything which is loyal and true to the government and laws of these United States.

The Copperhead organs endeavor to make capital with the laboring poor, by showing that prices are high and that consequently they are taxed to the extent of the difference between prices as they used to be and as they now are. It is all very true that high prices do amount to a virtual tax upon the consumer, even although as a producer he comes in for a share of the increase. But what party is responsible for the taxation that comes upon the poor in the shape of high prices? Copperheadism, prone as it is to insult the intelligence of the toiling masses in its appeals to them, will scarcely venture to deny that but for its countenance and support there would have been no war; that but for the same reason the war, had it come about through any other agency, would have been of comparatively short duration, and thousands of millions of debt that must now be met by taxation, would have been avoided; that Copperheadism seduced Andrew Johnson from the paths of official rectitude and encouraged him to the insane course that has retarded reconstruction, distracted commerce, crippled trade and thrown the country into a condition of almost anarchy; and finally Copperheadism will scarcely dare to deny that the creatures of the apostate of the White House who have held appointments under him, and who have made the collection of the revenues of the government almost farcical, so far as benefit to the public treasury is concerned, are almost to a man members of the political organization which assumes the especial guardianship of the laboring poor, and which watches their interests with such care that would care for the welfare of the lambs. These are truths that challenge fair contradiction.

Mr. Robinson of New York, has the questionable merit of being a very persistent donkey. The fate of his resolution to recall the Impeachment Committee and to suspend all further action in the prosecution of the case, should have taught him a sufficient lesson; but on Tuesday he repeated the experiment. It failed by a vote of 18 yeas and 30 nays, and Mr. Robinson, who could not even get an opportunity to make a speech upon it, made nothing by his motion. If this New York Copperhead was in earnest in attempting to ward off from his friend Johnson the merited blow which impends, he is a first class donkey, and his second effort in the same direction only intensifies his donkeyism. If he merely did it as a jest, the repetition of a stale joke by its original perpetrator proved a poverty of resource and overdid the jest. Under any and every circumstances, Mr. Robinson has written himself down an ass, and his ears are as undeniable as his Copperheadism.

There has recently been hung in Earle's Gallery, a large and most carefully-studied picture by Mr. George F. Bensell, an illustration of bible history as completed by the lights of modern archæology. The subject is "Esther denouncing Haman." The details of architecture and costume are worthy of all attention, while the conception is abounding in action and dramatic force.

Bunting, Dubrow & Co., Auctioneers, Nos. 232 and 234 Market street, will hold regular sales of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Notions every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, of Ready-made Clothing, Woolens, Linen Drills, &c., including the stock of C. Somers & Son, Men's Furnishing Goods, Traveling Shirts, &c., embracing a valuable assortment of goods for both cash and credit.

Also, on four months' credit, at 11 o'clock, on first day, 250 piece Carpetings and 500 pieces Scotch Matting.

Sale at Unclaimed Freight Warehouse, 14 Fifth and Sixth streets and C. Y. R. R. on Market, to-morrow, and every afternoon in the last page of to-day's paper.

STICK CO. AND HAINES BROTHERS' Hands Hose and Stocks at Handy Office, 1 Dock street. apr23,2t*rp J. E. GOULD'S New Store, No. 63 Chestnut street.

TOWNING'S AMERICAN LIQUID CEMENT, FOR mending broken ornaments, and other articles of Glass, China, Ivory, Wood, Marble, &c. No heating required. Sold by druggists generally, or the Concentrated, ways ready for use. Sole Agent, JOHN K. TOWNING, Stationer, feb17 125 South Eighth street, or 804 Room ash. Walnut.

JOHN CRUMP, BUILDER, 1124 CHESTNUT STREET, and 33 LODGE STREET. Mechanics of every trade furnished for building and alterations promptly furnished. feb17,tf

JONES, TEMPLE & CO., No. 35 SOUTH NINTH STREET, have introduced their Spring Goods, and invite attention that with a first combining Elegance, Economy and Durability to call and examine them. A 1 in Quality, Moderate in Price, Fast Colors. mh10-tf*rp

WARRINGTONS IMPROVED, VENTILATED and easy fitting Dress Hats introduced, all the fashionable shapes for the season. Chestnut street, 2 door to the Post-office. mh13,tf*rp

DENNIS' BIDDING DOVE, FOR THE HOUSE, contains exhilarating gratification and a welcome Perfume. Sold by druggists. Depot, 439 Arch st. Eight Thirty-five Market street below Ninth.

HARRY ABBOTTS TENNO-GETTERS OR Hair tonics, which vary from ½ to 1 inch, and a variety of fine and larger, for sale by HARRY ABBOTT, No. 435 (Eight Thirty-five) Market street, below Ninth.

CLOTHES-WRINGERS ON WHEEL BENCHES—Clothes-Wringers on Stands, Ironing Tables, Ironing Boards for clothing, and various articles adapted for fastening to ordinary washtubs for sale, and manufactured by WILLIAM S. TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 50 (Eight Thirty-two) Market street, below Ninth.

TO LOOK WELL—GET SHAVED AND HAIR DOne at Kapp's Saloon. Hair cut by first-class hands. Shaving Saloon, 48 Ninth street, 2 doors from Market. Entrance 48 or 50 Ninth. P. KAPP.

ENGLISH TOOTH BRUSHES—A LARGE ASSORTment just received, very fine and cheap. For sale by James Bullock, Chemist, Ninth and Spring Garden.

1033. LOOK! READ! REFLECT!!! Ladies and Gentlemen! Call at 1033 Passyunk Pattern Store for elegant, stylish, and durable articles manufactured, plain and fin. Country trade furnished. JOHNSTON'S Depot, 1033 Spring Garden st., bet. Eleventh. mh18,tf

FOR SALE—TO MERCHANTS, STOREKEEPERS, & Hotels and dealers—300 Cases Champagne and Sodas Cider, Ale Dbk. Champagne and Crab. JOHN CORDAN, 1006 Spring Garden street.

TO GIRLS, HOTEL-KEEPERS, FAMILIES AND others—The undersigned has just received a fresh supply Catawba, California and Cuboquenee Wines, Pure Ale (for invalids), constantly on hand.

Below Third and Walnut streets.

HERRNESS'S BAZAAR, NINTH AND SANSOM STREETS. AUCTION SALE OF HORSES, &c. On SATURDAY MORNING next, at 10 o'clock, at the Bazaar, will be sold, A large and very dark brown carriage Horse, 6 years old, and admirable leader; fine bay roadster, and fine mare travelers; perfectly gentle—considered one of the finest pairs of horses in the city. ☞ May be seen by applying at the Bazaar. Also, Brougham, Harness, &c. Belonging to private stables. A pair of black Horses, 7 and 8 years old, 15 hands high, sound and kind in harness. Also, The usual catalogue of Auct. SPIRITED HORSES. And a desirable assortment of new and second-hand Carriages, Harness, &c. Sale rain or shine. ☞ Full particulars in catalogues. ☞ Sale of Horses, 4 p. m. ☞ Sale of Carriages, 7 p. m. ALFRED M. HERRNESS, apr22tsrp Auctioneer.

MARKING WITH INDELIBLE INK, EMBROIDER Monograms, Initials, &c. M. A. TOBEY, 1102 Arch street, below Eleventh.

MUSICAL BOXES, USEFUL TO WHILE AWAY the tedium of a sick chamber, or for a cheerful social pastime. FARR & BRIDGEM, Importers, 44 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

HONEY TO ANY AMOUNT, LOANED UPON Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Plate, Clothing, &c. JONES & CO.'S GOLD REPEATING LOAN OFFICE, Corner of Third and Gaskill streets. Entrance on Gaskill. N. B.—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, JUNKS, &c. ESTABLISHED 1857. mh26-3m*rp

CLOTHING.

NOTE TO LADIES, AND ALL SELECTING BOYS' CLOTHING

FIRST floor Special Department BOYS' and YOUTHS' CLOTHING, for Children, from 3 years upward, GARIBALDIS, BISMARCKS, SCOTCH SUITS, &c., and for Youth—have all sizes. our "Boys' Department" shall be what Gentlemen's IS, THE BEST IN PHILADELPHIA. Prices lower than anywhere else.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, Oak Hall Buildings, Sixth and Market Sts. ☞ Entrance for Ladies on Sixth street.

EDWARD P. KELLY, TAILOR, S. E. Cor. Chestnut and Seventh Sts. Large stock and complete assortment of SPRING GOODS, From the best Foreign Manufacturers. Clothes equal or superior in fit, Style, Comfort and Durability to those of any other FIRST-CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. Moderate Prices. Liberal Discount for Cash.

CLOTHING FOR SPRING. CLOTHING FOR SPRING. CLOTHING FOR SPRING.

All-Wool Cassimere Suits. All-Wool Cassimere Suits. All-Wool Cassimere Suits.

Ready Made Clothing. Fresh Made and Reduced Prices. Fresh Made and Reduced Prices.

Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing. Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing. Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing.

Always on hand a carefully selected stock of uncut goods for Men and Boys' wear. Clothing made to order.

We make the Boys' trade an especial feature in our business, and parents may rely on procuring at this establishment Boys' Clothing well cut, well made, well trimmed and durable.

ROCKHILL & WILSON, ROCKHILL & WILSON, ROCKHILL & WILSON, 603 and 605 Chestnut Street.

ONE PRICE ONLY. JONES' Old Established ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE, 604 MARKET STREET, ABOVE SIXTH.

For style, durability and excellence of workmanship, our goods cannot be excelled. Particular attention is paid to customer work, and a perfect fit guaranteed in all cases. Give us a call. apr 23 tfrp

TO RENT.

TO LET. NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE. Entire Upper part, Basement and Sub-Cellar. Apply at 430 Chestnut Street. apr22 3trp

TO RENT. Residence 1505 Locust Street. MACMULLEN & SCHOFIELD, No. 625 WALNUT Street. apr22 1m 3t*

REFRIGERATORS.

220. 222. REFRIGERATORS FOR THE MILLION. THE BEST VENTILATING REFRIGERATORS. ALSO, THE COMMON REFRIGERATORS. At Reduced Prices. E. S. FARSON & CO., OLD STAND, Nos. 220 and 222 Dock Street, Near the Exchange. apl4 to the 4 proof

A PRAYER MEETING Every Morning at 6 o'clock, AFTER FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Corner of Broad and Arch Streets. Do you love to pray? Then come to the Meeting upon the labors of God. Come and pray with us. apr20 3trp

Garden Vases, Statuary, Fountains and Rich Fancy Goods The largest assortment in the country. At Low Prices. S. A. HARRISON, 1010 Chestnut Street.

E. Butterick's Ladies' Dress Patterns, Warranted a perfect fit. For sale only at MRS. E. R. WARTNER'S Ladies' Dress Trimming Store, No. 809 Arch Street. apr16 1m*rp

Perfumery and Toilet Soaps, H. P. & C. R. TAYLOR, No. 451 North Ninth Street.

ISAAC NATHANS, AUCTIONEER, N. E. BORDER Third and Spruce streets, only one square below the Exchange. Offers to loan on any or all small amounts on diamonds, silver plate, watches, jewelry, and all goods of value. Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. Private entrance for the last four years. Advances made in large amounts at the lowest market rates. mh 28 tfrp

THE FINE ARTS.

BENSELL'S Great Scriptural Painting OF "ESTHER DENOUNCING HAMAN," NOW ON Free Exhibition AT EARLES' GALLERIES, 816 Chestnut Street.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c.

CHOICE OOLONG TEA $1 25 per lb.; $1 20 by the half chest.

A FINE OOLONG, Far $1, per lb.

A GOOD PURE OOLONG, For 90 cents per lb.

We desire to call particular attention to these Teas as being remarkably cheap.

THOMPSON BLACK'S SON & CO. Broad and Chestnut Streets. mh18 tfrp

CRIPPEN & MADDOCK, 115 S. Third Street, below Chestnut, (Late W. L. Maddock & Co.) Have on hand a large and choice stock of GREEN AND BLACK TEAS, which they are offering by the package at Greatly Reduced Prices. BALTIMORE FAMILY FLOUR CONSTANTLY ON HAND. mh18-tfrp

REDUCED. FRENCH PEAS AND MUSHROOMS, 45; Extra White Heath Peaches, 35; Fresh Green Tomatoes for Pies, 15 cts. at JAS. W. CAMPBELL'S, 930 Spring Garden st. NEW YORK PLUMS AND STRAWBERRIES. Strawberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Peaches, Plums, Pears, Cherries, Damsons, Greengages, &c. HOLBROOK'S, 1102 Chestnut st. WINSLOW'S GREEN CORN and very superior Fruit Tomatoes, sold only by the case or can. A. L. DATALDI, 127 South Second street. DAVIS' CELERY TO BRAISE HAMS always on hand. mh18-tfrp

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

NEW MARBLE STORE 902 CHESTNUT STREET. JAS. E. CALDWELL & CO., JEWELERS, Invite attention to new designs in BRIDAL AND TABLE SILVER WARES, Prepared especially for the retail sales. JAS. E. CALDWELL & CO., 902 Chestnut Street. apl4 to th tfrpd

CURTAIN MATERIALS.

CARRINGTON, DE ZOUCHE & CO., S. E. cor. Thirteenth and Chestnut Sts., PHILADELPHIA, Wholesale and Retail Dealers IN Curtain Goods, Window Shades, Furniture Coverings and Paper Hangings. White Holland Shades, Fringes and Tassels, Swiss and Nottingham Lace Curtains, FROM AUCTION, VERY CHEAP. New stock, new prices, and entire satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. apr4 to 1th tfrp

REMOVAL. KERR'S CHINA HALL, Has removed from No. 725 Chestnut street, to BONNET OPENING! Thursday, April 2, 1868, No. 725 Chestnut Street. Ladies Making their Bonnets CAN FIND ALL THE MATERIALS AT GEORGE W. MILES'S, 911 Chestnut Street (North Side), Straw Bonnets and Trimmings, French Flowers, Ribbons, Laces, Frosted and Plain Mallines, Crapes, Crapes, Crapes, French and New York Bonnet Frames, &c., &c. Liberal discount to Milliners. MILES, 911 Chestnut Street. apr3 1m*rp

SILKS. SILKS. JOHN W. THOMAS, Nos. 405 and 407 N. Second Street. Black Silks, Chene Silks, Striped Silks, Figured Silks, Plaid Silks, Plain Silks. CHOICE GOODS FOR EVENING DRESSES.

TURKINGTON'S BESTFOR DRY GOODS—CLOSING out—the old stand of R. L. Maxwell. Every person knows the place. I was the room for Hosiery and Shirts. Gloves, Ribbons, &c. apr 23 1t*

MILLINERY GOODS.

WOOD & CARY, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in BONNET OPENING! Thursday, April 2, 1868, No. 725 Chestnut Street. Swiss and Nottingham Lace Curtains, FROM AUCTION, VERY CHEAP. New stock, new prices, and entire satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. apr4 to 1th tfrp

REMOVAL. KERR'S CHINA HALL, Has removed from No. 725 Chestnut street, to 1218 Chestnut Street. THE STOCK OF CHINA, GLASS AND STONEWARE, ARTICLES OF VERTU, Etc., WILL BE FOUND The Largest and Most Comprehensive Ever exhibited on this side of the Atlantic. It was secured direct from the manufacturers. Buyers from us therefore, obtain the smallest late at wholesale prices. JAMES H. KERR & BRO. apr 1 tmrp

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER CABLE NEWS.

THE LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Cotton Quiet. Breadstuffs Quiet.

WASHINGTON.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

Gov. Boutwell's Argument Continued

Order of the Remaining Speeches.

FIRES IN INDIANA AND OHIO

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Impeachment Court.

(Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.)

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Mr. Boutwell concluded his argument at 1 o'clock. He was listened to throughout with the closest attention. Nearly every seat, both in the galleries and on the floor of the Senate Chamber, was filled.

Among the distinguished persons on the floor were Governor Burnside, of Rhode Island, and General Sickles. When Mr. Boutwell closed the Senate took a recess of fifteen minutes. Theodore Tilton, of the *Independent*, occupied a seat in the reporters' gallery.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—General Spinner, who is Treasurer of the National Lincoln Monument Association, has recently received several substantial donations to the proposed erection of a national monument in this city, including $200 day before yesterday from the First National Bank at Titusville, and $100 from Placerville, California.

It is kept quite busy during the time not required for official labor in signing his name to the handsomely engraved receipts which are sent to each party subscribing to the enterprise.

The bonds resulting from the bequest of Mr. Peabody, which were locked up in the safe at the close of business hours. The box was always kept in the vault, but the key, which is the only one, was noticed there during the day. When the box was brought out yesterday morning, the seals and bonds were found to be missing, which is all the information the firm has to give. Search for the case was reported at Police headquarters yesterday afternoon, and the matter was assigned to it, but up to a late hour last evening he had not reached the clue, if indeed he had found the bonds or the mystery of their disappearance.

THE COURTS.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Brewster.—This morning the jury in the case of Tack Brothers' suit against Cunningham and others, came into court, after being out all night, and announced that there was no probability of an agreement, and asked to be discharged.

Judge Brewster said it was of importance that the case should be disposed of; that it had consumed a great deal of public time, and involved great expense to the defendants, and, if possible, a verdict should be agreed upon.

The foreman of the jury replied that the case was a very complicated one; that the jury, and he was authorized to say that it was impossible for them to agree upon a verdict.

The Judge then ordered their discharge.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER THIS DAY AT 10 A. M.....64 deg. 12 M.....69 deg. 2 P. M.....72 deg. Weather clear. Wind Northwest.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Philadelphia Money Market.

Sales at the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, BEFORE BOARD.

100 sh Leh Nav	s5	100 sh Leh Val R	31
FIRST BOARD.			
10 USS-20s c-w	109½	100 sh Leh Val R	31
100 do	109½	100 sh Leh Val R	31
100 sh Penna R	56¼	100 do	31
100 sh Penna R	56¼	100 do	31
100 sh Cam & Am	155	100 do	31
100 sh Leh Nav	s5	100 do	31
100 sh Leh Nav	s5	100 sh Leh Val R	31
100 sh Leh Nav	s5	100 do	31
100 sh Leh Nav	s5	100 do	31
100 sh Leh Nav	s5	100 do