BUSINESS NOTICES.

Medical Progress.

It is a common remark among the medical men that they are years "old fashion," or more anti-progressive, than any other class of people. Dr. Schenck, of Philadelphia, whose discoveries in medical science entitle him to the praise and gratitude of the whole civilized world. For two important particulars, Dr. Schenck deserves the highest credit. He proves from the old conceit that consumption is incurable, and he has proved that calomel (the most dangerous and powerful article in the pharmacopeia) may be dispensed with in medical practice. Dr. Schenck offers a valuable substitute for calomel, which is proved by much experience, to answer all the purposes which calomel is supposed to be adapted, and, at the same time, is proved to be perfectly harmless in its effects. The remedy is comprised in Schenck's Mandrake Pills. As a certain cure for consumption, Dr. Schenck's medicines have been tested for more than a quarter of a century to innumerable experiments, beginning in the last case of Dr. Schenck himself, who from what appeared to be the very last stage of pulmonary disease, was restored to robust health by the use of these medicines. Full directions accompany each.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, No. 15 North Fifth street, corner Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.

He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every Tuesday, and at No. 3 Hanover street, Boston, every Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his inspirometer, he charges $5. Office hours at each city, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each, $1 50 per bottle, or six bottles for $7 50. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. A full supply of Dr. Schenck's medicines for sale at all times at his rooms.

Also, for sale by all druggists and dealers. 1t

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, MASS. The very immense and extensive additions and improvements have recently been made to this well-known hotel, that the largest in New England, enable the proprietors to offer to Tourists, Families, and the Travelling Community generally, a more complete assortment to any other Hotel in the city. The entire house has been refitted throughout with the latest improvements, with bathing rooms, water closets, &c., &c., including one of Tufts' magnificent passenger elevators. The best rooms in the house, with the use of the parlors of the house in one minute; the entrance to the house is on a level with the sidewalk, and the cars (horse) thoroughly replaced, and refurbished, making it the most desirable house to stopping at in any town in the country. Telegraph Office, Bridge House and Cabs at the Depot. LEWIS BLISS, Jr., Proprietor.

feb 20, w1m

SEVERAL NEWLY IMPROVED GRECIAN CONCERT GRAND PIANOS, of superior tone, manufactured to the order of the Boston Grand Piano Manufacturing Company, received. MELODEONS and REED ORGANS in great variety.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S PIANOS, warerooms, 720 Arch st., Hall Building. 1m2p

EVENING BULLETIN.

Monday, March 15, 1868.

THE TENNESSEE TROUBLES.

Congress has called for the correspondence between General Grant and Thomas, which was first made public by the special despatches of the EVENING BULLETIN on Saturday last. There is much anxiety and curiosity to know the extent and character of the troubles in Tennessee. They are evidently sufficiently serious to impose graver responsibilities on General Thomas than he was willing to assume without the sanction of his commanding officer. General Grant appears to have acted promptly and judiciously, and to have authorized the use of all necessary force for the preservation of the peace and the protection of the State government. It was at all events desirable or unreasonable that Mr. Johnson's name should at once be connected with any mischievous plot which may be hatched in Tennessee.

It is the field where he is most at home and where he could aid any conspiracy most secretly and effectively. Driven to his last difish, as he now is, despairing of escaping by any lawful proceedings, advised by his own counsel to abandon his hopeless fight with Congress and the people, he is quite capable of resorting to any wicked scheme which seems to offer a shadow of hope. The hope is desperate enough, and should the President's friends in Tennessee entrench themselves in the attitude of resistance to law just now, it will only be to expedite the downfall of the man who is already doomed to destruct.

The country is thankful that General Grant stands between it and the danger that threatens it through Mr. Johnson's machinations. With a different sort of man at the head of the army no one can tell what disasters Andrew Johnson might bring upon us. The mere suggestion of such troubles as are reported from Tennessee ought to convince Congress of the pressing importance of the immediate suspension of the President.

ECCLESIASTICAL DIGNITY.

It has been argued lately in some quarters that the secular press has nothing to do with the proceedings of the various religious bodies of the country. The argument confesses a fear of coming into the broad light of popular criticism, and demands an immunity for a single class which is awarded to no other in this land or in this day. It is not necessary to go into any counter-argument to show the right of the public press to discuss whatever is of public interest. It will always be done, under our free institutions, and so long as it is done fairly, dispassionately and intelligently, no good cause will suffer by it. All the various religious bodies have gladly taken the proceedings of their councils, conventions, assemblies and conferences, their anniversaries, and their various solemnities, spread forth gratuitously through the medium of the secular press, and no other argument than this is needed to establish the right to comment upon and criticize proceedings thus made the common property of the public.

The Tyng case, which was brought to a close on Saturday last, has been made a subject of public notoriety, from the beginning, by the explicit choice of the defendant and his friends. They elected to make the trial an open one, and the community at large has, consequently, been entertained for several weeks with the spectacle of an inter-necine war in the bosom of the Protestant Episcopal Church, remarkable, chiefly, for the total absence of all semblance of ecclesiastical dignity. The trial of Mr. Tyng before a Court consisting of several clergymen, was more like a political mass-meeting than a grave ecclesiastical body, investigating a point of canon law. The crowd applauded or hissed as their inclinations led them, and all the usual and unusual appliances were resorted to, to prejudice one side of the case or the other, and to bias and control the action of the Court. The columns of the daily press were filled with communications and political squibs, many of which were very funny, but none of which added anything to the dignity of either the actors or the conduct of the trial.

The trial was concluded and Mr. Tyng was convicted of a breach of the canon in question. On Saturday an extraordinary *finale* to this extraordinary performance was enacted at the Church of the Transfiguration in New York, when Bishop Potter delivered the "admonition," which was consequent upon the finding of the Court. The proceedings will be found in another column, and there will be few connected in any way with the Episcopal Church who will read them without a keen sense of humiliation. The admonition of Bishop Potter was calm, dignified and extremely kind and affectionate in its tone, and the duty of administering it was evidently a very unpleasant one. Up to its close the proceedings appear to have been quiet, orderly and strictly decorous. But as the Rector of the church began the closing collects, the Rector of St. George's, the Rev. Dr. Tyng, commenced to read a protest, which was silenced by the Bishop ordering the continuance of the prayers. The moment the benediction was pronounced a rush was made for Mr. Tyng, and a scene of confusion and disorder ensued, in which hisses and applause and noise were mingled, and this dignified assembly was finally *dispersed by the police.* The close of the Bubbs-*versus*-Tyng case was in consistent keeping with its beginning.

Meartime an effect goes out upon the community at large which cannot be supposed to be very beneficial to the cause of pure religion and morality. Good even will grieve and bad men will scoff at the whole tone and temper of these undignified proceedings; but whoever hoards for these traits of meekness and patience and good-will and brotherly kindness and Christian charity, and that noble dignity which belongs of right to the truths which the Episcopal Church, in common with other denominations, professes to teach, must look elsewhere than in the ecclesiastical court proceedings and party movements of New York.

THE INCOME TAX.

The intense interest felt in the impeachment trial should not prevent the people of the country from making their views clearly understood on other points. The Committee of Ways and Means is now engaged in settling the taxation of the country for another year at least, and it is fully time that the income tax, understood, when imposed, to be temporary in its nature, should be removed.

Of all the taxes imposed, the income tax is that of which it is most impossible for the Government to tell the exactness of payment. The consequence is that it falls heaviest on those who honestly make their returns, whilst those who are inclined to cheat are enabled to do so with comparative impunity.

The inquisitorial nature of this tax has made it especially odious. Taxation is at best not a palatable thing, and it is the duty of all governments to make it rest as lightly as possible on the public. This is so far from being the case with the income tax that it may be said that it has with itself almost every evil consideration which can aggravate the burden of a tax. For it is

First—Liable to great fraud, bearing hard on the honest, and permitting the unprincipled to escape.

Second—It is a double tax. After rents, for example, have paid an enormous local taxation, they are subjected to the income tax, and so with many other sources of profit.

Third—It compels unnecessary and injurious disclosures of business, which may in themselves do a man of business an injury exceeding the amount of the tax itself.

Fourth—It involves a large force of labor to make a correct statement, and further, a man is required to make an exact statement under oath of a fact, the answer to which, if true, which it is almost impossible for him to make with exactness. This is extremely annoying for a conscientious man, and to the dishonest amounts to a premium on perjury.

In a word, this is universally felt to be a peculiarly harsh and oppressive tax, one of those impositions that make taxation odious. And the total amount collected in this way does not begin to make up for the whisky frauds. A fair tax on whisky, resolutely collected, would more than make up for the revenue lost by remitting the income tax. As to the difficulty of collecting the whisky revenue, it is mere folly to talk of it: no serious effort has ever been made. If every illicit distiller detected and convicted was fined so heavily as to be impoverished, there would be little imprisonment, and it would be little difficulty in collecting the tax. But as it is, the profits are so enormous that immense rums are realized, and in some way the imprisonment is rarely inflicted.

We ask, therefore, that the load of taxation bitterly to be borne distributed, and especially that this particular form of it be removed as being unwise, unequal and unjust.

VOTERS IN RICHMOND.

A registration of voters in Richmond, Virginia, ordered by General Schofield, was concluded on Saturday. The whole number registered was 13,176, of which 6,607 were negroes and 6,571 white, negro majority 36. This makes the two races so evenly divided in the ex-Confederate capital, that when the long promised "war of races" begins, it will be a fair fight there at least. The rebel papers of Richmond have been frantically calling on the white citizens to register. On Saturday, the last day of registration, the *Enquirer* declared that "the white inhabitant of Richmond who permitted it to pass without demanding his birthright, would, by such act of omission, stand *voluntarily*, below the meanest and most ragged negro who would that morning beg his daily ration of soup from the presiding divinity of the soup-kettle." It also declared that every one failing to register committed a "crime against his race, the loss of which would grow blacker and blacker each year of his life." He would be "spotted and justly despised, as one who loved negro domination more than he did the honor of his State and the supremacy of the race whose virtues have placed the fame of Virginia beyond and above the hate, envy and rage of her base enemies." By such savage rhodomontade the Richmond editors succeeded in getting a very full registry of the whites. But they have also succeeded in exciting more angry feeling between the two races than has ever before been known; for the abuse of the negroes has been of the vilest and most vulgarous character. In the future, any conflict arises between whites and blacks, the public will be able to attribute it to its true cause—the course of the so-called "conservative" editors of Richmond.

If Mr. Johnson is convicted and removed, as he undoubtedly will be, we shall have a very singular person for President of the United States, in Mr. Benjamin F. Wade—at least if we are to judge of him by a description given by a voluminous correspondent of a morning paper in this city. Mr. Wade is "a man without origin or destiny," or was so forty years ago. Among Americans "Topsy" was supposed to enjoy the sole privilege of not having an origin, but Mr. Wade not only infringes her patent, but actually dispenses with a destiny beside. His personal appearance is very striking. He has but one ear, and that a "big" one. His hair is so tough that it prefers wrinkling off to turning gray. His complexion is "wind-beaten," and he has one eye. He is also "Vice-President," a fact worth knowing, although no explanation is given of the method by which he become such. Moreover, he manifests the results of thirty years of obstinacy by the way in which he strikes the desk with his gavel and so announces that it is one o'clock. Mr. Wade, notwithstanding his numerous personal peculiarities and defects, will make a very much better President than the man who, having two eyes and two ears, and an origin and a destiny besides, has only used them for his own disgrace and for the troubling of the people.

"The Streets of Philadelphia," if put on the stage in their present condition, would not present a very savory or attractive series of tableaux. The steady thaw of the past fortnight has removed most of the ice and snow that had accumulated during the winter; but the disappearance of these has revealed mud, refuse and rubbish of all kinds in quantities rarely before seen. It is gratifying to see a beginning made towards the removal of this filth from some of the principal streets. But the work ought to be hurried on all over the city. The heat of the sun, operating on the accumulations of mud, will be very sure to engender disease. An army of scavengers might be set to work with advantage, and time would be given to some thousands of laborers eager for jobs, while, at the same time, a good thing would be done for the cleanliness and healthfulness of the city. The cholera is prevailing in the West Indies and in other parts of the world, and it might be tempted to establish itself in Philadelphia by the inviting miles of noisome mud in our streets. Set the scavengers to work by thousands, and let them also be allowed to open the various fire plugs and wash away what the brooms and the carts leave behind.

In Utah the somewhat singular spectacle is presented of a territory which has two complete governments. One is the Territorial Legislature and the other the "Legislature of the State of Deseret." Precisely what the object of the existence of these two bodies is, it is rather difficult to determine. The Territorial Legislature meets and passes a few laws, and then the State Legislature begins its sessions, and conscientiously affirms and sanctions the acts of its predecessor. The only possible solution of this absurd arrangement is to be found in the fact that the Mormons have strivers for many years to obtain admission to the Union as a State, and while they cherish the hope still, though denied the boon, they do the next best thing, which is to play at a government they cannot have in reality, and arrange the machinery so that they will be accustomed to it and have it in operation when the order whenever Congress may admit them. In point of fact, Utah actually has four governments: the two alluded to above; that of the United States, exercised over her as a territory; and the spiritual and temporal tyranny of Brigham Young. And this seems to prove conclusively the assertion that the smaller the amount of government the better the people; for with all her rulers Utah probably contains more original and adopted sin than any other one division of the American continent.

ART SALE IN NEW YORK.—Connoisseurs and collectors of pictures are referred to the advertisement of Mr. J. P. Beaumont, of New York, who will soon sell a very fine lot of paintings brought by him from Europe. The list of artists' names and Mr. Beaumont's well known taste give assurance of the high character of the works to be sold.

CONTRADICTION.—We are authorized by J. Warren Coulston, Esq., to contradict the statement made yesterday in one of the Sunday papers to the effect that he is an applicant for the United States District Attorneyship of this city. Mr. Coulston is a consistent Republican, and has no desire to apply for any position in the gift of Andrew Johnson.

Peremptory Sales, Germantown Mansion, Furniture, by J. M. Lafferty, at 10 A. M., on Tuesday, 17th inst., at the mansion, Germantown, without reserve, on the premises, in Germantown, a valuable mill property, with engine and machinery, Armstrong street and the Railroad. Also, the same day a dwelling, manufactory and shop, No. 32 Jones street, by order of the Orphans' Court, and immediately afterwards the valuable manufactory of a Hosiery Manufactory, including warp machines, top machines, looms, yarn, worsted, &c.

On WEDNESDAY, a desirable property, Thorn street, will be sold at the Exchange, and on the following Monday, the well known Post Boys Property. The office of the Sheriff and Vine, will be at the Exchange on the 25th.

Public Sale—Modern Residences. Thomas & Sons advertise for their sale 7th April, the modern residences No. 407 South Eighth street, No. 1121 Vine; also, three valuable Chestnut street stores, corner Delaware avenue. See advertisement.

ELDER FLOWER SOAP,
H. P. & C. R. TAYLOR,
No. 64 North Ninth 6t

DOWNING'S AMERICAN LIQUID CEMENT, FOR mending pieces, ornaments, furniture, toys, &c. Is ready for use, cheap, durable, and the best in effect of the articles to be mended. For the family it is invaluable. For sale by

JOHN B. DOWNING, Stationer,
fel 27 139 South Eighth street, two doors ab. Walnut.

JOHN CRUMB, BUILDER,
1214 CHESTNUT STREET,
Mechanics of every branch required for housebuilding and fitting promptly furnished.

WARBURTONS IMPROVED, VENTILATED and very ornamental Brass Bedsteads, which for proved fastness of the season, Chestnut street, next door to the Postoffice.

JONES, TEUBLE & CO.,
No. 9 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
Have introduced their Spring Styles, and invite attention to their Spring Importations of Linen Damasks, Towellings for sale and manufacturers.

J. T. & Co. manufacture all their Silk Hats. mh5 4tp

LOW CHAINS AND LINES SPRING TRADE. 1 Moss, Rakes, Harrows, Pruning and Grafting Implements, sold by THOMAS & HILL, No. 34 Market street, (Five Stories), below Ninth.

FIRE-PROOF SAFES, YOUR STOCKING, OVER THE mantelpiece for baby (which are also needle-cases), sold by THOMAS & HILL, No. 34 Market street, below Ninth, Philadelphia.

IRON JACK STONES AND TEE-TO-TUMS, for children, amusement; a variety of iron Garden Furniture, miniature tool chests and garden tools, sold by THOMAS & HILL, No. 34 Market street, below Ninth.

BEST QUALITY RED GLOVES, $1 75 A PAIR.— Fielding off over 1,000 dozens Ladies' best quality Kid Gloves, all good colors, choice shades, (best quality imported), to-day, at $1 25 to $1 75 a pair. Price elsewhere, $2 and $2 25.

Patch selling off.
mh11-6tp* Mio Chestnut street.

IMPORTANT ART SALE
IN
NEW YORK.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he will in a few days place on exhibition, preparatory to public sale, his collection of Pictures, which has been recently much enriched by purchases of many important works made during his residence in Paris, at the time of the great Exhibition, as well as from the various other art centres of Europe, and containing a rare assemblage of choice specimens of art, in the selection of which he has been guided by his long artistic experience of more than thirty years, combined with an ample expenditure of capital. Quite a number, like Carl Becker's CARNIVAL DE VENISE, &c., are considered chefs d'œuvre of their respective artists, and must be seen to be appreciated. The following names of the various artists will serve to show the character of the collection, a large portion of which were painted expressly to order, viz :

P. F. CHURCH,
BIERDSTADT,
ALBERT ACHENBACH,
DEVEDEUX,
A. ACHENBACH,
CLYSIS,
J. GUILLEMIN,
ARNOUX,
LAURENT WILLEMS,
LOUIS MEYER,
W. HUNT,
F. HOFFLAEN,
SEGNAC,
MLLE. RACHUYSEN,
H. BURGER,
VERBOEKHOVEN,
VAN FLECK,
W. AMBERG,
CORREGGIO,
VAN WYNGAERDT,
F. WIDHOPF,
GEELSHAF,
BODINGTON,
VAN HOVE,
SALVATOR ROSA,
H. BARON,
DE JONGE,
PALICS,
DAVID,
DIAZ,
A. ROBIN,
MLLE. ROSENHOON,
CALVARUCCI,
TSCHAGGENY,
MONTIGNY,
DEL HOYE,
NORDENBERG,
BAUGNIET,
L. MIGNOT,
TACCHINARDI,
CARL BECKER,
CANEMAN,
V. CHAVET,
BAUVARIE,
F. TRAYER,
LE RAY,
SEGOGUZIA,
SCALCHERINI,
PANNY GEETS,
ZIEM,
KLOMBECK,
JAN PATCZKA,
OTTO EILMAN,
VON FRANKENHOLZ,
A. DILLENS,
BOSSELI,
CARL HUBNER,
F. WOLFF,
INGENEEF,
E. J. CORBETT,
CMUNDE BYRLANDT,
A. BIERSTADT,
W. RIEFSTAHL,
HASSENCLEVER,
W. BOUGUEREAU,
ZIEM,
KOEKKOEK,
HERMANN OTTEN KATE,
M. CALISCH,
MENGELBERG,
F. KELL,
W. BOURDLEY,
ROLPIE,
J. T. PEELE, &c. &c.

Full particulars of the time and place of sale, which, it is expected, will commence about the 20th inst., will shortly be given.

J. P. BEAUMONT,
No. 7 Bond Street.
mh10 15t

Philadelphia, Feb. 26th, 1868.

Mr. Chas. F. Haseltine:

DEAR SIR—Understanding that you desire to dispose of the Works of Art in your possession, we would suggest that a Public Sale, so that all may have an opportunity to view and select for themselves.

We are, truly yours,
JAY COOKE,
JAMES L. CLAGHORN,
A. J. FELL,
THOS. A. SCOTT,
C. L. ELIOT,
H. E. BORIE.

MR. CHARLES F. HASELTINE'S
CHOICE SPECIMENS
OF
PAINTINGS
(including nearly every School of Art).
WILL BE ON
Free Exhibition
AT THE
Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts,
From March 5th to March 23d.
Every day from 9 until 7, and on Saturdays until 10.
The Entire Collection will be Sold at Auction for Sale
ON THE
EVENINGS OF MONDAY, MARCH 23d, AND TUESDAY, MARCH 24th,
Commencing at Seven o'clock, at the
ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS,
S. W. corner Tenth and Chestnut Sts.
JAMES A. FREEMAN, Auct'r.
mh11-16tp

NOBLE'S
GREAT PICTURE,
"JOHN BROWN,"
NOW ON EXHIBITION.
ROGERS'S
NEWEST GROUPE,
"A COUNCIL OF WAR,"
JUST READY.
EARLE'S
Galleries and Looking-Glass Warerooms,
816 Chestnut Street.
1868. 1868.

EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH AND ARCH.
SPRING GOODS OPENED TO-DAY.
FULL LINE OF SILKS.
FULL LINE OF SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS.
NEW STOCK OF STAPLE GOODS.
EYRE & LANDELL.

P. S.—GOOD BLACK SILKS—A BEAUTY.

CHARCE SWEET CORN—2 BARRELS JUST RECEIVED and for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 106 South Delaware avenue.

THE FINE ARTS.

RETAIL DRY GOODS.

H. STEEL & SON
Have now open a complete assortment of
NEW STYLES
SILK POPLINS,
CHENE FIGURED SILK POPLINS,
SILVER GRAY SILK POPLINS.

Gray and Black Stripe Silk Poplins.
Black and White Stripe Silk Poplins.
Brown and White Stripe Silk Poplins.
Black and White Stripe Silk Poplins.
Amber and Black Stripe Silk Poplins.
Black and White Plaid Silk Poplins.
Brown and White Plaid Silk Poplins.
Green and White Plaid Silk Poplins.
Green and White Plaid Silk Poplins.
Blue Plaid Silk Poplins, all colors.
HEAVY RICH BROCADE SILK SHADES.
HEAVY RICH BROCADE SILKS.
SILK and WOOL CHALLIES, 37½ CTS.
SILK BARATHEA POPLINS.
Mohair Poplins, Bluette Serge Poplins.
MOHAIR POPLINS, CHOICE COLORS, 37½ CTS.
PLAIN ALPACAS, CHOICE COLORS.
BLACK ALPACCAS, SILK WARP SHADES, 37½ TO 50 CTS.
Plain Mohairs, Very choice shades.
Mixed Poplins, Very choice shades.
BLACK FRENCH ALPACAS.
Black and White Stripe Silk Poplins.
HANDSOME STRIPE SILK POPLINS.
HANDSOME STRIPE FRENCH PERCALES, 50 CTS. 62½ CTS. 75 CTS. 87½ CTS.
A large assortment of
LADIES' SPRING CLOAKS.
Nos 713 and 715 N. Tenth St.

SILKS,
SILKS,
SILKS,
MAGNIFICENT NEW STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER SILKS.
BLACK SILKS, 81 CTS.
BLACK SILKS, 87½ CTS.
BLACK SILKS, $1 00 PER YD.
ELEGANT COLORED SILKS, $2 25.
BLACK GRO GRAINS, $1 50, $1 62½, $1 75, $1 87½, $2 00, $2 50.
BLACK GRO GRAINS, $2 00 PER YD.
BLACK GRO GRAINS, $2 50 PER YD.
BLACK GRO GRAINS, $3 00 PER YD.
PLAID SILKS, $1 25.
1 CASE VERY HEAVY BLACK SILK, ALL THE WAY FROM LYONS, $2 50 PER YD.
TRIPLE SHADED COLORED SILKS, $2 50.
GRIS DE PERLES, $2 50 PER YD.
ALL WOOL DELAINES, 37½ CTS.
LADIES' SPRING CLOAKS.
J. C. STRAWBRIDGE & CO.,
N. W. cor. Eighth and Market sts.

FRENCH POPLINS,
FRENCH POPLINS,
FRENCH POPLINS,
WILL OPEN THIS DAY, ONE CASE FRENCH SILKS AND WOOL POPLINS, AT $1 62½ WORTH $2 25.
J. C. STRAWBRIDGE & CO.,
N. W. corner Eighth and Market.

DRY GOODS
AT
POPULAR PRICES.
RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,
727 Chestnut Street,
Have now the most complete and elegant stock of
SPRING GOODS
Which they have ever offered, and invite special attention to their stock of
SILKS,
Comprising a full line of BEAUTY BLACK CORDED GRO GRAINS AND LUSTRE KINS SILKS for Suits.
BROWN SHADE AND STEEL TRYSETAS.
BLACK AND COLORED SOIETE DE SOIES.
MOHAIR & ALPACCA POPLINS of the choicest Colorings.
An Extensive Variety of
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
Sheets, Canton Flannels, &c. &c.
RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,
727 Chestnut Street.
feb 15 w1m tp

NEW SPRING GOODS.
We are now receiving our Spring supply of
WHITE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES, and
HOSIERY.
At Greatly Reduced Prices.
New Style Fringed Lace Tidies.
" " **Applique Tidies.**
" " **Crochet Tidies.**
Tucked Muslins,
Ruffled Muslins,
Lace Muslins,
Brilliantes,
French Mull,
Soft Cambrics,
Jaconets,
Tape Checks,
Nainsooks,
India Mull,
Sheer Lawns,
Organdies,
Tarlatans,
White and Colored Piquets,
French Percales, Madapolams,
Together with a choice assortment of
Collars, Cuffs, Sets, Worked Edging, Insertions, Bands, Cambric Hdkfs.,
HOSIERY.
Sheppard, Van Harlingen & Arrison,
1008 Chestnut Street.
mh10 6tp

CLOTHING.

63d Wanamaker & Brown's Opening.
63d Wanamaker & Brown's Opening.
63d Wanamaker & Brown's Opening.
63d Wanamaker & Brown's Opening.
Spring Clothing.
Spring Clothing.
Spring Clothing.
Spring Clothing.
63d Fine Tailoring Goods.
63d Fine Tailoring Goods.
63d Fine Tailoring Goods.
63d Fine Tailoring Goods.
SPECIAL CARD.—We have the best stock Gents', Youths', and Boys' Ready-made Clothing, and Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings for measured work ever collected in one establishment, and those who make an early choice will be well repaid. Our prices are considerably lower on ready goods.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
The Largest Establishment,
SIXTH and MARKET Streets.

SPRING GOODS.
EDWARD P. KELLY,
S. E. Cor. Chestnut and Seventh Sts.,
BEST MAKES ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND BELGIAN
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FOR SALE AT RETAIL.
mp26 1yrp

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION NOTICE.
IMPORTER'S SALE.
Cargo Brig "J. H. Dillingham."
5400 Boxes Palermo Oranges & Lemons.
SAMUEL C. COOK
WILL SELL
On First Wharf above Race Street
ON TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, MARCH 17TH,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.
5400 BOXES ORANGES,
1000 BOXES LEMONS.
Landing ex Brig J. H. Dillingham, from Palermo.
m14 3t

AUCTION NOTICE.
POSITIVE SALE.
25,000 Bushels Damaged Corn.
SAMUEL C. COOK
WILL SELL
(For account of whom it may concern)
On Queen Street Wharf,
On Wednesday, March 18TH,
AT 1 O'CLOCK,
About 25,000 Bushels Corn.
Damaged by fresh water ex bark Annie E. Boyd, now aground.
mh14 2t

PROVISIONS.

Davis's Celebrated Diamond Brand Hams,
Choice Dried Beef, superior Tongues.
NEW ENGLAND SQUARES, HAMS AND HEARTS, CORNED BEEF, Smoked and Pickled Salmon, Vermontin Blankets, Scotch Herrings, Mackerel.
Smoked Salmon, Smoked Herrings, Smoked Beef, Tongues, Pickled Pigs Feet, Tomatoes and Green Corn.
Pickled Lobsters, Lobster Salad, Sardines, PARED and unpared Peaches, Dried Lima Beans, and Tart Dried Apples.
FRENCH and SCOTCH PICKLES, BRITTAN'S GRAVY. A general assortment of the Finest Family Groceries, for sale at reasonable prices. 3t
A. J. DECAMP,
mh14 3rrp* 1006 Chestnut street.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c.

SUPERIOR HIGH GRADE
SHERRIES.
Just arrived per ship Veteran, direct from Cadiz, an invoice of very superior Amontillado, Pale and Medium Grade Sherry in small package. The Amontillado is particularly fine and vastly fond here. We are now prepared to furnish those Wines from the highest to the lowest quality at a small advance on cost of importation, by the cask or demijohn.
SAMPLE CASES IN STORE.
An invoice of very choice Old Port is expected soon.
SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,
Importers of fine Sherries, Brandies and Cordials,
S. W. cor. Broad and Walnut Sts.
mh14 3t
LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS.
MARY B. CONWAY,
LADIES' DRESS FURNISHING AND SHOPPING EMPORIUM,
31 SOUTH SIXTEENTH STREET,
Ladies from any part of the United States can send their orders for Dress Materials, Dress Trimmings, Corsets, Under Clothing, Mourning Suits, Wedding Trousseaus, Trunks, Hoop Skirts, Ladies' Shoes, Gaiters, Jewelry, Perfumery, Wax Dolls, Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery, &c.
In ordering Garments, Ladies will please send one of their garments to ensure a good fit. Goods sent C. O. D. to parties who do not fail to call and have their orders filled. Best of references given.
Refers, by permission, to
MR. F. M. HAPLEIGH,
Cashier Continental Hotel.
MESSRS. HOWARD, CLEMENT & CO.,
fth and 429 Chestnut street.

HARRIS & NEWHALL,
PAPER WAREHOUSE,
Successors to
No. 815 MINOR Street.
mh8-6t

COLOGNE WATER.
Manufactured by
MARIA CLEMENTINE MARTIN
(Late Cornelius Mum),
COLOGNE FOR THE SPRING.
For the FIRST TIME FREELY EXPORTED.
Acknowledged by the Connoisseurs to be the finest just received direct by
Importing, Manufacturing and Commission Agent,
mh11w f-m-m-tf 27 Fifth and Chestnut Streets, Phila.

FOR SALE—TO MERCHANTS, STOREKEEPERS, Hotel Keepers, Druggists, Confectioners and Grab Cider. 200 Sibs. Champagne and Cider.
C. J. JORDAN,
mh11 6t 1 Dock street.

A ELEGANT LIFE-SIZE PORTRAIT OF GENERAL A. GRANT.
Painted by J. B. LAMBDIN.
It is for sale at WILLIAM WOLFF'S, No. 816 Chestnut st. It is beautifully executed, and is the finest and best picture of the General in existence.
mh10 6t*

SAMPSON SCALES!!
THE NEWEST AND MOST IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT IN PLATFORM SCALES.
CHARLES B. REBMAN,
Sole Agent of Sampson Scale Company for Philadelphia and Camden county, N. J.
N. E. Corner Market and Juniper.

FUTILER, WEAVER & CO.
NEW CORDAGE FACTORY
NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
No. 52 N. WATER and 50 N. DEL. avenue

THE DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.—PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1868. 5

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS.

Financial Quotations.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

By the Atlantic Telegraph.

LONDON, March 16, Forenoon.—Consols, 93; United States Five-twenties, 70¾@71¼. Illinois Central, 99¾; Erie, 47¾.

FRANKFORT, March 16, Forenoon.—United States Five-twenties firmer at 70¼@70¾.

LIVERPOOL, March 16, Forenoon.—Cotton firm, and more active quotations unchanged; firm, and more active quotations unchanged; sales of 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs and provisions, quiet.

LONDON, March 16, Afternoon.—Consols, 93 for money, and 93@93¼ for account. Illinois Central, 99¾. Cotton unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, March 16, Afternoon.—Cotton, quiet and unchanged. Breadstuffs dull. Lard dull. Petroleum dull. Naval stores dull.

The ship Ashland, from New Orleans, Feb. 18th, arrived yesterday.

BREMEN, March 16th.—The steamship Hansa, from New York on the 5th inst., arrived at midnight.

ANTWERP, March 16th, Afternoon.—Petroleum steady at 43 francs.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

PHILADELPHIA ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE M. E. CHURCH.

FIFTH DAY.

Yesterday the publication of the several M. E. Churches of the city were occupied by members of the Conference during the their pastors.

The ordination of the Deacons took place at the Church in the afternoon, the sermon being preached by Rev. Bishop Janes.

The Elders were ordained at the Western Church in the afternoon by Bishop Janes, the sermon on the occasion being preached by Dr. Eynett.

The following were the Deacons ordained: W. W. F. Graff, Levi B. Hoffman, E. E. White, Jas. Egnite, Adam E. Wilson, Edward R. Wilson, Wm. Hoffman, Benj. Heritage, Enos Crosland, Jas. B. Sinker, Thos. Harrison, Wm. Kershaw, Samuel Logan, Jas. F. Calder.

Elders, as follows: Wm. P. Howell, L. Dobson, J. W. Bailey, J. A. Buehler, S. H. Reisner, J. F. McClelland, E. F. Aldred, W. Coffman, B. T. Bring, T. E. Martindale, H. S. Bell, J. H. Stringer, Henry G. Simpers, M. Z. Sendering, J. A. Camp, Jas. Murray, D. H. Rawlins, J. J. Reed, John Terrins, F. S. Cotto, J. W. McCardy, M. S. Rowland.

The session of this morning was opened with devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. Messrs. Quigg and Massey.

In the absence of the Bishop, Dr. C. Cooke took the chair at the hour of opening.

The journal of the previous session was read and approved.

A resolution was presented by Rev. Jas. Cunningham, as follows:

Whereas, The meeting of the action of the General Conference extending the term of administration to three years, and the action of the same body taking off the restriction limiting the stay of ministers beyond two and three years, have caused much severe opposition and bitterness upon our charge. Therefore

Resolved, That we do hereby request the ensuing General Conference to repeal the restrictive legislation referred to, and to adopt such other legislation as may be necessary to prevent the appointment of preachers beyond two consecutive terms in the same charge.

The paper was adopted by a vote of 55 ayes to 54 noes.

Rev. W. Mullin was, on motion, relieved from the Committee on Church Extension, and Rev. Jas. Cunningham, of Wilmington, appointed in his place.

A note was received from Bishop Simpson, announcing the death of his brother, Rev. Matthew Simpson, last evening.

A committee of seven were ordered to prepare a paper expressive of sympathy of the Conference with the sorrowing family of the deceased.

Dr. Cooke, as chairman, presented the report of the Committee on the Bible Cause, which was in part as follows: Stress is laid on the necessities and work of the American Bible Society and the Bible Cause in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Rev. Brother White, of the Nevada Conference; Rev. Dr. Dashiell, of the Baltimore Conference, were introduced to the Conference.

The following committees were appointed by the Chair in reference to the decease of the son of Bishop Simpson: Dr. Dashiell, Dr. Cooke, J. D. Curtis, H. Colclazer, Wm. Cooper, C. Thompson and W. Bailey.

By motion, the order of the day was called at 10½ o'clock, and the report of the Committee on Ministerial Supply was taken up.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Peirce.—The jury for the second period of the term appeared this morning. Sentence in the trial of a few petit cases was done.

CITY BULLETIN.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER THIS DAY AT 10 A. M.—51 deg. 12 M.—62 deg. 2 P. M.—62 deg. 4 P. M.—62 deg. 6 P. M.—57 deg.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, March 16th.—The Cattle market was very dull this week, and prices were rath r lower; about 1,000 head sold at Avenue drove yards, principally to the Western drovers: 8@8½c. for fair to good do., and 7@7½c. for common. Cows are quoted at 4c.@7c. The following are the particulars of the sales:

175	Owen Smith, Lancaster county, grs.		7@8c.
75	Jos. Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, etc., to day, as follows: United States 6s, 1881, 111½@111¾; Old 5-20 Bonds, 1862, 109¾@109¾; 5-20 Bonds, July, 1862, 109¼@109½; 5-20 Bonds, July, 1864, 109¼@109½; 5-20 Bonds, July, 1865, 109¼@109½; do. July, 1867, 109¼@109½; do. July, 1868, 109¼@109½; 10-40s, 104¼@104½; Currency 6s, 113@113½; Gold, 137½.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

MONDAY, March 16.—There is no falling off in the demand for Cotton, and