POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Concluding Proceedings.

The Mass Meeting at Concert Hall.

Republican State Convention.

After the close of our report yesterday, Mr. E. Backer Swope said that as there seemed to be considerable unanimity among the delegates, he moved that General U. S. Grant and Andrew G. Curtin be declared the choice of the people of the State for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States.

Mr. Russell Errett, of Allegheny, proved to strike out the name of Andrew G. Curtin, and insert the Hon. Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio.

Mr. Swope proceeded to lay the motion of Mr. Errett on the table.

Mr. Errett said he considered such a motion as a choking-off process. He desired that the yeas and nays should be taken on the Vice Presidency, so that he and his friends might record his and their votes.

Mr. Swope then withdrew his motion to lay on the table.

Mr. John S. Mann stated, as there were no two men before the Convention for the Presidency, they would move that the nomination of Gen. Grant be made unanimous.

The motion being put, the Convention voted unanimously for General Grant, which was received with the wildest cheering by the delegates and the crowd.

During the retirement of the Committee on Resolutions, Mr. Swope moved for the appointment of a committee of one to recommend persons as Delegates at large and Electors to represent Pennsylvania at the National Convention in Chicago. Agreed to.

The Chair appointed the following-named gentlemen: H. B. Swope, W. B. Mann, Charles H. Hall, Charles J. Rogers, M. L. Coke, M. D. Mowry, J. A. Beaver, John H. Wills, M. S. Lyttle, A. K. McClure.

The Committee reported—

Electors at Large—G. Morrison Coates, of Philadelphia, and Thomas M. Marshall, of Pittsburgh.

Delegates at Large—Col. John W. Forney and James H. Orne, of Philadelphia; General Harry White, of Indiana; E. Rees Meyer, of Bradford; J. W. Hinestroza, and John Cessna; Thomas E. Cochrane, of York; Ivan Bartholomew, of Schuylkill, and Gen. Wm. Lilly, of Carbon.

Mr. Theo. B. Cochrane moved that the following report on behalf of the Committee on Resolutions:

Resolved, That the great Republican party of America—without which the late rebellion against the government would have consummated the destruction of the Union, and perpetuated human slavery, with the sad, comfort and full approval of the present Democratic party—still is the foremost front of another peril and another trial. Electing its candidate for President in 1868, and re-electing him in 1864, it is now called upon to decide whether all the sacrifices of blood and treasure have not only been in vain, but were simply contributions for the restoration of treason under the influence of a man who, clothed with the confidence of millions, has set himself about overthrowing the government solely by the wise and patriotic stand taken by a loyal Congress.

Resolved, That with no voice to the loud acclaim in favor of Ulysses S. Grant as the Republican candidate for President of the United States, and in so doing we feel that we are not simply consulting the wishes of our constituents, or helping to pay a portion of the debt we owe to that great soldier, but that we are preparing the way for that substantial triumph which, with twenty-four hours more, the Republican party, preserves and perpetuates the Republican creeds.

Resolved, That we earnestly call upon the Senate of all strife that has brought a Court of Impeachment to proceed without fear, favor, or affection; and that the people of Pennsylvania will stand by and maintain the just judgment of the law.

Resolved, That the soldiers and sailors of the Union who fought and conquered treasonable rebellion in the field, and stand true to the principles which they risked their lives for, which they saved over them and led them to victory, are entitled to the undying gratitude of all loyal people. And as they saved the country by their trials, suffer-lags and sacrifices they have considerable claims to the highest honors of the nation.

Resolved, That we tender our most cordial thanks to the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton for the firmness, courage, and patriotism with which he has maintained the majesty of the law and the rights of the people against the repeated invasions of a faithless Executive and his purchased instruments.

Resolved, That as experience is alike the best teacher of men and nations, and the experience of the rebellion has given us renewed confidence in the principles of our Declaration of Independence, and that, with these as our guiding stars, the Republican party must always succeed.

Resolved, That in the year of the ballot we should be carefully guarded, as of vital importance to the best interests of the country, and that this Convention does in fact and impartial registry law to be necessary to protect us from astounding frauds which have heretofore been perpetrated.

Resolved, That no contract so eloquent could be presented as that between the loud professions of Andrew Johnson and the actual performance of Ulysses S. Grant; that, as the one deals in promises to deceive, how the other deals in acts that convince; and while Johnson has fallen rapidly away from his many promises, Grant, from his acts, has accepted equal justice and radical republicanism as a part and parcel of our creed.

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the administration of State affairs by Governor John W. Geary, in which he has proved himself efficient in the cabinet as in the field, an able and successful statesman since the war, as he was an able and successful general during the war; and he merits the confidence of the people of Pennsylvania, and pledges them the continued support of the Republican party of the State.

Resolved, That the public debt, incurred for the purpose of preserving the Union of the nation, is a sacred obligation, binding the people to be payment in the highest good faith and to the full extent of its legal requirements; that the greatest prudence was manifested in its first equitable, and should as far as attainable be employed at once, to maintain the public faith and credit, and render the border, of which no loyal citizen should complain, as light as practicable upon the productive industry of the country, and the wages and proceeds of labor.

Resolved, That it is the dictate of the soundest policy, as well as of the greatest wisdom, that the domestic industry of the country should be sustained and protected against foreign competition by adequate tariff laws, and that in whatever particulars existing laws on the subject are defective, they should be amended and made efficient for the purpose, as well as for the purpose of raising revenue for the government.

Resolved, That the election of General Grant to the Presidency all domestic discussions and factious opposition to the complete reconstruction of the Union on the firm foundations laid by wise and loyal legislation will be at once overthrowing the government solely by the wise and patriotic stand taken by a loyal Congress.

Resolved, That with no voice to the loud acclaim in favor of Ulysses S. Grant as the Republican candidate for President of the United States, and in so doing we feel that we are not simply consulting the wishes of our constituents, or helping to pay a portion of the debt we owe to that great soldier, but that we are preparing the way for that substantial triumph which, with twenty-four hours more, the Republican party, preserves and perpetuates the Republican creeds.

Resolved, That we earnestly call upon the Senate of all strife that